FCC TAS validation – Part 2: Tests under dynamic transmit power scenarios

FCC ID : A4RG45RY

Equipment: Phone

Model Name : G45RY, GYPW4

Applicant : Google LLC

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Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

The product was received on Dec. 09, 2024 and testing was started from Mar. 16, 2025 and completed on Mar. 21, 2025. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Appendix A. Test Setup Photos

History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA4N0918-01C	01	Initial issue of report	May. 05, 2025
FA4N0918-01C	02	Update section 7.1	May. 06, 2025
FA4N0918-01C	03	Update section 7.1	May 12, 2025

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1. Introduction

This purpose of this Part 2 report is to demonstrate that the DUT complies with FCC RF exposure compliance requirement under varying Tx power transmission scenarios, thus validating the Samsung S.LSI Time average SAR algorithm(ISED)_ForOEM_v.2.8 for FCC equipment authorization of the handset.

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The values of Plimit used in this report per scenario are determined in Part 0 report.

2. Tx Varying Transmission Test Cases and Test Proposal

The following scenarios are covered in this report to demonstrate compliance with FCC RF exposure in Tx varying transmission conditions.

- 1. During a time-varying Tx power transmission to prove that TAS feature accounts for Tx power variations in time accurately.
- 2. During a call disconnect and re-establish scenario to prove that the TAS feature accounts for history of Tx power from past accurately
- 3. During a technology/band handover to prove that TAS feature accounts for history across transitions in band/technology
- 4. During operating state change to prove that TAS feature functions correctly to meet compliance limits across operate state changes
- 5. During time averaging window change to prove that TAS feature properly handles the change from one time averaging window to another as specified by FCC, and meets the normalized FCC limit of 1.0 at all time

As described in Part 0, the RF exposure is proportional to the Tx power for sub-6. Thus, we rely on conducted power measurements (sub-6) in each dynamic case to demonstrate that overall RF exposure is within the FCC limit.

The overall procedure for validating the test is summarized below:

- 1. Measure conducted power over time, denoted as TxPower(t), with time index t for each radio
- Convert measured powers to RF exposure values using linear relationship shown below. In below expression, Pimit, sub-6 would be the measured power at which FR1 technology meets measured SAR level of SAR_design_target as described in Part 0.

$$SAR(t) = \frac{TxPower(t)}{Plimit.sub-6} * SAR_design_target$$
 (2.1.1)

- 3. Compute the average RF exposure over the most recent measurement duration which are denoted as TSAR for sub6 . These durations are as specified by FCC. This measurement duration interval is then given by [t TSAR, t] for sub-6.
- 4. Divide the RF exposure by corresponding FCC limit and ensure the sum denoted as TER (total exposure ratio) is less than 1 for all. The following equation describes the calculation of TER and its target constraint. *LSAR* is the number of fixed, mobile or portable RF sources using SAR-based formula, the expressions below is general considering a number radios in general denoted by *LSAR*.

$$\sum_{ISAR=0}^{LSAR=1} \frac{SARavr, ISAR}{FCC SAR} \le 1$$
 (2.1.3)

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3. SAR Time Averaging Validation Test Procedures

Test plan and test procedure for validating Samsung SLSI TAS feature for sub-6 scenarios

3.1 Test sequence determination for validation

Two sequences for time varying Tx power are pre-defined as given below for sub-6 case.

 Test Sequence A is generated with two power levels. One is maximum power level Pmax and the other is lower power level. The lower power level is defined as 3dB lower value than maximum power level. At first, maximum power level is applied for 80 seconds. After this, lower power level is used until this test is finished.

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Test Sequence B is generated at multiple power levels that are specified in the Appendix as a function of Pmax and Plimit.

3.2 Test configuration selection criteria for validating TAS

This section provides general guidance for selecting test cases in TAS feature validation.

3.2.1 Test configuration selection for time-varying Tx power transmission

The Samsung S.LSI TAS algorithm is independent of band, modes or channel of any technology. Hence, we can validate using one or two combinations of band/mode/channel per technology. The criteria for selecting these would be based on the relative value of Plimit and Pmax as determined in Part 0. Essentially, we need to pick this combination such that Plimit is less than Pmax so that the TAS algorithm will enforce power restriction. Two bands can be selected from Part 0 with different values of Plimit -select one corresponding to lowest Plimit and another being highest but still less than Pmax.

3.2.2 Test configuration selection for change in call

The criteria to select the technology/band for transition between call setup and call drop is to choose the one with least Plimit among all bands in Part 0. The test is performed with DUT requested power at Pmax so that the Samsung S.LSI TAS feature enforces power restriction for longest duration. The call change is performed when the DUT is operating with restricted power. One such test is sufficient since behavior is not dependent on band/technology.

3.2.3 Test configuration for change in technology/band/window

FCC specifies different measurement durations for time averaging based on operating frequency. The change of operating frequency can result in change of time window for averaging, for e.g. change from 100s averaging for frequency below 3GHz to 60s averaging for frequency above 3-6 GHz, The criteria for selecting test case to demonstrate compliance across time window change is to pick a technology/band corresponding to each time window from Part 0 such that Plimit is less than Pmax.

3.3 Test procedures for conducted power measurements

This section provides general conducted power measurement procedures to perform compliance test under dynamic scenarios described in Section 2.

3.3.1 Time-varying Tx power transmission scenario

This test is performed with two pre-defined test sequences as described in Section 3.1 for all technologies operating on sub-6GHz applying to both UMTS, LTE and NR as selected in Section 3.2.1. The purpose of the test is to demonstrate the maximum power limiting enforcement and that the time-averaged SAR does not exceed the FCC limit at all times.

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3.3.1.1 Test procedure

 Using the Pmax and Plimit obtained in Part 0/1, generate the test sequence of power levels for each selected technology/band. Both test sequences A and B are generated. Maximum power can be changed according to DUT test results.

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Establish the connection of the DUT to the call box in the selected RAT, with the call box requesting the DUT TX power to be according to the sequence determined in Step 1. An initial value of Tx power will be set to 0dBm for 100s before the desired test sequence starts to help with post-processing of the time-average value with the very first value in the sequence. This is illustrated in the figure below

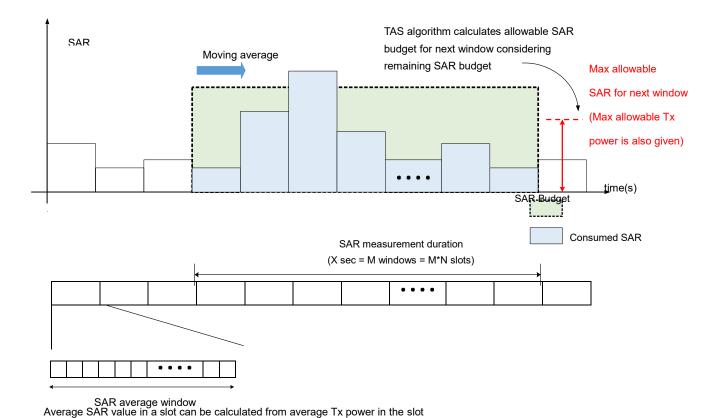


Figure 3.3-1 SAR measurement from Tx power using block-wise processing

- 3. Release connection.
- 4. After the completion of the test, prepare one plot with the following information:
 - a. Instantaneous Tx power versus time measured in Step 2

(Assume that SAR vs Tx power relation is obtained from real measurement)

- b. Requested Tx power versus time used in Step 2
- c. Time-averaged power over 100s using instantaneous values from Step 2
- d. Power level Plimit which is determined as meeting SAR target in Part 0/1
- 5. Make a second plot containing the following information:
 - Computed time-averaged 1gSAR versus time determined in Step 2
 - o. FCC 1gSAR limit of 1.6W/kg

The pass condition is to demonstrate time-averaged 1gSAR versus time shown in Step 5 value versus time does not exceed the FCC limit of 1.6 W/kg throughout the test duration. We would also demonstrate that time-averaged power does not exceed the Plimit at any time in the plot in Step 4.

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3.3.2 Change in call scenario

This test is to demonstrate that Samsung S.LSI TAS feature correctly accounts for past Tx powers during time- averaging when a new call is established. The call change has to be carried out when the power limit enforcement is ongoing.

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3.3.2.1 <u>Test procedure</u>

- 1. Establish radio connection of DUT with call box e.g. using LTE technology
- 2. Configure call box to set DUT Tx power to a low value of -10dBm for 100s.
- 3. Configure call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands and continue LTE transmission from DUT so that maximum power of Pmax is achieved.
- 4. After 60s of transmission at Pmax power level, release the call from call box.
- 5. After 10s, re-establish the LTE connection from call box to DUT and repeat sending "ALL UP" power control command to bring the Tx power to Pmax level again.
- 6. Continue LTE transmission at Pmax level for another 110s.
- 7. Release LTE connection.
- 8. After the completion of the test, prepare one plot with the following information (a) Instantaneous Tx power versus time (b) Requested Tx power versus time (c) Time-averaged power over 100s using instantaneous values and (d) Power level Plimit which is determined as meeting SAR target
- 9. Make a second plot containing the following information (a) Computed time-averaged 1gSAR versus time and (b) FCC 1gSAR limit of 1.6W/kg

Pass condition is to demonstrate time-averaged 1gSAR value versus time does not exceed the FCC limit of 1.6 W/kg throughout the test duration. It is required to check if SAR calculation is accounting for call drop and connection. Current TAS algorithm software makes the UE estimate the exact amount of Tx power and average SAR even during call drop and call re-establishment event. The UE stores time information when it goes into a sleep mode and wake-up to calculate Tx power on / off duration.

3.3.3 Change in technology/band/window

This test is to demonstrate that Samsung S.SLSI TAS feature can properly handle change of technology/band and consequently time window as necessary during handover scenarios. Since both Plimit and window duration can change across bands, we have to use separate equations below for converting Tx power to SAR as well as apply a combined SAR exposure criterion as shown below.

SAR 1 (t) =
$$\frac{\text{TxPower(t)}}{\text{Plimit,sub6}} * SAR_design_target$$
 (3.3.1)

SAR 2 (t) =
$$\frac{\text{TxPower(t)}}{\text{Plimit,sub6}} * SAR_design_target$$
 (3.3.2)

where Plimit, 1, FR1 would correspond to measured power at which first technology/band meets measured SAR level of $SAR_design_target1$ as described in Part 0 and Part 1 wit time-averaging duration of T1,SAR. Similarly, Plimit,FR2 would be the measured EIRP at which FR2 technology meets measured PD level of PD $_design_target$ as described in Part 0. Similarly, the quantities Plimit,2,FR1,SAR design target2,T2,SAR are defined for the second technology/band.

3.3.4 Change in Power Index

This test is to demonstrate that Samsung S.LSI TAS feature can properly handle change of RSI resulting from different SAR index state detected by host platform software. It involves changing the Plimit value during the test for the same technology to emulate power index change.

