



# PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

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## CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)



### APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS:

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.  
1006 Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma,  
Osaka, 571 JAPAN

### DATE & LOCATION OF TESTING:

Dates of Tests: Aug. 30, 2004  
Test Report S/N: SAR.240803536.ACJ  
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD USA  
Project Number: ITPD-04-F017A

<b>FCC ID:</b>	<b>ACJ9TGCF-VDW07</b>
<b>APPLICANT NAME:</b>	<b>Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.</b>

**EUT Type:** Handheld Wireless Display Model: CF-VDW07 w/ Sychip DSS WLAN Model: WLM-1

**Tx Frequency:** 2412 – 2462 MHz

**Max. RF Output Power:** 0.033 W Conducted

**Max. SAR Measurement:** 0.84 W/kg Body SAR

**Trade Name/Model(s):** CF-VDW07

**FCC Rule Part(s):** §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]

**Application Type:** Certification

**Test Device Serial No.:** Identical Prototype [S/N: 2IKSA01763]



This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528-2003.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

*PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.*



  
Alfred Cirwithian  
Vice President Engineering



PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 PCTEST	FCC Measurement Report	 Panasonic	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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# 1. INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in *IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz*. (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in *IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

## SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dU$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dV$ ) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1.1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 1.1  
SAR Mathematical Equation



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- $E$  = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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## 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

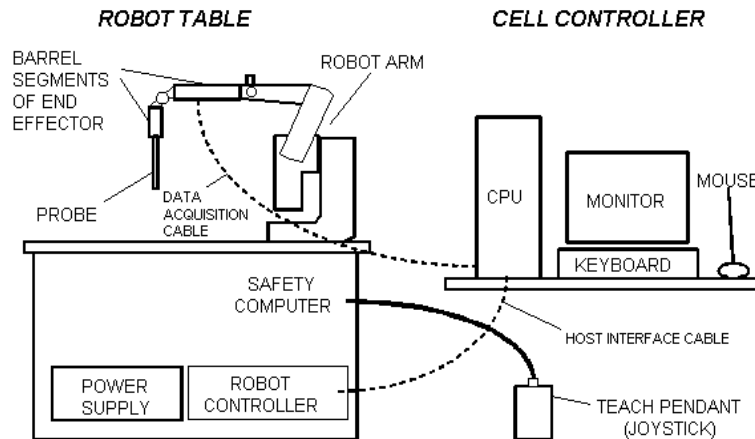
### Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the ALIDX-500 automated dosimetric assessment system. The ALIDX-500 is made by IDX Robotics, Inc. (IDX) in the United States and consists of high precision robotics system (CRS), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the Left and Right SAM phantoms containing the head/brain equivalent tissue, and the flat phantoms for body/muscle equivalent. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

### System Hardware

The Robot table consists of the power supply, robot controller, safety computer, teach pendant (Joystick), six-axis robot arm, and the probe. The cell controller consists of DELL Dimension 4300 Pentium-4 1.6 GHz computer with Windows 2000 system and SAR Measurement software, National Instruments analog card, monitor, keyboard, and mouse. The robot controller is connected to the cell controller to communicate between the two computers. The probe data is connected to the cell controller via data acquisition cables.



### System Electronics



**Figure 2.1**  
**SAR Measurement System Setup**

When the Robot is in the home position, the Y-axis of the coordinate system parallels the line of intersection between the tabletop and the long axis of the Robot's Large Shoulder. The Teach Pendant may be used to establish the X,Y coordinate directions by depressing the 0-X and 0-Y MOTOR/AXIS switches while in axis mode.

The robot is first taught to position the probe sensor following a specific pattern of points. In the first sweep the sensor enclosure touches the inside of the phantom head. The SAR is measured on a defined grid of points that are concentrated on the surface of the head closest to the antenna of the transmitting device (EUT).

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### 3. ALIDX-500 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

#### Probe Measurement System

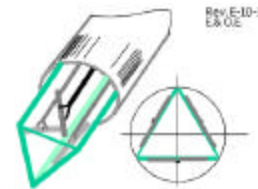


**Fig 3.1**  
IDX System

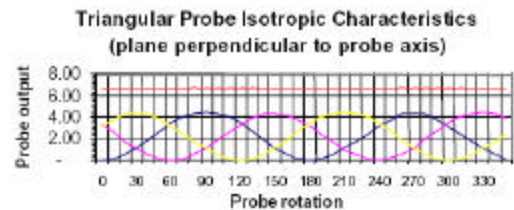
The near-field probe is an implantable isotropic E-field probe that measures the voltages proportional to the  $|E|^2$  (electric) or  $|H|^2$  (magnetic) fields. The probe is enclosed in a hollow glass protective cylinder 9-mm. outer diameter, 0.5 mm. thickness and 30 cm. in length. The E-probe contains three electrically small array of orthogonal dipoles strategically placed to provide greater accuracy and to compensate for near-field spatial gradients. The probe contains diodes that are placed over the gap of the dipoles to improve RF detection. The electrical signal detected by each diode is amplified by three DC amplifiers and are contained in a shielded container in the robot end effector so its performance is not affected by the presence of incident electromagnetic fields (see Fig. 3.1).

#### Probe Specifications

Frequency Range:	10 kHz – 6.0 GHz
Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Sensitivity:	3.5 mV/mW/cm <sup>2</sup> (air – typical)
DC Resistance:	300 kohm
Isotropic Response:	0.25 dB
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Resistance to Pull:	25 N
Probe Length:	290 mm
Probe Tip Material:	Glass
Probe Tip Length:	40 mm
Probe Tip Diameter:	7 ± 0.2 mm
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing HAC (Hearing Aid Compatibility) Compliance tests of mobile phones



**Figure 3.2**  
Triangular Probe Configuration



**Figure 3.3**  
Probe Characteristics

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# 4. PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

## Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the Probe to a known E-field density (1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter. The SAR measurement software is used for Probe calibration.

## Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or some other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, we place the probe in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. We then rotate the probe 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

## Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T / \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,
- $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

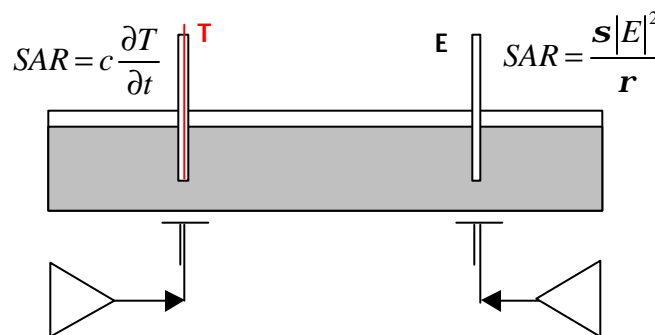




Figure 4.1 Temperature Assessment Test Configuration

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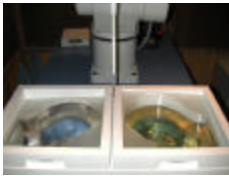
# 5. PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES



**Figure 5.1**  
SAM Phantoms

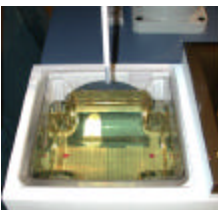
The Left and Right SAM Phantoms are constructed of a vivac composite integrated in a corian stand. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [7][8]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 5.1)

## Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization



**Figure 5.2**  
Head Simulated Tissue

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxyethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [9].(see Table 5.1)



**Figure 5.3**  
Body/Muscle Simulated Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	300	450	835	900	1450	1800	1900	1950	2000	2100	2450	3000											
Recipe #	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	4	1	1	2	2	3	2		
Ingredients (% by weight)																							
I-2-Propenediol					54.81																		
Bactericide	0.19	0.19	0.5	0.1	0.1				0.5													0.5	
Diacetic			48.9				49.2			49.43													49.75
DGBE							45.41	47	13.84	44.92			44.92	13.84	45	50	50	7.99	7.99				7.99
HEC	0.99	0.98		1	1																		
NaCl	5.95	3.95	1.7	1.45	1.48	0.79	1.1	0.67	0.36	0.35	0.18	0.04	0.18	0.35							0.16	0.16	0.16
Sucrose	55.32	56.32		57	56.5																		
Tritan X-100										30.45				30.45							19.97	19.97	19.97
Water	37.56	38.56	48.9	40.45	46.92	34.4	49.2	53.82	52.64	55.36	54.9	49.43	54.9	55.36	55	50	50	71.88	71.88	49.75	71.88		71.88
Measured dielectric parameters																							
$\epsilon'$	46	43.4	44.3	41.6	41.2	41.8	42.7	48.9	39.3	41	40.4	39.2	39.9	41	40.1	37	36.8	41.1	40.3	39.2	37.9		39.2
$\nu$ (S/m)	0.86	0.85	0.9	0.9	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.21	1.39	1.38	1.4	1.4	1.42	1.38	1.41	1.4	1.51	1.55	1.88	1.82	2.46		2.46
Temp. (°C)	22	22	20	22	22	22	20	22	21	22	21	22	20	21	21	20	22	22	20	20	20		20
Target dielectric parameters (Table 5-1)																							
$\epsilon'$	45.3	45.5	41.5	41.5	40.5					40								39.8	39.2	38.5		38.5	
$\nu$ (S/m)	0.87	0.87	0.9	0.97	1.2					1.4								1.49	1.8	2.4		2.4	

**Table 5.1**  
Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter



## Device Holder



**Figure 5.4**  
Device Positioner

In combination with the SAM Phantom, the EUT Holder (see Fig. 6.2) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. Device positioning is accurate and repeatable according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

\* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [8]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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## 6. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

### Automated Test System Specifications

#### Positioner

**Robot:** CRS Robotics, Inc. Robot Model: F3  
**Repeatability:**  $\pm 0.05$  mm (0.002 in.)  
**No. Of axes:** 6

#### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

##### Cell Controller

**Processor:** Pentium 4  
**Clock Speed:** 1.6 GHz  
**Operating System:** Windows 2000™ Professional  
**Data Card:** NI DAQ Card (in CPU)

##### Data Converter

**Software:** IDX Flexware  
**Connecting Lines:** Data Acquisition Cable  
 RS-232 Host Interface Cable  
**Sampling Rate:** 6000 samples/sec





**Figure 6.1**  
**ALIDX-500 Test System**

#### E-Field Probes

**Model:** E-010 S/N: PCT003  
**Construction:** Triangular core absolute encoder system  
**Frequency:** 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz

#### Phantom

**Phantom:** SAM Phantoms (Left & Right)  
**Shell Material:** Vivac Composite  
**Thickness:**  $2.0 \pm 0.2$  mm

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## 7. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

### Measurement Procedure

The measurement procedure consists of the process parameters, probe parameters, EUT product data, and measurement scans (teach points). The measurement procedure is a set of predefined points to be scanned and measured by the probe, DC amplified and processed by the cell controller. The corresponding voltages determined by the electric and magnetic fields are extrapolated to determine peak SAR value.



