

FCC TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2BPS6-M16

Report No. : SSP25080131-1E

Applicant: Shenzhen Nuorui Electronics Co., Ltd.

Product Name: Bluetooth headset

Model Name: M16

Test Standard: FCC Part 15.247

Date of Issue : 2025-08-30

Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

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This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

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Test Report Basic Information

	1000 110 por 0 2 uo 10 1111 01 111 uo 10 11				
Applicant	Shenzhen Nuorui Electronics Co., Ltd. Unit 604, Unit 1, Gaoshi jiulongshan Science and Technology Park, No.26-2,				
Address of Applicant:	shijing Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China				
Manufacturer: Address of Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Nuorui Electronics Co., Ltd. Unit 604, Unit 1, Gaoshi jiulongshan Science and Technology Park, No.26-2, shijing Road, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China				
Product Name	Bluetooth headset				
Brand Name	-				
Main Model	M16				
Series Models:	-				
	FCC Part 15 Subpart C				
Test Standard	ANSI C63.4-2014 ANSI C63.10-2013				
Date of Test	2025-08-08 to 2025-08-30				
Test Result:	PASS				
Tested By:					
Reviewed By	Lorrix Lua (Lorzix Lua) Lahan Peng (Lohan Peng)				
Authorized Signatory	Lahm Peng (Lahm Peng)				

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Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Description	Revised By
V1.0	2025-08-30	Initial Release	Lahm Peng

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Information

Product Name:	Bluetooth headset
Trade Name:	-
Test Model:	M16
Series Models:	-
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V by battery, USB 5V Charing
Power Adapter:	-
Battery:	DC 3.7V, 35mAh
Test Sample No:	SSP25080131-1
Hardware Version:	V2.6
Software Version:	S414
Note 1: The test data is gat	hered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.

Wireless Specification	
Wireless Standard:	Bluetooth BR/EDR
Operating Frequency:	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
RF Output Power:	2.02dBm
Number of Channel:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Gain:	0.58dBi
Type of Antenna:	PCB Antenna
Type of Device:	☐ Portable Device ☐ Mobile Device ☐ Modular Device

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1.2 Test Setup Information

List of Test Mo	odes					
Test Mode	De	escription		Remark		
TM1	Low	est Channel		2402MHz(DH5/2DH5/3DH5)		
TM2	Mide	dle Channel		2441MHz(DH5/2DH5/3DH5)		
TM3	High	est Channel		2480MHz(DH5/2I	DH5/3DH5)	
TM4	I	Hopping	pping 2402MHz~2480MHz			
TM5	C	Charging		AC 120V/60Hz		
List and Detai	List and Details of Auxiliary Cable					
Descrij	ption	Length (cm)		Shielded/Unshielded	With/Without Ferrite	
USB c	able	100		Unshielded	Without Ferrite	
-					-	
List and Detai	List and Details of Auxiliary Equipment					
Descrij	Description N		r	Model	Serial Number	
Adap	ter	xiaomi		MDY-14-EU	45461/A62505U102607S	
-		-		-	-	

List of Chann	nels						
No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency	No. of	Frequency
Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)	Channel	(MHz)
01	2402	21	2422	41	2442	61	2462
02	2403	22	2423	42	2443	62	2463
03	2404	23	2424	43	2444	63	2464
04	2405	24	2425	44	2445	64	2465
05	2406	25	2426	45	2446	65	2466
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
16	2417	36	2437	56	2457	76	2477
17	2418	37	2438	57	2458	77	2478
18	2419	38	2439	58	2459	78	2479
19	2420	39	2440	59	2460	79	2480
20	2421	40	2441	60	2461		

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1.3 Compliance Standards

Compliance Standards				
ECC Part 15 Cubmont C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES,			
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional Radiators			
All measurements contained in this	s report were conducted with all above standards			
According to standards for test	methodology			
ECC Part 15 Subport C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES,			
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional Radiators			
	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions			
ANSI C63.4-2014	from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40			
	GHz.			
ANCI ((2) 10, 2012	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed			
ANSI C63.10-2013	Wireless Devices			
Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer or applicant. Any modification of the product, which				
result is lowering the emission, sho	ould be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.			

1.4 Test Facilities

	Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.			
Laboratory Name:	1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street,			
	Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China			
CNAS Laboratory No.:	L18863			
A2LA Certificate No.:	6983.01			
FCC Registration No.:	583813			
FCC Designation No.:	CN1373			
ISED Registration No.:	CN0164			

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1.5 List of Measurement Instruments

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date		
Conducted Emissions							
AMN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ENV216	101097	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100242	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 5	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
EMI Test Software	FARA	EZ-EMC	EMEC-3A1+	N/A	N/A		
		Radiated Emission	ıs				
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100154	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY48030972	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV40-N	101692	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9743B	00251	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Amplifier	HUABO	YXL0518-2.5-45		2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Amplifier	COM-MW	DLAN-18G-4G-02	10229104	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Loop Antenna	DAZE	ZN30900C	21104	2025-07-12	2026-07-11		
Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01320	2025-07-12	2026-07-11		
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02553	2025-07-12	2026-07-11		
Horn Antenna	COM-MW	ZLB7-18-40G-950	12221225	2025-07-12	2026-07-11		
Attenuator	QUANJUDA	6dB	220731	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 1	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 2	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 3	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 4	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 8	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 9	N/A	2025-07-15	2026-07-14		
EMI Test Software	FARA	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE+	N/A	N/A		
	Conducted RF Testing						
RF Test System	MWRFTest	MW100-RFCB	220418SQS-37	2025-07-16	2026-07-15		
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	ATO-90521	2025-07-16	2026-07-15		
RF Test Software	MWRFTest	MTS 8310	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Laptop	Lenovo	ThlnkPad E15 Gen 3	SPPOZ22485	N/A	N/A		

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1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Conditions	Uncertainty
Conducted Emissions	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±1.64 dB
	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±2.88 dB
Dadioted Emissions	30MHz ∼ 1GHz	±3.32 dB
Radiated Emissions	1GHz ∼ 18GHz	±3.50 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	±3.66 dB
Conducted Output Power	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±0.50 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±4.0 %
Conducted Spurious Emission	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±1.32 dB

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2. Summary of Test Results

FCC Rule	Description of Test Item	Result
FCC Part 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(i)	RF Exposure(see the RF exposure report)	Passed
FCC Part 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), (g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Passed
FCC Part 15.215(c)	Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequencies Separation	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Channel	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Conducted)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Conducted RF Spurious Emissions	Passed

Passed: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard

Failed: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard

N/A: Not applicable

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3. Antenna Requirement

3.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Test Result

This product has an PCB antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

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4. Conducted Emissions

4.1 Standard and Limit

According to the rule FCC Part 15.207, Conducted emissions limit, the limit for a wireless device as below:

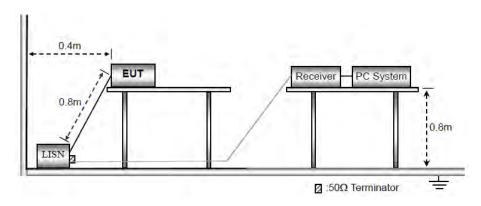
Frequency of Emission	Conducted emissions (dBuV)					
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average				
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46				
0.5-5	56	46				
5-30	60	50				

Note 1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency in the range $0.15\,\mathrm{MHz}$ to $0.5\,\mathrm{MHz}$

Note 2: The lower limit applies at the band edges

4.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.2.



