

ESI Ceiling Fan Remote Transmitter

General

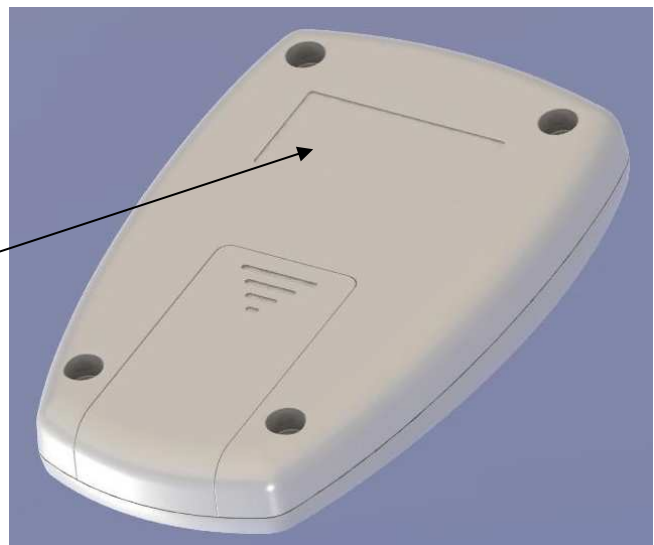
- Remote is used for controlling a ceiling fan with brushless DC motor
- Silicon Labs, SI4010 integrated CMOS SoC RF transmitter
- 433.92 MHz operating frequency
- PCB printed antenna
- 3 Volt CR2032 coin-cell battery powered



Button Functions

1. Speed 1 – Commands motor to set speed 1
2. Speed 2 – Commands motor to set speed 2
3. Speed 3 – Commands motor to set speed 3
4. Speed 4 – Commands motor to set speed 4
5. Speed 5 – Commands motor to set speed 5
6. Speed 6 – Commands motor to set speed 6
7. Master Off – Commands motor to STOP and turns the lights OFF
8. Stop – Commands motor to STOP
9. Light – Toggles the light output
10. Reverse – Toggles the motor's direction of rotation

Model: 01110-50 MADE IN CHINA
FCC ID : A7L01110
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC
rules. Operation is subject to the following two
conditions. (1) This device may not cause
harmful interference (2) This device must accept
any interference received, including interference
that may cause undesired operation



FCC Caution:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.