3.3.5 Test configuration for SAR exposure switching

The criteria for selecting test case is to pick an LTE band and a NR band with Plimit lower than Pmax in each case. The test is performed with both RATs connected in an EN-DC scenario. In the first portion of the test, DUT is requested to transmit at maximum power for NR and minimum power for LTE. In the second portion of the test, DUT is requested to transmit at maximum power for both NR and LTE. In the final portion of the test, DUT is requested to transmit at minimum power for NR and maximum power for LTE.

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3.3.6 Test procedure for handover between two TAS RATs

- 1. Establish radio connection of DUT with call box e.g. using NR band
- 2. Configure call box to set DUT Tx power to a low value of 0dBm for 110s.
- 3. Configure call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands and continue NR transmission from DUT so that maximum power of Pmax is achieved. Continue transmission at the maximum power for 120s.
- 4. Change RAT from NR to LTE and configure call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands in LTE
- 5. Continue call in LTE at maximum power for 400s

3.3.7 Test configuration for Uplink CA

The criteria for selecting this test case is to demonstrate the compliance of the TAS algorithm when an LTE or FR1 transmission is done over multiple CC. This test shows that the TAS algorithm compliance is independent on the Transmission scenarios (single CC or CA), select any one technology that the EUT supports to demonstrate compliance.

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4. NTN SAR Time Averaging Validation Test Procedures

In this Section, we cover the test plan and test procedure for validating Samsung S.LSI TAS feature for NTN scenario.

This sequence is generated with two power levels. One is a very low power and the other is maximum power level of Pmax. At first, the low power level is applied for 540 s seconds (by placing the transmission in the idle mode). After this, maximum power level is used for 540 s or more.

NTN with time-varying startup test sequence

- 1. Establish NTN connection of DUT with call box on NTN band
- 2. Send an RRC release to the UE so that it goes into the idle mode with no transmission and keep that state for 540 s.
- Configure MAC padding in DL & UL in connected mode so that maximum power (Pmax) is achieved and continue transmission for 540 s
- 4. Release NTN connection

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5. Spatial TAS

In legacy TAS algorithm (V2.3), it was assumed that all antennas are correlated regardless of their direction of transmission in space. Thus, the main concept was to split the SAR/TER on the transmitting RATs even they are transmitting on different antennas. Such approach is considered as a worst case scenario in terms of transmitting power. Thus, to enhance the performance of the transmission power of RATs, we should consider the spatial properties of each antenna and the correlations between the antennas transmissions. The TAS algorithm from the latest Samsung submission document revision v2.7 is implemented.

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For example, consider a DUT with two antennas one at the top and one at the bottom and each are transmitting in two different direction with no common area affected by both. For such DUT architecture, if each antenna utilize the full SAR compliance while transmitting simultaneously, then the power transmission is still under compliance since no area is affected by both transmissions and thus no area will have SAR above SAR compliance.

For a DUT with N antennas, a spatial correlation matrix (R) can be constructed to map the correlation between each two antennas when they transmit simultaneously. Thus this correlation matrix is given as

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & \dots & r_{1N} \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & \dots & r_{2N} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ r_{N1} & r_{N2} & \dots & r_{NN} \end{bmatrix}$$

And it has the following characteristics

- a) r_{ij} is the correlation between antenna i and antenna j
- b) The value of r_{ij} is either 0 or 1, where 1 means fully correlated and 0 means fully uncorrelated.
- c) r_{ii} is the self-correlation of each antenna and it is always 1

For ENDC operation, the value of the correlation coefficients (r_{ij}) between the two transmitting antennas (i,j) will determine the splitting ratios between the two operating RATs as follow

- a) If r_{ij} = 0 then each antenna will transmit with full SAR compliance
- b) If $r_{ij} = 1$ then the full SAR compliance will be split among both antennas with ration a:b, where a + b = 1

Since the R matrix entries depends on the antenna distribution of each DUT, then our spatial TAS algorithm is implemented to operate with any R matrix (antenna distribution agnostic).

The values of the R matrix entries should be determined by the OEM based on the DUT used. One way to determine the values of the R matrix entries is to use the SPLSR test mentioned in FCC KDB 447498 D01, section 4.3.2.

The SPLSR test is done between each pair of antennas as follow

- i. Measure the SAR peak location for each antenna (x_i, y_i, z_i) and (x_j, y_j, z_j)
- ii. Calculate $\Gamma_{ij} = \frac{\left(SAR_{1,max} + SAR_{j,max}\right)^{1.5}}{D}$, where $SAR_{i,max} = SAR_{j,max} = SAR_{comp}$ and $D = \sqrt{\left(x_i x_j\right)^2 + \left(y_i y_j\right)^2 + \left(z_i z_j\right)^2}$
- iii. Check if the value of $\Gamma_{ij} \leq 0.04$ for 1g and 0.1 for 10g then these two antennas are considered fully uncorrelated and we can set $r_{ij} = 0$. Otherwise, a Volumetric SAR evaluation can be done to check the non-correlation of both antennas and if not set $r_{ij} = 1$
- iv. If volumetric SAR cannot meet FCC SAR compliance requirements, set $r_{ij} = 1$.

NOTE: The antennas corresponding to the selected RSIs or change in technology/band/window should be in the rij=1 if EUT is configured Spatial TAS algorithm.

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6. PD Time Averaging Validation Test Procedures

In this section, we cover the test plan and test procedure for validating Samsung SLSI TAS feature for FR2 scenarios. For this DUT, FR2 transmissions are only in non-standalone mode, so it requires LTE or FR1 as an anchor and both SAR for LTE/FR1 and PD for FR2 will be accounted.

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6.1 Test sequence determination for validation

In FR2 transmissions, the test sequence for validation is with the callbox requested maximum power for FR2 at all time.

6.2 Test configuration selection criteria for validating TAS

5.2.1 <u>Test configuration selection for time-varying Tx power transmission</u>

Since the TAS feature is independent of band and beams for a given technology, demonstration with one band will be sufficient.

5.2.2Test configuration selection for time-varying Tx power transmission

The TAS feature works for both types of exposure (SAR or PD) and ensures total time-averaged exposure ratio meets the FCC limit of 1. One scenarios of LTE band and FR2 band time-varying Tx power verification is sufficient, while exposure condition can be varied between SAR dominant, SAR+PD scenario and PD dominant scenarios for demonstration.

5.2.3 Test configuration selection for change of beam

Since the TAS feature is independent of band and beams for a given technology, demonstration with one pair of beams for switching between them will be sufficient.

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6.3 Test procedures for FR2 radiated power measurements

For FR2 testing, we need to perform conducted power measurements for LTE and radiated power measurements for FR2. This section provides general procedures for test setup to validate the compliance in dynamic scenarios outlines in Section 2.

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5.3.1 FR2 max power transmission

6.3.1.1 Test procedure

- 1. Select EN-DC (LTE+FR2) or NR-DC(FR1+FR2) to demonstrate TAS validation.
- Set the phone in an anechoic chamber for FR2 radiated transmission. In a non-signaling transmission mode for FR2 at maximum target EIRP, adjust the position of the DUT via rotation within the chamber to obtain the maximum measured radiated EIRP using the fixed test antenna. Keep the DUT in this fixed position for the remainder of the test.
- 3. Reset the DUT state to normal signaling mode and establish both LTE and FR2 connections with the call box.
- 4. Immediately send "ALL DOWN" power control commands from LTE call box to send LTE to the lowest transmission power. Next, configure the FR2 call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands to send FR2 radio to maximum EIRP condition. In this case, the FR2 radio will comprise the dominant exposure condition using PD metric.
- 5. After 120s, configure LTE call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands and continue transmission.
- 6. Record the conducted power of LTE and radiated EIRP of FR2 radio at all times during the test.
- 7. After 200s, release LTE and FR2 connection.
- 8. After the end of the test, convert the instantaneous LTE Tx power into 1gSAR value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.1), and then divide by FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg to obtain normalized SAR versus time. Perform 100s time averaging to determine normalized average 1gSAR versus time.
- 9. Similar to Step 7, convert the instantaneous radiated FR2 EIRP into PD value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.2), and then divide by FCC limit of 10W/m² for 4cm² spatial averaging to obtain instantaneous normalized PD versus time. Perform 4s time averaging to determine normalized average PD versus time.
- Make one plot containing (a) Instantaneous conducted power for LTE, (b) computed 100s time-averaged power for LTE, (c) Instantaneous EIRP for FR2, (d) computed 4s time averaged EIRP for FR2 and (e) Plimit for each of LTE and FR2
- 11. Make a second plot containing (a) normalized 100s time-averaged SAR for LTE computed in Step 7 (b) normalized 4s time-averaged PD for FR2, (c) TER (Total Exposure Ratio) corresponding total normalized time-averaged RF exposure (using sum of 10(a) and 10(b)) versus time

Pass condition is to demonstrate that TER is kept under 1.0 throughout the test. This ensures that criteria defined in is met at all times.

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5.3.2 SAR vs PD exposure switch during transmission

This test is to ensure that Samsung S.LSI TAS feature works for any nature of exposure (SAR or PD) and accurately accounts for switching among SAR dominant, SAR+PD, and PD dominant scenarios, and ensured total time-averaged RF exposure compliance at all times.

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5.3.2.1 Test procedure

- Set the DUT in an anechoic chamber for FR2 radiated transmission. In a non-signaling transmission mode for FR2 at maximum target EIRP, adjust the position of the DUT via rotation within the chamber to obtain the maximum measured radiated EIRP using the fixed test antenna. Keep the DUT in this fixed position for the remainder of the test.
- 2. Reset the DUT state to normal signaling mode and establish both LTE and FR2 connections with the call box.
- 3. Immediately send "ALL DOWN" power control commands from LTE call box to send LTE to the lowest transmission power. Next, configure the FR2 call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands to send FR2 radio to maximum EIRP condition. In this case, the FR2 radio will comprise the dominant exposure condition using PD metric.
- After 120s, configure LTE call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands and continue transmission. Now, the RF exposure margin for FR2 should begin to reduce and could cause reduction in EIRP or stopping of FR2 transmissions.
- After 120s, configure LTE call box to send "ALL DOWN" power control commands and continue transmission.
 Now, the FR2 radio should begin to obtain more RF exposure margin and start its transmission at higher power again.
- 6. Record the conducted power of LTE and radiated EIRP of FR2 radio at all times during the test.
- 7. Release LTE and FR2 connection.
- 8. After the end of the test, convert the instantaneous LTE Tx power into 1gSAR value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.1), and then divide by FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg to obtain normalized SAR versus time. Perform 100s time averaging to determine normalized average 1gSAR versus time.
- 9. Similar to Step 7, convert the instantaneous radiated FR2 EIRP into PD value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.2), and then divide by FCC limit of 10W/m² for 4cm² spatial averaging to obtain instantaneous normalized PD versus time. Perform 4s time averaging to determine normalized average PD versus time.
- Make one plot containing (a) Instantaneous conducted power for LTE, (b) computed 100s time- averaged power
 for LTE, (c) Instantaneous EIRP for FR2, (d) computed 4s time averaged EIRP for FR2 and (e) Plimit for each
 of LTE and FR2
- 11. Make a second plot containing (a) normalized 100s time-averaged SAR for LTE computed in Step 7 (b) normalized 4s time-averaged PD for FR2, (c) TER (Total Exposure Ratio) corresponding total normalized time-averaged RF exposure (using sum of 10(a) and 10(b)) versus time

Pass condition is to demonstrate that TER is kept under 1.0 throughout the test. This ensures that criteria defined in is met at all times.

