# **TEST REPORT**

Your Ref: Date: 08 Feb 2006

Our Ref: 56S060022/01 Page: 1 of 49

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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH

FCC Parts 15B & C : 2005

OF A

DIGITAL TRANSCEIVER MODULE

[Model: SH-FX60T] [FCC ID: ACJSEFX60]

TEST FACILITY Telecoms & EMC, Testing Group, PSB Corporation Pte Ltd

1 Science Park Drive, Singapore 118221

**FCC REG. NO.** 90937 (3m & 10m OATS)

99142 (10m Anechoic Chamber) 871638 (5m Anechoic Chamber) 325572 (10m Anechoic Chamber) IC 4257 (10m Anechoic Chamber)

IND. CANADA REG. NO. IC 4257 (10m Anechoic Chamber)

PREPARED FOR Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore Pte Ltd

202 Bedok South Avenue 1

Singapore 469332 Republic of Singapore

Tel: (65) 6240 1891 Fax: (65) 6245 8804

**JOB NUMBER** 56S060022

**TEST PERIOD** 09 Jan 2006 – 04 Feb 2006

PREPARED BY

Quek Keng Huat Associate Engineer APPROVED BY

Lim Cher Hwee Product Manager









LA-2001-0212-A LA-2001-0213-F LA-2001-0214-E LA-2001-0215-B LA-2001-0216-G LA-2001-0217-G

The results reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's terms of accreditation under the Singapore Accreditation Council - Singapore Laboratory Accreditation Scheme. Tests marked "Not SAC-SINGLAS Accredited" in this Report are not included in the SAC-SINGLAS Accreditation Schedule for our laboratory.

Corporation



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The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

# **Test Results Summary**

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
FCC Part 15: 2005		
15.107(a), 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.109(a), 15.205, 15.209	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance	Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Pass
15.35(c)	Duty Cycle Factor Computation	Refer to page 48 for details



#### **Notes**

1. Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the test mode.

Transmit Channel	Frequency (GHz)
Channel 1	2.403
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480

Following channels are not used after initialisation: 0, 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 72.

- 2. All the measurements in section 15.247 were done based on conducted measurements.
- 3. The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the FCC Part15B Class B requirements.

#### **Modifications**

1. No modifications were made.



## **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

Description : The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a **Digital Transceiver Module**.

Manufacturer : Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore Pte Ltd

202 Bedok South Avenue 1

Singapore 469332 Republic of Singapore

Model Number : SH-FX60T

FCC ID : ACJSEFX60

Serial Number : Nil

Microprocessor : S3F9454BZZ-SK94

Operating / Transmitting

Frequency

: 2.400GHz to 2.480GHz

Clock / Oscillator Frequency : 6MHz, 32MHz

Modulation : Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK)

Port / Connectors : Refer to manufacturers' user manual / operating manual.

Rated Input Power : 110V 60Hz

Accessories : Nil



# SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The EUT was tested as a stand-alone unit without any supporting equipment.



## **EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS**

### FCC Part 15

- 1. Conducted Emissions
- 2. Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)
- 3. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)
- 4. Maximum Peak Power
- 5. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions
- 6. Peak Power Spectral Density
- 7. Maximum Permissible Exposure
- 8. Duty Cycle Factor Computation

The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping off, i.e transmitting at lower, middle and upper channels respectively at one time.

## FCC Part 15

- 1. Carrier Frequency Separation
- 2. Number of Hopping Frequencies
- 3. Average Frequency Dwell Time
- 4. Band Edge Compliance

The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping on.



#### FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range	Limit Values (dBμV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-peak (QP)	Average (AV)				
0.15 - 0.5	66 – 56 *	56 – 46 *				
0.5 - 5.0	56	46				
5.0 - 30.0	60	50				
* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency						

#### FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date	
R&S Test Receiver – ESI1	ESI40	100010	01 Aug 2006	
HP Spectrum Analyser – SA2	8593E	3325Z00702	22 Feb 2006	
Schaffner LISN (for EUT)	NNB42	04-10057	20 May 2006	

# FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a  $50\Omega/50\mu H$  EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
- The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

#### FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
- 2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
- 3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
- 4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
- 5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

#### **Sample Calculation Example**

At 20 MHz

Q-P limit (Class B) = 1000  $\mu$ V = 60.0 dB $\mu$ V

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB<sub>µ</sub>V

(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 40.0 - 60.0 = -20.0

i.e. 20.0 dB below Q-P limit



**Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Front View)** 



Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)

## **CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST**

# FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	20°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Frequency	Q-P Value	Q-P Margin	AV Value	AV Margin	Line	Channel
(MHz)	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV)	(dB)		
0.2138	34.6	-28.5	28.9	-24.2	Neutral	1
0.4474	17.7	-39.2	6.6	-40.3	Live	1
0.4897	18.9	-37.3	6.3	-39.9	Neutral	1
3.9089	8.5	-47.5	4.9	-41.1	Neutral	1
4.5125	9.1	-46.9	5.0	-41.0	Neutral	1
4.8004	9.1	-46.9	5.2	-40.8	Live	1

#### Notes

- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- 2. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 3. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings: 9kHz 30MHz

RBW: 10kHz VBW: 30kHz

4. <u>Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty</u>

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz (Average & Quasi-peak) is ±2.4dB.



# FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands

N	ЛΗΖ	2		ИΗ	Z	M	H	Z	(	3Hz	Z
0.090	-	0.110	16.42	-	16.423	399.9 -	-	410	4.5	-	5.15
0.495	-	0.505	16.69475	-	16.69525	608 -	-	614	5.35	-	5.46
2.1735	-	2.1905	16.80425	-	16.80475	960 -	-	1240	7.25	-	7.75
4.125	-	4.128	25.5	-	25.67	1300 -	-	1427	8.025	-	8.5
4.17725	-	4.17775	37.5	-	38.25	1435 -	-	1626.5	9.0	-	9.2
4.20725	-	4.20775	73	-	74.6	1645.5 -	-	1646.5	9.3	-	9.5
6.215	-	6.218	74.8	-	75.2	1660 -	-	1710	10.6	-	12.7
6.26775	-	6.26825	108	-	121.94	1718.8 -	-	1722.2	13.25	-	13.4
6.31175	-	6.31225	123	-	138	2200 -	-	2300	14.47	-	14.5
8.291	-	8.294	149.9	-	150.05	2310 -	-	2390	15.35	-	16.2
8.362	-	8.366	156.52475	-	156.52525	2483.5 -	-	2500	17.7	-	21.4
8.37625	-	8.38675	156.7	-	156.9	2690 -	-	2900	22.01	-	23.12
8.41425	-	8.41475	162.0125	-	167.17	3260 -	-	3267	23.6	-	24.0
12.29	-	12.293	167.72	-	173.2	3332 -	-	3339	31.2	-	31.8
12.51975	-	12.52025	240	-	285	3345.8 -	-	3358	36.43	-	36.5
12.57675	-	12.57725	322	-	335.4	3600 -	-	4400	Abo	ve (	38.6
13.36	-	13.41									

# FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak Limit Values (dBµV/m) @ 3m				
30 - 88	40.0				
88 - 216	43.5				
216 - 960	46.0				
Above 960	54.0*				
* Above 1GHz, average detector was used. A peak limit of 20dB above the average limit does apply.					

## FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver (20Hz-26.5GHz) –	ESMI	829214/005	04 Oct 2006
ESMI3		829550/004	
HP Preamplifier (for ESMI2, 0.01-3GHz) –	8447A	2944A08173	01 Apr 2006
PA2			
MITEQ Preamplifier (0.1-26.5GHz) – PA10	NSP2650-N	728230	01 Apr 2006
Schaffner Bilog Antenna – BL9	CBL6143	5045	19 May 2006
EMCO Horn Antenna – H15	3115	0003-6088	19 May 2006
Bandstop Filter (2.4-2.5 GHz)	BRM50701	017	13 Aug 2006

## **RADIATED EMISSION TEST**

### FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
- 2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
- 3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

## FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
- 2. A prescan was carried out to pick the worst emission frequencies from the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which attitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
- axes to determine which attitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.

  The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
  - polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:

    a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
  - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
    - Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
- 4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point that above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
- 5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
- 6. The frequency range covered was from 30MHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonics of the EUT fundamental frequency, using the Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 3GHz, and the Horn antenna above 3GHz.

## **Sample Calculation Example**

At 300 MHz

Q-P limit (Class B) = 200  $\mu$ V/m = 46.0 dB $\mu$ V/m

Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.5 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver =  $40.0 \text{ dB}_{\mu}\text{V/m}$ 

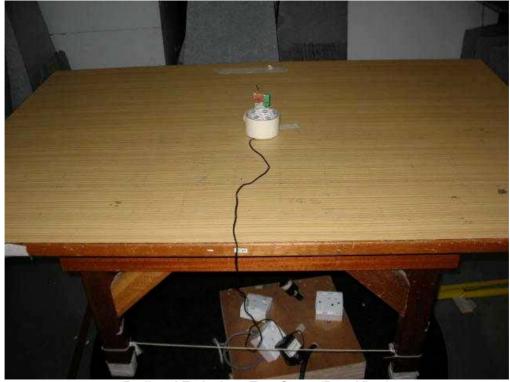
(Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 40.0 - 46.0 = -6.0

i.e. 6 dB below Q-P limit



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)



Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)

# **RADIATED EMISSION TEST**

### FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	22°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	55%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1040mbar
		Tested By	Anthony Toh

