



# TEST REPORT

**APPLICANT** : Freedom Factory Inc.

**PRODUCT NAME** : dGEN1

**MODEL NAME** : dGEN1

**BRAND NAME** : Freedom Factory

**FCC ID** : 2BQHD-DGEN1

**STANDARD(S)** : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)  
IEEE 1528-2013

**RECEIPT DATE** : 2025-04-16

**TEST DATE** : 2025-05-06 to 2025-06-09

**ISSUE DATE** : 2025-08-11

Edited by:

Pang Siyu

Pang Siyu (Rapporteur)

Approved by:

Gan Yueming

Gan Yueming (Supervisor)

**NOTE:** This document is issued by Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior written permission of the company. The test results apply only to the particular sample(s) tested and to the specific tests carried out which is available on request for validation and information confirmed at our website.





## DIRECTORY

<b>1. Statement of Compliance</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>2. Technical Information</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>2.3. Environment of Test Site/Conditions</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>3.1. Introduction</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>3.2. SAR Definition</b> .....	<b>9</b>
<b>4. RF Exposure Limits</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>4.1. Uncontrolled Environment</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>4.2. Controlled Environment</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>5. Applied Reference Documents</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>6. SAR Measurement System</b> .....	<b>12</b>
<b>6.1. E-Field Probe</b> .....	<b>13</b>
<b>6.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>6.3. Robot</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>6.4. Measurement Server</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>6.5. Light Beam Unit</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>6.6. Phantom</b> .....	<b>15</b>
<b>6.7. Device Holder</b> .....	<b>16</b>
<b>6.8. Data Storage and Evaluation</b> .....	<b>17</b>
<b>6.9. Test Equipment List</b> .....	<b>19</b>
<b>7. Tissue Simulating Liquids</b> .....	<b>21</b>
<b>8. SAR System Verification</b> .....	<b>24</b>
<b>8.1. Purpose of System Performance Check</b> .....	<b>24</b>
<b>8.2. System Setup</b> .....	<b>24</b>



<b>8.3. Validation Results</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>9. EUT Testing Position</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>9.1. Handset Reference Points</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>9.2. Positioning for Cheek / Touch</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>9.3. Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>9.4. SAR Evaluation near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the Phantom</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>9.5. Body-worn Configurations</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>9.6. Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>10. Measurement Procedures</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>10.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>10.2. Power Reference Measurement</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>10.3. Area Scan Procedures</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>10.4. Zoom Scan Procedures</b>	<b>34</b>
<b>10.5. SAR Averaged Methods</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>10.6. Power Drift Monitoring</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>11. SAR Test Procedure</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>11.1. General Scan Requirements</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>11.2. Test Procedure</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>11.3. Description of Interpolation/Extrapolation Scheme</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>11.4. Wireless Router</b>	<b>37</b>
<b>12. SAR Test Configuration</b>	<b>39</b>
<b>13. Conducted Power List</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>14. Hotspot Mode Evaluation Procedure</b>	<b>49</b>
<b>15. Block Diagram of the Tests to be Performed</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>15.1. Head</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>15.2. Body</b>	<b>51</b>
<b>16. Test Results List</b>	<b>52</b>
<b>16.1. Test Guidance</b>	<b>52</b>



<b>16.2. Head SAR Data .....</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>16.3. Body SAR Data .....</b>	<b>61</b>
<b>17. Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation .....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>17.1. Simultaneous Transmission Consideration .....</b>	<b>71</b>
<b>17.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis .....</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>18. Uncertainty Assessment .....</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>Annex A General Information .....</b>	<b>81</b>
<b>Annex B Test Setup Photos</b>	
<b>Annex C Plots of System Performance Check</b>	
<b>Annex D Plots of Maximum SAR Test Results</b>	
<b>Annex E Conducted Power</b>	
<b>Annex F DASY Calibration Certificate</b>	

Changed History		
Version	Date	Reason for Change
1.0	2025-08-11	First edition



# 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported SAR Summary>

Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary		
		Head (Gap 0mm)	Body-worn (Gap 10mm)	Hotspot (Gap 10mm)
		1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	0.760	0.630	0.630
	GSM1900	0.239	0.424	0.858
WCDMA	WCDMA II	0.188	0.308	0.693
	WCDMA IV	0.184	0.293	0.579
	WCDMA V	0.403	0.319	0.350
LTE	LTE Band 2	0.216	0.416	0.820
	LTE Band 5	0.311	0.303	0.303
	LTE Band 7	0.252	0.369	0.578
	LTE Band 12	0.317	0.293	0.293
	LTE Band 13	0.125	0.134	0.134
	LTE Band 25	0.166	0.323	0.650
	LTE Band 26	0.317	0.260	0.260
	LTE Band 38	0.224	0.323	0.665
	LTE Band 40	0.113	0.268	0.503
	LTE Band 41	0.298	0.299	0.569
	LTE Band 48	0.187	0.246	0.246
	LTE Band 66/4	0.366	0.576	0.744
WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	0.202	0.041	0.041
	5GHz WLAN	0.117	0.035	0.049
2.4GHz Band	Bluetooth	N/A	0.023	0.034

Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg):	0.864	Limit (W/kg): 1.6
---	-------	-------------------

**Note:**

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population or uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.



2. For FDD-LTE Band 4 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 66, therefore only FDD-LTE Band 66 was tested.
3. The declarations of EUT presented in the report are provided by applicant and/or manufacturer, and the test laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of the information.

## 2. Technical Information

**Note:** Provide by applicant.

### 2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

<b>Applicant:</b>	Freedom Factory Inc.
<b>Applicant Address:</b>	4 Peddlers Row 295, Newark, Delaware 19702 USA
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Anthony Berardi
<b>Manufacturer Address:</b>	4 Peddlers Row 295, Newark, Delaware 19702 USA

### 2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

<b>Product Name:</b>	dGEN1
<b>EUT No.:</b>	3#
<b>Hardware Version:</b>	S891_MB_V2
<b>Software Version:</b>	N/A
<b>Frequency Bands:</b>	GSM 850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz LTE Band 40: 2300 MHz ~ 2400 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz



	LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56MHz
<b>Modulation Mode:</b>	GSM/GPRS: GMSK EDGE: 8PSK WCDMA: QPSK, 16QAM LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n-HT20/40: OFDM 802.11a/ac-VHT20/40/80: OFDM BR+EDR: GFSK (1Mbps), $\pi/4$ -DQPSK (2Mbps), 8-DPSK (3Mbps) Bluetooth LE: GFSK (1Mbps, 2Mbps) NFC: ASK
<b>Hotspot Mode:</b>	Support
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	WWAN: PIFA Antenna WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna NFC: Loop Antenna
<b>SIM Cards Description:</b>	GSM+WCDMA+LTE

**Note:** For more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.



## 2.3. Environment of Test Site/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20-25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30-75 %

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the Factory. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational or controlled and general population or uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational or controlled exposure limits are Middle than the limits for general population or uncontrolled.

#### 3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dW$ ) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dv$ ) of a given density. ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by,

$$\text{SAR} = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where  $C$  is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and  $|E|$  is the rmselectrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 4. RF Exposure Limits

### 4.1. Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

**Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)**

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g cube tissue for limbs)	4.0 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for whole body)	0.08 W/kg

**Note:**

1. Occupational/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).
2. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

### 4.2. Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

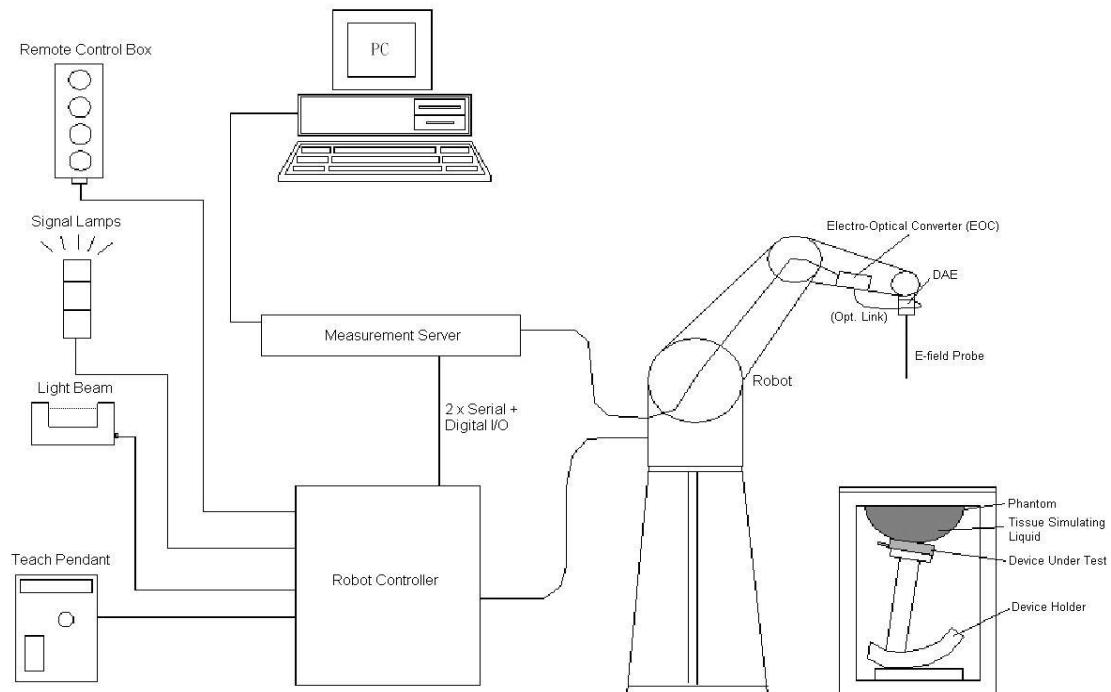


## 5. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

Identity	Document Title	Remark
FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)	Radio Frequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices	/
IEEE 1528-2013	IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	/
KDB 447498 D01v07	General RF Exposure Guidance	/
KDB 248227 D01v02r02	SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 Transmitters	/
KDB 865664 D01v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz	/
KDB 865664 D02v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting	/
KDB 648474 D04v01r03	Handset SAR	/
KDB 941225 D01v03r01	3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES	/
KDB 941225 D05v02r05	SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices	/
KDB 941225 D06v02r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures For Portable Devices With Wireless Router Capabilities	/
<b>Note:</b> Any additions, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be noted in the "Remark".		

