

Test Report No. 7191073914-EEC13/01
dated 02 Dec 2013



PSB Singapore

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FORMAL REPORT ON TESTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH
47 CFR FCC Parts 15B & C : 2012
OF A
CD STEREO SYSTEM
[Model : SC-MAX670, SC-MAX770]
[FCC ID : ACJ-B21R1401]

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FCC REG. NO. 99142 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Science Park)

IND. CANADA REG. NO. 2932I-1 (3m and 10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Science Park)

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QUOTATION NUMBER 219182257

JOB NUMBER 7191073914

TEST PERIOD 17 Sept -30 Oct 2013

PREPARED BY

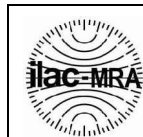
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LA-2007-0381-F
LA-2007-0382-B
LA-2007-0383-G
LA-2007-0384-G
LA-2007-0385-E
LA-2007-0386-C
LA-2010-0464-D

The results reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's terms of accreditation under the Singapore Accreditation Council - Singapore Laboratory Accreditation Scheme. Tests/Calibrations marked "Not SAC-SINGLAS Accredited" in this Report are not included in the SAC-SINGLAS Accreditation Schedule for our laboratory.

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TEST SUMMARY

The product was tested in accordance with the customer's specifications.

Test Results Summary

Test Standard	Description	Pass / Fail
47 CFR FCC Part 15: 2012		
15.107(a), 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Pass
15.109(a), 15.205, 15.209	Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Pass
	Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)	Pass
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Pass
	Average Frequency Dwell Time	Pass
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Power	Pass
15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)	Pass
15.247(d)	Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)	Pass
15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Pass
1.1310	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Refer to page 82 for details

TEST SUMMARY

Notes

- Three channels as listed below, which respectively represent the lower, middle and upper channels of the Equipment Under Test (EUT) were chosen and tested. For each channel, the EUT was configured to operate in the test mode.

<u>Transmit Channel</u>	<u>Frequency (GHz)</u>
Channel 0	2.402
Channel 39	2.441
Channel 78	2.480

- All the measurements in section 15.247 were done based on conducted measurements except Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) test.
- The EUT is a Class B device when in non-transmitting state and meets the 47 CFR FCC Part15B Class B requirements.
- All test measurement procedures are according to ANSI C63.4: 2003.
- The maximum measured RF power of the Equipment Under Test is 2.05dBm.
- The EUT contains FCC (FCC ID: ACJ-B21R1401) certified Bluetooth module model RSNE031B0 from Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore. The module was integrated into the EUT without any modification as per information from Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore. This RF module was tested by TÜV SÜD PSB Pte Ltd, and reported in 7191072734-EEC13/01 dated 15th Nov 2013.
- Testing of this report was carried out using **SC-MAX670** as the representative model as per instruction from Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore. The differences between the two models are as shown below with **SC-MAX670 & SC-MAX770** identical in term of components, circuitry design, PCB layouts and mechanical structures. The EMC full tests were applied on **SC-MAX670** and **SC-MAX770** is deemed to fulfill the relevant EMC requirement as well without further test.

Function / Specification differences

1

differences list

		Model	MAX770			MAX670
		Suffix	PU	GS	E	P
Main Unit	CD	CD	○	○	○	○
		AUX	Front 1 Rear 1	Front 1 Rear 3	Front 1 Rear 3	Front 1 Rear 1
	Input	USB A	Play	Play	Play	Play
		USB B	Rec/Play	Rec/Play	Rec/Play	Play
		MIC端子	Front 1	Front 2	Front 2	Front 1
	Network	Bluetooth	○	○	○	○
		NFC	○	○	○	○
	Tuner	FM	○	○	○	○
		AM	○	○	×	×
	Others	Internal Memory	○	○	○	×
		Recording Karaoke	○ ×	○ ○	○ ○	×
	Accessory	OI	A5 one Book	A5 one Book	A5 two Books	A5 one Book
		ACコネクタ	C2	C2/AU/ BF/Thai	C2/BF	A2
		AM Loop Antenna	○	○	×	×

Modifications

No modifications were made.

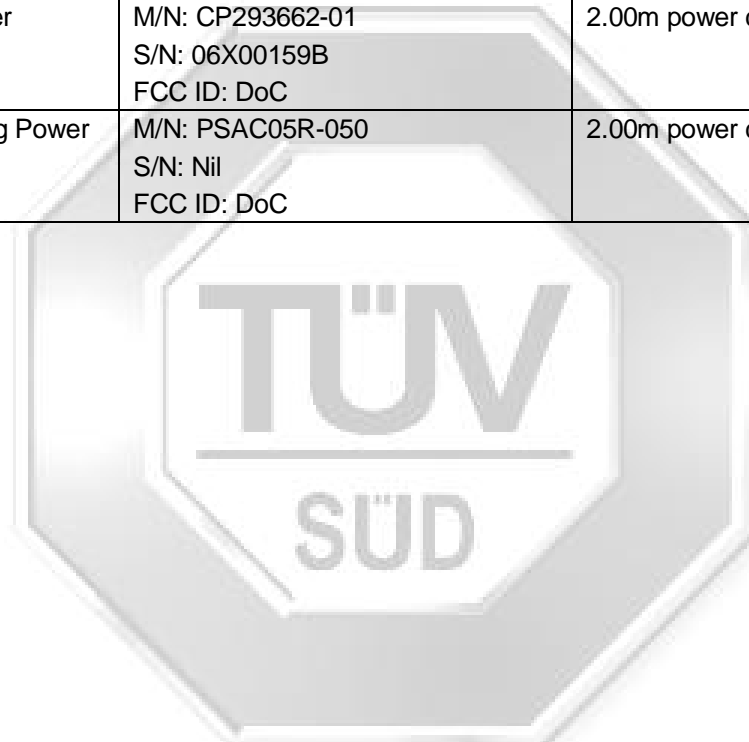
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Description	: The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a CD STEREO SYSTEM.
Applicant	: Panasonic AVC Networks Singapore 202, Bedok South Avenue 1 Singapore 469332
Manufacturer	: Panasonic Corporation 1006 Oaza Kadoma Kadoma City - Osaka 571 8501, Japan
Factor (ies)	: Panasonic AVC Networks Johor Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. IE PLO 460, Jalan Bandar, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia
Model Number	: SC-MAX670, SC-MAX770
FCC ID	: ACJ-B21R1401
Serial Number	: Nil
Microprocessor	: RDA5875Y
Operating / Transmitting Frequency	: Bluetooth - 2.402MHz (lower channel) to 2.480MHz (upper channel) - 79 channels AM 522kHz - 1629kHz FM 87.5MHz - 108MHz
Clock / Oscillator Frequency	: 128kHz (AM/FM), 25MHz (Bluetooth), 16MHz & 32kHz
Modulation	: DH1 (1Mbps): Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying (GFSK) DH3 (2Mbps): $\pi/4$ Differential-Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (DQPSK) DH5 (3Mbps): 8 Differential Phase-Shift keying Keying (DPSK)
Antenna Gain	: 2.0 dBi
Port / Connectors	: Refer to manufacturer's user manual / operating manual
Rated Input Power	: 120V 60Hz
Accessories	: Remote Control (With Coin Battery) FM/AM Antenna AC Cord Wall Mounted Bracket



SUPPORTING EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

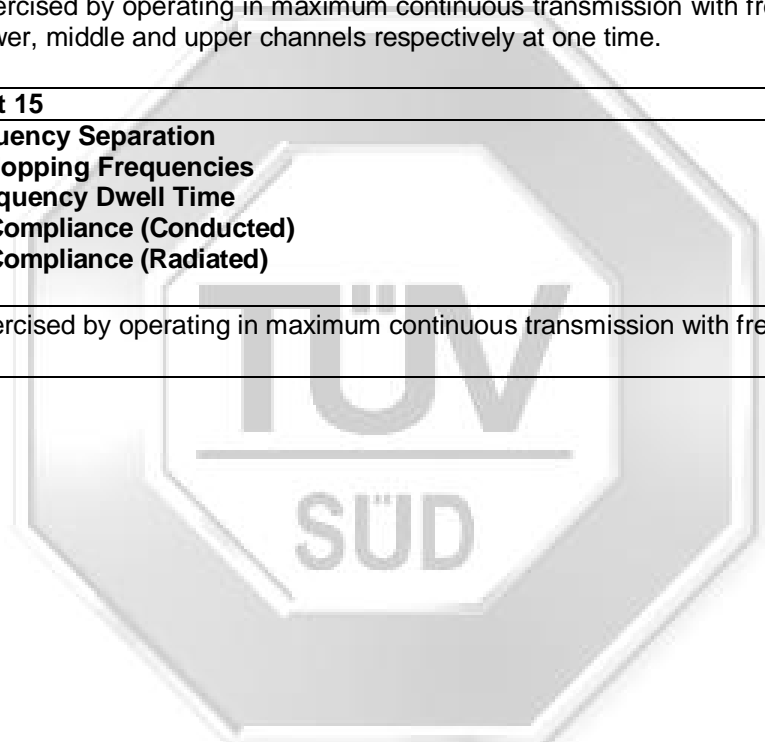
Equipment Description (Including Brand Name)	Model, Serial & FCC ID Number	Cable Description (List Length, Type & Purpose)
Apple iPhone 5	M/N: MD298ZA/A S/N: C36J91R9DTWF FCC ID: BCG-E2599A	
Fujitsu Lifebook	M/N: S6310 S/N: R6Z00061 FCC ID: DoC	2.00m power cable
Fujitsu AC Adapter	M/N: CP293662-01 S/N: 06X00159B FCC ID: DoC	2.00m power cable
Pihong Switching Power Supply	M/N: PSAC05R-050 S/N: Nil FCC ID: DoC	2.00m power cable





EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS

47 CFR FCC Part 15
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Conducted Emissions2. Radiated Emissions (Spurious Emissions inclusive Restricted Bands Requirement)3. Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement)4. Maximum Peak Power5. RF Conducted Spurious Emissions6. Peak Power Spectral Density7. Maximum Permissible Exposure
The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping off, i.e transmitting at lower, middle and upper channels respectively at one time.
47 CFR FCC Part 15
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Carrier Frequency Separation2. Number of Hopping Frequencies3. Average Frequency Dwell Time4. Band Edge Compliance (Conducted)5. Band Edge Compliance (Radiated)
The EUT was exercised by operating in maximum continuous transmission with frequency hopping on.





CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

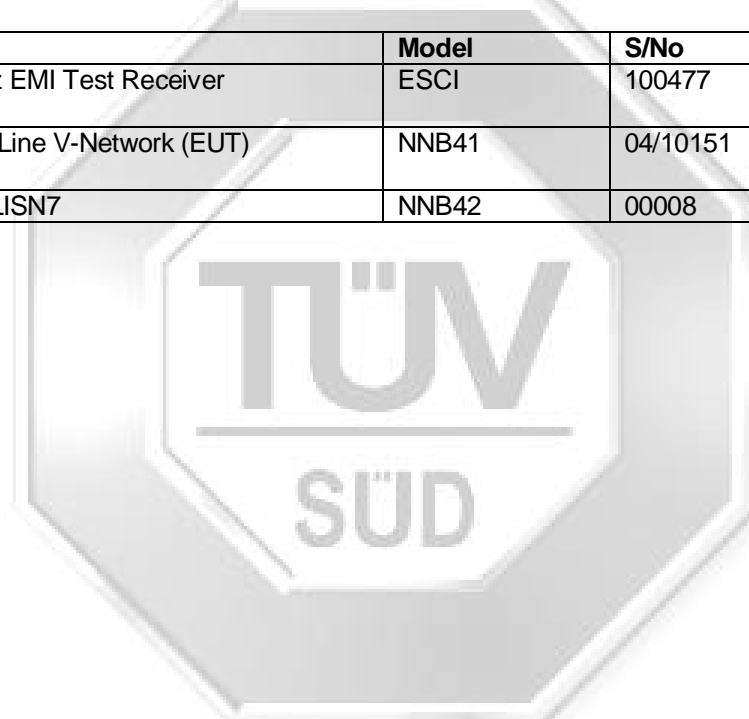
47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit Values (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak (Q-P)	Average (AV)
0.15 - 0.5	66 – 56 *	56 – 46 *
0.5 - 5.0	56	46
5.0 - 30.0	60	50

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz EMI Test Receiver (9kHz-3GHz)	ESCI	100477	30 Jul 2014
Schaffner LISN 2-Line V-Network (EUT) (9kHz-30MHz)	NNB41	04/10151	20 Sep 2014
Schaffner LISN –LISN7	NNB42	00008	28 Jan 2014



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50Ω/50μH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another LISN.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver.
3. High peaks, relative to the limit line, were then selected.
4. The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 9kHz. Both Quasi-peak and Average measurements were made.
5. Steps 2 to 4 were then repeated for the LIVE line.

Sample Calculation Example

At 20 MHz

Q-P limit = 60.0 dBμV

Transducer factor of LISN, pulse limiter & cable loss at 20 MHz = 11.2 dB

Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dBμV
(Calibrated for system losses)

Therefore, Q-P margin = 60.0 - 40.0 = 20.0

i.e. 20.0 dB below Q-P limit



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Front View)

Conducted Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.107(a) and 15.207 Conducted Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	24°C
Line Under Test	AC Mains	Relative Humidity	60%
Non RF Mode	CD Playback (Worst)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Stephen Chng

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dBµV)	Q-P Limit (dBµV)	Q-P Margin (dB)	AV Value (dBµV)	AV Limit (dBµV)	AV Margin (dB)	Line
0.1984	46.3	63.7	17.4	44.2	53.7	9.5	Live
0.5880	46.7	56.0	9.3	35.6	46.0	10.4	Live
1.2993	39.6	56.0	16.4	35.4	46.0	10.6	Live
2.9543	34.6	56.0	21.4	31.3	46.0	14.7	Live
20.2890	45.6	60.0	14.4	38.8	50.0	11.2	Live
22.9418	47.0	60.0	13.0	41.5	50.0	8.5	Live

Notes

- All possible modes of operation were investigated from 150kHz to 30MHz. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
- A "positive" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency. Conversely, a "negative" margin indicates a FAIL.
- EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
9kHz - 30MHz
RBW: 9kHz VBW: 30kHz
- Conducted Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 9kHz – 30MHz is ±2.2dB.



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.205 Restricted Bands

MHz		MHz		MHz		GHz	
0.090	- 0.110	16.42	- 16.423	399.9	- 410	4.5	- 5.15
0.495	- 0.505	16.69475	- 16.69525	608	- 614	5.35	- 5.46
2.1735	- 2.1905	16.80425	- 16.80475	960	- 1240	7.25	- 7.75
4.125	- 4.128	25.5	- 25.67	1300	- 1427	8.025	- 8.5
4.17725	- 4.17775	37.5	- 38.25	1435	- 1626.5	9.0	- 9.2
4.20725	- 4.20775	73	- 74.6	1645.5	- 1646.5	9.3	- 9.5
6.215	- 6.218	74.8	- 75.2	1660	- 1710	10.6	- 12.7
6.26775	- 6.26825	108	- 121.94	1718.8	- 1722.2	13.25	- 13.4
6.31175	- 6.31225	123	- 138	2200	- 2300	14.47	- 14.5
8.291	- 8.294	149.9	- 150.05	2310	- 2390	15.35	- 16.2
8.362	- 8.366	156.52475	- 156.52525	2483.5	- 2500	17.7	- 21.4
8.37625	- 8.38675	156.7	- 156.9	2690	- 2900	22.01	- 23.12
8.41425	- 8.41475	162.0125	- 167.17	3260	- 3267	23.6	- 24.0
12.29	- 12.293	167.72	- 173.2	3332	- 3339	31.2	- 31.8
12.51975	- 12.52025	240	- 285	3345.8	- 3358	36.43	- 36.5
12.57675	- 12.57725	322	- 335.4	3600	- 4400	Above 38.6	
13.36	- 13.41						

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Quasi-Peak Limit Values (dBµV/m) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.0
88 - 216	43.5
216 - 960	46.0
Above 960	54.0*

* Above 1GHz, average detector was used. A peak limit of 20dB above the average limit does apply.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
R&S Test Receiver – ESI1	ESI40	100010	09 Jul 2014
Schaffner Bilog Antenna –(30MHz-2GHz) BL3 (Ref)	CBL6112B	2549	07 Jan 2014
Com-Power Preamp (1MHz-1GHz)	PAM-103	441056	25 Jun 2014
Agilent Preamp (1GHz-26.5GHz) (PA18)	8449D	3008A02305	04 Oct 2014
EMCO Horn Antenna(1GHz-18GHz)	3115	0003-6088	05 Mar 2014
ETS Horn Antenna(18GHz-40GHz)(Ref)	3116	0004-2474	12 Oct 2014
Toyo Preamp (26.5GHz-40GHz)	HAP26-40W	00000005	12 Oct 2014
Micro-Tronics Bandstop Filter (2.4-2.5 GHz)	BRM50701	017	13 Aug 2014
Agilent Preamp (1GHz-26.5GHz) (PA18)	8449D	3008A02305	04 Oct 2014
Teseq Preamp (9kHz-1GHz)	LNA6901	72266	21 Jun 2014
Com-Power Preamp (1MHz-1GHz)	PAM-103	441056	25 Jun 2014



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m X 1.0m X 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The filtered power supply for the EUT and supporting equipment were tapped from the appropriate power sockets located on the turntable.
3. The relevant broadband antenna was set at the required test distance away from the EUT and supporting equipment boundary.

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a) and 15.209 Radiated Emission Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition.
2. A prescan was carried out to pick the worst emission frequencies from the EUT. For EUT which is a portable device, the prescan was carried out by rotating the EUT through three orthogonal axes to determine which altitude and equipment arrangement produces such emissions.
3. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the prescan in step 2. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner:
 - a. Vertical or horizontal polarisation (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen.
 - b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission.
 - c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission.
4. A Quasi-peak measurement was made for that frequency point if it was less than or equal to 1GHz. For frequency point that above 1GHz, both Peak and Average measurements were carried out.
5. Steps 3 and 4 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
6. The frequency range covered was from 30MHz to 10th harmonics of the EUT fundamental frequency, using the Bi-log antenna for frequencies from 30MHz up to 1GHz, and the Horn antenna above 1GHz.

Sample Calculation Example

At 300 MHz	Q-P limit = 46.0 dB μ V/m
Log-periodic antenna factor & cable loss at 300 MHz = 18.5 dB	
Q-P reading obtained directly from EMI Receiver = 40.0 dB μ V/m (Calibrated level including antenna factors & cable losses)	
Therefore, Q-P margin = 46.0 - 40.0 = 6.0	i.e. 6.0 dB below Q-P limit



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

30-1000MHz

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

1-26GHz

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Front View)

Radiated Emissions Test Setup (Rear View)



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

47 CFR FCC Parts 15.109(a), 15.205 and 15.209 Radiated Emission Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	24°C
Test Distance	3m	Relative Humidity	56%
Non RF Mode	CD Playback (Worst)	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Li Chelmin

Spurious Emissions ranging from 30MHz – 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Q-P Value (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Limit (dB μ V/m)	Q-P Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)
40.8170	32.9	40.0	7.1	109	23	V
84.8390	31.9	40.0	8.1	126	0	V
93.6140	28.9	43.5	14.6	106	327	V
175.1320	41.2	43.5	2.3	199	63	H
224.2110	36.5	46.0	9.5	143	331	H
287.3260	41.0	46.0	5.0	100	192	H

Spurious Emissions above 1GHz – 26GHz

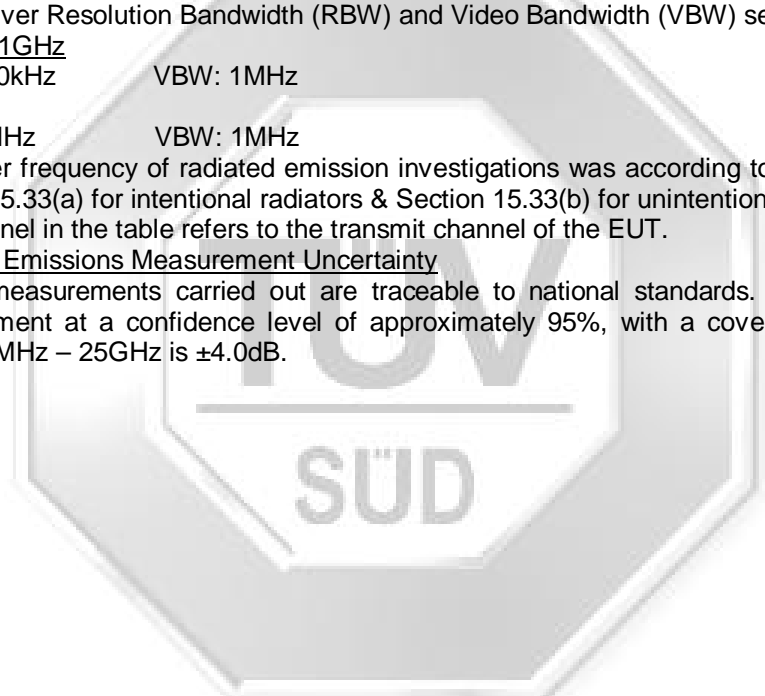
Freq (GHz)	Peak Value (dB μ V/m)	Peak Limit (dB μ V/m)	Peak Margin (dB)	AV Value (dB μ V/m)	AV Limit (dB μ V/m)	AV Margin (dB)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Pol (H/V)
1.5391	55.8	74.0	18.2	29.9	54.0	24.1	150	21	V
2.1022	40.8	74.0	33.2	27.7	54.0	26.3	100	0	H
2.1094	42.9	74.0	31.1	27.7	54.0	26.3	100	292	V
4.8044	52.8	74.0	21.2	45.1	54.0	8.9	100	339	H
7.2061	62.9	74.0	11.1	52.3	54.0	1.7	127	4	H
7.2064	59.5	74.0	14.5	51.1	54.0	2.9	179	64	V



RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Notes

1. All possible modes of operation were investigated. Only the worst case emissions measured, using the correct CISPR detectors, are reported. All other emissions were relatively insignificant.
2. As the measured peak shows compliance to the average limit, as such no average measurement was required.
3. Quasi-peak measurement was used for frequency measurement up to 1GHz. Average and peak measurements were used for emissions above 1GHz. The average measurement was done by averaging over a complete cycle of the pulse train, including the blanking interval as the pulse train duration does not exceed 0.1 second.
4. A "positive" margin indicates a PASS as it refers to the margin present below the limit line at the particular frequency. Conversely, a "negative" margin indicates a FAIL.
5. EMI receiver Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) settings:
30MHz - 1GHz
RBW: 120kHz VBW: 1MHz
>1GHz
RBW: 1MHz VBW: 1MHz
6. The upper frequency of radiated emission investigations was according to requirements stated in Section 15.33(a) for intentional radiators & Section 15.33(b) for unintentional radiators.
7. The channel in the table refers to the transmit channel of the EUT.
8. Radiated Emissions Measurement Uncertainty
All test measurements carried out are traceable to national standards. The uncertainty of the measurement at a confidence level of approximately 95%, with a coverage factor of 2, in the range 30MHz – 25GHz is ± 4.0 dB.





CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the adjacent carrier frequencies must be separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, the EUT may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW (21dBm).