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5.3.3 Change of beam

This test is to demonstrate that Samsung S.LSI TAS feature can account for change of beam in FR2 and still meet total RF exposure compliance.

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5.3.3.1 Test procedure

- 1. Set the DUT in an anechoic chamber for FR2 radiated transmission. In a non-signaling transmission mode for FR2 at beam of maximum target EIRP, adjust the position of the DUT via rotation within the chamber to obtain the maximum measured radiated EIRP using the fixed test antenna.
- 2. Reset the DUT state to normal signaling mode and establish both LTE and FR2 connections with the call box.
- 3. Immediately send "ALL DOWN" power control commands from LTE call box to send LTE to the lowest transmission power. Next, configure the FR2 call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands to send FR2 radio to maximum EIRP condition. In this case, the FR2 radio will comprise the dominant exposure condition using PD metric.
- 4. After 20s, the test equipment turns the DUT by 30 degrees (horizontal=30, vertical=0) to change best module and correspondingly a beam change.
- 5. After 20s, the test equipment turns the DUT by 60 degrees (horizontal=60, vertical=0) to change best module again and correspondingly a beam change.
- 6. Continue the LTE and FR2 transmissions for another 20s
- Record the conducted power of LTE and radiated EIRP of FR2 radio and per beam at all times during the test.
- 8. Release LTE and FR2 connection.
- After the end of the test, convert the instantaneous LTE Tx power into 1gSAR value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.1), and then divide by FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg to obtain normalized SAR versus time. Perform 100s time averaging to determine normalized average 1gSAR versus time.
- 10. Similar to Step 9, convert the instantaneous radiated FR2 EIRP into PD value using Plimit and Eqn (2.1.2), and then divide by FCC limit of 10W/m² for 4cm² spatial averaging to obtain instantaneous normalized PD versus time for each beam. Perform 4s time averaging to determine normalized average PD versus time. Note that for each beam, we have to use the corresponding Plimit values before converting to the PD values.
- 11. Make one plot containing (a) Instantaneous conducted power for LTE, (b) computed 100s time- averaged power for LTE, (c) Instantaneous EIRP for FR2 per beam, (d) computed 4s time averaged EIRP for FR2 per beam and (e) Plimit for each of LTE and FR2
- 12. Make a second plot containing (a) normalized 100s time-averaged SAR for LTE computed in Step 7 (b) normalized 4s time-averaged PD for FR2 per beam, (c) TER (Total Exposure Ratio) corresponding total normalized time-averaged RF exposure (using sum of 12(a) and 12(b)) versus time as computed in left hand side of equation below

Pass condition is to demonstrate time-averaged 1gSAR value and 4cm2 PD versus time does not exceed the FCC limits of 1.6 W/kg and 10W/m2 throughout the test duration. And TER (Total Exposure Ratio) as in Eqn should be kept under 1.0 throughout the test. It is required to check if power limiting enforcement is operated as expected during the test.

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5.3.4 NR Dual Connectivity (NR-DC)

This test is to ensure that Samsung S.LSI TAS feature works for simultaneous different nature of exposure (SAR+PD) from FR1 and FR2. The test shows that the algorithm ensures a total time-averaged RF exposure compliance at all times.

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5.3.4.1 Test Procedure

- Set the phone in an anechoic chamber for FR2 radiated transmission. In a non-signaling transmission mode
 for FR2 at maximum target EIRP, adjust the position of the DUT via rotation within the chamber to obtain the
 maximum measured radiated EIRP using the fixed test antenna. Keep the DUT in this fixed position for the
 remainder of the test
- 2. Reset the DUT state to normal signaling mode and establish both FR1 and FR2 connections with the call box.
- Configure NR FR2 connections call box to send "Target -10dBm" power control commands to send FR2 radio
 to maximum EIRP condition while configuring NR FR1 connections call box to send "Target -10dBm" power
 control commands. Continue Transmission for 120s
- 4. Configure NR FR2 connections call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands to send FR2 radio to maximum EIRP condition while configuring NR FR1 connections call box to send "Target -10dBm" power control commands. Continue Transmission for 150s 5. Configure NR FR1 connections call box to send "ALL UP" power control commands to request the maximum power (Pmax). Continue Transmission for at least 300s.
- 5. Release both connections

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7. Test Configurations

7.1 WWAN (sub-6) transmission

- 1 The Plimit values correspond to SAR_design_target.
- 2 GSM doesn't support time average feature of dynamic power varying, the power will be fixed at the static reduce power level at different exposure conditions for RF exposure compliance. For the GSM Plimit power levels in the table correspond to the burst average power levels which don't account for TX duty cycle.
- 3 UMTS, LTE and 5GNR TDD: Plimit power levels in the table correspond to the time-averaged power levels which accounts for TX duty cycle.
- 4 Maximum target power, Pmax, is configured in NV settings in EUT to limit maximum transmitting power. This power is converted into peak power in NV settings for TDD schemes.

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Table 6.1.1: Plimit for supported technologies and bands (Plimit corresponding to SAR design target)

	6.1.1. <i>Filmit</i>	от саррот		Maximum	He		Hotspot		n/Extremity	- /
Wireless				Power Condition	Standalone	Simultaneous	Simultaneous	Standalone	Simultaneous	D May Durat
technology (No	Mode	Duty Cycle %	Antenna	Index 1	Index 2	Index 3	Index 4	Index 5	Index 6	P Max Burst average
Accounting		%				1	imit			power (dBm)
duty cycle)						Burst average	e power (dBm)			
	GSM 1TX	12.50%		32.50	30.50	29.80	33.90	34.60	33.90	32.50
	GPRS 1TX	12.50%		32.50	38.80	38.10	33.90	34.60	33.90	32.50
	GPRS 2TX	25.00%		31.50	35.80	35.10	30.90	31.60	30.90	31.50
	GPRS 3TX	37.50%		30.50	34.00	33.30	29.10	29.80	29.10	30.50
GSM850	GPRS 4TX	50.00%	Ant0	29.50	32.80	32.10	27.90	28.60	27.90	29.50
	EDGE 1TX	12.50%		26.50	38.80	38.10	33.90	34.60	33.90	26.50
	EDGE 2TX	25.00%		25.50	35.80	35.10	30.90	31.60	30.90	25.50
	EDGE 3TX	37.50%		24.50	34.00	33.30	29.10	29.80	29.10	24.50
	EDGE 4TX	50.00%		23.50	32.80	32.10	27.90	28.60	27.90	23.50
	GSM 1TX	12.50%		32.20	30.20	29.00	32.90	33.60	32.90	32.20
	GPRS 1TX	12.50%		32.20	31.50	30.30	32.90	33.60	32.90	32.20
	GPRS 2TX	25.00%		31.20	28.50	27.30	29.90	30.60	29.90	31.20
	GPRS 3TX	37.50%	Ant1	30.20	26.70	25.50	28.10	28.80	28.10	30.20
GSM850	GPRS 4TX	50.00%		29.20	25.50	24.30	26.90	27.60	26.90	29.20
	EDGE 1TX	12.50%		26.20	31.50	30.30	32.90	33.60	32.90	26.20
	EDGE 2TX	25.00%		25.20	28.50	27.30	29.90	30.60	29.90	25.20
	EDGE 3TX	37.50%		24.20	26.70	25.50	28.10	28.80	28.10	24.20
	EDGE 4TX	50.00%		23.20	25.50	24.30	26.90	27.60	26.90	23.20
	GSM/GPRS 1TX	12.50%		29.50	36.90	36.20	28.50	29.20	28.50	29.50
	GPRS 2TX	25.00%		28.00	33.90	33.20	25.50	26.20	25.50	28.00
	GPRS 3TX	37.50%		27.50	32.10	31.40	23.70	24.40	23.70	27.50
GSM1900	GPRS 4TX	50.00%	Ant2	26.50	30.90	30.20	22.50	23.20	22.50	26.50
GSW1900	EDGE 1TX	12.50%	AIILZ	25.50	36.90	36.20	28.50	29.20	28.50	25.50
	EDGE 2TX	25.00%		24.50	33.90	33.20	25.50	26.20	25.50	24.50
	EDGE 3TX	37.50%		23.50	32.10	31.40	23.70	24.40	23.70	23.50
	EDGE 4TX	50.00%		22.50	30.90	30.20	22.50	23.20	22.50	22.50
	GSM/GPRS 1TX	12.50%		29.30	44.50	43.80	26.30	28.10	27.40	29.30
	GPRS 2TX	25.00%		27.80	41.50	40.80	23.30	25.10	24.40	27.80
	GPRS 3TX	37.50%		27.30	39.70	39.00	21.50	23.30	22.60	27.30
CSM4000	GPRS 4TX	50.00%	Ant0	26.30	38.50	37.80	20.30	22.10	21.40	26.30
GSM1900	EDGE 1TX	12.50%		25.30	44.50	43.80	26.30	28.10	27.40	25.30
	EDGE 2TX	25.00%		24.30	41.50	40.80	23.30	25.10	24.40	24.30
	EDGE 3TX	37.50%		23.30	39.70	39.00	21.50	23.30	22.60	23.30
	EDGE 4TX	50.00%		22.30	38.50	37.80	20.30	22.10	21.40	22.30