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBμV/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Polarisation (H/V)	Channel
210.4200	35.8	-7.2	291	100	Н	39
272.5000	37.3	-8.7	359	100	Н	39
578.0500	38.5	-7.5	0	100	V	39
641.1000	39.4	-6.6	267	100	V	39
673.1100	39.8	-6.2	168	100	V	39
705.1200	39.1	-6.9	0	100	V	39

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz

Frequency (GHz)	Peak Value (dBμV/m)	Average Value (dBμV/m)	Average Margin (dB)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Height (cm)	Pol (H/V)	Channel
4883.0000	53.9	51.8	-2.2	175	100	Н	39
7326.6000	54.0	51.9	-2.1	88	100	Η	39
		-		1		1	1
		-		-			-
		-		-			-
				-			-

### **Notes**

- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- 2. "--" indicates no emissions were found and shows compliance to the limits.
- 3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
- 4. A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- 5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:

30MHz - 1GHz

- 6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
- 7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.



## **RADIATED EMISSION TEST**

8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty

All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz (QP only @ 3m & 10m) is ±4.3dB (for EUTs < 0.5m X 0.5m X 0.5m).

#### **CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST**

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

## FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 100kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
- 2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.402GHz and 2.405GHz.
- 3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
- 4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
- 5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
  - a. 2.439GHz to 2.442015GHz
  - b. 2.478GHz to 2.481GHz



**Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup** 

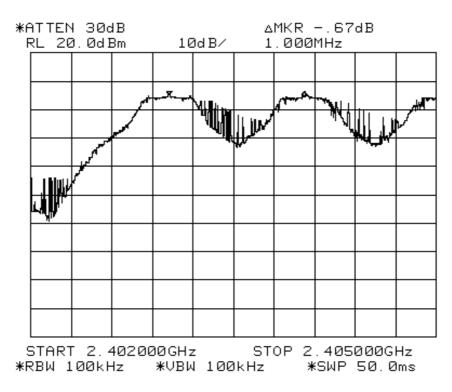
# FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	1 - 3	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

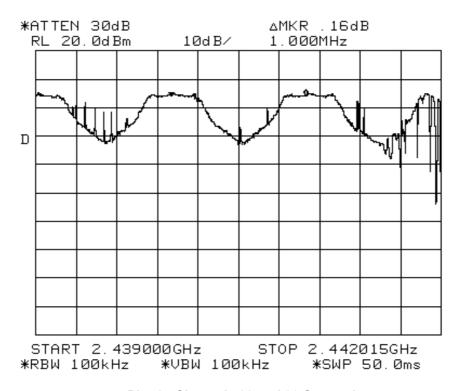
Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
1 and 2 (2.403GHz and 2.404GHz)	1.000
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.000
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.000



# **Carrier Frequency Separation Plots**



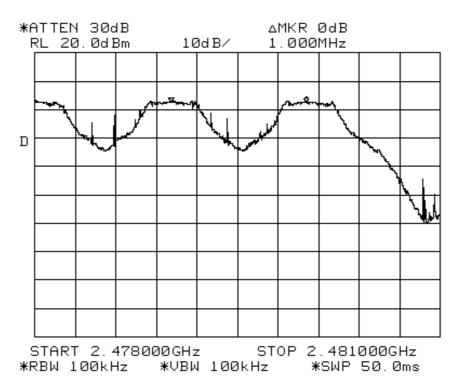
Plot 1 - Channels 1 and 2 Separation



Plot 2- Channels 38 and 39 Separation



# **Carrier Frequency Separation Plots**



Plot 3 - Channels 77 and 78 Separation



## SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 1 (2.403GHz).
- 2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
- 3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
- 4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower ( $f_L$ ) and upper ( $f_H$ ) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
- 5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies,  $|f_H f_L|$ .
- 6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) respectively.



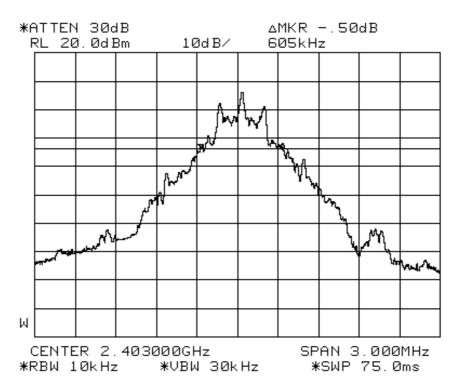
Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

# FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

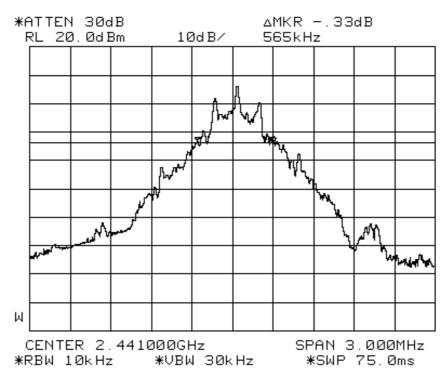
Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	4 - 6	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
1	2.403	0.605
39	2.441	0.565
78	2.480	0.595

## Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots

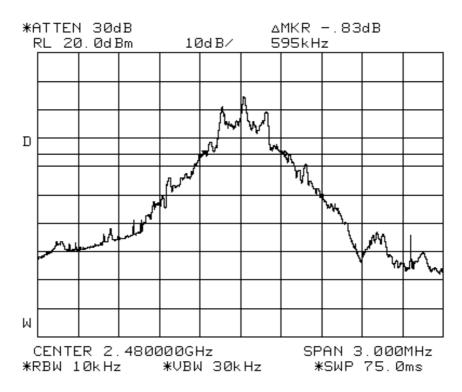


Plot 4 - Channel 1



Plot 5 - Channel 39

# Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots



Plot 6 - Channel 79

#### NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT shall use at least 15 channels.

# FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
- 2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.4000GHz and 2.4835GHz.
- 3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
- 4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
- 5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
  - a. 2.400GHz to 2.421GHz
  - b. 2.420GHz to 2.441GHz
  - c. 2.440GHz to 2.483GHz
- 6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.



**Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup** 

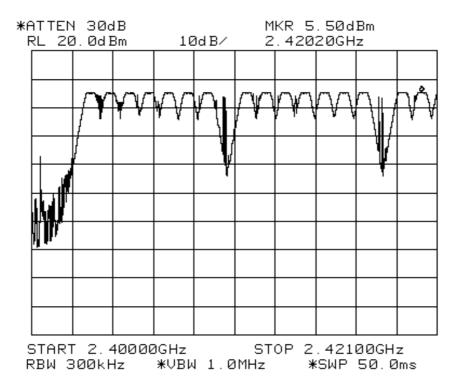
# FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	7 - 10	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

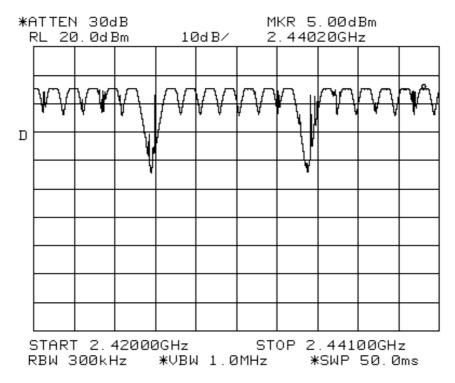
The EUT was found to have 69 hopping frequencies. Please refer to the attached plots.



# **Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots**



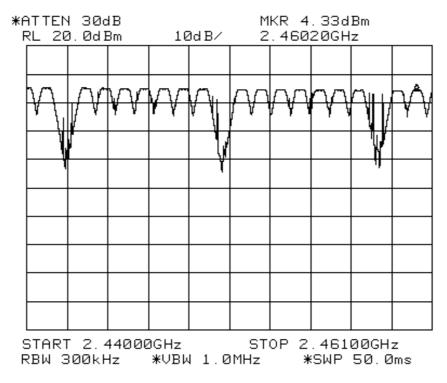
Plot 7 - Channels 1 to 18



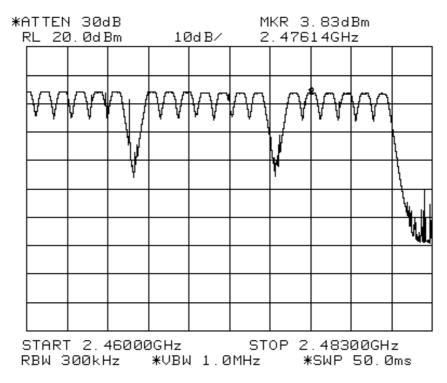
Plot 8 - Channels 19 to 38



# **Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots**



Plot 9 - Channels 39 to 58



Plot 10 - Channels 59 to 78

**AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST** 



#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

#### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

## FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i) Average Frequency Dwell Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains. 2.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
- 2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to 2.403GHz with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
- 3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
- 4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed as below:

Average Frequency Dwell Time [ measured time slot length x hopping rate / number

of hopping channels] x [ 0.4 x number of hopping

channels 1

where EUT hopping rate 200 hops/s 69 channels

Number of EUT hopping

channels

5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.441GHz and 2.480GHz respectively.



**Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Setup** 

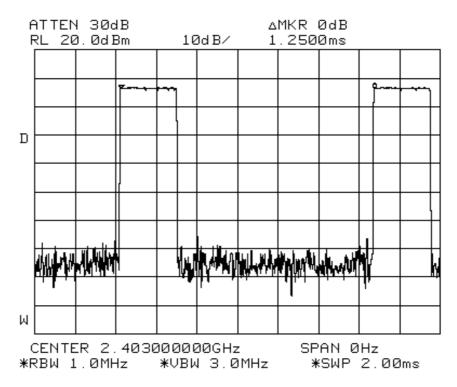
# FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	11 - 13	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	200 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	69 channels	Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

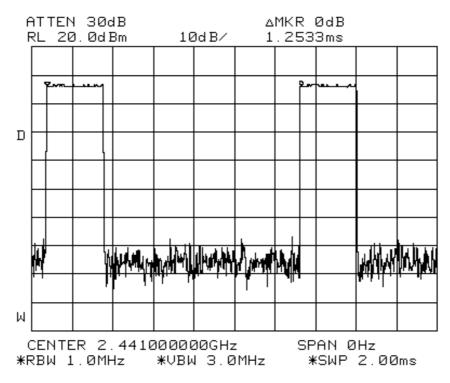
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
1	2.403	1.2500	0.1000	0.4
39	2.441	1.2533	0.1003	0.4
78	2.480	1.2500	0.1000	0.4



# **Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots**



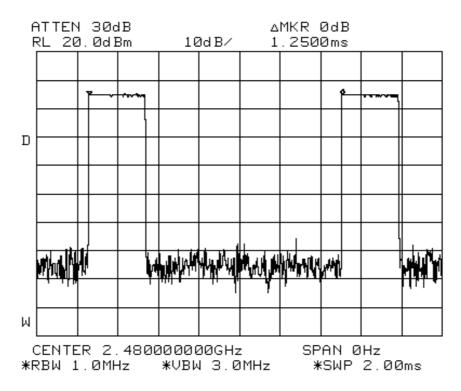
Plot 11 - Channel 1



Plot 12 - Channel 39



# **Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots**



Plot 13 - Channel 79



### FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT employing at least 50 hopping channels shall not exceed 1W (30dBm). For the EUT employs hopping channels in the range of 25 to 50, the maximum power is 0.25W (24dBm).

#### FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006
R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	837587/068	23 Mar 2006

### FCC Part 15.247(b)(2) Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

## FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 1 (2.403GHz).
- 2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
- 3. The step 2 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 79 (2.480GHz) respectively.

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**Maximum Peak Power Test Setup** 

# FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
		Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Limit (W)
1	2.403	0.003	1.0
39	2.441	0.003	1.0
79	2.480	0.003	1.0

### **Notes**

1. Power analyser of Universal Radio Communication Tester was used for power measurement with peak detection as mode of measurement. The power analyser mode supports a wideband power measurement ranging from 100kHz to 2700MHz.

#### RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

#### FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

#### FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

## FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

# FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 1 (2.403GHz).
- 2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
- 3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
- 4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
- 5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 79 (2.480GHz) respectively.

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**RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup** 

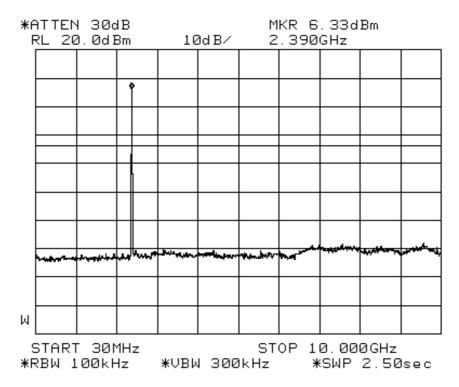
# FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	14 - 19	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

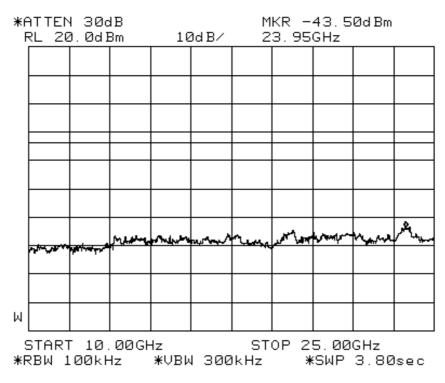
All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.