Test Setup Block Diagram

a) The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

b) The following is the setting of the receiver

Attenuation: 10dB

Start Frequency: 0.15MHz Stop Frequency: 30MHz IF Bandwidth: 9kHz

c) The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipment powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.

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- d) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.
- e) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- f) LISN is at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- g) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item photographs of the test setup.

4.3 Test Data and Results

All of the modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207 standard limit for a wireless device, and with the worst case as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

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11

12

13.1100

13.1100

17.27

5.14

9.55

9.55

26.82

14.69

Test P	lots and Data	of Conduc	ted Emissi	ons						
	l Mode:	TM5								
Test V	oltage:	AC 1	20V/60Hz	Z						
	ower Line:	Neut	-							
Remar		1,000								
90.0	dBuV									
80										
70										
60									FCC Part15 CE-Class B_QP	
E0									FCC Part15 CE-Class B_AVe	
50										
40	1 3									
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-10 0.1	50	0.5	inn		(MHz)		5.0	nn	30.000	
		0.5			(2)		5.0	-	30.000	
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark	
1	0.1680	27.56	9.24	36.80	65.06	-28.26	QP	Р		
2	0.1680	15.49	9.24	24.73	55.06	-30.33	AVG	Р		
3	0.2670	24.85	9.33	34.18	61.21	-27.03	QP	Р		
4	0.2670	13.17	9.33	22.50	51.21	-28.71		Р		
5 6	0.5775 0.5775	21.64 11.40	9.37 9.37	31.01 20.77	56.00 46.00	-24.99 -25.23	QP AVG	P P		_
7 *	1.3245	23.66	9.44	33.10	56.00	-22.90	QP	Р		
8	1.3245	12.07	9.44	21.51	46.00	-24.49	AVG	Р		_
9	3.6690	15.63	9.53	25.16	56.00	-30.84	QP	Р		_
10	3.6690	3.28	9.53	12.81	46.00	-33.19	AVG	Р		

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60.00

50.00

-33.18

-35.31

QP

AVG

Р

Р



12

13.1460

3.76

9.73

13.49

Test P	lots and Data	of Conduc	ted Emissi	ons					
Tested	l Mode:	TM5							
Test V	oltage:	AC 1	20V/60Hz	Z					
Test P	ower Line:	Live							
Remai	rk:								
90.0	dBuV	<u> </u>							
Γ									
80									
70									
70									
60								_	FCC Part15 CE-Class B_QP
50									FCC Part15 CE-Class B_AVe
30									
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0.1	50	0.5	i00		(MHz)		5.0	00	30.000
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.2805	25.00	9.55	34.55	60.80	-26.25	QP	Р	
2	0.2805	13.28	9.55	22.83	50.80	-27.97	AVG	Р	
3 *	0.6090	25.50	9.57	35.07	56.00	-20.93	QP	Р	
4	0.6090	13.02	9.57	22.59	46.00	-23.41		Р	
5	1.2930	23.46	9.63	33.09	56.00	-22.91	QP	Р	
6	1.2930	11.66	9.63	21.29	46.00	-24.71	AVG	Р	
7 8	1.9815	18.38 5.87	9.65 9.65	28.03 15.52	56.00	-27.97	QP AVG	P	
9	1.9815 5.7030	15.87	9.65	25.63	46.00 60.00	-30.48 -34.37	QP	P	
10	5.7030	1.95	9.76	11.71	50.00	-38.29		Р	
11	13.1460	16.27	9.73	26.00	60.00	-34.00	QP	P	
<u> </u>							<u> </u>		

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50.00

-36.51

Р

AVG



5. Radiated Emissions

5.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

According to the rule FCC Part 15.209, Radiated emission limit for a wireless device as below:

Evacuatory of amission (MHz)	Radiated emissions (3m)						
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Quasi-peak (dBuV/m)						
30-88	40						
88-216	43.5						
216-960	46						
Above 960	54						
Note: The more stringent limit applies at transition frequencies.							

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

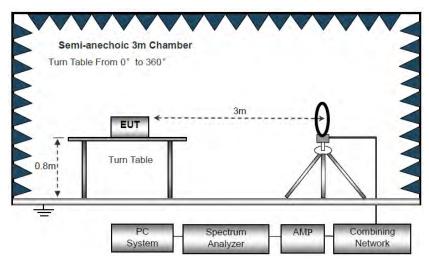
Note: Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

5.2 Test Procedure

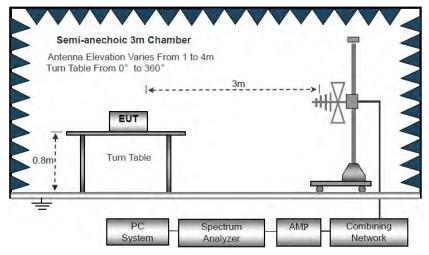
Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6.

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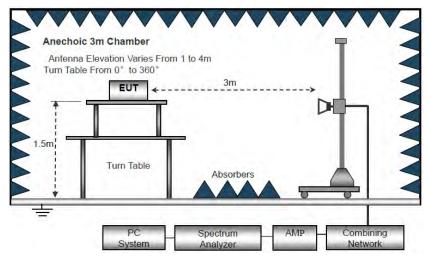




Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Below 30MHz



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission From 30MHz to 1GHz



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Above 1GHz

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- a) The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane for test frequency range blew 1GHz, and 1.5m above ground plane for test frequency range above 1GHz.
- b) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- c) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz, 10kHz for f < 30MHz

VBW ≥ RBW, Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

- d) Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-2014 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, submit this data. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- e) The peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Detector = PK for AV value, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings.
- f) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item EUT test photos.