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.400GHz and 2.405GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the two adjacent transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further signals were detected.
4. The carrier frequency separation of the two adjacent transmitting / operating frequency was measured by finding the carrier frequency difference between the two adjacent channels.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.4385GHz to 2.4435GHz
 - b. 2.478GHz to 2.481GHz



CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Test Setup

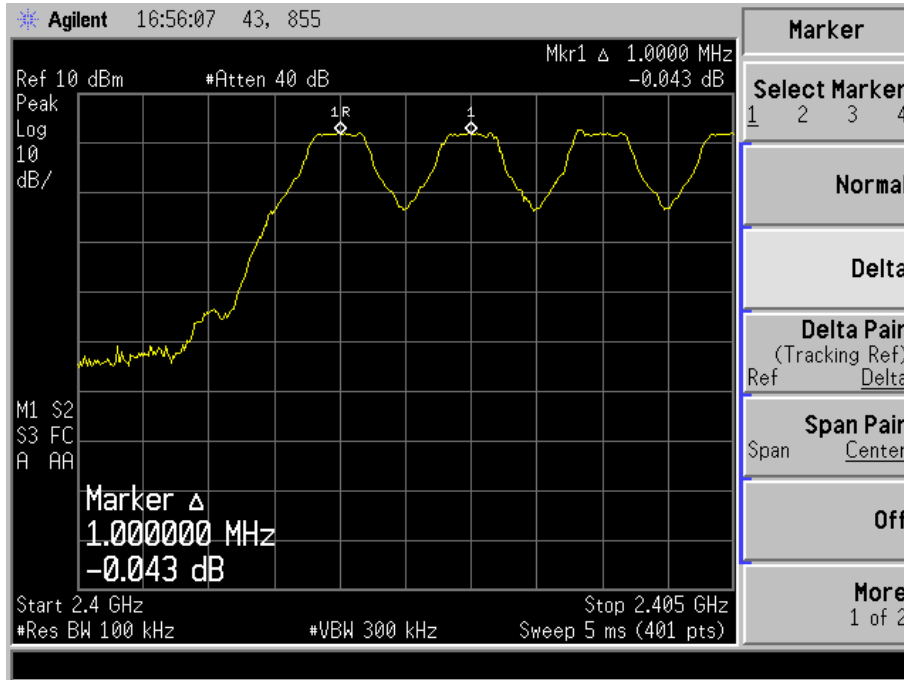
47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Carrier Frequency Separation Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	1 – 4	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

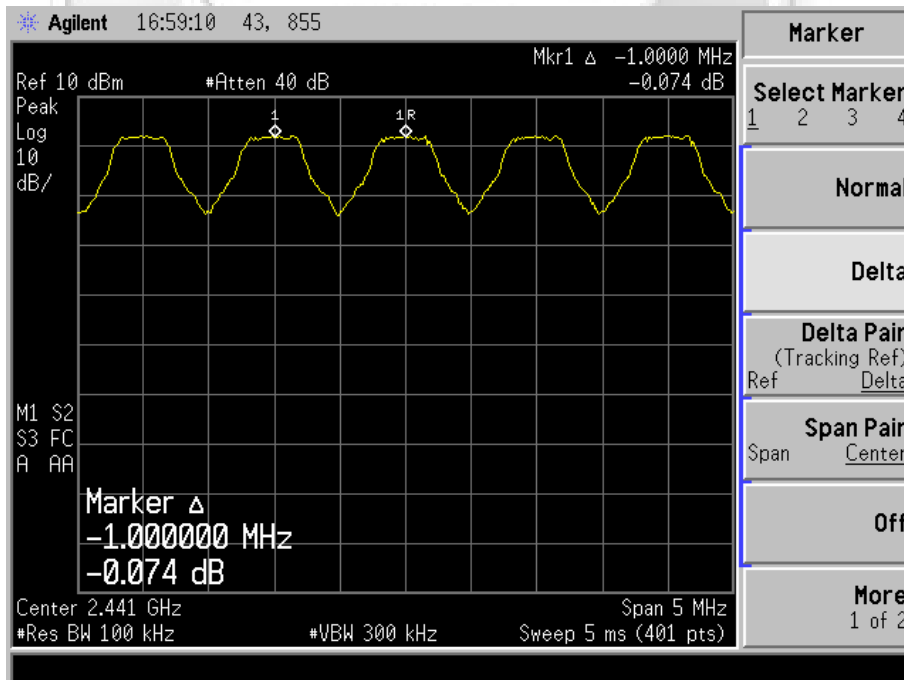
Adjacent Channels	Channel Separation (MHz)
0 and 1 (2.402GHz and 2.403GHz)	1.000
38 and 39 (2.440GHz and 2.441GHz)	1.000
39 and 40 (2.441GHz and 2.442GHz)	1.000
77 and 78 (2.479GHz and 2.480GHz)	1.005

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



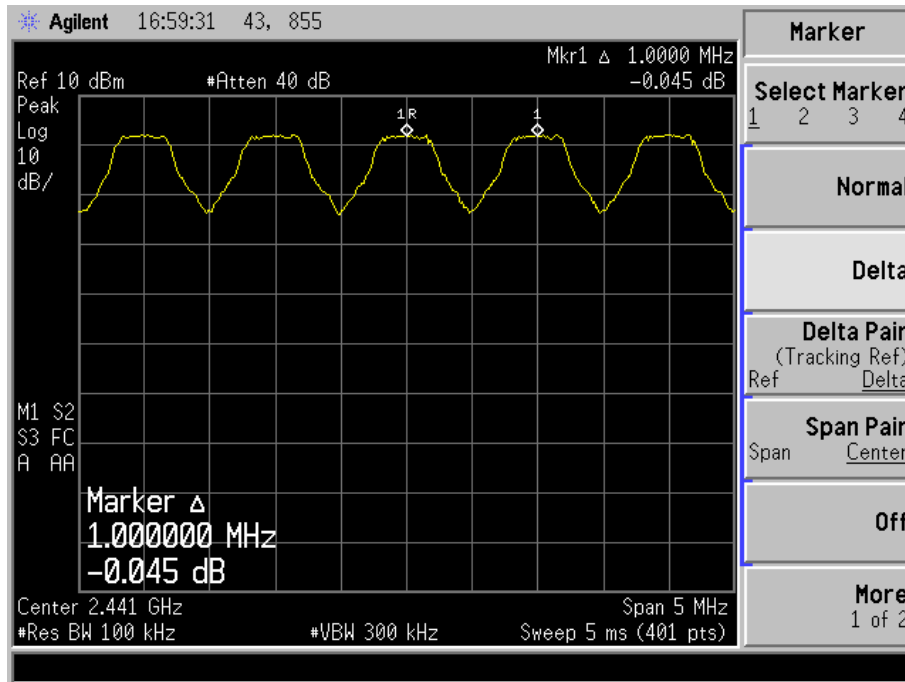
Plot 1 - Channels 0 (lower ch) and 1 (ch after lower ch) Separation



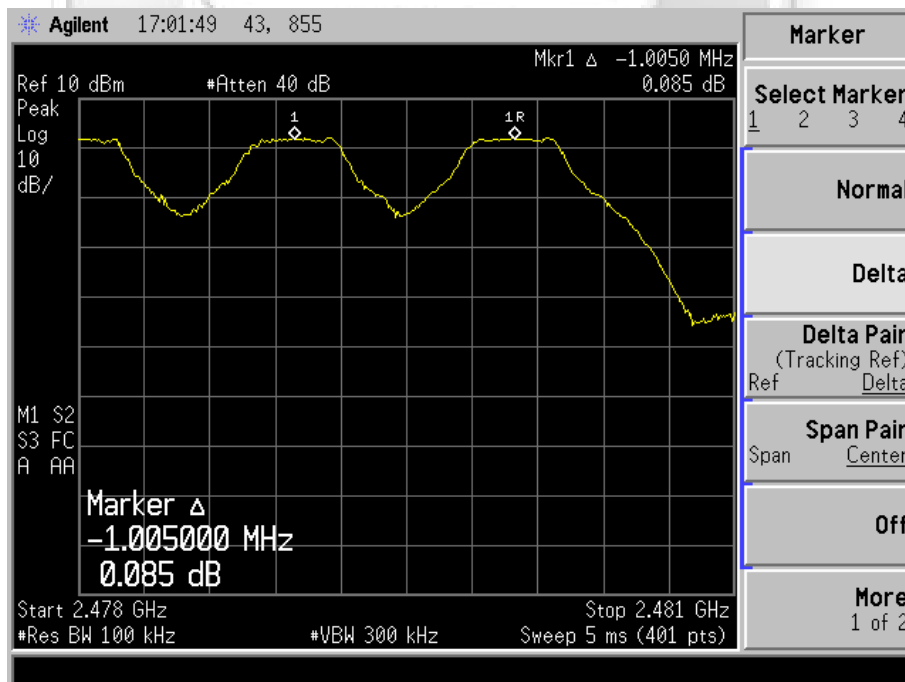
Plot 2 - Channels 38 (preceding mid ch) and 39 (mid ch) Separation

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION TEST

Carrier Frequency Separation Plots



Plot 3 - Channels 39 (*mid ch*) and 40 (*ch after mid ch*) Separation



Plot 4 - Channels 77 (*preceding upper ch*) and 78 (*upper ch*) Separation



SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states that the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be the channel frequency separation by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 10kHz and 30kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to the transmitting frequency with the frequency span wide enough to capture the 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture the transmitting frequency. The signal capturing was continuous until no further changes were observed.
4. The peak of the transmitting frequency was detected with the marker peak function of the spectrum analyser. The frequencies below the 20dB peak frequency at lower (f_L) and upper (f_H) sides of the transmitting frequency were marked and measured by using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser.
5. The 20dB bandwidth of the transmitting frequency is the frequency difference between the marked lower and upper frequencies, $|f_H - f_L|$.
6. The steps 2 to 5 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Test Setup





SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	5 – 7	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.968
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.938
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.953

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	8 – 10	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

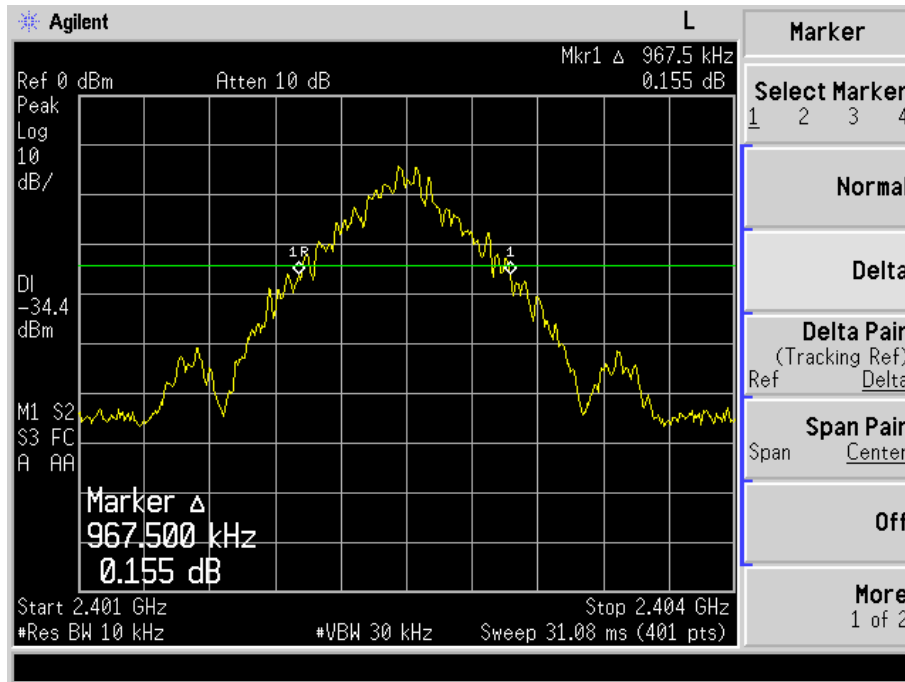
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.332
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.324
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.324

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	11– 13	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

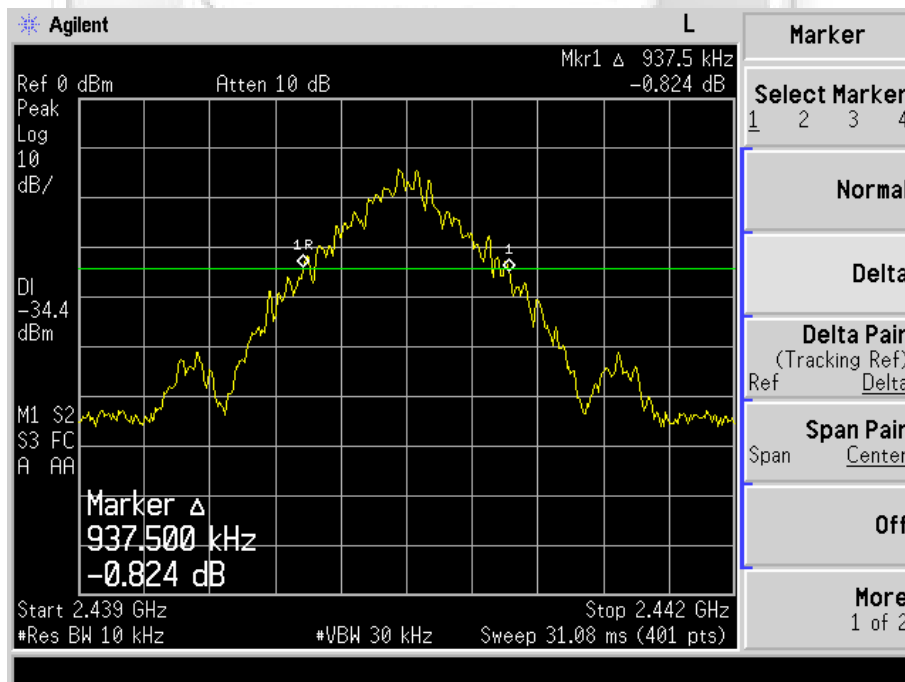
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.332
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.332
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.332

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 1Mbps



Plot 5 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

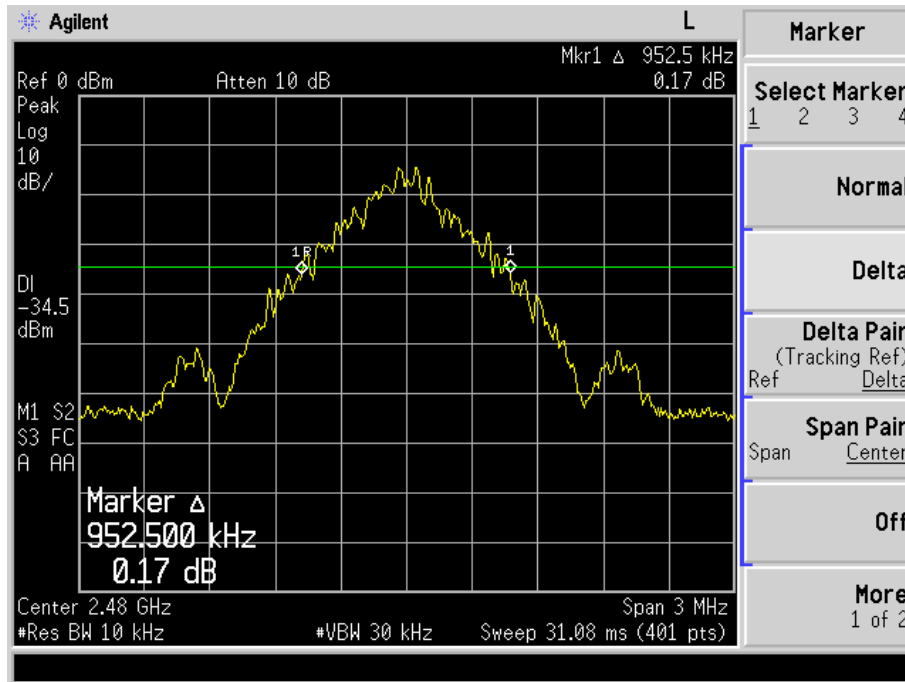


Plot 6 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 1Mbps

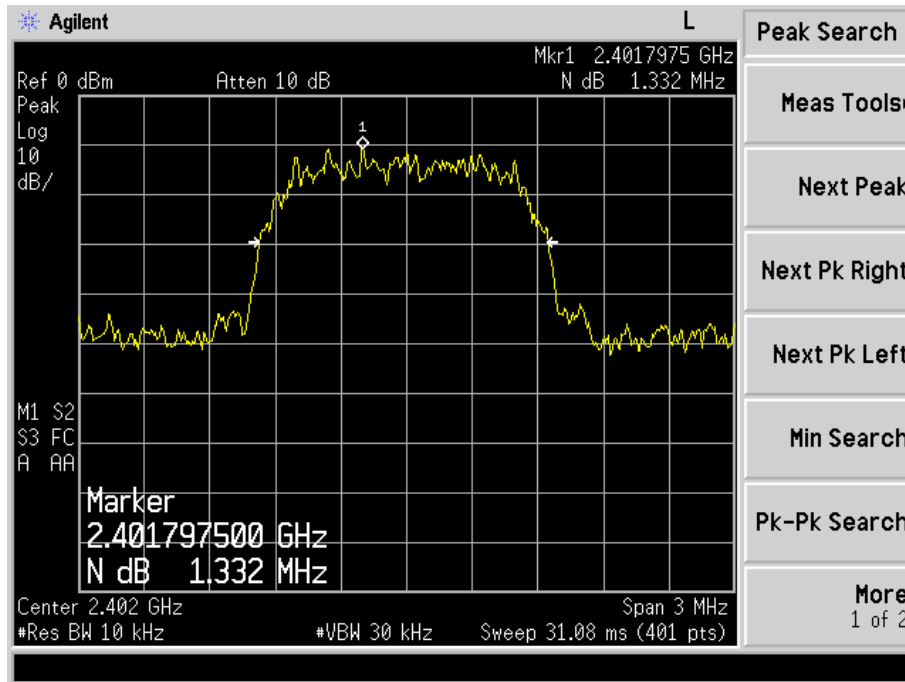


Plot 7 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

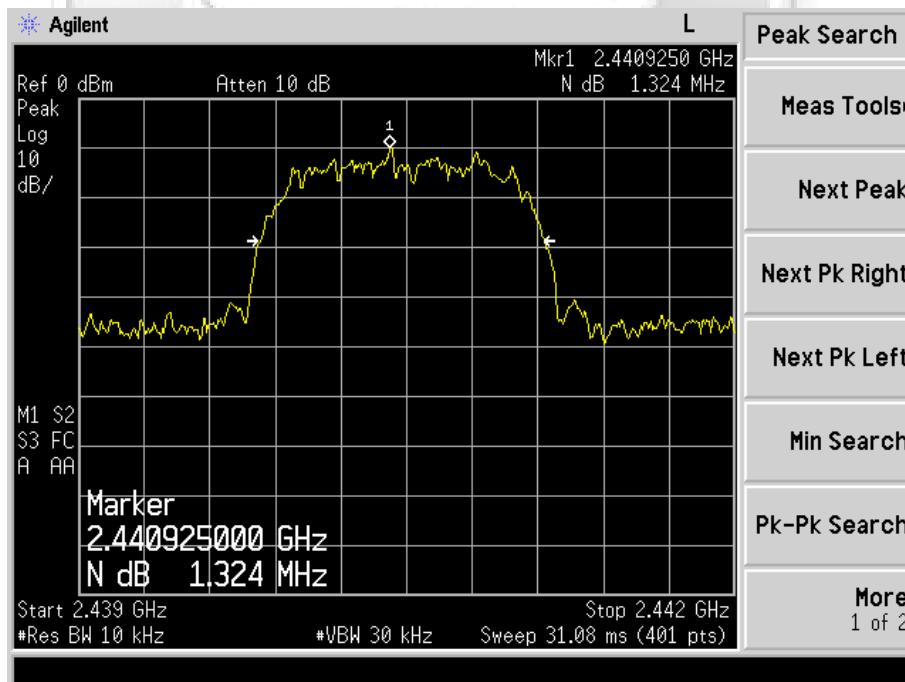


SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 2Mbps



Plot 8 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

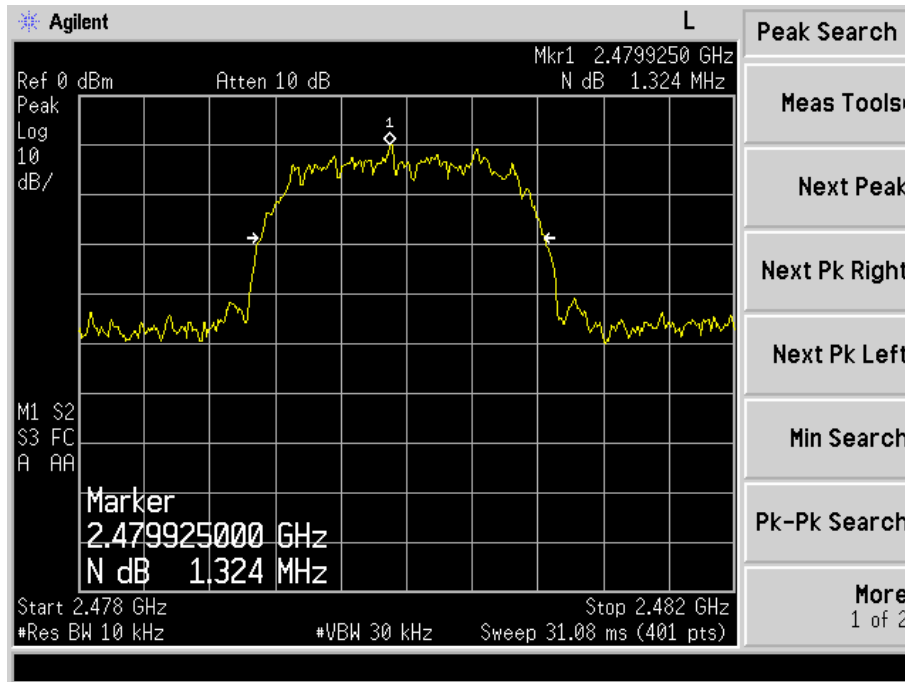


Plot 9 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 2Mbps



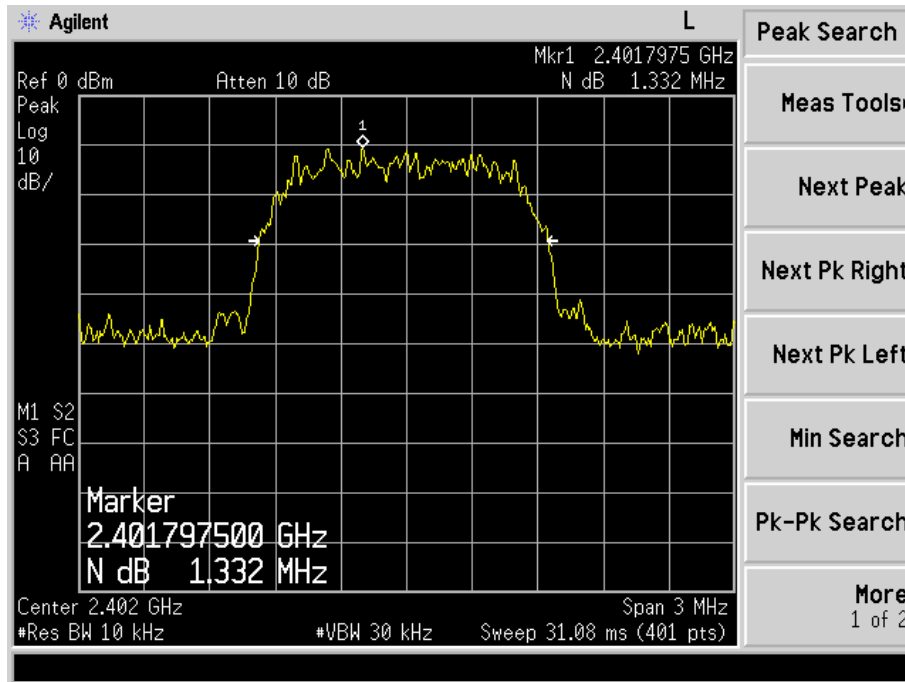
Plot 10 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