## **RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots**



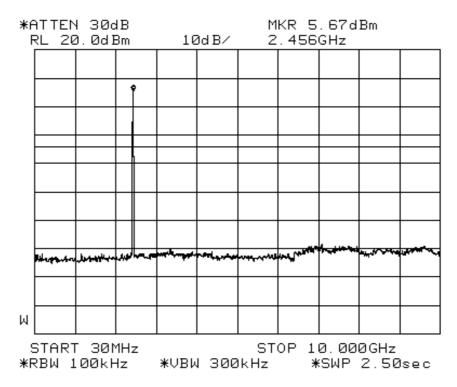
Plot 14 - Channel 1



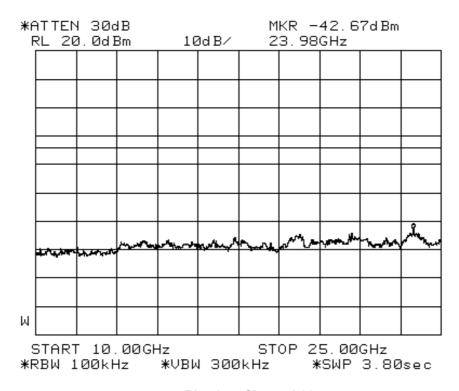
Plot 15- Channel 1



#### **RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots**



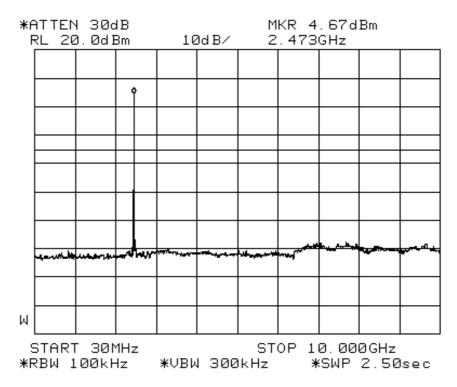
Plot 16 - Channel 39



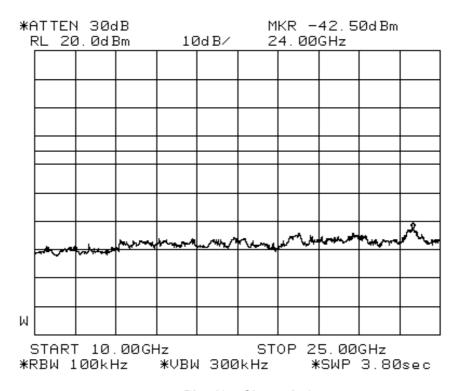
Plot 17 - Channel 39



#### **RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots**



Plot 18 - Channel 79



Plot 19 - Channel 79



#### FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

#### FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

#### FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

#### FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
- 2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
- 3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
- 4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



**Band Edge Compliance Test Setup** 

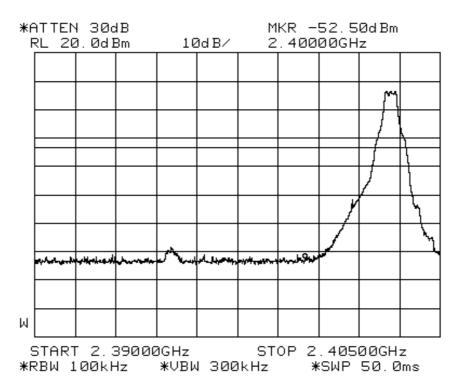
#### FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	20 - 21	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

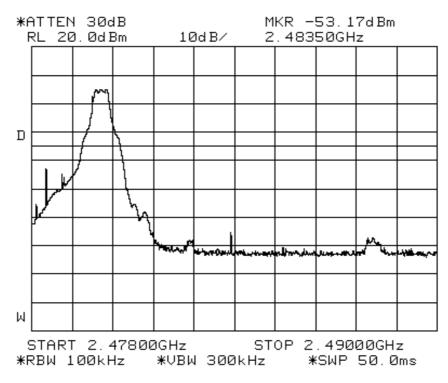
No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.



#### **Band Edge Compliance Plots**



Plot 20 - Lower Band Edge at 2.4GHz



Plot 21 - Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

#### PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

#### FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
HP Spectrum Analyzer	8563E	3846A09953	27 Apr 2006

#### FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

- 1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
- 2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
- 3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
- 4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
- 5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

#### FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Method

- 1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 1 (2.403GHz).
- 2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
- The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
- 4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) and Channel 79 (2.480GHz) respectively.

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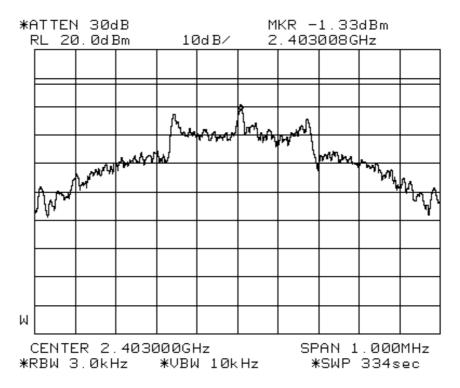
**Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup** 

## FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

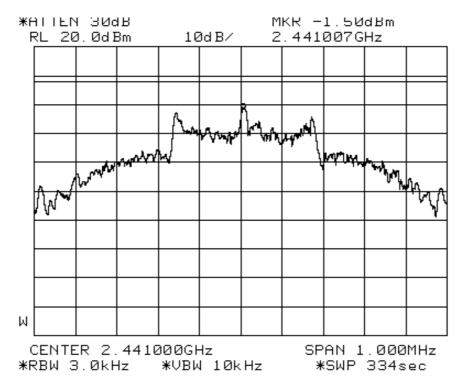
Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Attached Plots	22 - 24	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency	Peak Power Spectral Density	Limit
	(GHz)	(mW)	(mW)
1	2.403	0.7362	6.3
39	2.441	0.7079	6.3
78	2.480	0.5012	6.3

#### **Peak Power Spectral Density Plots**

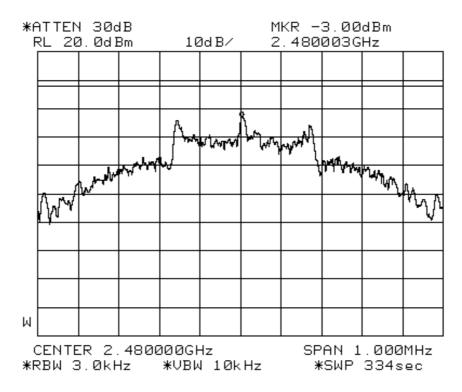


Plot 22 - Channel 1



Plot 23 - Channel 39

#### **Peak Power Spectral Density Plots**



Plot 24 - Channel 79

#### **MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) TEST**

#### FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the MPE limits for general population / uncontrolled exposure are as shown below:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Average Time (min)	
0.3 - 1.34	614	1.63	100 Note 2	30	
1.34 - 30	824 / f	2.19 / f	180 / f <sup>2 Note 2</sup>	30	
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300 - 1500	-	=	f / 1500	30	
1500 - 100000	-	=	1.0	30	
Notes					
1. f = frequency in MHz					
Plane wave equivalent power density					

#### FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
PMM 8053 Portable Field Meter	8053	0220J10308	02 Apr 2006
PMM Electric and Magnetic Field Analyzer	EHP-50A	1311L10515	02 Apr 2006

#### FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Test Setup

- The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown on the setup photo.
- 2. The relevant field probe was positioned at least 20cm away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

#### FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Test Method

- The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
- 2. The test was first carried out at one of the position's / sides of the EUT.
- 3. Power density measurement (mW/cm²) was made using the field meter set to the required averaging time.
- 4. Steps 2 and 3 were repeated for the next position and its associate EUT operating mode, until all possible positions and modes were measured.

#### **Sample Calculation Example**

At 2400 MHz, limit =  $1.0 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

Power density reading obtained directly from field meter = 0.3 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> averaged over the required 30 minutes.

Therefore, margin =  $0.3 - 1.0 = -0.7 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ 

i.e. 0.7 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> below limit



**Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Test Setup** 

#### FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Results

Test Input Power	110V 60Hz	Temperature	23°C
Test Distance	20cm	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

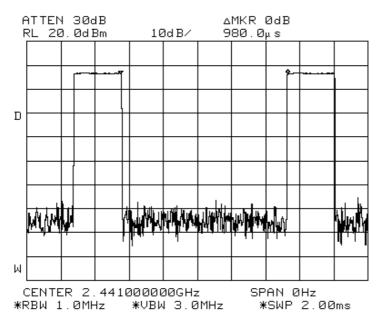
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Power Density Value (mW/cm²)	Margin (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (min)	Limit (mW/cm²)
1	2.403	0.005	-0.995	30	1.0
39	2.441	0.003	-0.997	30	1.0
79	2.480	0.003	-0.997	30	1.0

#### **Notes**

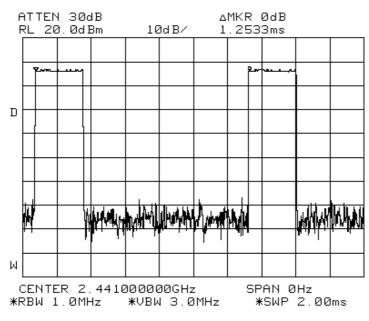
- 1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case highest radiation levels were measured. Measurements were taken at the required averaging time. All other radiation levels were relatively insignificant.
- A "-ve" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency.
- Measurement Uncertainty
  All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 0.1MHz 3GHz is ±15%.