5.3 Test Data and Results

All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit for a wireless device, and with the worst case GFSK_2402MHz as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

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785.0935

6 *

28.33

1.33

29.66

46.00

-16.34

QP

100

296

Р

Radia	ted Emis	ssion T	Гest Data ((30MHz to) 1GHz)							
Testec	d Mode:			TM1								
Test V	oltage:			DC 3.7V	from batte	ry						
Test A	ntenna	Polariz	zation:	Horizon	tal							
Rema	rk:											
80.0	dBuV/n	n —										
70												
60									CD 45)	20 10	00111
50									rgin -6 dB	RE-Class B_	.30-100	UUMHZ
40												
30											5,	6 market day
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0.0 30.	.000		60.00			(MHz)		300	0.00			1000.00
No.	Frequ (MF		Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg.)	P/F	Remark
1	51.3		26.66	-8.60	18.06	40.00	-21.94	QP	100	203	Р	
2	62.4		25.76	-10.38	15.38	40.00	-24.62	QP	100	69	Р	
3	152.6		26.38	-7.77	18.61	43.50	-24.89	QP	100	214	Р	
4	359.1		26.77	-7.05	19.72	46.00	-26.28	QP	100	140	Р	
5	612.0)642	26.12	-1.43	24.69	46.00	-21.31	QP	100	151	Р	

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Р

84

QP

100

-15.95



787.8513

28.69

6 *

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30.	000		60.00			(MHz)		30	0.00			100	0.000
			5			,							
No.	Freque (MF		Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg.)	P/F	Remark	
1	45.2	166	26.89	-8.27	18.62	40.00	-21.38	QP	100	219	Р		
2	82.64	182	27.38	-12.92	14.46	40.00	-25.54	QP	100	323	Р		
3	160.9	089	26.68	-7.95	18.73	43.50	-24.77	QP	100	240	Р		
4	264.7	457	27.78	-9.47	18.31	46.00	-27.69	QP	100	303	Р		

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30.05

46.00

1.36



	ission Test Dat			T	36	D 1	D
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV
Ţ		Lo	west Channel ([GFSK_2402M]	Hz)		1
4804	76.03	-14.72	61.31	74	-12.69	Н	PK
4804	60.83	-14.72	46.11	54	-7.89	Н	AV
7206	62.23	-8.41	53.82	74	-20.18	Н	PK
7206	48.13	-8.41	39.72	54	-14.28	Н	AV
4804	73.55	-14.72	58.83	74	-15.17	V	PK
4804	59.54	-14.72	44.82	54	-9.18	V	AV
7206	65.05	-8.41	56.64	74	-17.36	V	PK
7206	48.61	-8.41	40.2	54	-13.8	V	AV
		Mi	ddle Channel (GFSK_2441MI	Hz)		
4882	76.73	-14.64	62.09	74	-11.91	Н	PK
4882	60.54	-14.64	45.9	54	-8.1	Н	AV
7323	63.66	-8.28	55.38	74	-18.62	Н	PK
7323	47.75	-8.28	39.47	54	-14.53	Н	AV
4882	74.98	-14.64	60.34	74	-13.66	V	PK
4882	59.18	-14.64	44.54	54	-9.46	V	AV
7323	63.5	-8.28	55.22	74	-18.78	V	PK
7323	47.29	-8.28	39.01	54	-14.99	V	AV
		Hig	hest Channel	(GFSK_2480M	Hz)		
4960	78.72	-14.53	64.19	74	-9.81	Н	PK
4960	61.93	-14.53	47.4	54	-6.6	Н	AV
7440	63.92	-8.13	55.79	74	-18.21	Н	PK
7440	50.53	-8.13	42.4	54	-11.6	Н	AV
4960	76.29	-14.53	61.76	74	-12.24	V	PK
4960	59.72	-14.53	45.19	54	-8.81	V	AV
7440	62.17	-8.13	54.04	74	-19.96	V	PK
7440	49.66	-8.13	41.53	54	-12.47	V	AV

Note 1: All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modes have been tested. this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions with the X-axis being the worst and the worst case position data was reported.

Note 2: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

Note 3: Other emissions are attenuated 20dB below the limits from 9kHz to 30MHz, so it does not recorded report, 18GHz-26GHz not recorded for no spurious point have a margin of less than 6 dB with respect to the limits.

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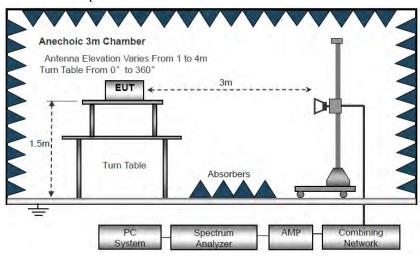
6. Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)

6.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

6.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6 and section 6.10.



Test Setup Block Diagram

As the radiated emissions testing, set the Lowest and Highest Transmitting Channel, observed the outside band of 2310MHz to 2400MHz and 2483.5MHz to 2500MHz, than mark the higher-level emission for comparing with the FCC rules.

6.3 Test Data and Results

All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit, and with the worst case GFSK as below:

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Test Mode	Frequency	Limit	Result	
rest Mode	MHz	dBuV/dBc	Result	
Lavyagt	2310.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Lowest	2390.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	
II: -14	2483.50	<54 dBuV	Pass	
Highest	2500.00	<54 dBuV	Pass	

Radiated Em	ission Test Dat	ta (Band edge	emissions)				
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV
		Lov	west Channel (GFSK_2402M	Hz)		
2310	68.45	-21.34	47.11	74	-26.89	Н	PK
2310	51.19	-21.34	29.85	54	-24.15	Н	AV
2390	66.18	-20.96	45.22	74	-28.78	Н	PK
2390	49.84	-20.96	28.88	54	-25.12	Н	AV
2400	67.22	-20.91	46.31	74	-27.69	Н	PK
2400	52.4	-20.91	31.49	54	-22.51	Н	AV
2310	65.82	-21.34	44.48	74	-29.52	V	PK
2310	51.71	-21.34	30.37	54	-23.63	V	AV
2390	69.9	-20.96	48.94	74	-25.06	V	PK
2390	49.13	-20.96	28.17	54	-25.83	V	AV
2400	69.69	-20.91	48.78	74	-25.22	V	PK
2400	55.16	-20.91	34.25	54	-19.75	V	AV
		Hig	hest Channel ((GFSK_2480M	Hz)		
2483.50	70.95	-20.51	50.44	74	-23.56	Н	PK
2483.50	52.16	-20.51	31.65	54	-22.35	Н	AV
2500	64.02	-20.43	43.59	74	-30.41	Н	PK
2500	50.79	-20.43	30.36	54	-23.64	Н	AV
2483.50	68.5	-20.51	47.99	74	-26.01	V	PK
2483.50	53.56	-20.51	33.05	54	-20.95	V	AV
2500	66.6	-20.43	46.17	74	-27.83	V	PK
2500	49.29	-20.43	28.86	54	-25.14	V	AV

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

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7. Frequency Hopping System

7.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

- (g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.
- (h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

7.2 Test Procedure

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

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7.3 Test Data and Results

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

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8. Dwell Time

8.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247 (a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed..

8.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Spectrum Setting: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Span=0Hz, Detector=Peak
- 3) Use video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full pulses.
- 4) Sweep Time is more than once pulse time.
- 5) Set the center frequency on any frequency would be measure and set the frequency span to zero span.
- 6) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 7) Set the EUT for packet transmitting.
- 8) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 9) The EUT was set to the Hopping Mode for Dwell Time Test.