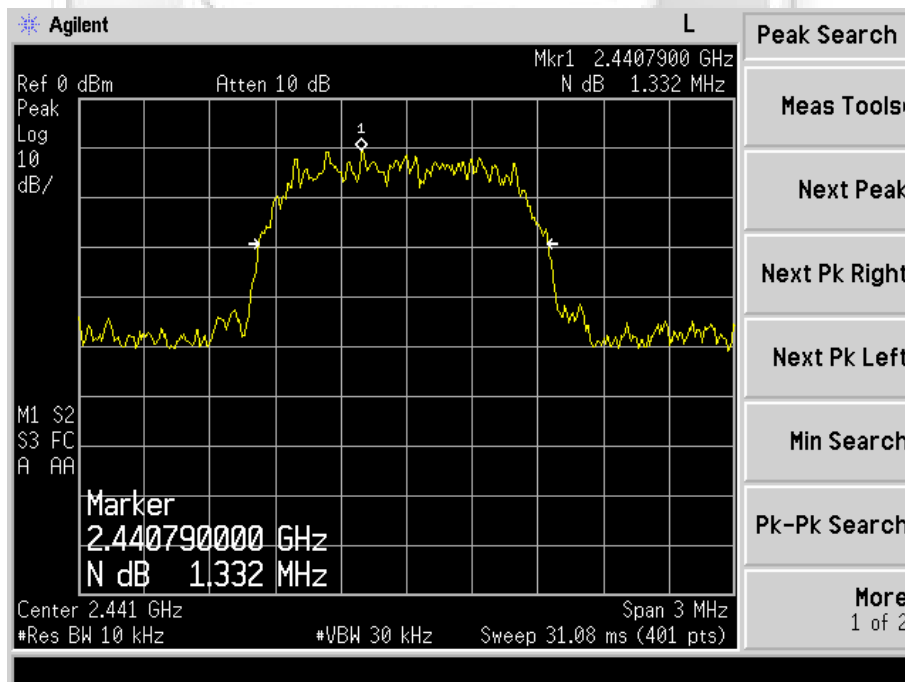


SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 3Mbps



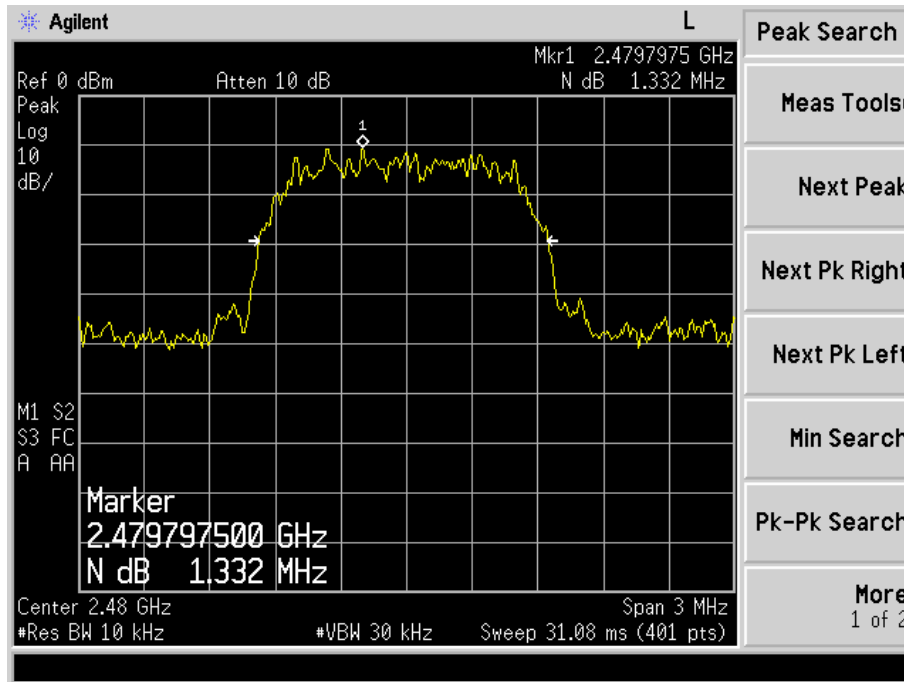
Plot 11 – Channel 0 (lower ch)



Plot 12 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH (20dB BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENT) TEST

Spectrum Bandwidth (20dB Bandwidth Measurement) Plots – 3Mbps



Plot 13 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

SUD



NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT shall use at least 15 channels.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.39GHz and 2.42GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture all the transmitting frequencies within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until all the transmitting frequencies were captured and no further signals were detected.
4. The numbers of transmitting frequencies were counted and recorded.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the following start and stop frequencies settings:
 - a. 2.420GHz to 2.441GHz
 - b. 2.441GHz to 2.461GHz
 - c. 2.461GHz to 2.4835GHz
6. The total number of hopping frequencies is the sum of the number of the hopping frequencies found for each span.



NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number of Hopping Frequencies Test Setup

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Number of Hopping Frequencies Results

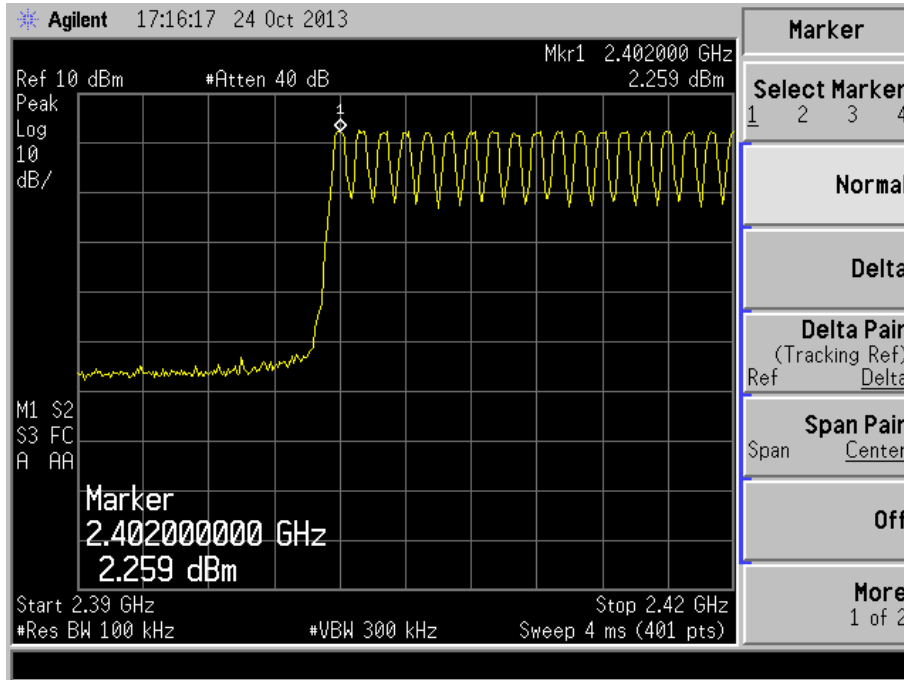
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	14 – 17	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

The EUT was found to have 79 hopping frequencies. Please refer to the attached plots.

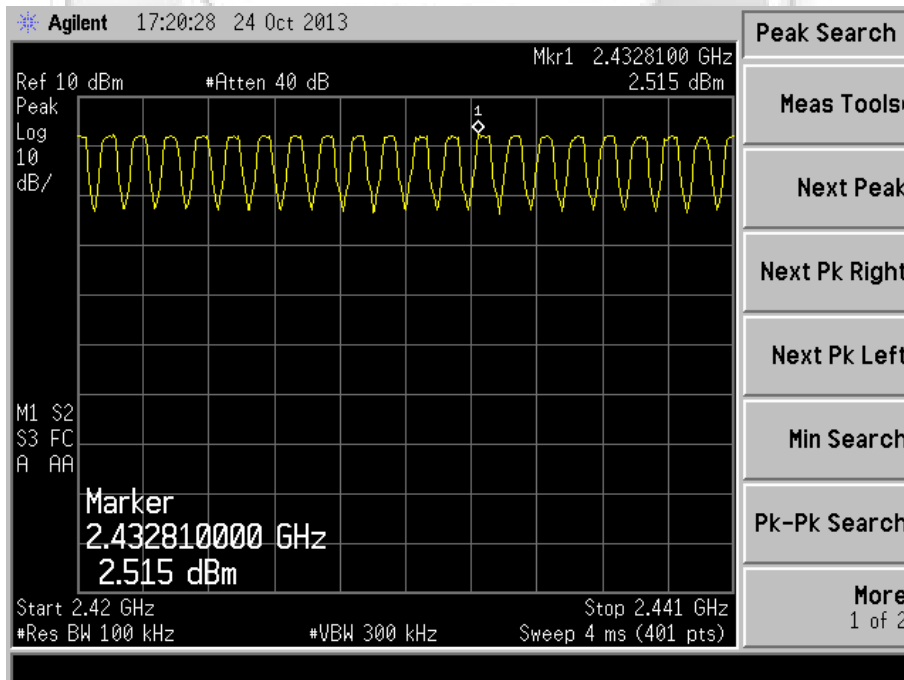


NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 14 - Channels 0 to 18

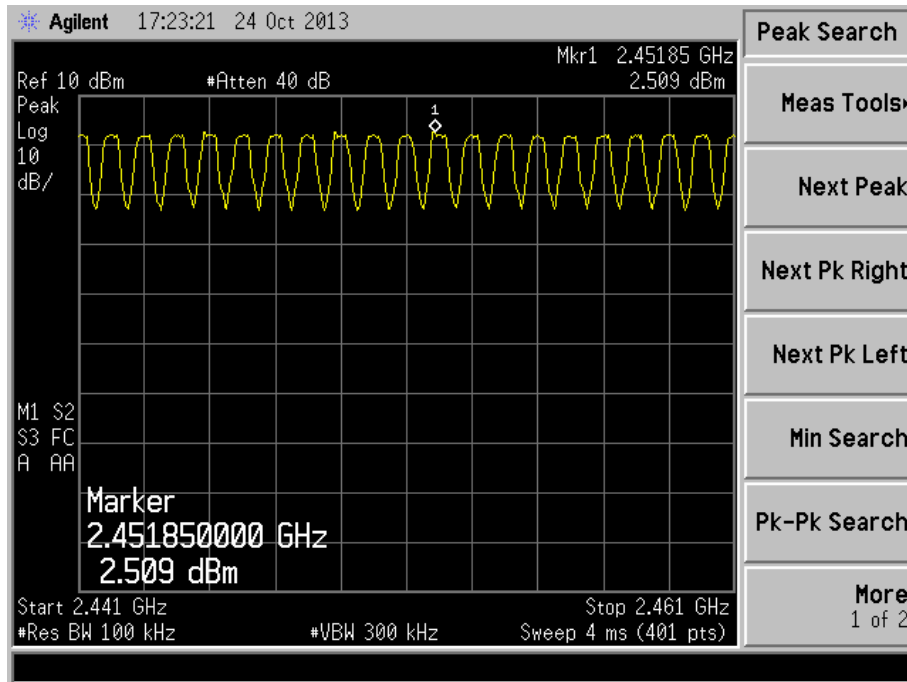


Plot 15 - Channels 18 to 39

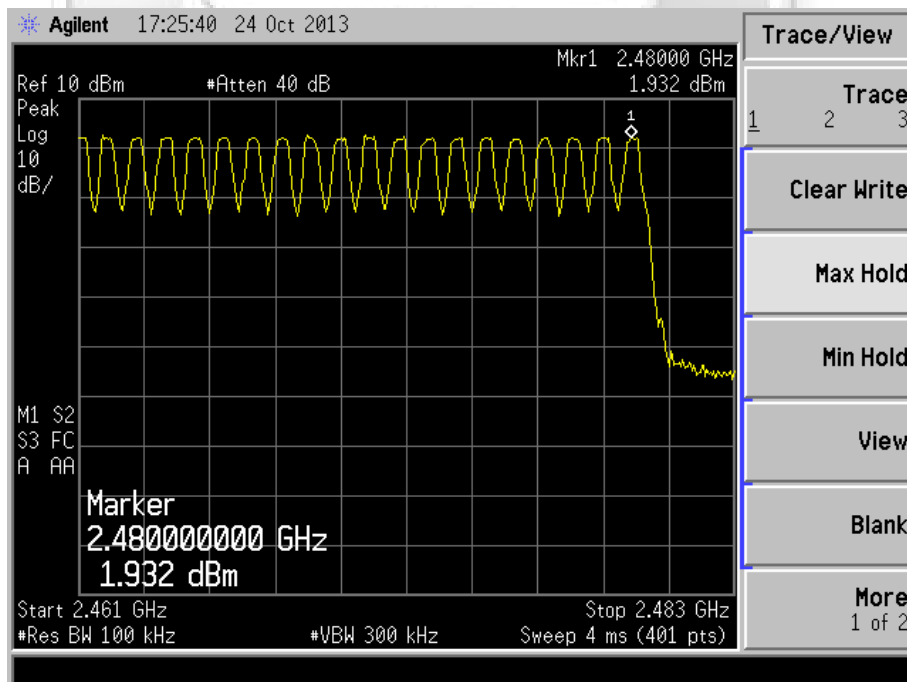


NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES TEST

Number Of Hopping Frequencies Plots



Plot 16 - Channels 39 to 59



Plot 17 - Channels 59 to 78



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Setup

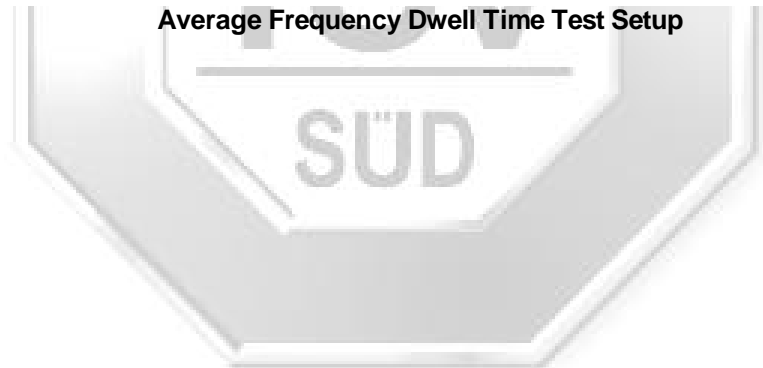
1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 1MHz and 3MHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The center frequency of the spectrum analyser was set to 2.402GHz (*lower ch*) with zero frequency span (spectrum analyser acts as an oscilloscope).
3. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was adjusted until a stable signal can be seen on the spectrum analyser.
4. The duration (dwell time) of a packet was measured using the marker-delta function of the spectrum analyser. The average dwell time of the transmitting frequency was computed based on general expression as shown below:
$$\text{Average Frequency Dwell Time} = \frac{\text{measured time slot length} \times \text{hopping rate}}{\text{number of hopping channels}} \times [0.4 \times \text{number of hopping channels}]$$
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the center frequency of the spectrum analyser were set to 2.441GHz (*mid ch*) and 2.4835GHz (*upper ch*) respectively.



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST





AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) Average Frequency Dwell Time Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	18 – 20	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	1600 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Chang Wai Kit
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps		

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.2500	0.200	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	1.2500	0.200	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	1.2375	0.198	0.4

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	21 – 23	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	533.3 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Chang Wai Kit
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps		

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	2.5125	0.134	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	2.5125	0.134	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	2.5125	0.134	0.4

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	24 – 26	Relative Humidity	60%
Hopping Rate	320 hops / s	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
Number of Hopping Channels	79 channels	Tested By	Chang Wai Kit
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps		

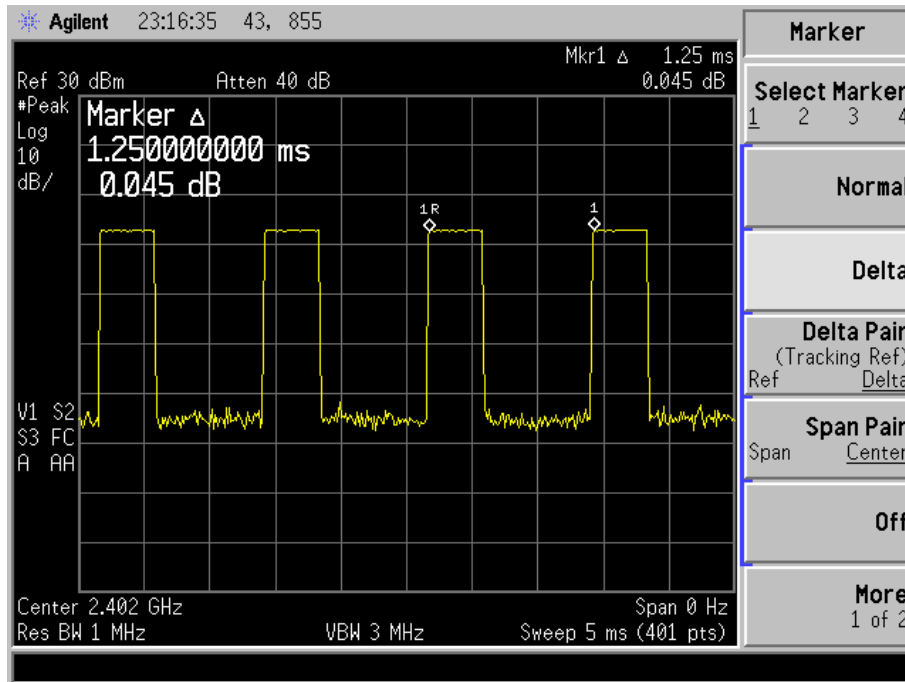
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Measured Time Slot Length (ms)	Average Frequency Dwell Time (s)	Average Occupancy Limit (s)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	3.7500	0.120	0.4
39 (mid ch)	2.441	3.7500	0.120	0.4
78 (upper ch)	2.480	3.7500	0.120	0.4

Notes

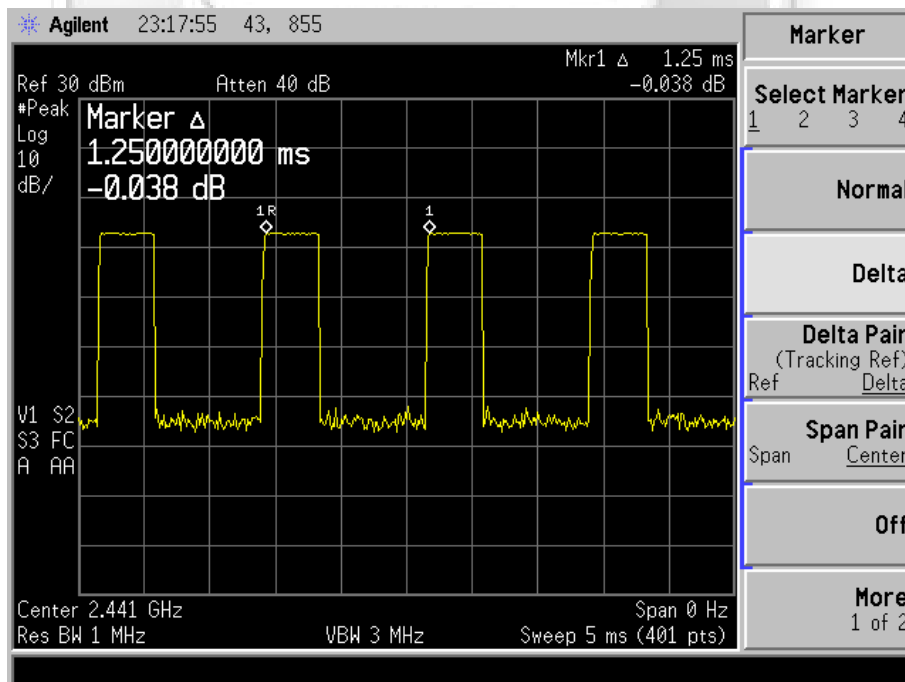
- The EUT operates based on 1-slot transmission and 1-slot reception basis. As such, there are [1600 / (1 + 1)] transmissions per second and the time occupancy per channel is [measured time slot length / 2].
- Average Frequency Dwell Time = [measured time slot length / 2 x hopping rate / 2 / number of hopping channels] x [0.4 x number of hopping channels]

AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 18 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

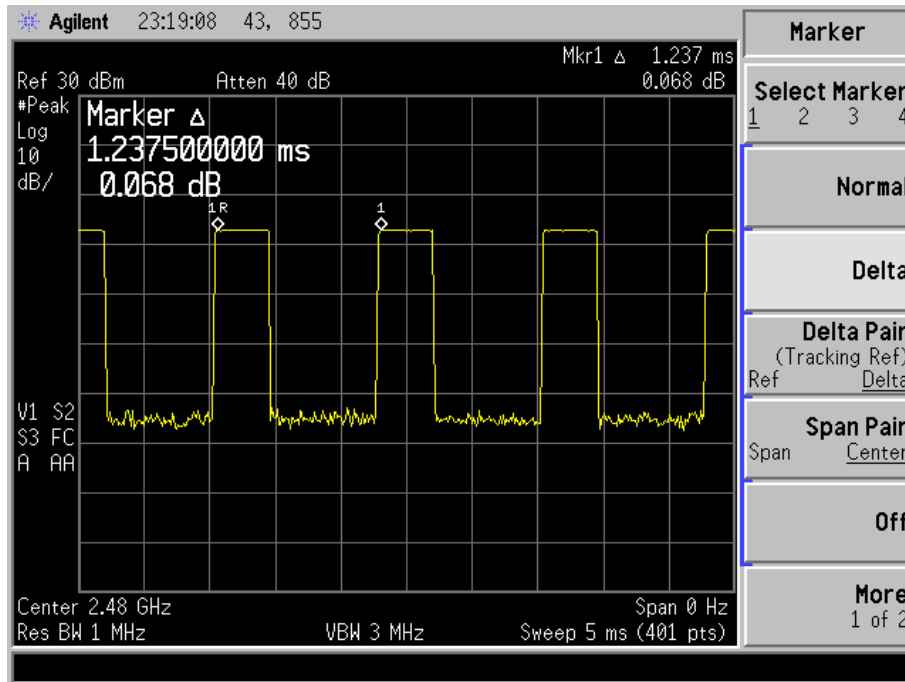


Plot 19 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - BDR 1Mbps



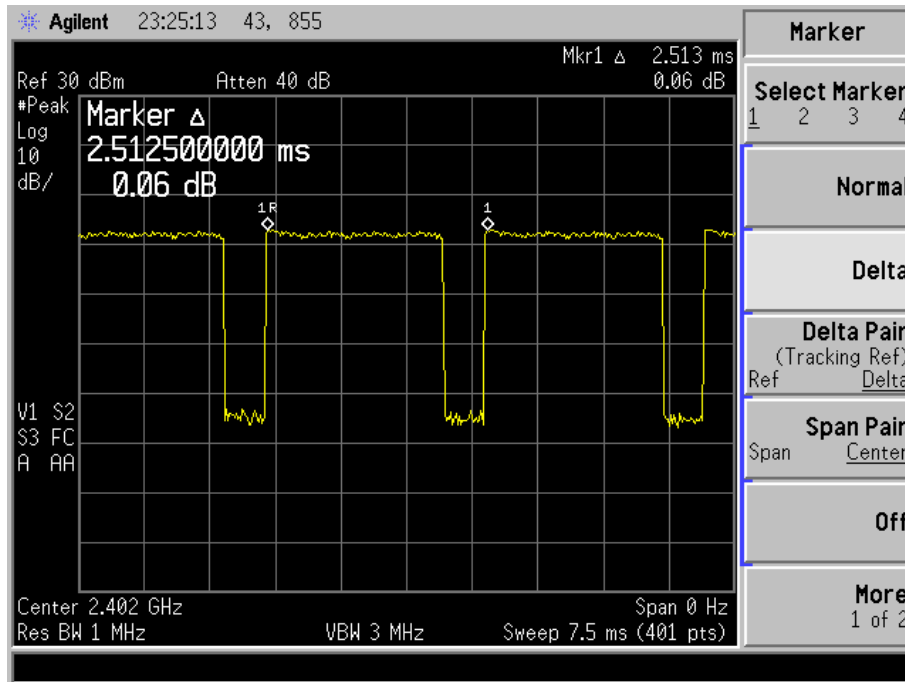
Plot 20 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



