



CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

Applicant Name:
Panasonic Corporation of North America
One Panasonic Way, 4B-8
Secaucus, NJ 07094
United States

Date of Testing:
Aug 11-12, 2008 and April 9-10, 2009
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Test Report Serial No.: 0903130460-R1.ACJ

FCC ID: ACJ9TGCF-U14

APPLICANT: PANASONIC CORPORATION OF NORTH AMERICA


EUT Type: Tablet PC with 802.11abgn, Bluetooth and WWAN
Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]
FCC Classification: Non-Broadcast Transmitter (TNB)
Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) / Digital Transmission system (DTS)
Model(s): CF-U1
Tx Frequency: 2501 - 2684.6 MHz (TD-CDMA)
2412 - 2462 MHz (IEEE 802.11b/g/n)
5180 - 5240 MHz, 5260 - 5320 MHz, 5500 - 5700 MHz, 5745 - 5825 MHz (IEEE 802.11a/11n)
Conducted Power: 24.26 dBm TD-CDMA
14.33 dBm IEEE 802.11b / 15.31 dBm IEEE 802.11g / 15.29 dBm IEEE 802.11n 2.4GHz
13.88 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz / 13.74 dBm IEEE 802.11n 5.2GHz
13.62 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.3GHz / 12.73 dBm IEEE 802.11n 5.3GHz
14.23 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.5GHz / 13.67 dBm IEEE 802.11n 5.5GHz
13.46 dBm IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz / 12.79 dBm IEEE 802.11n 5.8GHz
Max. Body SAR Measurement: 1.05 W/kg TD-CDMA
0.061 W/kg IEEE 802.11b / 0.051 W/kg IEEE 802.11g / 0.045 W/kg IEEE 802.11n 2.4GHz
0.090 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.2GHz / 0.093 W/kg IEEE 802.11n 5.2GHz
0.068 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.3GHz / 0.077 W/kg IEEE 802.11n 5.3GHz
0.104 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.5GHz / 0.103 W/kg IEEE 802.11n 5.5GHz
0.064 W/kg IEEE 802.11a 5.8GHz / 0.044 W/kg IEEE 802.11n 5.8GHz
EUT Serial No.: Pre-Production [S/N: 8LKSA07946]

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528-2003. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0903130460-R1.ACJ) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject EUT for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report (S/N: 0903130460.ACJ) and dispose of it accordingly.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Randy Ortañez
President







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1 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 *Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz* ©1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [3] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

1.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 1-1).

Equation 1-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$



SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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2 TEST SITE LOCATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC (See Figure 2-1).

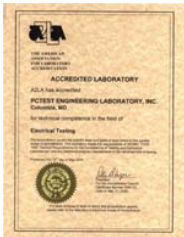
These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.



Figure 2-1
Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

2.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data.

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3 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

3.1 Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium 4 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure 3-1).

3.2 System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

3.3 System Electronics

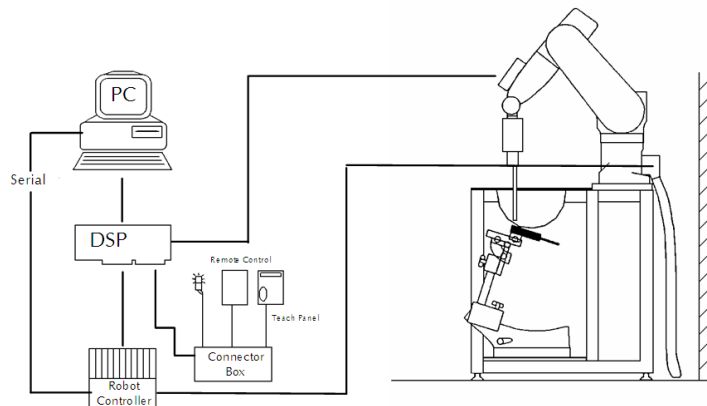




Figure 3-1
SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

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3.4 Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot RX60L
 Repeatability: 0.02 mm
 No. of Axes: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic System (DAE)

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4
 Clock Speed: 2.53 GHz
 Operating System: Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter & control logic
 Software: DASY4, SEMCAD software
 Connecting Lines: Optical Downlink for data and status info
 Optical upload for commands and clock

PC Interface Card



Function: 166MHz low power Pentium MMX 32MB chipdisk
 Link to DAE
 16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
 Two Serial & Ethernet link to robotics
 Direct emergency stop output for robot

Phantom

Type: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)
 Shell Material: Composite
 Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



**Figure 3-2
 DASY4 SAR Measurement System**

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4.1 Probe Measurement System



Figure 4-1
SAR System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Figure 4-1) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Figure 4-2). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches

maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Figure 5-1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.2 Probe Specifications

Model:	EX3DV4
Frequency Range:	10 MHz – 6.0 GHz
Calibration:	In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies from 835 up to 5800MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm
Tip-Center:	1 mm
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones



