



DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE: MPE ASSESSMENT

EME Test Laboratory

8000 West Sunrise Blvd Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

lale, FL, 33322

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SR9230_FCC MPE rpt_XPR5550_UHF_Mobile_

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Responsible Engineer:

er:

Stephen C. Whalen (Principal Staff EME Test Engineer) Stephen C. Whalen (Principal Staff EME Test Engineer)

Report author: Date(s) Tested:

04/09/2011 - 04/10/2011, 4/19/2011, 5/27/2011

Manufacturer/Location:

Motorola, Penang

Date submitted for test:

2/16/2011

DUT Description:

2/10/2011

%■.

XPR 5550 UHF Range 1, 403-470 MHz, 25-40W, radio with

internal GPS and Bluetooth

Test TX mode(s):

CW

Max. Power output:

48 Watts UHFR1; 10mW (Bluetooth)

TX Frequency Bands:

403-470 MHz; 2.402-2.480 GHz (Bluetooth) FM, and TDMA 1:2, FHSS(BT)

Signaling type: Model(s) Tested

PMUE3649A

Model(s) Certified:

PMUE3649A 511TMB0001

Serial Number(s): Classification:

Occupational/Controlled Environment

FCC ID:

ABZ99FT4088

Part 90 UHF (406.1-470MHz) MPE results outside of Part 90 are

not applicable for FCC compliance demonstration.

IC:

109AB-99FT4088

UHF (406.1-430MHz and 450-470MHz)

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 3.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola Solutions Inc. EME Laboratory.

I attest to the accuracy of the data and assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements.

This reporting format is consistent with the suggested guidelines of the TIA TSB-159 April 2006

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated herein.

FOR Deanna Zakharia

EME Lab Senior Resource Manager and Laboratory Director

Approval Date: 8/5/11

Certification Date: 06/17/2011

Certification No.: L1110634P

Document Revision History

Date	Revision	Comments
04/25/2011	О	Initial release
06/17/2011	A	Antenna model update and additional antenna data included
08/04/2011	В	Changed 406MHz to 406.1MHz where applicable

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1.0 Introduction

This report details the test setup, test equipment and test results of Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) performed at Motorola's outside test site for product model PMUE3649A.

2.0 Abbreviations / Definitions

BS: Bystander BT: Bluetooth

4FSK: 4-Level Frequency Shift Keying

CNR: Calibration Not Required

CW: Continues Wave
DUT: Device Under Test
EME: Electromagnetic Energy

FHSS: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

FM: Frequency Modulation GPS: Global Positioning System

MPE: Maximum Permissible Exposure

NA: Not Applicable
PB: Passenger Backseat
PF: Passenger Front seat

PTT: Push to Talk

SAR: Specific Absorption Rate

TDMA: Time Division Multiple Access

3.0 Referenced Standards and Guidelines

This product is designed to comply with the following applicable national and international standards and guidelines.

- United States Federal Communications Commission, Code of Federal Regulations; Rule Part 47CFR § 1.1310, § 2.1091 (d) and § 2.1093 for RF Exposure, where applicable.
- Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1999
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1992. Specific to FCC rules and regulations.
- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) C95.3-2002
- Ministry of Health (Canada) Safety Code 6 (2009), Limits of Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz

4.0 Power Density Limits

Table 1 – Occupational / Controlled Exposure Limits

Frequency	FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C	IEEE C95.1 1992/1999	RSS 102 issue 4 - 2010
Range (MHz)	mW/cm^2	mW/cm^2	W/m^2
30 - 300	1.0		*10.0
10 - 400			
100 - 300		1.0	
300 - 1,500	f/300		f/30
300 - 3,000		f/300	
400 - 2,000			
1,500 - 15,000			50.0
1,500 - 100,000	5.0		
2,000 – 300,000			_
3,000 - 300,000		10.0	

^{*}Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100MHz

Table 2 – General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits

Frequency	FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C	IEEE C95.1 1992/1999	RSS 102 issue 4 – 2010
Range (MHz)	mW/cm^2	mW/cm^2	W/m^2
30 – 300	0.2		*2.0
10 - 400			
100 - 300		0.2	
100 - 400			
300 – 1,500	f/1,500		f/150
$400 - 2{,}000$			
300 – 15,000		f/1,500	
1,500 – 15,000			10.0
1,500 – 100,000	1.0		
2,000 – 100,000			
2,000 – 300,000			

^{*}Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100MHz

5.0 N_c Test Channels

The number of test channels are determined by using Equation 1 below. This equation is available in FCC's KDB 447498. The test channels are appropriately spaced across the antenna's frequency range.

$$\begin{split} & Equation~1-Number~of~test~channels \\ &N_c = Round~\{[100(f_{high}-f_{low})/f_c]^{0.5}~x~(f_c~/~100)^{0.2}\} \end{split}$$

where N_c is the number of test channels, f_{high} and f_{low} are the highest and lowest frequencies within the transmission band, f_c is the mid-band frequency, and frequencies are in MHz.

6.0 Measurement Equipment

Table 3 - Equipment

Equipment Type	Model #	SN	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Automobile	2003 Ford Crown Victoria, 4-Door	NA	NA	NA
Survey Meter	ETS Model HI-2200	00086316	01/04/2011	01/04/2012
Probe – E-Field	ETS Model E100	00109011	01/0 4 /2011	01/04/2012

E-field measurements are in mW/cm^2.

7.0 Measurement System Uncertainty Levels

Table 4 - Uncertainty Budget for Near Field Probe Measurements

	Tol. (± %)	Prob.	Divisor	<i>u_i</i> (±%)	
Measurement System	(± /0)	DISt.	DIVISUI	(± /0)	v_i
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1.00	6.0	8
Survey Meter Calibration	3.0	N	1.00	3.0	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	8.0	R	1.73	4.6	8
Linearity	5.0	R	1.73	2.9	8
Pulse Response	1.0	R	1.73	0.6	8
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.73	1.7	8
RF Reflections	8.0	R	1.73	4.6	8
Probe Positioning	10.0	R	1.73	5.8	8
Test sample Related					
Antenna Positioning	3.0	N	1.00	3.0	8
Power drift	5.0	R	1.73	2.9	8
Combined Standard					
Uncertainty		RSS		12.2	∞
Expanded Uncertainty					
(95% CONFIDENCE					
LEVEL)		k=2		24	

8.0 Product and System Description

Model PMUE3649A is a mobile transceiver that utilizes analog and digital two-way radio communications, Bluetooth and GPS technologies. The analog modulation scheme uses narrowband Frequency Modulation (FM). The digital modulational scheme is 4 Level Frequency Shift Keying (4FSK) and Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA). The system can accommodate 2-voice channels in a standard 12.5 kHz channel as used in two-way radio. The TDMA 1:2 protocol allocates portions of the RF signal by dividing time into two slots (2 slots TDMA). Transmission from a unit or base station is accommodated in time-slot lengths of 30 milliseconds and frame lengths of 60 milliseconds. This product also incorporates a Class 1 (10mW max power) BT modem which uses Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology. The Bluetooth radio modem is used to link wireless audio accessories. The maximum transmission duty cycle of 29.3% is imposed by the Bluetooth standard.

The maximum duty cycle for TDMA is 1:2 (50%) and is controlled by software. The FM signal is continuous. However, because of hand shaking or Push-To-Talk (PTT) between users and/or base stations a conservative 50% duty cycle is applied. The TDMA mode was not tested because its duty cycle is inherently 50% and would include an additional 50% duty cycle for PTT.

The intended use of the radio is PTT while the device is properly installed in a vehicle with an external antenna mounted at the roof or trunk.

This device will be marketed to and used by employees solely for work-related operations, such as public safety agencies, e.g. police, fire and emergency medical. User training is the responsibility of these agencies which can be expected to employ the usage instructions, safety information and operational cautions set forth in the user's manual, instructional sessions or other means.

Accordingly this product is classified as Occupational/Controlled Exposure. However, in accordance with FCC requirements, the passengers inside the vehicle and the bystanders external to the vehicle are evaluated to the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure Limits.

(Note that "Bystanders" as used herein are people other than operator)

9.0 Additional Options and Accessories

Refer to Table 5 for complete list of tested antennas.

PMAN4004A - Optional GPS base.

Below are additional antenna kits which include the tested antennas in Table 5 and optional GPS base.

PMAE4030A – Includes GPS base and tested antenna PMAE4039A.

PMAE4031A - Includes GPS base and tested antenna PMAE4041A.

PMAE4032A - Includes GPS base and tested antenna PMAE4040A.

PMAE4033A - Includes GPS base and tested antenna PMAE4042A.

PMAE4034A - Includes GPS base and tested antenna PMAE4043A.

HAE6019A - Includes GPS base and tested antenna HAE6029A.

10.0 Test Set-Up Description

Assessments were performed with mobile radio installed in the test vehicle while engine was at idle, at the specified distances and test locations indicated in sections 11.0, 12.0 and Appendix A.

All antennas described in Table 5 were considered in order to develop the test plan for this product. Antennas were installed and tested per their appropriate mount locations (Roof / Trunk) and defined test channels.

11.0 Method of Measurement with trunk mounted antenna(s)

11.1 External/Bystander vehicle MPE measurements

Antenna is located at the center of the trunk. Refer to Appendix A for antenna location and distance.

MPE measurements for bystander (BS) conditions are determined by taking the average of (10) measurements in a 2 m vertical line for each of the (3) bystander test locations indicated in Appendix A with 20 cm height increments, with antenna to probe sensor separation distances of 90 cm directly behind vehicle, 104 cm (45 degree radial) and 110.5 cm (90 degree radial). The separation distance used for testing is defined from the antenna where as the RF safety booklet defines the same distance from the vehicle body to ensure that the assessment is applicable to other vehicles The measurement probe is positioned orthogonal to antenna (typically parallel to ground with a vertically mounted antenna) and aimed directly at the antenna's axis. These measurements are representative of persons other than the operator standing next to the vehicle

Each of the offered antennas mounted at the center of the trunk were assessed at the rear of the vehicle while maintaining a minimum of twenty (20) centimeter separation distance between the probe sensor and vehicle body. The worst case antenna was then tested at a 45° radial at the corner of the trunk, and 90° radial at the side of the trunk.

Note: The distance from the centered trunk-mounted antenna to the rear edge of the vehicle is 42cm and the distance from the rear edge of the vehicle to the survey probe sensor is 48cm.

11.2 Internal/Passenger vehicle MPE measurements

Antenna is located toward the center of the trunk at a minimum 85cm from backseat passenger. Users are instructed, per installation manual, to mount antennas on the roof only if a minimum 85cm cannot be achieved. Refer to Appendix A for antenna location and distance.

MPE measurements for passenger front seat (PF) and backseat (PB) conditions are determined by taking the average of the (3) measurements (Head, Chest, and Lower Trunk) inside the vehicle for both the front and back seats.

The backseat is a bench seat and therefore each position (Head, Chest & Lower Trunk) were scanned across (horizontally) the seat starting from the middle of the seat to the edge of the seat stopping 20 cm from the vehicle door. Similar process was used in the front bucket seat.

The probe handle is oriented parallel (horizontal) to the ground and pointed towards the back of the vehicle. The probe handle is not oriented normal to the seat surface. The probe head (incorporating the field sensors) is scanned continuously (using the max-hold function available in the meter) along three test axes which are parallel to the seat angle (intended as the line determined by the intersection of the plane of the seat and the plane of the backrest) and are 20 cm from the seat surface. One test axis is at the Head height, another is at the Chest height, and another is at the Lower Trunk height. The maximum field level value recorded for each test axis is logged. The MPE is determined by averaging these three maximum values regardless of the geometrical location where they were observed. For instance, the locations of the three maxima may lie on different vertical (relative to ground) lines.

This approach leads to results that are representative of the exposure of vehicle occupants since it is based on an average across the body portions closest to the antenna for both trunk and roof mount positions, and is conservatively biased because the highest results for each test axis are combined, e.g. the highest head exposure could be in the middle of the seat while the highest lower trunk exposure could be closer to the door

12.0 Method of Measurement with roof mounted antenna(s)

12.1 External/Bystander vehicle MPE measurements

Antenna is located at the center of the roof. Refer to Appendix A for antenna location and distance.

MPE measurements for bystander (BS) conditions are determined by taking the average of (10) measurements in a 2m vertical line for the test location indicated in Appendix A with 20cm increments at the test distance of 117cm from the antenna under test. The measurement probe is positioned orthogonal to antenna (typically parallel to ground with a vertically mounted antenna) and aimed directly at the antenna's axis. These measurements are representative of persons other than the operator standing next to the vehicle.

Note: Actual test distance was approximately 117cm from centered roof-mounted antenna to the probe element (97cm from antenna to edge of car door and 20cm from the edge of the car door to the survey probe sensor); this is the closest distance that can be achieved to a centered roof-mounted antenna used for MPE compliance assessment herein.

12.2 Internal/Passenger vehicle MPE measurements

Antenna is located at the center of the roof. Refer to Appendix A for antenna location and distance.

MPE measurements for passenger front seat (PF) and backseat (PB) conditions are determined by taking the average of the (3) measurements (Head, Chest, and Lower Trunk) inside the vehicle for both the front and back seats.

The backseat is a bench seat and therefore each position (Head, Chest & Lower Trunk) were scanned across (horizontally) the seat starting from the middle of the seat to the edge of the seat stopping 20 cm from the vehicle door. Similar process was used in the front bucket seat.

The probe handle is oriented parallel (horizontal) to the ground and pointed towards the back of the vehicle. The probe handle is not oriented normal to the seat surface. The probe head (incorporating the field sensors) is scanned continuously (using the max-hold function available in the meter) along three test axes which are parallel to the seat angle (intended as the line determined by the intersection of the plane of the seat and the plane of the backrest) and are 20 cm from the seat surface. One test axis is at the Head height, another is at the Chest height, and another is at the Lower Trunk height. The maximum field level value recorded for each test axis is logged. The MPE is determined by averaging these three maximum values regardless of the geometrical location where they were observed. For instance, the locations of the three maxima may lie on different vertical (relative to ground) lines.

This approach leads to results that are representative of the exposure of vehicle occupants since it is based on an average across the body portions closest to the antenna for both trunk and roof mount positions, and is conservatively biased because the highest results for each test axis are combined, e.g. the highest head exposure could be in the middle of the seat while the highest lower trunk exposure could be closer to the door

13.0 MPE Calculations

The final MPE results for this mobile radio are presented in section 15.0 Tables 6 - 9. These results are based on 50% duty cycle for PTT.

Below is an explanation of how the MPE results are calculated. Refer to Appendix D for MPE measurement results and calculations.

External to vehicle (Bystander) - 10 measurements are averaged over the body (*Avg_over_body*). Internal to vehicle (Passengers) - 3 measurements are averaged over the body (*Avg_over_body*).

The Average over Body test methodology is consistent with IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 guidelines.

Therefore:

```
Equation 2 – Power Density Calculation (Calc._P.D.)

Calc._P.D. = (Avg _over _body)*(probe _ frequency _cal _ factor)*(duty _cycle)
```

Note1: The highest "average" cal factors from the calibration certificates were selected for the applicable frequency range. Linear interpretation was used to determine "probe_frequency_cal_factor" for the specific test frequencies.

Note 2: The E-field probe calibration certificate's frequency cal factors were determined by measuring V/m. The survey meter's results were measured in power density (mW/cm^2) and therefore the "probe_frequency_cal_factor" was squared in equation 2 to account for these results.

Note 3: The H-field probe calibration certificate's frequency cal factors were determined by measuring A/m. The survey meter's results were measured in A/m and therefore the "Avg_over_body" A/m results were converted to power density (mW/cm^2) using the equation 3. H-field measurements are only applicable to frequencies below 300MHz.