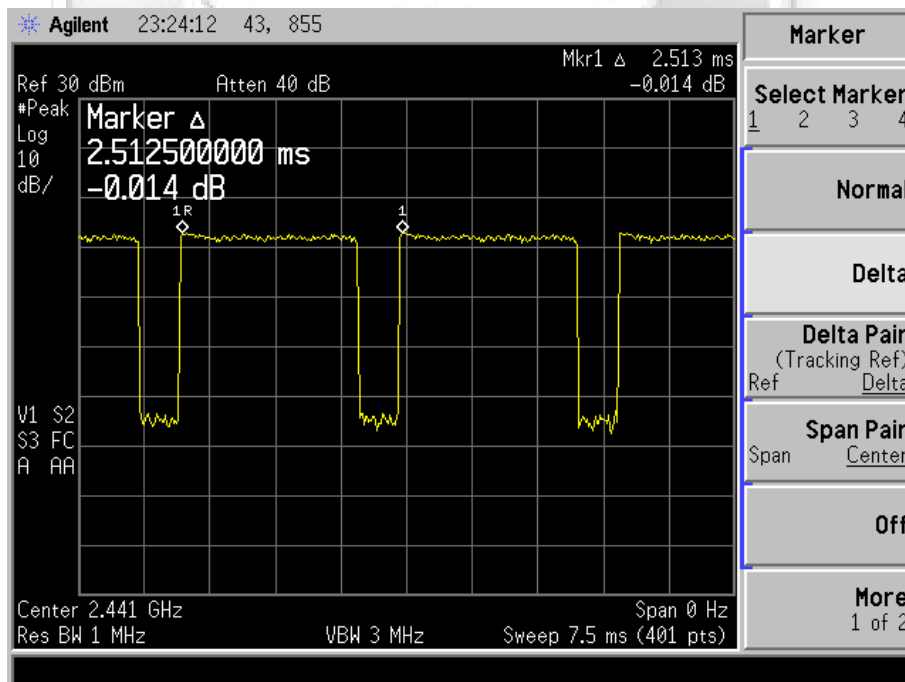


AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 21 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

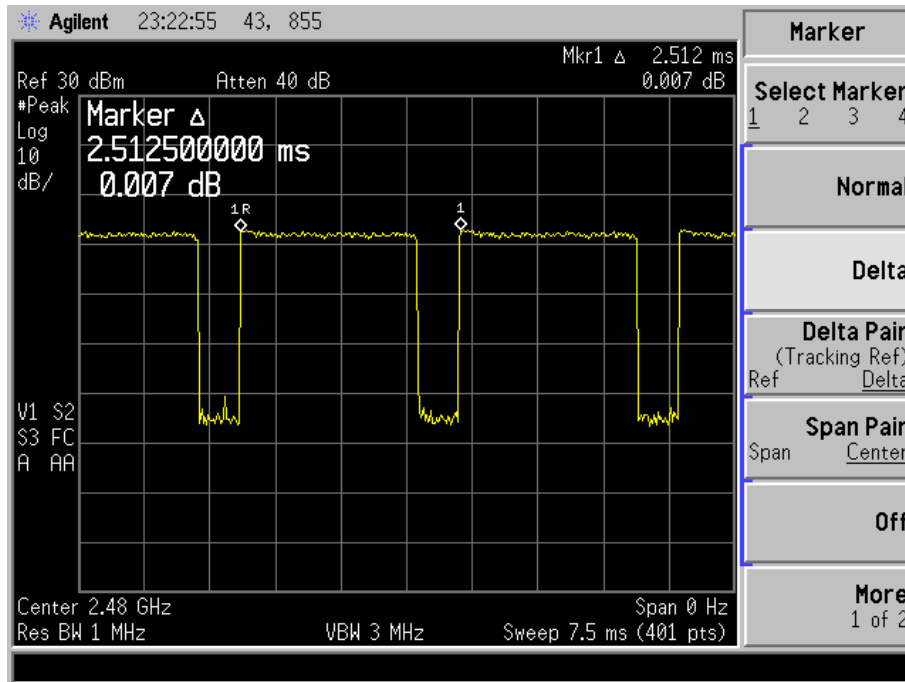


Plot 22 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - EDR 2Mbps

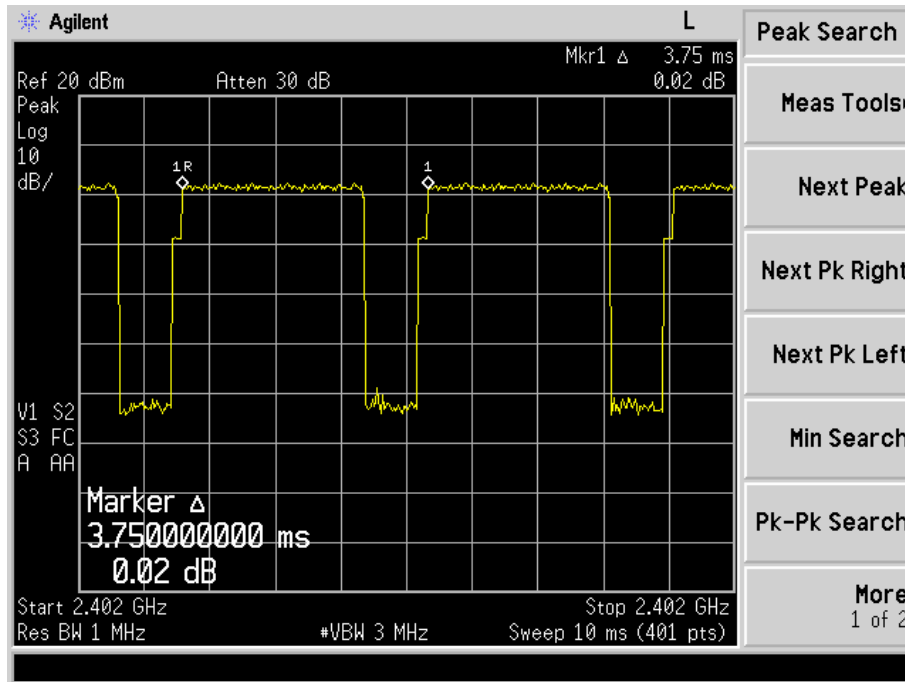


Plot 23 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

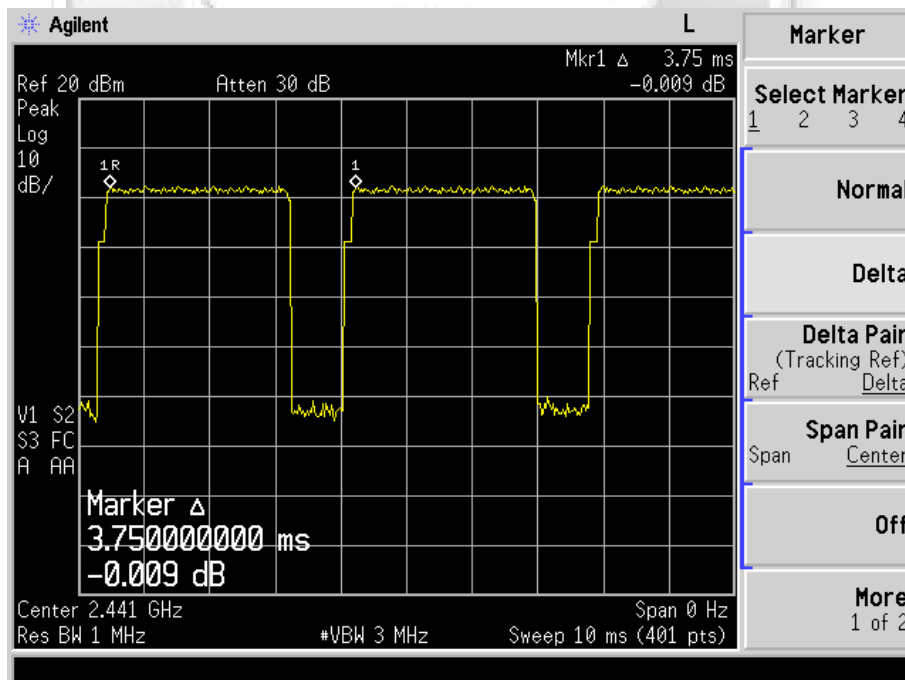


AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 24 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

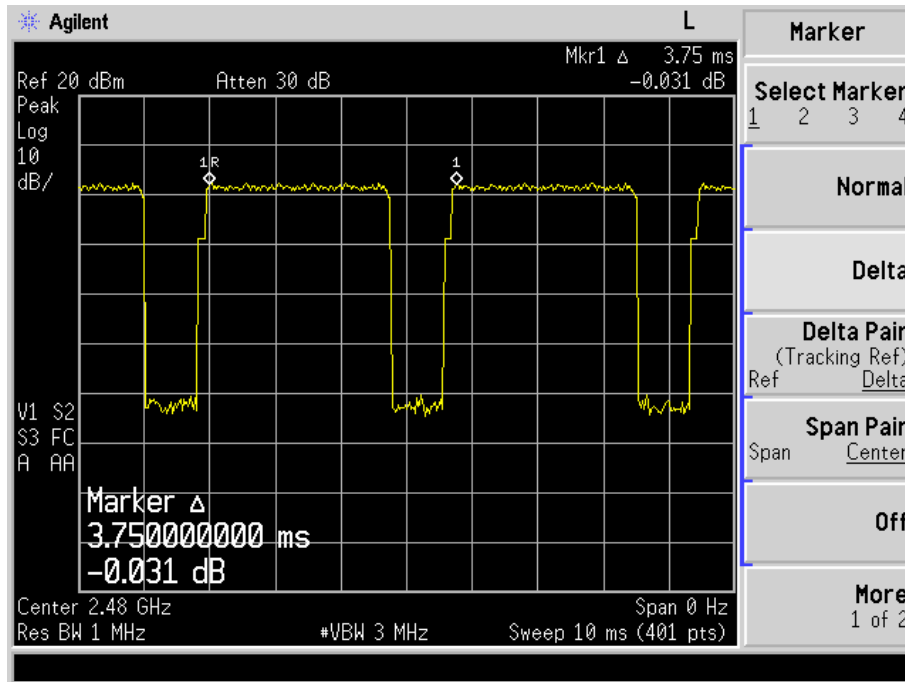


Plot 25 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



AVERAGE FREQUENCY DWELL TIME TEST

Average Frequency Dwell Time Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 26 – Channel 78 (upper ch)





MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the EUT employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels shall not exceed 1W (30dBm). For the EUT employs other frequency hopping systems, the peak power shall not greater than 0.125W (21dBm).

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Boonton RF Power Meter	4532	72901	13 Dec 2013
Boonton Power Sensor	56218-S/1	32097	13 Dec 2013

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the Universal Radio Communication Tester, which set into power analyser mode via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The maximum peak power of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
3. The Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP) of the EUT was computed by adding its antenna gain to the measured maximum peak power.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



MAXIMUM PEAK POWER TEST

Maximum Peak Power Test Setup

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) Maximum Peak Power Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Antenna Gain	2.0 dBi	Relative Humidity	60%
		Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Maximum Peak Power (W)	Maximum EIRP (W)	Limit (W)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	1.0	0.0016	0.0025	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441		0.0016	0.0025	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480		0.0016	0.0025	1.0
0 (lower ch)	2.402	2.0	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441		0.0012	0.0019	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480		0.0012	0.0019	1.0
0 (lower ch)	2.402	3.0	0.0012	0.0019	1.0
39 (mid ch)	2.441		0.0012	0.0019	1.0
78 (upper ch)	2.480		0.0012	0.0019	1.0



RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The start and stop frequencies of the spectrum analyser were set to 30MHz and 10GHz.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with frequency span was set from 10GHz to 25GHz.
5. The steps 2 to 4 were repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	27 – 32	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	33 – 38	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.

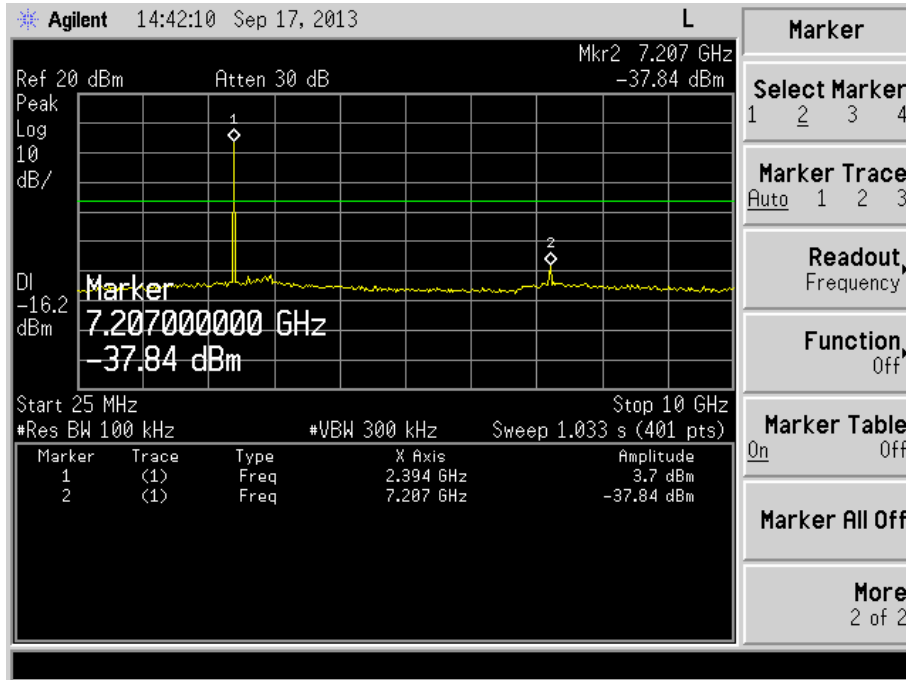
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	39 – 44	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

All spurious signals found were below the specified limit. Please refer to the attached plots.

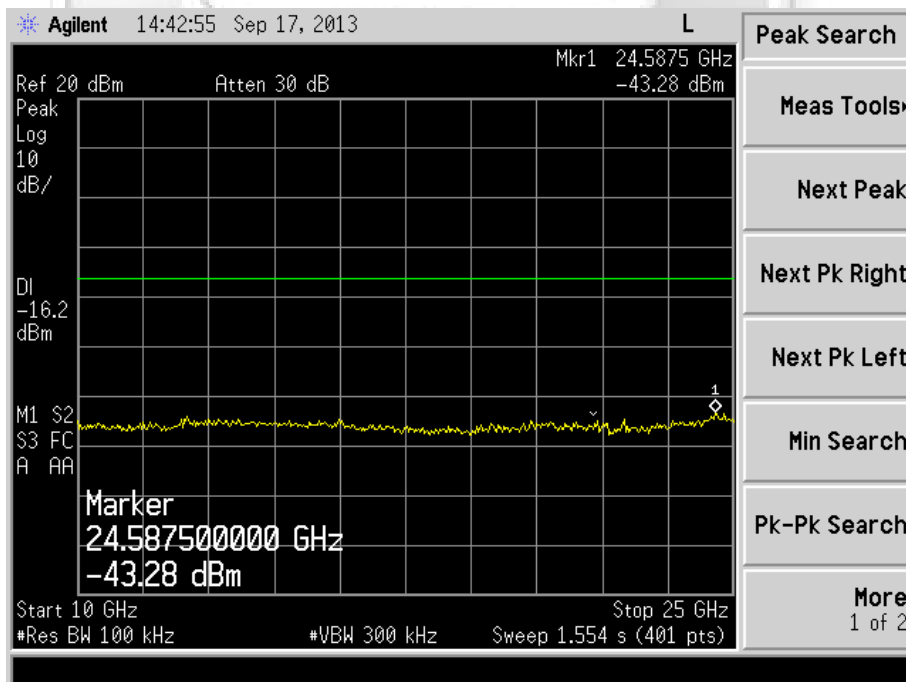


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 27 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

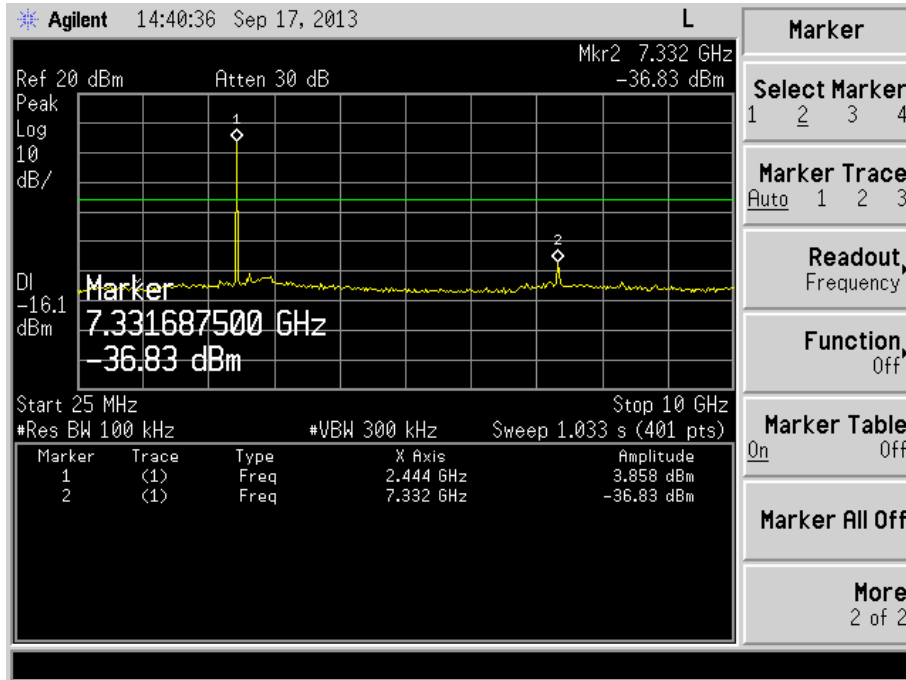


Plot 28 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

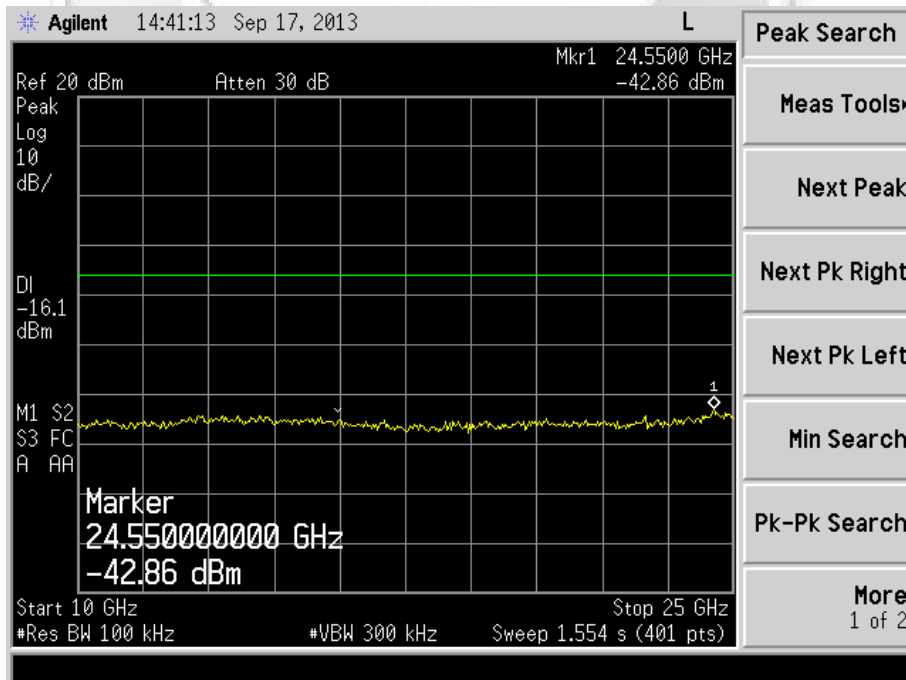


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 29 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

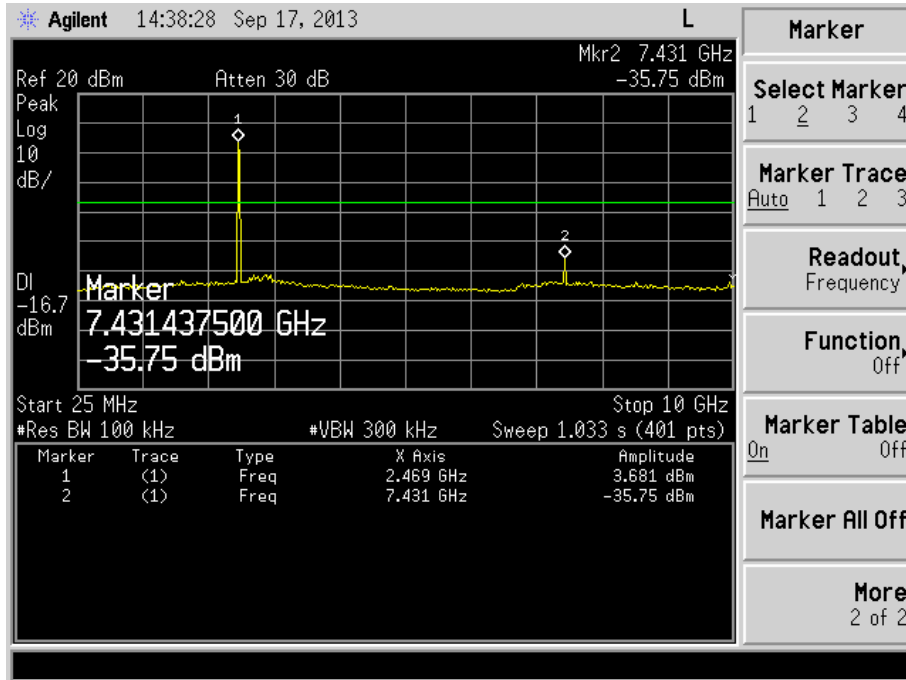


Plot 30 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

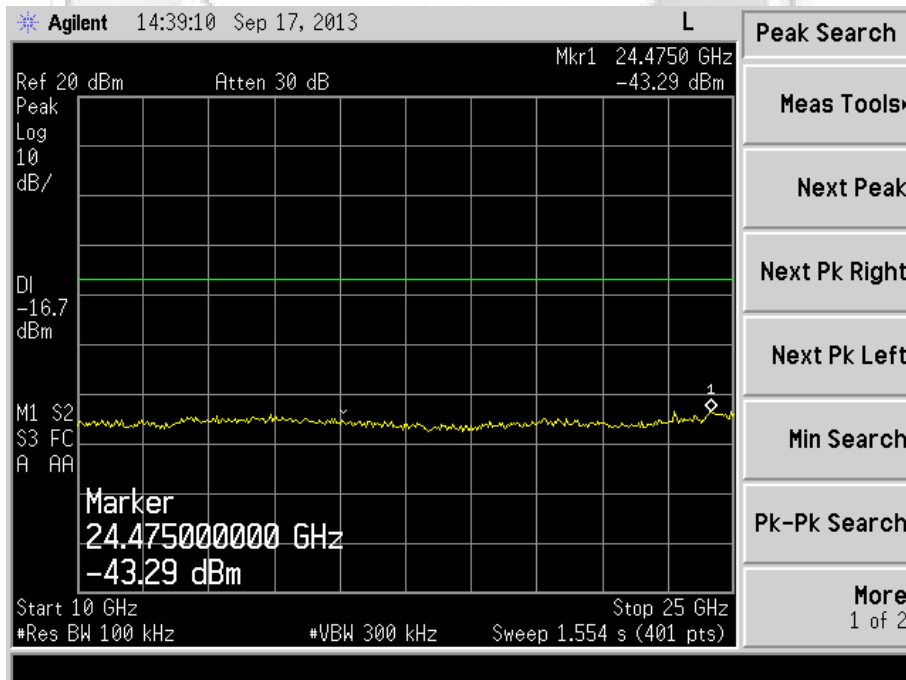


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 31 - Channel 78 (upper ch)