#### FCC Part 15.35(c) Duty Cycle Correction Factor



#### On Time



#### **Period**

Duty Cycle Factor (worst- case)

= 20 log [Total On time / Period]

= 20 log [(0.98 / 1.2533)]

= <u>-2.14dB</u>



#### This Report is issued under the following conditions:

- Results of the testing/calibration in the form of a report will be issued immediately after the service has been completed or terminated.
- Unless otherwise requested, a report shall contain only technical results. Analysis and interpretation of the results and professional opinion and recommendations expressed thereupon, if required, shall be clearly indicated and additional fee paid for, by the Client.
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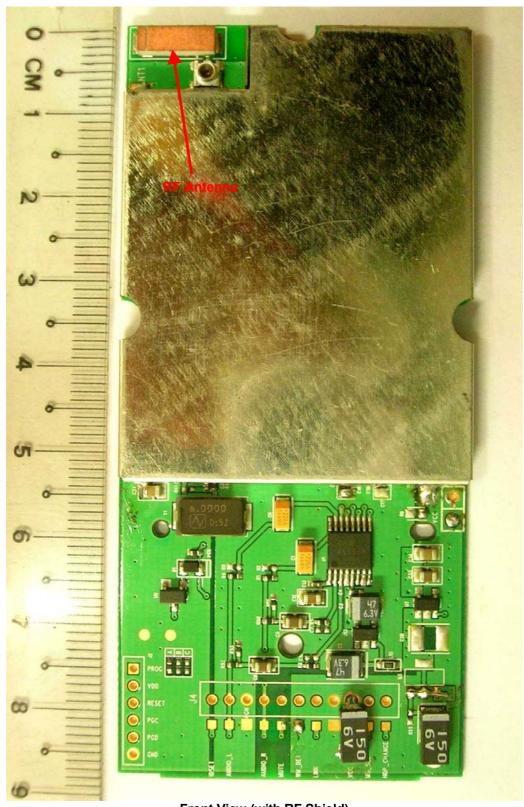
May 2005



**PSB**Corporation

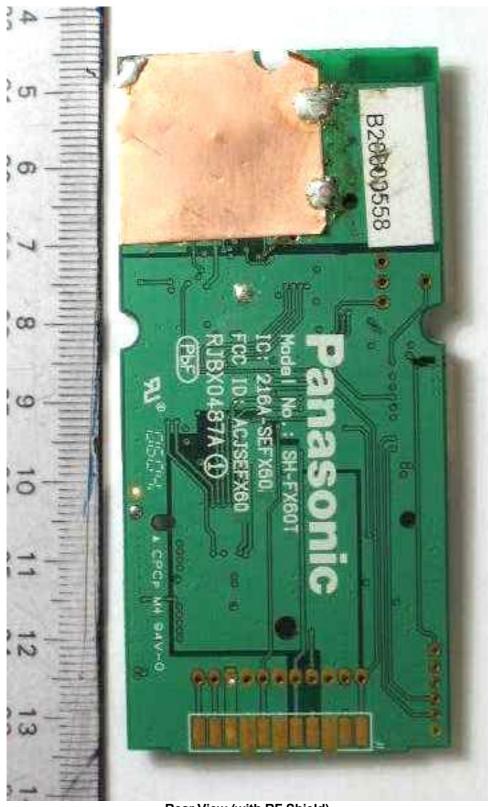
# ANNEX A

# **ANNEX A EUT PHOTOGRAPHS / DIAGRAMS**



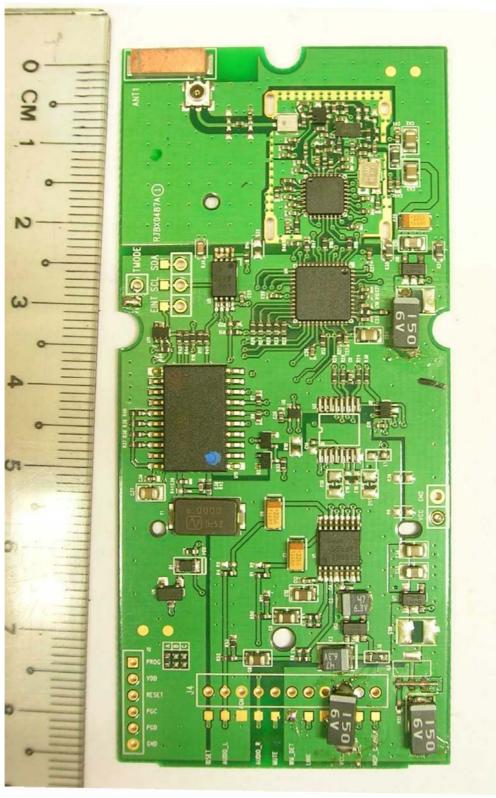
Front View (with RF Shield)





Rear View (with RF Shield)

# ANNEX A



Front View (RF Shield Removed)





Rear View (RF Shield Removed)



# ANNEX B FCC LABEL & POSITION



#### Labelling requirements per Section 2.925 & 15.19

The label shown will be permanently affixed at a conspicuous location on the device and be readily visible to the user at the time of purchase.



Sample Label and Physical Location of FCC ID on EUT

ANNEX C

### **ANNEX C**

# USER MANUAL TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION BLOCK & CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

(Please refer to manufacturer for details)