Test Setup Block Diagram

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8.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Data Packet	Channel (MHz)	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
	DH1	2441	0.401	128.32	<400	Pass
GFSK	DH3	2441	1.658	265.28	<400	Pass
	DH5	2441	2.903	309.65	<400	Pass
	2DH1	2441	0.412	131.84	<400	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	2441	1.64	262.40	<400	Pass
	2DH5	2441	2.911	310.51	<400	Pass
	3DH1	2441	0.41	131.20	<400	Pass
8DPSK	3DH3	2441	1.66	265.60	<400	Pass
	3DH5	2441	2.911	310.51	<400	Pass

Right earphone:

Test Mode	Data Packet	Channel (MHz)	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
	DH1	2441	0.399	127.68	<400	Pass
GFSK	DH3	2441	1.655	264.80	<400	Pass
	DH5	2441	2.905	309.87	<400	Pass
	2DH1	2441	0.411	131.52	<400	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH3	2441	1.663	266.08	<400	Pass
	2DH5	2441	2.908	310.19	<400	Pass
	3DH1	2441	0.41	131.20	<400	Pass
8DPSK	3DH3	2441	1.663	266.08	<400	Pass
	3DH5	2441	2.911	310.51	<400	Pass

Note:

- 1. A period time = 0.4 (s) * 79 = 31.6(s)
- 2. DH1 time slot = Pulse Duration * (1600/(2*79)) * A period time

DH3 time slot = Pulse Duration * (1600/(4*79)) * A period time

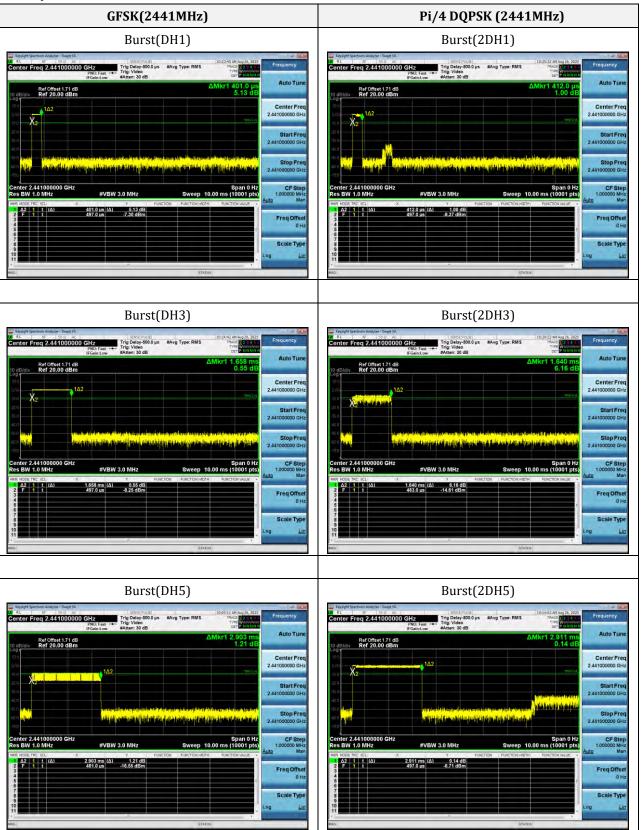
DH5 time slot = Pulse Duration * (1600/(6*79)) * A period time

3. For GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK and 8DPSK: The test period: T= 0.4 Second/Channel x 79 Channel = 31.6 s

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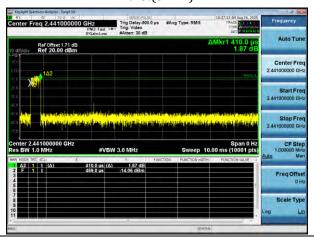
Left earphone:



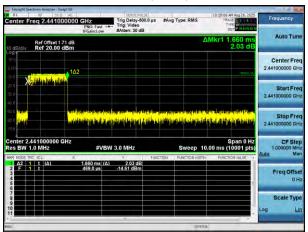
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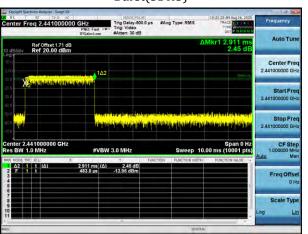
8DPSK (2441MHz) Burst(3DH1)



Burst(3DH3)



Burst(3DH5)



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Right earphone:

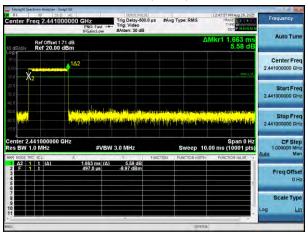


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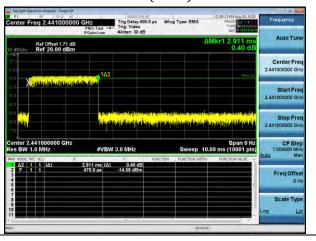


BURST (3DH1) Bu

Burst(3DH3)



Burst(3DH5)



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9. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

9.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 2MHz, VBW = 6MHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and mark the value.
- 5) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

9.3 Test Data and Results

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Left earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
	2402	0.61	21	Pass
GFSK	2441	0.55	21	Pass
	2480	0.19	21	Pass
	2402	1.41	21	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2441	1.38	21	Pass
	2480	1.02	21	Pass
	2402	2.02	21	Pass
8DPSK	2441	1.94	21	Pass
	2480	1.86	21	Pass

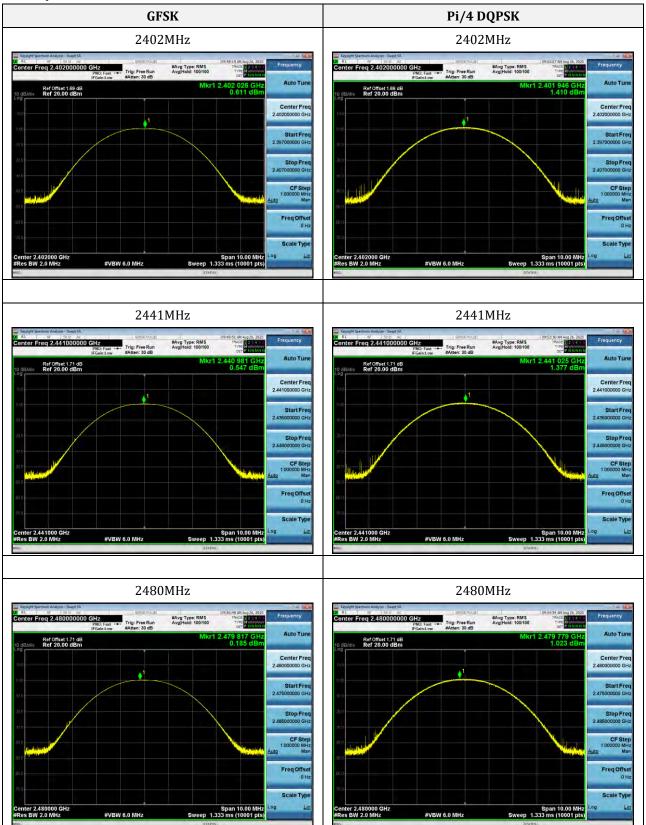
Right earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
GFSK	2402	0.13	21	Pass
	2441	-0.12	21	Pass
	2480	-0.85	21	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	0.94	21	Pass
	2441	0.7	21	Pass
	2480	-0.05	21	Pass
8DPSK	2402	1.34	21	Pass
	2441	0.97	21	Pass
	2480	0.34	21	Pass