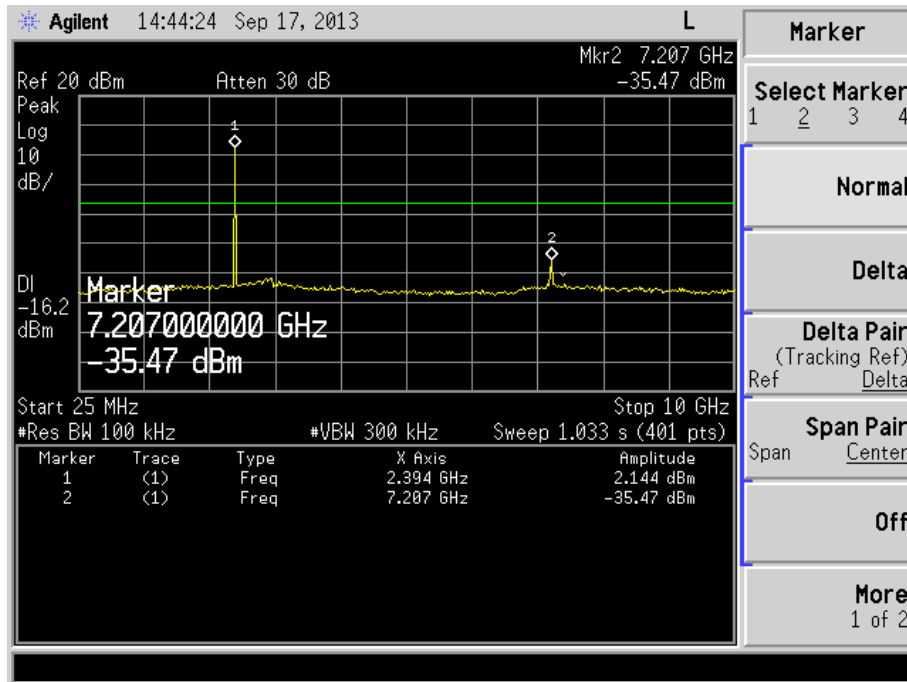


Plot 32 - Channel 78 (upper ch)

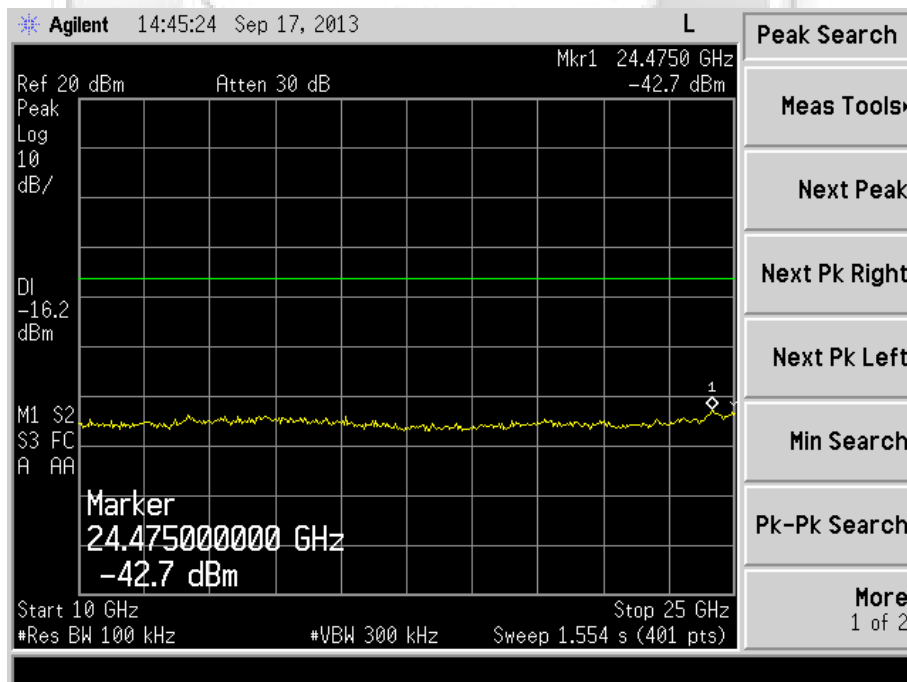


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 33 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

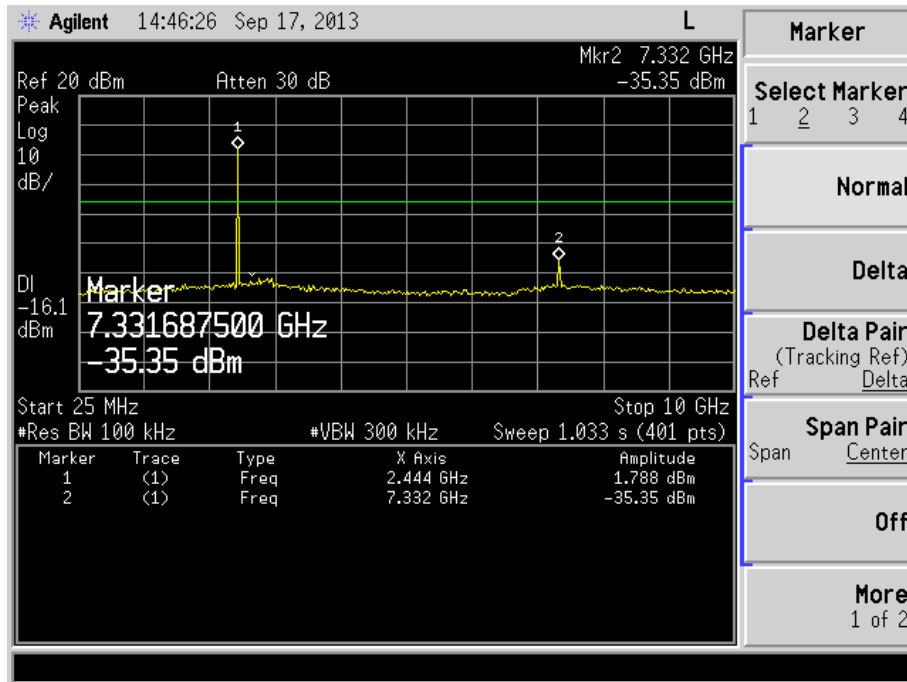


Plot 34 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

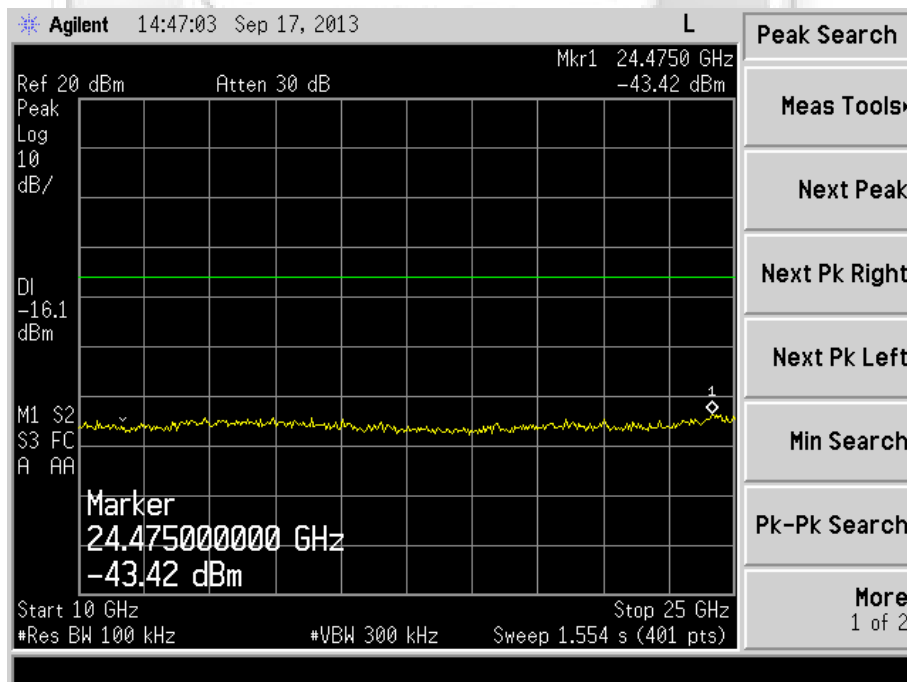


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 35 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

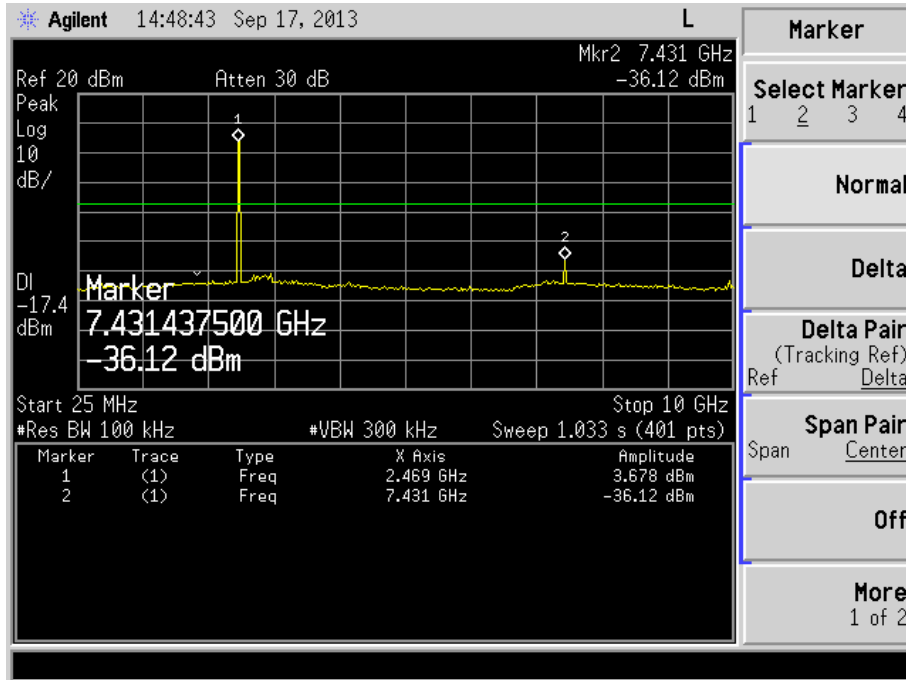


Plot 36 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

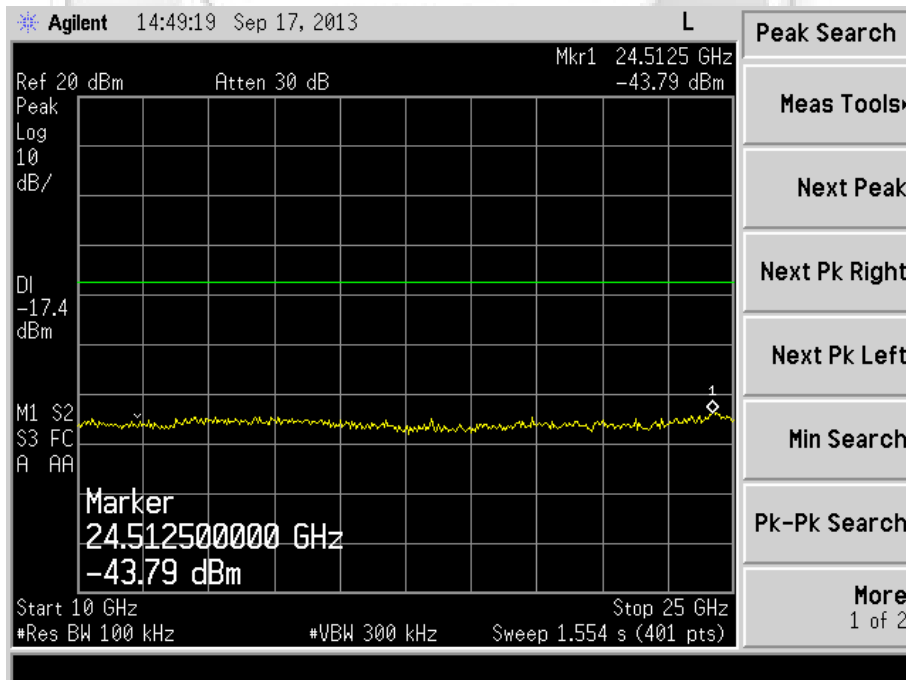


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 37 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

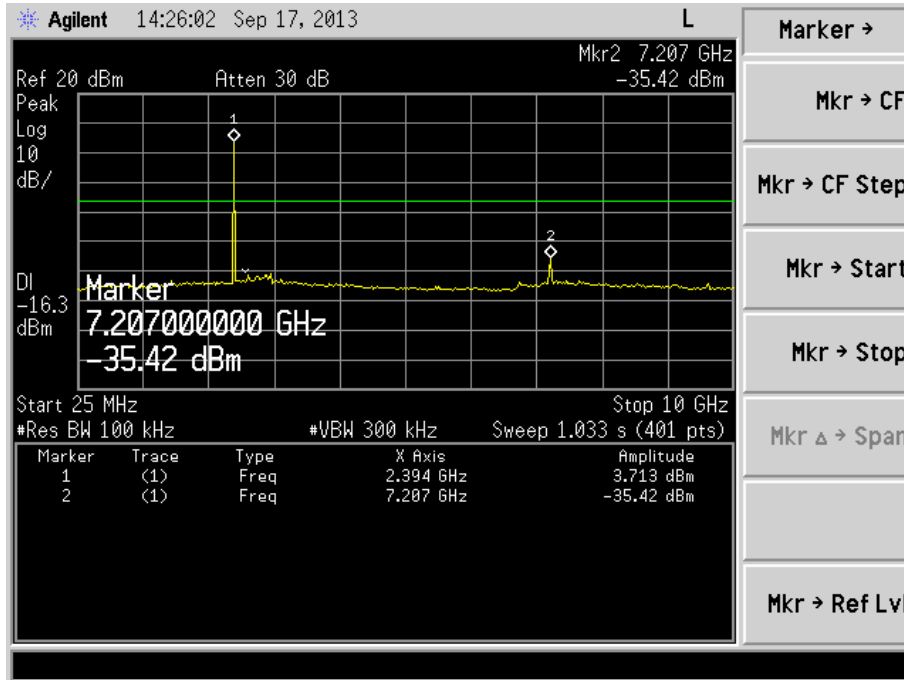


Plot 38 – Channel 78 (upper ch)

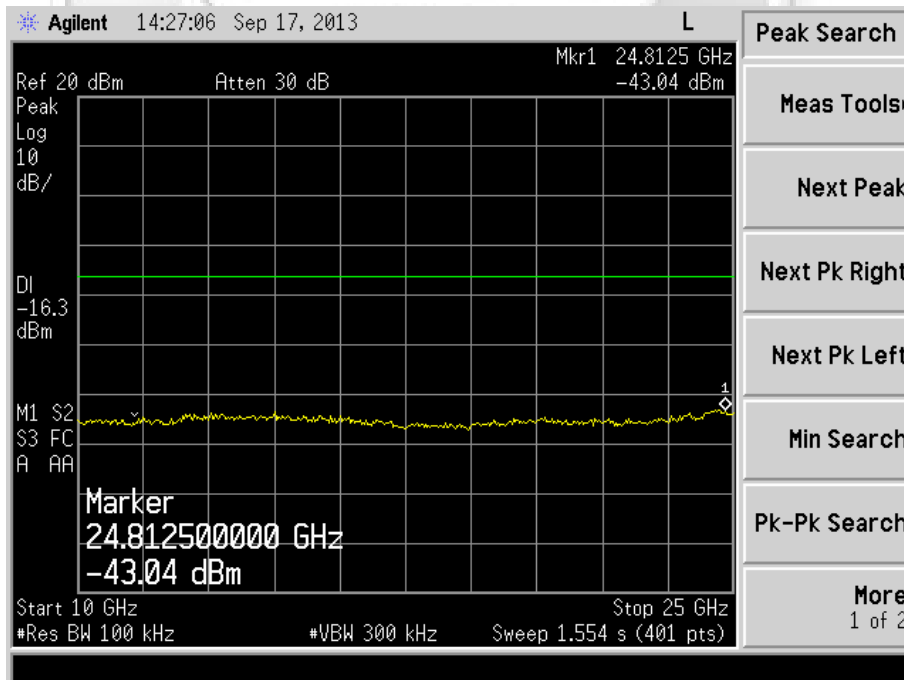


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 39 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

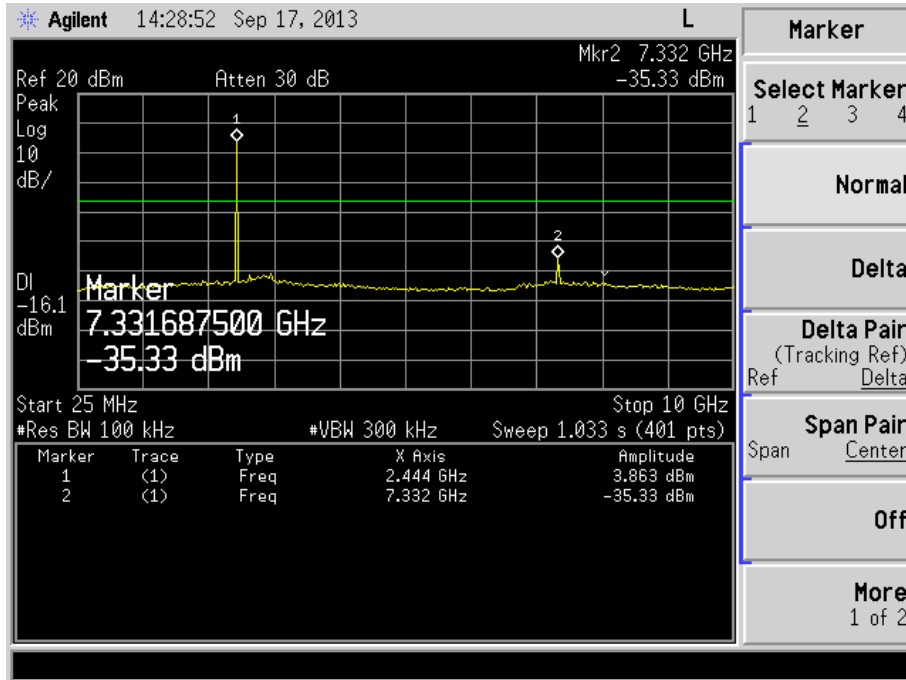


Plot 40 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

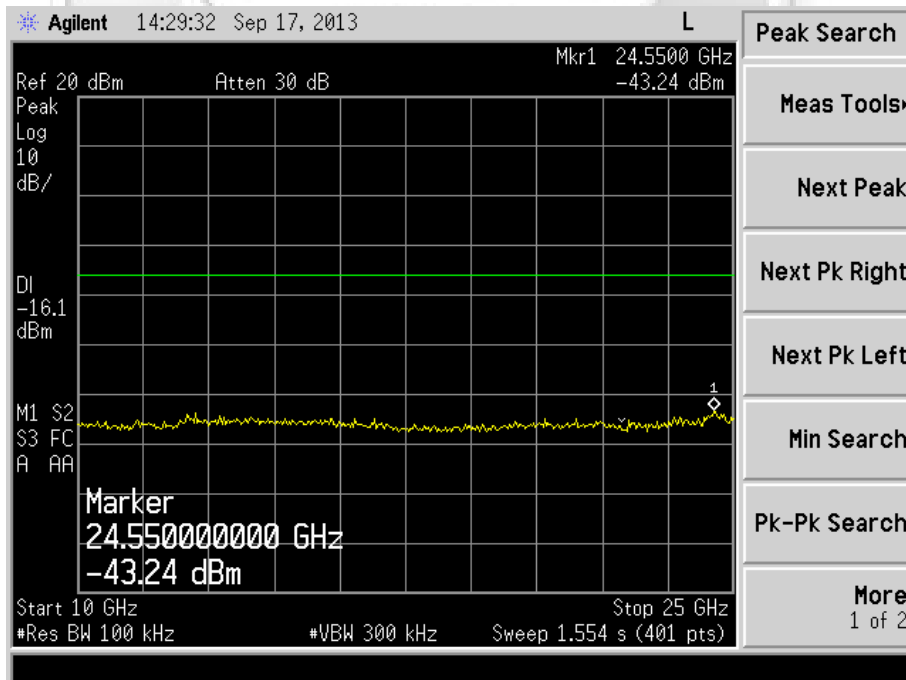


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 41 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

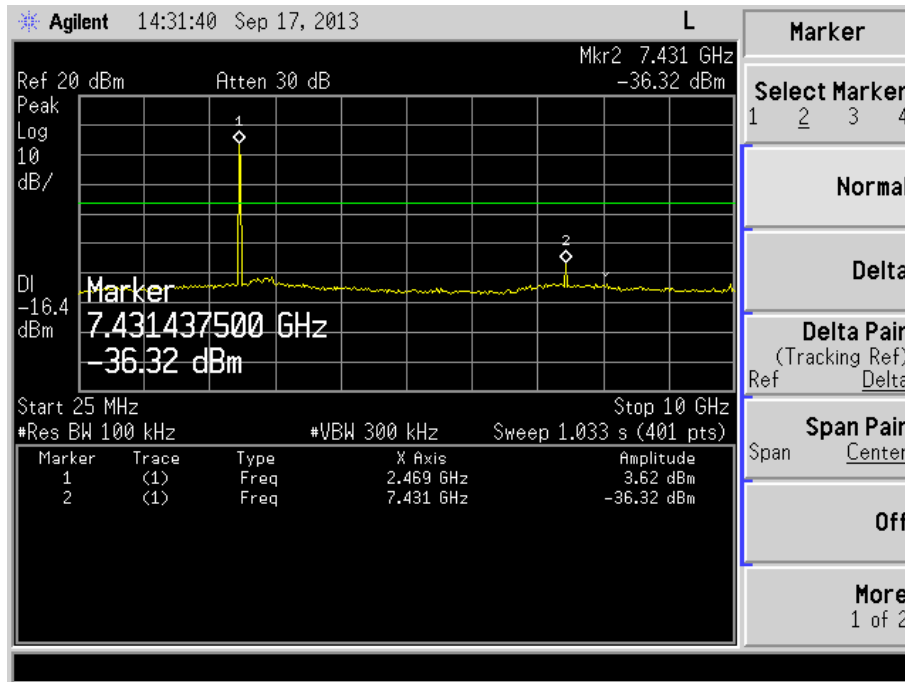


Plot 42 – Channel 39 (mid ch)

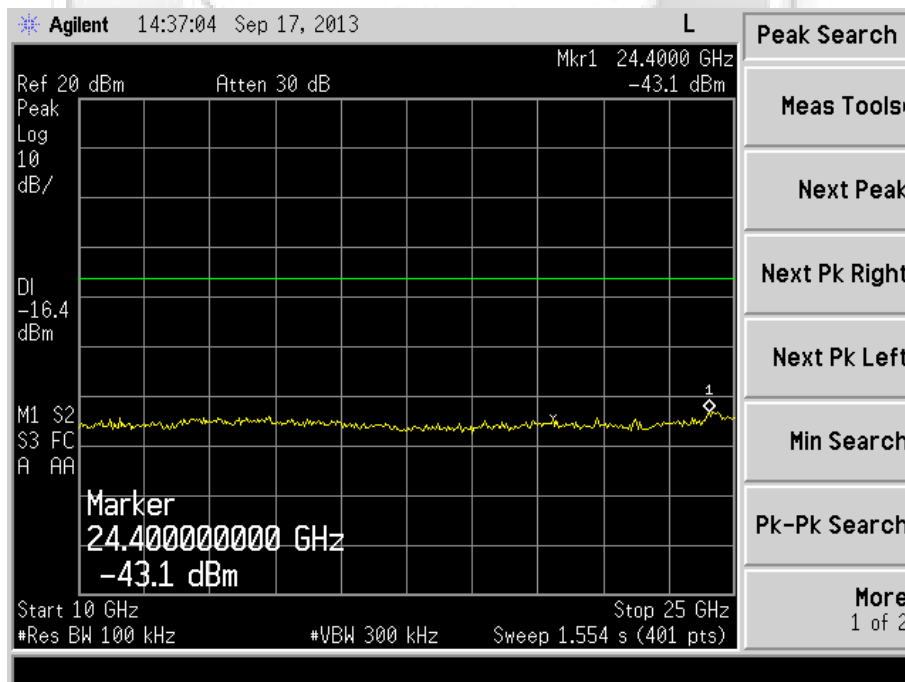


RF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS TEST

RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 43 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