## 6. SAR Measurement System



**Fig 6.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations**

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension.
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows XP.
- DASY software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom.
- A device holder.
- Tissue simulating liquid.
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system.
- Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

## 6.1. E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

### ➤ E-Field Probe Specification

#### <ES3DV3 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 3 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	5 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm	

Fig 6.2 Photo of ES3DV3

#### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Fig 6.3 Photo of EX3DV4

#### ➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to annex C of this report.

## 6.2. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 6.4 Photo of DAE

## 6.3. Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 6.5 Photo of DASY5

## 6.4. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY4: 166 MHz, Intel Pentium; DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY4: 32 MB; DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY4: 64 MB, DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bits AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 6.6 Photo of Server for DASY5

## 6.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 6.7 Photo of Light Beam

## 6.6. Phantom

### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%) Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Head, Right Head, Flat Phantom	

Fig. 6.8 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

## 6.7. Device Holder

### <Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

### <Laptop Extension Kit>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Fig 6.9 Device Holder

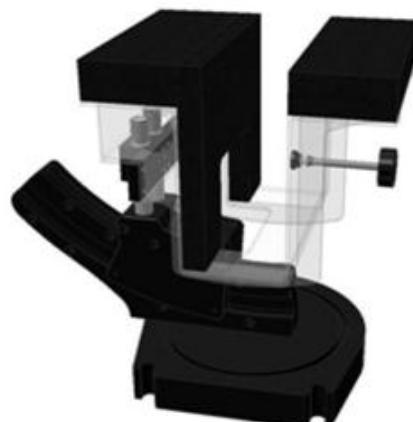


Fig 6.10 Laptop Extension Kit

## 6.8. Data Storage and Evaluation

### ➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [Mw/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### ➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software.

<b>Probe parameters:</b>	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcpi
<b>Device parameters:</b>	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
<b>Media parameters:</b>	- Conductivity	$\sigma$
	- Density	$\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the



exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \times \frac{cf}{dcpi}$$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $U_i$  = input signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $cf$  = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)  
 $dcpi$  = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field Probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \times \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field Probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \times \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $\text{Norm}_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ ),  $\text{Mv}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$  for E-field  
Probes ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
 $a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes  
 $f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]  
 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel  $i$  in  $\text{V}/\text{m}$   
 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel  $i$  in  $\text{A}/\text{m}$

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \times \frac{\sigma}{\rho \times 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in  $\text{mW}/\text{g}$

$E_{\text{tot}}$  = total field strength in  $\text{V}/\text{m}$   
 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [ $\text{mho}/\text{m}$ ] or [ $\text{Siemens}/\text{m}$ ]  
 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in  $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.



## 6.9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial No./ SW Version	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1223	2022.08.22	2025.08.21
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	1d064	2024.10.21	2027.10.20
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d158	2024.10.21	2027.10.20
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1050	2024.10.22	2027.10.21
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1107	2024.10.21	2027.10.20
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	805	2024.10.22	2027.10.21
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1198	2024.10.23	2027.10.22
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1104	2024.10.21	2027.10.20
SPEAG	3700MHz System Validation Kit	D3700V2	1076	2024.10.23	2027.10.22
SPEAG	3900MHz System Validation Kit	D3900V2	1046	2024.10.21	2027.10.20
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1176	2024.10.22	2027.10.21
SPEAG	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM Software	DASY6	52.10.4.1527	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3295	2024.07.17	2025.07.16
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7608	2025.03.20	2026.03.19
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1643	2025.03.21	2026.03.20
SPEAG	Twin-SAM	QD 000 P41 Ax;	2020	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	165755	2025.01.06	2026.01.05
Anritsu	Network Emulator	MT8820C	6201274521	2025.01.06	2026.01.05
Agilent	Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404762	2025.01.06	2026.01.05
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1279	2025.03.18	2026.03.17
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	608501717	NCR	NCR
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	754401735	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5182B	MY53050509	2024.09.11	2025.09.10
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP8S	103215	2025.01.06	2026.01.05
Agilent	Power Meter	E4416A	MY45102093	2024.09.11	2025.09.10
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP8S	103240	2025.01.06	2026.01.05
Anritsu	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43318055	2025.05.15	2026.05.14
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation	351-218-010	N/A	NA	NA



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9030A	MY54170556	2024.09.18	2025.09.17
KTJ	Thermo meter	TA298	N/A	2024.11.05	2025.11.04
SPEAG	Tissue Simulating Liquids	HBBL600-10000V6			24H

**Note:**

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to annex F of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by SPEAG.
4. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it.
5. Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
6. N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

## 7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 7.2. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in below table.



Fig 7.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR



Fig 7.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800,1900,2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG.

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%



**Note:** Please refer to the validation results for dielectric parameters of each frequency band.

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a SPEAG Dielectric Assessment KIT and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

**Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Tissue Simulating Liquid**

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Conductivity Target ( $\sigma$ )	Delta ( $\sigma$ ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	0.902	0.89	1.35	$\pm 5$	2025/5/6
750	HSL	22.2	0.908	0.89	2.02	$\pm 5$	2025/5/7
900	HSL	22.3	0.957	0.97	-1.34	$\pm 5$	2025/5/8
900	HSL	22.1	0.962	0.97	-0.82	$\pm 5$	2025/5/12
900	HSL	22.1	0.946	0.97	-2.47	$\pm 5$	2025/5/14
1800	HSL	22.2	1.395	1.40	-0.36	$\pm 5$	2025/5/9
1800	HSL	22.1	1.389	1.40	-0.79	$\pm 5$	2025/5/15
1800	HSL	22.1	1.402	1.40	0.14	$\pm 5$	2025/6/8
2000	HSL	22.2	1.425	1.40	1.79	$\pm 5$	2025/5/17
2300	HSL	22.1	1.620	1.67	-2.99	$\pm 5$	2025/5/14
2300	HSL	22.2	1.640	1.67	-1.80	$\pm 5$	2025/5/17
2450	HSL	22.1	1.851	1.80	2.83	$\pm 5$	2025/5/18
2600	HSL	22.1	1.948	1.96	-0.61	$\pm 5$	2025/5/10
2600	HSL	22.2	1.971	1.96	0.56	$\pm 5$	2025/6/5
2600	HSL	22.1	1.969	1.96	0.46	$\pm 5$	2025/6/9
3500	HSL	22.3	2.862	2.91	-1.65	$\pm 5$	2025/5/24
3700	HSL	22.1	2.986	3.05	-2.10	$\pm 5$	2025/5/21
3900	HSL	22.2	3.095	3.15	-1.75	$\pm 5$	2025/5/24
5250	HSL	22.1	4.780	4.71	1.49	$\pm 5$	2025/5/22
5750	HSL	22.1	5.188	5.22	-0.61	$\pm 5$	2025/5/23
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Permittivity Target ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ ) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	HSL	22.1	41.120	41.90	-1.86	$\pm 5$	2025/5/6
750	HSL	22.2	41.180	41.90	-1.72	$\pm 5$	2025/5/7
900	HSL	22.3	40.613	41.50	-2.14	$\pm 5$	2025/5/8
900	HSL	22.1	40.713	41.50	-1.90	$\pm 5$	2025/5/12
900	HSL	22.1	40.982	41.50	-1.25	$\pm 5$	2025/5/14
1800	HSL	22.2	40.365	40.00	0.91	$\pm 5$	2025/5/9
1800	HSL	22.1	40.114	40.00	0.28	$\pm 5$	2025/5/15
1800	HSL	22.1	40.423	40.00	1.06	$\pm 5$	2025/6/8



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

2000	HSL	22.2	39.758	40.00	-0.60	$\pm 5$	2025/5/17
2300	HSL	22.1	39.247	39.50	-0.64	$\pm 5$	2025/5/14
2300	HSL	22.2	39.251	39.50	-0.63	$\pm 5$	2025/5/17
2450	HSL	22.1	39.422	39.20	0.57	$\pm 5$	2025/5/18
2600	HSL	22.1	38.838	39.00	-0.42	$\pm 5$	2025/5/10
2600	HSL	22.2	38.964	39.00	-0.09	$\pm 5$	2025/6/5
2600	HSL	22.1	38.902	39.00	-0.25	$\pm 5$	2025/6/9
3500	HSL	22.3	36.797	37.90	-2.91	$\pm 5$	2025/5/24
3700	HSL	22.1	37.158	37.70	-1.44	$\pm 5$	2025/5/21
3900	HSL	22.2	36.856	37.50	-1.72	$\pm 5$	2025/5/24
5250	HSL	22.1	35.511	35.95	-1.22	$\pm 5$	2025/5/22
5750	HSL	22.1	34.370	35.35	-2.77	$\pm 5$	2025/5/23

## 8. SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

### 8.1. Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### 8.2. System Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 250 mW or 100 mW before dipole is connected. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



Fig 8.1 Photo of Dipole Setup

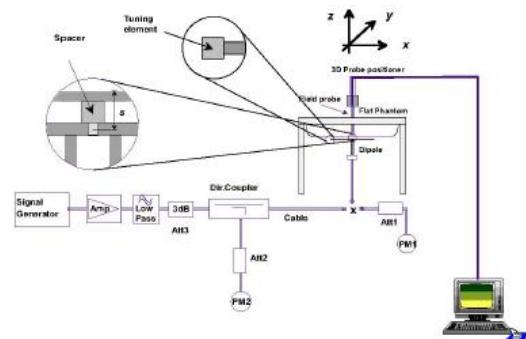


Fig 8.2 System Setup for System Evaluation



## 8.3. Validation Results

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1 W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10%.

### <Validation Setup>

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
750	250	D750V3-1223	3295	1643
900	250	D900V2-1d064	3295	1643
1800	250	D1800V2-2d158	3295	1643
2000	250	D2000V2-1050	3295	1643
2300	100	D2300V2-1107	3295	1643
2450	100	D2450V2-805	3295	1643
2600	100	D2600V2-1198	3295	1643
3500	100	D3500V2-1104	7608	1643
3700	100	D3700V2-1076	7608	1643
3900	100	D3900V2-1046	7608	1643
5250	100	D5GHzV2-1176-5250	7608	1643
5750	100	D5GHzV2-1176-5750	7608	1643

### <System Validation>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	CW Signal Validation		
				Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	PASS	PASS	PASS
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	PASS	PASS	PASS
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	PASS	PASS	PASS
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	PASS	PASS	PASS
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	PASS	PASS	PASS
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	PASS	PASS	PASS
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	PASS	PASS	PASS
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	PASS	PASS	PASS
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	PASS	PASS	PASS
3400	HSL	2.88	38.10	PASS	PASS	PASS
3500	HSL	2.91	37.90	PASS	PASS	PASS
3700	HSL	3.05	37.70	PASS	PASS	PASS
3900	HSL	3.15	37.50	PASS	PASS	PASS



4100	HSL	3.25	37.20	PASS	PASS	PASS
4200	HSL	3.34	37.00	PASS	PASS	PASS
4400	HSL	3.58	36.70	PASS	PASS	PASS
4600	HSL	3.70	36.60	PASS	PASS	PASS
4800	HSL	3.82	36.40	PASS	PASS	PASS
4900	HSL	3.96	36.20	PASS	PASS	PASS
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	PASS	PASS	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	PASS	PASS	PASS
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	PASS	PASS	PASS