Equation 3 – Converting A/m to mW/cm^2

$$mW/cm^2 = (A/m)^2*37.699$$

Equation 4 – Power Density Maximum Calculation

$$Max_Calc._P.D. = P.D._calc* \frac{max_output_power}{initial_output_power}$$

Note 4; For initial output power> max_output_power; max_output_power / initial output power = 1

14.0 Antenna Summary

Table 5 below summarizes the tested antennas, overlap of FCC bands and the number of test channels per FCC KDB 447498. This information was used to determine the test configurations presented in this report.

Table 5

#	Antenna Model	Frequency Range (MHz)	Physical Length (cm)	Gain (dBi)	Remarks	Mount Location (Roof/Trunk)	Overlap FCC Bands	N _c Test Channels (KDB447498)
					1/4 wave,			
1	HAE4002A	403-430	17.5	2.15	wire	R/T	406.1-430	3
					1/4 wave,			
2	HAE4003A	450-470	16.0	2.15	wire	R/T	450-470	3
					5/8 wave,			
3	HAE4010A	406-420	84.3	5.65	trap-loaded	R/T	406.1-420	2
					5/8 wave,			
4	HAE4011A	450-470	73.2	5.65	trap-loaded	R/T	450-470	3
			95.5					
			91.5		5/8 wave,			
5	*RAE4004ARB	445-470	89.0	7.15	trap-loaded	R/T	445-470	3
					1/2 wave,			
6	HAE6022A	403-527	27.8	4.15	wire	R/T	406.1-470	5
					1/4 wave,			
7	PMAE4039A	403-430	14.9	2.15	wire	R/T	406.1-430	3
					1/4 wave,			
8	PMAE4041A	450-470	12.5	2.15	wire	R/T	450-470	3
					5/8 wave,			
9	PMAE4040A	406-420	36.0	5.65	wire	R/T	406.1-420	2
1					5/8 wave,			
0	PMAE4042A	450-470	31.0	5.65	wire	R/T	450-470	3
1					5/8 wave,			
1	PMAE4043A	450-470	76.8	7.15	trap-loaded	R/T	450-470	3
1					1/2 wave,			
2	HAE6029A	403-527	28.0	4.15	wire	R/T	406.1-470	5

^{*} Antennas trimmed per test frequency.

15.0 Test Results Summary

The following tables below summarize the MPE results for each test configuration: antenna location, test positions (BS-Bystander, PB-Passenger Backseat, PF-Passenger Front seat), E/H field measurements, angle, antenna model & freq. range, maximum output power, initial power, TX frequency, max calculated power density results, applicable FCC/IEEE specification limits and % of the applicable specification limits.

Table 6

Bystander MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.10	0.27	37.7
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.10	0.28	34.4
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.13	0.29	44.9
				HAE4002A	48	46.7	450.0125	0.13	0.30	43.0
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.14	0.31	46.2
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.11	0.31	35.1
			0	HAE4010A,	48	47.4	406.0125	0.07	0.27	26.5
				406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.06	0.28	23.3
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.02	0.28	8.5
		BS E								
Trunk	BS			HAE4011A,	48	46.7	450.0125	0.09	0.30	28.4
				450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.07	0.31	24.0
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.04	0.31	13.0
				RAE4004ARB,	48	46.6	445.0125	0.06	0.30	20.5
				445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.09	0.31	30.2
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.07	0.31	22.2
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	40.1
				HAE6022A	48	46.9	419.9875	0.12	0.28	44.6
				HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.15	0.29	50.8
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.14	0.30	45.8
						48	47.8	469.9875	0.11	0.31

Table 6 (continued)

Bystander MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.04	0.27	13.5
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.02	0.28	8.7
				103 130 11112	48	46.8	429.9875	0.10	0.29	36.3
				DISA E 40.41 A	48	46.7	450.0125	0.03	0.30	9.1
				PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.01	0.31	4.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.05	0.31	14.7
				D. 5 4 D 40 40 4	48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	42.1
				PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.11	0.28	41.7
				100 120 11112	48	46.9	419.9875	0.12	0.28	44.6
			Е 0							
				DIA E 40 40 4	48	46.7	450.0125	0.12	0.30	39.1
				PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.13	0.31	42.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.11	0.31	34.8
Trunk	BS	E								
				PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.11	0.30	36.9
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.11	0.31	36.2
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.09	0.31	29.0
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	42.3
				1145,0004	48	46.9	419.9875	0.12	0.28	44.4
				HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.16	0.29	54.2
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.14	0.30	46.9
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.11	0.31	36.4
			45	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.12	0.29	40.4
			90	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.11	0.29	38.1

Table 7
Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
				****	48	47.4	406.0125	0.28	0.27	104.9*
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.31	0.28	111.2*
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.20	0.29	70.1
				114 5 4002 4	48	46.7	450.0125	0.23	0.30	76.1
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.22	0.31	72.3
				430-470 MHZ	48	47.8	469.9875	0.23	0.31	72.3
			E NA	114540104	48	47.4	406.0125	0.12	0.27	42.6
				HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.15	0.28	52.7
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.04	0.28	14.2
Trunk	PB	E		HAE4011A,	48	46.7	450.0125	0.16	0.30	53.2
Trunk	1.5	L.		450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.12	0.31	38.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.09	0.31	28.0
				DAE4004ADD	48	46.6	445.0125	0.03	0.30	10.2
				RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.02	0.31	6.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.10	0.31	32.7
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.32	0.27	118.1*
				HAE6022A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.24	0.28	85.5
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.22	0.29	74.1
				48	46.7	453.0125	0.29	0.30	96.3	
*T4		anda MDE		1::4	48	47.8	469.9875	0.23	0.31	74.9

^{*}Test configuration exceeds MPE FCC spec limit.

Table 7 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
				D. 5 4 T 4000 4	48	47.4	406.0125	0.08	0.27	30.6
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.08	0.28	28.4
				100 100 11111	48	46.8	429.9875	0.23	0.29	80.6
				D () E () () ()	48	46.7	450.0125	0.05	0.30	17.9
				PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.04	0.31	11.4
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.10	0.31	30.6
				DMAE 40 40 A	48	47.4	406.0125	0.26	0.27	97.3
				PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.33	0.28	119.0*
			NA		48	46.9	419.9875	0.33	0.28	116.8*
		Е								
Trunk	PB			PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.27	0.30	89.0
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.35	0.31	113.1*
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.25	0.31	79.2
				DM 4 E 40 42 4	48	46.6	450.0125	0.29	0.30	95.7
				PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.6	460.0125	0.29	0.31	95.2
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.20	0.31	62.8
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.29	0.27	106.1*
				HAE6020A	48	46.9	419.9875	0.37	0.28	132.1*
				HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.27	0.29	92.4
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.35	0.30	117.4*
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.25	0.31	81.3

^{*}Test configuration exceeds MPE FCC spec limit.

Table 7 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.09	0.27	34.8
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.05	0.28	18.9
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.04	0.29	14.5
				114 E4002 4	48	46.7	450.0125	0.11	0.30	36.4
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.11	0.31	35.9
				.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	20.6
			NA	TIA E 4010 A	48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	12.0
				HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.02	0.28	6.5
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.01	0.28	2.9
		Е								
Trunk	PF			114540114	48	46.7	450.0125	0.06	0.30	20.1
				HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.05	0.31	16.3
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	7.4
				D 4 E 400 4 4 D D	48	46.6	445.0125	0.01	0.30	4.0
				RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.04	0.31	13.8
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.03	0.31	9.5
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	39.0
				HAE6022A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.05	0.28	19.5
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.06	0.29	22.2
				48	46.7	453.0125	0.12	0.30	38.4	
NI. a. al. a. al.				diameter and ECC	48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	20.1

Table 7 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for trunk mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.04	0.27	16.2
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.02	0.28	6.5
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.05	0.29	16.2
				DMAEAGAIA	48	46.7	450.0125	0.02	0.30	7.8
				PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.01	0.31	4.4
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.03	0.31	10.6
				PMAE4040A,	48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	39.0
			NA	406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.07	0.28	27.2
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.05	0.28	19.5
Trunk	PF	Е		PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.11	0.30	35.3
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.14	0.31	44.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.09	0.31	27.4
				PMAE4043A,	48	46.6	450.0125	0.10	0.30	32.5
				450-470 MHz	48	46.6	460.0125	0.10	0.31	33.0
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	20.1
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.11	0.27	42.0
				HAE6029A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.06	0.28	22.4
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.09	0.29	30.8
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.13	0.30	44.0
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.09	0.31	29.6

 ${\bf Table~8}$ By stander MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.06	0.27	20.7
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.06	0.28	22.0
				403 430 WIIIZ	48	46.8	429.9875	0.05	0.29	17.6
					48	46.7	450.0125	0.06	0.30	19.6
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.06	0.31	21.0
				100 170 11112	48	47.8	469.9875	0.05	0.31	16.3
			NA	****	48	47.4	406.0125	0.04	0.27	13.9
				HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.04	0.28	13.1
				100 120 1/112	48	46.9	419.9875	0.01	0.28	4.4
Roof	BS	Е		HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.05	0.30	17.0
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.04	0.31	12.7
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	6.6
				D. 1740044.DD	48	46.6	445.0125	0.03	0.30	9.7
				RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.05	0.31	15.9
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.04	0.31	13.1
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.06	0.27	23.4
				HAE(022A	48	46.9	419.9875	0.06	0.28	21.1
				HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.06	0.29	20.7
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.06	0.30	20.7
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.05	0.31	17.1

Table 8 (continued)

Bystander MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.02	0.27	8.3
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.01	0.28	5.3
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.04	0.29	12.7
				DMAE 4041A	48	46.7	450.0125	0.01	0.30	3.7
				PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.01	0.31	1.8
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	7.0
			NA	DM 4 E 40 40 4	48	47.4	406.0125	0.06	0.27	22.2
				PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.06	0.28	21.3
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.06	0.28	19.8
				PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz						
Roof	BS	E			48	46.7	450.0125	0.06	0.30	18.8
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.06	0.31	20.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	19.8
				PMAE4043A,	48	46.7	450.0125	0.06	0.30	20.9
				450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.06	0.31	21.0
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	18.7
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.07	0.27	24.1
				HAE6029A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.06	0.28	22.8
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.07	0.29	22.9
				48	46.7	453.0125	0.06	0.30	20.7	
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.06	0.31	19.6

Table 9
Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
				****	48	47.4	406.0125	0.08	0.27	31.2
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.03	0.28	11.8
				100 100 11112	48	46.8	429.9875	0.02	0.29	7.5
				HA E 4002 A	48	46.7	450.0125	0.02	0.30	7.8
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.03	0.31	9.2
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	6.3
			NA	114540104	48	47.4	406.0125	0.00	0.27	1.8
				HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.00	0.28	1.2
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.00	0.28	0.0
		Е								
Roof	PB			HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.01	0.30	1.7
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.01	0.31	1.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.00	0.31	1.1
				RAE4004ARB,	48	46.6	445.0125	0.01	0.30	1.7
				445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.01	0.31	1.7
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.00	0.31	1.6
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.09	0.27	33.6
				HAE6022A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.03	0.28	10.6
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.02	0.29	8.0
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.03	0.30	11.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	7.4

Table 9 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	9.6
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.01	0.28	3.0
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.03	0.29	9.3
				DM 4 E 40 41 4	48	46.7	450.0125	0.01	0.30	2.2
				PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.00	0.31	0.0
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.01	0.31	3.7
			NA	PMAE4040A,	48	47.4	406.0125	0.08	0.27	29.4
				406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.04	0.28	15.4
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.03	0.28	11.8
Roof	PB	Е		PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.04	0.30	11.8
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.02	0.31	7.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.03	0.31	10.0
				PMAE4043A,	48	46.6	450.0125	0.01	0.30	3.9
				450-470 MHz	48	46.6	460.0125	0.01	0.31	2.8
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.01	0.31	2.6
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.08	0.27	30.6
				HAE6029A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.04	0.28	13.6
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.04	0.29	14.3
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.03	0.30	11.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.03	0.31	9.5

Table 9 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	9.6
				HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.02	0.28	7.1
				100 100 1111	48	46.8	429.9875	0.01	0.29	4.1
				114 5 4000 4	48	46.7	450.0125	0.02	0.30	7.8
				HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.03	0.31	8.7
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	6.3
			NA	114540104	48	47.4	406.0125	0.00	0.27	1.8
				HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.00	0.28	0.6
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.00	0.28	0.0
Roof	PF	Е		HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.01	0.30	1.7
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.01	0.31	1.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.00	0.31	0.5
				D A E 4004 A D D	48	46.6	445.0125	0.00	0.30	0.0
				RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	48	46.6	457.5	0.00	0.31	1.1
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.00	0.31	1.6
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	10.2
				HAE6022A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.02	0.28	6.5
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.01	0.29	4.6
					48	46.7	453.0125	0.02	0.30	7.8
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	7.9

Table 9 (continued)

Passenger MPE assessment to General Pop. / Uncontrolled Exposure Limits for roof mounted antennas.

Trunk/ Roof	Test Position	E/H Field	Angle (Degree)	Antenna Model	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm^2)	FCC Limit	% To Spec Limit
				48	47.4	406.0125	0.01	0.27	4.2	
				PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	48	47.1	416.5	0.00	0.28	1.8
					48	46.8	429.9875	0.01	0.29	3.5
				PMAE4041A,	48	46.7	450.0125	0.01	0.30	1.7
				450-470 MHz	48	47.2	460.0125	0.00	0.31	0.5
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.00	0.31	1.6
			NA	PMAE4040A,	48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	10.2
				406-420 MHz	48	47.4	413.0125	0.02	0.28	7.1
					48	46.9	419.9875	0.01	0.28	5.3
Roof	PF	Е		PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	48	46.7	450.0125	0.02	0.30	5.0
					48	47.2	460.0125	0.02	0.31	7.6
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	6.3
				PMAE4043A,	48	46.6	450.0125	0.01	0.30	2.2
				450-470 MHz	48	46.6	460.0125	0.01	0.31	2.8
					48	47.8	469.9875	0.01	0.31	2.1
					48	47.4	406.0125	0.03	0.27	10.2
				HAE6029A,	48	46.9	419.9875	0.01	0.28	5.3
				403-527MHz	48	47	436.5	0.01	0.29	5.1
				48	46.7	453.0125	0.02	0.30	6.1	
				1	48	47.8	469.9875	0.02	0.31	6.3

16.0 Conclusion

The assessments for this device were performed with an output power range as indicated in section 15.0 Tables 6 thru 9. The maximum allowable output power is equal to the upper limit of the final test factory transmit power specification of 48W (406.1 - 470MHz). The highest power density results for the mobile device scaled to the maximum allowable power output are indicated in the Table 10 for internal/passenger to the vehicle, and external/bystander to the vehicle.

Table 10: RF Exposure Results for 406.1-470MHz

	UHF Band
Passenger - Max Calculated Power Density	0.37mW/cm ²
Bystander - Max Calculated Power Density	0.16mW/cm ²

These MPE results herein demonstrate compliance to the FCC/IEEE Occupational/Controlled Exposure limit. FCC rules require compliance for Passengers and Bystanders to the FCC General Population/Uncontrolled limits. Although MPE is a convenient method of demonstrating compliance, SAR is recognized as the "basic restriction". For those configurations exceeding the MPE limit noted * in section 15 Tables 6 thru 9, compliance to the FCC SAR General Population/ Uncontrolled limit of 1.6mW/g is demonstrated in Appendix E via SAR computational analysis.

The computational results show that this device, when used with the offered antennas in accordance with the user manual instructions, exhibits the maximum peak 1-g average SAR values as indicated in the table below.