Plot 44 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum analyser via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Test Setup

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	45 – 46	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	47 – 48	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

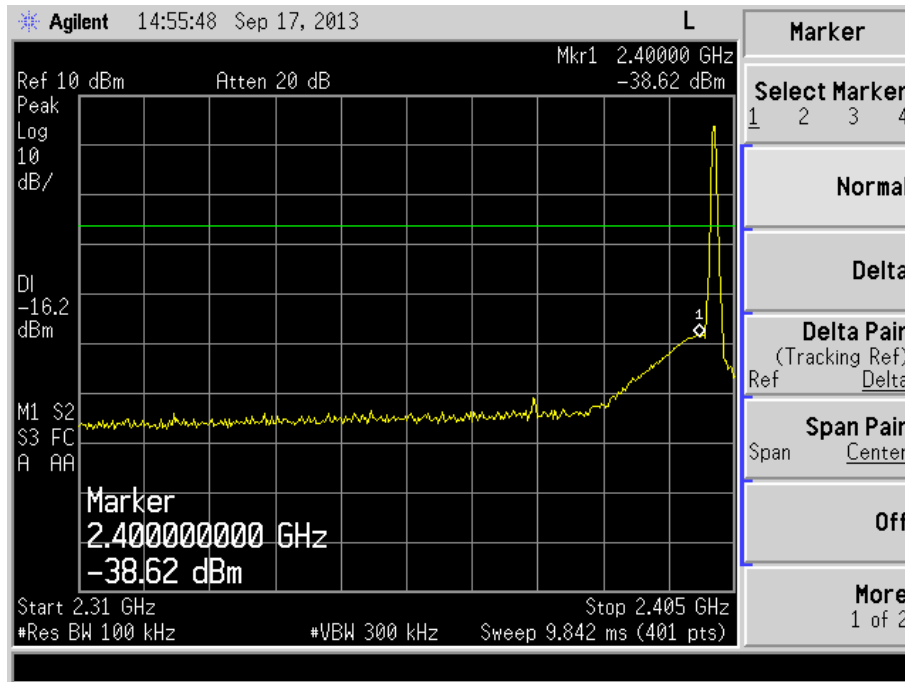
Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	49 – 50	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

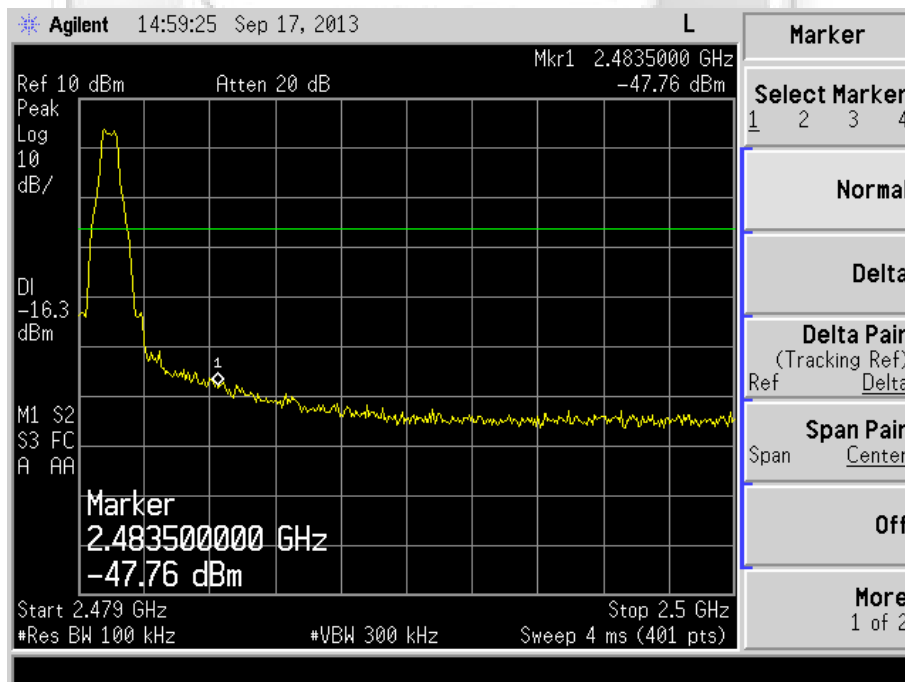


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 45 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

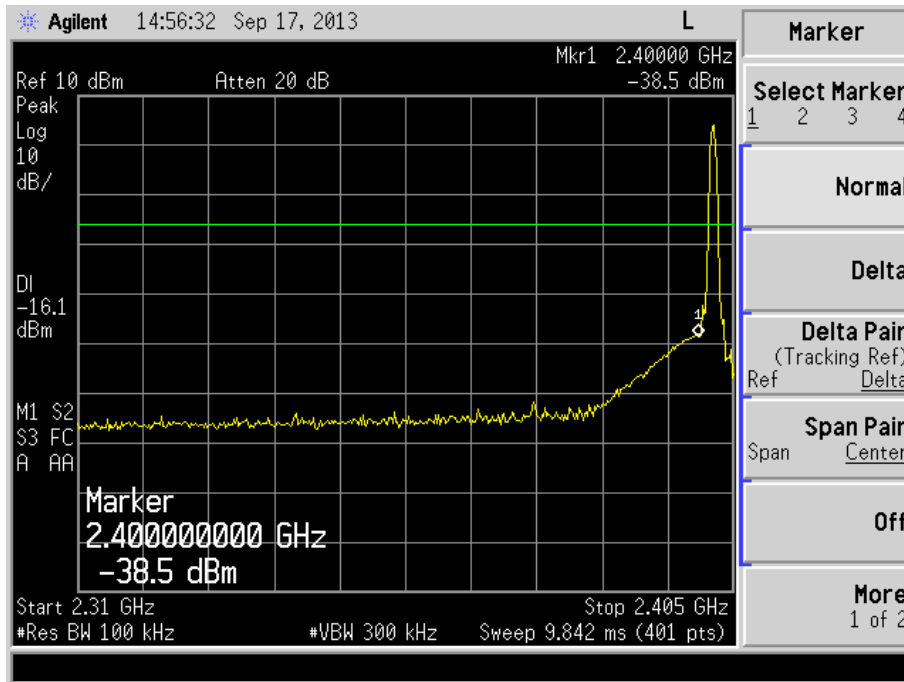


Plot 46 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

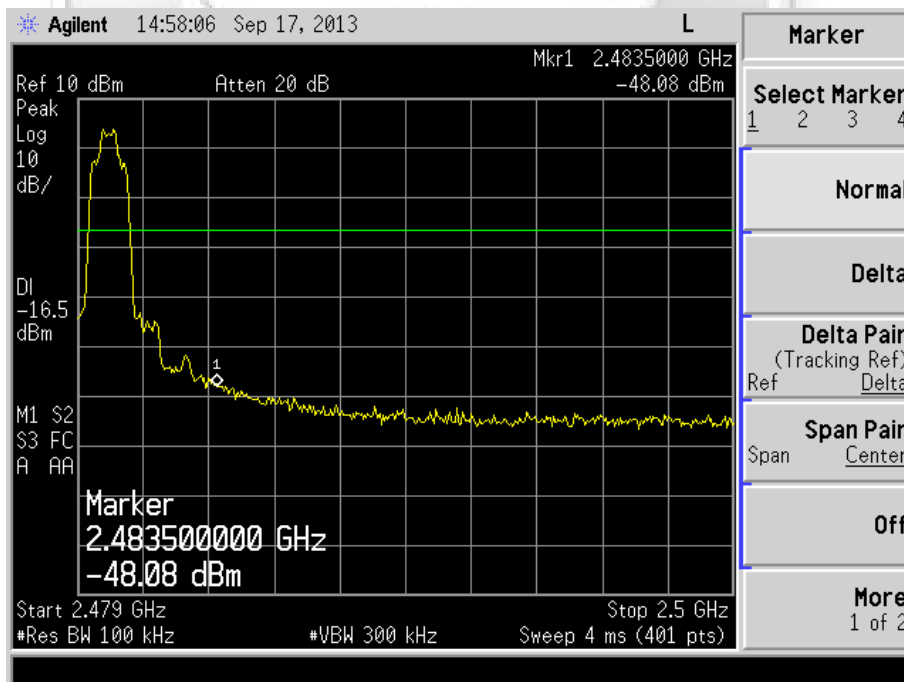


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 47 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

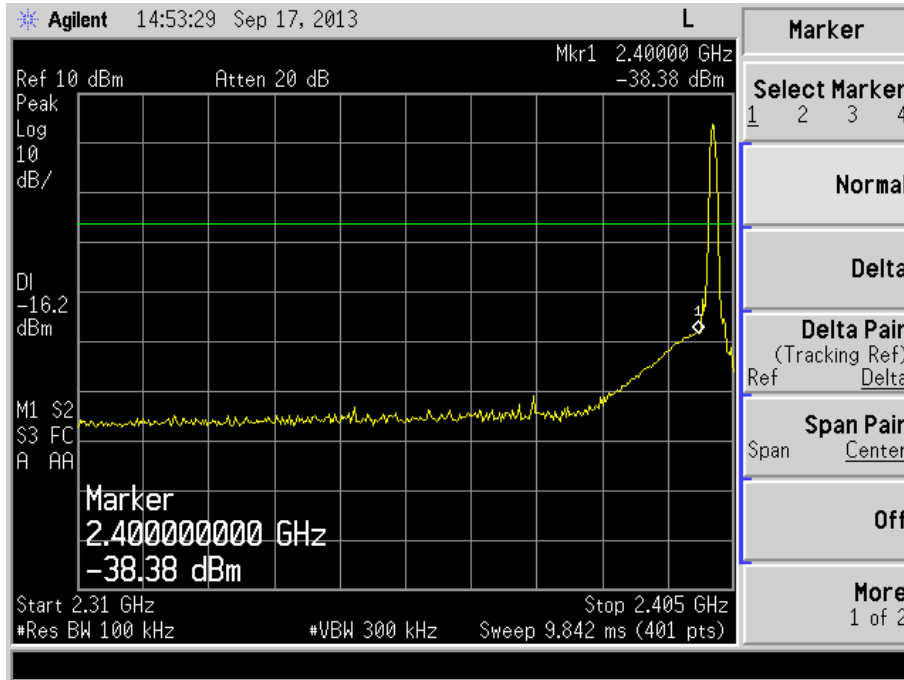


Plot 48 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

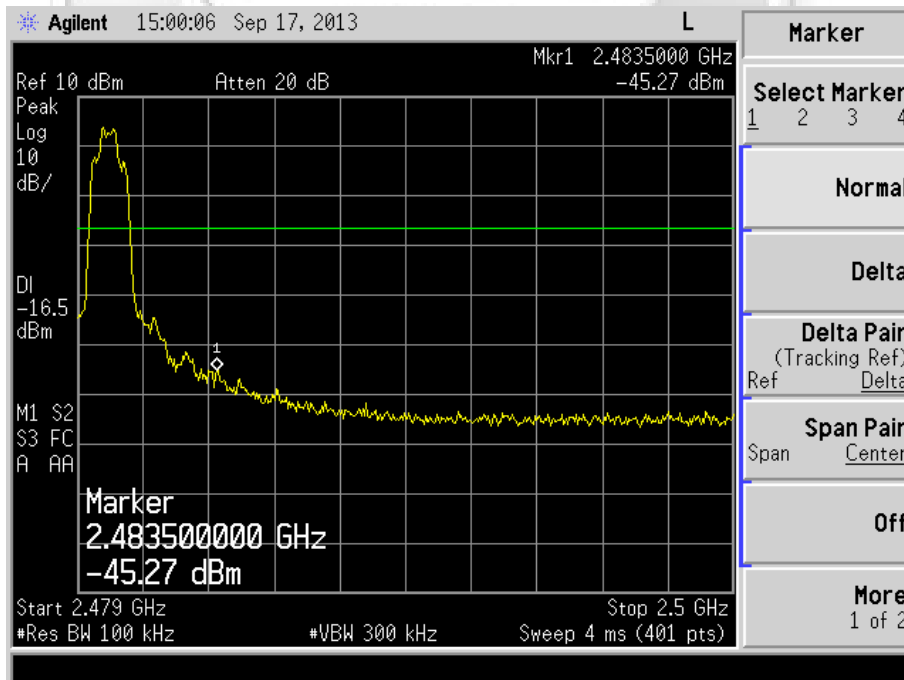


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (CONDUCTED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Conducted) Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 49 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



Plot 50 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator (EUT) is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands shall comply to the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz EMI Test Receiver (20Hz – 26.5GHz)	ESMI	848926/007 849182/003	24 Oct 2014
Eletro-Metrics Double Ridged Antenna (Horn) Antenna (1-18GHz)	EM-6961	6525	12 Apr 2014
Toyo MicroWave Preamplifier (1GHz - 8GHz)	TPA0108-40	0636	09 Jun 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 100kHz and 300kHz to show compliance of spurious at band edges are at least 20dB below the carriers. For restricted band spurious at band edges, peak and average measurement plots were taken using the following setting:
 - a. Peak Plot:
RBW = VBW = 1MHz
 - b. Average Plot
RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz
4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode with frequency hopping sequence on.
2. The frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the lower band edge of the transmission band, 2.400GHz and any spurious emissions at the band edge.
3. The spectrum analyser was set to max hold to capture any spurious emissions within the span. The signal capturing was continuous until no further spurious emissions were detected.
4. The steps 2 to 3 were repeated with the frequency span of the spectrum analyser was set to wide enough to capture the upper band edge frequency of the transmission band, 2.4835GHz and the any spurious emissions at the band-edge.



BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Test Setup

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(d) Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	51 – 56	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Kyaw Soe Hein

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	57 – 62	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Kyaw Soe Hein

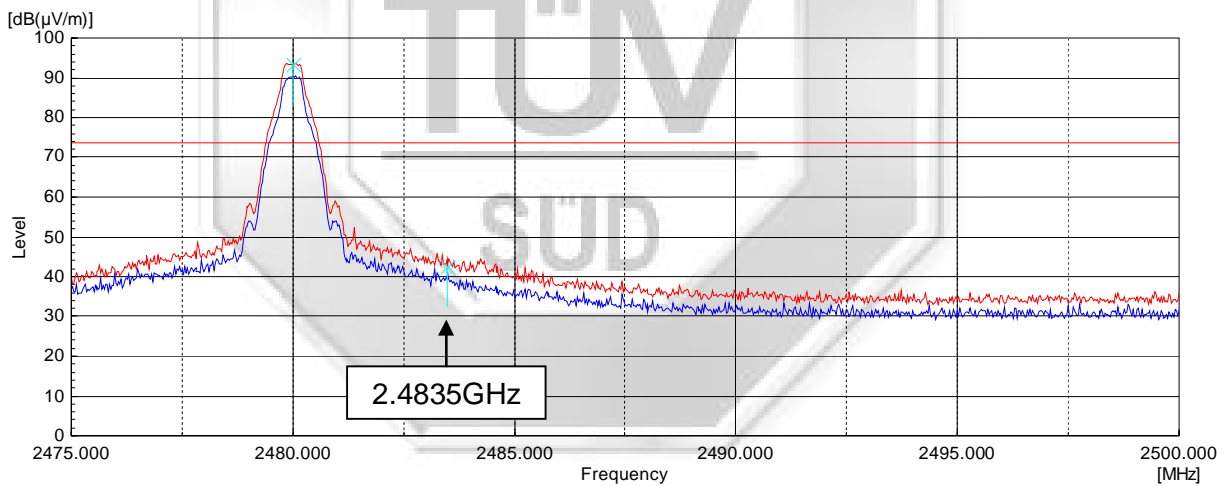
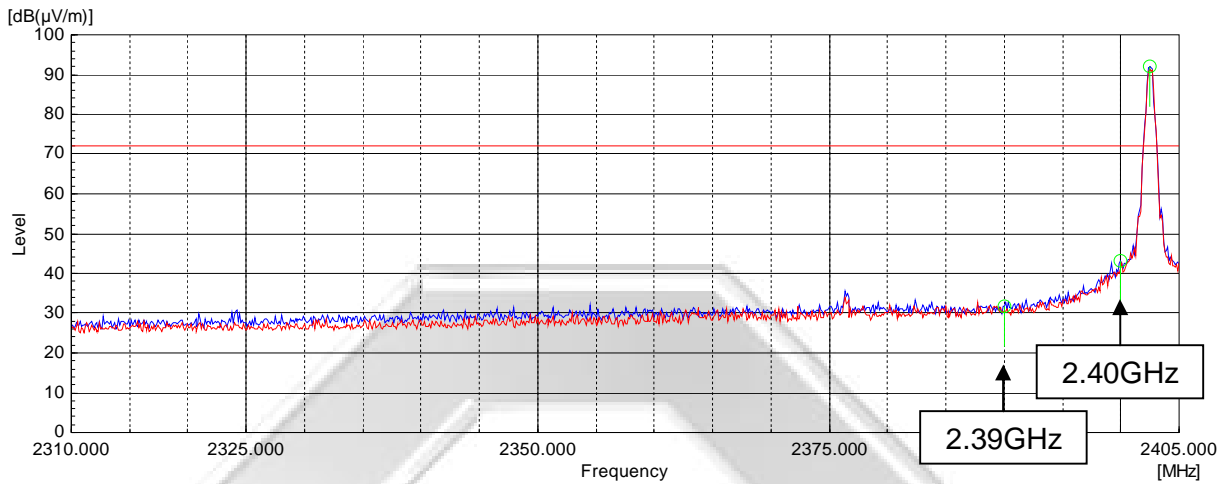
No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	63 - 68	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Kyaw Soe Hein

No significant signal was found and they were below the specified limit.

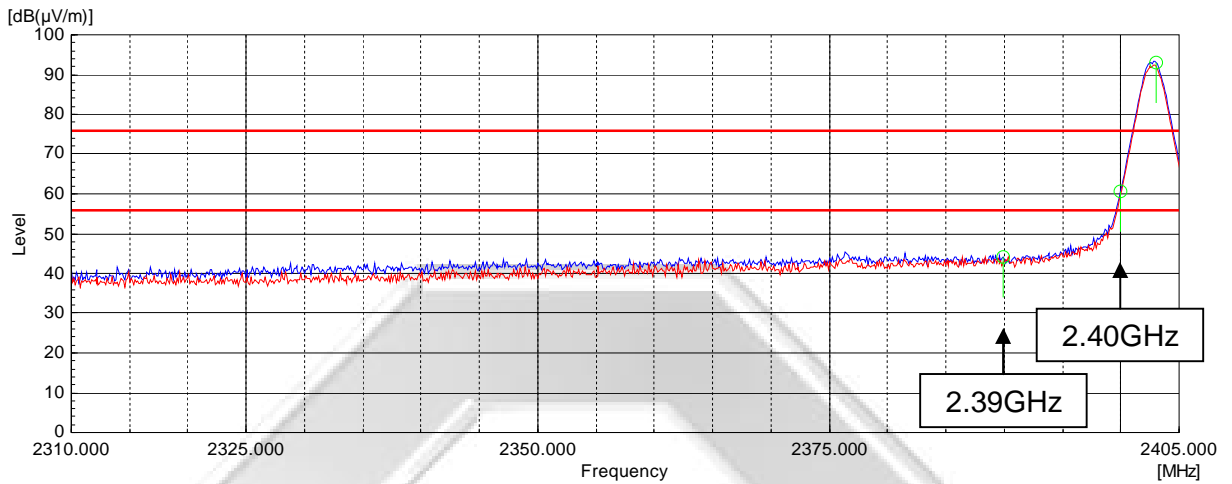
BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) - BDR 1Mbps

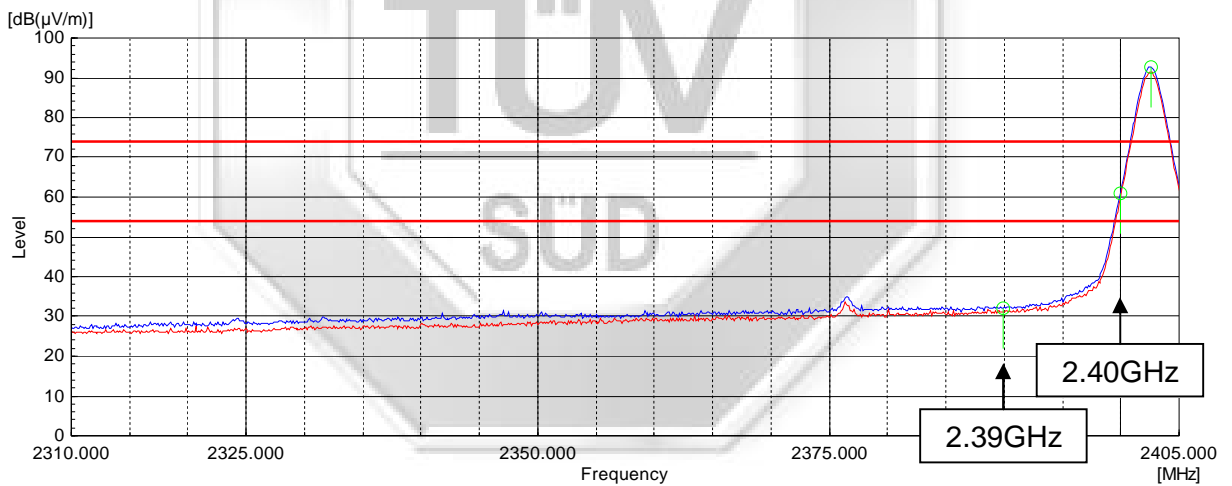


BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - BDR 1Mbps



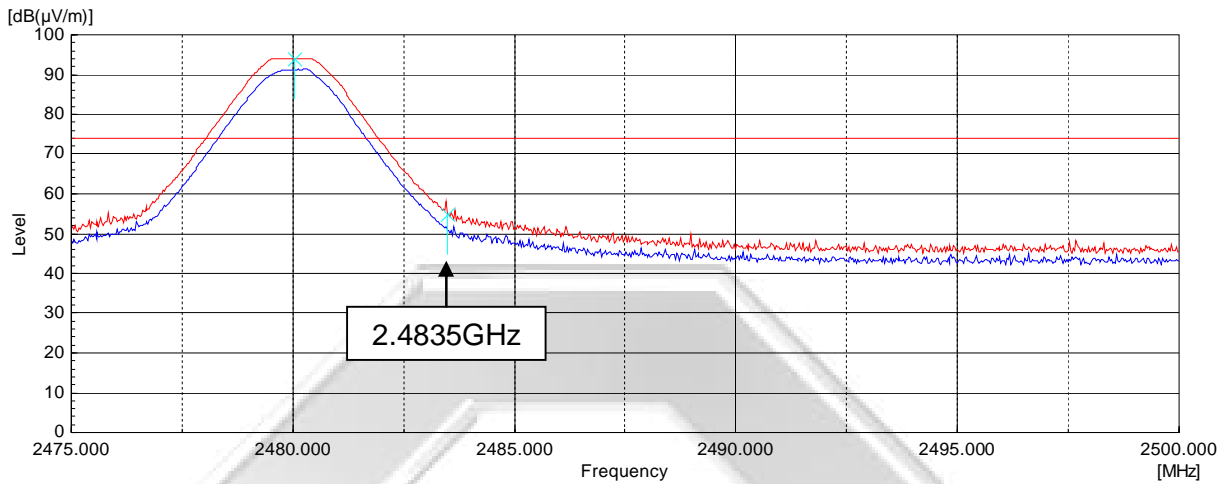
Plot 53 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