The SAR Measurement System measures field strength by employing two different types of systematic measurement scans; a coarse scan and a fine scan. Coarse and fine scans measure field strength in a rectangular area within the XY plane (a plane parallel to the top of the Robot Table). The measurement area is divided into a grid of small squares defined by equally spaced grid lines. During an actual measurement process, the probe moves along grid lines systematically recording the field strength at grid line intersections. Typically, after a coarse scan is completed, a fine scan is conducted at the peak field strength value (hot spot) that was measured in the coarse scan. The fine scan has a greater resolution (smaller grid squares) than the coarse scan, and covers only a fraction of the measurement area in the coarse scan.

### Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90<sup>th</sup> percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 7.1). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface. The SAM shell thickness is  $2.0 \pm 0.2$  mm.



**Figure 7.1**  
Left and Right SAM Phantom shells

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## 8. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

### Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



**Table 10.1. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]**

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR 1 Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR 2 Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR 3 Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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## 9. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	c	d	e = f(d,k)	f	g	h = cx/f/e	i = cx/g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	$c_i$ (1 - g)	$c_i$ (10 - g)	1 - g $u_i$ (± %)	10 - g $u_i$ (± %)	$v_i$
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	11.4	R	1.73	1	1	6.6	6.6	¥
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	3.4	R	1.73	0.7	0.7	1.4	1.4	¥
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	5.2	R	1.73	1	1	3.0	3.0	¥
Boundary Effect	E1.3	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	¥
Linearity	E1.4	5.9	R	1.73	1	1	3.4	3.4	¥
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	¥
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	¥
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	1.73	1	1	0.5	0.5	¥
Integration Time	E1.8	1.7	R	1.73	1	1	1.0	1.0	¥
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	1.2	R	1.73	1	1	0.7	0.7	¥
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	¥
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom Shell	E5.3	2.9	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	¥
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	¥
<b>Test Sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	10.6	R	1.73	1	1	6.1	6.1	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	8.7	R	1.73	1	1	5.0	5.0	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	¥
<b>Phantom &amp; Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	¥
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	¥
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4	¥
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	¥
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	¥
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)</b>			RSS				13.2	13.0	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b> (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							26.6	26.2	

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## 10. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY



See Measurement Result Data Pages

### Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was placed into continuous transmit mode in WLAN mode, using software test codes. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

### Device Test Conditions

The device was powered through the battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before the evaluation at the maximum power set on the base station simulator to confirm the output power. If a power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> 		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: SAR.240803536.ACJ	Test Dates: Aug. 30, 2004	EUT Type: Handheld Wireless Display w/ WLAN	FCC ID: ACJ9TGCF-VDW07
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# 11. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT



## Equipment Calibration

Table 13.1 Test Equipment Calibration

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS		
Type	Calibration Date	Serial Number
CRS Robot F3	January 2004	RAF0134133
CRS C500C Motion Controller	January 2004	RCB0003303
CRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	January 2004	STP0132231
DELL Computer, Pentium 4 1.6 GHz, Windows 2000™	January 2004	4PJZ111
E-Field Probe E-010	January 2004	PCT003
Right Ear SAM Phantom (P-SAM-R)	January 2004	94X-113
Left Ear SAM Phantom (P-SAM-L)	January 2004	94X-019
Flat SAM Phantom (P-SAM-FLAT)	January 2004	94X-097
IDX Robot End Effector (EE-103-C)	January 2004	07111223
IDX Probe Amplifier	January 2004	07111113
Validation Dipole D-835S	October 2003	PCT640
Validation Dipole D-1900S	October 2003	PCT641
Brain Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	August 2004	PCTBEM101
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	August 2004	PCTBEM301
Brain Equivalent Matter (2450MHz)	August 2004	PCTBEM501
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	August 2004	PCTMEM201
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	August 2004	PCTMEM401
Muscle Equivalent Matter (2450MHz)	August 2004	PCTMEM601
Microwave Amp. Model: 5S1G4, (800MHz - 4.2GHz)	January 2004	22332
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter	January 2004	1835299
HP-8648D (9kHz ~ 4GHz) Signal Generator	January 2004	PCT530
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amp	January 2004	PCT540
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 3GHz) Network Analyzer	January 2004	PCT552
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit	January 2004	PCT501
Ambient Noise/Reflection, etc.	January 2004	Anechoic Room PCT01

**NOTE:**



Dipole Validation measurement was performed by PCTEST Lab before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

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## 12. CONCLUSION



### Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> 			Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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## 13. REFERENCES

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1991, *American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz*, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.
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- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), *Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, July 2001.
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- [12] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. Supplement C, Dec. 1997.
- [13] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10kHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> 		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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# EXHIBIT A. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## Tissue Verification

Table A.1 Simulated Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS					
Date(s)	08/30/04	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	19.1	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: $\epsilon$		39.2	39.99	52.7	53.30
Conductivity: $\sigma$		1.80	1.87	1.95	1.89

## Test System Validation


Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at 2450 MHz by using the system validation kits. (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table A.2 System Validation

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp(°C)	Input Power (W) Tissue	Targeted SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	
08/30/04	23.0	19.1	0.100	2450 MHz Brain	5.24	5.02	-4.25 %



Figure A.0 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 FCC Measurement Report <b>Panasonic</b>			Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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# EXHIBIT A. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

<b>A.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS ( Body SAR - Top)</b>									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER		Data Rate (Mbps)	Battery	Separation Distance (cm) <sup>††</sup>	Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					
2412	1	DSSS	15.31	15.22	1	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.84
2437	6	DSSS	15.13	15.08	1	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.77
2462	11	DSSS	14.78	14.68	1	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.65
2412	1	DSSS	15.22	15.18	2	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.72
2412	1	DSSS	15.08	15.04	5.5	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.66
2412	1	DSSS	15.11	15.00	11	Standard	TOUCH	EDGE	0.65
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>							<b>Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram</b>		

**NOTES:**


1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the lap held position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. SAR Measurement System  DASY3  IDX
- Phantom Configuration  Left Head  Flat Phantom  Right Head
4. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand
5. Test Signal Call Mode  Manu. Test Codes  Base Station Simulator
6. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
7. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



**Alfred Cirwithian**  
Vice President Engineering



**Figure A.1 Body SAR Test Setup  
-- Body Position --**

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT		FCC Measurement Report <b>Panasonic</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: SAR.240803536.ACJ	Test Dates: Aug. 30, 2004	EUT Type: Handheld Wireless Display w/ WLAN	FCC ID: ACI9TGCF-VDW07	Page 17 of 23

# EXHIBIT A. SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

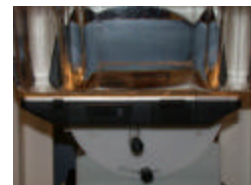
Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

<b>A.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS ( Body SAR - Screen)</b>									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER		Data Rate (Mbps)	Battery	Separation Distance (cm) <sup>##</sup>	Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					
2412	1	DSSS	15.28	15.18	1	Standard	TOUCH	SCREEN	0.48
2437	6	DSSS	15.15	15.09	1	Standard	TOUCH	SCREEN	0.37
2462	11	DSSS	14.83	14.78	1	Standard	TOUCH	SCREEN	0.26
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population</b>							<b>Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram</b>		


**NOTES:**

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the lap held position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. SAR Measurement System  DASY3  IDX  
Phantom Configuration  Left Head  Flat Phantom  Right Head
4. SAR Configuration  Head  Body  Hand
5. Test Signal Call Mode  Manu. Test Codes  Base Station Simulator
6. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
7. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

  
 Alfred Cirwithian  
 Vice President Engineering



**Figure A.2 Body SAR Test Setup  
-- Screen Position --**

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT		FCC Measurement Report <b>Panasonic</b>	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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# EXHIBIT A. SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

A.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS ( Body SAR - Lap)									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	POWER		Data Rate (Mbps)	Battery	Separation Distance (cm) <sup>##</sup>	Position	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					
2412	1	DSSS	15.29	15.20	1	Standard	TOUCH	LAP	0.15
2437	6	DSSS	15.22	15.10	1	Standard	TOUCH	LAP	0.11
2462	11	DSSS	14.75	14.63	1	Standard	TOUCH	LAP	0.08
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Muscle <b>1.6 W/kg (mW/g)</b> averaged over 1 gram			

**NOTES:**


1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the lap held position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. SAR Measurement System                     DASY3                     IDX  
Phantom Configuration                     Left Head                     Flat Phantom                     Right Head
4. SAR Configuration                     Head                     Body                     Hand
5. Test Signal Call Mode                     Manu. Test Codes                     Base Station Simulator
6. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
7. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1




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Vice President Engineering



**Figure A.3 Body SAR Test Setup  
-- Lap Position --**

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT		FCC Measurement Report <b>Panasonic</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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## ATTACHMENT A – SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> <b>Panasonic</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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SAR Data Report 04083001

Start : 30-Aug-04 04:27:42 pm  
End : 30-Aug-04 04:35:46 pm  
Code Version : 4.08  
Robot Version: 4.08

Product Data:

Type : PANASONIC  
Model Number : CF-CDW07  
Serial Number : 10  
Frequency : 2412 MHz  
Transmit Pwr : 0.033 W  
Antenna Type : Inverted F  
Antenna Posn. : Internal

Measurement Data:

Phantom Name : SAM FLAT  
Phantom Type : Uniphantom  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Tissue Dielectric : 53.300  
Tissue Conductivity : 1.890  
Tissue Density : 1.000  
Robot Name : CRS

Probe Data:

Probe Name : PCT003  
Probe Type : E Fld Triangle  
Frequency : 2450 MHz  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Calibrated Dielectric : 54.370  
Calibrated Conductivity : 1.970  
Calibrated Density : 1.000  
Probe Offset : 2.400 mm  
Conversion Factor : 6.700  
Probe Sensitivity : 3.285 3.652 4.167 mV/(mW/cm^2)  
Amplifier Gains : 20.00 20.00 20.00