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )	Modulation Signal Validation		
				Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
750	HSL	0.851	42.43	N/A	N/A	N/A
835	HSL	0.898	41.88	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	HSL	1.386	39.91	N/A	N/A	N/A
1800	HSL	1.449	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A
1900	HSL	1.435	39.65	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2000	HSL	1.451	39.42	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2300	HSL	1.764	38.99	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2450	HSL	1.863	38.85	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	HSL	1.973	38.58	TDD	PASS	N/A
3400	HSL	2.88	38.10	OFDM	PASS	PASS
3500	HSL	2.91	37.90	OFDM	PASS	PASS
3700	HSL	3.05	37.70	OFDM	PASS	PASS
3900	HSL	3.15	37.50	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4100	HSL	3.25	37.20	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4200	HSL	3.34	37.00	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4400	HSL	3.58	36.70	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4600	HSL	3.70	36.60	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4800	HSL	3.82	36.40	OFDM	PASS	PASS
4900	HSL	3.96	36.20	OFDM	PASS	PASS
5250	HSL	4.528	35.32	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	HSL	4.905	34.89	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	HSL	5.077	34.28	OFDM	N/A	PASS

**<Validation Results>**

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2025/5/6	750	HSL	2.23	8.54	8.92	4.45
2025/5/7	750	HSL	2.18	8.54	8.72	2.11
2025/5/8	900	HSL	2.83	10.90	11.32	3.85
2025/5/12	900	HSL	2.77	10.90	11.08	1.65
2025/5/14	900	HSL	2.69	10.90	10.76	-1.28
2025/5/9	1800	HSL	9.56	39.20	38.24	-2.45
2025/5/15	1800	HSL	9.37	39.20	37.48	-4.39
2025/6/8	1800	HSL	9.44	39.20	37.76	-3.67
2025/5/17	2000	HSL	10.25	41.40	41	-0.97
2025/5/14	2300	HSL	5.01	48.80	50.1	2.66
2025/5/17	2300	HSL	5.03	48.80	50.3	3.07
2025/5/18	2450	HSL	5.41	52.80	54.1	2.46
2025/5/10	2600	HSL	5.81	55.90	58.1	3.94
2025/6/5	2600	HSL	5.68	55.90	56.8	1.61
2025/6/9	2600	HSL	5.73	55.90	57.3	2.50
2025/5/24	3500	HSL	6.75	66.70	67.5	1.20
2025/5/21	3700	HSL	7.08	67.50	70.8	4.89
2025/5/24	3900	HSL	6.94	68.00	69.4	2.06
2025/5/22	5250	HSL	8.16	77.30	81.6	5.56
2025/5/23	5750	HSL	7.58	77.20	75.8	-1.81

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2025/5/6	750	HSL	1.48	5.57	5.92	6.28
2025/5/7	750	HSL	1.39	5.57	5.56	-0.18
2025/5/8	900	HSL	1.82	7.00	7.28	4.00
2025/5/12	900	HSL	1.79	7.00	7.16	2.29
2025/5/14	900	HSL	1.71	7.00	6.84	-2.29
2025/5/9	1800	HSL	5.08	20.70	20.32	-1.84
2025/5/15	1800	HSL	5.16	20.70	20.64	-0.29
2025/6/8	1800	HSL	5.12	20.70	20.48	-1.06
2025/5/17	2000	HSL	5.36	21.00	21.44	2.10
2025/5/14	2300	HSL	2.19	23.20	21.9	-5.60
2025/5/17	2300	HSL	2.28	23.20	22.8	-1.72



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

2025/5/18	2450	HSL	2.57	24.50	25.7	4.90
2025/5/10	2600	HSL	2.65	24.90	26.5	6.43
2025/6/5	2600	HSL	2.51	24.90	25.1	0.80
2025/6/9	2600	HSL	2.63	24.90	26.3	5.62
2025/5/24	3500	HSL	2.54	25.30	25.4	0.40
2025/5/21	3700	HSL	2.41	24.70	24.1	-2.43
2025/5/24	3900	HSL	2.35	23.60	23.5	-0.42
2025/5/22	5250	HSL	2.28	21.50	22.8	6.05
2025/5/23	5750	HSL	2.11	21.20	21.1	-0.47

**Note:** System checks the specific test data please see annex C.

## 9. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Left/Right/Top/Bottom of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to annex B for the test setup photos.

### 9.1. Handset Reference Points

The vertical centre line passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width  $w_t$  of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width  $w_b$  of the bottom of the handset.

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centre line and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.

The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centre line is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig. 9.1 Illustration for Cheek Position

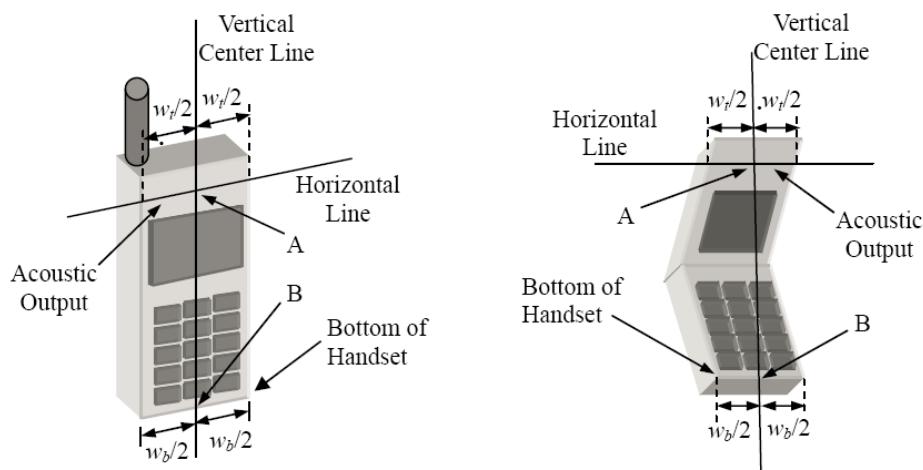


Fig. 9.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

## 9.2. Positioning for Cheek / Touch

To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)

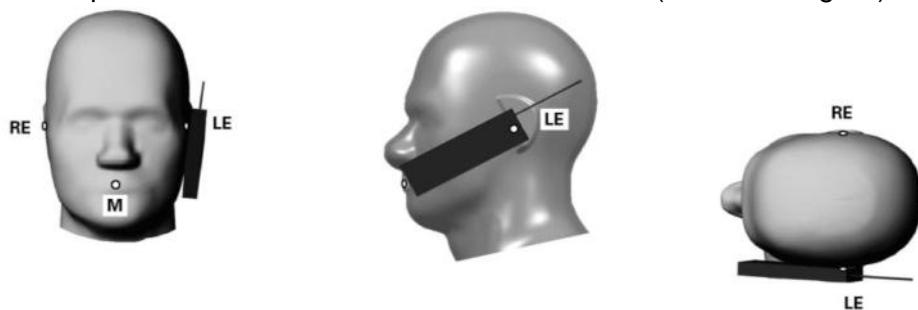


Fig 9.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

## 9.3. Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).

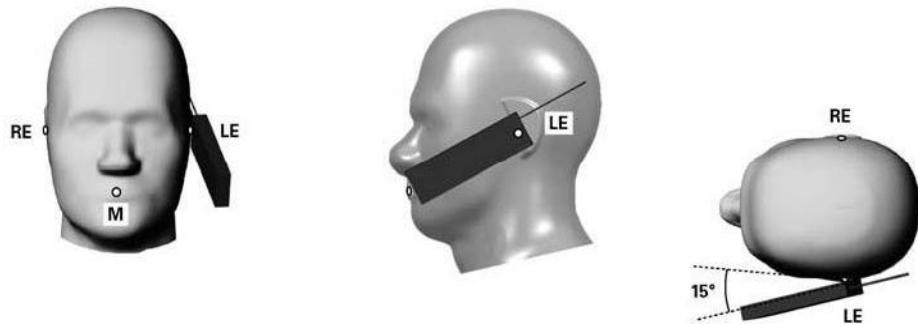


Fig 9.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

## 9.4. SAR Evaluation near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation  $< 4$  mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

## 9.5. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.

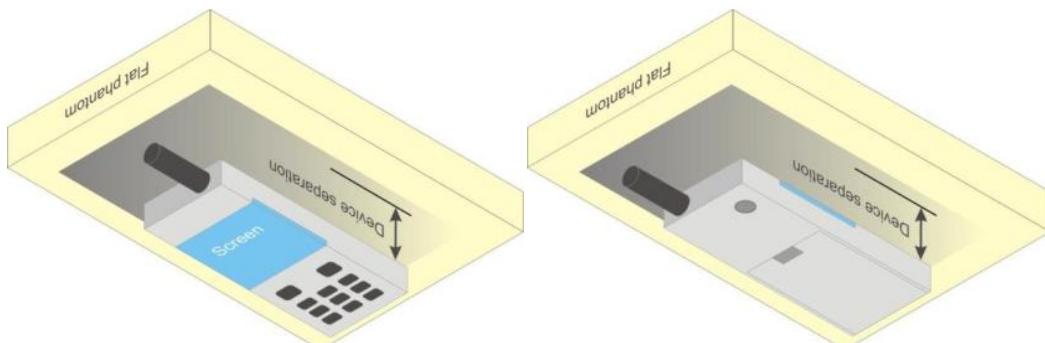


Fig 9.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

## 9.6. Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).

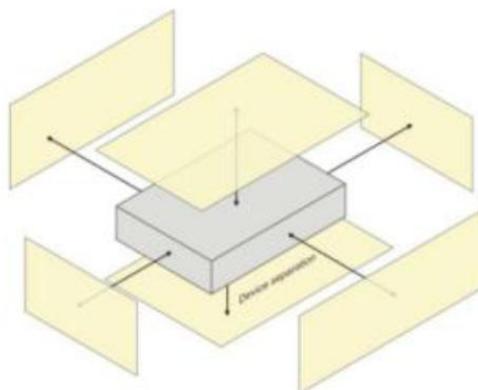


Fig 9.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

## 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

### <Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

### <SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as annex D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement.
- (b) Area scan.
- (c) Zoom scan.
- (d) Power drift measurement.

### 10.1. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1 g and 10 g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1 g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.



The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid.
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface.
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

## 10.2. Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 10.3. Area Scan Procedures

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10 mm<sup>2</sup> step integral, with 1 mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima founding the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003.

## 10.4. Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10 mm, with the side



length of the 10 g cube 21.5 mm. The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 5 x 5 x 7 (8 mm x 8 mm x 5 mm) providing a volume of 32 mm in the X & Y axis, and 30 mm in the Z axis.

## 10.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Sheppard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## 10.6. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 11. SAR Test Procedure

### 11.1. General Scan Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz: } \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ $2 - 3 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 4 \text{ mm}^*$
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$	$\leq 5 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \leq 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \leq 2 \text{ mm}$
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1): \text{ between } 1^{\text{st}} \text{ two points closest to phantom surface}$ $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1): \text{ between subsequent points}$	$\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30 \text{ mm}$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \geq 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \geq 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \geq 22 \text{ mm}$
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.			
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ , $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ , $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			



## 11.2. Test Procedure

The Following steps are used for each test position

1. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
2. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
3. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
4. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

## 11.3. Description of Interpolation/Extrapolation Scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensionals scanned data array.