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Left earphone:



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2402MHz



2441MHz



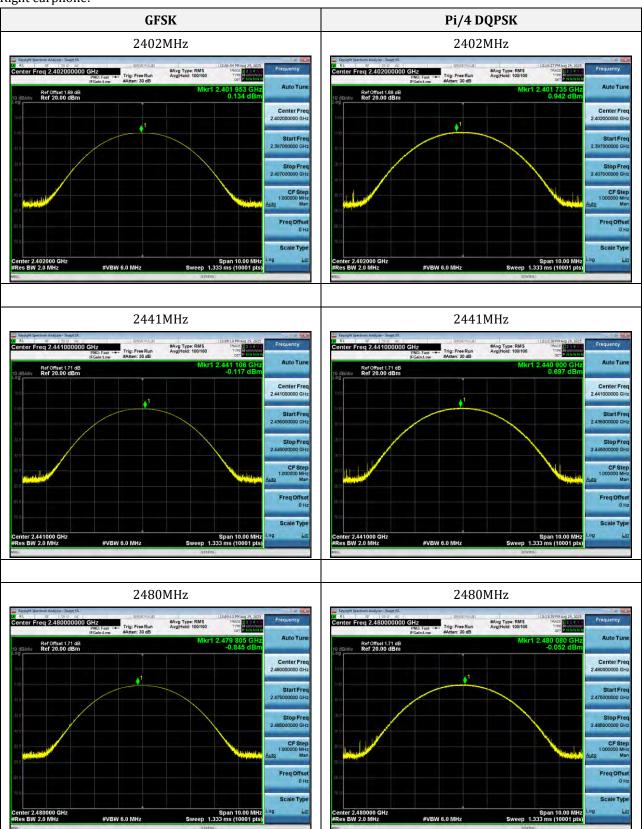
2480MHz



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Right earphone:



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8DPSK

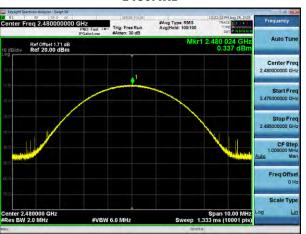
2402MHz



2441MHz



2480MHz



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10. Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)

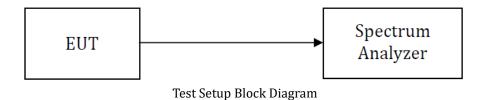
10.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.215 (c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in Subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

10.2 Test Procedure

According to the ANSI 63.10-2013, section 6.9, the emission bandwidth test method as follows.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto.
- 4) Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



10.3 Test Data and Results

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Test Mode	Test Channel (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)
	2402	0.951	857.92
GFSK	2441	0.953	855.55
	2480	0.939	861.67
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	1.277	1165.3
	2441	1.275	1168
	2480	1.27	1169.2
	2402	1.289	1190.1
8DPSK	2441	1.287	1179.1
	2480	1.286	1201.6

Right earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel	20dB Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth
rest Mode	(MHz)	(MHz)	(kHz)
	2402	0.951	853.46
GFSK	2441	0.944	859.27
	2480	0.952	856.14
	2402	1.311	1179.2
Pi/4 DQPSK	2441	1.269	1167.2
	2480	1.278	1179.7
	2402	1.281	1176.6
8DPSK	2441	1.28	1178.5
	2480	1.278	1165.1

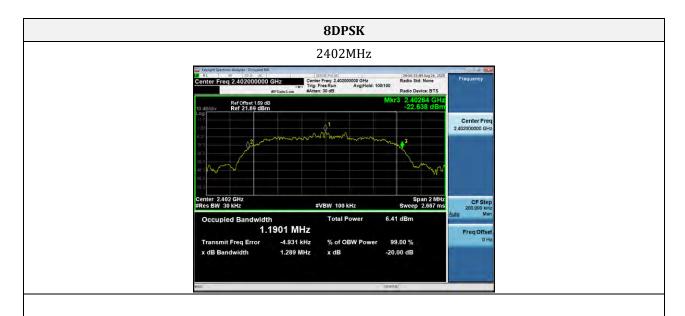
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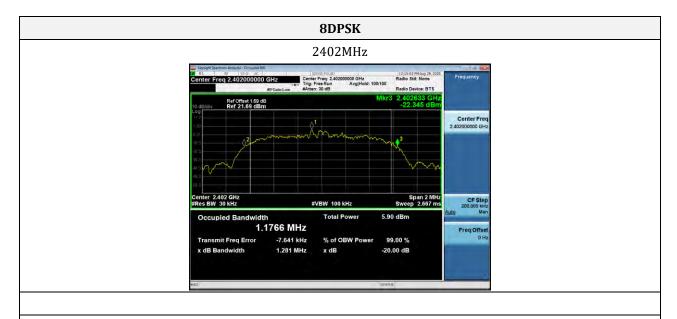
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11. Carrier Frequencies Separation

11.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

11.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) By using the Max Hold function, record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer mark function. and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

11.3 Test Data and Results

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Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Freq. 1 (MHz)	Test Freq. 2 (MHz)	CFS (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
	Lowest	2401.92	2402.932	1.012	0.634
GFSK	Middle	2440.972	2442.004	1.032	0.635
	Highest	2478.918	2479.918	1	0.626
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2401.83	2402.826	0.996	0.851
	Middle	2440.82	2441.932	1.112	0.85
	Highest	2479	2479.952	0.952	0.847
8DPSK	Lowest	2401.83	2402.984	1.154	0.859
	Middle	2440.922	2442.162	1.24	0.858
	Highest	2478.922	2479.96	1.038	0.857

Right earphone:

rugiit cai piione.					
Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Freq. 1	Test Freq. 2	CFS	Limit
		(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
GFSK	Lowest	2402.008	2402.924	0.916	0.634
	Middle	2441.008	2442.006	0.998	0.629
	Highest	2478.966	2479.826	0.86	0.635
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2401.992	2402.992	1	0.874
	Middle	2440.628	2441.84	1.212	0.846
	Highest	2478.954	2479.836	0.882	0.852
8DPSK	Lowest	2401.916	2402.994	1.078	0.854
	Middle	2441.02	2442	0.98	0.853
	Highest	2478.928	2479.994	1.066	0.852