Results for 406.1-470MHz (Part 90)

Maximum peak 1g average SAR						
RF Exposure Results for 406.1-470MHz	0.52mW/g					

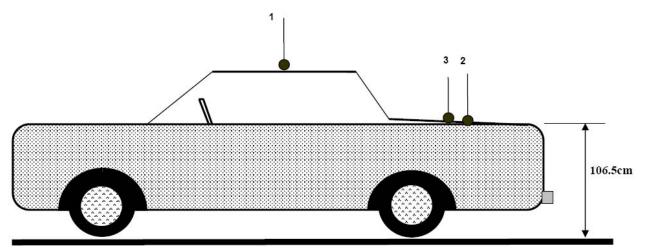
Results for 406-470MHz

Maximum peak 1g average SAR						
RF Exposure Results for 406 - 470MHz	0.56mW/g					

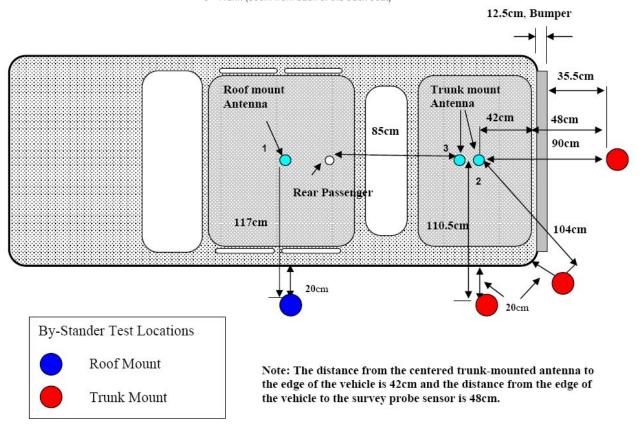
Bluetooth assessment for this device is not required per the guidelines in KDB447498, section 8. Note that the BT device and BT antenna are internal to the vehicular dash mount mobile radio while the UHF antennas are installed externally on the roof or trunk of a vehicle. The separation distance between the BT antenna and UHF antennas greatly exceed 20cm.

The average output power of the BT device is 2.93mW; 10mW (max power) * 29.3% (max duty cycle).

Appendix A - Illustration of Antenna Locations and Test Distances

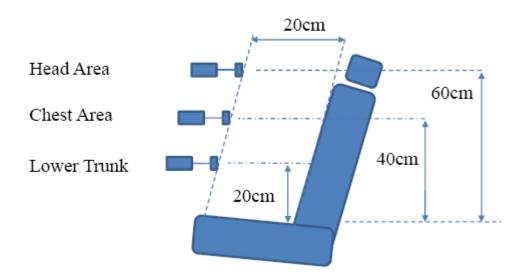


- 1 Roof (center)
- 2 Trunk (center) 3 Trunk (85cm from back of the back seat)



Seat scan areas (Applicable to both front and back seats)





Appendix B - Probe Calibration Certificates

Service Test Report QAF 1126, 06/07

Report ID: 82515



1301 Arrow Point Drive Cedar Park, Texas 78613 (512) 531-6498



Certificate of Test Conformance

Reference: S 000021039

Customer: AGILENT/MOTOROLA (FL)

The instrument listed below has been tested and verified to Internal Quality Standards. Test data is Not Applicable. Equipment used during instrument testing is controlled by laboratory compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-2005 using ETS-Lindgren Quality Management System internal procedures.

Manufacturer ETS-Lindgren

Instrument Type RF Survey Meter

Model HI-2200

Serial Number/ID 00086316

Status In

In Tolerance

Date Completed

04-Jan-11

Status Out

Compliant with Internal Quality Standards

Remarks

Performed functional test with customer probes.

I would like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation for using ETS-Lindgren for your EMI test equipment services and I am looking forward to continued business with your organization. Please feel free to contact our offices at (512) 531-6400, if you have any questions regarding this report.

Sincerely,

Richard Goodlow

Calibration Supervisor

Date Attested: 04-Jan-11





METS • LINDGREN

ALESCO Technologies Corpuny

Track# S000021039 Ltd Cal

By AS Date 04-Jan-11
Next Cal Due www.ets-lindgren.com

Cert I.D.: 82513 1301 Arrow Point Drive Cedar Park, Texas 78613 (512) 531-6498

Certificate of Calibration Conformance

The instrument identifed below has been individually calibrated in compliance with the following standard(s):

IEEE 1309 - 2005, Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas from 9 kHz to 40 GHz

Environment: Laboratory MTE is maintained in a temperature controlled environment with ambient conditions from 18 to 28 C, relative humidity less than 90%. The instrument under test has been calibrated in a suitable environment using an EMCO TEM Cell 5101C, GTEM! 5305 and an RF Shielded EMC Chamber which is conducive to maintaining accurate and reliable measurement quality.

Manufacturer:

ETS-Lindgren

Operating Range:

100kHz - 5GHz

Model Number: E100

Instrument Type:

Isotropic Probe > 1 GHz

Serial Number/ ID: 00

00109011

Date Code:

Tracking Number: Date Completed: S000021039 04-Jan-11 Alternate ID: Customer:

AGILENT/MOTOROLA (FL)

Test Type:

Standard Field, Field Strength

Calibration Uncertainty: k=2, (95% Confidence Level) Std Field Method

10kHz - 18000 MHz, +/-0.7 dB, 26.5GHz - 40GHz,+/- 0.95 dB

Test Remarks: Provided specific frequencies per customer request.

Calibration Traceability: All Measuring and Test Equipment (M/TE) identified below are traceable to the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST). Calibration Laboratory and Quality System controls are compliant with ISO/IEC 17025-2005.

Standards and Equipment Used:

Make /	Model /	Name .	SIN	/ Recall	Date

Hewlett Packard	437B	HP Power Meter	3125U12370	15-Jun-11
Fluke	6060B	RF Signal Generator	5690204	15-Jun-11
Marconi	2022	Signal Generator	119019/077	23-Sep-11
Agilent	E4419B	Power Meter	MY45104171	23-Sep-11
Rohde & Schwarz	857.8008.02	Power Meter NRVD	100451	11-Mar-11
Hewlett Packard	83650L	Synthesized Sweep Gen	3844A00422	29-Jan-11

Condition of Instrument Upon Receipt:

In Tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

On Release:

In Tolerance to Internal Quality Standards

Calibration Completed By

Alan Schifferdecker, Calibration Technician

Attested and Issued on 04-Jan-11

Richard Goodlow, Calibration Supervisor

This document provides traceability of measurements to recognized national standards using controlled processes at the ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory, Uncertainties listed are derived from the methods described by NIST Tech Note 1297. This certificate and report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of ETS-Lindgren Calibration Laboratory in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025-2005. QAF 1127 (06/07)

METS-LINDGREN

Frequency Response Calibration Factors Model E100 Serial Number 00109011 Date of Calibration 4 Jan 2011

Frequency	Applied	Pro	be Reading	2		Correction I	actor		
(MHz)	V/m	X	-2.552 MASSAC CORON GEOLEGIST (49) 11/48 GEOLEGIST (47)		X	attended on benefit of the second	Z	Āvg	
1.00	8.01	6.72	6.81	6.79	1.19	1.18	1.19	1.18	
1.00	19.91	16.99	17.06	16.81	1.18	1.16	1.18	1.17	
1.00	69.94	57.57	58.72	57.39	1.21	1.19	1.22	1.21	
1.00	124.57	101.46	104.06	102.37	1.23	1.20	1.22	1.21	
15.00	7.96	7.86	7.90	7.83	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.01	
15.00	20.05	19.63	19.82	19.48	1.02	1.01	1.03	1.02	
15.00	70.00	69.10	69.69	68.73	1.01	1.00	1.02	1.01	
15.00	124.88	122.58	123.22	122.40	1.02	1.01	1.02	1.02	
30.00	7.98	8.01	8.05	7.96	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.00	
30.00	19.92	19.97	19.95	19.75	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.00	
30.00	70.27	70.84	71.25	70.61	0.99	0.99	1.00	0.99	
30.00	125.59	125.86	126.38	125.94	1.00	0.99	1.00	1.00	
75.00	7.98	8.06	8.10	8.14	0.99	0.98	0.98	0.98	
75.00	19.98	20.08	20.34	20.37	0.99	0.98	0.98	0.99	
75.00	69.66	71.26	71.78	71.67	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	
75.00	124.36	126.52	127.22	126.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98	
100.00	8.00	8.31	8.35	8.32	0.97	0.96	0.95	0.96	
100.00	19.94	20.43	20.62	20.69	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.97	
100.00	69.60	71.97	72.44	72.45	0.97	0.96	0.96	0.96	
100.00	124.78	129.20	129.68	129.76	0.97	0.96	0.96	0.96	
150.00	8.03	8.22	8.28	8.36	0.98	0.97	0.96	0.97	
150.00	20.04	20.29	20.56	20.74	0.99	0.97	0.97	0.98	
150.00	69.71	71.24	71.85	72.06	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	
150.00	124.96	127.79	128.59	128.81	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.97	
200.00	7.96	8.42	8.54	8.67	0.95	0.93	0.92	0.93	
200.00	19.94	20.85	21.26	21.50	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.94	
200.00	69.91	73.96	75.03	75.43	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93	
200.00	125.22	132.74	134.34	135.14	0.94	0.93	0.93	0.93	
250.00	8.01	8.24	8.23	8.39	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.97	
250.00	19.97	20.34	20.44	20.74	0.98	0.98	0.96	0.97	
250.00	69.73	72.74	71.86	72.46	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.96	
250.00	124.77	129.17	128.53	129.40	0.97	0.97	0.97	0.97	
300.00	7.99	8.19	8.22	8.40	0.97	0.97	0.95	0.97	
300.00	19.98	20.29	20.42	20.78	0.99	0.98	0.96	0.98	
300.00	69.98	72.15	72.24	72.93	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.97	
300.00	125.38	130.27	130.16	131.02	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	
400.00	7.98	8.15	8.17	8.34	0.98	0.98	0.95	0.97	
400.00	19.89	20.07	20.26	20.67	0.99	0.98	0.96	0.98	
400.00	69.66	71.58	71.93	72.74	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.97	
400.00	124.82	128.40	128.45	129.35	0.97	0.97	0.96	0.97	
500.00	8.01	7.90	8.00	8.20	1.01	1.00	0.98	1.00	
500.00	20.01	19.58	19.94	20.36	1.02	1.00	0.98	1.00	
500.00	70.01	69.21	70.57	70.91	1.01	1.00	0.98	1.00	
500.00	124.92	123.45	124.93	125.25	1.01	1.00	0.99	1.00	
600.00	8.00	7.74	7.78	7.97	1.03	1.03	1.00	1.02	
600.00	19.99	19.16	19.35	19.81	1.04	1.03	1.01	1.03	
600.00	69.71	67.99	68.18	68.96	1.03	1.02	1.01	1.02	
600.00	125.01	121.68	121.62	123.11	1.03	1.03	1.02	1.02	

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METS-LINDGREN

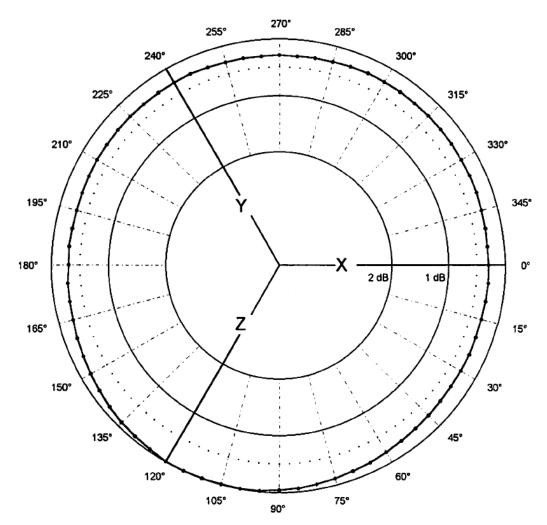
Frequency Response Calibration Factors Model E100 Serial Number 00109011 Date of Calibration 4 Jan 2011

Frequency	Applied	rene e e e e	be Reading		H. Adv. Asilone	100 (S) (S) (S)		
(MHZ)	V/m	ii X	Y		X	Correction Y	Z.	Avg
700.00	7.98	7.54	7.55	7.75	1.06	1.06	1.03	1.05
700.00	19.95	18.65	18.77	19.21	1.07	1.06	1.04	1.06
700.00	70.29	66.67	66.74	67.70	1.05	1.05	1.04	1.05
700.00	125.03	118.33	118.33	119.37	1.05	1.06	1.05	1.05
800.00	8.02	7.36	7.46	7.65	1.09	1.08	1.05	1.07
800.00	20.01	18.20	18.51	18.79	1.10	1.09	1.06	1.08
800.00	70.11	64.66	65.16	66.08	1.09	1.08	1.06	1.07
800.00	124.54	114.33	115.44	115.49	1.09	1.08	1.08	1.08
900.00	8.01	7.73	7.90	8.11	1.04	1.01	0.99	1.01
900.00	20.03	19.06	19.57	20.19	1.05	1.02	1.00	1.02
900.00	70.05	67.21	68.79	69.68	1.04	1.02	1.01	1.02
900.00	125.46	120.34	121.90	123.03	1.05	1.03	1.02	1.03
1000.00	8.01	8.03	8.09	8.31	1.00	0.99	0.96	0.98
1000.00	19.92	19.81	19.86	20.44	1.01	1.00	0.98	0.99
1000.00	69.72	69.27	70.09	71.56	1.00	1.00	0.97	0.99
1000.00	125.71	124.36	124.64	125.68	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.01
2000.00	20.37	20.04	19.84	20.46	1.02	1.03	1.00	1.01
2450.00	20.04	18.11	19.40	19.62	1.11	1.03	1.02	1.05
3000.00	19.97	19.95	19.47	19.27	1.00	1.03	1.04	1.02
3500.00	19.93	20.40	22.00	20.96	0.98	0.91	0.95	0.94
4000.00	20.05	20.37	19.96	20.00	0.98	1.00	1.00	1.00
5000.00	19.80	14.46	15.77	14.64	1.37	1.26	1.35	1.33
5500.00	19.98	15.05	15.28	15.18	1.33	1.31	1.32	1.32
6000.00	20.07	13.45	15.63	15.58	1.49	1.28	1.29	1.35



PROBE ROTATIONAL RESPONSE

Model E100 S/N 00109011 Date 04-Jan-2011 Time 14:33:16 Variation 0.31 dB



· Isotropic response measured in a 20 V/m field at 400 MHz

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Appendix C - Photos of Assessed Antennas

(Refer to Exhibit 7B)

Appendix D – MPE Measurement Results

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MPE measurement data for Bystander

D.U.T. Info.						Prob	e Info.																
											Bystander (BS) Positions								Avg.	۵,	Max		
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Probe Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	100 cm	120 cm	140 cm	160 cm	180 cm	200 cm	DUT Max. TX Factor	over Body (mW/ cm2)	Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm2)	Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm2)
Trunk	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.07	0.05	0.10	0.13	0.27	0.35	0.36	0.32	0.24	0.15	0.5	0.204	0.098	0.10
Trunk	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.08	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.26	0.33	0.35	0.29	0.21	0.15	0.5	0.194	0.094	0.10
Trunk	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.07	0.04	0.10	0.17	0.32	0.46	0.51	0.45	0.30	0.16	0.5	0.258	0.125	0.13
Trunk	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.18	0.34	0.44	0.50	0.43	0.31	0.20	0.5	0.256	0.125	0.13
Trunk	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.04	0.03	0.11	0.21	0.36	0.48	0.53	0.47	0.36	0.24	0.5	0.283	0.139	0.14
Trunk	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.16	0.27	0.35	0.40	0.36	0.30	0.22	0.5	0.222	0.110	0.11
Trunk	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.34	0.44	0.31	0.13	0.11	0.5	0.147	0.071	0.07
Trunk	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.08	0.29	0.40	0.27	0.12	0.11	0.5	0.131	0.063	0.06
Trunk	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.11	0.15	0.10	0.04	0.03	0.5	0.048	0.023	0.02
Trunk	HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz HAE4011A,	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.21	0.46	0.48	0.27	0.10	0.11	0.5	0.169	0.083	0.09
Trunk Trunk	450-470 MHz HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.2 47.8	CW	E E	0.98	BS BS	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.20	0.37	0.41	0.23	0.09	0.10	0.5	0.147	0.072	0.07

MPE calculations are defined in section 13.0.

MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.U	J.T. Info.				Prob	e Info.													Avg.		Max
		Ant.		Max	Initial			Probe					Bystan	der (B	S) Posit	ions				DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Gain	Tx Freq	Pwr	Pwr	Test	E/H	Cal.	Test	••	40			100	120	140	160	180	200	TX	(mW/	(mW/	(mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Trunk	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.35	0.34	0.20	0.10	0.5	0.121	0.059	0.06
Trunk	RAE4004ARB,	7.13	443.0123	40	40.0		L	0.70	Do	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.55	0.54	0.20	0.10	0.5	0.121	0.037	0.00
Trunk	445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.34	0.54	0.45	0.20	0.08	0.5	0.182	0.089	0.09
	RAE4004ARB,																						i
Trunk	445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.13	0.34	0.39	0.30	0.11	0.04	0.5	0.140	0.069	0.07
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.07	0.06	0.10	0.16	0.31	0.41	0.42	0.34	0.23	0.13	0.5	0.223	0.107	0.11
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.09	0.05	0.11	0.19	0.37	0.47	0.49	0.40	0.23	0.12	0.5	0.252	0.122	0.12
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.06	0.05	0.11	0.21	0.39	0.54	0.59	0.50	0.34	0.18	0.5	0.297	0.145	0.15
	HAE6022A,		100.0		.,			0.57	20	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.21	0.57	0.0 .	0.07	0.00	0.5 .	0.10	0.5	0.257	0.1.0	0.12
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.05	0.03	0.11	0.23	0.42	0.54	0.53	0.41	0.27	0.15	0.5	0.274	0.134	0.14
	HAE6022A,																						
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	BS	0.02	0.04	0.12	0.32	0.30	0.38	0.39	0.31	0.21	0.13	0.5	0.222	0.110	0.11

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MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.	U.T. Info.				Prob	e Info.															
													Bystan	der (B	S) Posit	ions				DUT	Avg.	Calc.	Max Calc.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Probe Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	100 cm	120 cm	140 cm	160 cm	180 cm	200 cm	Max. TX Factor	over Body (mW/ cm2)	P.D. (mW/ cm2)	P.D. (mW/ cm2)
	D) (4 E 4020 4										-							ĺ					-
Trunk	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.14	0.14	0.11	0.09	0.06	0.5	0.075	0.036	0.04
Trunk	PMAE4039A,	2.13	100.0125	10	17.1	011		0.70	DS	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.5	0.075	0.050	0.01
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.04	0.5	0.049	0.024	0.02
	PMAE4039A,		420.00	40	44.0	a	_		7.0	0.04		0.00		0.04		0.40				0.5	0.000	0.402	0.40
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.04	0.03	0.08	0.15	0.26	0.35	0.40	0.36	0.26	0.16	0.5	0.209	0.102	0.10
Trunk	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.07	0.05	0.5	0.054	0.026	0.03
	PMAE4041A,			-																			
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.04	0.03	0.5	0.028	0.014	0.01
Trunk	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.14	0.17	0.16	0.14	0.10	0.5	0.093	0.046	0.05
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.07	0.05	0.09	0.19	0.35	0.48	0.45	0.35	0.20	0.11	0.5	0.234	0.113	0.11
	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.97	BS	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.18	0.35	0.46	0.46	0.36	0.23	0.11	0.5	0.235	0.113	0.11
	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	E	0.97	BS	0.06	0.04	0.10	0.22	0.37	0.48	0.48	0.38	0.25	0.14	0.5	0.252	0.122	0.12
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.03	0.03	0.11	0.20	0.36	0.47	0.46	0.35	0.21	0.11	0.5	0.233	0.114	0.12
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.04	0.04	0.13	0.24	0.40	0.49	0.49	0.38	0.24	0.13	0.5	0.258	0.127	0.13
,	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.03	0.04	0.12	0.21	0.35	0.42	0.42	0.31	0.19	0.11	0.5	0.220	0.109	0.11

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MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.	U.T. Info.				Prob	e Info.															
													Bystan	der (B	S) Posit	ions	_			DUT	Avg. over	Calc.	Max Calc.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Probe Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	100 cm	120 cm	140 cm	160 cm	180 cm	200 cm	Max. TX Factor	Body (mW/ cm2)	P.D. (mW/ cm2)	P.D. (mW/ cm2)
Loc.	PMAE4043A,	(ubi)	(1 V1111Z)	(**)	(**)	Mode	Fielu	Factor	1 05.	20 CIII	40 CIII	oo ciii	ou cili	CIII	CIII	CIII	CIII	CIII	CIII	Factor	CHI2)	CIII2)	CIII2)
Trunk	450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.27	0.57	0.63	0.42	0.13	0.07	0.5	0.220	0.108	0.11
Truinc	PMAE4043A.	7.15	130.0123	10	10.7	011	L	0.70	Do	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.27	0.57	0.05	0.12	0.13	0.07	0.5	0.220	0.100	0.11
Trunk	450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.09	0.27	0.53	0.60	0.43	0.15	0.08	0.5	0.222	0.109	0.11
T	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.22	0.45	0.50	0.34	0.12	0.08	0.5	0.183	0.090	0.09
Trunk	450-470 MHZ	7.15	409.9873	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	BS	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.22	0.45	0.50	0.34	0.12	0.08	0.5	0.183	0.090	0.09
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.08	0.07	0.10	0.17	0.33	0.47	0.43	0.34	0.22	0.14	0.5	0.235	0.113	0.11
	HAE6029A,				.,,,,			0.70			0.0.	0.110	0.11			0.10					0.200		
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.07	0.05	0.11	0.22	0.37	0.48	0.46	0.38	0.24	0.13	0.5	0.251	0.122	0.12
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.06	0.04	0.13	0.22	0.40	0.57	0.63	0.54	0.37	0.21	0.5	0.317	0.154	0.16
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.23	0.41	0.52	0.53	0.46	0.29	0.17	0.5	0.281	0.138	0.14
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	BS	0.02	0.04	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.43	0.42	0.37	0.25	0.15	0.5	0.230	0.114	0.11
45	403-327WIIIZ	4.13	409.9873	40	47.0	CW	E	0.55	ъз	0.02	0.04	0.12	0.20	0.30	0.43	0.42	0.37	0.23	0.13	0.3	0.230	0.114	0.11
degree	HAE6029A,																						\vdash
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.06	0.05	0.16	0.16	0.30	0.40	0.46	0.39	0.25	0.13	0.5	0.236	0.115	0.12
90 degree																						•	
	HAE6029A,		12.5	40		aw.	_	0.07		0.00	0.05	0.4.4	0.44		0.04	0.45	0.05	0.25	0.45	0.7	0.005	0.405	0.11
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.08	0.07	0.14	0.11	0.21	0.36	0.47	0.39	0.25	0.15	0.5	0.223	0.109	0.11

MPE measurement data for Passenger

		D.U.	T. Info.				Prob	e Info.								
										Passe	enger Pos	itions	DUT	Avg. over	Calc.	Max Calc.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Ant. Gain	Tx Freq	Max Pwr	Initial Pwr	Test	E/H	Probe Cal.	Test			Lower	Max. TX	Body (mW/	P.D. (mW/	P.D. (mW/
Loc.	Desc. HAE4002A,	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	Head	Chest	Trunk	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.84	0.48	0.43	0.5	0.583	0.280	0.28
	HAE4002A,				.,,,,						0110	0.10				
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.98	0.32	0.58	0.5	0.627	0.303	0.31
l	HAE4002A,						_									
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.62	0.47	0.12	0.5	0.403	0.196	0.20
	HAE4003A,															
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.65	0.46	0.25	0.5	0.453	0.222	0.23
	HAE4003A,															
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.64	0.46	0.23	0.5	0.443	0.218	0.22
	HAE4003A,	2.15	460.0075	40	47.0	CIV	Б	0.00	DD	0.60	0.41	0.26	0.5	0.455	0.226	0.22
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.60	0.41	0.36	0.5	0.457	0.226	0.23
	HAE4010A,															
Trunk	406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.29	0.22	0.20	0.5	0.237	0.114	0.12
	HAE4010A,															
Trunk	406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.40	0.16	0.33	0.5	0.297	0.143	0.15
Trunk	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.12	0.07	0.05	0.5	0.080	0.039	0.04
Truik	400-420 WITZ	3.03	419.9073	40	40.9	CVV	L	0.97	1 D	0.12	0.07	0.03	0.5	0.080	0.039	0.04
	HAE4011A,															
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.43	0.36	0.16	0.5	0.317	0.155	0.16
	HAE4011A,		4.50.04.5	4.0		a	_	0.00							0.115	
Trunk	450-470 MHz HAE4011A,	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.30	0.26	0.14	0.5	0.233	0.115	0.12
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.21	0.14	0.18	0.5	0.177	0.087	0.09
) (DE 1	1.0 170 1/112		107.7075	.0	17.0	C ,,		0.77	1.0	0.21	0.11	0.10	0.5	3.177	0.007	0.07

MPE calculations are defined in section 13.0.

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MPE measurement data for Passenger

		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	enger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal.	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Trunk	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.08	0.07	0.03	0.5	0.060	0.029	0.03
Trunk	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.5	0.040	0.020	0.02
Trunk	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.26	0.15	0.21	0.5	0.207	0.102	0.10
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.94	0.58	0.45	0.5	0.657	0.316	0.32
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	E	0.97	PB	0.77	0.39	0.29	0.5	0.483	0.234	0.24
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz HAE6022A,	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.75	0.43	0.12	0.5	0.433	0.211	0.22
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	1.03	0.41	0.29	0.5	0.577	0.283	0.29
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PB	0.61	0.40	0.41	0.5	0.473	0.234	0.23

MPE calculations are defined in section 13.0.

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.								
								Probe			enger Posi Chest/	Lower Trunk/	DUT Max.	Avg. over Body	Calc. P.D.	Max Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head/ Top 1/3	Middle 1/3	Bottom 1/3	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Trunk	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.17	0.19	0.15	0.5	0.170	0.082	0.08
Trunk	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	E	0.97	PB	0.22	0.09	0.17	0.5	0.160	0.077	0.08
Trunk	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.86	0.16	0.37	0.5	0.463	0.225	0.23
Trunk	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.18	0.05	0.09	0.5	0.107	0.052	0.05
Trunk	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.09	0.03	0.09	0.5	0.070	0.034	0.04
Trunk	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.5	0.193	0.096	0.10
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PB	0.62	0.63	0.37	0.5	0.540	0.260	0.26
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.92	0.45	0.64	0.5	0.670	0.323	0.33
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	1.15	0.29	0.54	0.5	0.660	0.320	0.33
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.77	0.29	0.53	0.5	0.530	0.260	0.27
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz PMAE4042A,	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.91	0.38	0.79	0.5	0.693	0.341	0.35
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.50	0.45	0.55	0.5	0.500	0.247	0.25

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	enger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.6	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.81	0.48	0.42	0.5	0.570	0.279	0.29
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.72	0.24	0.77	0.5	0.577	0.283	0.29
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PB	0.39	0.32	0.48	0.5	0.397	0.196	0.20
	HAE (000 A															
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.64	0.67	0.46	0.5	0.590	0.284	0.29
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	РВ	1.29	0.31	0.64	0.5	0.747	0.361	0.37
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	E	0.97	PB	1.00	0.30	0.32	0.5	0.540	0.263	0.27
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.94	0.40	0.77	0.5	0.703	0.345	0.35
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.50	0.48	0.56	0.5	0.513	0.254	0.25

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
	And Madal/	Ant Coin	Tr. Eng	More Dress	Tuitial	Test		Probe Cal.	Test	Pass	enger Posi		DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	(MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Mode	E/H Field		Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
	HAE4002A,	, , , ,	· · ·		` ′											
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.18	0.19	0.21	0.5	0.193	0.093	0.09
	HAE4002A,															
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.10	0.07	0.15	0.5	0.107	0.052	0.05
	HAE4002A,															
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.10	0.06	0.09	0.5	0.083	0.041	0.04
	TT A E 4002 A															
	HAE4003A,	2.15	450.0125	40	46.7	CIVI	-	0.00	DE.	0.16	0.20	0.20	0.5	0.215	0.106	0.11
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.16	0.20	0.29	0.5	0.217	0.106	0.11
Toursele	HAE4003A,	2.15	460.0125	48	47.0	CW	E	0.98	PF	0.16	0.20	0.20	0.5	0.220	0.100	0.11
Trunk	450-470 MHz HAE4003A,	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.16	0.20	0.30	0.5	0.220	0.108	0.11
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.09	0.09	0.21	0.5	0.130	0.064	0.06
TTUIK	430-470 WITIZ	2.13	409.9073	40	47.0	CW	E	0.99	11	0.09	0.09	0.21	0.5	0.130	0.004	0.00
	HAE4010A,															
Trunk	406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.08	0.05	0.07	0.5	0.067	0.032	0.03
	HAE4010A,															
Trunk	406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.5	0.037	0.018	0.02
	HAE4010A,															
Trunk	406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.5	0.017	0.008	0.01
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
	HAE4011A,			ĺ												1
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.09	0.14	0.13	0.5	0.120	0.059	0.06
	HAE4011A,															
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.07	0.11	0.12	0.5	0.100	0.049	0.05
T1	HAE4011A,	5.65	460.0075	40	47.0	CW		0.00	DE	0.02	0.06	0.05	0.5	0.047	0.022	0.00
Trunk	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PF	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	enger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
1	Ant. Model/		- 1	Max Pwr		Test		Cal.	Test			Lower	TX	(mW/	(mW/	(mW /
Ant Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	Pwr (W)	Mode	E/H Field	Factor	Pos.	Head	Chest	Trunk	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
	RAE4004ARB,															
Trunk	445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.5	0.023	0.011	0.01
	D 4 E 400 4 4 DD															
Trunk	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.08	0.11	0.06	0.5	0.083	0.041	0.04
Trunk	443 470 WIIE	7.13	437.3	40	40.0	C 11		0.70	11	0.00	0.11	0.00	0.5	0.003	0.041	0.04
	RAE4004ARB,															
Trunk	445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.03	0.09	0.06	0.5	0.060	0.030	0.03
	HAE6022A,															
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.5	0.217	0.104	0.11
	HAE6022A,															
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.11	0.07	0.15	0.5	0.110	0.053	0.05
Trunk	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.22	0.09	0.08	0.5	0.130	0.063	0.06
TTUIK	HAE6022A,	4.13	430.3	40	47	CW	L	0.97	11	0.22	0.09	0.00	0.5	0.130	0.003	0.00
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.19	0.19	0.31	0.5	0.230	0.113	0.12
	HAE6022A,						_									
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.12	0.09	0.17	0.5	0.127	0.063	0.06
	PMAE4039A,												 			
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.07	0.06	0.14	0.5	0.090	0.043	0.04
	PMAE4039A,			-												
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.5	0.037	0.018	0.02
	PMAE4039A,															
Trunk	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.13	0.09	0.06	0.5	0.093	0.045	0.05
	PMAE4041A,															\vdash
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
	PMAE4041A,			1		- 11		5.70		2.00	2.02				2.320	2.72
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.5	0.027	0.013	0.01
	PMAE4041A,							_								
Trunk	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.03	0.05	0.12	0.5	0.067	0.033	0.03