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SPORTON LA										
				Maximum Power		ead	Hotspot	,	rn/Extremity	
Wireless technology		Duty Cycle		Condition	Standalone	Simultaneous	Simultaneous	Standalone	Simultaneous	P Max Time-
(Accounting	Mode	%	Antenna	Index 1	Index 2	Index 3	Index 4	Index 5	Index 6	average power (dBm)
duty cycle)							limit			power (ubili)
						Time-averag	e power (dBm)			
WCDMA B2	R99	100.00%	Ant2	24.00	27.60	26.90	21.40	22.10	21.40	24.00
WCDMA B2	R99	100.00%	Ant0	23.80	35.40	34.70	17.10	20.10	19.40	23.80
WCDMA B4	R99	100.00%	Ant2	24.00	28.20	27.50	21.70	22.40	21.70	24.00
WCDMA B4	R99	100.00%	Ant0	23.80	32.90	32.20	17.80	19.70	19.00	23.80
WCDMA B5	R99	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.90	29.20	25.30	26.00	25.30	24.30
WCDMA B5	R99	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	23.20	22.20	25.70	26.40	25.70	24.00
LTE B7	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.10	25.50	24.80	20.00	20.70	20.00	24.10
LTE B7	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.90	32.60	31.90	19.50	21.10	20.40	23.90
LTE B12/B17	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	30.50	29.80	26.50	27.70	27.00	24.30
LTE B12/B17	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	23.90	22.70	25.40	26.10	25.40	24.00
LTE B13	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.80	29.10	23.50	26.90	26.20	24.30
LTE B13	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	23.30	22.60	25.10	25.80	25.10	24.00
LTE B14	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.50	28.80	23.50	26.10	25.40	24.30
LTE B14	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	22.70	22.00	25.20	25.90	25.20	24.00
LTE B25/B2	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.00	27.50	26.80	20.80	21.50	20.80	24.00
LTE B25/B2	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.80	34.00	33.30	17.00	19.50	18.80	23.80
LTE B25/B2	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	16.30	15.40	21.10	21.80	21.10	24.00
LTE B25/B2	PC3	100.00%	Ant5	23.60	18.60	17.90	22.50	23.70	23.00	23.60
LTE B26/B5	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.20	28.50	25.90	26.70	26.00	24.30
LTE B26/B5	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	22.90	21.90	24.90	25.60	24.90	24.00
LTE B30	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	23.70	26.00	25.30	19.30	20.00	19.30	23.70
LTE B30	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.50	32.70	32.00	17.80	20.40	19.70	23.50
LTE B41/B38	PC3	63.30%	Ant2	22.10	26.00	25.30	20.90	21.60	20.90	22.10
LTE B41/B38	PC2	43.30%	Ant2	22.40	26.00	25.30	20.90	21.60	20.90	22.40
LTE B41/B38	PC3	63.30%	Ant0	22.10	33.20	32.50	20.20	21.90	21.20	22.10
LTE B41/B38	PC2	43.30%	Ant0	22.40	33.20	32.50	20.20	21.90	21.20	22.40
LTE B48	PC3	63.30%	Ant6	22.00	27.50	26.80	19.80	20.50	19.80	22.00
LTE B48	PC3	63.30%	Ant7	18.80	26.10	25.40	18.00	18.70	18.00	18.80
LTE B66/B4	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.00	27.80	27.10	21.00	21.70	21.00	24.00
LTE B66/B4	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.80	36.20	35.50	17.30	18.90	18.20	23.80
LTE B66/B4	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	17.40	16.20	21.60	22.30	21.60	24.00
LTE B66/B4	PC3	100.00%	Ant5	23.60	18.80	18.10	23.60	25.00	24.30	23.60
LTE B71	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	32.20	31.50	26.70	27.40	26.70	24.30
LTE B71	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	24.00	22.80	25.90	26.60	25.90	24.00
FR1 n7	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.10	25.60	24.90	20.30	21.00	20.30	24.10
FR1 n7	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.90	33.30	32.60	19.50	21.30	20.60	23.90
FR1 n12	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	30.60	29.90	26.10	27.20	26.50	24.30
FR1 n12	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	24.70	24.00	25.60	26.30	25.60	24.00
FR1 n14	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.50	28.80	23.70	26.80	26.10	24.30
FR1 n14	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	22.90	21.70	26.10	26.80	26.10	24.00
FR1 n25/n2	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.00	27.80	27.10	21.10	21.80	21.10	24.00
FR1 n25/n2	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.80	34.90	34.20	17.50	19.60	18.90	23.80
FR1 n25/n2	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	17.00	15.80	21.50	22.20	21.50	24.00
FR1 n25/n2	PC3	100.00%	Ant5	23.60	18.90	18.20	23.30	24.60	23.90	23.60
FR1 n26/n5	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	24.30	29.30	28.60	25.40	26.60	25.90	24.30
FR1 n26/n5	PC3	100.00%	Ant1	24.00	22.90	22.20	25.10	25.80	25.10	24.00
FR1 n30	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	23.70	26.60	25.90	20.20	20.90	20.20	23.70
FR1 n30	PC3	100.00%	Ant0	23.50	32.90	32.20	17.70	20.20	19.50	23.50
FR1 n41/n38	PC3	100.00%	Ant2	24.10	25.80	25.10	20.30	21.00	20.30	24.10
FR1 n41	PC2	50.00%	Ant2	23.00	25.80	25.10	20.30	21.00	20.30	23.00
FR1 n41	PC1.5	25.00%	Ant2	20.00	25.80	25.10	20.30	21.00	20.30	20.00
FK1 1141	PC1.5	23.00%	Anz	20.00	25.60	25.10	20.30	∠1.00	20.30	20.00

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NTN B255

PC3

83.00%

Ant4

22.70

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Report No.: FA4N0918-01C PC3 24.10 32.80 32.10 20.20 21.70 21.00 24.10 FR1 n41/n38 100.00% Ant0 PC2 50.00% Ant0 23.00 32.80 32.10 20.20 21.70 21.00 23.00 FR1 n41 PC1.5 25.00% Ant0 20.00 32.80 32.10 20.20 21.70 21.00 20.00 FR1 n41/n38 PC3 100.00% Ant1 24.10 18.00 17.30 20.80 22.20 21.50 24.10 FR1 n41 PC2 50.00% 23.00 18.00 17.30 20.80 22.20 21.50 23.00 Ant1 17.30 PC1.5 25.00% 20.00 18.00 20.80 22.20 21.50 20.00 FR1 n41 Ant1 FR1 n41/n38 PC3 100.00% Ant5 23.70 17.90 17.20 22.20 23.20 22.50 23.70 22.60 17.90 17.20 22.20 23.20 FR1 n41 PC2 50.00% Ant5 22.50 22.60 FR1 n41 PC1.5 25.00% Ant5 19.60 17.90 17.20 19.60 22.20 23.20 22.50 FR1 n66 PC3 100.00% 24.00 28.60 27.90 21.60 22.30 21.60 24.00 Ant2 34.70 FR1 n66 PC3 100.00% Ant0 23.80 35.40 18.20 19.60 18.90 23.80 PC3 100.00% Ant1 24.00 17.50 16.30 22.20 23.00 22.30 24.00 FR1 n66 PC3 100.00% Ant5 23.60 19.50 18.30 23.10 25.30 24.60 23.60 24.30 32.80 32.10 27.50 27.50 24.30 FR1 n71 PC3 100.00% Ant0 28.20 22.00 PC3 100.00% Ant1 24.00 23.20 25.90 26.60 25.90 24.00 FR1 n77/n78 PC3 100.00% Ant6 24.00 27.90 27.20 19.60 20.30 19.60 24.00 FR1 n77/n78 50.00% Ant6 23.00 27.90 27.20 19.60 20.30 19.60 23.00 PC1.5 25.00% 19.50 27.90 27.20 19.60 19.60 19.50 FR1 n77/n78 Ant6 20.30 23.30 23.00 PC3 100.00% 22.10 FR1 n77/n78 Ant7 23.00 17.50 18.20 17.50 FR1 n77/n78 PC2 50.00% Ant7 22.20 23.30 22.10 17.50 18.20 17.50 22.20 18.50 23.30 22.10 17.50 18.20 17.50 18.50 FR1 n77/n78 PC1.5 25.00% Ant7 14.70 19.20 FR1 n77/n78 PC3 100.00% Ant1 24.00 15.40 20.40 19.70 24.00 FR1 n77/n78 PC2 50.00% Ant1 23.00 15.40 14.70 19.20 20.40 19.70 23.00 25.00% 19.50 15.40 14.70 19.50 FR1 n77/n78 PC1.5 Ant1 19.20 20.40 19.70 FR1 n77/n78 PC3 100.00% Ant5 23.70 18.20 17.10 24.10 24.80 24.10 23.70 PC2 50.00% Ant5 22.70 18.20 17.10 24.10 24.80 24.10 22.70 FR1 n77/n78 18.20 17.10 24.10 FR1 n77/n78 PC1.5 25.00% Ant5 19.20 24.80 24.10 19.20 NTN B23 PC3 21.70 21.70 83.00% Ant1 21.30

23.00

22.70

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7.2 Test case list for sub-6GHz transmissions

To validate TAS algorithm in various sub-6GHz conditions, the chosen TC (Test Case) list is defined as in Table 6.2.1.

Table 6.2.1 Sub-6GHz TAS validation test case list

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No.	Test Scenario	Test case	Test configuration
1		LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	WCDMA B2
2		LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	WCDMA B4
3	Time-varying Tx power	LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	LTE B25/B2
4	transmission	LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	LTE B41/B38 pc3
5		SA_FR1_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	n66 (SA Mode)
6		SA_FR1_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)
7		LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	WCDMA B2
8		LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	WCDMA B4
9	Time-varying Tx power	LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	LTE B25/B2
10	transmission	LTE_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	LTE B41/B38 pc3
11		SA_FR1_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	n66 (SA Mode)
12		SA_FR1_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)
13	Change operate states	SA_FR1_RF_SAR_Index_Change	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode) Index 5 to Index 3
14	Drop call	Call_Disconnect_Reestablishment	LTE B25/B2
15	SAR exposure switch	NSA_FR1_Dominant_Power_Switching	LTE B48, n25/n2 (NSA Mode)
16	Re-selection in call	NR_TO_LTE_IRAT_HO	n25/n2 (SA Mode) to LTE B48
17	UL CA	-	LTE B66/B4
18	NTN with time-varying startup test sequence	NTN_Time_Varying_Startup_sequence	NTN Band 23

Remark:

- 1. (*)The same Plimit value is applied for all modulation schemes associated with a specific communication technology.
- 2. Correlation matrix for Spatial TAS implementation for WWAN antenna pairs, UL MIMO antenna operating on different antenna groups, therefore TAS validation is not required.

Antonna Croup	AG0	AG1	AG2
Antenna Group	Ant 0, Ant 6	Ant 1, Ant 5	Ant 2, Ant 7

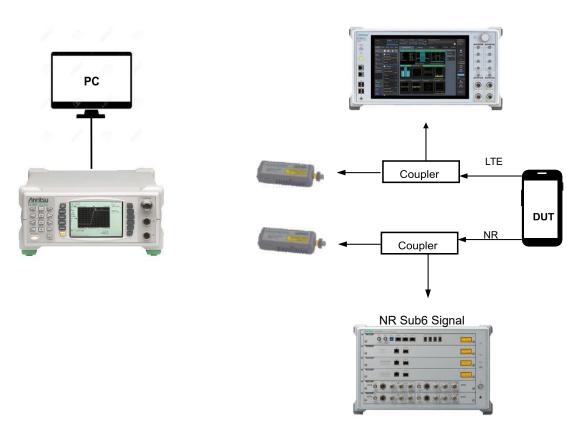
Uplink MIMO antenna combination

N77//N78/N48	Ant 6+1	Ant 6+5	Ant 7+1	Ant 7+5
N41	Ant 2+1	Ant 2+5	Ant 0+1	Ant 0+5

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8. Conducted Power Test Results for Sub-6 TAS validation

8.1 Measurement set-up



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Figure 7.1-1 Test set-up for legacy and sub 6GHz

The test setup for TAS validation with sub-6GHz RATs only is shown in Figure 7.1-1.