## 11.4. Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ( $L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ ) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges,



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



## 12. SAR Test Configuration

### <GSM Mode>

A summary of these settings is illustrated below:

For GSM850 frequency band, the power control is set to 5 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 8 for EDGE mode (MCS5); For GSM1900 frequency band, the power control is set to 0 for GSM/GPRS mode (GSMK-CS1) and set to 2 for EDGE mode (MCS5).

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 is considered as the primary mode.
3. Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes.

### Timeslot consignations:

#### Remark:

1. The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated methods are shown as below:

The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:

1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8

Based on the calculation formula:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10  $\log(x)$

So,

Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) - 9.03

Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) - 6.02

Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) - 4.26

Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) - 3.01

2. CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

No. of Slots:	Slot 1	Slot 2	Slot 3	Slot 4
Slot Consignation:	1Up 4Down	2Up 3Down	3Up 2Down	4Up 1Down
Duty Cycle:	1:8.3	1:4.15	1:2.77	1:2.08
Correct Factor:	-9.03dB	-6.02dB	-4.26dB	-3.01dB

**<WCDMA Mode>**

Summary of UMTS conducted power measurement:

1. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
2. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
3. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
4. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+) are less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.
6. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WCDMA Band II when handset open Hotspot mode, the power reduction triggered.

**HSDPA Setup Configuration**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) <sup>(2)</sup>
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	12/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$   
Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$ ,  $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ .  
Note 3: For subtest 2 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 11/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .

**HSUPA Setup Configuration**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$	$\beta_d$	$\beta_d$ (SF)	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (SF)	$\beta_{ed}$ (codes)	CM <sup>(2)</sup> (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG <sup>(4)</sup> Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	64	11/15 <sup>(3)</sup>	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	64	15/15 <sup>(4)</sup>	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .  
Note 2: CM = 1 for  $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$ . For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.  
Note 3: For subtest 1 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 10/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .  
Note 4: For subtest 5 the  $\beta_c/\beta_d$  ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to  $\beta_c = 14/15$  and  $\beta_d = 15/15$ .  
Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.  
Note 6:  $\beta_{ed}$  cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

**HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:****Table C.11.1.4:  $\beta$  values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note 3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note 1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 30/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 30/15$	$\beta_{ed3}: 24/15$ $\beta_{ed4}: 24/15$	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .  
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).  
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.  
Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.  
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

**DC-HSDPA Setup Configuration**

The following tests were completed according to procedures in section 7.3.13 of 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

Downlink Physical Channels are set as per 3GPP TS34.121-1 v9.0.0 E.5.

**Table E.5.0: Levels for HSDPA connection setup**

<b>Parameter During Connection setup</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Value</b>
P-CPICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-10
P-CCPCH and SCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-12
PICH_Ec/Ior	dB	-15
HS-PDSCH	dB	off
HS-SCCH_1	dB	off
DPCH_Ec/Ior	dB	-5
OCNS_Ec/Ior	dB	-3.1

Call is set up as per 3GPP TS34.108 v9.5.0 sub clause 7.3.13

The configurations of the fixed reference channels for HSDPA RF tests are described in 3GPP TS 34.121, annex C for FDD and 3GPP TS 34.122.

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces ses	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.	
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.	

Inf. Bit Payload	120		
CRC Addition	120	24	CRC
Code Block Segmentation	144		
Turbo-Encoding (R=1/3)	432		12 Tail Bits
1st Rate Matching	432		
RV Selection	960		
Physical Channel Segmentation	960		

Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)



## &lt;CDMA Mode&gt;

**1xEV-DO Rev. B**

Call box setup procedure

1xEV-DO Release B

1> CMW 500 Signal Generator > 1xEV-DO Taskbar Enable

2> CMW 500 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window >

3> 1xEV-DO Signaling On Window:

Under Access Network Control:

Band Class: BC0: US Cellular

RF Channel: 31

1xEV-DO Power: -70 dBm

4> 1xEV-DO Signaling Configuration Window

Under RF Frequency Band / Channel: Enter Ch. Frequency

➤ Under Carrier Configuration: RF Frequency

For Two Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	<u>RF Channel</u>	<u>RF Channel Offset</u>
Carrier [0]	31	0
Carrier [1]	1013	982

➤ Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot

	<u>Carrier Sector</u>	<u>Active on AN</u>	<u>Assigned to AT</u>
Pilot [0]	C0/S0	✓	✓
	CA/S1	✓	✓

For Three Carriers: Low Channel (1013)

	<u>RF Channel</u>	<u>RF Channel Offset</u>
Carrier [0]	72	0
Carrier [1]	31	-41
Carrier [2]	1013	941

➤ Under Carrier Configuration: RF Pilot

	<u>Carrier Sector</u>	<u>Active on AN</u>	<u>Assigned to AT</u>
Pilot [0]	C0/S0	✓	✓
Pilot [1]	C1/S1	✓	✓
Pilot [2]	C2/S2	✓	✓

**<LTE Mode>****LTE Target MPR level**

The device implements maximum power reduction per 3GPP 36.101 requirements where the MPR target is as below table. The MPR settings are implemented configured into firmware and cannot be disabled by the end user or LTE carrier network.

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						MPR Target	3GPP MPR (dB)
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20		
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz		
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1	≤ 1

**Note:** The measurement result showed some difference from the target MPR level, due to expected 0.5 dB measurement tolerance

**LTE Bands**

LTE Bands	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth configuration [RB]						20
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
2	√	√	√	√	√	√	
4	√	√	√	√	√	√	
5	√	√	√	√	N/A	N/A	
7	N/A	N/A	√	√	√	√	
12	√	√	√	√	N/A	N/A	
13	N/A	N/A	√	√	N/A	N/A	
25	√	√	√	√	√	√	
26	√	√	√	√	√	N/A	
38	N/A	N/A	√	√	√	√	
40	N/A	N/A	√	√	N/A	N/A	
41	N/A	N/A	√	√	N/A	N/A	
66	√	√	√	√	√	√	
71	N/A	N/A	√	√	√	√	

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.



3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is  $> 1.45$  W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM/64QAM SAR testing is not required.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is  $>$  not  $\frac{1}{2}$  Db higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported band width is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
7. For LTE B4 / B5 / B7 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
8. LTE band 2 SAR test was covered by Band 25; according to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test for overlapping LTE bands can be reduced if
  - a. The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band is  $\leq$  the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
  - b. The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band are fully supported by the larger band.
9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >>constellation" mode of the device connect to the CMW500 base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAMsignal modulation are correct. Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design: only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards: b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled.
10. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.



- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/ (duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \* Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg) \* Tune-up Scaling Factor\* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

11. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $2.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$   $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between  $100 \text{ MHz}$  and  $200 \text{ MHz}$   $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$

12. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .

13. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

#### **<WLAN 2.4GHz>**

1. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:
  - a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ , no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
  - b. When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
2. 2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ . When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test configuration Procedures should be followed.
3. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When



reported SAR for the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all test positions are measured.

4. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D02DR02-41929 for 2.4 GHz WI-FI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSSAR.
5. A fixed level power reduction is applied for WiFi when handset operates "held to the body" condition or "held to the ear" condition, the power reduction triggered by audio receiver detection and call establish status.
6. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.



## 13. Conducted Power List

Remark:

1. The output power of GSM/WCDMA/LTE was recorded in annex E of this report.
2. The output power of WLAN/Bluetooth was recorded in report AB25060001.

## 14. Hotspot Mode Evaluation Procedure

### ➤ EUT Antenna Location

The location of antenna was recorded in annex B
4G MAIN ANT: TX: GSM850/1900, WCDMA II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/25/26/38/40/41/48/66/71
4G DIV ANT: RX: GSM850/1900, WCDMA II/IV/V, LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/25/26/38/40/41/48/66/71
GPS/WIFI/BT ANT: WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz, Bluetooth, GPS

### ➤ EUT Antenna Distance

Antenna	Antenna distance to surface or edges (mm)					
	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
4G MAIN ANT	<5	<5	<5	<5	>25	<5
GPS/WIFI/BT ANT	<5	<5	>25	<5	<5	>25

### ➤ Hotspot Evaluation

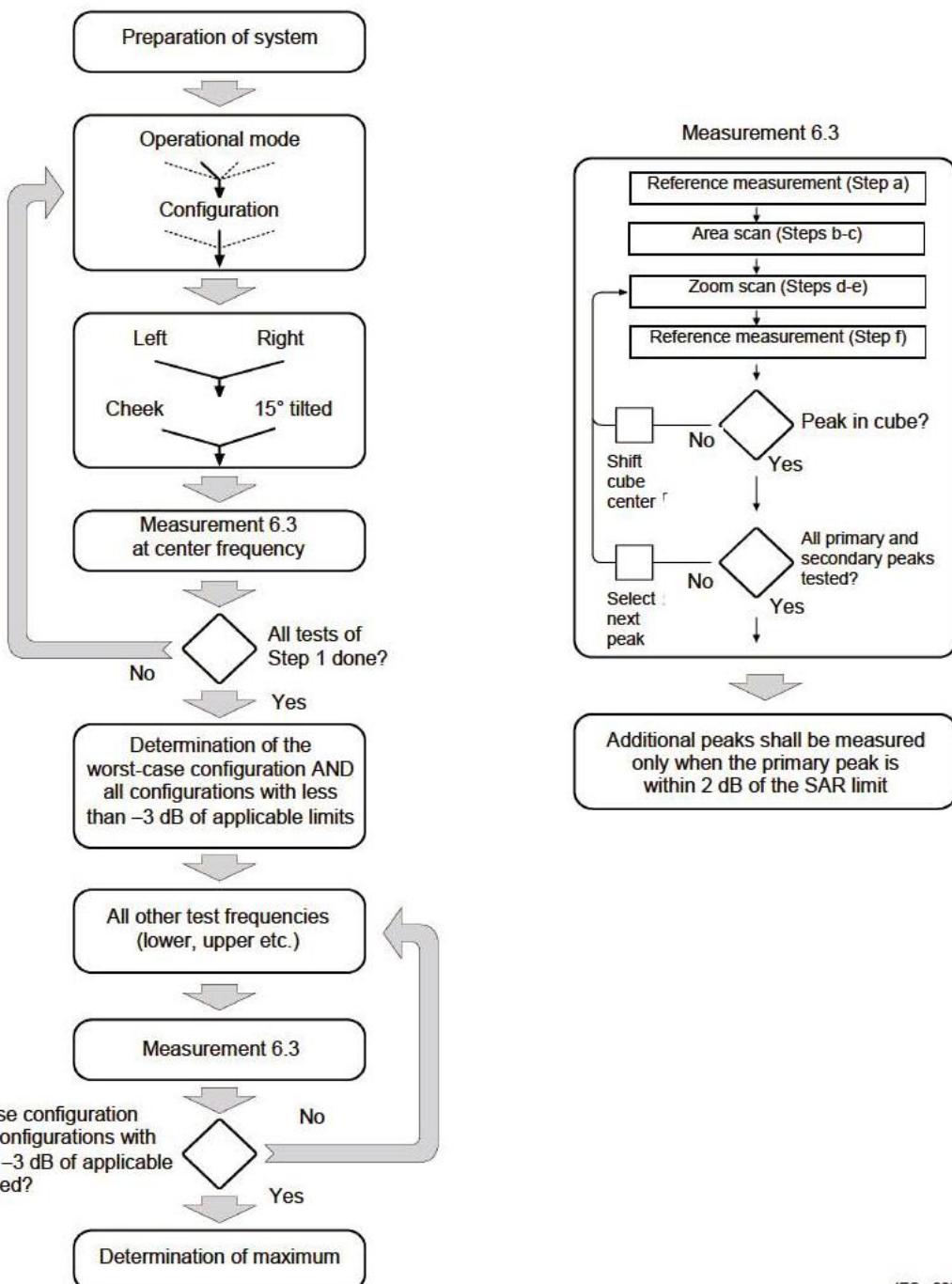
Assessment	Hotspot Side for SAR Test Distance: 10 mm					
Antenna	Front	Back	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
4G MAIN ANT	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
GPS/WIFI/BT ANT	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

#### Note :

1. The SAR evaluation procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router function is according to KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR v02r01.
2. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
3. Referring to KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are  $\geq 9 \text{ cm} * 5 \text{ cm}$ , the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge.