Figure 4-2
Near-Field Probe

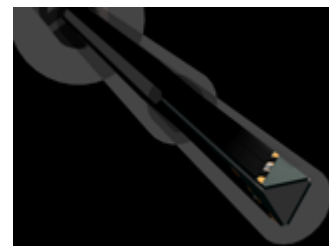




Figure 4-3
Triangular Probe Configuration

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5 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

5.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

5.2 Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

5.3 Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
- ρ = Tissue density

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

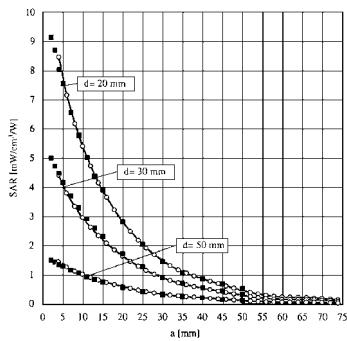


Figure 5-1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

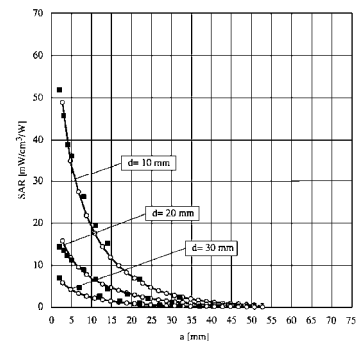


Figure 5-2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

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6

PHANTOM AND EQUIVALENT TISSUES

6.1 SAM Phantoms



Figure 6-1
SAM Phantoms

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

6.2 Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

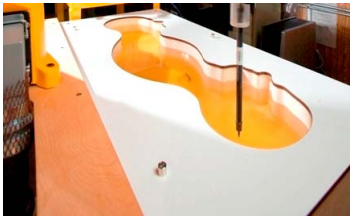


Figure 6-2
Head Simulated

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6-1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE-1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrrove [13]. (See Table 6-1)

Table 6-1
Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	300			450			835			900			1450			1800				1900		1950		2000		2100		2450			3000	
Recipe #	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	2	4	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	2				
Ingredients: (% by weight)																																
1,3-Propanediol								64.81																								
Bactericide	0.19	0.19	0.50	0.10	0.10			0.50										0.50											0.50			
Diaceta			48.90					49.20										49.43												49.75		
DGBE								45.41	47.00	13.84	44.92							44.94	13.84	45.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	7.99	7.99				7.99			
HEC	0.98	0.98		1.00	1.00																											
NaCl	5.95	3.95	1.70	1.45	1.48	0.79	1.10	0.67	0.36	0.35	0.18	0.64	0.18	0.35												0.16	0.16		0.16			
Sucrose	55.32	56.32		57.00	56.50																											
Triton X-100															30.45							30.45					19.97	19.97		19.97		
Water	37.56	38.56	48.90	40.45	40.92	34.40	49.20	53.80	52.64	55.36	54.90	49.43	54.90	55.36	55.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	55.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	71.88	71.88	49.75	71.88		71.88			
Measured dielectric parameters																																
ϵ'_r	46.00	43.4	44.3	41.6	41.2	41.8	42.7	40.9	39.3	41	40.4	39.2	39.9	41	40.1	37	36.8	41.1	40.3	39.2	37.9											
σ (S/m)	0.86	0.87	0.9	0.9	0.98	0.97	0.99	1.21	1.39	1.38	1.4	1.4	1.42	1.38	1.41	1.4	1.51	1.53	1.88	1.82	2.46											
Temp. (°C)	22	22	20	22	22	22	20	22	22	21	22	20	21	21	20	21	20	22	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20			
Target dielectric parameters (Table 2)																																
ϵ'_r	45.30	43.50	41.5		41.50		40.5						40.0					39.80		39.2		38.5										
σ (S/m)	0.87	0.87	0.9		0.97		1.2						1.4					1.49		1.8		2.4										

NOTE—Multiple columns for any single frequency are optional recipes. Recipe # reference: 1 (Kanda et al. [885]), 2 (Vignone [B149]), 3 (Peyman and Gabriel [B119]), 4 (Falcovaga et al. [B50]).

*The formulas containing Triton X-100 and corresponding measured parameters are under review and verification.

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7

DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

7.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the phantom was measured at a distance of 3.0mm from the inner surface of the shell. The horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Figure 7-1):
 - a. The data at the surface was extrapolated since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was found with a software algorithm. Around this maximum, the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using 3D-Spline interpolation. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 1, was re-measured to measure drift. If the value drifted by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

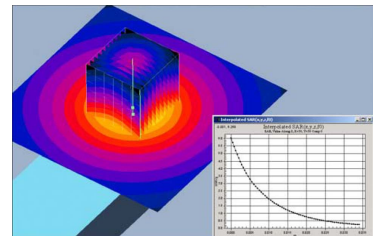




Figure 7-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

7.2 Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Figure 7-2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 7-2
SAM Twin Phantom Shell

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8.1 SAR for Notebooks and Lap-touching Devices

Lap-touching devices that have transmitting antennas located less than 20 cm from the lap of the user require routine SAR evaluation. Such devices are considered portable and are capable of being held to the body. Devices are to be setup touching the phantom and are configured with maximum output power during SAR assessment for a worst-case SAR evaluation.