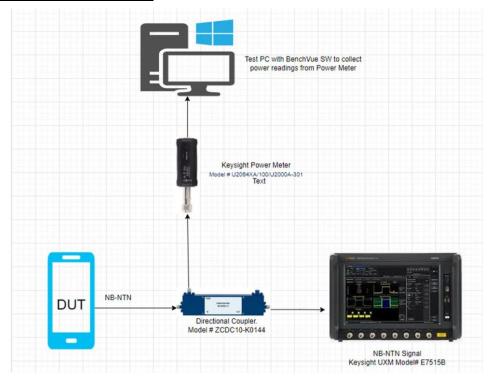
Power readings for each active technology are recorded every 100ms and dumped in an excel file. A post-processing tool is used to extract data from the excel file and plot the required metrics such as time-averaged power, SAR and TER values versus time as described in Section 3.3.

In summary, the tests have to be executed as following procedure.

- 1. Measure conduction sub 6GHz Tx power corresponds to SAR regulation.
- 2. Execute time-varying test scenarios. And record sub 6GHz power using sub 6GHz power meter equipment.
- The time interval between subsequent conducted power measurements is 0.1s (typically much less than 1 second)
- 4. Plot the recorded results over measurement time. And evaluate the results for validation.
- 5. The required Power level is burst average power level controlled by call box, the power varying measurement correspond to time-average power levels after accounting for duty cycle in the case TDD modulation schemes (e.g. LTE, 5G FR1 TDD bands).

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8.2 NTN Measurement set-up



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Figure 7.2-1 Test set-up for NTN transmission

The test setup for TAS validation for NTN is shown in Figure 7.2-1. Normally, a power meter sensor would measure total power in the entire frequency of its specification e.g. 10MHz to 40GHz for the U2064XA unit. A common power meter is able to display and record the readings for each sensor at the same time for postprocessing at a PC. The signaling call box Keysight E7515B is used to establish the call and data connection to the DUT for NB-NTN. The couplers are able to provide the transmit signal from DUT to power sensors while uplink and downlink signaling messages exchanged with the call box on the same path. A script is designed using a Keysight software called "Test App" that enables the DUT to establish an NBNTN connection with maximum power configured in the system information message.

All the path losses from RF port of DUT to the callbox and the power meters are calibrated and automatically entered as offsets in the callbox and power meter, which are also connected to the control PC used in the test setup. The Keysight software (Test App) is used to save the required configuration in the form of a script (.scpi file) which can be utilized for multiple test runs if required. Another Keysight software called "BenchVue" is used to collect readings from the power meter every 100ms and save them in an excel or MATLAB format.

- 1. Measure conduction NTN Tx power corresponding to SAR regulation.
- 2. Set NTN power level with some margin. Then, start the test.
- 3. Execute time-varying test scenarios. Record NTN power using sub-6GHz power meter equipment.
- 4. Plot the recorded results over measurement time. Evaluate the results for validation.

Note that Plimit is different according to the OEM, so it is necessary to set the Plimit suitable for each terminal.

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8.3 Measured Plimit and Pmax

The measured *Plimit* for all the selected radio configurations are listed in Table 7.2.1. *Pmax* was also measured for radio configurations selected for testing time-varying Tx power transmission scenario in order to generate test sequences following the test procedures.

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The instantaneous maximum power for WWAN antennas is min {Pmax, Plimit+6 dB} during TAS power transmission behavior.

Table 7.2.1 Measured Plimit and Pmax of selected radio configurations

TC#	Test Scenario	Antenna	Power Index	Test band	Mode	Pmax Setting (dBm)	measured Pmax (dBm)	Plimit Setting (dBm)	Measured Plimit (dBm)	Total Uncertainty (dB)
1		Ant 0	4	WCDMA B2	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.8	23.48	17.1	17.63	0.9
2		Ant 2	5	WCDMA B4	RMC 12.2Kbps	24	23.76	22.4	22.16	1
3	Time varying Tx power case 1	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	24	21.35	15.4	15.37	1
4	Time varying 1x power case 1	Ant 2	4	LTE B41/B38 pc3	QPSK_20M_1_0	22.1	21.98	20.9	20.82	0.9
5		Ant 1	5	n66 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	24	23.95	23	22.82	1
6		Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	24	20.58	14.7	14.59	1
7		Ant 0	4	WCDMA B2	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.8	23.48	17.1	17.63	0.9
8		Ant 2	5	WCDMA B4	RMC 12.2Kbps	24	23.76	22.4	22.16	1
9	Time yearing Ty newer sees 2	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	24	21.35	15.4	15.37	1
10	Time varying Tx power case 2	Ant 2	4	LTE B41/B38 pc3	QPSK_20M_1_0	22.1	21.98	20.9	20.82	0.9
11		Ant 1	5	n66 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	24	23.95	23	22.82	1
12		Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	24	20.58	14.7	14.59	1
13	Change in apprenting state	Ant 1	5	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	24	24.2	20.4	19.94	1
13	Change in operating state	Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	24	20.58	14.7	14.59	1
14	Call_Disconnect_Reestablishment	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	24	21.35	15.4	15.37	1
15	NSA FR1 Dominant Power Switching	Ant 6	4	LTE B48	QPSK_20M_1_0	22	21.74	19.8	19.76	1
15	NSA_FRI_Dominant_Fower_Switching	Ant 0	4	n25/n2 pc3 (NSA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	23.8	23.43	17.5	17.29	0.9
16	ND TO LTE IDAT HO	Ant 0	4	n25/n2 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	23.8	23.43	17.5	17.29	0.9
16	NR_TO_LTE_IRAT_HO	Ant 6	4	LTE B48	QPSK_20M_1_0	22	21.74	19.8	19.76	1
17	UL CA	Ant O	4	LTE B66/B4_PCC	QPSK_20M_1_0	23.8	23.46	17.3	16.99	0.9
17	OL CA	Ant 0	4	LTE B66/B4_PCC+SCC	QPSK_20M_1_0	23.8	22.51	17.3	16.13	0.9
18	NTN_Time_Varying_Startup_sequence	Ant 1	5	NTN B23	BPSK_15k_10	21.7	22.6	21.3	21	1

Note that the EUT has multiple power indexes to manage the output power for different conditions corresponding to RF exposure conditions in above table, detailed power index trigger conditions are illustrated in the operational description, and 1g and 10g SAR design target are shown in the part 0 report.

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8.4 Sub-6 summary test results

TC#	Test Scenario	Antenna	Power Index	Test band	Mode	Total Uncertainty (dB)	1g SAR design target (W/kg)	1g Time average SAR (W/kg)	
1		Ant 0	4	WCDMA B2	RMC 12.2Kbps	0.9	0.655	0.574	-0.57
2		Ant 2	5	WCDMA B4	RMC 12.2Kbps	1	0.336	0.31	-0.35
3	Time varying Tx power case 1	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	1	0.613	0.558	-0.41
4	Time varying 1x power case 1	Ant 2	4	LTE B41/B38 pc3	QPSK_20M_1_0	0.9	0.402	0.39	-0.13
5		Ant 1	5	n66 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	1	0.733	0.688	-0.28
6		Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	1	0.661	0.658	-0.02
7		Ant 0	4	WCDMA B2	RMC 12.2Kbps	0.9	0.655	0.564	-0.65
8		Ant 2	5	WCDMA B4	RMC 12.2Kbps	1	0.336	0.301	-0.48
9	Time varying Tx power case 2	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	1	0.613	0.532	-0.62
10	Time varying 1x power case 2	Ant 2	4	LTE B41/B38 pc3	QPSK_20M_1_0	0.9	0.402	0.378	-0.27
11		Ant 1	5	n66 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	1	0.733	0.656	-0.48
12		Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	1	0.661	0.454	-1.63
13	Change in operating state	Ant 1	5	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	1	0.498	0.662	0.01
13	Change in operating state	Ant 1	3	n77/n78 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_100M_1_1	1	0.661	0.002	0.01
14	Call_Disconnect_Reestablishment	Ant 1	3	LTE B25/B2	QPSK_20M_50_0	1	0.613	0.551	-0.46
15	NSA FR1 Dominant Power Switching	Ant 6	4	LTE B48	QPSK_20M_1_0	1	0.388	0.504	-0.29
15	NSA_FR1_Dominant_Fower_Switching	Ant 0	4	n25/n2 pc3 (NSA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	0.9	0.539	0.504	-0.29
16	NR TO LTE IRAT HO	Ant 0	4	n25/n2 pc3 (SA Mode)	BPSK_40M_108_54	0.9	0.539	0.503	-0.30
10	NK_TO_ETE_IRAT_HO	Ant 6	4	LTE B48	QPSK_20M_1_0	1	0.388	0.503	-0.30
17	UL CA	Ant 0	4	LTE B66/B4_PCC	QPSK_20M_1_0	0.9	0.564	0.52	-0.35
17	UL CA	AIILU	4	LTE B66/B4_PCC+SCC	QPSK_20M_1_0	0.8	0.364	0.52	-0.33
18	NTN_Time_Varying_Startup_sequence	Ant 1	5	NTN B23	BPSK_15k_10	1	0.629	0.579	-0.36

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8.5 <u>Time-varying Tx power measurement results</u>

Following the test procedure in Section 3, the conducted Tx power measurement results for all selected test cases are listed in this section. In all conducted Tx power plots, the blue line shows the measured instantaneous power using the power meter, the red line shows the time-averaged Tx power and yellow line shows the Plimit value corresponding to design target. In all SAR plots, the dotted blue line shows the time-averaged 1gSAR while the red line shows the corresponding FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg. Time-varying Tx power measurements were conducted for TC#1 - 12 in Table 7.2.1 by generating the test sequence A or B given in Appendix.