## 15. Block Diagram of the Tests to be Performed

### 15.1. Head



IEC 228/05

## 15.2. Body

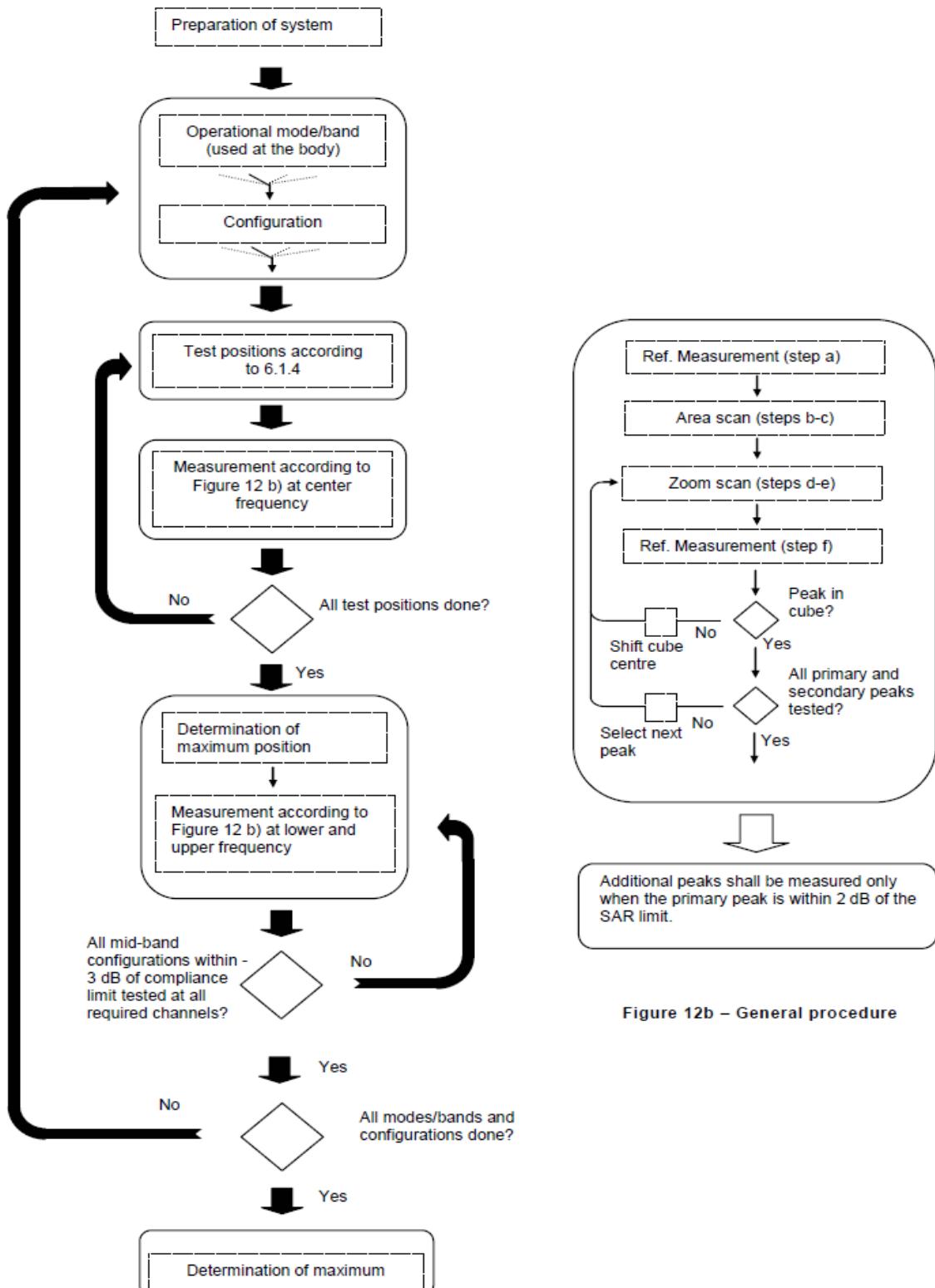


Figure 12b – General procedure

## 16. Test Results List

### 16.1. Test Guidance

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
  - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
  - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1 / (duty cycle)".
  - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Tune-up Scaling Factor.
  - d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR (W/kg) = Measured SAR (W/kg) \* Duty Cycle scaling factor \* Tune-up scaling factor.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
  - a.  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $2.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
  - b.  $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between  $100 \text{ MHz}$  and  $200 \text{ MHz}$
  - c.  $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $1.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ .
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension  $> 15.0 \text{ cm}$  or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 16.0 \text{ cm}$ , when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for tablet modes to compare with the  $1.2 \text{ W/kg}$  SAR test reduction threshold.
6. Per KDB248227 D01v02r02, a Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies required for operations in the U.S. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic



transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. Unless it is permitted by specific KDB procedures or continuous transmission is specifically restricted by the device, the reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. When a device is not capable of sustaining continuous transmission or the output can become nonlinear, and it is limited by hardware design and unable to transmit at higher than 85% duty factor, a periodic duty factor within 15% of the maximum duty factor the device is capable of transmitting should be used. The reported SAR must be scaled to the maximum transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Descriptions of the procedures applied to establish the specific duty factor used for SAR testing are required in SAR reports to support the test results.

7. The maximum power of NFC is less than 1 mW per the manual, therefore it is not required for RF exposure.
8. The power reduction mechanism is activated when GPRS 1900, Band II/IV, and LTE Band 2/7/25/66 is enabled. The power reduction mechanism is triggered automatically by inserting a SIM card.



## 16.2. Head SAR Data

### ➤ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Full Power								
1#	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Right Cheek	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.598	0.760
	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Right Tilt	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.311	0.395
	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Left Cheek	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.521	0.662
	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Left Tilt	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.288	0.366
	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Right Cheek	128	30.41	31.50	1.285	0.215	0.276
	GPRS 850 (3TX slots)	Right Cheek	251	30.44	31.50	1.276	0.444	0.567
Reduced Power								
	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Right Cheek	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.192	0.223
	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Right Tilt	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.131	0.152
	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Left Cheek	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.126	0.146
	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Left Tilt	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.089	0.103
2#	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Right Cheek	512	18.34	19.00	1.164	0.205	0.239
	GPRS 1900 (4TX slots)	Right Cheek	810	18.31	19.00	1.172	0.149	0.175

### ➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Reduced Power								
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.157	0.181
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.085	0.098
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.108	0.125
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.066	0.076
3#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	15.35	16.00	1.161	0.162	0.188
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	15.31	16.00	1.172	0.149	0.175
Reduced Power								
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.127	0.150
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.022	0.026
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.086	0.102
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.015	0.018
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	17.21	18.00	1.199	0.100	0.120
4#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	17.20	18.00	1.202	0.153	0.184
Full Power								



5#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.324	0.403
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilt	4182	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.179	0.223
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.225	0.280
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilt	4182	23.55	24.50	1.245	0.121	0.151
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4132	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.312	0.395
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.269	0.337

## ➤ LTE QPSK Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Reduced Power								
6#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.169	0.216
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.024	0.031
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.124	0.159
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.024	0.031
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18700	16.86	18.00	1.300	0.143	0.186
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	19100	16.80	18.00	1.318	0.156	0.206
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.146	0.170
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.022	0.026
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.115	0.134
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.022	0.026
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	18700	16.41	17.00	1.146	0.113	0.129
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	19100	16.37	17.00	1.156	0.138	0.160
Full Power								
7#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.267	0.311
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.157	0.183
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.261	0.304
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.134	0.156
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20450	23.24	24.00	1.191	0.246	0.293
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20600	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.235	0.278
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.211	0.216
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.122	0.125
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.206	0.211
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.103	0.105
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20450	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.207	0.215
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	20600	22.88	23.00	1.028	0.199	0.205
Reduced Power								



8#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.203	0.252
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.028	0.035
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.199	0.247
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.031	0.038
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20850	17.00	18.00	1.259	0.188	0.237
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21350	16.99	18.00	1.262	0.165	0.208
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.186	0.237
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.029	0.037
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.168	0.214
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.032	0.041
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	20850	15.90	17.00	1.288	0.153	0.197
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	21350	15.88	17.00	1.294	0.130	0.168
Full Power								
9#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.253	0.317
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.105	0.132
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.237	0.297
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.098	0.123
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23060	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.237	0.300
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23130	23.45	24.50	1.274	0.230	0.293
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.206	0.261
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.084	0.107
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.195	0.247
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.081	0.103
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23060	22.46	23.50	1.271	0.182	0.231
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23130	22.43	23.50	1.279	0.194	0.248
Full Power								
10#	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.102	0.125
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.051	0.063
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.093	0.114
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.053	0.065
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.075	0.093
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.039	0.048
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.080	0.099
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.041	0.051
Reduced Power								
11#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.150	0.166
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.022	0.024
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.096	0.106



	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.021	0.023
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26140	15.99	16.50	1.125	0.144	0.162
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26590	16.03	16.50	1.114	0.123	0.137
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.133	0.150
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.021	0.024
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.090	0.101
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.021	0.024
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26140	14.91	15.50	1.146	0.109	0.125
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	26590	14.91	15.50	1.146	0.100	0.115
Full Power								
12#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.272	0.317
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.110	0.128
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.244	0.284
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.110	0.128
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26765	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.259	0.303
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26965	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.253	0.297
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.186	0.219
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Tilt	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.085	0.100
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Cheek	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.173	0.203
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Tilt	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.088	0.103
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26765	21.75	22.50	1.189	0.193	0.229
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Cheek	26965	21.76	22.50	1.186	0.184	0.218
Full Power								
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.145	0.182
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.028	0.035
13#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.179	0.224
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.020	0.025
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	37850	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.176	0.223
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38150	22.97	24.00	1.268	0.122	0.156
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.104	0.132
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.022	0.028
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.134	0.170
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.015	0.019
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	37850	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.125	0.160
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	38150	21.94	23.00	1.276	0.087	0.112
Full Power								
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.080	0.100
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.017	0.021