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	enger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.16	0.15	0.34	0.5	0.217	0.104	0.11
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.23	0.08	0.15	0.5	0.153	0.074	0.07
Trunk	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.16	0.06	0.11	0.5	0.110	0.053	0.05
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.26	0.16	0.21	0.5	0.210	0.103	0.11
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.22	0.18	0.42	0.5	0.273	0.134	0.14
Trunk	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.5	0.173	0.086	0.09
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.28	0.13	0.17	0.5	0.193	0.095	0.10
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	46.6	CW	E	0.98	PF	0.17	0.12	0.31	0.5	0.200	0.098	0.10
Trunk	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.06	0.11	0.21	0.5	0.127	0.063	0.06
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.18	0.18	0.34	0.5	0.233	0.112	0.11
Trunk	HAE6029A,															
Trunk	403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.21	0.06	0.11	0.5	0.127	0.061	0.06
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.29	0.16	0.09	0.5	0.180	0.088	0.09
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.32	0.19	0.28	0.5	0.263	0.129	0.13
Trunk	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.09	0.17	0.30	0.5	0.187	0.092	0.09

MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.U.	T. Info.				Prob	e Info.															
													Bysta	ander (l	BS) Posi	tions					Avg.		Max
Ant	Ant. Model/	Ant. Gain	Tx Freq	Max Pwr	Initial Pwr	Test	Е/Н	Probe Cal.	Test					100	120	140	160	180	200	DUT Max. TX	over Body (mW/	Calc. P.D. (mW/	Calc. P.D. (mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Roof	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.11	0.18	0.22	0.25	0.27	0.5	0.115	0.055	0.06
Roof	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.12	0.20	0.24	0.27	0.27	0.5	0.124	0.060	0.06
Roof	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.12	0.18	0.23	0.25	0.5	0.101	0.049	0.05
Roof	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.15	0.23	0.27	0.30	0.5	0.117	0.057	0.06
Roof	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.16	0.24	0.30	0.33	0.5	0.129	0.063	0.06
Roof	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.12	0.19	0.25	0.29	0.5	0.103	0.051	0.05
Roof	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.16	0.26	0.27	0.5	0.077	0.037	0.04
Roof	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.25	0.26	0.5	0.074	0.036	0.04
Roof	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.5	0.025	0.012	0.01
	HAE4011A,																						
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.11	0.25	0.30	0.28	0.5	0.101	0.049	0.05
Roof	HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.17	0.24	0.23	0.5	0.078	0.038	0.04
Roof	HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.14	0.13	0.5	0.042	0.021	0.02

MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.U.	T. Info.				Probe	e Info.															
													Bysta	ander (l	BS) Posi	tions				DUT	Avg. over	Calc.	Max Calc.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Ant. Gain	Tx Freq	Max Pwr	Initial Pwr	Test	E/H	Probe Cal.	Test					100	120	140	160	180	200	Max. TX	Body (mW/	P.D. (mW/	P.D. (mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.20	0.28	0.5	0.057	0.028	0.03
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.18	0.32	0.37	0.5	0.096	0.047	0.05
Root	RAE4004ARB,	7.13	157.5	10	10.0	C 11		0.70		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01		0.05	0.10	0.52	0.57	0.5	0.070	0.017	0.05
Roof	445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.15	0.29	0.31	0.5	0.083	0.041	0.04
	HAE6022A.																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.13	0.21	0.25	0.28	0.28	0.5	0.130	0.063	0.06
D 6	HAE6022A,	4.15	410.0075	40	460	CW		0.07	D.C.	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.14	0.10	0.00	0.25	0.24	0.5	0.110	0.050	0.06
Roof	403-527MHz HAE6022A.	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.14	0.19	0.23	0.25	0.24	0.5	0.119	0.058	0.06
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	E	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.10	0.13	0.23	0.30	0.29	0.5	0.121	0.059	0.06
	HAE6022A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.17	0.26	0.30	0.28	0.5	0.124	0.061	0.06
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.13	0.22	0.27	0.27	0.5	0.108	0.053	0.05

MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.l	U.T. Info.				Prob	e Info.													Avg.		Max
													Bystan	der (B	S) Posit	ions				DUT	over	Calc.	Calc.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Ant. Gain	Tx Freq	Max Pwr	Initial Pwr	Test	E/H	Probe Cal.	Test					100	120	140	160	180	200	Max. TX	Body (mW/	P.D. (mW/	P.D. (mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	60 cm	80 cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
	PMAE4039A,	(3.7)		(/	(/																		
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.5	0.046	0.022	0.02
D f	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.01
Roof	PMAE4039A.	2.15	410.5	48	4/.1	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.01
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.09	0.14	0.18	0.20	0.5	0.073	0.035	0.04
	PMAE4041A,																						
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.5	0.022	0.011	0.01
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.011	0.005	0.01
Kooi	PMAE4041A,	2.13	400.0123	40	47.2	CVV	ь	0.56	ъз	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.011	0.003	0.01
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.12	0.5	0.044	0.022	0.02
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.13	0.23	0.27	0.27	0.23	0.5	0.123	0.059	0.06
	PMAE4040A,						_	01,7 0		0.00	0101	0.00				0.20					01120	0.007	0.00
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.14	0.21	0.24	0.25	0.24	0.5	0.120	0.058	0.06
	PMAE4040A,																						
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.12	0.16	0.20	0.23	0.24	0.5	0.112	0.054	0.06
	PMAE4042A.																						
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.12	0.14	0.21	0.24	0.25	0.5	0.112	0.055	0.06
	PMAE4042A,																						
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.11	0.16	0.24	0.27	0.28	0.5	0.123	0.061	0.06
Doof	PMAE4042A,	5 65	460 0075	10	17.9	CW	Е	0.00	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.10	0.16	0.27	0.22	0.20	0.5	0.125	0.062	0.06
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	R2	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.10	0.16	0.27	0.32	0.28	0.5	0.125	0.062	0.06

MPE measurement data for Bystander

		D.U	J .T. Info.				Prob	e Info.													Avg.		Max
		Ant.		Max	Initial			Probe					Bystan	der (B	S) Posit	ions				DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Gain	Tx Freq	Pwr	Pwr	Test	E/H	Cal.	Test	20	40	CO	00	100	120	140	160	180	200	TX	(mW/	(mW/	(mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	20 cm	40 cm	ou cm	80 cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	cm	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	E	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.13	0.25	0.37	0.38	0.5	0.125	0.061	0.06
Kooi		7.13	450.0125	40	40.7	CW	L	0.98	ВЗ	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.57	0.56	0.5	0.123	0.001	0.00
D C	PMAE4043A,	7.15	460.0125	40	47.0	CW	Б	0.00	D.C.	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.12	0.27	0.41	0.20	0.5	0.120	0.062	0.06
Roof	450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.13	0.27	0.41	0.38	0.5	0.129	0.063	0.06
	PMAE4043A,																						1
Roof	450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.11	0.25	0.37	0.36	0.5	0.118	0.058	0.06
	HAE6029A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	BS	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.13	0.20	0.26	0.32	0.30	0.5	0.134	0.064	0.07
	HAE6029A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.13	0.19	0.24	0.28	0.26	0.5	0.129	0.062	0.06
	HAE6029A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.11	0.20	0.30	0.32	0.27	0.5	0.134	0.065	0.07
	HAE6029A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	E	0.98	BS	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.23	0.27	0.30	0.5	0.124	0.061	0.06
	HAE6029A,																						
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	BS	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.09	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.31	0.5	0.124	0.061	0.06

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		D.U.	T. Info.				Prob	e Info.								
		Ant.		Max	Initial			Probe		Passe	enger Pos	itions	DUT Max.	Avg. over Body	Calc. P.D.	Max Calc. P.D.
Ant	Ant. Model/	Gain	Tx Freq	Pwr	Pwr	Test	E/H	Cal.	Test			Lower	TX	(mW/	(mW/	(mW/
Loc.	Desc.	(dBi)	(MHz)	(W)	(W)	Mode	Field	Factor	Pos.	Head	Chest	Trunk	Factor	cm2)	cm2)	cm2)
Roof	HAE4002A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.25	0.12	0.15	0.5	0.173	0.083	0.08
	HAE4002A,															
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	E	0.97	PB	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.5	0.067	0.032	0.03
	HAE4002A,															
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.5	0.043	0.021	0.02
	77.17.1000.1															
	HAE4003A,			4.0			_	0.00		0.04	0.00			001-		
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	HAE4003A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.5	0.057	0.028	0.03
Kooi	HAE4003A,	2.13	400.0123	40	47.2	CVV	Ľ	0.90	1 D	0.00	0.07	0.04	0.5	0.037	0.028	0.03
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.5	0.040	0.020	0.02
	HAE4010A,															
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00
	HAE4010A,															
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.5	0.007	0.003	0.00
	HAE4010A,															
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.000	0.000	0.00
	11 4 5 4 0 1 1 4															
Roof	HAE4011A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
KOOI	HAE4011A,	3.03	430.0123	48	40.7	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.003	0.01
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
1,001	HAE4011A,	3.03	100.0123	.0	1,,,2	211		0.70		0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.007	0.003	0.00

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe	T	Pass	enger Posi		DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PB	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00
Kooi	443-470 MINZ	7.13	409.9873	40	47.8	CW	E	0.99	гь	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.003	0.00
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.27	0.14	0.15	0.5	0.187	0.090	0.09
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.5	0.060	0.029	0.03
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.5	0.067	0.033	0.03
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PB	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.5	0.053	0.026	0.03
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.5	0.017	0.008	0.01
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	E	0.97	PB	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.5	0.053	0.026	0.03
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.5	0.013	0.007	0.01
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.000	0.000	0.00
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.023	0.012	0.01

MPE measurement data for Passenger

		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	senger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PB	0.20	0.16	0.13	0.5	0.163	0.079	0.08
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.11	0.08	0.07	0.5	0.087	0.042	0.04
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.08	0.03	0.09	0.5	0.067	0.032	0.03
Roof	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.5	0.070	0.034	0.04
Roof	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.02	0.09	0.08	0.5	0.063	0.031	0.03
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PB	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.5	0.023	0.011	0.01
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	46.6	CW	E	0.98	PB	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.5	0.017	0.008	0.01
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.5	0.017	0.008	0.01
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PB	0.23	0.15	0.13	0.5	0.170	0.082	0.08
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.09	0.04	0.10	0.5	0.077	0.037	0.04
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz HAE6029A,	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PB	0.05	0.06	0.14	0.5	0.083	0.041	0.04
Roof	403-527MHz HAE6029A,	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	РВ	0.05	0.03	0.12	0.5	0.067	0.033	0.03
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PB	0.03	0.09	0.06	0.5	0.060	0.030	0.03

MPE calculations are defined in section 13.0.

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		D.	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Probe Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Pass Head	enger Posi Chest	tions Lower Trunk	DUT Max. TX Factor	over Body (mW/ cm2)	Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm2)	Calc. P.D. (mW/ cm2)
Ant Loc.	HAE4002A,	(ubi)	(WIIIZ)	(**)	1 W1 (VV)	Mode	L/II Field	ractor	1 05.	Heau	Chest	HUIIK	ractor	CIII2)	CIII2)	CIII2)
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.5	0.053	0.026	0.03
Rooi	HAE4002A,	2.13	400.0123	40	47.4	CW	Б	0.90	11	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.5	0.055	0.020	0.03
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.04	0.02	0.06	0.5	0.040	0.019	0.02
11001	HAE4002A,	2.10	11010		.,,,	011	1 -	0.57		0.0.	0.02	0.00	0.0	0.0.0	0.01)	0.02
Roof	403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.5	0.023	0.011	0.01
	HAE4003A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
	HAE4003A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.5	0.053	0.026	0.03
	HAE4003A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.5	0.040	0.020	0.02

- a	HAE4010A,		40 4 04 0 7	40		arr.		0.04		0.04		0.04	0.5	0.040	0.00=	
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00
Roof	HAE4010A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.5	0.003	0.002	0.00
K001	HAE4010A,	3.03	413.0123	48	47.4	CW	E	0.97	PF	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.5	0.003	0.002	0.00
Roof	406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.000	0.000	0.00
Kooi	-100- 1 20 WIIIZ	5.05	717.7073	70	70.7	C 11	L	0.77	11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.000	0.000	0.00
	HAE4011A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
	HAE4011A,						İ									
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
	HAE4011A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.003	0.002	0.00

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		D. 1	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
	A 4 N/ - 3 - 1/	And Coin	T F	M D	T!4!-1	TT4		Probe	Test	Pass	enger Posi		DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	(MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	445.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.5	0.000	0.000	0.00
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	457.5	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.5	0.007	0.003	0.00
Roof	RAE4004ARB, 445-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PF	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.5	0.057	0.027	0.03
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	E	0.97	PF	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.5	0.037	0.018	0.02
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.5	0.027	0.013	0.01
Roof	HAE6022A, 403-527MHz HAE6022A,	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.5	0.050	0.025	0.02
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PF	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.5	0.023	0.011	0.01
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	416.5	48	47.1	CW	E	0.97	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00
Roof	PMAE4039A, 403-430 MHz	2.15	429.9875	48	46.8	CW	E	0.97	PF	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.5	0.020	0.010	0.01
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.01
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.5	0.003	0.002	0.00
Roof	PMAE4041A, 450-470 MHz	2.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.5	0.010	0.005	0.00

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		D. 1	U.T. Info.				Probe	Info.						Avg.		Max
								Probe		Pass	enger Posi	tions	DUT Max.	over Body	Calc. P.D.	Calc. P.D.
Ant Loc.	Ant. Model/ Desc.	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Tx Freq (MHz)	Max Pwr (W)	Initial Pwr (W)	Test Mode	E/H Field	Cal. Factor	Test Pos.	Head	Chest	Lower Trunk	TX Factor	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)	(mW/ cm2)
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	E	0.96	PF	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.5	0.057	0.027	0.03
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	413.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.5	0.040	0.019	0.02
Roof	PMAE4040A, 406-420 MHz	5.65	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	E	0.97	PF	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.01
	PMAE4042A.															
Roof	450-470 MHz	5.65	450.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.02
Roof	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	460.0125	48	47.2	CW	E	0.98	PF	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.5	0.047	0.023	0.02
Roof	PMAE4042A, 450-470 MHz	5.65	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PF	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.5	0.040	0.020	0.02
	PMAE4043A,															
Roof	450-470 MHz	7.15	450.0125	48	46.6	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.5	0.013	0.007	0.01
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	460.0125	48	46.6	CW	E	0.98	PF	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.5	0.017	0.008	0.01
Roof	PMAE4043A, 450-470 MHz	7.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	Е	0.99	PF	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.5	0.013	0.007	0.01
	HAE6029A,		1010107	40				0.01		0.01	0.07			0.075		
Roof	403-527MHz HAE6029A,	4.15	406.0125	48	47.4	CW	Е	0.96	PF	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.5	0.057	0.027	0.03
Roof	403-527MHz	4.15	419.9875	48	46.9	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.01
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	436.5	48	47	CW	Е	0.97	PF	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.5	0.030	0.015	0.01
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	453.0125	48	46.7	CW	Е	0.98	PF	0.06	0.01	0.04	0.5	0.037	0.018	0.02
Roof	HAE6029A, 403-527MHz	4.15	469.9875	48	47.8	CW	E	0.99	PF	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.5	0.040	0.020	0.02

Appendix E - SAR Simulation Report



COMPUTATIONAL EME COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT OF THE SINGLE BAND UHF R1, MODEL #PMUE3649A MOBILE RADIO

April 25, 2011 (revised June 15, 2011)

Giorgi Bit-Babik, Ph.D., and Antonio Faraone, Ph.D.