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7.3.1 TC01: WCDMA B2_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

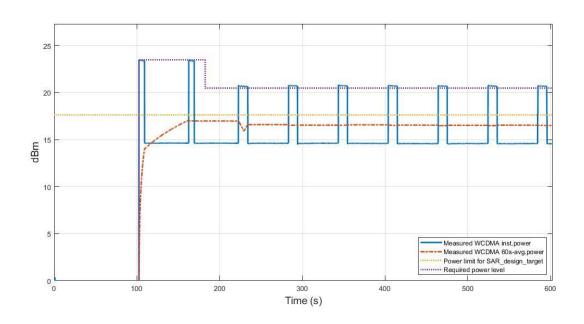


Figure 7.3-1 Time average conducted power

Figure 7.3-1 shows the conducted Tx power plot with calculated time-averaged power based on the measured instantaneous Tx power with 1gSAR FCC Limit value. As shown in Figure 7.3-1, it is confirmed for time- average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is smaller than the target power, and it will saturate to target power with little margin. Figure 7.3-2 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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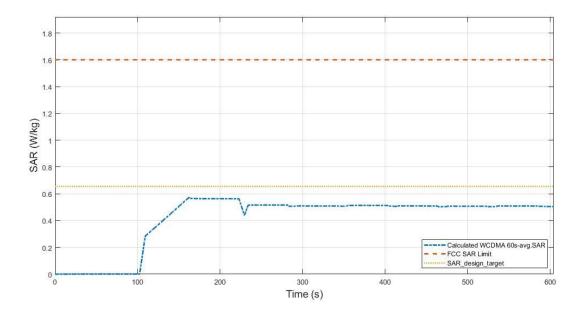


Figure 7.3-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg		
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.574 W/kg		
Device uncertainty	0.9 dB		

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7.3.2 TC02: WCDMA B4_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

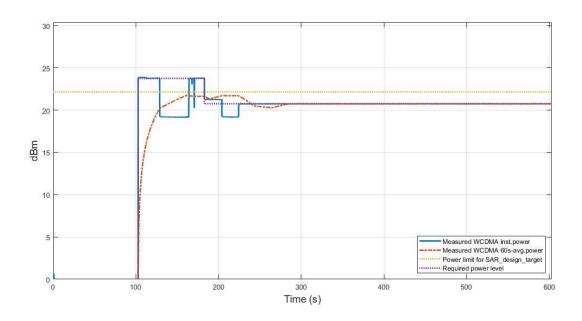


Figure 7.3-3 Time-average conducted power

Figure 7.3-3 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. As shown in Figure 7.3-3, it is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.3-4 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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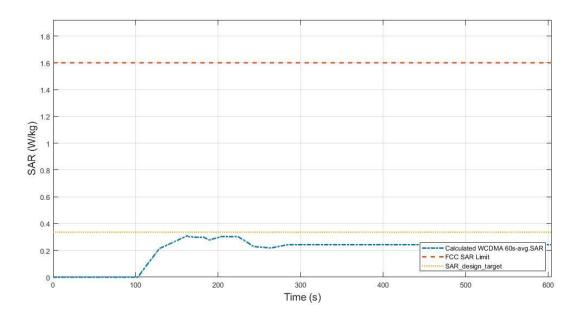


Figure 7.3-4 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.310 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.3 TC03: LTE Band 25/2_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

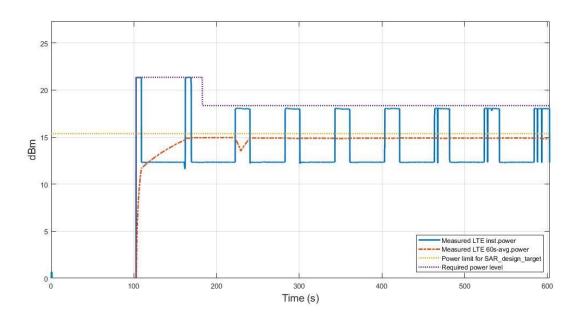


Figure 7.3-5 Time-average conducted power

Figure 7.3-5 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. As shown in Figure 7.3-5, it is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.3-6 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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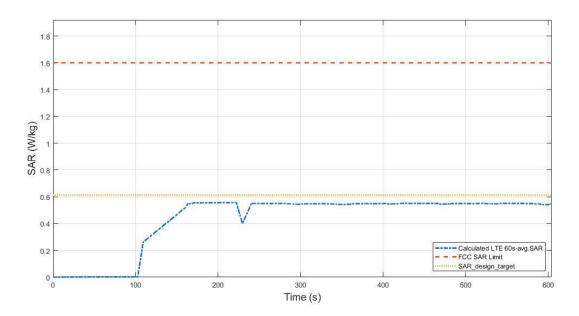


Figure 7.3-6 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.558 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.4 TC04: LTE Band 41/38_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

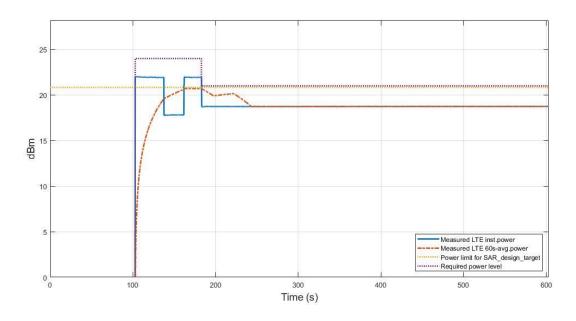


Figure 7.3-7 Time-average conducted power

Figure 7.3-7 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. As shown in Figure 7.3-7, it is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.3-8 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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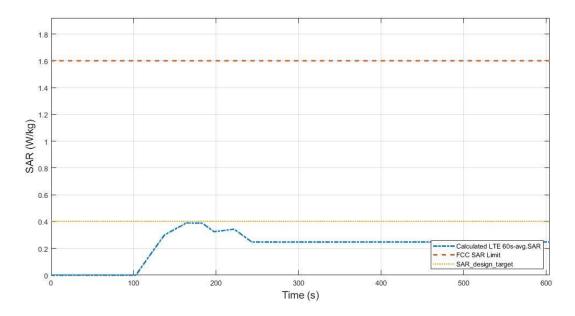


Figure 7.3-8 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.390 W/kg
Device uncertainty	0.9 dB

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7.3.5 TC05: FR1 n66 SA mode_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

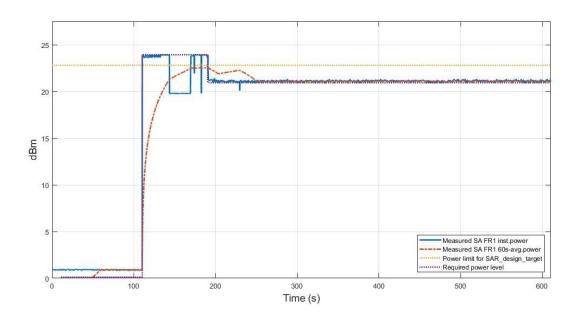


Figure 7.3-9 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-9 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. As shown in Figure 7.3-9, it is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.3-10 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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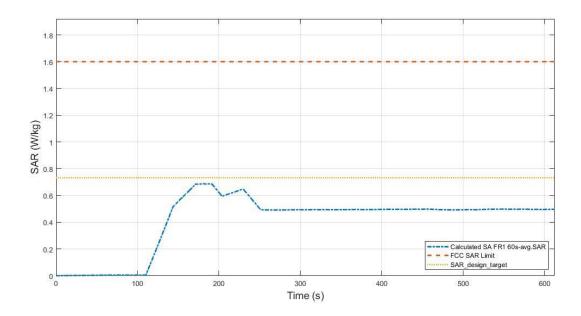


Figure 7.3-10 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.688 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.6 TC06: FR1 n77/n78 SA mode_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_1

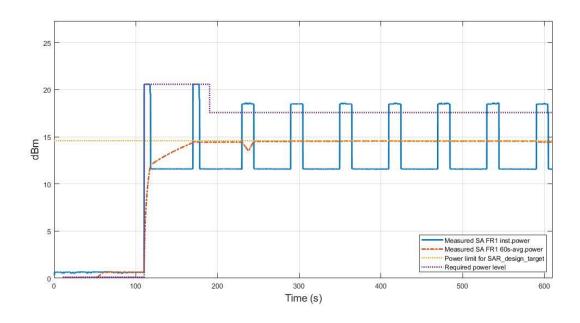


Figure 7.3-11 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-11 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. As shown in Figure 7.3-11, it is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.3-12 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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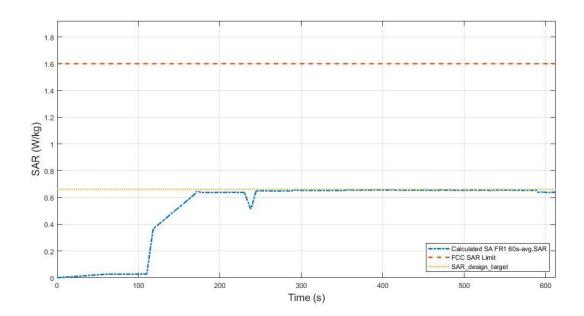


Figure 7.3-12 Total time-averaged SAR in F_TC04

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.658 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.7 TC07: WCDMA B2_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

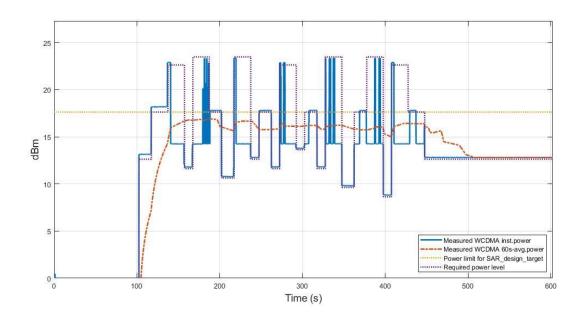


Figure 7.3-13 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-13 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-14 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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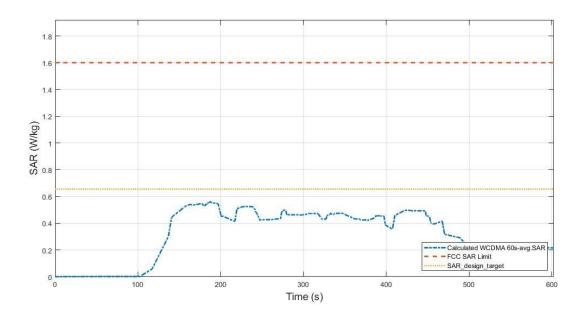


Figure 7.3-14 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.564 W/kg
Device uncertainty	0.9 dB

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7.3.8 TC08: WCDMA B4_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

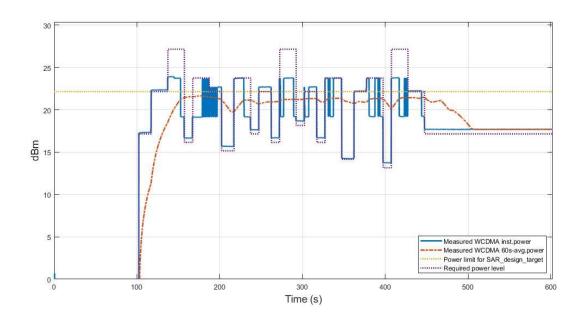


Figure 7.3-15 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-15 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-16 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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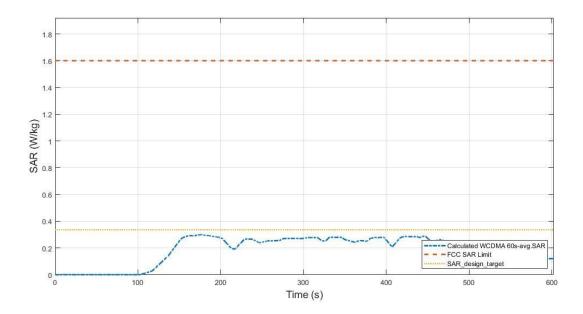