Figure 8-1
Notebook Setup for SAR

8.2 Positioning for Convertible and Slate Tablet Computers



Figure 8-2
Tablet Computer Form Factors

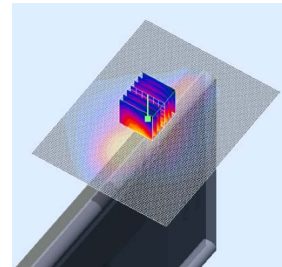


Figure 8-3
Tablet PC Body SAR

KDB 447498. Tablet (notepad) computers are tested in a lap-held position with the bottom of the computer in direct contact against a flat phantom for all user-enabled portrait and landscape positions.

8.3 SAR Testing with IEEE 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.





8.3.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

8.3.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [22]



802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also

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available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11, 15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels. These are referred to as the “default test channels”. 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.

**Table 8-1
802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements**

Mode	GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	“Default Test Channels”		
				§15.247		UNII
				802.11b	802.11g	
802.11 b/g	2.412	1		√	∇	
	2.437	6	6	√	∇	
	2.462	11		√	∇	
802.11a	5.18	36				√
	5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)			*
	5.22	44				*
	5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)			√
	5.26	52				√
	5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)			*
	5.30	60				*
	5.32	64				√
	5.500	100	Unknown			*
	5.520	104				√
	5.540	108				*
	5.560	112				*
	5.580	116				√
	5.600	120				*
	5.620	124				√
	5.640	128				*
	5.660	132				*
	5.680	136				√
	5.700	140			*	
	UNII or §15.247	5.745	149		√	
5.765		153	152 (5.76 GHz)		*	*
5.785		157		√		*
5.805		161	160 (5.80 GHz)		*	√
§15.247	5.825	165		√		

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8.4 Device Conducted Powers (802.11abgn WLAN)

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					1	2	5.5	11				
802.11b	2412	1	N/A	A	12.52	12.35	12.17	12.05				
802.11b	2437	6	N/A	A	14.33	14.15	14.01	13.91				
802.11b	2462	11	N/A	A	12.82	12.72	12.57	12.49				

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	N/A	A	13.60	13.61	13.59	13.58	13.47	13.23	13.25	12.12
802.11g	2437	6	N/A	A	15.29	15.31	15.27	15.25	15.12	15.05	13.52	11.44
802.11g	2462	11	N/A	A	14.08	14.09	14.04	13.99	13.90	13.76	13.67	11.54

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					13.5	27	40	54	81	108	122	135
802.11n	2422	3	N/A	A	13.29	13.20	13.06	12.91	12.81	12.74	11.36	9.76
802.11n	2437	6	N/A	A	15.21	15.12	14.99	15.28	15.16	13.61	11.72	9.63
802.11n	2452	9	N/A	A	15.29	15.27	15.15	14.99	14.88	13.32	11.44	9.32



Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5180	36	N/A	A	12.55	12.30	12.32	12.30	12.16	12.50	11.94	9.54
802.11a	5200	40	N/A	A	13.67	13.70	13.73	13.78	13.18	13.53	11.93	9.65
802.11a	5220	44	N/A	A	13.50	13.51	13.41	13.43	13.30	13.17	11.84	9.84
802.11a	5240	48	N/A	A	13.38	13.88	13.32	13.37	13.25	13.61	11.87	9.41
802.11a	5260	52	N/A	A	13.46	13.42	13.15	13.17	13.07	13.62	11.89	9.33
802.11a	5280	56	N/A	A	13.26	13.25	13.28	13.30	13.19	12.95	11.55	9.50
802.11a	5300	60	N/A	A	12.66	13.20	13.18	13.24	13.09	12.94	11.02	8.99
802.11a	5320	64	N/A	A	12.40	12.30	12.33	12.36	12.70	12.45	10.61	8.90
802.11a	5745	149	N/A	A	13.20	13.07	13.05	13.46	12.98	12.88	11.52	9.50
802.11a	5765	153	N/A	A	13.13	13.09	12.97	13.02	12.90	12.83	11.41	9.41
802.11a	5785	157	N/A	A	12.48	12.45	12.84	12.81	12.75	12.65	11.16	9.22
802.11a	5805	161	N/A	A	12.59	12.43	12.31	12.32	12.18	12.09	11.13	9.24
802.11a	5825	165	N/A	A	11.99	11.94	11.91	11.89	12.36	11.46	10.65	8.74