Sample:

Rate: 6000 Samples/Sec  
Count: 1000 Samples  
NIDAQ Gain: 5

Comments:

DSSS CH-1  
Body  
CF=1; Amb. Temp= 22.2 'C; Liq. Temp=20.1 'C

Power Drop Test:

Reading @ start = 0.001  
Reading @ End = 0.001  
Power at End = 98.2%

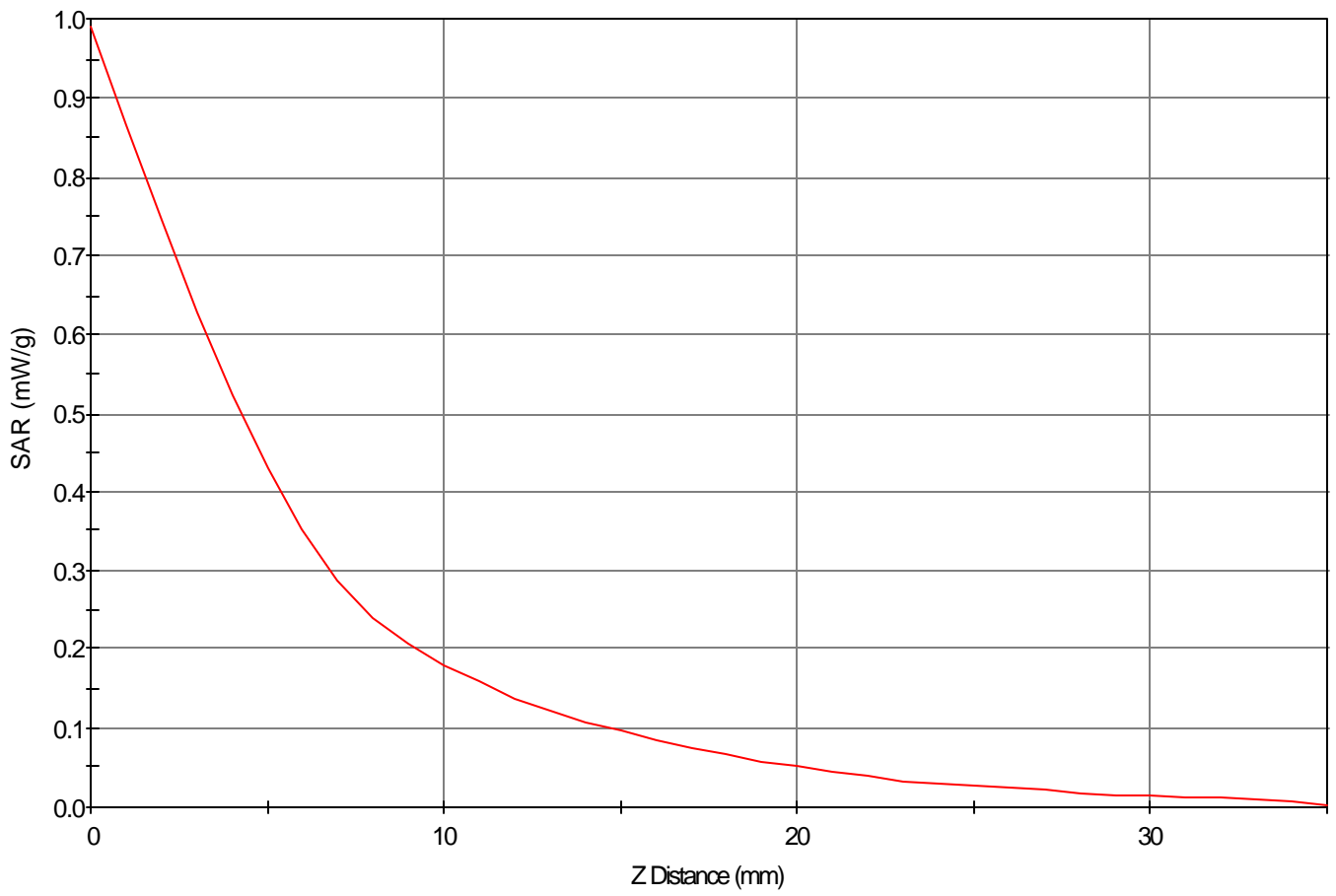
Area Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=29.0 y=49.0 = 0.41 W/kg

Zoom Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=26.0 y=44.0 z=0.0 = 0.99 W/kg

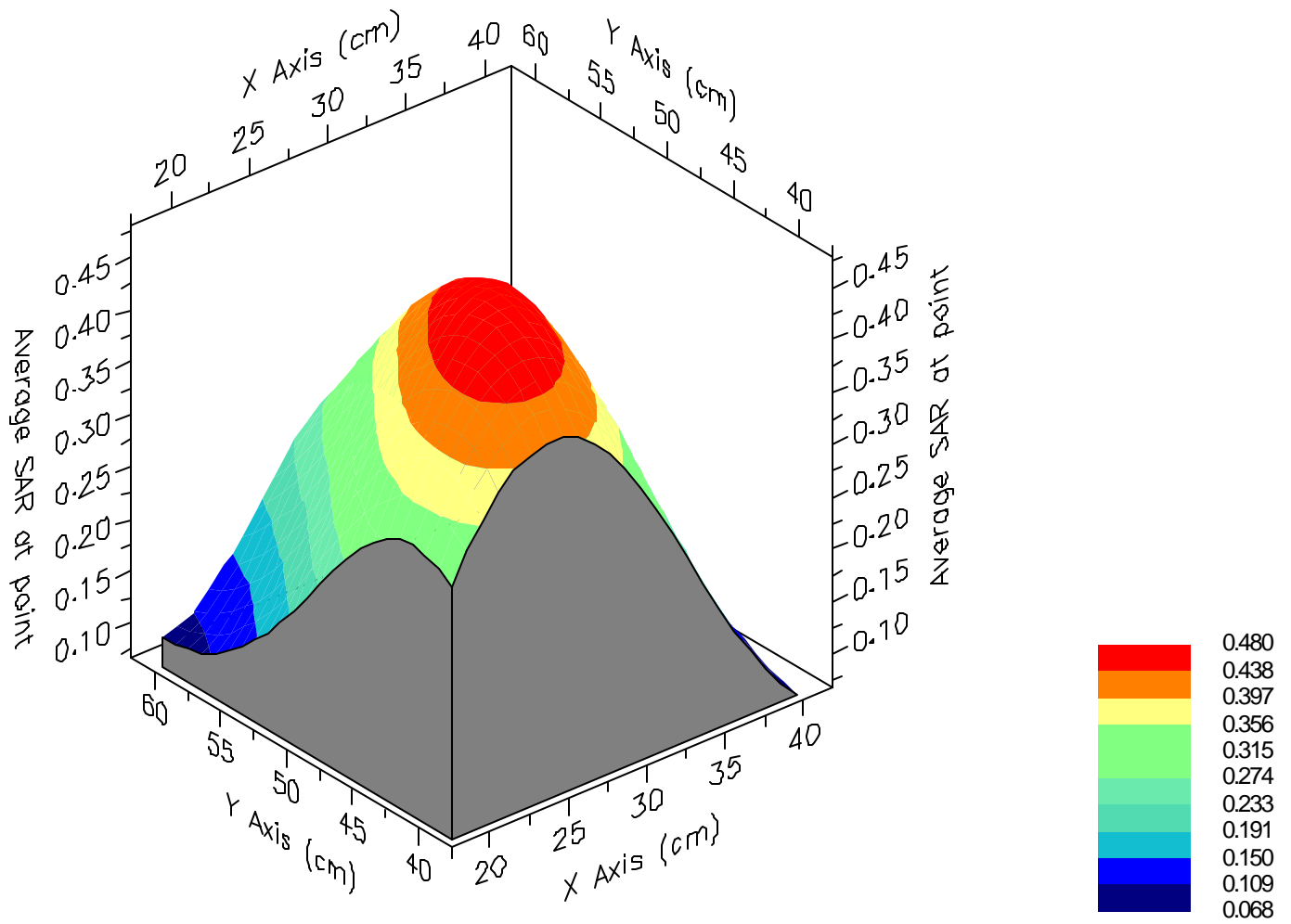
Max 1g SAR at x=26.0 y=45.0 z=0.0 = 0.48 W/kg

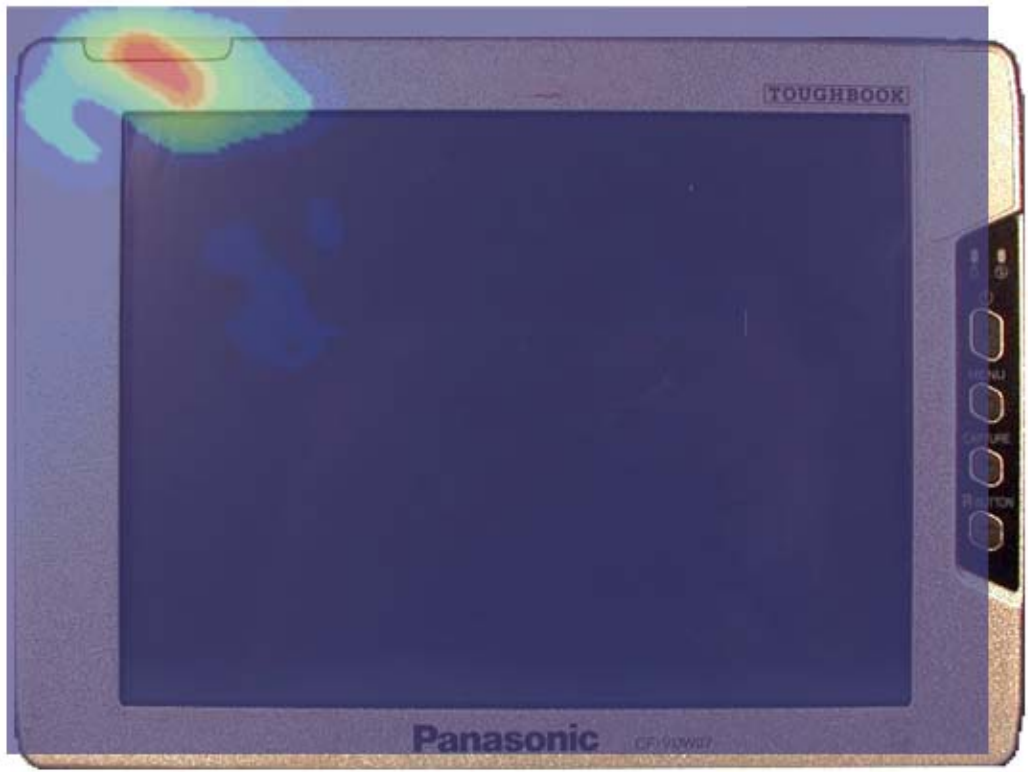
Max 10g SAR at x=26.0 y=45.0 z=0.0 = 0.19 W/kg