Figure 7.3-16 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.301 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.9 TC09: LTE Band 25/2_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

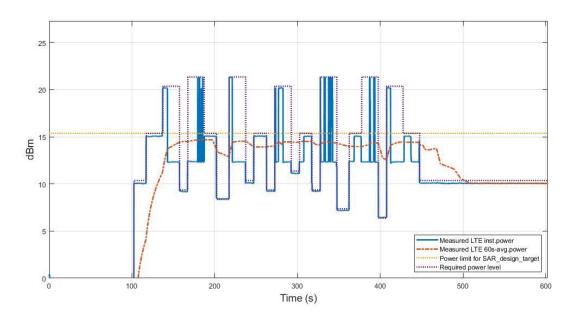


Figure 7.3-17 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-17 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-18 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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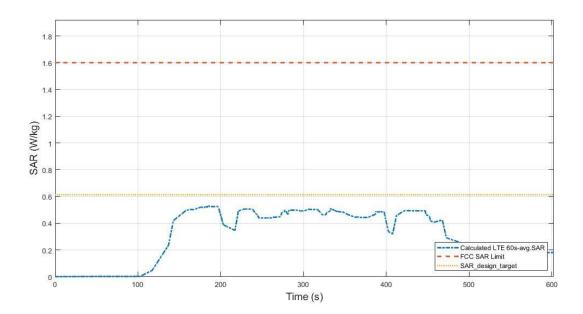


Figure 7.3-18 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.532 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.10 TC10: LTE Band 41/38_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

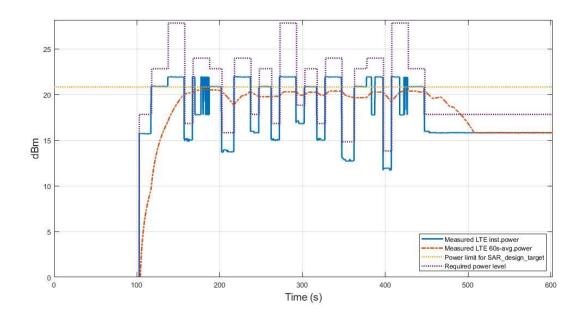


Figure 7.3-19 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-19 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-20 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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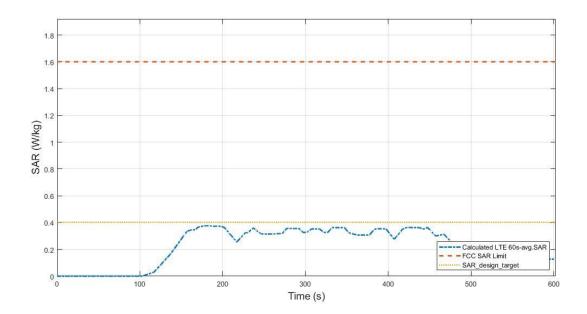


Figure 7.3-20 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.378 W/kg
Device uncertainty	0.9 dB

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7.3.11 TC11: FR1 n66 SA mode _Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

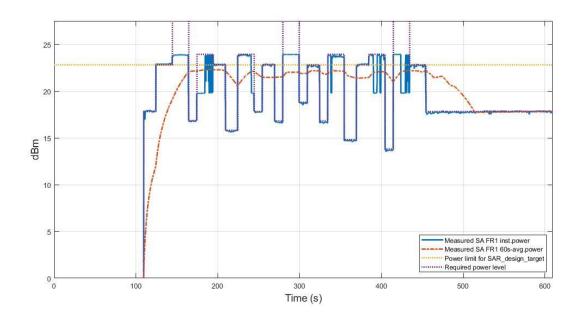


Figure 7.3-21 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-21 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-22 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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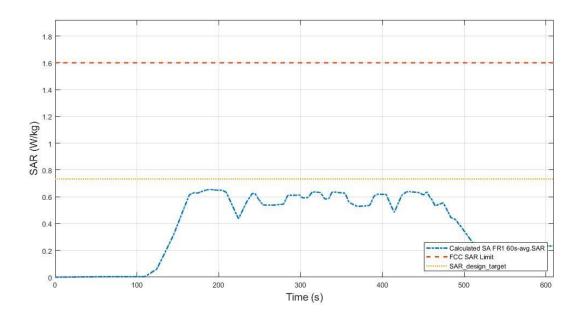


Figure 7.3-22 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.656 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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7.3.12 TC12: FR1 n77/n78 SA mode_Time_Varying_Tx_Power_Case_2

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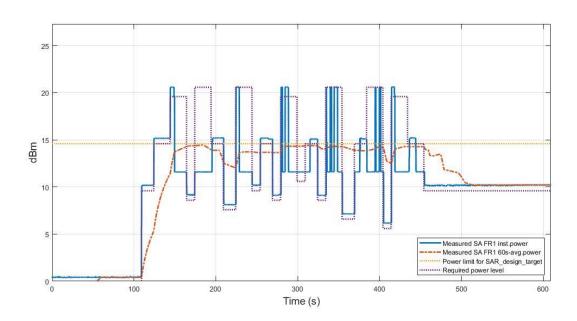


Figure 7.3-23 Conducted Tx power

Figure 7.3-23 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power with test sequence B. Figure 7.3-24 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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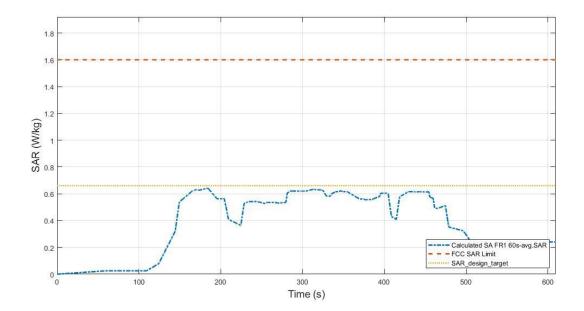


Figure 7.3-24 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.454 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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8.6 Change in Power Index

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test cases correspond to TC#13 in Table 7.2.1.

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7.4.1 TC13: SA_FR1 n77/n78_RF_SAR_Index_Change

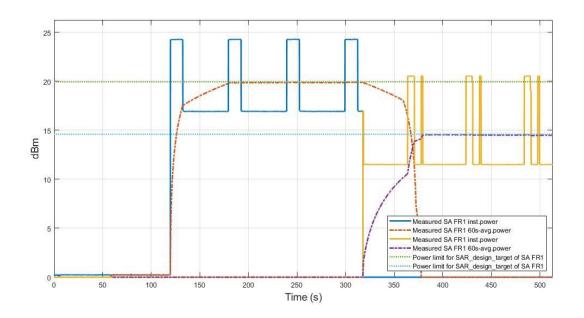


Figure 7.4-1 Conducted Tx power for SAR states change

Figure 7.4-1 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged conducted Tx power for the duration of the test. Figure 7.4-2 shows the time-averaged 1gSAR value for each of power index 3 and power index 4 value, as well as the total SAR value.

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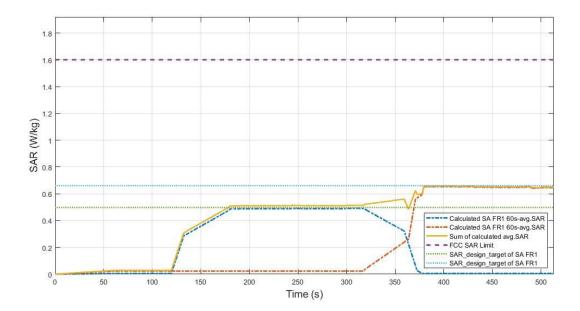


Figure 7.4-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max sum of calculated average SARs (yellow curve)	0.662 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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8.7 Change in call test results

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test case corresponds to TC#14 in Table 7.2.1.

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7.6.1 TC14: LTE Band 25/2_Call_Disconnect_Reestablishment

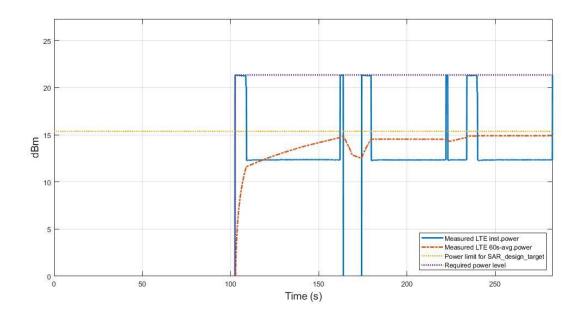


Figure 7.6-1 Conducted Tx power in Call_Disconnect_Reestablishment

Figure 7.6-1 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for this test. The call disconnected around 160s and resumed after 10s. It is confirmed for time-average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is lower than the value of Plimit. Figure 7.6-2 shows the plot of calculated time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg. Looking at the results, it can be seen that even if transmission is stopped due to a call drop, the SAR value measured for a period of time window is stored in the window section and is continuously checked.

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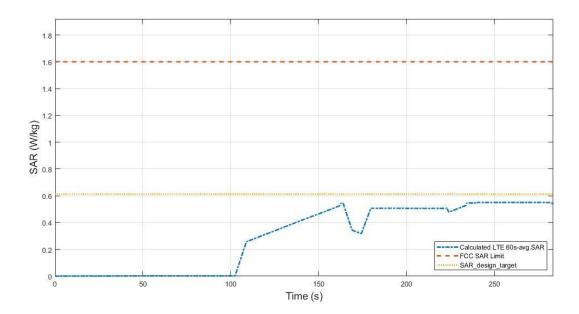


Figure 7.6-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max time average 1gSAR (blue curve)	0.551 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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8.8 Switch in SAR exposure test results

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test cases correspond to TC#15 in Table 7.2.1.

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8.8.1 TC15: NSA_FR1_Dominant_Power_Switching (ENDC LTE Band 48_n25/n2)

In this LTE Band 48+FR1 n25/n2 NSA scenario, we first establish LTE and NR call. In the first part of test, LTE is sent to lowest transmit power using "ALL DOWN" power control commands from call box while NR is sent to maximum power using "ALL UP" power control commands from call box. This would correspond to FR1 dominant SAR scenario and lasts about 110s. In the second part of test, LTE is sent "ALL UP" commands and transmissions are continued, resulting in LTE+FR1 SAR scenario lasting another 110s. In the third part of test, NR is sent "ALL DOWN" power control commands so that it becomes an FR1 dominant SAR scenario for 110s. Finally, both LTE and NR connections are released.