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					13.5	27	40	54	81	108	122	135
802.11n	5190	38	N/A	A	12.06	11.95	11.87	11.73	11.61	11.49	9.04	6.91
802.11n	5230	46	N/A	A	13.74	13.60	13.50	13.41	13.25	11.40	8.84	7.37
802.11n	5270	54	N/A	A	12.58	12.55	12.44	12.73	12.61	11.12	9.03	7.02
802.11n	5310	62	N/A	A	12.00	11.80	11.78	11.89	12.17	10.06	8.10	6.19
802.11n	5755	151	N/A	A	12.79	12.64	12.46	12.33	12.24	10.75	8.83	7.20
802.11n	5795	159	N/A	A	12.19	12.02	11.95	11.83	11.75	10.35	8.39	6.97

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Mode	Freq [GHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5.500	100	N/A	A	12.95	12.96	12.92	12.91	12.75	12.64	11.00	8.93
802.11a	5.520	104	N/A	A	12.83	12.86	12.82	12.79	12.72	12.90	11.46	9.41
802.11a	5.540	108	N/A	A	13.35	13.25	13.24	13.81	13.70	13.53	11.63	9.50
802.11a	5.560	112	N/A	A	13.40	13.33	13.27	13.26	13.16	12.99	12.09	10.07
802.11a	5.580	116	N/A	A	14.13	14.04	14.23	14.08	14.05	14.04	12.38	10.36
802.11a	5.600	120	N/A	A	13.74	13.70	13.66	13.59	13.54	13.35	11.94	9.64
802.11a	5.620	124	N/A	A	13.35	13.24	13.21	13.23	13.14	13.03	11.60	9.60
802.11a	5.640	128	N/A	A	13.46	13.28	13.25	13.23	13.07	13.12	11.55	9.55
802.11a	5.660	132	N/A	A	13.03	13.00	12.89	12.88	12.75	13.11	11.70	9.70
802.11a	5.680	136	N/A	A	13.00	12.95	12.84	12.83	12.79	12.61	11.19	9.21
802.11a	5.700	140	N/A	A	13.18	13.15	13.10	13.12	13.05	12.91	11.44	9.47

Mode	Freq [GHz]	Channel	Power Cont [dBm]	Tx Chain	Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					13.5	27	40	54	81	108	122	135
802.11n	5.510	102	N/A	A	12.67	12.61	12.37	12.17	12.08	10.52	8.54	6.98
802.11n	5.590	118	N/A	A	13.67	13.43	13.40	13.15	12.93	11.52	9.55	7.70
802.11n	5.670	134	N/A	A	12.89	13.60	13.00	13.14	13.08	11.22	9.31	7.82

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Power measurements were performed using a power meter under digital average power.

9.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The handset was placed into a simulated call using a radio manufacturer test script in a shielded chamber. The worst-case scenario for the operation of this device is utilizing all 5 uplink slots from the total of 15 slots (others are for downlink purposes); resulting in a 33% duty cycle. Within this operation, one or two codes can be utilized for the transmission. The single code version was used since the PAR was lower, to allow for the highest output power, and the worst-case SAR measurement. See manufacturer operational description for further details.

SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

Table 9-1 Conducted Power for CF-U1

		RF Conducted Power Table	
Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	TD-CDMA Avg. Conducted Power [dBm]
TD-CDMA	12507	2501.4	24.24
	12965	2593.0	24.26
	13420	2684.6	24.24

9.2 Probe Linearity Evaluation

For technologies with high PAR, probe linearity within the square law region needs to be verified to ensure SAR is not under-estimated from PAR effects.

TD-CDMA SAR Measurements for Probe Square Law Linearity Verification

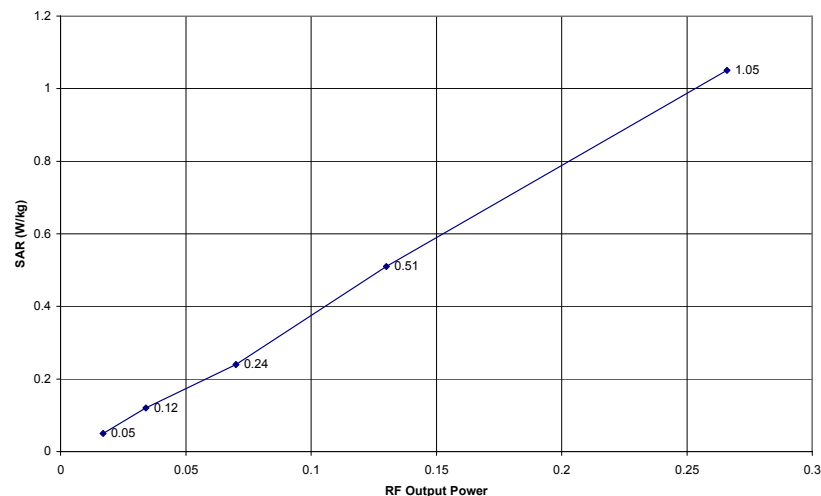




Figure 9-1 Probe Linearity Evaluation

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10 MULTIPLE ANTENNA & SEPARATION DISTANCES