Note: CFS(Channel Frequency Separation) = Test Freq. 2 - Test Freq. 1

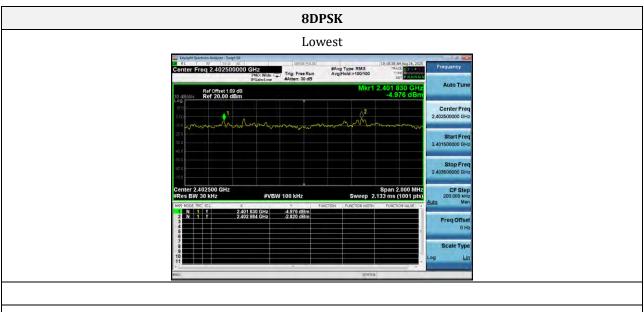
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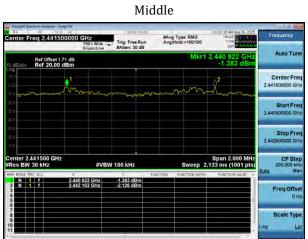


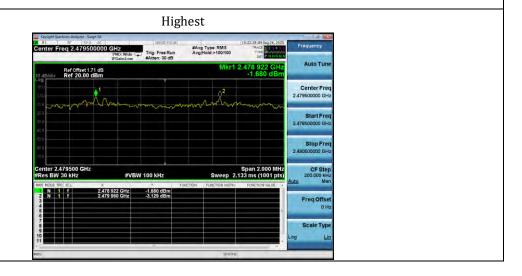


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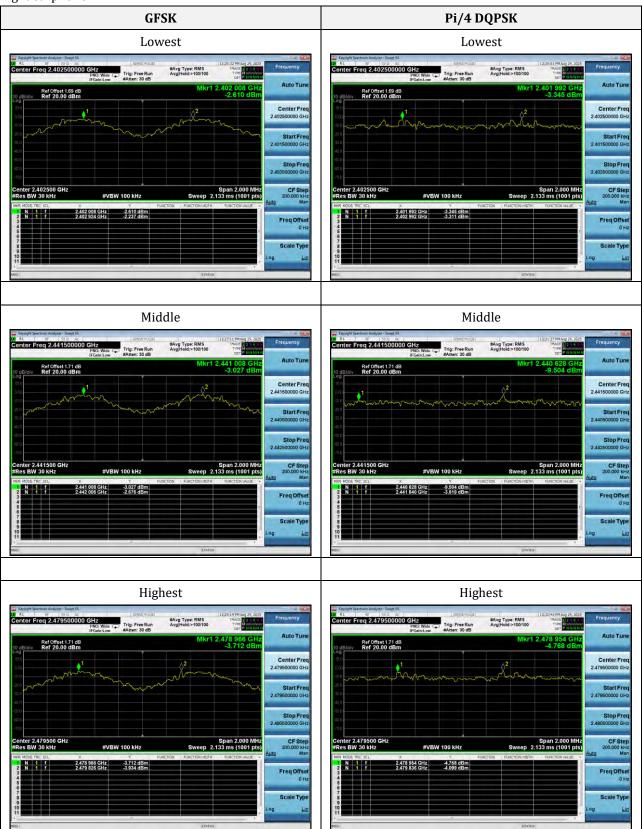






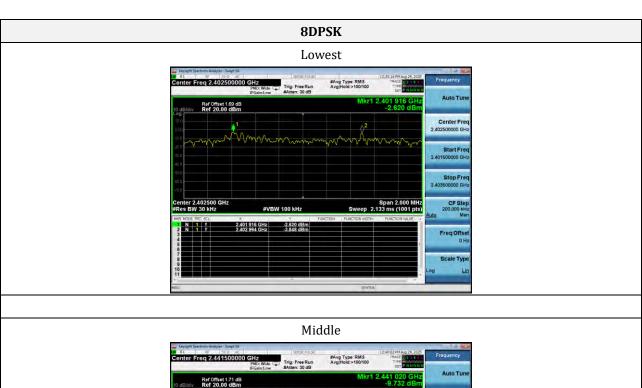
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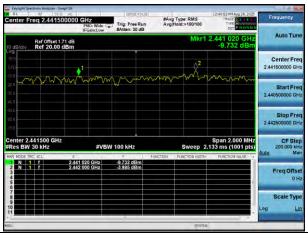


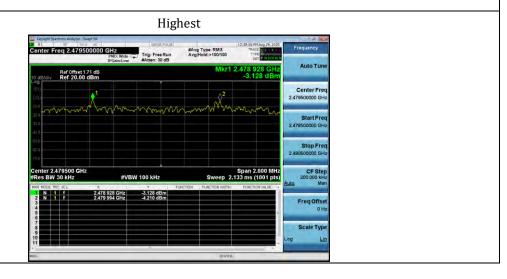


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12. Number of Hopping Channel

12.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

12.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Set the spectrum analyzer on Max hold mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 5) Set the spectrum analyzer on View mode and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

12.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	79	15	Pass
8DPSK	79	15	Pass

Right earphone:

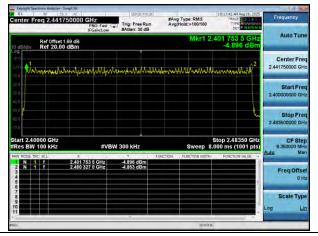
Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	79	15	Pass
8DPSK	79	15	Pass

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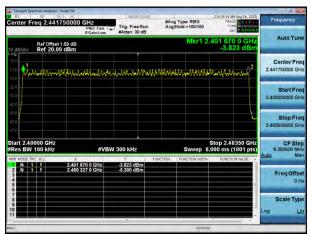


CGTSK Center Freq 2.441750000 GHz Brown 180 dB Control Freq 2.441750000 GHz Start Freq 2.481860 GHz Start Freq 2.48000000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000000 GHz Start Freq 2.4800000 GHz Start Freq 2.4800000 GHz Start Freq 2.4800000 GHz Start Freq 2.4800000 GHz Start Freq 2.480000 GHz Start Freq 2.4800000 GHz Start Freq 2.480000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000 GHz Start Freq 2.480000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000 GHz Start Freq 2.48000 GHz Start Freq 3.5000 GHz Start Freq 5.5000 GHz Start Freq 5

Pi/4 DQPSK



8DPSK

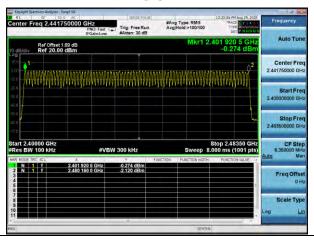


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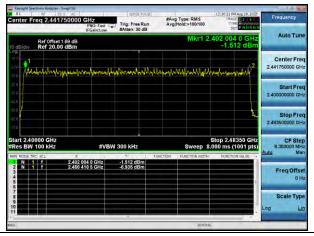