Advanced Technology and Research, Motorola Solutions Inc., Plantation, Florida

Introduction

This report summarizes the computational [numerical modeling] analysis performed to document compliance of the Single Band UHF R1, Model Number PMUE3649A, mobile radio and vehicle-mounted antennas with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency (RF) emissions. The radio operates in the 403 - 470 MHz frequency band.

This computational analysis supplements the measurements conducted to evaluate the compliance of the exposure from this mobile radio with respect to applicable *maximum permissible exposure* (MPE) limits. All test conditions (9 in total) that did not conform with applicable MPE limits were analyzed to determine whether those conditions complied with the *specific absorption rate* (SAR) limits for general public exposure (1.6 W/kg averaged over 1 gram of tissue and 0.08 W/kg averaged over the whole body) set forth in FCC guidelines, which are based on the IEEE C95.1-1999 standard [1]. In total 18¹ independent simulations have been performed addressing exposure conditions of passenger to the UHF mobile radios with trunk-mount antennas. For all simulations a commercial code based on Finite-Difference-Time-Domain (FDTD) methodology was employed to carry out the computational analysis. It is well established and recognized within the scientific community that SAR is the primary dosimetric

¹ The individual simulations include passenger simulations (the center and side location at the back seat in 9 test conditions).

quantity used to evaluate the human body's absorption of RF energy and that MPEs are in fact derived from SAR. Accordingly, the SAR computations provide a scientifically valid and more relevant estimate of human exposure to RF energy.

Method

The simulation code employed is XFDTDTM v7.1, by Remcom Inc., State College, PA. This computational suite features a heterogeneous full body standing model (High Fidelity Body Mesh), derived from the so-called Visible Human [4], discretized in 3 mm voxels. The dielectric properties of 23 body tissues are automatically assigned by XFDTDTM at any specific frequency. The "seated" man model was obtained from the standing model by modifying the articulation angles at the hips and the knees. Details of the computational method and model are provided in the Appendix to this report.

The car model has been imported into XFDTDTM from the CAD file of a sedan car having dimensions 4.98 m (L) x 1.85 m (W) x 1.18 m (H), and discretized with maximum resolution of 5 mm. The Figure 1 below show both the CAD model and the photo of the actual car This CAD model has been incorporated into the IEC/IEEE 62704-2 draft standard.

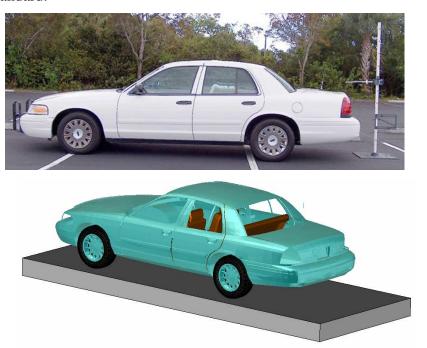
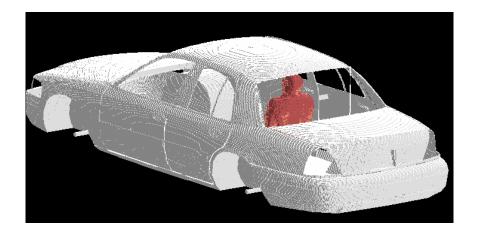


Figure 1: The photo picture of the car used in field measurements and the corresponding CAD model used in simulations

For passenger exposure, the antenna position is on the trunk and the distance of the trunk mounted antennas from the passenger head when the passenger is located in the center of the back seat was set at 85 cm to replicate the experimental conditions used in MPE measurements. According to the IEC/IEEE 62704-2 draft standard (December 2010) for exposure simulations from vehicle mount antennas the lossy dielectric slab with 30 cm thickness, dielectric constant of 8 and conductivity of 0.01 S/m has been introduced in the computational model to properly account for the effect of the ground (pavement) on exposure. Figure 2 shows some of the XFDTDTM computational models used for passenger exposure to trunk mounted antennas.



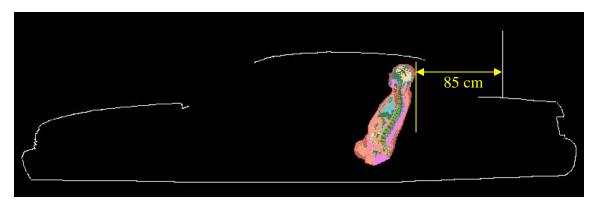


Figure 2: Passenger model exposed to a trunk-mount antenna: XFDTD geometry.

The antenna is mounted at 85 cm from the passenger located in the center of the back seat.

The computational code employs a time-harmonic excitation to produce a steady state electromagnetic field in the exposed body. Subsequently, the corresponding SAR distribution is automatically processed in order to determine the whole-body and 1-g average SAR. The maximum average output power from mobile radio antenna is 48 W. Since the ohmic losses in the cable and in the car materials, as well as the mismatch losses at the antenna feed-point, are neglected, and source-based time averaging (50% talk time) is employed, all computational results are normalized to half of it, i.e., 24 W net average output power.

Results of SAR computations for car passengers

The test conditions requiring SAR computations are summarized in Table I, together with the antenna data, the SAR results, and power density (P.D.) as obtained from the measurements in the corresponding test conditions. The conditions are for antennas mounted on the trunk. The antenna length in Table I includes the 1.8 cm magnetic mount base used in measurements to position the antenna on the vehicle. The same length was used in simulation model. The passenger is located in the center or on the side of the rear seat. The passenger model is surrounded by air, as the seat, which is made out of poorly conductive fabrics, is not included in the computational model. All the transmit frequency, antenna length, and passenger location combinations reported in Table I have been simulated individually.

Table I: Results of the SAR computations for passenger exposure (50% talk-time).

Mount	Antenna	Antenn	a length	Freq	P.D.	Exposure	SAR	[W/kg]
location	Kit #	Physical	XFDTD	[MHz]	(mW/cm2)	location	1-g	WB
				406	0.28	Center	0.44	0.0131
Trunk	HAE4002A	19.3 cm	19.3 cm	400	Fig. 5	Side	0.51	0.0118
HUIK	TIAE4002A	19.3 (111	19.5 (111	416	0.31	Center	0.26	0.0106
				410	0.51	Side	0.43	0.0132
Trunk	HAE6022A	29.6 cm	29.6 cm	406	0.32	Center	0.48	0.0138
HUIK	TIAE0022A	29.0 CIII	29.0 0111	400		Side	0.55	0.0124
				413	0.33	Center	0.40	0.0116
Trunk	PMAE4040A	37.8 cm	37.8 cm	7	0.55	Side	0.46	0.0129
HUIK	FINALAUAUA	37.0 CIII	37.0 0111	420	0.33	Center	0.21	0.0102
				420	0.55	Side	0.39	0.0123
Trunk	PMAE4042A	32.8 cm	31.8 cm	460	0.35	Center	0.40	0.0147
TTUTK	T WALTOTZA	32.0 CIII	31.0 011	400	0.55	Side	0.47	0.0146
				406	0.29	Center	0.51	0.0138
				400	Fig. 3 & 4	Side	0.56	0.0124
Trunk	HAE6029A	29.8 cm	29.8 cm	420	0.37	Center	0.27	0.0119
Trunk	TIALUUZJA	23.0 GH	23.0 GIII	420	0.57	Side	0.44	0.0129
				453	0.35	Center	0.52	0.0208
				700	0.55	Side	0.37	0.0157

The SAR distribution in the passenger model in the exposure condition that gave highest 1-g SAR is reported in Figure 3 (406 MHz, passenger on the side of the back seat, HAE6029A antenna).

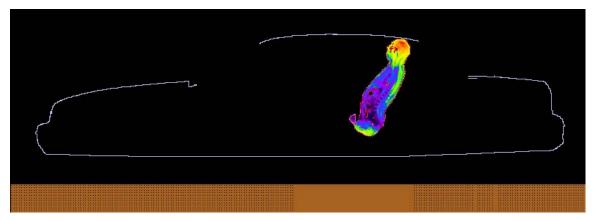
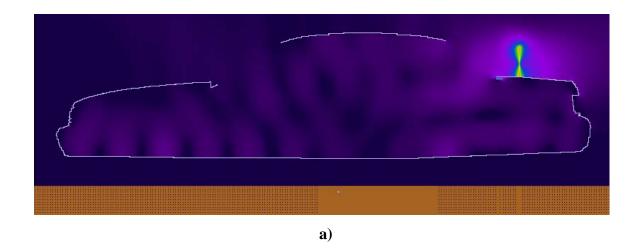


Figure 3. SAR distribution at 406 MHz in the passenger located on the side of the back seat, produced by the trunk-mount HAE6029A antenna. The contour plot in the figure is relative to the plane where the peak 1-g average SAR for this exposure condition occurs.

The two pictures below in Figure 4 show the E and H field distributions in the plane of the antenna corresponding to the condition in Figure 3.



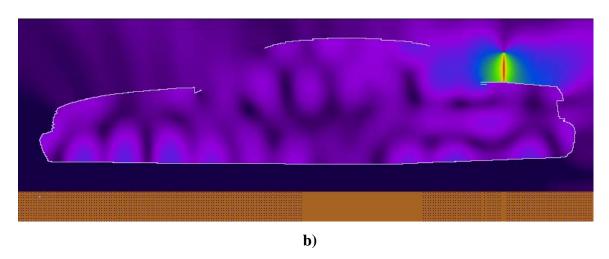
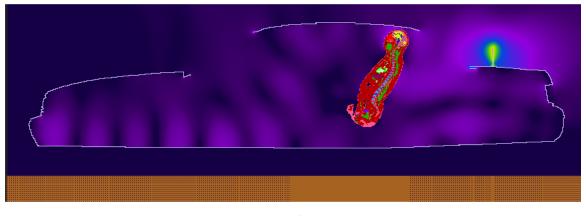


Figure 4. (a) E-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Figure 3, and (b) H-field distribution corresponding to exposure condition of Figure 3.

The electric and magnetic field distributions for the passenger exposure configuration and different type of simulated antenna (HAE4002A) relative to the plane where antenna is located are shown in Figure 5.



a)

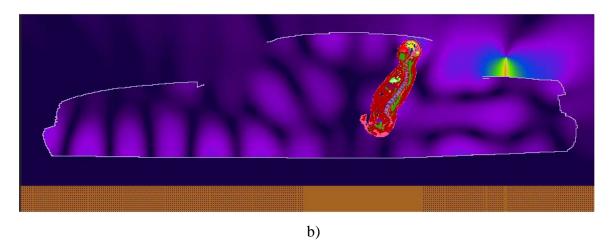


Figure 5. (a) E-field distribution and (b) H-field distribution in the plane of the trunk mounted antenna (HAE4002A antenna at 406 MHz) corresponding to the passenger exposure condition

The overall maximum peak 1-g SAR in all simulated conditions is 0.56 W/kg, less than the 1.6 W/kg limit, while the maximum whole-body average SAR is 0.0208 W/kg, less than the 0.08 W/kg limit.

Conclusions

Under the test conditions described for evaluating passenger and bystander exposure to the RF electromagnetic fields emitted by vehicle-mounted antennas used in conjunction with this mobile radio product, the present analysis shows that the computed SAR values are compliant with the FCC exposure limits for the general public.

References

- [1] IEEE Standard C95.1-1999. *IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to RF Electromagnetic Fields*, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
- [2] http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible_human.html

APPENDIX: SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR SAR COMPUTATIONS

This appendix follows the structure outlined in Appendix B.III of the Supplement C to the FCC OET Bulletin 65. Most of the information regarding the code employed to perform the numerical computations has been adapted from the draft IEC/IEEE 62704-1 and 62704-2 standards, and from the XFDTDTM v5.3, v6.4, and v7.1 User Manuals. Remcom Inc., owner of XFDTDTM, is kindly acknowledged for the help provided.

1) Computational resources

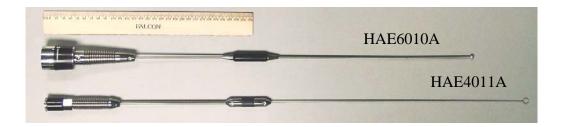
- a) A multiprocessor system equipped with two Intel Xeon X5570 quad-core CPUs and four Tesla C1060 GPUs was employed for all simulations.
- b) The memory requirement was from 7 GB to 12 GB. Using the above-mentioned system with 8-cores operating concurrently, the typical simulation would run for 3-5 hours and with all four GPUs activated by the XFDTD version 7.1 this time would be from 30-90 min.

2) FDTD algorithm implementation and validation

a) We employed a commercial code (XFDTDTM v7.1, by Remcom Inc.) that implements the Yee's FDTD formulation [1]. The solution domain was discretized according to a rectangular grid with an adaptive 3-10 mm step in all directions. Sub-gridding was not used. Seven-layer PML absorbing boundary conditions are set at the domain boundary to simulate free space radiation processes. The excitation is a lumped voltage generator with 50-ohm source impedance. The code allows selecting wire objects without specifying their radius. We used a wire to represent the antenna. The car body is modeled by solid metal. We did not employ the "thin wire" algorithm since within the adaptive grid the minimum resolution of 5 mm was specified and used to model the antenna and the antenna wire radius was never smaller than one-fifth of the voxel dimension. In fact, the XFDTD™ manual specifies that "In most cases, standard PEC material will serve well as a wire. However, in cases where the wire radius is important to the calculation and is less than 1/4 the length of the average cell edge, the thin wire material may be used to accurately simulate the correct wire diameter." The minimum voxel size of the antenna model in all our simulations was 5 mm, and the antenna radius is always at least 1 mm (1 mm for the short quarter-wave antennas and 1.5 mm for the long gain antennas), so there was no need to specify a "thin wire" material.

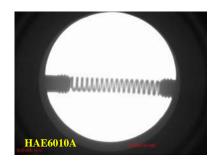
Because the field impinges on the bystander or passenger model at a distance of several tens of voxels from the antenna, the details of antenna wire modeling are not expected to have significant impact on the exposure level.

Some antennas have inductive loading coils located in the mid section as shown in the picture below of the HAE 6010A or HAE 6011A antenna examples.



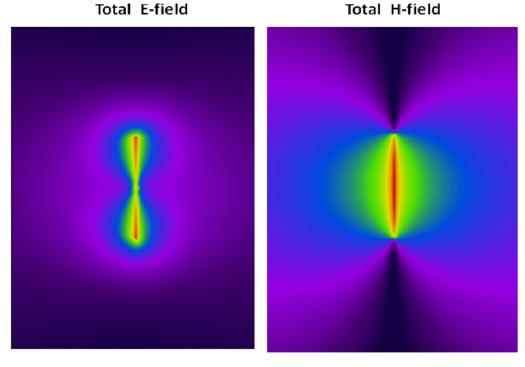
The X-ray of the reactive loads of the HAE4011A and HAE6010A antennas is also presented in the next pictures below. Those elements are significantly shorter than the length of the antenna and are about 1/40 of the wavelength at center operating frequency. They were modeled as lumped reactive elements. The comparison with measurements and validity of such simulation model has been summarized in [9].