	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.076	0.095
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.012	0.015
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.062	0.077
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.016	0.020
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.061	0.075
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.011	0.014
Full Power								
14#	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.092	0.113
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.018	0.022
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.080	0.098
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.013	0.016
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Cheek	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.072	0.087
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Tilt	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.018	0.022
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Cheek	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.071	0.086
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Tilt	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.009	0.011
Full Power								
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.128	0.152
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.036	0.043
15#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.250	0.298
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.044	0.052
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.097	0.116
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.024	0.029
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.206	0.247
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.029	0.035
Full Power								
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.149	0.173
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.049	0.057
16#	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.161	0.187
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.065	0.076
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55340	22.71	23.50	1.199	0.151	0.182
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55830	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.118	0.138
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	56150	22.83	23.50	1.167	0.143	0.168
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	56640	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.120	0.141
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.109	0.123
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.022	0.025
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.156	0.176
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.055	0.062
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55340	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.128	0.148



	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	55830	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.100	0.116
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	56150	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.122	0.141
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	56640	21.92	22.50	1.143	0.102	0.117
Reduced Power								
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.230	0.265
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.024	0.028
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.278	0.321
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.029	0.033
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132072	20.34	21.00	1.164	0.210	0.244
17#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132572	20.36	21.00	1.159	0.316	0.366
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.224	0.262
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.025	0.029
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.230	0.269
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.032	0.037
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132072	19.31	20.00	1.172	0.158	0.185
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	132572	19.28	20.00	1.180	0.292	0.345
Full Power								
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.190	0.225
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.064	0.076
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.187	0.221
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.070	0.083
18#	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133222	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.198	0.237
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133372	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.181	0.217
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.131	0.154
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Tilt	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.048	0.057
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Cheek	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.126	0.148
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Tilt	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.054	0.063
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133222	22.25	23.00	1.189	0.138	0.164
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Cheek	133372	22.28	23.00	1.180	0.129	0.152



## ➤ WLAN Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Full Power								
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	1	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.047	0.055
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilt	1	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.037	0.043
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	1	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.105	0.123
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilt	1	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.102	0.119
19#	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	6	14.22	15.00	1.197	0.169	0.202
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	11	14.77	15.50	1.183	0.097	0.115
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.006	0.006
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.002	0.002
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.031	0.033
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.029	0.031
20#	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	36	14.50	15.00	1.122	0.064	0.072
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	44	14.53	15.00	1.114	0.050	0.056
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.022	0.025
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.013	0.015
21#	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.051	0.059
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.028	0.032
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	52	13.72	14.50	1.197	0.037	0.044
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	60	13.83	14.50	1.167	0.043	0.050
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.022	0.025
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.013	0.015
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.051	0.057
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Tilt	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.020	0.022
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.082	0.091
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Tilt	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.050	0.056
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	149	15.04	15.50	1.112	0.095	0.106
22#	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	157	15.44	16.00	1.138	0.103	0.117

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR  $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ , other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$ .



3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.
6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

### 16.3. Body SAR Data

#### ➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Full Power								
23#	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Front Side	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.496	0.630
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Back Side	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.395	0.502
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Left Side	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.298	0.379
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Right Side	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.418	0.531
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Bottom Side	189	30.46	31.50	1.271	0.379	0.482
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Front Side	128	30.41	31.50	1.285	0.422	0.542
	GPRS 850(3TX slots)	Front Side	251	30.44	31.50	1.276	0.412	0.526
Reduced Power								
24#	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Front Side	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.365	0.424
	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Back Side	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.112	0.130
	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Left Side	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.036	0.042
	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Right Side	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.018	0.021
	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Bottom Side	661	18.35	19.00	1.161	0.692	0.804
25#	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Bottom Side	512	18.34	19.00	1.164	0.737	0.858
	GPRS 1900(4TX slots)	Bottom Side	810	18.31	19.00	1.172	0.568	0.666



## ➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Reduced Power								
26#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.267	0.308
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.123	0.142
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.045	0.052
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.017	0.020
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9400	15.38	16.00	1.153	0.573	0.661
27#	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9262	15.35	16.00	1.161	0.597	0.693
	Band II/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	9538	15.31	16.00	1.172	0.464	0.543
Reduced Power								
28#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.248	0.293
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.076	0.090
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.031	0.037
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.010	0.012
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1413	17.28	18.00	1.180	0.408	0.482
	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1312	17.21	18.00	1.199	0.356	0.427
29#	Band IV/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1513	17.20	18.00	1.202	0.482	0.579
Full Power								
30#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Front Side	4182	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.256	0.319
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Back Side	4182	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.222	0.276
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	4182	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.176	0.219
31#	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4182	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.281	0.350
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	4182	17.55	18.50	1.245	0.199	0.248
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4132	17.48	18.50	1.265	0.231	0.292
	Band V/RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	4233	17.52	18.50	1.253	0.227	0.284



## ➤ LTE QPSK Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Reduced Power								
32#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.325	0.416
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.117	0.150
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.045	0.058
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.018	0.023
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	16.93	18.00	1.279	0.528	0.676
33#	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18700	16.86	18.00	1.300	0.631	0.820
	LTE Band 2/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	19100	16.80	18.00	1.318	0.507	0.668
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.267	0.310
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.096	0.112
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.037	0.043
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.015	0.017
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18900	16.34	17.00	1.164	0.433	0.504
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	18700	16.41	17.00	1.146	0.517	0.593
	LTE Band 2/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	19100	16.37	17.00	1.156	0.416	0.481
Full Power								
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.219	0.255
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.208	0.242
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.157	0.183
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.207	0.241
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	23.34	24.00	1.164	0.157	0.183
34#	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20450	23.24	24.00	1.191	0.254	0.303
	LTE Band 5/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	20600	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.221	0.261
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.161	0.165
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.155	0.159
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.114	0.117
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.154	0.158
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	20525	22.90	23.00	1.023	0.124	0.127
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20450	22.83	23.00	1.040	0.162	0.168
	LTE Band 5/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	20600	22.88	23.00	1.028	0.153	0.157
Reduced Power								
35#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.297	0.369
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.130	0.161
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.160	0.199
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.041	0.051



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	17.06	18.00	1.242	0.437	0.543
36#	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20850	17.00	18.00	1.259	0.459	0.578
	LTE Band 7/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21350	16.99	18.00	1.262	0.424	0.535
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.203	0.259
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.102	0.130
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.127	0.162
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.033	0.042
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21100	15.94	17.00	1.276	0.259	0.331
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	20850	15.90	17.00	1.288	0.289	0.372
	LTE Band 7/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	21350	15.88	17.00	1.294	0.236	0.305
Full Power								
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.222	0.278
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.185	0.232
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.103	0.129
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.157	0.197
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	23.52	24.50	1.253	0.127	0.159
37#	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23060	23.48	24.50	1.265	0.232	0.293
	LTE Band 12/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23130	23.45	24.50	1.274	0.222	0.283
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.189	0.240
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.149	0.189
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.084	0.106
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.129	0.164
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23095	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.105	0.133
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23060	22.46	23.50	1.271	0.172	0.219
	LTE Band 12/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23130	22.43	23.50	1.279	0.177	0.226
Full Power								
38#	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.109	0.134
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.077	0.095
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.045	0.055
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.078	0.096
	LTE Band 13/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23230	23.10	24.00	1.230	0.070	0.086
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.071	0.088
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.059	0.073
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.025	0.031
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.058	0.072
	LTE Band 13/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	23230	22.07	23.00	1.239	0.056	0.069
Reduced Power								
39#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.291	0.323

**MORLAB**

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.  
FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,  
Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Tel: 86-755-36698555      Fax: 86-755-36698525  
Http://www.morlab.cn      E-mail: service@morlab.cn



	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.107	0.119
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.040	0.044
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.027	0.030
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26365	16.05	16.50	1.109	0.529	0.587
40#	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26140	15.99	16.50	1.125	0.578	0.650
	LTE Band 25/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26590	16.03	16.50	1.114	0.519	0.578
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.203	0.228
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.082	0.092
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.034	0.038
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.013	0.015
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26365	14.99	15.50	1.125	0.360	0.405
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26140	14.91	15.50	1.146	0.392	0.449
	LTE Band 25/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	26590	14.91	15.50	1.146	0.316	0.362
Full Power								
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.188	0.219
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.179	0.208
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Left Side	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.117	0.136
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Right Side	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.169	0.197
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Bottom Side	26865	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.136	0.158
41#	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Front Side	26765	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.222	0.260
	LTE Band 26/1RB#0 15M	Front Side	26965	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.179	0.210
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Front Side	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.145	0.170
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Back Side	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.141	0.166
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Left Side	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.094	0.110
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Right Side	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.135	0.159
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Bottom Side	26865	21.80	22.50	1.175	0.107	0.126
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Front Side	26765	21.75	22.50	1.189	0.155	0.184
	LTE Band 26/36RB#0 15M	Front Side	26965	21.76	22.50	1.186	0.144	0.171
Full Power								
42#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.258	0.323
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.174	0.218
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.164	0.205
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.057	0.071
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	23.05	24.00	1.245	0.449	0.562
43#	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	37850	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.525	0.665
	LTE Band 38/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38150	22.97	24.00	1.268	0.396	0.505
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.219	0.279
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.139	0.177



	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.131	0.167
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.043	0.055
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38000	21.98	23.00	1.265	0.360	0.458
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	37850	21.95	23.00	1.274	0.420	0.538
	LTE Band 38/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	38150	21.94	23.00	1.276	0.320	0.411
Full Power								
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.196	0.246
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.070	0.088
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.052	0.065
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.022	0.028
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	38750	23.04	24.00	1.247	0.379	0.476
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.153	0.189
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.064	0.079
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.040	0.049
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.015	0.019
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	38750	22.11	23.00	1.227	0.239	0.295
Full Power								
44#	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Front Side	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.219	0.268
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Back Side	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.090	0.110
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Left Side	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.059	0.072
	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Right Side	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.028	0.034
45#	LTE Band 40/1RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	39200	23.15	24.00	1.216	0.411	0.503
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Front Side	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.186	0.225
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Back Side	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.073	0.088
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Left Side	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.046	0.056
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Right Side	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.020	0.024
	LTE Band 40/25RB#0 10M	Bottom Side	39200	22.19	23.00	1.205	0.281	0.341
Full Power								
46#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.251	0.299
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.104	0.124
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.123	0.146
	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.052	0.062
47#	LTE Band 41/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.478	0.569
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.182	0.218
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.082	0.098
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.097	0.116
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.041	0.049
	LTE Band 41/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	40620	21.74	22.50	1.191	0.212	0.254