SAR - Z Axis  
at Hotspot x:26.0 y:44.0



### 1g SAR Values





SAR Data Report 04083004

Start : 30-Aug-04 05:20:20 pm  
End : 30-Aug-04 05:27:28 pm  
Code Version : 4.08  
Robot Version: 4.08

Product Data:

Type : PANASONIC  
Model Number : CF-CDW07  
Serial Number : 10  
Frequency : 2412 MHz  
Transmit Pwr : 0.033 W  
Antenna Type : Inverted F  
Antenna Posn. : Internal

Measurement Data:

Phantom Name : SAM FLAT  
Phantom Type : Uniphantom  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Tissue Dielectric : 53.300  
Tissue Conductivity : 1.890  
Tissue Density : 1.000  
Robot Name : CRS

Probe Data:

Probe Name : PCT003  
Probe Type : E Fld Triangle  
Frequency : 2450 MHz  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Calibrated Dielectric : 54.370  
Calibrated Conductivity : 1.970  
Calibrated Density : 1.000  
Probe Offset : 2.400 mm  
Conversion Factor : 6.700  
Probe Sensitivity : 3.285 3.652 4.167 mV/(mW/cm^2)  
Amplifier Gains : 20.00 20.00 20.00

Sample:

Rate: 6000 Samples/Sec  
Count: 1000 Samples  
NIDAQ Gain: 5

Comments:

DSSS CH-1  
Body  
CF=1; Amb. Temp= 22.2 'C; Liq. Temp=20.1 'C

Power Drop Test:

Reading @ start = 0.685  
Reading @ End = 0.673  
Power at End = 98.3%

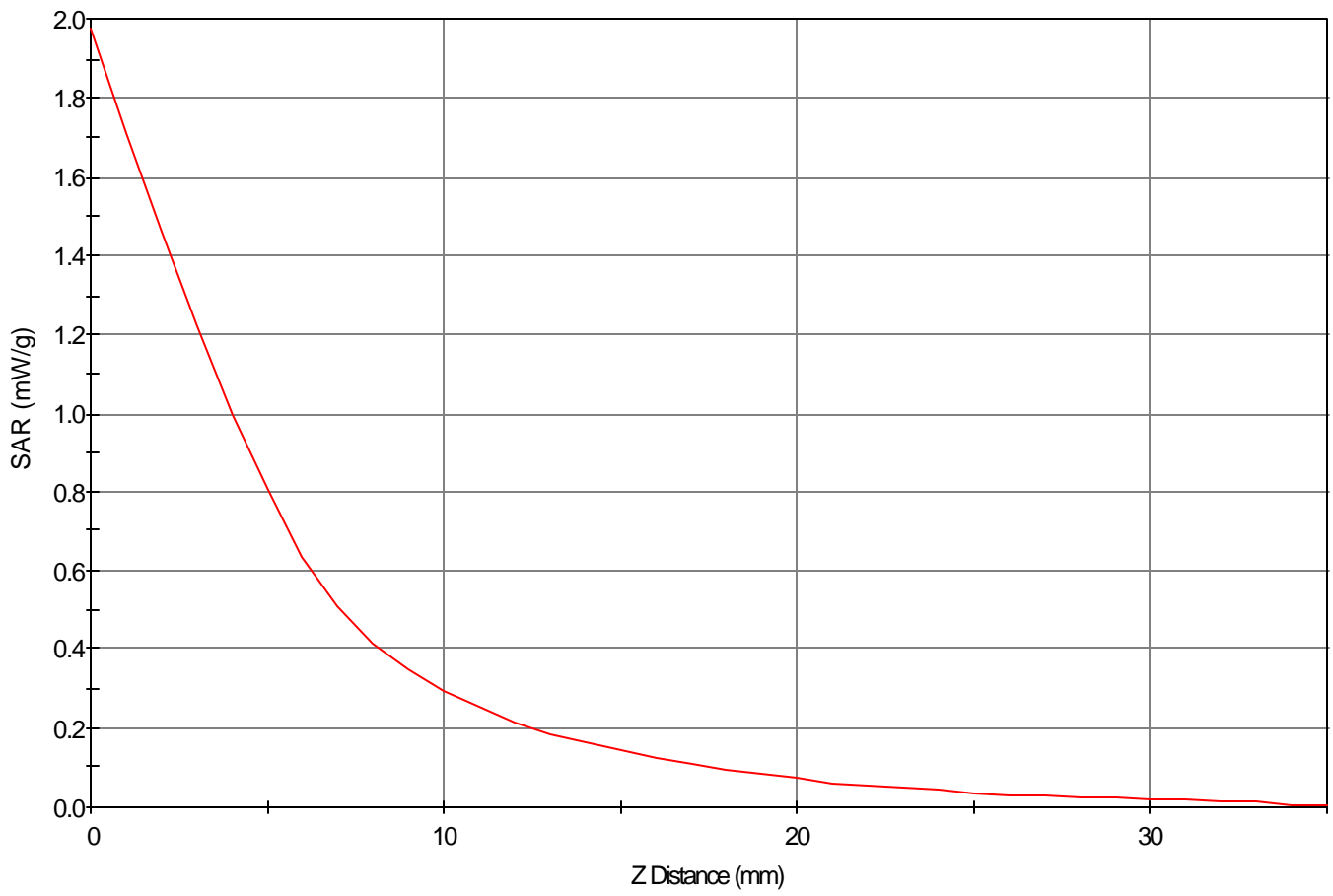
Area Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=4.0 y=0.0 = 0.81 W/kg

Zoom Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=4.0 y=1.0 z=0.0 = 1.97 W/kg

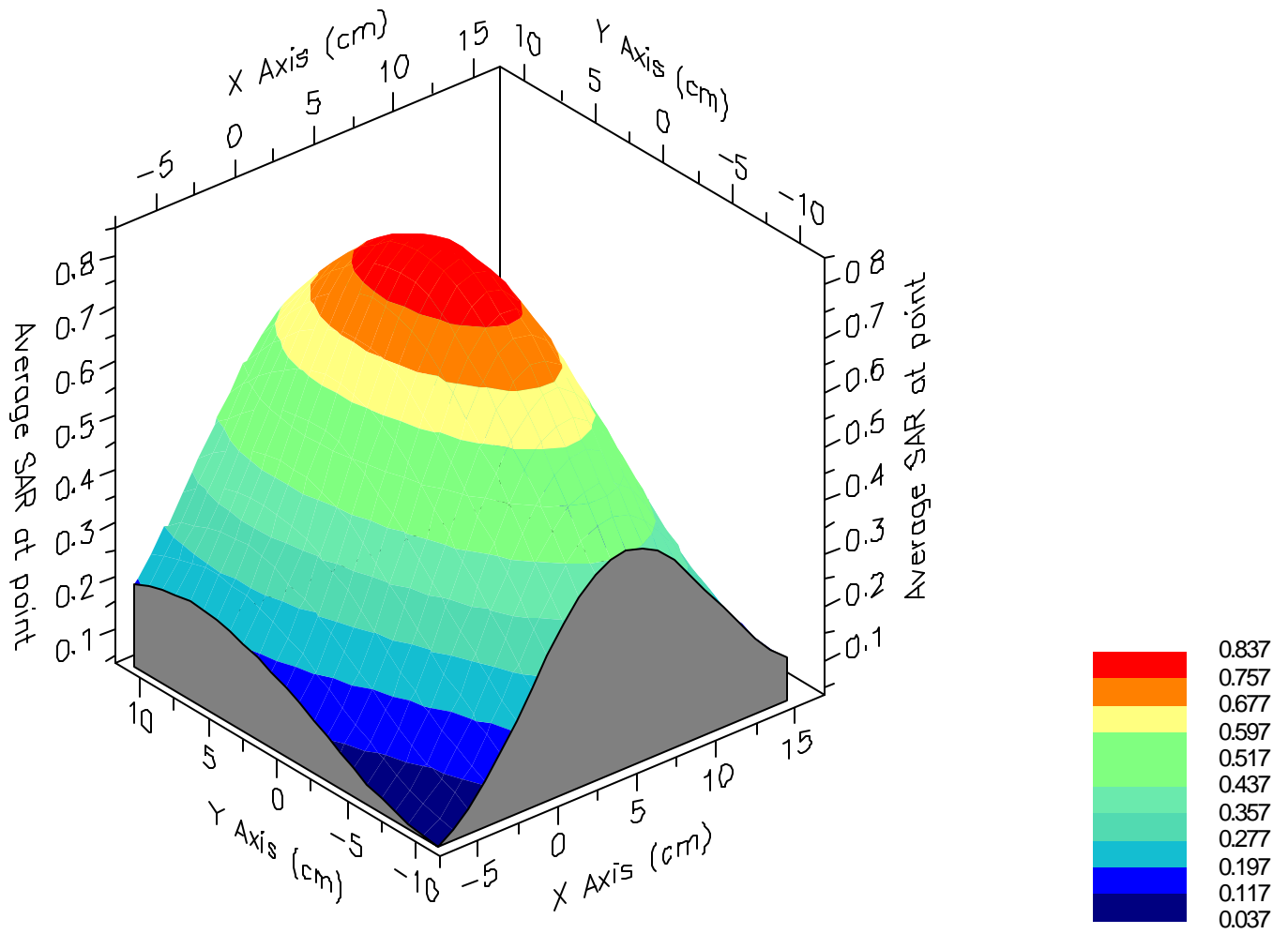
Max 1g SAR at x=4.0 y=1.0 z=0.0 = 0.84 W/kg