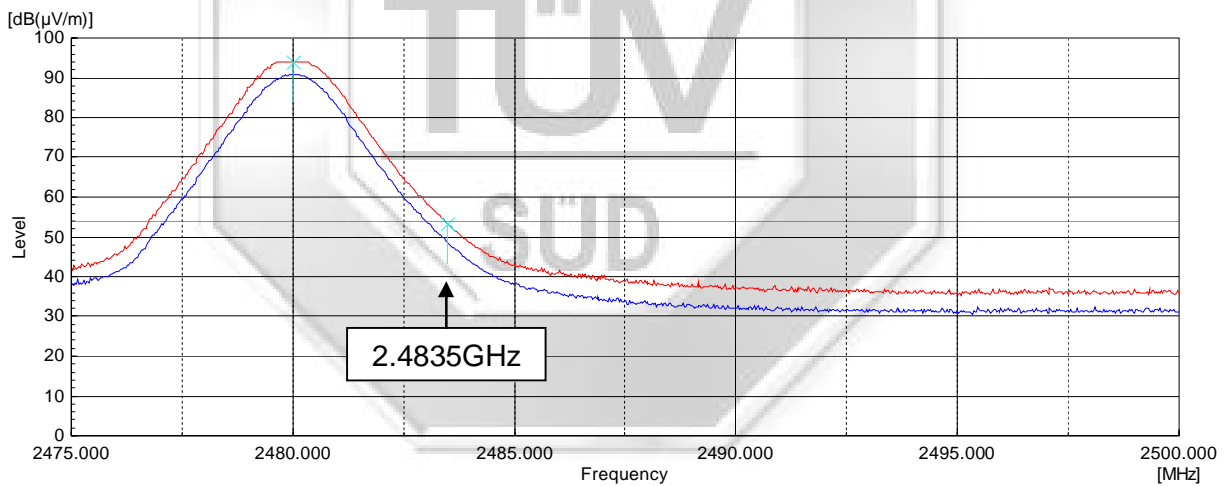
Plot 54 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - BDR 1Mbps



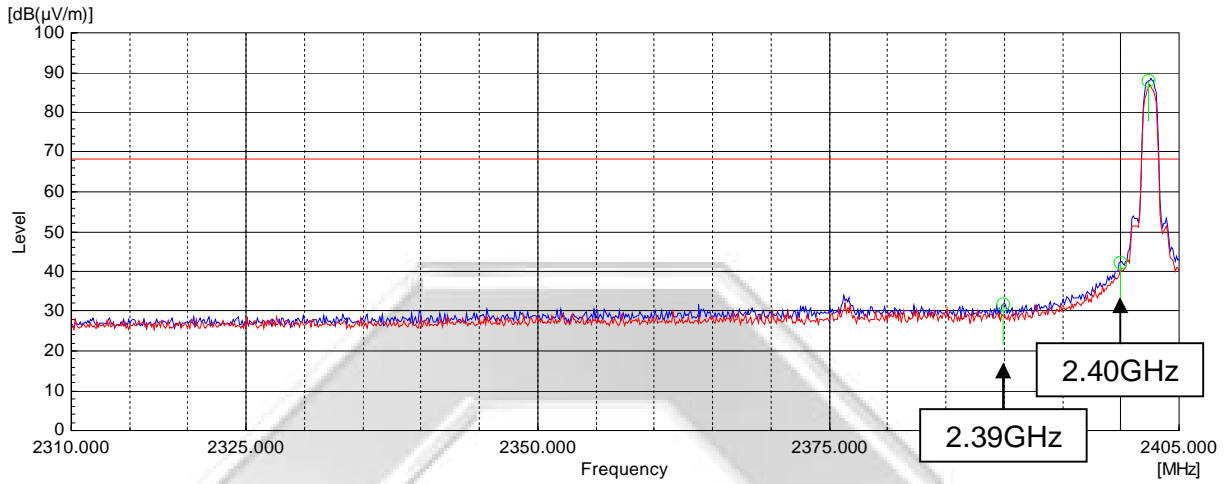
Plot 55 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



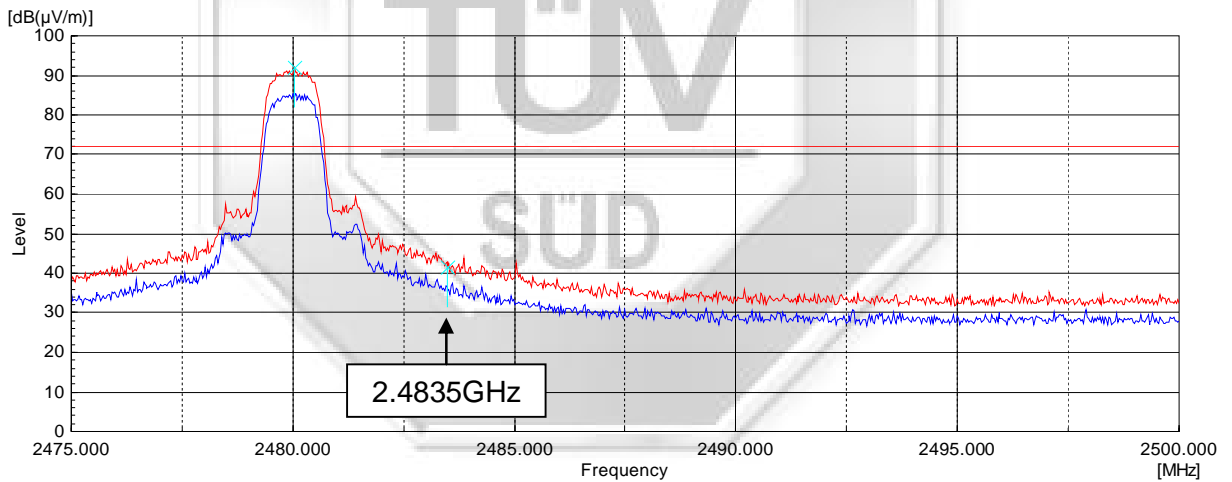
Plot 56 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) - EDR 2Mbps



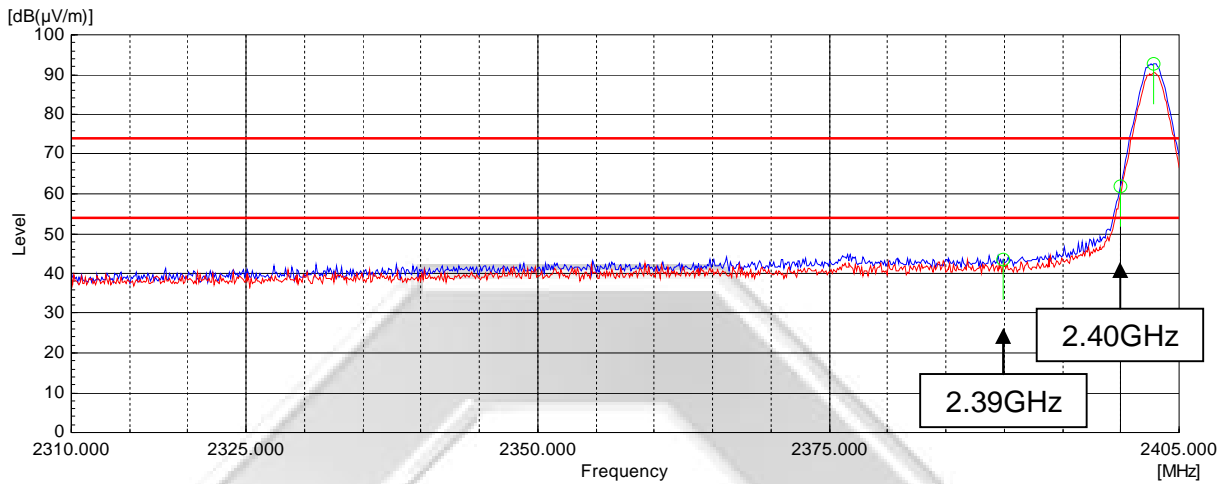
Plot 57 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



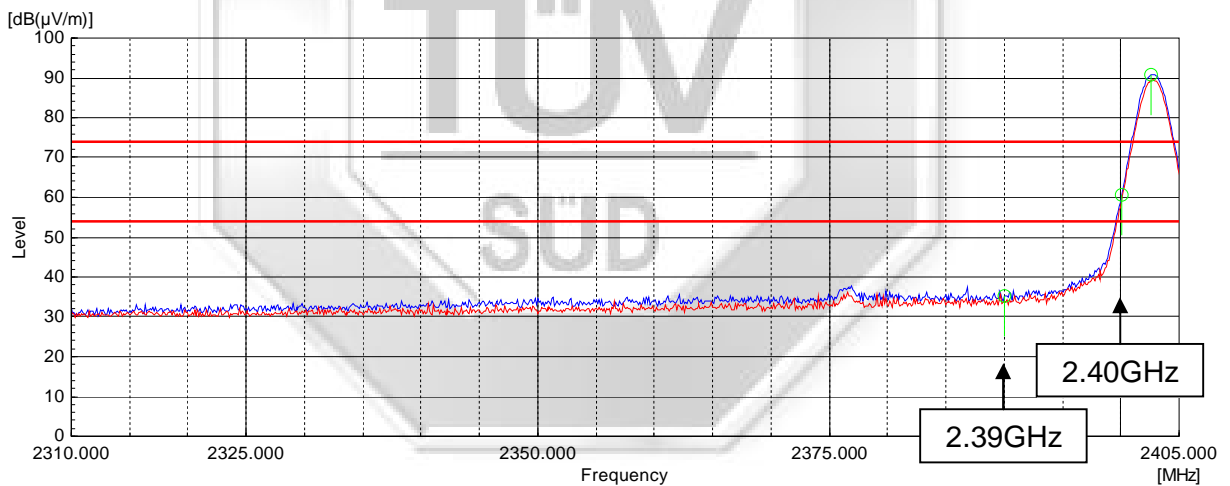
Plot 58 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - EDR 2Mbps



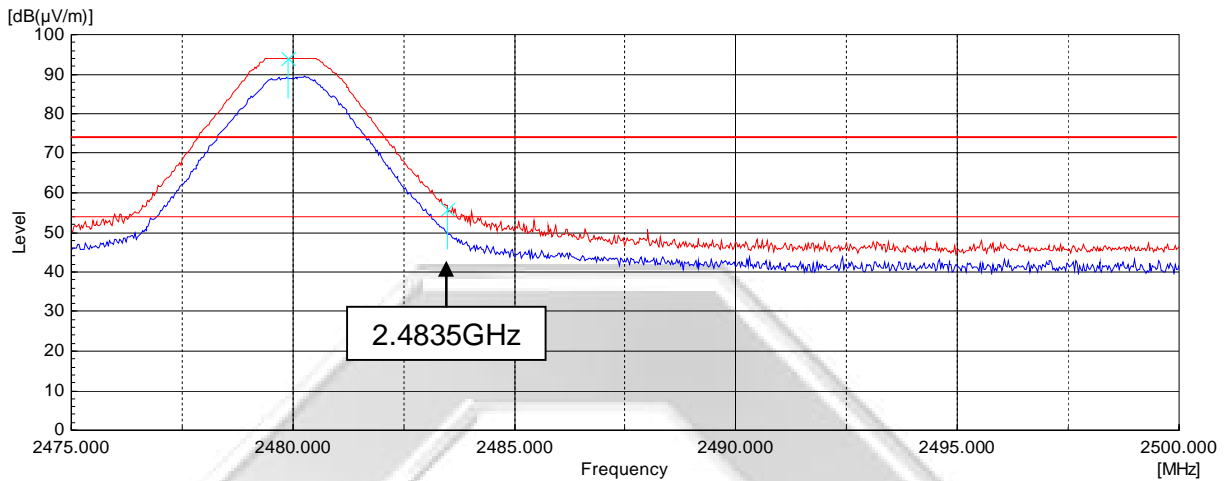
Plot 59 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



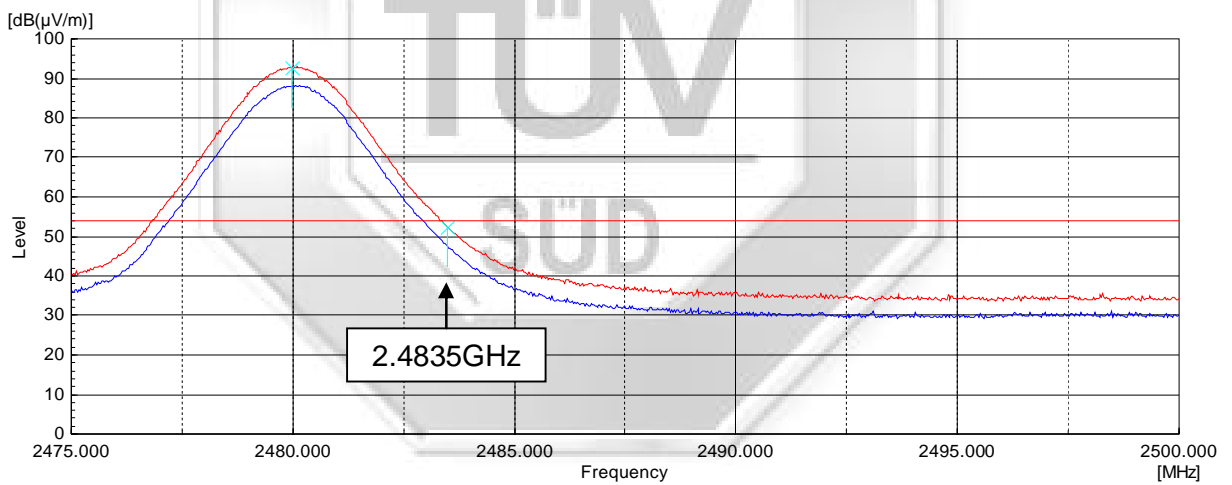
Plot 60 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - EDR 2Mbps



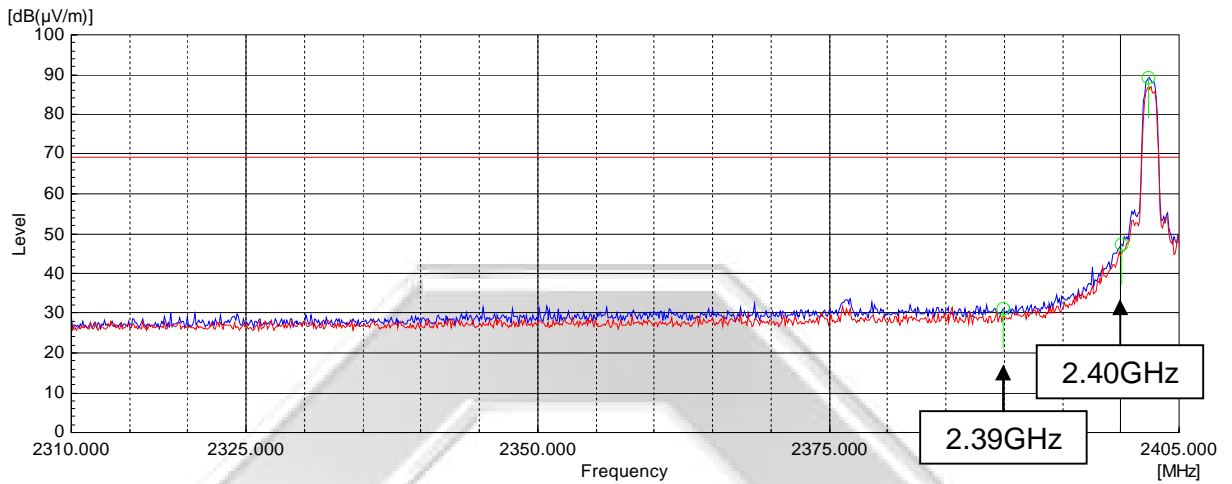
Plot 61 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



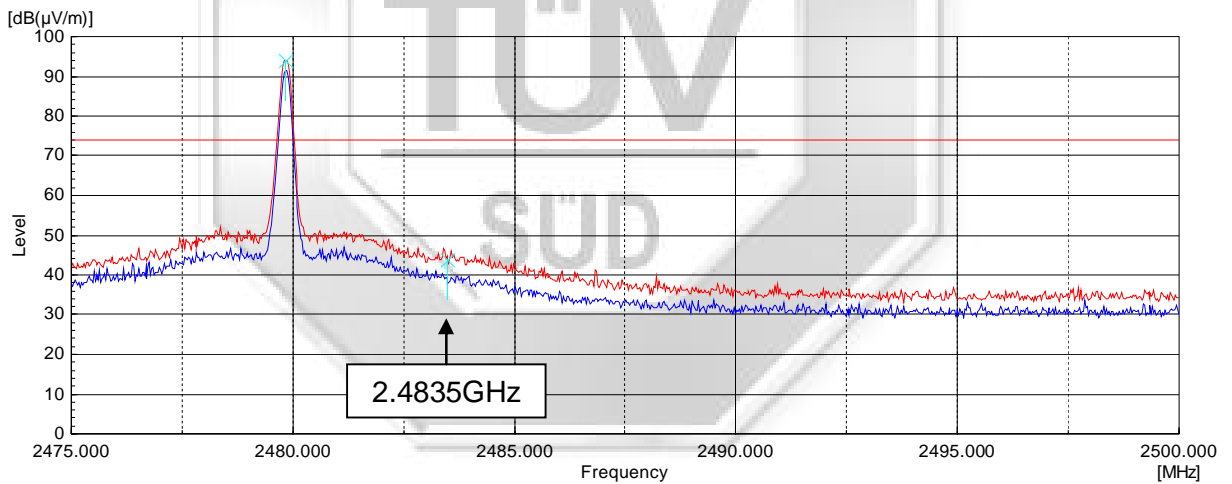
Plot 62 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (20dB Delta from Carrier at Band Edge) - EDR 3Mbps



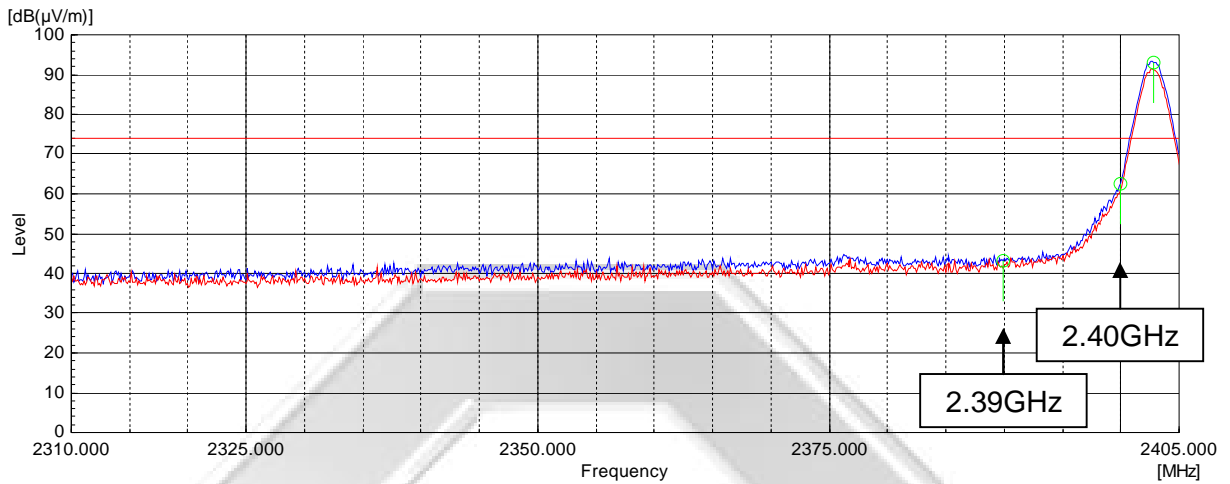
Plot 63 – Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



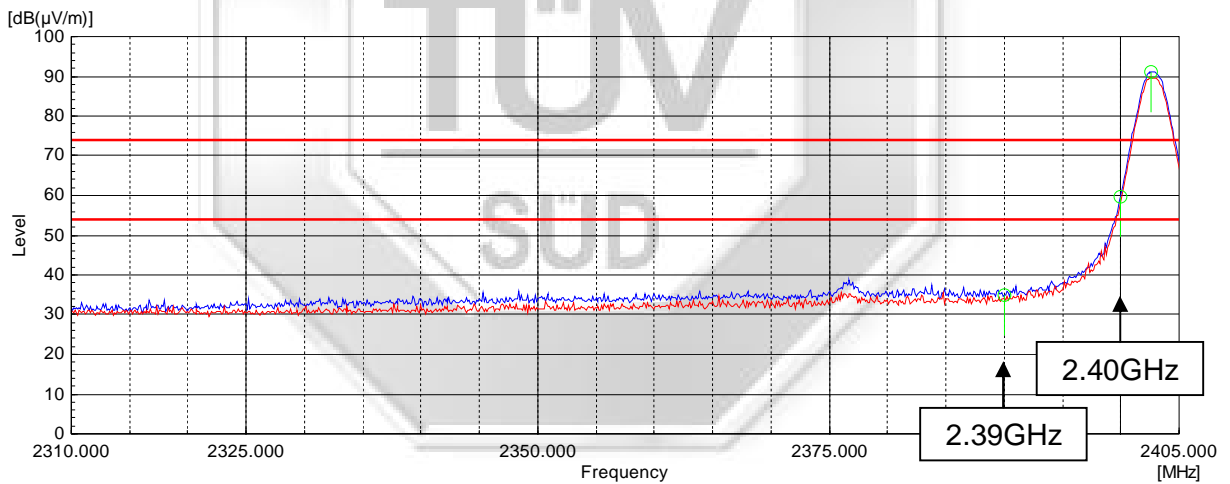
Plot 64 – Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - EDR 3Mbps



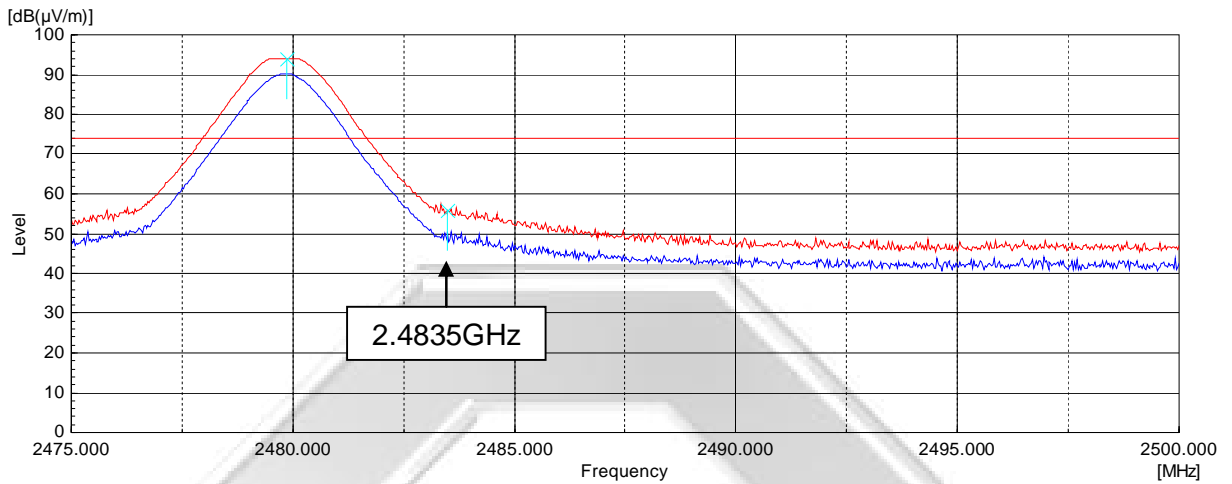
Plot 65 – Peak Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz



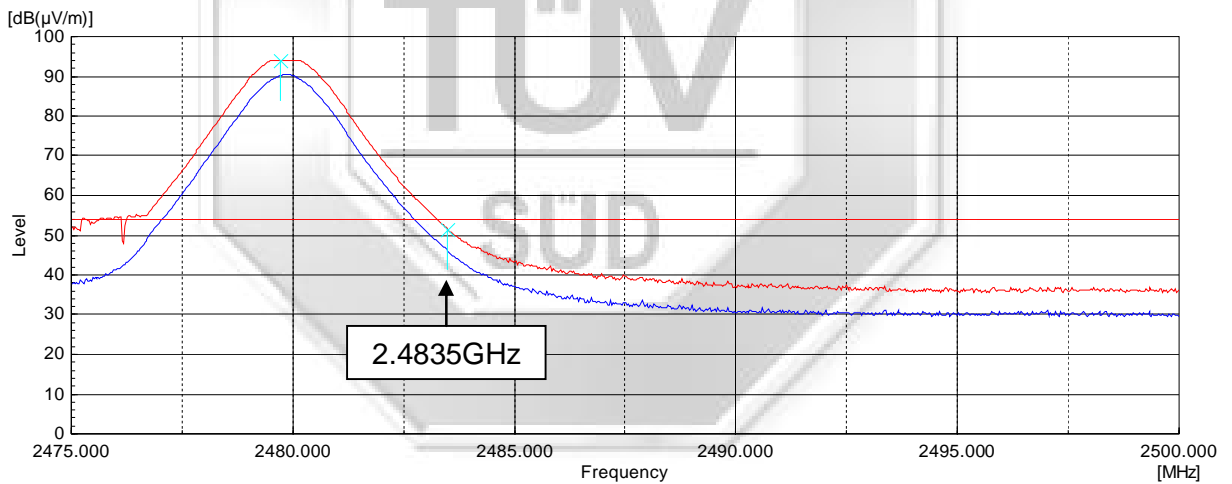
Plot 66 – Average Plot at Lower Band Edge at 2.4000GHz

BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE (RADIATED) TEST

Band Edge Compliance (Radiated) Plots (Restricted Band) - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 67 – Peak Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



Plot 68 – Average Plot at Upper Band Edge at 2.4835GHz



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator (EUT) to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm (6.3mW) in any 3kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Instrumentation

Instrument	Model	S/No	Cal Due Date
Agilent Spectrum Analyzer	E7405A	MY45106084	01 Aug 2014

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

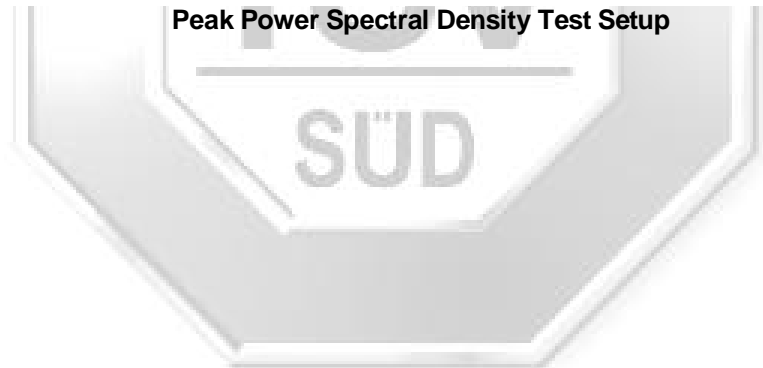
1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up as shown in the setup photo.
2. The power supply for the EUT was connected to a filtered mains.
3. The RF antenna connector was connected to the spectrum via a low-loss coaxial cable.
4. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) and the video bandwidth (VBW) of the spectrum analyser were respectively set to 3kHz and 10kHz.
5. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another filtered mains.