Full Power								
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.108	0.199
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.070	0.129
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.074	0.136
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.069	0.127
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	55990	22.87	23.50	1.156	0.113	0.208
48#	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	55340	22.71	23.50	1.199	0.129	0.246
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	55830	22.84	23.50	1.164	0.116	0.215
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	56150	22.83	23.50	1.167	0.109	0.202
	LTE Band 48/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	56640	22.82	23.50	1.169	0.103	0.192
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.088	0.157
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.053	0.095
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.056	0.100
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.052	0.093
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	55990	21.99	22.50	1.125	0.096	0.172
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	55340	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.107	0.195
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	55830	21.88	22.50	1.153	0.097	0.178
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	56150	21.89	22.50	1.151	0.100	0.183
	LTE Band 48/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	56640	21.92	22.50	1.143	0.081	0.147
Reduced Power								
49#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.499	0.576
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.112	0.129
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.041	0.047
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.014	0.016
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	20.38	21.00	1.153	0.564	0.651
	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132072	20.34	21.00	1.164	0.455	0.530
50#	LTE Band 66/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132572	20.36	21.00	1.159	0.642	0.744
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.215	0.251
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.090	0.105
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.033	0.039
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.012	0.014
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132322	19.32	20.00	1.169	0.442	0.517
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132072	19.31	20.00	1.172	0.369	0.433
	LTE Band 66/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	132572	19.28	20.00	1.180	0.520	0.614
Full Power								
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.195	0.231
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.155	0.183
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Left Side	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.079	0.093



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Right Side	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.113	0.134
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	133322	23.27	24.00	1.183	0.119	0.141
51#	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	133222	23.22	24.00	1.197	0.201	0.241
	LTE Band 71/1RB#0 20M	Front Side	133372	23.21	24.00	1.199	0.183	0.220
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.144	0.169
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Back Side	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.120	0.141
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Left Side	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.061	0.072
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Right Side	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.087	0.102
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Bottom Side	133322	22.30	23.00	1.175	0.095	0.112
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	133222	22.25	23.00	1.189	0.159	0.189
	LTE Band 71/50RB#0 20M	Front Side	133372	22.28	23.00	1.180	0.142	0.168



REPORT No.: SZ25040226S01

## ➤ WLAN/BT Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Ave. Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Meas. SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
Full Power								
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Front Side	6	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.030	0.035
52#	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	6	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.035	0.041
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Side	6	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.002	0.002
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Side	6	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.014	0.016
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Top Side	6	14.83	15.50	1.167	0.024	0.028
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	1	14.22	15.00	1.197	0.028	0.034
	WLAN 2.4GHz/802.11b	Back Side	11	14.77	15.50	1.183	0.030	0.035
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Front Side	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.010	0.011
53#	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Back Side	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.015	0.016
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Side	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.018	0.019
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Side	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.017	0.018
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	48	14.68	15.00	1.076	0.015	0.016
	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	36	14.50	15.00	1.122	0.019	0.021
54#	WLAN 5.2GHz/802.11a	Top Side	44	14.53	15.00	1.114	0.024	0.027
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Front Side	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.008	0.009
55#	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Back Side	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.011	0.013
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Left Side	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.026	0.030
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Right Side	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.018	0.021
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Top Side	64	13.86	14.50	1.159	0.030	0.035
	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Top Side	52	13.72	14.50	1.197	0.029	0.035
56#	WLAN 5.3GHz/802.11a	Top Side	60	13.83	14.50	1.167	0.032	0.037
Full Power								
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Front Side	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.019	0.021
57#	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Back Side	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.031	0.035
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Left Side	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.026	0.029
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Right Side	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.025	0.028
58#	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	165	15.53	16.00	1.114	0.044	0.049
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	149	15.04	15.50	1.112	0.038	0.042
	WLAN 5.8GHz/802.11a	Top Side	157	15.44	16.00	1.138	0.040	0.046
Full Power								
	Bluetooth/DH5	Front Side	78	7.65	8.00	1.084	0.015	0.016
59#	Bluetooth/DH5	Back Side	78	7.65	8.00	1.084	0.021	0.023

**MORLAB**

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.  
FL.1-3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,  
Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Tel: 86-755-36698555      Fax: 86-755-36698525  
Http://www.morlab.cn      E-mail: service@morlab.cn



	Bluetooth/DH5	Left Side	78	7.65	8.00	1.084	0.019	0.021
	Bluetooth/DH5	Right Side	78	7.65	8.00	1.084	0.006	0.007
60#	Bluetooth/DH5	Top Side	78	7.65	8.00	1.084	0.031	0.034
	Bluetooth/DH5	Top Side	0	6.84	7.50	1.164	0.023	0.027
	Bluetooth/DH5	Top Side	39	7.29	8.00	1.178	0.028	0.033

**Note:**

1. The 2.4G WLAN reported 1g SAR (W/kg) should be scaled with the duty cycle scaling factor 1 and 1 for WLAN 5GHz 802.11a.
2. According to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR consideration and the theoretical duty cycle is 83.3%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the theoretical value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation. The duty cycle of Bluetooth is 100.00%, Therefore the duty cycle scaling factor 1 should be used to calculating the reported SAR.



## 17. Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

### 17.1. Simultaneous Transmission Consideration

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
1	WWAN+WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	WWAN+Bluetooth	No	Yes	Yes

**Note:**

1. When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of the WWAN and WLAN transmitters. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.
2. The hotspot SAR result may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, per KDB 941225 D06, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some unnecessary body-worn accessory SAR tests.
3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR evaluation is not required for BT and WLAN 2.4GHz, because the software mechanism has been incorporated to guarantee that the WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth transmitters would not simultaneously operate.
4. Per KDB 447498D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR evaluation procedures is as followed:  
Step 1: If sum of 1 g SAR < 1.6 W/kg, Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.  
Step 2: If sum of 1 g SAR > 1.6 W/kg, ratio of SAR to peak separation distance for pair of transmitters calculated.  
Step 3: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $\leq 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is not required.  
Step 4: If the ratio of SAR to peak separation distance is  $> 0.04$ , Simultaneous SAR measurement is required and simultaneous transmission SAR value is calculated.  
(The ratio is determined by:  $(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / R_i \leq 0.04$ ,  
 $R_i$  is the separation distance between the peak SAR locations for the antenna pair in mm.)
5. The NFC of this device does not support simultaneous transmission, therefore the simultaneous transmission of NFC is not required.

## 17.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

### ➤ Head Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.760	0.055	0.057	0.815	0.817
	Right Tilt	0.395	0.043	0.022	0.438	0.417
	Left Cheek	0.662	0.202	0.117	0.864	0.779
	Left Tilt	0.366	0.119	0.056	0.485	0.422
GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.239	0.055	0.057	0.294	0.296
	Right Tilt	0.152	0.043	0.022	0.195	0.174
	Left Cheek	0.146	0.202	0.117	0.348	0.263
	Left Tilt	0.103	0.119	0.056	0.222	0.159
WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.188	0.055	0.057	0.243	0.245
	Right Tilt	0.098	0.043	0.022	0.141	0.120
	Left Cheek	0.125	0.202	0.117	0.327	0.242
	Left Tilt	0.076	0.119	0.056	0.195	0.132
WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.184	0.055	0.057	0.239	0.241
	Right Tilt	0.026	0.043	0.022	0.069	0.048
	Left Cheek	0.102	0.202	0.117	0.304	0.219
	Left Tilt	0.018	0.119	0.056	0.137	0.074
WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.403	0.055	0.057	0.458	0.460
	Right Tilt	0.223	0.043	0.022	0.266	0.245
	Left Cheek	0.280	0.202	0.117	0.482	0.397
	Left Tilt	0.151	0.119	0.056	0.270	0.207
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.216	0.055	0.057	0.271	0.273
	Right Tilt	0.031	0.043	0.022	0.074	0.053
	Left Cheek	0.159	0.202	0.117	0.361	0.276
	Left Tilt	0.031	0.119	0.056	0.150	0.087
LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.311	0.055	0.057	0.366	0.368
	Right Tilt	0.183	0.043	0.022	0.226	0.205
	Left Cheek	0.304	0.202	0.117	0.506	0.421
	Left Tilt	0.156	0.119	0.056	0.275	0.212
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.252	0.055	0.057	0.307	0.309
	Right Tilt	0.037	0.043	0.022	0.080	0.059
	Left Cheek	0.247	0.202	0.117	0.449	0.364



	Left Tilt	0.041	0.119	0.056	0.160	0.097
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.317	0.055	0.057	0.372	0.374
	Right Tilt	0.132	0.043	0.022	0.175	0.154
	Left Cheek	0.297	0.202	0.117	0.499	0.414
	Left Tilt	0.123	0.119	0.056	0.242	0.179
LTE Band 13	Right Cheek	0.125	0.055	0.057	0.180	0.182
	Right Tilt	0.063	0.043	0.022	0.106	0.085
	Left Cheek	0.114	0.202	0.117	0.316	0.231
	Left Tilt	0.065	0.119	0.056	0.184	0.121
LTE Band 25	Right Cheek	0.166	0.055	0.057	0.221	0.223
	Right Tilt	0.024	0.043	0.022	0.067	0.046
	Left Cheek	0.106	0.202	0.117	0.308	0.223
	Left Tilt	0.024	0.119	0.056	0.143	0.080
LTE Band 26	Right Cheek	0.327	0.055	0.057	0.382	0.384
	Right Tilt	0.128	0.043	0.022	0.171	0.150
	Left Cheek	0.284	0.202	0.117	0.486	0.401
	Left Tilt	0.133	0.119	0.056	0.252	0.189
LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.182	0.055	0.057	0.237	0.239
	Right Tilt	0.035	0.043	0.022	0.078	0.057
	Left Cheek	0.224	0.202	0.117	0.426	0.341
	Left Tilt	0.025	0.119	0.056	0.144	0.081
LTE Band 40	Right Cheek	0.110	0.055	0.057	0.165	0.167
	Right Tilt	0.022	0.043	0.022	0.065	0.044
	Left Cheek	0.098	0.202	0.117	0.300	0.215
	Left Tilt	0.016	0.119	0.056	0.135	0.072
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.152	0.055	0.057	0.207	0.209
	Right Tilt	0.043	0.043	0.022	0.086	0.065
	Left Cheek	0.299	0.202	0.117	0.501	0.416
	Left Tilt	0.080	0.119	0.056	0.199	0.136
LTE Band 48	Right Cheek	0.173	0.055	0.057	0.228	0.230
	Right Tilt	0.057	0.043	0.022	0.100	0.079
	Left Cheek	0.187	0.202	0.117	0.389	0.304
	Left Tilt	0.076	0.119	0.056	0.195	0.132
LTE Band 66/4	Right Cheek	0.265	0.055	0.057	0.320	0.322
	Right Tilt	0.029	0.043	0.022	0.072	0.051
	Left Cheek	0.366	0.202	0.117	0.568	0.483
	Left Tilt	0.037	0.119	0.056	0.156	0.093
LTE Band 71	Right Cheek	0.237	0.055	0.057	0.292	0.294