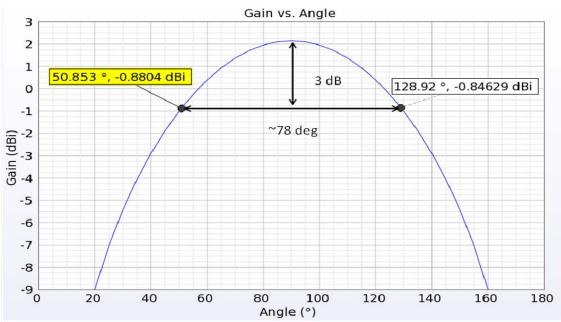




b) XFDTDTM is one of the most widely employed commercial codes for electromagnetic simulations. It has gone through extensive validation and has proven its accuracy over time in many different applications. One example is provided in [3].

We carried out a validation of the code algorithm by running the canonical test case involving a half-wave wire dipole. The dipole is 0.475 times the free space wavelength at 400 MHz, i.e., about 35.5 cm long. The discretization used to model the dipole was 5 mm. Also in this case, the "thin wire" model was not needed. The following picture shows XFDTDTM outputs regarding the antenna feed-point impedance (75.5 + j 11.9 ohm), as well as qualitative distributions of the total E and H fields near the dipole. The radiation pattern is shown as well (one lobe in elevation). As expected, the 3 dB beamwidth is about 78 degrees. The computed results are in good agreement with the known analytical results for the half -wave dipole antenna which could be found in [10].





This validation ensures that the input impedance calculation is carried out correctly in XFDTDTM, thereby enabling accurate estimates of the radiated power. It further ensures that the wire model employed in XFDTDTM, which we used to model the antennas, produces physically meaningful current and fields distributions. Both these aspects ensure that the field quantities are correctly computed both in terms of absolute amplitude and relative distribution.

3) Computational parameters

a) The following table reports the main parameters of the FDTD model employed to perform our computational analysis:

PARAMETER	X	Y	Z
Voxel size	3-10 mm	3-10 mm	1-10 mm
Minimum domain dimensions employed for passenger computations with the trunk-mount antennas	383	861	537
Maximum domain dimensions employed for bystander computations with the trunk-mount antennas	449	791	709
Time step	About 0.7 of the C	Courant limit (ty	pically 5 ps)
Objects separation from FDTD boundary (mm)	>200	>200	>200
Number of time steps	Enough to reach	at least -50 dB o	convergence
Excitation	Sinusoidal (n	ot less than 10 p	periods)

4) Phantom model implementation and validation

- a) The FDTD mesh of a male human body was created using digitized data in the form of transverse color images. The data is from the visible human project sponsored by the National Library of Medicine (NLM) and is available via the Internet (http://www.nlm.nih.gov/research/visible/visible_human.html). The male data set consists of MRI, CT and anatomical images. Axial MRI images of the head and neck and longitudinal sections of the rest of the body are available at 4 mm intervals. The MRI images have 256 pixel by 256 pixel resolution. Each pixel has 12 bits of gray tone resolution. The CT data consists of axial CT scans of the entire body taken at 1 mm intervals at a resolution of 512 pixels by 512 pixels where each pixel is made up of 12 bits of gray tone. The axial anatomical images are 2048 pixels by 1216 pixels where each pixel is defined by 24 bits of color. The anatomical cross sections are also at 1 mm intervals and coincide with the CT axial images. There are 1871 cross sections. The XFDTDTM High Fidelity Body Mesh uses 3x3x3 mm cells and has dimensions 136 x 87 x 397. Dr. Michael Smith and Dr. Chris Collins of the Milton S. Hershey Medical Center, Hershey, Pa, created the High Fidelity Body mesh. Details of body model creation are given in the *methods* section in [5]. The body mesh contains 23 tissues materials. Measured values for the tissue parameters for a broad frequency range are included with the mesh data. The correct values are interpolated from the table of measured data and entered into the appropriate mesh variables. The tissue conductivity and permittivity variation vs. frequency is included in the XFDTDTM calculation by a multiple-pole approximation to the Cole-Cole approximated tissue parameters reported in [11].
- a) The XFDTDTM High Fidelity Body Mesh model correctly represents the anatomical structure and the dielectric properties of body tissues, so it is appropriate for determining the highest exposure expected for normal device operation.

b) One example of the accuracy of XFDTDTM for computing SAR has been provided in [6]. The study reported in [6] is relative to a large-scale benchmark of measurement and computational tools carried out within the IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Sub-Committee 2.

5) Tissue dielectric parameters

a) The following table reports the dielectric properties used by XFDTDTM for the 23 body tissue materials in the High Fidelity Body Mesh at 450 MHz.

#	Tissue	ε _r	σ (S/m)	Density (kg/m ³)
1	skin	41.5	0.57	1125
2	tendon, pancreas, prostate, aorta, liver, other	50.3	0.76	1151
3	fat, yellow marrow	5.02	0.05	943
4	cortical bone	13.4	0.11	1850
5	cancellous bone	21.0	0.23	1080
6	blood	57.2	1.72	1057
7	muscle, heart, spleen, colon, tongue	63.5	0.99	1059
8	gray matter, cerebellum	54.1	0.88	1035.5
9	white matter	39.7	0.54	1027.4
10	CSF	68.9	2.32	1000
11	sclera/cornea	54.4	1.04	1151
12	vitreous humor	68.3	1.56	1000
13	bladder	17.6	0.31	1132
14	nerve	35.5	0.50	1112
15	cartilage	43.4	0.66	1171
16	gall bladder bile	76.5	1.62	928
17	thyroid	59.8	0.82	1035.5
18	stomach/esophagus	74.4	1.13	1126
19	lung	52.8	0.72	563
20	kidney	57.0	1.16	1147
21	testis	65.2	1.13	1158
22	lens	51.9	0.71	1163
23	small intestine	73.7	2.07	1153

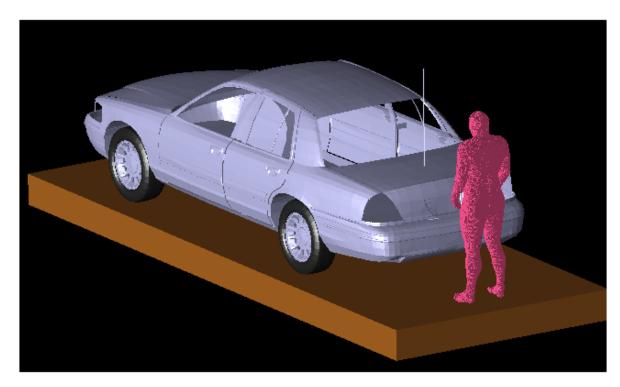
6) Transmitter model implementation and validation

b)) The tissue types and dielectric parameters used in the SAR computation are appropriate for determining the highest exposure expected for normal device operation, because they are derived from measurements performed on real biological tissues (XFDTD, Reference Manual Version 6.4, Remcom, Inc.).

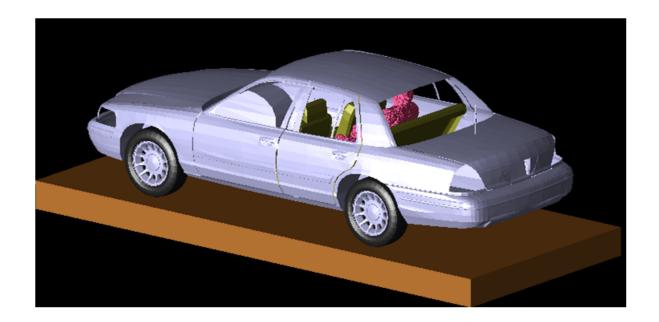
c) The tabulated list of the dielectric parameters used in phantom models is provided at point 5(a). As regards the device (car plus antenna), we used perfect electric conductors.

- a) The essential features that must be modeled correctly for the particular test device model to be valid are:
 - Car body. The car model is very similar to the car used for MPE measurements, so as to be able to correlate measured and simulated field values. This car model has been developed for the SAR computational draft standard IEC/IEEE 62704-2.
 - Antenna. We used a straight wire, even when the gain antenna has a base coil for tuning. All the coil does is compensating for excess capacitance due to the antenna being slightly longer than half a wavelength. We do not need to do that in the model, as we used normalization with respect to the net radiated power, which is determined by the input resistance only. In this way, we neglect mismatch losses and artificially produce an overestimation of the SAR, thereby introducing a conservative bias in the model. In case of low profile vertical monopole antenna (HAE6016A) which has an additional horizontal metal circular disk at the tip, the disk was included in the model and well represented in 5 mm resolution mesh.
 - Antenna location. We used the same location, relative to the edge of the car trunk, the backseat, or the roof, used in the MPE measurements. The following pictures show a lateral and a perspective view of the bystander and passenger model.







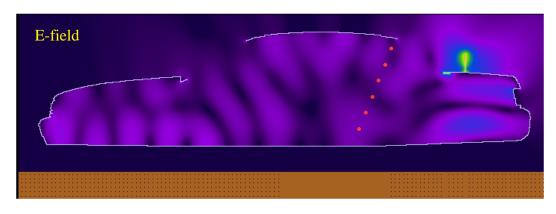


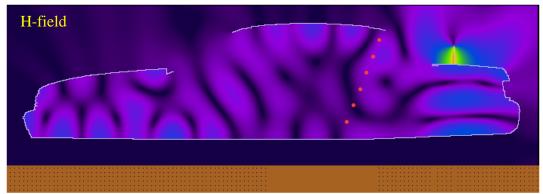
The car model is constituted by perfect electric conductor and does not include wheels in order to reduce its complexity. The passenger model is surrounded by air, as the seat, which is made out of poorly conductive fabrics, is not included in the computational model. The passenger and bystander models were validated for similar antenna and frequency conditions by comparing the MPE measurements at UHF frequencies (421.5 MHz and 425 MHz) for similar antennas used for a UHF mobile radio. The comparison results are presented below, according to following definitions for the equivalent power densities (based on E or H-field):

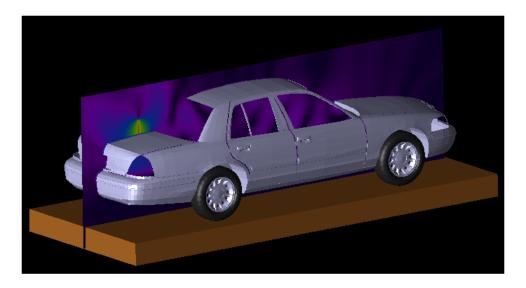
$$S_E = \frac{\left|\mathbf{E}\right|^2}{2\eta}, \quad S_H = \frac{\eta}{2} \left|\mathbf{H}\right|^2, \quad \eta = 377 \,\Omega$$

Passenger with 17.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE4002A 421.5 MHz)

The following figure of the test model shows the car model, where the red dots individuate the back seat, as it can be observed from the other figure showing the cross section of the passenger. The comparison has been performed by taking the average of the computed steady-state field values at the six dotted locations, corresponding to the head, chest, and legs along the red dots line, and comparing them with the average of the MPE measurements performed at the head, chest and legs locations. Such a comparison is carried out at the same average power level (22 W, including the 50% duty factor) used in the MPE measurements.







The equivalent power density (S) is computed from the E-field and the H-field separately. The following table reports the E-field values computed by $XFDTD^{TM}$ at the six locations, and the corresponding power density.

Location Number	E-field, V/m	Eq. Power Density 1.0 V source	Scaled Power Dens. 22 W output,
			mW/cm^2
1	3.11E-01	1.28E-04	1.56E-01
2	4.16E-01	2.29E-04	2.79E-01
3	5.25E-01	3.65E-04	4.45E-01
4	3.86E-01	1.98E-04	2.41E-01
5	3.84E-01	1.96E-04	2.39E-01
6	6.01E-01	4.80E-04	5.85E-01
Equivalent	3.24E-01		

Location	H-field,	Eq. Power	Scaled
Number	Weber/m2	Density 1.0	Power Dens.
		V source	22 W output,
			mW/cm^2
1	1.34E-03	3.37E-04	4.11E-01
2	1.08E-03	2.21E-04	2.70E-01
3	5.59E-04	5.89E-05	7.18E-02
4	5.45E-04	5.60E-05	6.82E-02
5	5.45E-04	5.59E-05	6.82E-02
6	5.23E-04	5.16E-05	6.29E-02
Equivalent	1.59E-01		

The radiated power (considering the mismatch to the 50 ohm unitary voltage source) is 1.81E-3 W, therefore a factor equal to 12188 is required to scale up to 22 W radiated. The corresponding scaled-up power densities are reported in the tables above, which show that the simulation overestimates the average power density from the MPE measurements (0.297 mW/cm²), as derived from the measured E-field reported in the following table:

Position	SE (meas), 22 W output mW/cm ²
Head	0.38
Chest	0.33
Lower Trunk	0.16

The simulations tend to overestimate the average power density levels, which is understandable since there are no ohmic losses and perfect impedance matching is enforced in the computational models. Based on these results, we conclude that the simulation will produce slight exposure overestimates (about 9%).

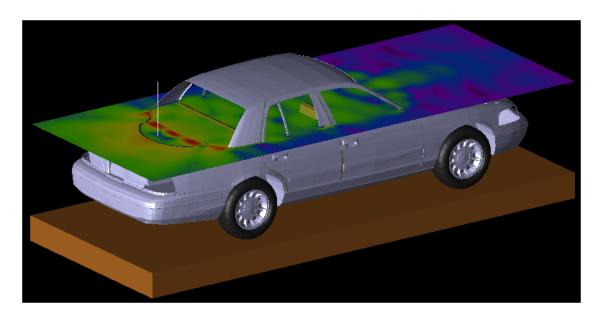
b) Descriptions and illustrations showing the correspondence between the modeled test device and the actual device, with respect to shape, size, dimensions and near-field radiating characteristics, are found in the main report.

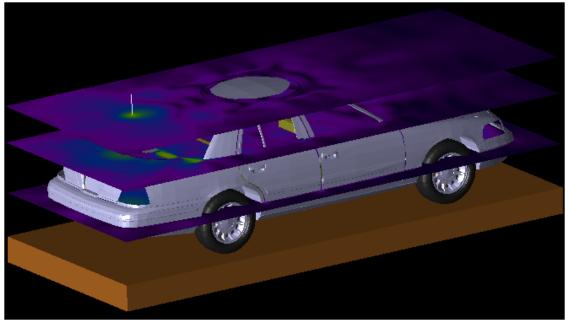
- c) Verification that the test device model is equivalent to the actual device for predicting the SAR distributions descends from the fact that the car and antenna size and location in the numerical model correspond to those used in the measurements.
- d) The peak SAR is in the neck region for the passenger, which is in line with MPE measurements and predictions.

Passenger with 63.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE6010A 425 MHz)

The following figures show the car model with the field distribution in the horizontal planes where the MPE measurements have been performed. The comparison has been performed by taking the average of the computed steady-state field values at the three locations, corresponding to the head, chest, and lower trunk, and comparing them with the average of the MPE measurements performed at the head, chest and lower trunk locations. Such a comparison is carried out at the same average power level (61.5 W, including the 50% duty factor) used in the MPE measurements.







The equivalent power density (S) is computed from the E-field. The following table reports the E-field values computed by $XFDTD^{TM}$ at the three locations, and the corresponding power density.