Number of Hopping Channel

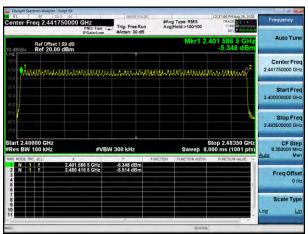
GFSK



Pi/4 DQPSK



8DPSK



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13. Band-edge Emission(Conducted)

13.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

13.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.10.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Set a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 6) Measure the emission and marking the edge frequency.
- 7) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

13.3 Test Data and Results

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Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result		
	No-Hopping						
CECK	Lowest	2402	-53.93	-20	Pass		
GFSK	Highest	2480	-55.91	-20	Pass		
D: /4 DODGIZ	Lowest	2402	-50.26	-20	Pass		
Pi/4 DQPSK	Highest	2480	-54.6	-20	Pass		
ODDCK	Lowest	2402	-48.36	-20	Pass		
8DPSK	Highest	2480	-54.92	-20	Pass		
		Нор	ping				
CECH	Lowest	2402	-55.31	-20	Pass		
GFSK	Highest	2480	-55.23	-20	Pass		
D: // DODCK	Lowest	2402	-55.23	-20	Pass		
Pi/4 DQPSK	Highest	2480	-53.93	-20	Pass		
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-55.12	-20	Pass		
	Highest	2480	-54.57	-20	Pass		

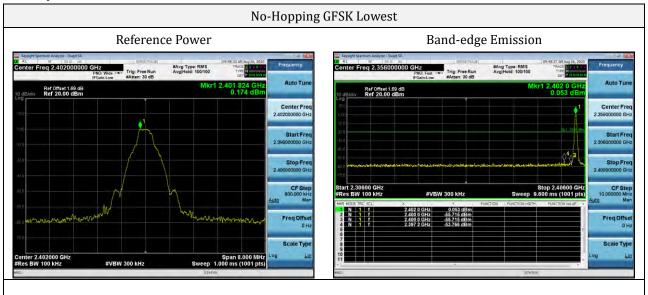
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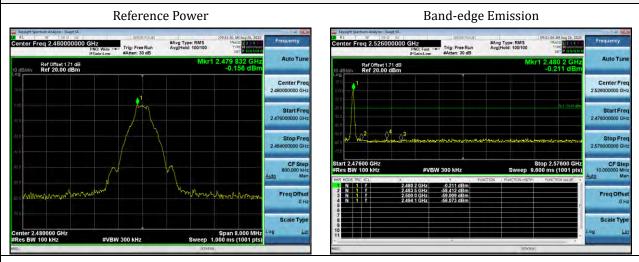
Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result		
	No-Hopping						
ODOV.	Lowest	2402	-53.95	-20	Pass		
GFSK	Highest	2480	-53.62	-20	Pass		
D: // DODGI	Lowest	2402	-51.57	-20	Pass		
Pi/4 DQPSK	Highest	2480	-54.06	-20	Pass		
ODDCK	Lowest	2402	-51.97	-20	Pass		
8DPSK	Highest	2480	-53.98	-20	Pass		
	Hopping						
CECK	Lowest	2402	-54.15	-20	Pass		
GFSK	Highest	2480	-53.34	-20	Pass		
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402	-53.78	-20	Pass		
	Highest	2480	-52.77	-20	Pass		
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-52.45	-20	Pass		
	Highest	2480	-53.19	-20	Pass		

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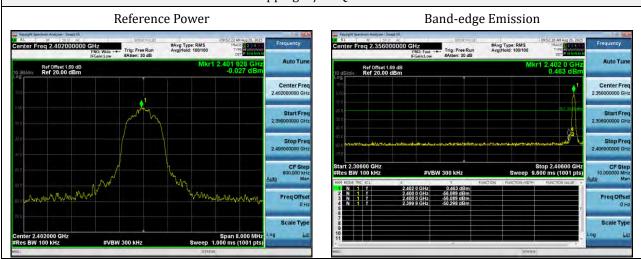




No-Hopping GFSK Highest

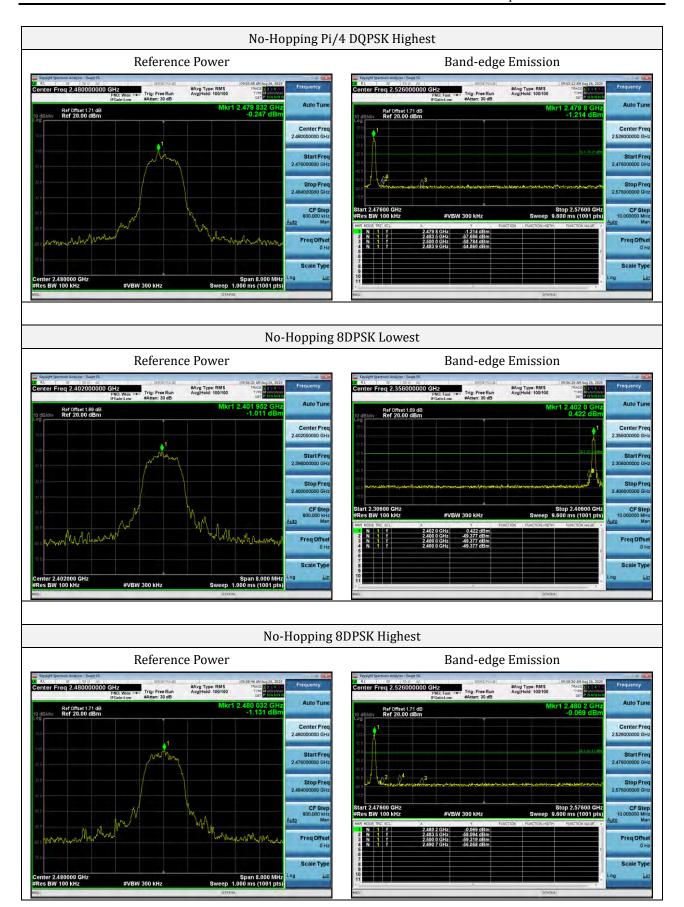


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest



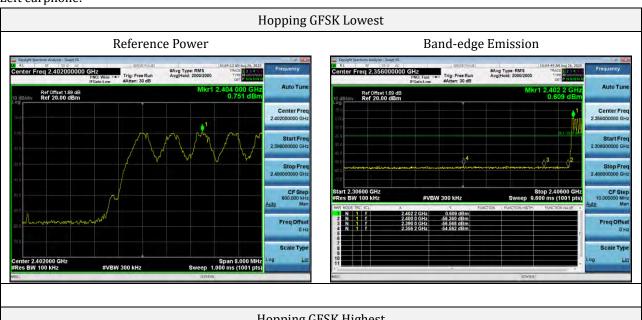
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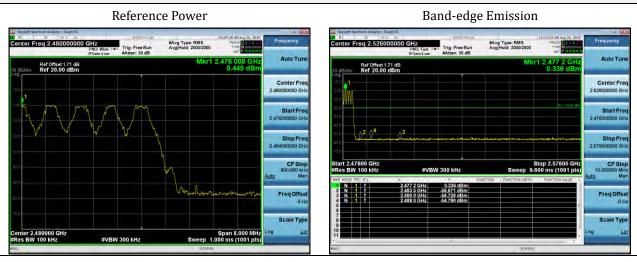