Max 10g SAR at x=3.0 y=3.0 z=0.0 = 0.28 W/kg

SAR - Z Axis  
at Hotspot x:4.0 y:1.0



### 1g SAR Values





SAR Data Report 04083005

Start : 30-Aug-04 05:29:21 pm  
End : 30-Aug-04 05:36:33 pm  
Code Version : 4.08  
Robot Version: 4.08

Product Data:

Type : PANASONIC  
Model Number : CF-CDW07  
Serial Number : 10  
Frequency : 2412 MHz  
Transmit Pwr : 0.033 W  
Antenna Type : Inverted F  
Antenna Posn. : Internal

Measurement Data:

Phantom Name : SAM FLAT  
Phantom Type : Uniphantom  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Tissue Dielectric : 53.300  
Tissue Conductivity : 1.890  
Tissue Density : 1.000  
Robot Name : CRS

Probe Data:

Probe Name : PCT003  
Probe Type : E Fld Triangle  
Frequency : 2450 MHz  
Tissue Type : Muscle  
Calibrated Dielectric : 54.370  
Calibrated Conductivity : 1.970  
Calibrated Density : 1.000  
Probe Offset : 2.400 mm  
Conversion Factor : 6.700  
Probe Sensitivity : 3.285 3.652 4.167 mV/(mW/cm^2)  
Amplifier Gains : 20.00 20.00 20.00

Sample:

Rate: 6000 Samples/Sec  
Count: 1000 Samples  
NIDAQ Gain: 5

Comments:

DSSS CH-1  
Body  
CF=1; Amb. Temp= 22.2 'C; Liq. Temp=20.1 'C

Power Drop Test:

Reading @ start = 0.015  
Reading @ End = 0.016  
Power at End = 101.9%

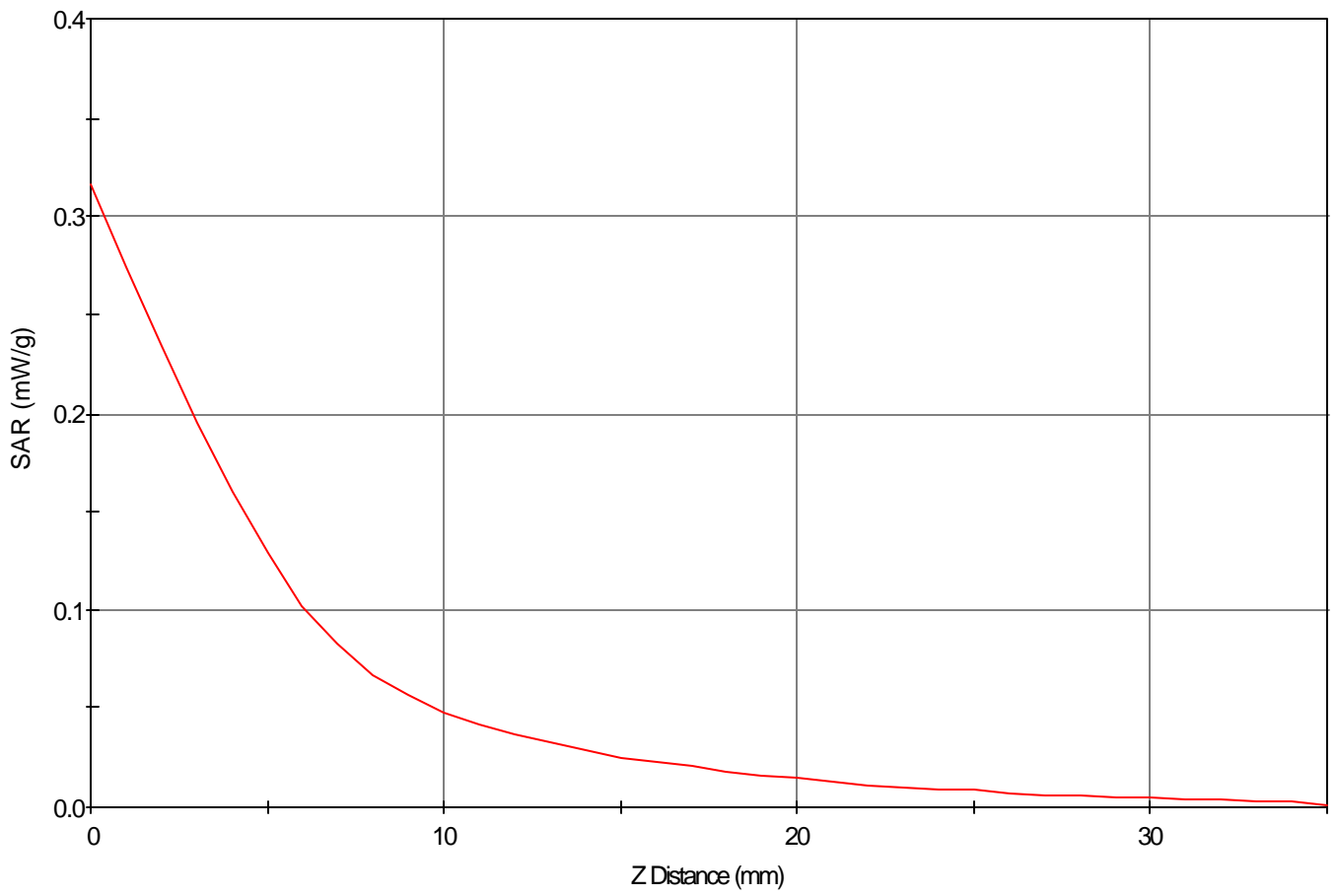
Area Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=18.0 y=-22.0 = 0.12 W/kg

Zoom Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=18.0 y=-22.0 z=0.0 = 0.32 W/kg

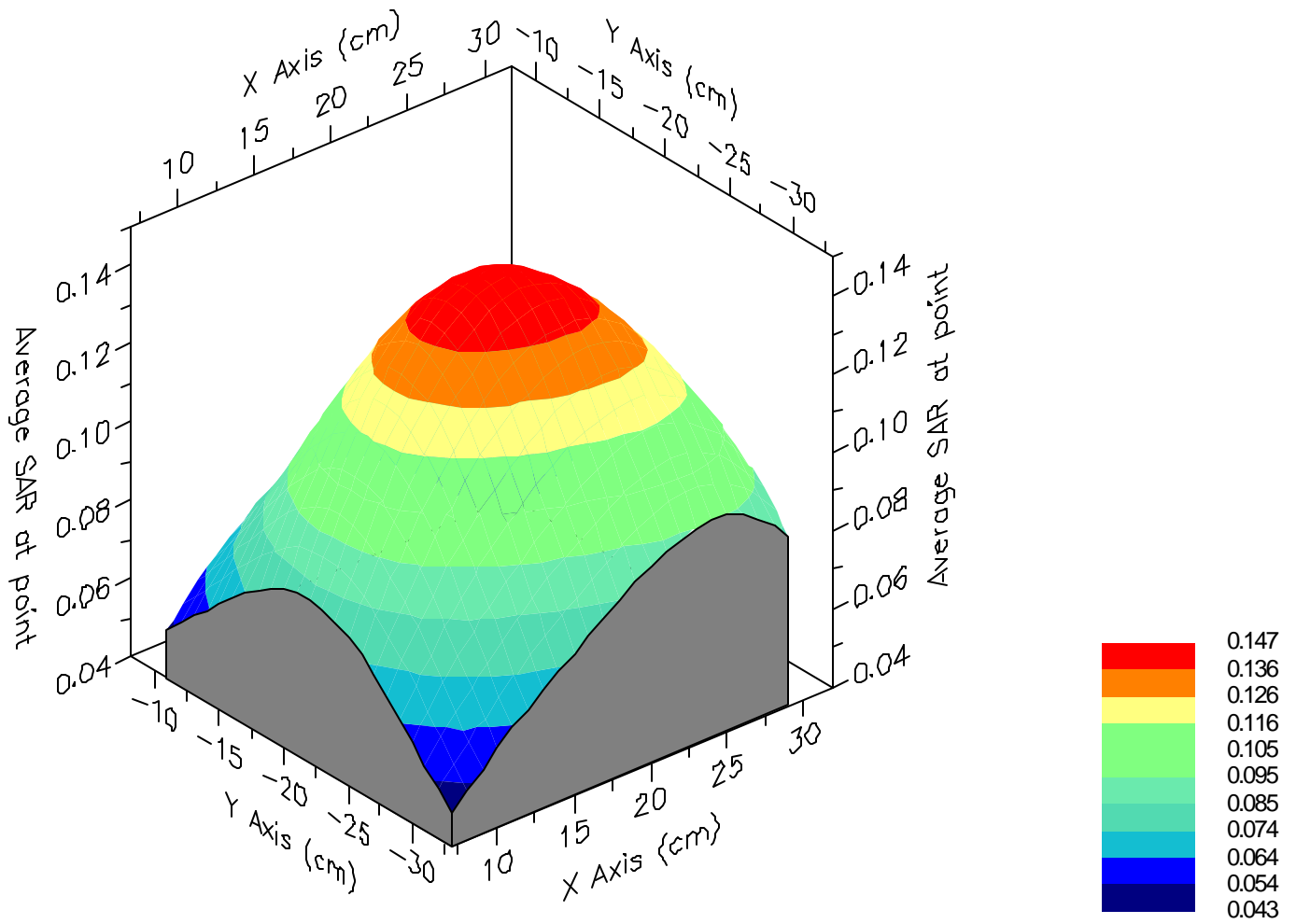
Max 1g SAR at x=19.0 y=-22.0 z=0.0 = 0.15 W/kg

Max 10g SAR at x=19.0 y=-23.0 z=0.0 = 0.06 W/kg

SAR - Z Axis  
at Hotspot x:18.0 y:-22.0





### 1g SAR Values






## ATTACHMENT B – SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> 		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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## ATTACHMENT C – DIPOLE VALIDATION

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> <b>Panasonic</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: SAR.240803536.ACJ	Test Dates: Aug. 30, 2004	EUT Type: Handheld Wireless Display w/ WLAN	FCC ID: ACJ9TGCF-VDW07 Page 22 of 23

SAR Data Report 04083007

Start : 30-Aug-04 06:22:10 pm  
End : 30-Aug-04 06:28:32 pm  
Code Version : 4.08  
Robot Version: 4.08

Product Data:

Type : Verification  
Model Number : E-010  
Serial Number : PCT003  
Frequency : 2450 MHz  
Transmit Pwr : 0.100 W  
Antenna Type : Dipole  
Antenna Posn. : Verification

Measurement Data:

Phantom Name : SAM FLAT  
Phantom Type : Uniphantom  
Tissue Type : Brain  
Tissue Dielectric : 39.990  
Tissue Conductivity : 1.870  
Tissue Density : 1.000  
Robot Name : CRS

Probe Data:

Probe Name : PCT003  
Probe Type : E Fld Triangle  
Frequency : 2450 MHz  
Tissue Type : Brain  
Calibrated Dielectric : 39.900  
Calibrated Conductivity : 1.830  
Calibrated Density : 1.300  
Probe Offset : 2.400 mm  
Conversion Factor : 6.100  
Probe Sensitivity : 3.285 3.652 4.167 mV/(mW/cm^2)  
Amplifier Gains : 20.00 20.00 20.00

Sample:

Rate: 6000 Samples/Sec  
Count: 1000 Samples  
NIDAQ Gain: 5

Comments:

System Verification  
  
CF=1; Amb. Temp= 22.2 'C; Liq. Temp=20.1 'C

Power Drop Test:

Reading @ start = 3.794  
Reading @ End = 3.816  
Power at End = 100.6%

Area Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=1.0 y=2.0 = 3.79 W/kg

Zoom Scan - Max Peak SAR Value at x=2.0 y=2.0 z=0.0 = 10.24 W/kg

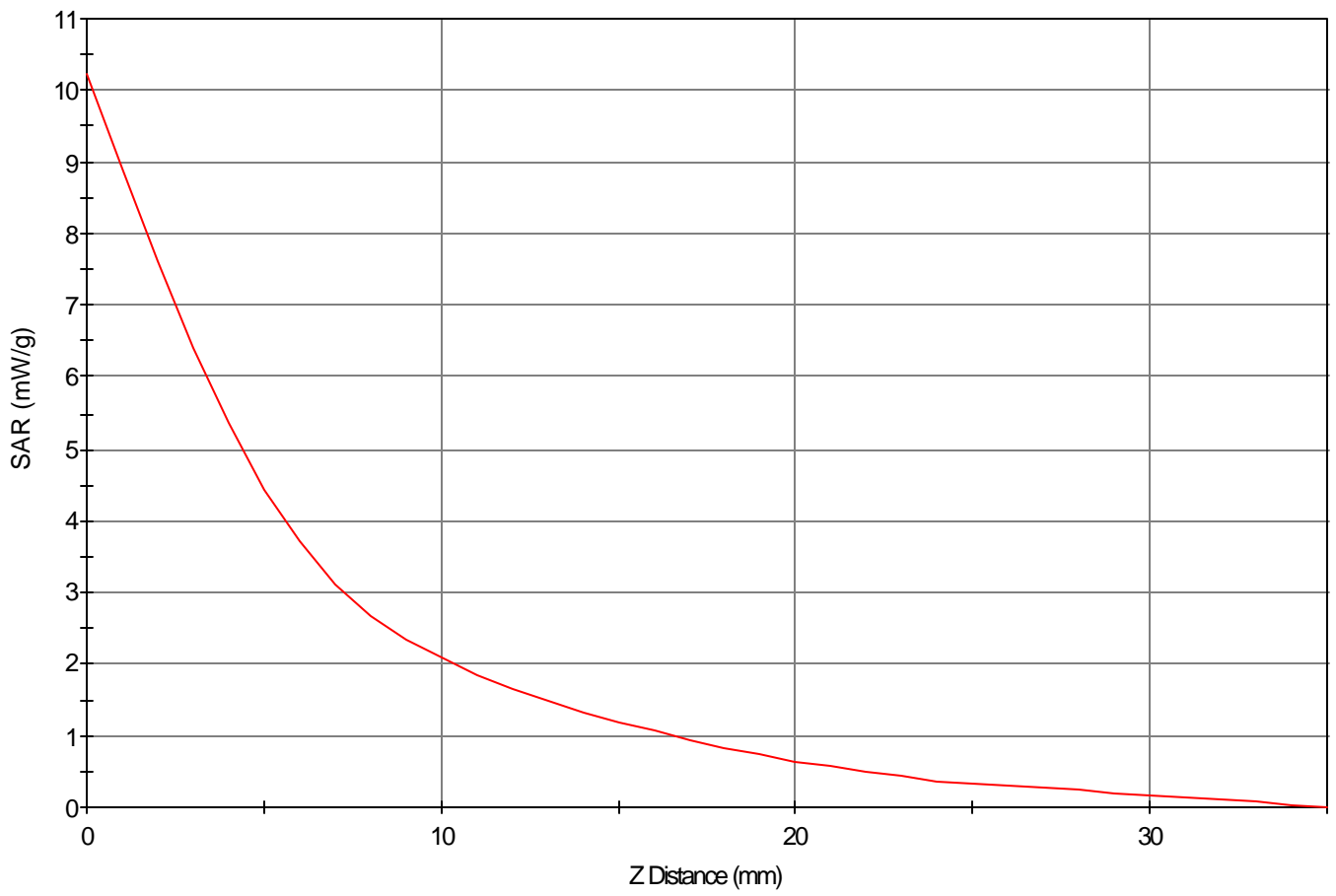
Max 1g SAR at x=2.0 y=2.0 z=0.0 = 5.02 W/kg

Max 10g SAR at x=3.0 y=2.0 z=0.0 = 2.19 W/kg

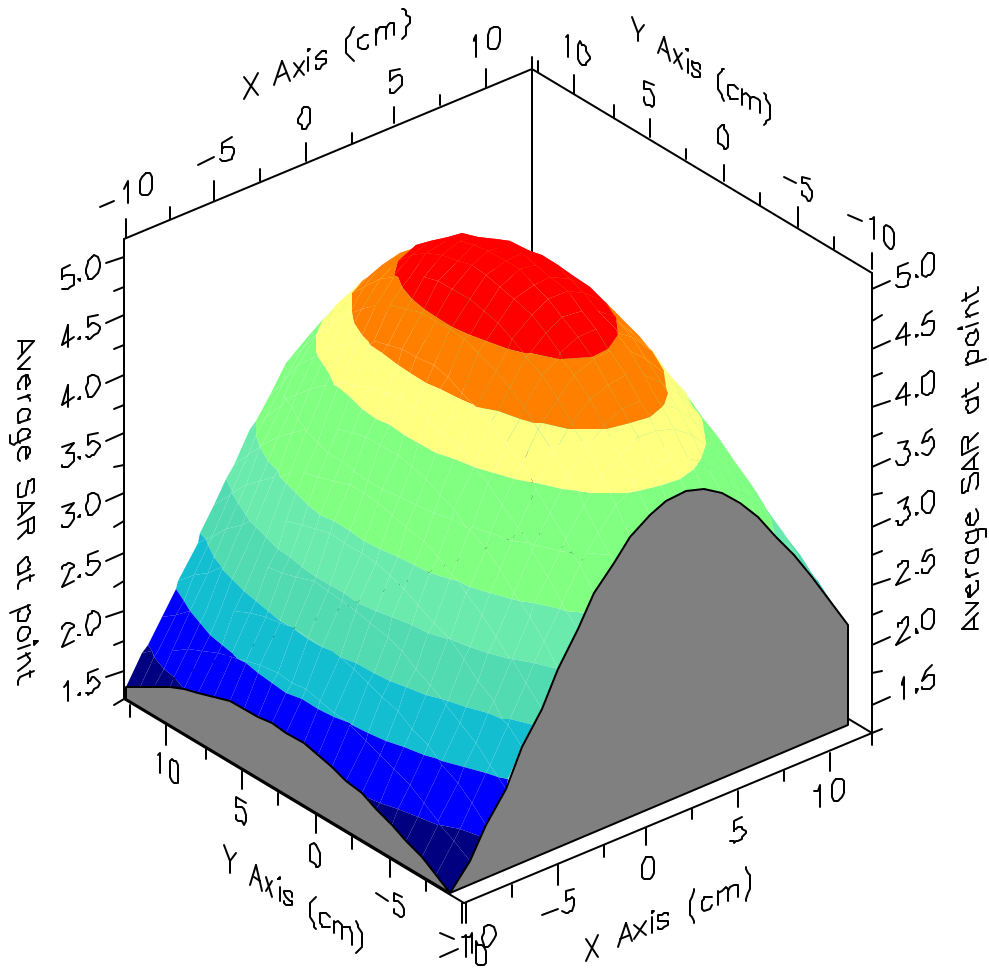
Validation Results at 0.10 W:

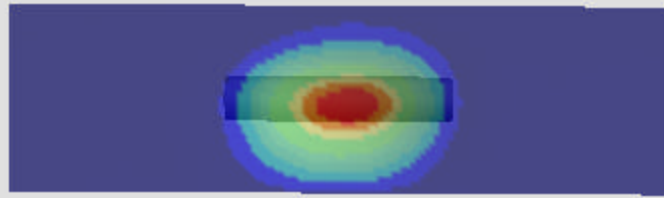
Peak Nominal = 10.4, Error: -1.70 %  
1g Nominal = 5.2, Error: -4.25 %

SAR - Z Axis  
at Hotspot x:2.0 y:2.0




### 1g SAR Values





## ATTACHMENT D – PROBE CALIBRATION

PCTEST SAR TEST REPORT	 <b>FCC Measurement Report</b> <b>Panasonic</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: SAR.240803536.ACJ	Test Dates: Aug. 30, 2004	EUT Type: Handheld Wireless Display w/ WLAN	FCC ID: ACJ9TGCF-VDW07 Page 23 of 23

# Probe E-010

SN: PCT003

Manufactured:	November 4, 2002
Calibrated:	January 3, 2003
Re-calibrated:	January 6, 2004

Calibrated for the IDX System

PCTEST Calibration Laboratory

Approved By:



**Alfred Cirwithian**  
Vice President Engineering

Calibration is performed according to IEEE Std. P1528 D1.2 [April, 2003]  
and all test equipment used is traceable to U.S. NIST.