Table 10-1 Maximum Conducted Power

Maximum Conducted Power						
Transmitter	Frequency Band	Highest Frequency	Conducted Power		60/f (GHz)	>60/f
	MHz	MHz	dBm	mW	mW	
TD-CDMA	2600	2,684.60	24.26	266.69	23.08	yes
Bluetooth	2441	2,480.00	13.67	23.28	24.19	no
802.11b	2437	2,462.00	14.33	27.10	24.37	yes
802.11g	2437	2,462.00	15.31	33.96	24.37	yes
802.11a	5200	5,240.00	13.88	24.43	11.45	yes
802.11a	5300	5,320.00	13.62	23.01	11.28	yes
802.11a	5500	5,600.00	14.23	26.49	10.71	yes
802.11a	5785	5,825.00	13.46	22.18	10.30	yes
802.11n	2437	2,462.00	15.29	33.81	24.37	yes
802.11n	5200	5,240.00	13.74	23.66	11.45	yes
802.11n	5300	5,320.00	12.73	18.75	11.28	yes
802.11n	5500	5,600.00	13.67	23.28	10.71	yes
802.11n	5785	5,825.00	12.79	19.01	10.30	yes



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Table 10-2 Co-Transmission

Co-Transmission														
TX		TD-CDMA	BT	802.11b	802.11g	802.11a	802.11a	802.11a	802.11a	802.11n	802.11n	802.11n	802.11n	802.11n
	Freq	2593	2441	2437	2437	5200	5300	5500	5800	2437	5200	5300	5500	5800
TD-CDMA	2593	N/A	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
BT	2441	yes	N/A	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
802.11b	2437	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11g	2437	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5200	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5300	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5500	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5800	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	2437	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5200	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5300	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5500	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5800	yes	yes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 10-3 Distance – Antenna to Antenna

Distance - Antenne to Antenna			
Antenna	WWAN	WLAN	BT
WWAN	N/A	92	63
WLAN	92	N/A	163
BT	63	163	N/A

WWAN: TD-CDMA; WLAN: 802.11abgn

Unit: mm

Table 10-4 Distance – Antenna to Body

Distance - Antenna to Body			
Position	Antenna		
	WWAN	WLAN	BT
Laptop	40	20	27
Tablet Bottom	142	123	60
Tablet Right	100	10	171
Tablet Left	22	171	9

WWAN: TD-CDMA; WLAN: 802.11abgn

Unit: mm





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Table 10-5 Summary of Σ SAR for checking Simultaneous Transmission Requirements

Position	SAR Result [W/kg]														Sigma SAR
	TD-CDMA	BT	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11a	802.11n	802.11a	802.11n	802.11a	802.11n	802.11a	802.11n		
	2593	2441	2437	2437	2437	5200	5200	5300	5300	5500	5500	5800	5800		
Laptop	0.269	0.051	0.061												0.381
Laptop	0.269	0.051		0.051											0.371
Laptop	0.269	0.051			0.045										0.365
Laptop	0.269	0.051				0.090									0.410
Laptop	0.269	0.051					0.093								0.413
Laptop	0.269	0.051						0.068							0.388
Laptop	0.269	0.051							0.077						0.397
Laptop	0.269	0.051								0.104					0.424
Laptop	0.269	0.051									0.103				0.423
Laptop	0.269	0.051										0.064			0.384
Laptop	0.269	0.051											0.044		0.364
Tablet	1.050	0.052	0.021												1.123
Tablet	1.050	0.052		0.018											1.120
Tablet	1.050	0.052			0.017										1.119
Tablet	1.050	0.052				0.016									1.118
Tablet	1.050	0.052					0.016								1.118
Tablet	1.050	0.052						0.019							1.121
Tablet	1.050	0.052							0.017						1.119
Tablet	1.050	0.052								0.022					1.124
Tablet	1.050	0.052									0.022				1.124
Tablet	1.050	0.052										0.020			1.122
Tablet	1.050	0.052											0.021		1.123

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11 ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

11.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.