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Test Method

1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. The EUT was then configured to operate in the test mode, non-hopping with transmitting frequency at Channel 0 (2.402GHz) (*lower ch*).
2. The sweep time of the spectrum analyser was set to the value of the ratio of the frequency span divided by the RBW.
3. The peak power density of the transmitting frequency was detected and recorded.
4. The step 3 was repeated with the transmitting frequency was set to Channel 39 (2.441GHz) (*mid ch*) and Channel 78 (2.480GHz) (*upper ch*) respectively.



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST





PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density Results

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	69 – 71	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	BDR 1Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.143	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.142	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.141	6.3

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	72 – 74	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 2Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

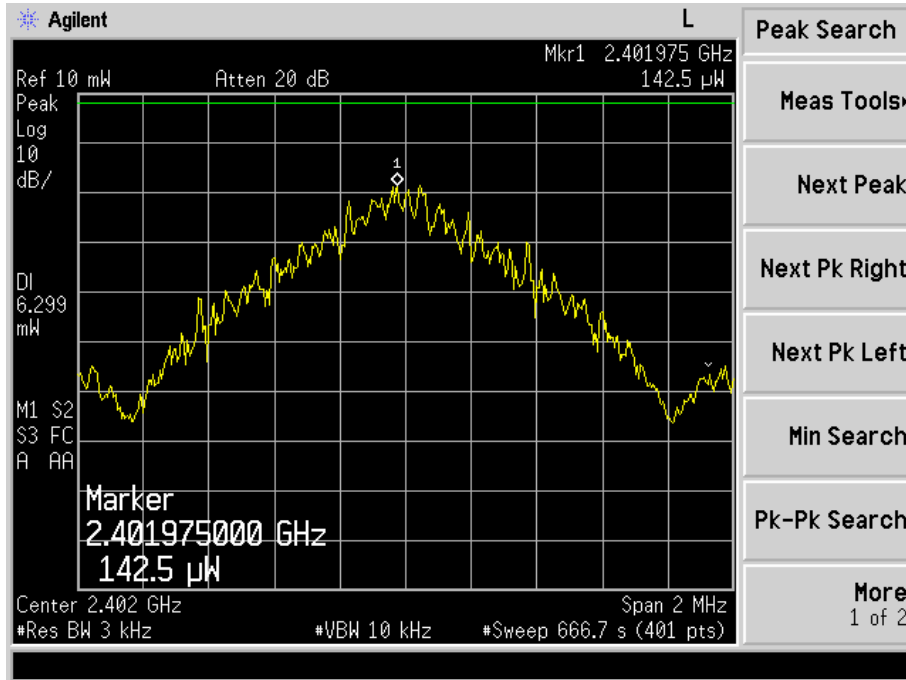
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.036	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.036	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.036	6.3

Test Input Power	120V 60Hz	Temperature	26°C
Attached Plots	75 – 77	Relative Humidity	60%
Data Rate	EDR 3Mbps	Atmospheric Pressure	1030mbar
		Tested By	Chang Wai Kit

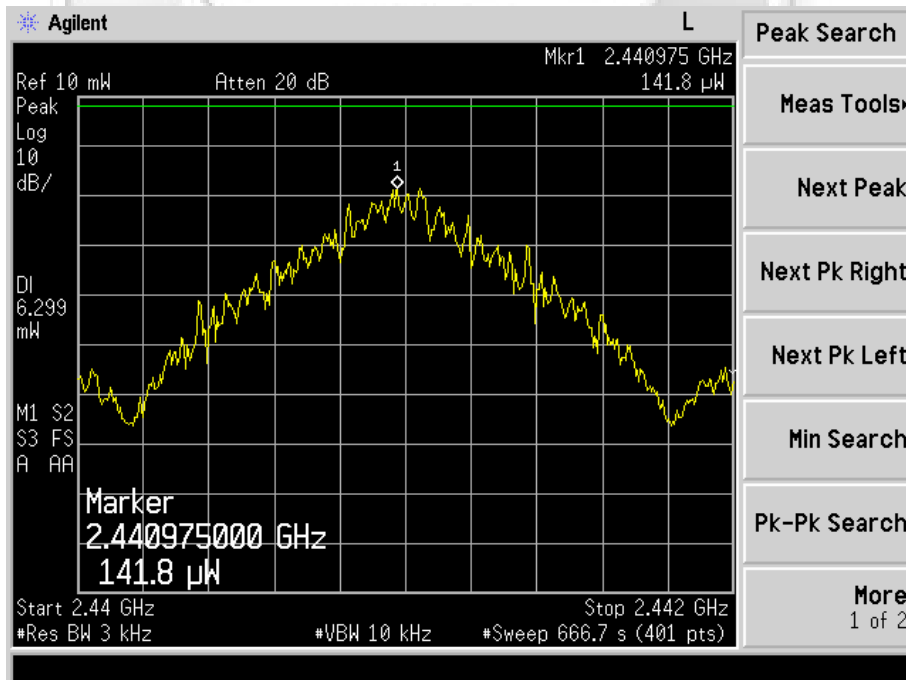
Channel	Channel Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power Spectral Density (mW)	Limit (mW)
0 (lower ch)	2.402	0.035	6.3
39 (mid ch)	2.441	0.035	6.3
78 (upper ch)	2.480	0.034	6.3

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - BDR 1Mbps



Plot 69 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

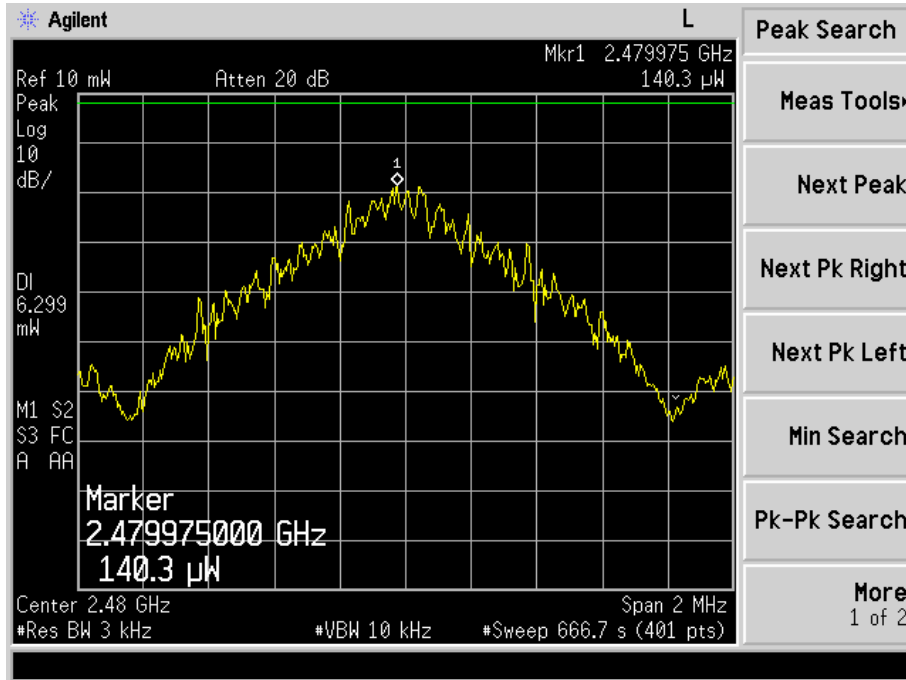


Plot 70 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - BDR 1Mbps

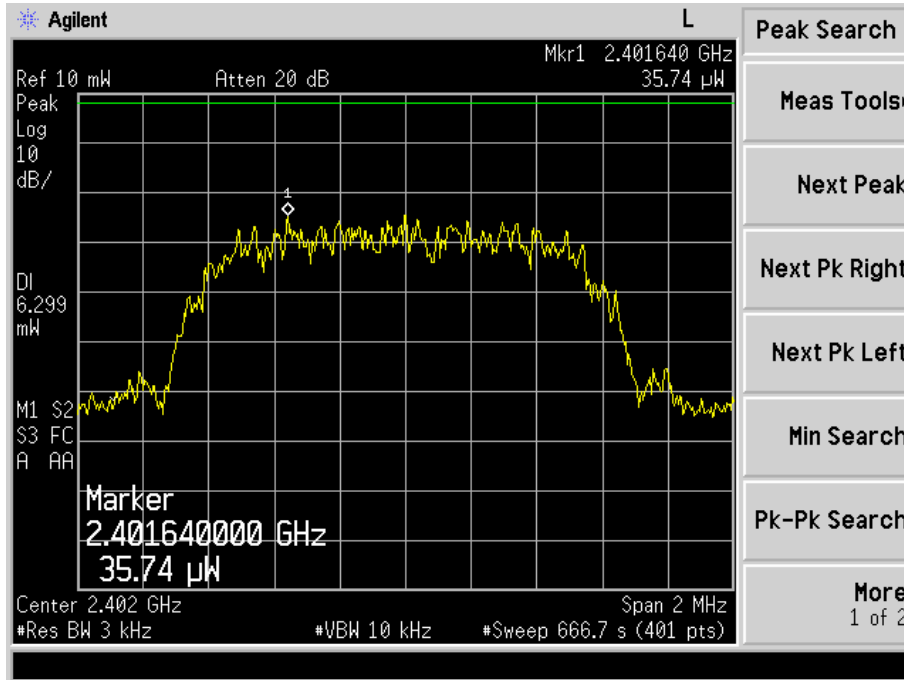


Plot 71 - Channel 78 (upper ch)

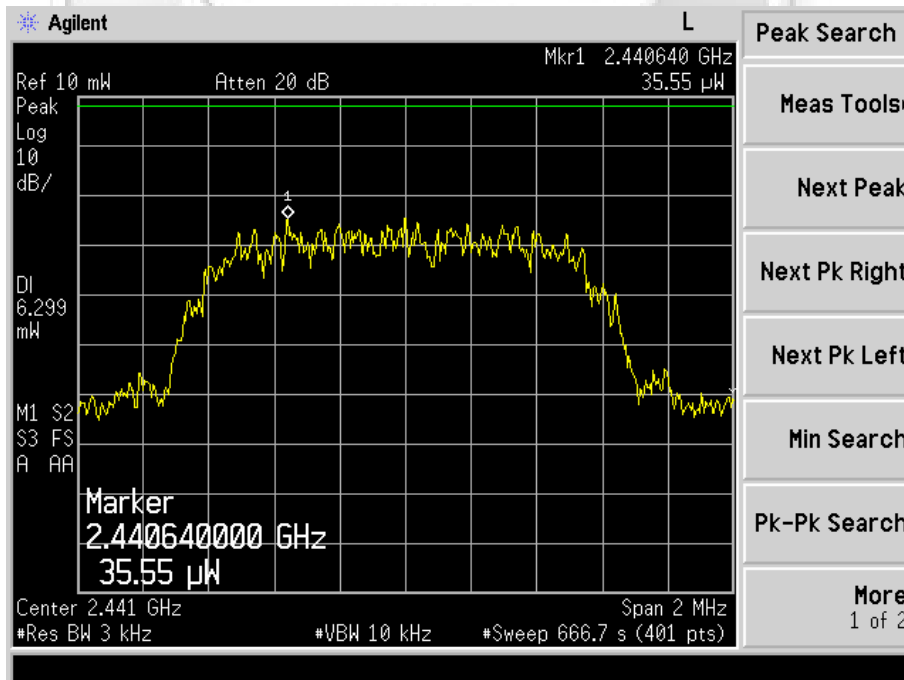


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - EDR 2Mbps



Plot 72 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

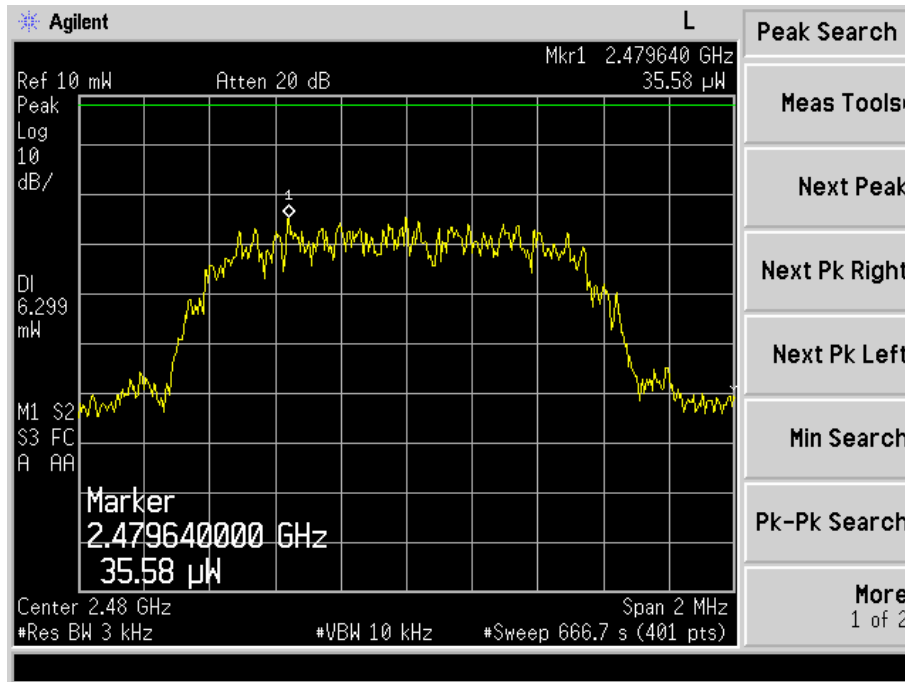


Plot 73 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - EDR 2Mbps



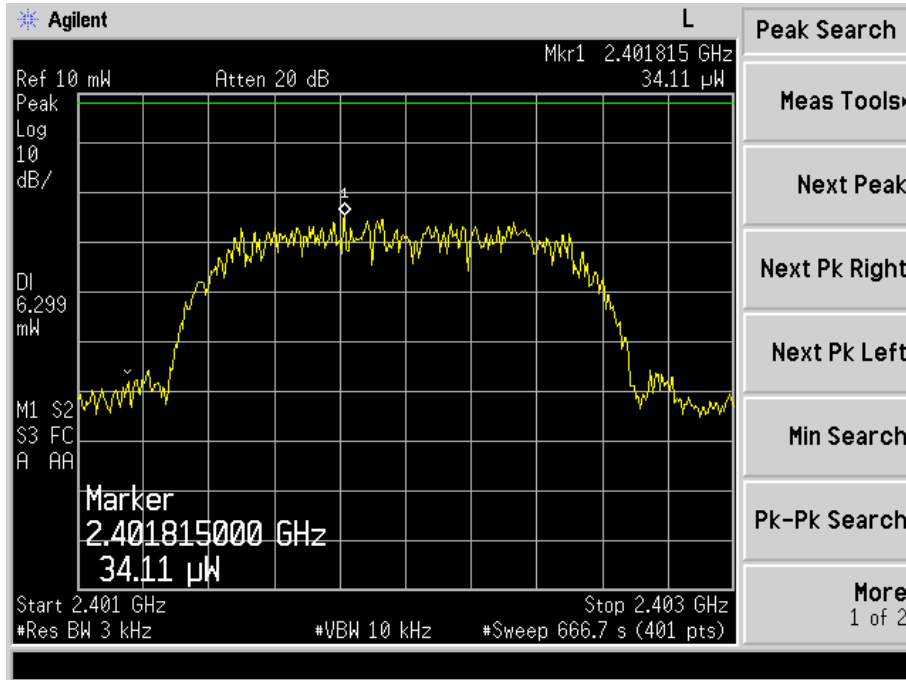
Plot 74 – Channel 78 (upper ch)



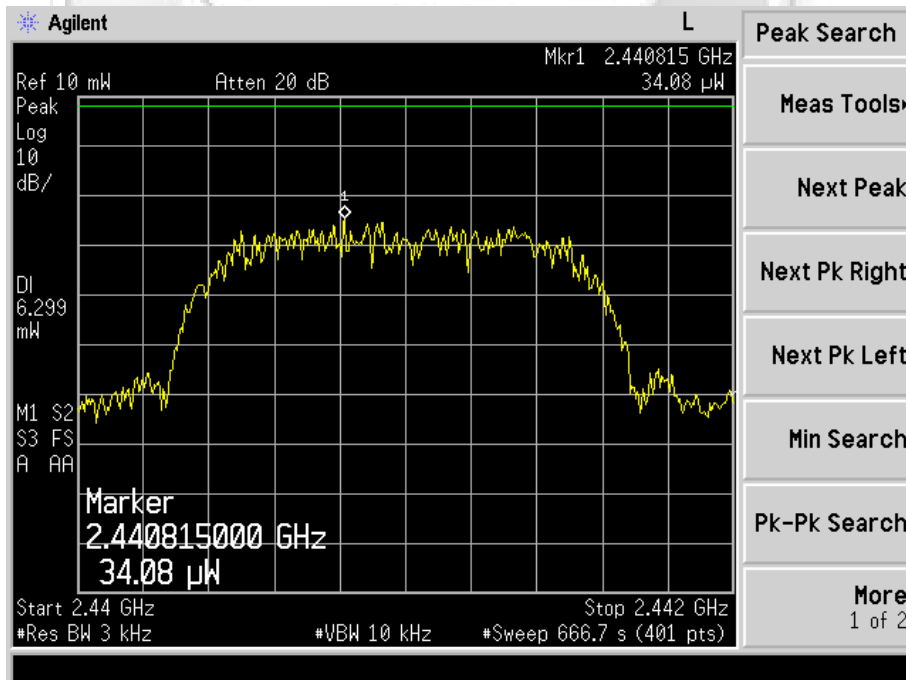


PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 75 – Channel 0 (lower ch)

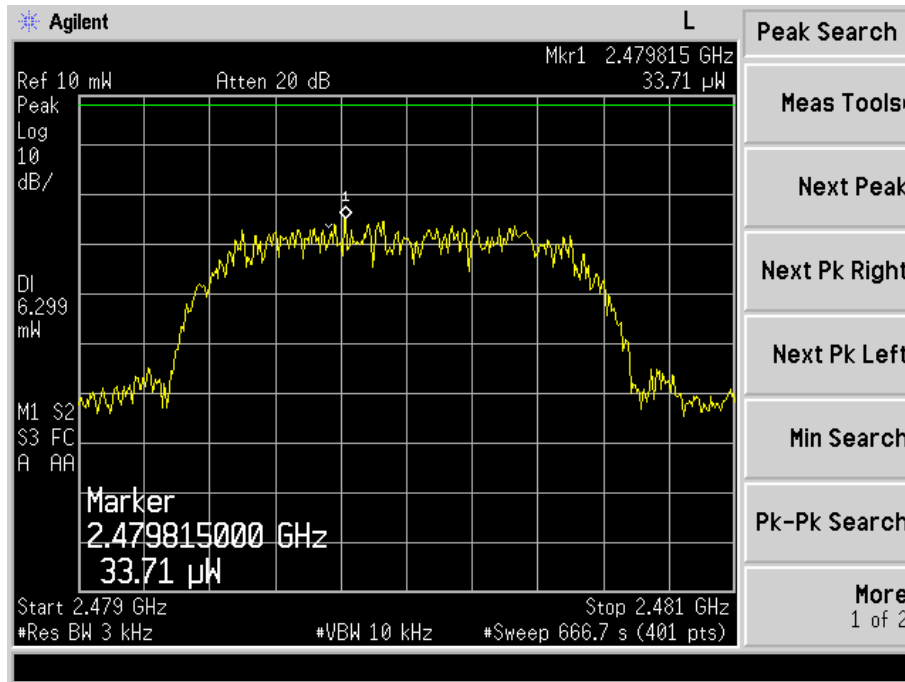


Plot 76 – Channel 39 (mid ch)



PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY TEST

Peak Power Spectral Density Plots - EDR 3Mbps



Plot 77 - Channel 78 (upper ch)





MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE) TEST

47 CFR FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limits

The EUT shows compliance to the requirements of this section, which states the MPE limits for general population / uncontrolled exposure are as shown below:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (min)
0.3 - 1.34	614	1.63	100 ^{Note 2}	30
1.34 - 30	824 / f	2.19 / f	180 / f ² ^{Note 2}	30
30 - 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 - 1500	-	-	f / 1500	30
1500 - 100000	-	-	1.0	30
Notes				
1.	f = frequency in MHz			
2.	Plane wave equivalent power density			

47 CFR FCC Part 1.1310 Maximum Permissible Exposure Computation

The power density at 20cm distance was computed from the following formula:

$$S = (30GP) / (377d^2)$$

where

- S = Power density in W/m²
- P = 0.0016W (maximum peak measured from Maximum Peak Power)
- d = Test distance at 0.2m
- G = Numerical isotropic gain, 1.59 (2.0dBi)

Substituting the relevant parameters into the formula:

$$S = [(30GP) / 377d^2]$$

$$= 0.0050 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$= 0.0005 \text{ mW/cm}^2$$

∴ The power density of the EUT at 20cm distance is 0.005mW/cm² based on the above computation and found to be lower than the power density limit of 1.0mW/cm².



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