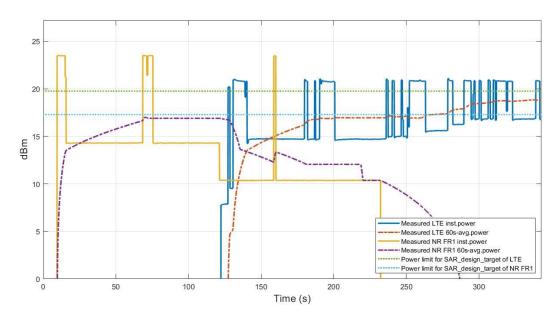


Figure 7.7-1 Time average SAR of LTE B48 and FR1 n25/n2 in EN-DC case

Figure 7.8-1 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged Tx power for both LTE band B48 and NR FR1 band n25/n2 versus time. When both LTE and FR1 operate, the SAR value was the highest instantaneously, but it can be seen that sum of average power in LTE and FR1 decreases again as soon as it is turned off. Figure 7.7-2 shows the computed time-averaged SAR value for LTE and FR1 as well as the sum. It was confirmed that algorithm operated under the SAR design target + total uncertainty, while also being under the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg at all times. After the operation of FR1 is turned off, it can also be seen that the average power of LTE increases.

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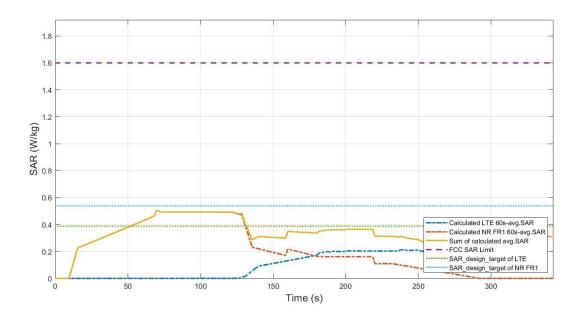


Figure 7.7-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max sum of calculated average SARs (yellow curve)	0.504 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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8.9 Re-selection in call test results

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test cases correspond to TC#16 in Table 7.2.1.

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7.8.1 TC16: FR1 n25/n2 to LTE Band 48 IRAT Re-selection

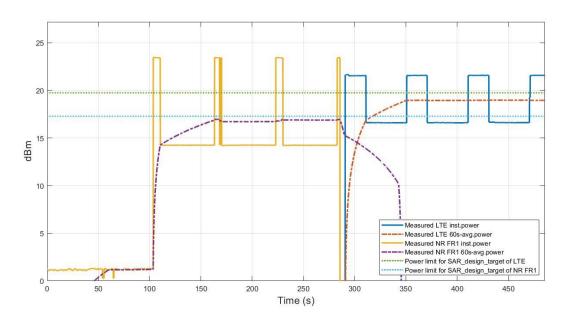


Figure 7.8-1 Conducted Tx power for SAR IRAT re-selection

Figure 7.8-1 shows the instantaneous and time-averaged conducted Tx power for both LTE Band 48 and NR FR1 n25/n2 for the duration of the test. Around time stamp of ~280s, a RAT re-selection from LTE Band 48 to NR FR1 n25/n2 was executed, resulting in reduction of time-averaged power of Band 48 and simultaneous increase in time-averaged power of n25/n2. Figure 7.8-2 shows the time-averaged 1gSAR value for each of LTE Band 48 and NR FR1 n25/n2, as well as the total SAR value.

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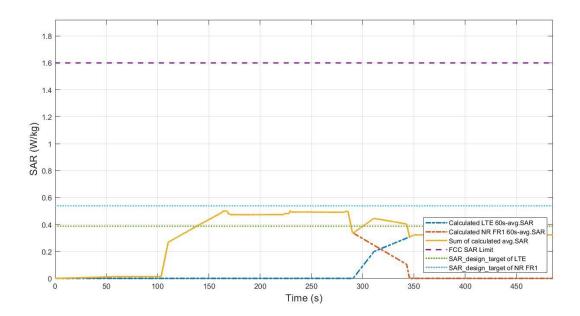


Figure 7.8-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max sum of calculated average SARs (yellow curve)	0.503 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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8.10 LTE Uplink CA

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test cases correspond to TC#17 in Table 7.2.1.

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8.10.1 TC17: LTE_UL_CA (LTE Band 66/4)

Figure 7.10-1 shows the conducted Tx power plot with calculated time-averaged power based on the measured instantaneous Tx power with 1gSAR FCC Limit value. In this test,1g measured SAR would be 0.564W/kg at 17.3 dBm Plimit. The setting value and measured values are described in Table 7.2.1. An MPR of 1dB is configured within this band so with 100% duty cycle the maximum power should be reaching 23.8dBm.

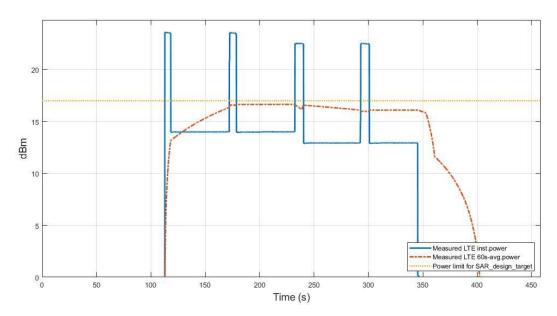


Figure 7.9-1 Conducted transmitted power of LTE Band 66/4 in UL CA

Next after 120s, an intra-band CA is configured (CA_66C) where a new CC is added and the transmission is continued for another 120s. As shown in Figure 7.9-1, the total power of the two CC is kept almost the same as in the single CC transmission. Average power in Figure 7.9-1 assures the compliance of the average power of the transmitted signal which is below 16.99dBm and consequently the average SAR in Figure 7.9-2 is below 1W/kg which is below the FCC limit of 1.6W/kg

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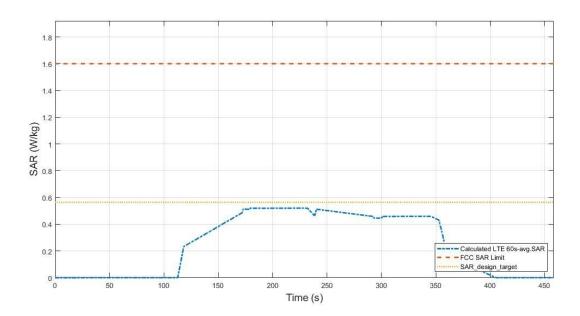


Figure 7.10-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max sum of calculated average SARs (blue curve)	0.520 W/kg
Device uncertainty	0.9 dB

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8.11 NTN with time-varying startup test sequence

The test results in this section are obtained following the procedure in Section 3. The test cases correspond to TC#18 in Table 7.2.1.

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7.11.1 TC18: NTN_Time_Varying_Startup_sequence

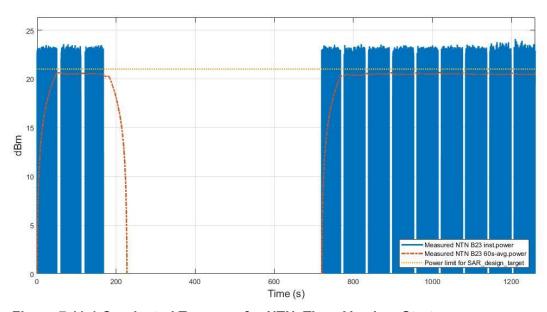


Figure 7.11-1 Conducted Tx power for NTN_Time_Varying_Startup_sequence

Figure 7.11-1 shows the conducted Tx power plot with calculated time-averaged power based on the measured instantaneous Tx power with 1gSAR FCC Limit value. As shown in Figure 7.11-1, it is confirmed for 60s time average Tx power that the FCC limit was not exceeded, and that the averaged Tx power is smaller than the target power, and it will saturate to target power with little margin. Figure 7.11-2 shows the plot of calculated 60s time-averaged 1gSAR for this test demonstrating that exposure is well below the FCC limit of 1.6W/Kg.

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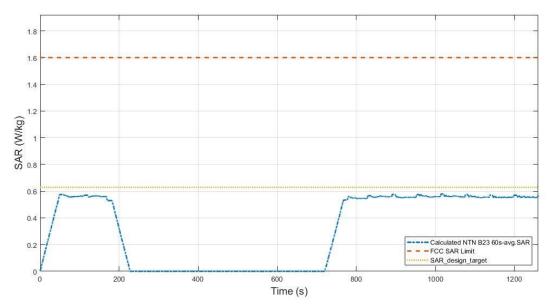


Figure 7.11-2 Total time-averaged SAR

FCC 1gSAR limit	1.6 W/kg
Max sum of calculated average SARs (yellow curve)	0.579 W/kg
Device uncertainty	1 dB

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9. Conclusions

Samsung S.LSI TAS feature employed in this product has been validated through the conducted power measurement for sub-6, radiated power measurement for FR2 as demonstrated in this report, the power limiting enforcement is effective and the total normalized time-averaged RF exposure does not exceed 1.0 for all the transmission scenarios. Therefore, the EUT complies with FCC RF exposure requirement.

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10. <u>Annex</u>

10.1 Test sequence is generated based on below parameters of the DUT:

- 1. Measured maximum power (Pmax)
- 2. Measured Tx power (Plimit) to satisfy SAR Compliance
- 3. Setup time to make SAR Remaining be full
- 4. Do test according to test sequence

10.2 Test Sequence A waveform:

Based on the parameters above, the Test Sequence A is generated with two power levels. One is maximum power level and the other is lower power level. The lower power level is defined as 3dB lower value than maximum power level. At first, maximum power level is applied for 80 seconds (SAR_time_window x 1.2). After then, lower power level is used until this test is finished.

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10.3 Test Sequence B waveform:

• Based on the parameters above, the Test Type B is generated with pre-defined power levels, which is described in Table 10.3.1.

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Table 10.3.1 Table of test sequence B

Time duration (second)	Power level (dB)
15	Plimit - 5
20	Plimit
20	Plimit + 5
10	Plimit – 6
20	Pmax
15	Plimit
15	Plimit -7
20	Pmax
10	Plimit-5
15	Plimit
10	Plimit-6
20	Plimit + 5
10	Plimit – 4
15	Plimit
10	Plimit – 6
20	Pmax
15	Plimit-8
15	Plimit
20	Pmax
10	Plimit – 9
20	Plimit + 5
20	Plimit
15	Plimit – 5

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11. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
Anritsu	Base Station	MT8821	6201074414	Aug. 20, 2024	Aug. 19, 2025
Anritsu	Base Station	MT8000	6262186342	Oct. 29, 2024	Oct. 28, 2025
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Oct. 28, 2024	Oct. 27, 2025
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Sep. 24, 2024	Sep. 23, 2025
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2496A	2119003	Jul. 16, 2024	Jul. 15, 2025
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911333	Jul. 15, 2024	Jul. 14, 2025
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1911334	Jul. 15, 2024	Jul. 14, 2025
Keysight	CATR measurement antenna	SAF-2434231535-328-S1-280-DP	16920-01	Note (1)	
Warison	10-50 GHz Directional Coupler	WCOU-10-50S-10	WR889BMC4B1	Note (1)	
ATM	500M-18GHz Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	Note (1)	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note (1)	
Woken	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note (1)	
Woken	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note (1)	

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Note ⁽¹⁾: Prior to conducted or EIRP power measurement, the path loss from the EUT to the power meter, which includes the RF cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured and determined.

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