11.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 11-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20



- 1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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12 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E2.1	6.6	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)				RSS			12.4	12.0	299
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)				k=2			24.7	24.0	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003



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13 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

13.1 Tissue Verification

**Table 13-1
Measured Tissue Properties**

Tissue Type	Conductivity: σ (S/m)			Relative Permittivity: ϵ			Calibration Date
	Target	Measured	Deviation	Target	Measured	Deviation	
2600MHz Muscle	2.16	2.23	+3.24%	52.00	52.44	+0.85%	04/10/2009
2450MHz Muscle	1.95	1.92	-1.54%	52.70	51.77	-1.76%	08/11/2008
5200MHz Muscle	5.30	5.41	+2.08%	49.00	49.81	+1.65%	08/11/2009
5300MHz Muscle	5.42	5.32	-1.85%	48.90	47.59	-2.68%	08/11/2008
5500MHz Muscle	5.65	5.82	+3.01%	48.60	49.31	+1.46%	08/11/2008
5600MHz Muscle	5.77	5.90	+2.25%	48.50	49.41	+1.88%	08/11/2008
5800MHz Muscle	6.00	6.12	+2.00%	48.20	49.55	+2.80%	08/11/2008

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13.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 2600MHz, 2450MHz, 5200MHz, 5500 and 5800 MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 13-2
System Verification Results

Date	Frequency	Ambient Temp	Liquid Temp	Input Power	Target SAR	Measured SAR	Deviation
	MHz	°C	°C	mW	W/kg	W/kg	%
04/10/2009	2600	24.6	22.8	100	5.84	5.69	-2.57
08/11/2008	2450	23.8	22.5	100	5.41	5.56	+2.77
08/11/2008	5200	23.9	22.7	100	7.23	7.70	+6.50
08/12/2008	5500	23.6	22.4	100	7.68	8.22	+7.03
08/12/2008	5800	23.8	22.7	100	6.73	7.04	+4.61

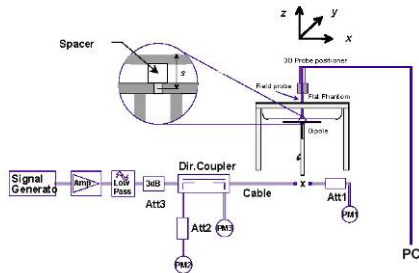


Figure 13-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 13-2
System Verification Setup Photo

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14 SAR DATA SUMMARY

14.1 TD-CDMA Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	SAR	Est. 1g SAR per KDB 450824 (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		Start	End				(W/kg)	
2501.4	12507	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.13	Bottom	-	0.0	0.120	0.121
2593.0	12965	TD-CDMA	24.26	24.26	Bottom	-	0.0	0.269	0.269*
2684.6	13420	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.24	Bottom	-	0.0	0.145	0.146
2501.4	12507	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.27	Edge	Top	0.0	0.896	0.900
2593.0	12965	TD-CDMA	24.26	24.28	Edge	Top	0.0	1.050	1.050*
2684.6	13420	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.21	Edge	Top	0.0	0.829	0.833
2501.4	12507	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.43	Edge	Bottom	0.0	0.012	0.012
2593.0	12965	TD-CDMA	24.26	24.33	Edge	Bottom	0.0	0.014	0.014*
2684.6	13420	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.37	Edge	Bottom	0.0	0.017	0.017
2501.4	12507	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.25	Edge	Right	0.0	0.014	0.014
2593.0	12965	TD-CDMA	24.26	24.39	Edge	Right	0.0	0.010	0.010*
2684.6	13420	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.41	Edge	Right	0.0	0.006	0.006
2501.4	12507	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.37	Edge	Left	0.0	0.248	0.249
2593.0	12965	TD-CDMA	24.26	24.15	Edge	Left	0.0	0.282	0.282*
2684.6	13420	TD-CDMA	24.24	24.21	Edge	Left	0.0	0.208	0.209
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.
6. Probe Manufacturer was not able to provide 2500 and 2700 MHz probe calibration points at the time of testing. Therefore KDB 450824 "SAR sensitivity to small changes in tissue dielectric parameters" were used to over-estimate the SAR to account for the probe calibration point greater than 50 MHz from the measured frequency. Asterisks denote measurements where this evaluation was not required.
7. TD-CDMA mode was set to 1-Code at maximum power per the recommendation of the WWAN radio manufacturer. This mode generates the highest average power, and thus highest SAR.
8. Duty Cycle was at the worst-case scenario of 33% (5 uplink / 15 time slots)
9. No ports were required to be connected to enable the radio to transmit fully.