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### Calibration Summary

Model: E-010

S/N: PCT003

OFFSET (cm)	ANGLE (deg)
0.24	54.73

Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Dielectric Constant $\epsilon_r$	Conductivity (S/m) $S$	Conversion Factor $g_x, g_y, g_z$
Brain	835	40.24	0.90	5.60
Brain	1900	41.89	1.39	5.77
Brain	2450	39.90	1.83	6.10
Muscle	835	54.03	0.98	6.00
Muscle	1900	51.77	1.58	6.30
Muscle	2450	54.37	1.97	6.70

Frequency (MHz)	Isotropy	
	%	dB
835	5.26	0.22
1900	3.83	0.16
2450	5.45	0.23

**Boundary Effect** < 2%, 2.6 mm from probe tip to phantom

**Diode Compression Point:** 76 mV

**Environmental Conditions:**

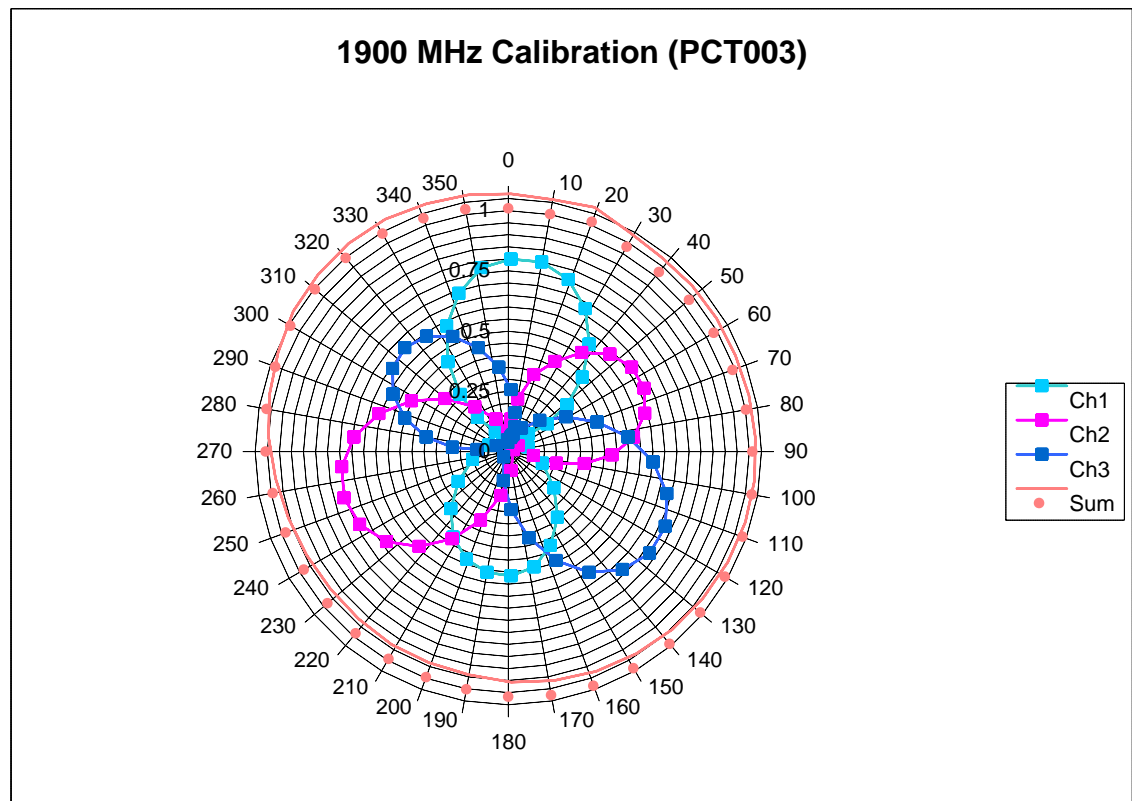
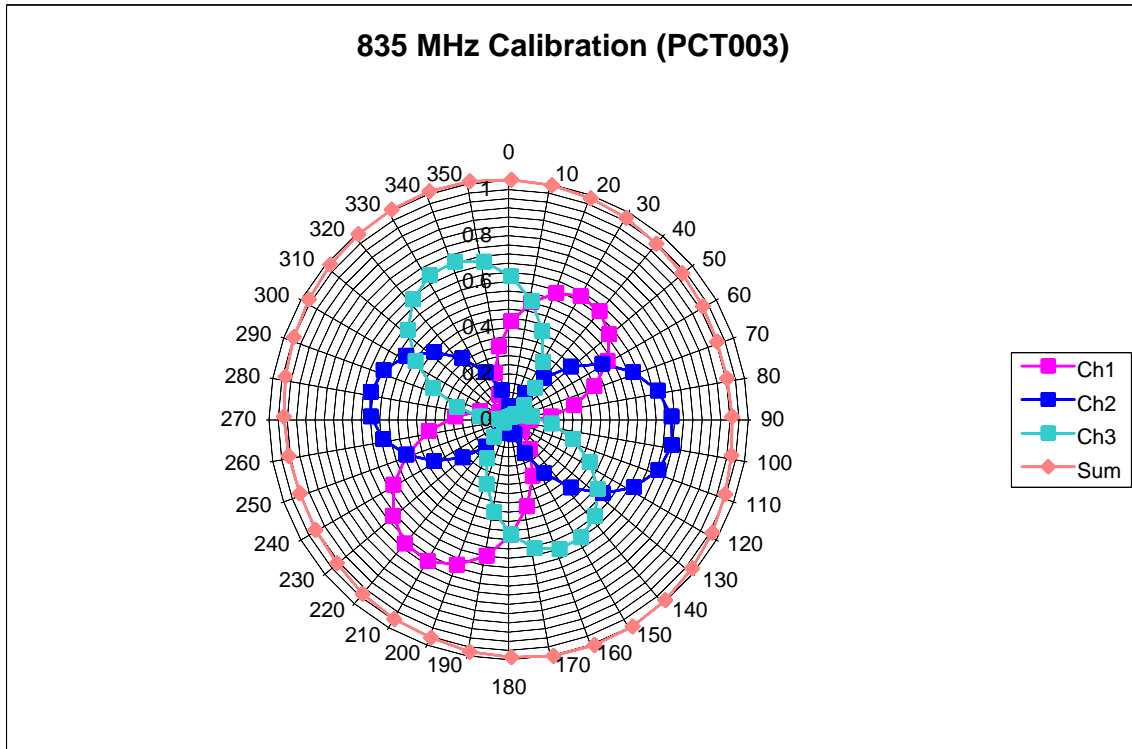
Temperature: 22.6 °C  
Relative Humidity: 41%  
Barometer: 101.2 kPa

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This probe was calibrated under the IEEE Std 1309-1966, *IEEE Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas*, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

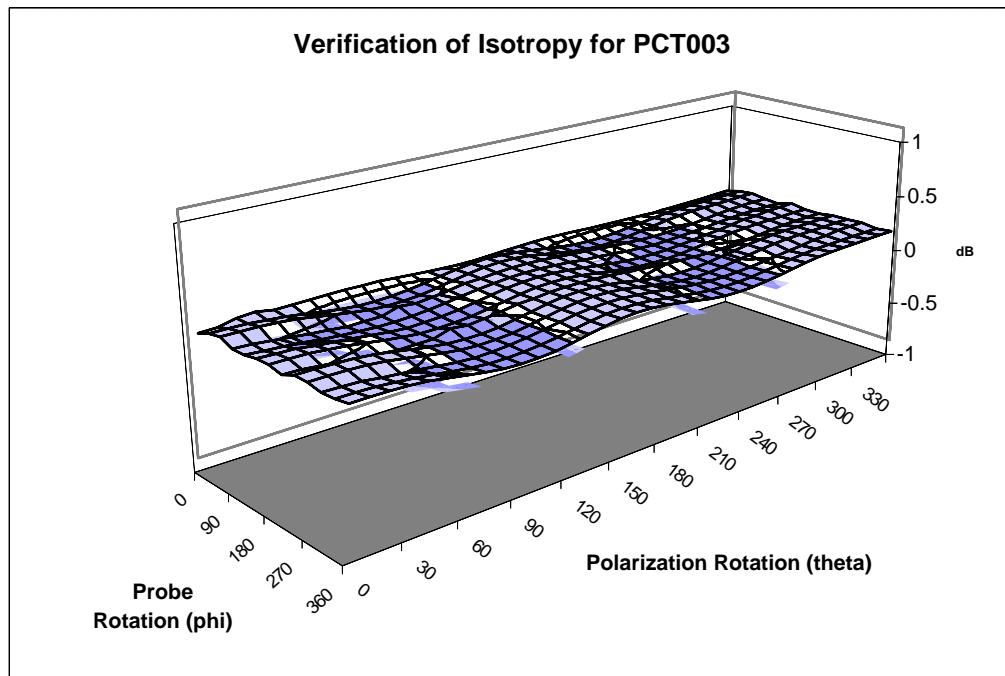
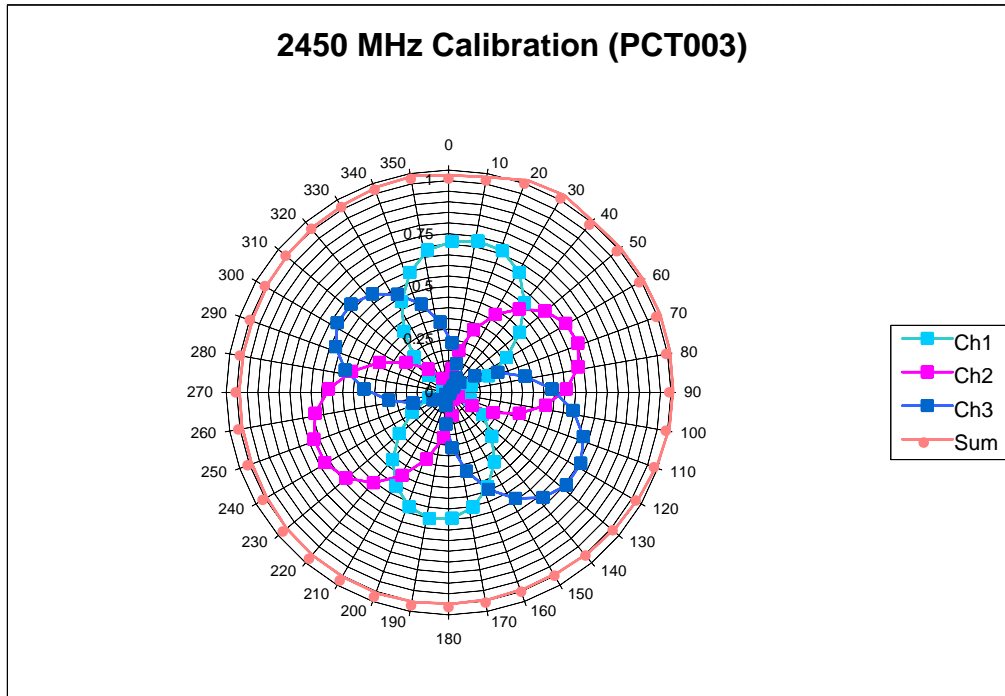
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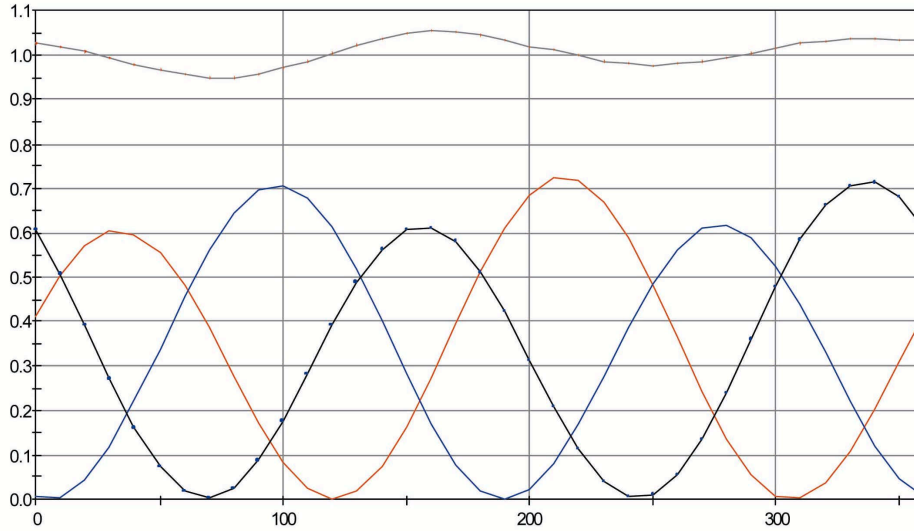