Location	E-field, V/m	Eq. Power Density 1.0	Scaled Power Dens. 61.5 W
Number		V source	output, mW/cm^2
1	2.26E-01	6.76E-05	0.74
2	3.60E-01	1.72E-04	1.89
3	1.40E-01	2.59E-05	0.28
Equivale	0.97		

The corresponding scaled-up power densities are reported in the tables above, which show that the simulation overestimates the average power density from the MPE measurements (0.52 mW/cm²), as derived from the measured E-field reported in the following table:

Position	SE (meas), 60 W output mW/cm²
Head	0.72
Chest	0.64
Lower Trunk	0.19

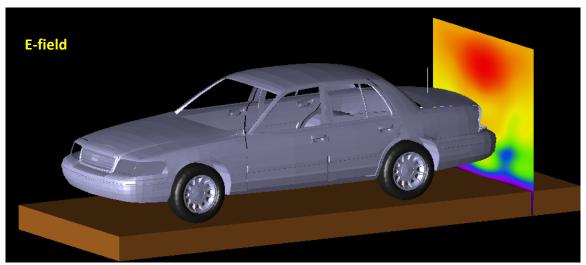
The simulations tend to overestimate the average power density levels, which is understandable since there are no ohmic losses and perfect impedance matching is enforced in the computational models. Based on these results, we conclude that the simulation will produce exposure overestimates (about 88%).

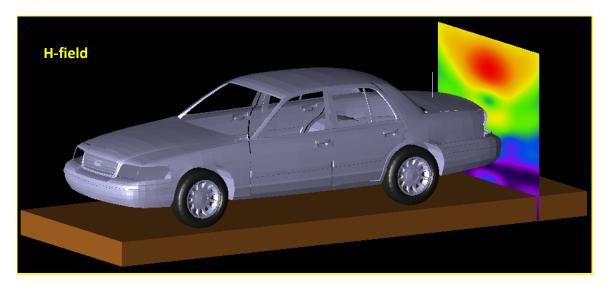
Bystander with 29 cm monopole antenna (HAE6013A 425 MHz)

The following figures show the E-field and H-field distributions across a vertical plane passing for the antenna and cutting the car in half. As done in the measurements, the MPE is computed from both E-field and H-field distributions, along the yellow dotted line at 10 points spaced 20 cm apart from each other up to 2 m in height. These lines and the field evaluation points are approximately indicated in the figures. The E-field and H-field distributions in the vertical plane placed at 90 cm from the antenna, behind the case, are shown as well. The points where the fields are sampled to determine the equivalent power density (S) are approximately indicated by the white dots. A picture of the antenna is not reported because it is identical to the HAE6013A.







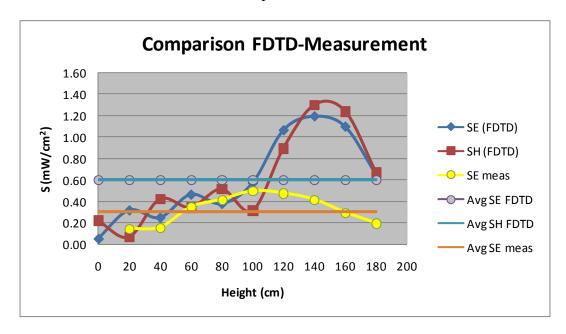


The following table reports the field values computed by XFDTD $^{\rm TM}$ for the 1.0 V source and the corresponding power density values. The average exposure levels are computed as well.

Height (cm)	E (V/m)	$S_{\rm E} (W/m^2)$	H (A/m)	$S_{\rm H} (W/m^2)$
0	5.67E-02	4.27E-06	3.11E-04	1.83E-05

20	1.40E-01	2.59E-05	1.78E-04	5.96E-06
40	1.24E-01	2.03E-05	4.29E-04	3.47E-05
60	1.69E-01	3.79E-05	3.88E-04	2.84E-05
80	1.52E-01	3.08E-05	4.74E-04	4.24E-05
100	1.87E-01	4.65E-05	3.71E-04	2.59E-05
120	2.56E-01	8.67E-05	6.23E-04	7.31E-05
140	2.71E-01	9.73E-05	7.50E-04	1.06E-04
160	2.60E-01	8.94E-05	7.33E-04	1.01E-04
180	2.00E-01	5.31E-05	5.40E-04	5.50E-05
$\mathbf{Average}\ \mathbf{S_{E}}$		4.92E-05	Average S _H	4.91E-05

Since the conducted power during the MPE measurement was 123 W the calculated power density was then scaled up for 61.5 W radiated power (taking into account 50% talk time). This model does not include the mismatch loss, loss in the cable and finite conductivity of the car surface and as represents a conservative model for exposure assessment. The scaled-up power density values for 61.5 W radiated power are 6.03 W/m² (E), and 6.02 W/m² (H), that correspond to 0.603 mW/cm² (E), and 0.602 mW/cm² (H). Measurements yielded average power density of 0.309 mW/cm² (E), which shows that the calculated power density is overestimated. The following graph shows a comparison between the measured power density and the simulated one, based on E or H fields, normalized to 61.5 W radiated power.



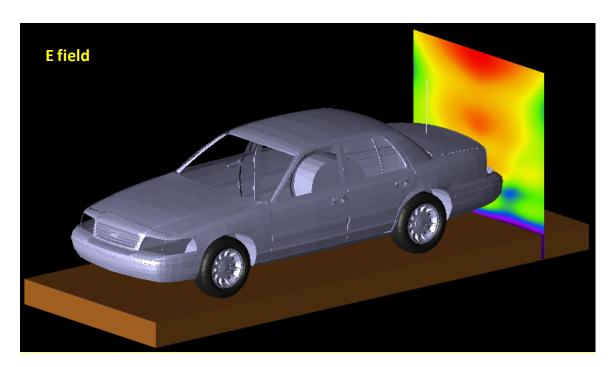
Bystander with 63.5 cm monopole antenna (HAE6010A 425 MHz)

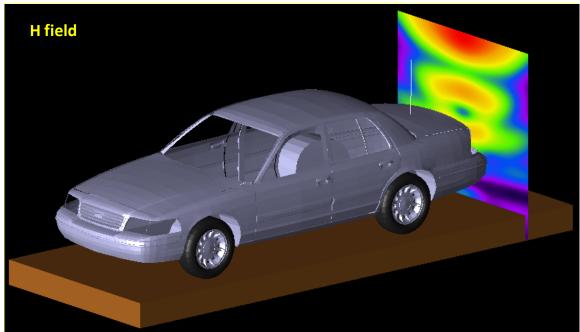
The following figures show the E-field and H-field distributions across a vertical plane passing for the antenna and cutting the car in half. As done in the measurements, the MPE is computed from both E-field and H-field distributions, along the yellow dotted line at 10 points spaced 20 cm apart from each other up to 2 m in height. These lines and the field evaluation points are approximately indicated in the figures. The E-field and H-

field distributions in the vertical plane placed at 90 cm from the antenna, behind the case, are shown as well. The points where the fields are sampled to determine the equivalent power density (S) are approximately indicated by the white dots. A picture of the antenna is not reported because it is identical to the HAE6010A.







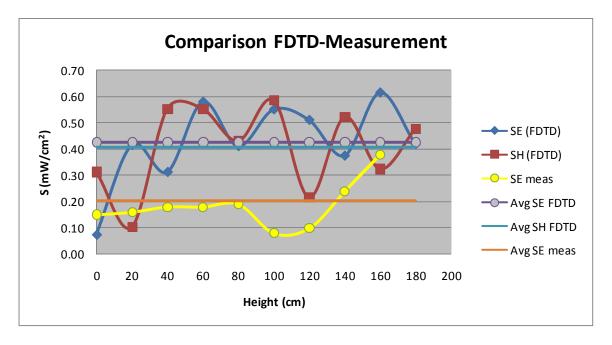


The following table reports the field values computed by $XFDTD^{TM}$ and the corresponding power density values. The average exposure levels are computed as well.

Height (cm)	E (V / m)	$S_{\rm E} (W/m^2)$	H (A/m)	$S_{\rm H} (W/m^2)$
0	7.55E-02	7.56E-06	4.13E-04	3.21E-05
20	1.79E-01	4.27E-05	2.37E-04	1.06E-05
40	1.56E-01	3.21E-05	5.49E-04	5.69E-05
60	2.12E-01	5.96E-05	4.84E-04	5.69E-05

80	1.78E-01	4.22E-05	5.65E-04	4.42E-05
100	2.07E-01	5.66E-05	3.43E-04	6.03E-05
120	1.99E-01	5.25E-05	5.34E-04	2.21E-05
140	1.70E-01	3.85E-05	4.20E-04	5.37E-05
160	2.18E-01	6.32E-05	5.10E-04	3.33E-05
180	1.80E-01	4.30E-05	8.15E-04	4.90E-05
$\mathbf{Average}\ \mathbf{S_{E}}$		4.38E-05	Average S _H	4.19E-05

Since the conducted power during the MPE measurement was 123 W the calculated power density was then scaled up for 61.5 W radiated power (taking into account 50% talk time). This model does not include the mismatch loss, loss in the cable and finite conductivity of the car surface and as represents a conservative model for exposure assessment. The scaled-up power density values for 61.5 W radiated power are 4.26 W/m² (E), and 4.07 W/m² (H), that correspond to 0.426 mW/cm² (E), and 0.407 mW/cm² (H). Measurements yielded average power density of 0.204 mW/cm² (E), which shows that the calculated power density is overestimated. The following graph shows a comparison between the measured power density and the simulated one, based on E or H fields, normalized to 61.5 W radiated power.

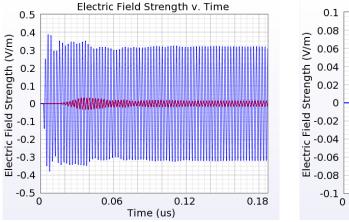


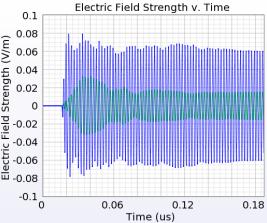
7) Test device positioning

- a) A description of the device test positions used in the SAR computations is provided in the SAR report.
- b) Illustrations showing the separation distances between the test device and the phantom for the tested configurations are provided in the SAR report.

8) Steady state termination procedures

a) The criteria used to determine that sinusoidal steady-state conditions have been reached throughout the computational domain for terminating the computations are based on the monitoring of field points to make sure they converge. The simulation projects were set to automatically track the field values throughout computational domain by means of XFDTD simulation control feature which ensures that "convergence is reached when near-zone data shows a constant amplitude sine wave – when all transients have died down and the only variation left is sinusoidal. In this case "convergence" is tested on the average electric field in the space for its deviation from a pure sine wave. XFDTD automatically places points throughout the space for this purpose." [XFDTD Reference Manual, version. 6.4 and version 7.1]. This convergence threshold was set to -50 dB. In addition for at least one passenger and one bystander exposure condition, we placed one "field sensor" near the antenna, others between the body and the domain boundary at different locations, and one inside the head of the model. In all simulations, isotropic Efield sensors were placed at opposite sides of the computational domain. We used isotropic E and H field "sensors", meaning that all three components of the fields are monitored at these points. The following figures show an example of the time waveforms at the field point sensors in two points of the computational domain. We selected points close to antenna as well as furthest one. The highest field levels are observed for the higher index point, as it is closer to the antenna. In all cases, the field reaches the steady-state condition.





c) The XFDTD[™] algorithm determines the field phasors by using the so-called "two-equations two-unknowns" method. Details of the algorithm are explained in [7].

9) Computing peak SAR from field components

- a) The twelve E-field phasors at the edges of each Yee voxel are combined to yield the SAR associated to that voxel. In particular, the average is performed on the SAR values computed at the 12 edges of each voxel. Notice that in XFDTDTM the dielectric tissue properties are assigned to the voxel edges, thereby allowing said averaging procedure.
- b) The IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee TC34, Sub-Committee 2 draft standard P1529 (June 2000) discusses several algorithms for volumetric SAR averaging. It states that "It is observed that while the 12 components algorithm is the most appropriate from the mathematical point of view, the differences in 1g SAR calculated with either the 12 or 6 component methods are negligible for practical mesh resolutions (below 5mm). On the other hand, it is shown that the 3 components approach may lead to significant errors." XFDTDTM employs the 12-component method, which is the one recommended in the draft standard, thus providing the best achievable accuracy.

10) One-gram averaged SAR procedures

- a) XFDTDTM computes the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in each complete cell containing lossy dielectric material and with a non-zero material density. To be considered a complete cell, the twelve cell edges must belong to lossy dielectric materials. The averaging calculation uses an interpolation scheme for finding the averages. Cubical spaces centered on a cell are formed and the mass and average SAR of the sample cubes are found. The size of the sample cubes increases until the total mass of the enclosed exceeds either 1 or 10 grams. The mass and average SAR value of each cube is saved and used to interpolate the average SAR values at either 1 or 10 grams. The interpolation is performed using two methods (polynomial fit and rational function fit) and the one with the lowest error is chosen. The sample cube must meet some conditions to be considered valid. The cube may contain some non-tissue cells, but some checks are performed on the distribution of the non-tissue cells. A valid cube will not contain an entire side or corner of non-tissue cells.
- b) The sample cube increases in odd-numbered steps (1x1x1, 3x3x3, 5x5x5, etc) to remain centered on the desired cell. Since the visible human model employed herein has 5 mm resolution, the one-gram SAR is computed by averaging first over 1x1x1 voxels, corresponding to 0.125 cm³ (not enough yet), and then over a 3x3x3 voxel cube, corresponding to about 3.4 cm³, which is enough to include 1-g, and finally over a 5x5x5 voxel cube, corresponding to about 15.6 cm³, which includes 10-g. The 1-g average SAR is computed by interpolating these three data points. This procedure is repeated in the surroundings of each voxel that is constituted by lossy materials, so as to determine the 1-g and/or 10-g SAR distributions.
- c) As mentioned at points 10(a) and 10(b), the 1- gram average SAR is determined by interpolating the average SAR for the 1x1x1, 3x3x3, and the 5x5x5 data points,

corresponding to 0.125 cm³, 3.4 cm³, and 15.6 cm³, respectively. Because the interpolation is carried out across three data points, the error introduced should be negligible because the interpolating curve crosses exactly the data points.

11) Total computational uncertainty – We derived an estimate for the uncertainty of FDTD methods in evaluating SAR by referring to [6]. In Fig. 7 in [6] it is shown that the deviation between SAR estimates using the XFDTDTM code and those measured with a compliance system are typically within 10% when the probe is away from the phantom surface so that boundary effects are negligible. In that example, the simulated SAR always exceeds the measured SAR.

As discussed in 6(a), a conservative bias has been introduced in the model so as to reduce concerns regarding the computational uncertainty related to the car modeling, antenna modeling, and phantom modeling. The results of the comparison between measurements and simulations presented in 6(a) suggest that the present model produces an overestimate of the exposure between 4% and 36%. Such a conservative bias should eliminate the need for including uncertainty considerations in the SAR assessment.

12) Test results for determining SAR compliance

- a) Illustrations showing the SAR distribution of dominant peak locations produced by the test transmitter, with respect to the phantom and test device, are provided in the SAR report.
- b) The input impedance and the total power radiated under the impedance match conditions that occur at the test frequency are provided by XFDTDTM. XFDTDTM computes the input impedance by following the method outlined in [8], which consists in performing the integration of the steady-state magnetic field around the feed point edge to compute the steady-state feed point current (I), which is then used to divide the feedgap steady-state voltage (V). The net average radiated power is computed as

$$P_{XFDTD} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re} \{ VI^* \}$$

Both the input impedance and the net average radiated power are provided by XFDTDTM at the end of each individual simulation.

We normalize the SAR to such a power, thereby obtaining SAR per radiated Watt (normalized SAR) values for the whole body and the 1-g SAR. Finally, we multiply such normalized SAR values times the max power rating of the device under test. In this way, we obtain the exposure metrics for 100% talk-time, i.e., without applying source-based time averaging.

c) For mobile radios, 50% source-based time averaging is applied by multiplying the SAR values determined at point 12(b) times a 0.5 factor.

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