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14.3 IEEE 802.11b/11g/11n Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
2412	1	DSSS	12.52	12.70	Bottom	-	0.0	1	0.059	802.11b
2437	6	DSSS	14.33	14.46	Bottom	-	0.0	1	0.061	802.11b
2462	11	DSSS	12.82	12.71	Bottom	-	0.0	1	0.052	802.11b
2412	1	DSSS	12.52	12.65	Edge	Bottom	0.0	1	0.016	802.11b
2437	6	DSSS	14.33	14.47	Edge	Bottom	0.0	1	0.020	802.11b
2462	11	DSSS	12.82	13.01	Edge	Bottom	0.0	1	0.021	802.11b
2412	1	OFDM	13.60	13.57	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.051	802.11g
2437	6	OFDM	15.29	15.14	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.050	802.11g
2462	11	OFDM	14.08	14.10	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.046	802.11g
2412	1	OFDM	13.60	13.75	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.016	802.11g
2437	6	OFDM	15.29	15.48	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.018	802.11g
2462	11	OFDM	14.08	14.21	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.017	802.11g
2422	3	OFDM	13.29	13.43	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.045	802.11n
2437	6	OFDM	15.21	15.38	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.043	802.11n
2452	9	OFDM	15.29	15.43	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.044	802.11n
2422	3	OFDM	13.29	13.43	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.012	802.11n
2437	6	OFDM	15.21	15.34	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.015	802.11n
2452	9	OFDM	15.29	15.19	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.017	802.11n
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT					Body					
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.
6. Antenna is located on edge side "bottom"



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14.4 IEEE 802.11a/11n 5.2GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
5200	40	OFDM	13.67	13.85	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.090	802.11a
5240	48	OFDM	13.38	13.53	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.086	802.11a
5200	40	OFDM	13.67	13.66	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.016	802.11a
5240	48	OFDM	13.38	13.54	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.013	802.11a
5190	38	OFDM	12.06	12.20	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.093	802.11n
5230	46	OFDM	13.74	13.89	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.086	802.11n
5190	38	OFDM	12.06	12.23	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.011	802.11n
5230	46	OFDM	13.74	13.90	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.016	802.11n
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
6. Ch.40 was tested instead of Ch.36 since it is the maximum output channel.
7. Antenna is located on edge side "bottom"



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8.
14.5 IEEE 802.11a/11n 5.3GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
5260	52	OFDM	13.46	13.65	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.061	802.11a
5300	60	OFDM	12.66	12.84	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.068	802.11a
5260	52	OFDM	13.46	13.60	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.018	802.11a
5300	60	OFDM	12.66	12.81	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.019	802.11a
5270	54	OFDM	12.58	12.71	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.077	802.11n
5310	62	OFDM	12.00	12.18	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.068	802.11n
5270	54	OFDM	12.58	12.72	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.015	802.11n
5310	62	OFDM	12.00	12.17	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.015	802.11n
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.
6. Ch.60 was tested instead of Ch.64 since it is the maximum output channel.
7. Antenna is located on edge side "bottom"



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14.6 IEEE 802.11a/11n 5.5GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
5540	108	OFDM	13.35	13.27	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.100	802.11a
5580	116	OFDM	14.13	14.14	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.101	802.11a
5600	120	OFDM	13.74	13.68	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.104	802.11a
5660	132	OFDM	13.03	13.22	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.050	802.11a
5540	108	OFDM	13.35	13.49	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.022	802.11a
5580	116	OFDM	14.13	14.40	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.018	802.11a
5600	120	OFDM	13.74	13.90	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.019	802.11a
5660	132	OFDM	13.03	13.19	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.021	802.11a
5510	102	OFDM	12.67	12.59	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.101	802.11n
5590	118	OFDM	13.67	13.61	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.103	802.11n
5670	134	OFDM	12.89	13.01	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.061	802.11n
5510	102	OFDM	12.67	12.81	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.022	802.11n
5590	118	OFDM	13.67	13.83	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.021	802.11n
5670	134	OFDM	12.89	13.05	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.021	802.11n
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT					Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					
Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1.
6. Antenna is located on edge side "bottom"



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14.7 IEEE 802.11a/11n 5.8GHz Band Body SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Conducted Power [dBm]		Test Position	Edge Side	Spacing (cm)	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR	Remarks
MHz	Ch.		Start	End					(W/kg)	
5745	149	OFDM	13.20	13.33	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.064	802.11a
5785	157	OFDM	12.48	12.61	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.054	802.11a
5825	165	OFDM	11.99	12.16	Bottom	-	0.0	6	0.040	802.11a
5745	149	OFDM	13.20	13.33	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.020	802.11a
5785	157	OFDM	12.48	12.63	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.018	802.11a
5825	165	OFDM	11.99	12.16	Edge	Bottom	0.0	6	0.020	802.11a
5755	151	OFDM	12.79	12.92	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.034	802.11n
5795	159	OFDM	12.19	12.33	Bottom	-	0.0	13.5	0.044	802.11n
5755	151	OFDM	12.79	12.94	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.021	802.11n
5795	159	OFDM	12.19	12.32	Edge	Bottom	0.0	13.5	0.020	802.11n
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 2005 - SAFETY LIMIT					Body					
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard batteries were investigated.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots
5. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. \pm 0.1.
6. Antenna is located on edge side "bottom"