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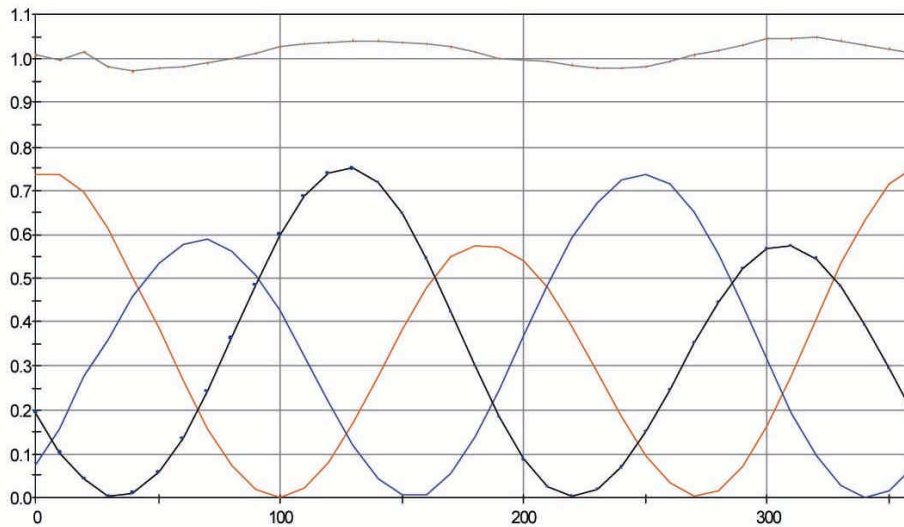
TEM Calibration Plot  
Date: 5-Jan-04 01:54:12 pm  
Probe Name: PCT003  
Frequency: 835

Sensitivity: Ch1: 2.809 Ch2: 3.327 Ch3: 3.274 mV/(mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
Isotropicity: 5.26% 0.22 db Min=0.949 Max=1.054



TEM Calibration Plot  
Date: 6-Jan-04 12:13:36 pm  
Probe Name: PCT003  
Frequency: 1900

Sensitivity: Ch1: 3.331 Ch2: 3.804 Ch3: 3.975 mV/(mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
Isotropicity: 3.83% 0.16 db Min=0.972 Max=1.049



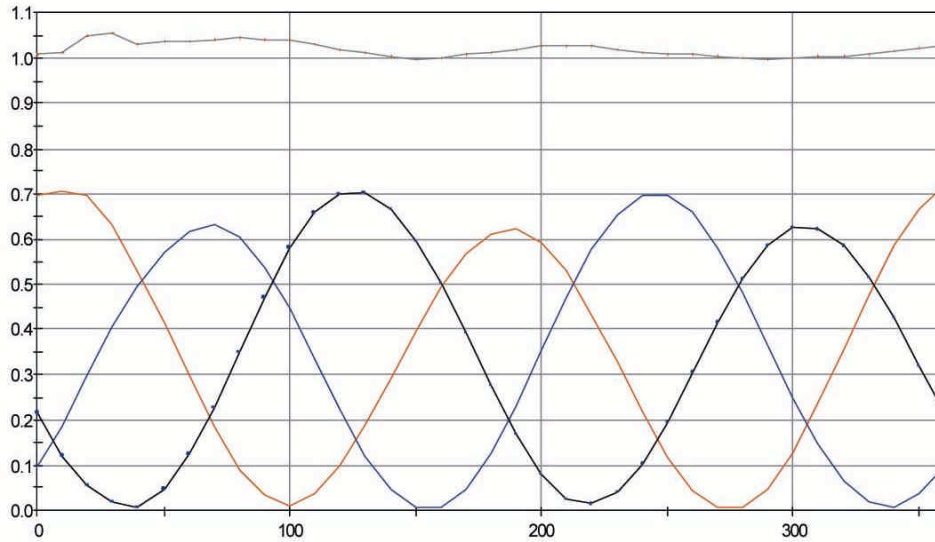
## PCTEST Calibration Laboratory

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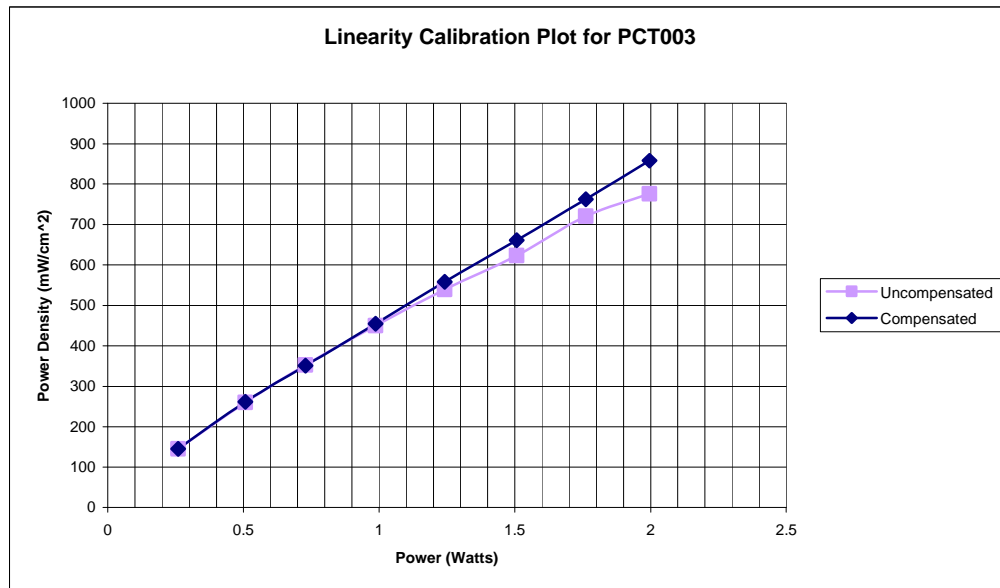
TEM Calibration Plot  
Date: 6-Jan-04 1:10:39 pm  
Probe Name: PCT003  
Frequency: 2450

Sensitivity: Ch1: 3.285 Ch2: 3.652 Ch3: 4.167 mV/(mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
Isotropy: 2.99% 0.13 db Min=0.997 Max=1.057



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### Probe Physical Characteristics

Serial Number:	PCT003
Sensor Offset:	2.4 mm
Sensor Length:	2.5 mm
Tip Enclosure:	Glass
Tip Diameter:	7 mm
Tip Length:	40 mm
Total Length:	290 mm

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### Test Equipment

The test equipment used during the probe calibration are listed as follows:

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS		
Type	Calibration Due	Asset Number/ Serial Number
CRS Robot F3	February 2004	RAF0134133
CRS C500C Motion Controller	February 2004	RCB0003303
CRS Teach Pendant (Joystick)	February 2004	STP0132231
DELL Computer, Pentium 4 1.6 GHz, Windows 2000™	February 2004	4PJZ111
Flat SAM Phantom (P-SAM-FLAT)	February 2004	94X-097
IDX Robot End Effector (EE-103-C)	February 2004	07111223
IDX Probe Amplifier	February 2004	07111113
Validation Dipole D-835S	October 2004	PCT441
Validation Dipole D1900V2	February 2005	PCT512
Validation Dipole D-2450S	October 2004	PCT641
HP-778D Dual-Directional Coupler (0.1 ~ 2.0 GHz)	November 2004	PCT664
MicroCircuits Directional Coupler (4.0 ~ 8.0 GHz)	November 2004	PE2204-6
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amp	January 2005	PCT540
IFI T184-10 Power Amplifier (4.0 ~ 18.0 GHz)	December 2004	5957
HP-8648D (9kHz ~ 4 GHz) Signal Generator	January 2005	PCT526
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 6GHz) Network Analyzer	January 2005	PCT552
Rohde & Schwarz Power Meter NRVS 1020.1809.02	January 2005	835360/079
Rohde & Schwarz Power Sensor NRV-Z53 858.0500.02	April 2005	846076/007
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit	January 2005	PCT501
IFI CC110EXX TEM Cell (DC to 2000 MHz)	January 2005	PCT498
EMCO 3115 Horn Antenna (2.0 ~ 18.0 GHz)	August 2004	PCT496
Guidline 5150 Precision Dual-Thermometer	November 2004	66145