	Right Tilt	0.076	0.043	0.022	0.119	0.098
	Left Cheek	0.221	0.202	0.117	0.423	0.338
	Left Tilt	0.083	0.119	0.056	0.202	0.139

**➤ Body Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz**

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN		
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)		
GSM850	Front Side	0.630	0.035	0.021	0.665	0.651
	Back Side	0.502	0.041	0.035	0.543	0.537
	Left Side	0.379	0.002	0.030	0.381	0.409
	Right Side	0.531	0.016	0.028	0.547	0.559
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.482	/	/	0.482	0.482
GSM1900	Front Side	0.424	0.035	0.021	0.459	0.445
	Back Side	0.130	0.041	0.035	0.171	0.165
	Left Side	0.042	0.002	0.030	0.044	0.072
	Right Side	0.021	0.016	0.028	0.037	0.049
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.858	/	/	0.858	0.858
WCDMA II	Front Side	0.308	0.035	0.021	0.343	0.329
	Back Side	0.142	0.041	0.035	0.183	0.177
	Left Side	0.052	0.002	0.030	0.054	0.082
	Right Side	0.020	0.016	0.028	0.036	0.048
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.693	/	/	0.693	0.693
WCDMA IV	Front Side	0.293	0.035	0.021	0.328	0.314
	Back Side	0.090	0.041	0.035	0.131	0.125
	Left Side	0.037	0.002	0.030	0.039	0.067
	Right Side	0.012	0.016	0.028	0.028	0.040
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.579	/	/	0.579	0.579
WCDMA V	Front Side	0.319	0.035	0.021	0.354	0.340
	Back Side	0.276	0.041	0.035	0.317	0.311
	Left Side	0.219	0.002	0.030	0.221	0.249
	Right Side	0.350	0.016	0.028	0.366	0.378
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049



	Bottom Side	0.248	/	/	0.248	0.248
LTE Band 2	Front Side	0.416	0.035	0.021	0.451	0.437
	Back Side	0.150	0.041	0.035	0.191	0.185
	Left Side	0.058	0.002	0.030	0.060	0.088
	Right Side	0.023	0.016	0.028	0.039	0.051
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.820	/	/	0.820	0.820
LTE Band 5	Front Side	0.303	0.035	0.021	0.338	0.324
	Back Side	0.242	0.041	0.035	0.283	0.277
	Left Side	0.183	0.002	0.030	0.185	0.213
	Right Side	0.241	0.016	0.028	0.257	0.269
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.183	/	/	0.183	0.183
LTE Band 7	Front Side	0.369	0.035	0.021	0.404	0.390
	Back Side	0.161	0.041	0.035	0.202	0.196
	Left Side	0.199	0.002	0.030	0.201	0.229
	Right Side	0.051	0.016	0.028	0.067	0.079
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.578	/	/	0.578	0.578
LTE Band 12	Front Side	0.293	0.035	0.021	0.328	0.314
	Back Side	0.232	0.041	0.035	0.273	0.267
	Left Side	0.129	0.002	0.030	0.131	0.159
	Right Side	0.197	0.016	0.028	0.213	0.225
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.159	/	/	0.159	0.159
LTE Band 13	Front Side	0.134	0.035	0.021	0.169	0.155
	Back Side	0.095	0.041	0.035	0.136	0.130
	Left Side	0.055	0.002	0.030	0.057	0.085
	Right Side	0.096	0.016	0.028	0.112	0.124
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.086	/	/	0.086	0.086
LTE Band 25	Front Side	0.323	0.035	0.021	0.358	0.344
	Back Side	0.119	0.041	0.035	0.160	0.154
	Left Side	0.044	0.002	0.030	0.046	0.074
	Right Side	0.030	0.016	0.028	0.046	0.058
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.650	/	/	0.650	0.650
LTE Band 26	Front Side	0.269	0.035	0.021	0.304	0.290



	Back Side	0.210	0.041	0.035	0.251	0.245
	Left Side	0.140	0.002	0.030	0.142	0.170
	Right Side	0.203	0.016	0.028	0.219	0.231
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.171	/	/	0.171	0.171
LTE Band 38	Front Side	0.323	0.035	0.021	0.358	0.344
	Back Side	0.218	0.041	0.035	0.259	0.253
	Left Side	0.205	0.002	0.030	0.207	0.235
	Right Side	0.071	0.016	0.028	0.087	0.099
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.665	/	/	0.665	0.665
LTE Band 40	Front Side	0.268	0.035	0.021	0.303	0.289
	Back Side	0.110	0.041	0.035	0.151	0.145
	Left Side	0.072	0.002	0.030	0.074	0.102
	Right Side	0.034	0.016	0.028	0.050	0.062
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.503	/	/	0.503	0.503
LTE Band 41	Front Side	0.299	0.035	0.021	0.334	0.320
	Back Side	0.193	0.041	0.035	0.234	0.228
	Left Side	0.249	0.002	0.030	0.251	0.279
	Right Side	0.096	0.016	0.028	0.112	0.124
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.731	/	/	0.731	0.731
LTE Band 48	Front Side	0.246	0.035	0.021	0.281	0.267
	Back Side	0.129	0.041	0.035	0.170	0.164
	Left Side	0.136	0.002	0.030	0.138	0.166
	Right Side	0.127	0.016	0.028	0.143	0.155
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.208	/	/	0.208	0.208
LTE Band 66/4	Front Side	0.576	0.035	0.021	0.611	0.597
	Back Side	0.129	0.041	0.035	0.170	0.164
	Left Side	0.047	0.002	0.030	0.049	0.077
	Right Side	0.016	0.016	0.028	0.032	0.044
	Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
	Bottom Side	0.744	/	/	0.744	0.744
LTE Band 71	Front Side	0.241	0.035	0.021	0.276	0.262
	Back Side	0.183	0.041	0.035	0.224	0.218
	Left Side	0.093	0.002	0.030	0.095	0.123



Right Side	0.134	0.016	0.028	0.150	0.162
Top Side	/	0.028	0.049	0.028	0.049
Bottom Side	0.141	/	/	0.141	0.141

#### ➤ Body Simultaneous Transmission for WWAN + Bluetooth

WWAN Band	Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		WWAN	Bluetooth	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
GSM850	Front Side	0.630	0.016	0.646
	Back Side	0.502	0.023	0.525
	Left Side	0.379	0.021	0.400
	Right Side	0.531	0.007	0.538
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.482	/	0.482
GSM1900	Front Side	0.424	0.016	0.440
	Back Side	0.130	0.023	0.153
	Left Side	0.042	0.021	0.063
	Right Side	0.021	0.007	0.028
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.858	/	0.858
WCDMA II	Front Side	0.308	0.016	0.324
	Back Side	0.142	0.023	0.165
	Left Side	0.052	0.021	0.073
	Right Side	0.020	0.007	0.027
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.693	/	0.693
WCDMA IV	Front Side	0.293	0.016	0.309
	Back Side	0.090	0.023	0.113
	Left Side	0.037	0.021	0.058
	Right Side	0.012	0.007	0.019
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.579	/	0.579
WCDMA V	Front Side	0.319	0.016	0.335
	Back Side	0.276	0.023	0.299
	Left Side	0.219	0.021	0.240
	Right Side	0.350	0.007	0.357



	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.248	/	0.248
LTE Band 2	Front Side	0.416	0.016	0.432
	Back Side	0.150	0.023	0.173
	Left Side	0.058	0.021	0.079
	Right Side	0.023	0.007	0.030
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.820	/	0.820
LTE Band 5	Front Side	0.303	0.016	0.319
	Back Side	0.242	0.023	0.265
	Left Side	0.183	0.021	0.204
	Right Side	0.241	0.007	0.248
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.183	/	0.183
LTE Band 7	Front Side	0.369	0.016	0.385
	Back Side	0.161	0.023	0.184
	Left Side	0.199	0.021	0.220
	Right Side	0.051	0.007	0.058
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.578	/	0.578
LTE Band 12	Front Side	0.293	0.016	0.309
	Back Side	0.232	0.023	0.255
	Left Side	0.129	0.021	0.150
	Right Side	0.197	0.007	0.204
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.159	/	0.159
LTE Band 13	Front Side	0.134	0.016	0.150
	Back Side	0.095	0.023	0.118
	Left Side	0.055	0.021	0.076
	Right Side	0.096	0.007	0.103
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.086	/	0.086
LTE Band 25	Front Side	0.323	0.016	0.339
	Back Side	0.119	0.023	0.142
	Left Side	0.044	0.021	0.065
	Right Side	0.030	0.007	0.037
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.650	/	0.650



LTE Band 26	Front Side	0.269	0.016	0.285
	Back Side	0.210	0.023	0.233
	Left Side	0.140	0.021	0.161
	Right Side	0.203	0.007	0.210
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.171	/	0.171
LTE Band 38	Front Side	0.323	0.016	0.339
	Back Side	0.218	0.023	0.241
	Left Side	0.205	0.021	0.226
	Right Side	0.071	0.007	0.078
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.665	/	0.665
LTE Band 40	Front Side	0.268	0.016	0.284
	Back Side	0.110	0.023	0.133
	Left Side	0.072	0.021	0.093
	Right Side	0.034	0.007	0.041
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.503	/	0.503
LTE Band 41	Front Side	0.299	0.016	0.315
	Back Side	0.193	0.023	0.216
	Left Side	0.249	0.021	0.270
	Right Side	0.096	0.007	0.103
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.731	/	0.731
LTE Band 48	Front Side	0.246	0.016	0.262
	Back Side	0.129	0.023	0.152
	Left Side	0.136	0.021	0.157
	Right Side	0.127	0.007	0.134
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.208	/	0.208
LTE Band 66/4	Front Side	0.576	0.016	0.592
	Back Side	0.129	0.023	0.152
	Left Side	0.047	0.021	0.068
	Right Side	0.016	0.007	0.023
	Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Side	0.744	/	0.744
LTE Band 71	Front Side	0.241	0.016	0.257
	Back Side	0.183	0.023	0.206



Left Side	0.093	0.021	0.114
Right Side	0.134	0.007	0.141
Top Side	/	0.034	0.034
Bottom Side	0.141	/	0.141

## 18. Uncertainty Assessment

According to KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR is less than 1.5 W/kg and 10-g extremity SAR less than 3.75 W/kg, the expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be less than 30% with a confidence interval of k=2. When these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 is not required in the SAR report and submitted for equipment approval. For this device, both the 1-g SAR is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.



## Annex A General Information

### 1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Laboratory Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China
Telephone:	+86 755 36698555
Facsimile:	+86 755 36698525

### 2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China

### 3. Facilities and Accreditations

The FCC designation number is CN1192, the test firm registration number is 226174.

#### Note:

The main report is end here and the other annex (B,C,D,E,F) will be submitted separately.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF MAIN REPORT \*\*\*\*\*