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15 EQUIPMENT LIST

August 11-12, 2008

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Calibration Date	Cal Interval	Calibration Due	Serial No.
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/11/07	Biennial	10/10/09	3613A00315
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/12/08	Annual	3/12/09	JP38020182
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/07	Biennial	6/8/09	GB46110872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/07	Biennial	6/8/09	GB46310798
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	8/31/07	Biennial	8/31/09	GB41450275
Agilent	E6651A	Mobile WiMAX Tester	8/23/07	Biennial	8/22/09	MY47310109
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/8/07	Biennial	3/8/09	MY45470194
Index SAR	IXTL-010	Dielectric Measurement Kit	N/A		N/A	
Index SAR	IXTL-030	30MM TEM line for 6 GHz	N/A		N/A	
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/29/08	Annual	5/29/09	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	9/7/07	Annual	9/6/08	833855/0010
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	12/6/07	Annual	12/5/08	107826
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	12/13/07	Annual	12/13/08	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	12/12/06	Biennial	12/11/08	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS	Single Channel Power Meter	7/3/07	Biennial	7/2/09	835360/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor (100uW-2W)	12/21/06	Biennial	12/20/08	100155
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z33	Peak Power Sensor (1mW-20W)	11/28/06	Biennial	11/27/08	100004
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z53	Power Sensor	7/3/07	Biennial	7/2/09	846076/0007
SPEAG	D1450V2	1450 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/07	Biennial	6/10/09	1025
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/07	Biennial	6/10/09	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/07	Biennial	1/22/09	502
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/23/07	Biennial	1/22/09	5d080
SPEAG	D2300V2	2300 MHz SAR Dipole	3/6/08	Biennial	3/6/10	1008
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/26/07	Biennial	9/25/09	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/17/07	Biennial	1/16/09	797
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	1/30/08	Biennial	1/29/10	1004
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/25/07	Biennial	9/24/09	1007
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/24/07	Biennial	1/23/09	1057
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/07	Biennial	1/7/09	4d047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/27/07	Biennial	8/26/09	4d026
SPEAG	DAE3	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/13/07	Annual	11/12/08	455
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/29/07	Annual	8/28/08	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/30/08	Annual	1/29/09	649
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	10/23/07	Annual	10/22/08	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	8/30/07	Annual	8/29/08	3561
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/31/08	Annual	1/30/09	3550

Notes:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST prior to SAR evaluation. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.



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Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/11/2007	Biennial	10/11/2009	3613A00315
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	3/25/2009	Annual	3/25/2010	JP38020182
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/2007	Biennial	6/8/2009	GB46110872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	6/8/2007	Biennial	6/8/2009	GB46310798
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	9/10/2008	Biennial	9/10/2010	GB41450275
Agilent	E6651A	Mobile WiMAX Tester	8/23/2007	Biennial	8/23/2009	MY47310109
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	3/25/2009	Biennial	3/25/2011	MY45470194
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	8/18/2008	Annual	8/18/2009	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	8/18/2008	Annual	8/18/2009	8650319
Index SAR	IXTL-010	Dielectric Measurement Kit	N/A		N/A	N/A
Index SAR	IXTL-030	30MM TEM line for 6 GHz	N/A		N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/29/2008	Annual	5/29/2009	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	7/23/2008	Annual	7/23/2009	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	8/20/2008	Biennial	8/20/2010	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS	Single Channel Power Meter	7/3/2007	Biennial	7/3/2009	835360/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor (100uW-2W)	12/5/2008	Biennial	12/5/2010	100155
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z33	Peak Power Sensor (1mW-20W)	12/5/2008	Biennial	12/5/2010	100004
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z53	Power Sensor	7/3/2007	Biennial	7/3/2009	846076/0007
SPEAG	D1450V2	1450 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/2007	Biennial	6/11/2009	1025
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	6/11/2007	Biennial	6/11/2009	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	1/20/2009	Biennial	1/20/2011	502
SPEAG	D2300V2	2300 MHz SAR Dipole	3/6/2008	Biennial	3/6/2010	1008
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	9/26/2007	Biennial	9/26/2009	719
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/2009	Biennial	1/8/2011	797
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	1/30/2008	Biennial	1/30/2010	1004
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/25/2007	Biennial	9/25/2009	1007
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/15/2009	Biennial	1/15/2011	1057
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	1/19/2009	Biennial	1/19/2011	4d047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/27/2007	Biennial	8/27/2009	4d026
SPEAG	DAE3	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	10/17/2008	Annual	10/17/2009	455
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	6/26/2008	Annual	6/26/2009	704
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/25/2008	Annual	8/25/2009	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/21/2009	Annual	1/21/2010	649
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	10/21/2008	Annual	10/21/2009	3022
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	6/26/2008	Annual	6/26/2009	3589
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	8/26/2008	Annual	8/26/2009	3561
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/21/2009	Annual	1/21/2010	3550
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	7/30/2008	Annual	7/30/2009	859
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	3/11/2009	Annual	3/11/2010	836536/0005

Notes:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST prior to SAR evaluation. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.



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16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion



The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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