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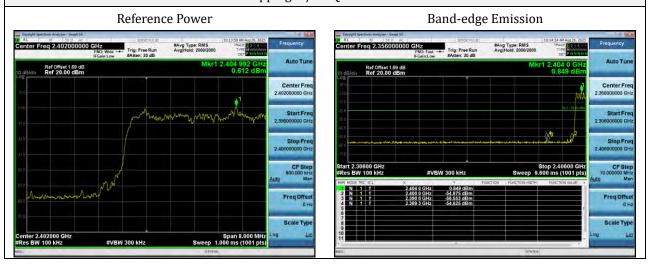




Hopping GFSK Highest



Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest



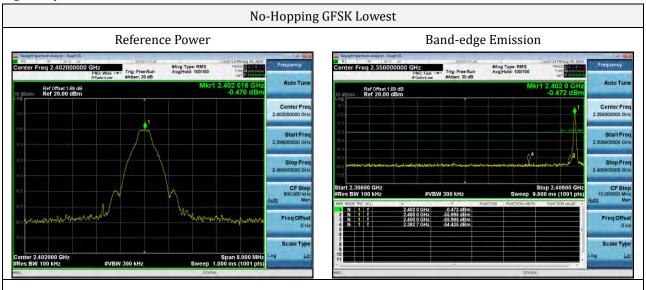
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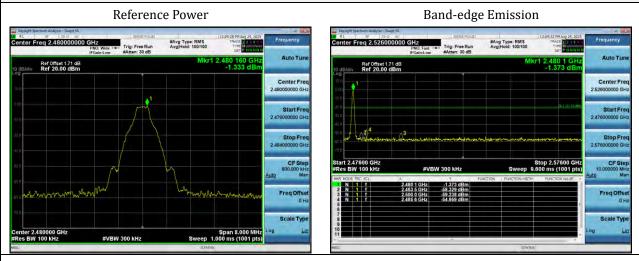


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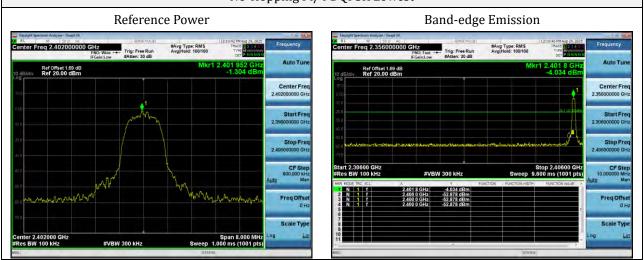






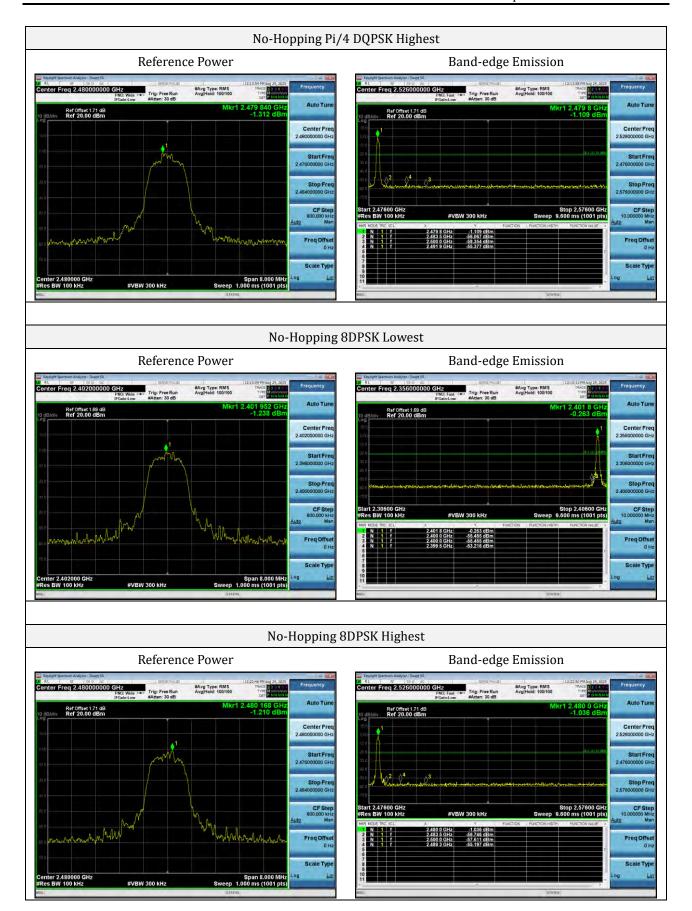


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest



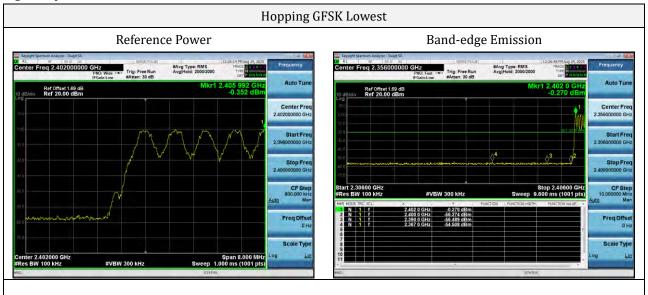
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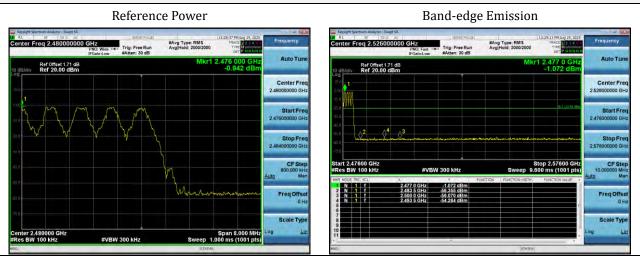


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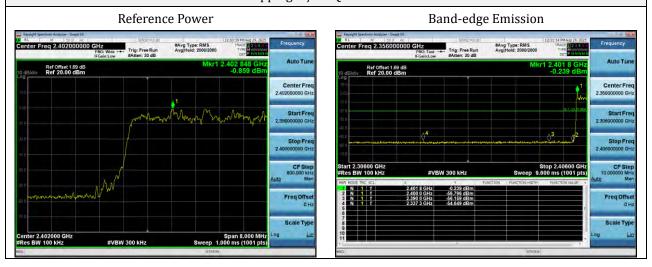




Hopping GFSK Highest

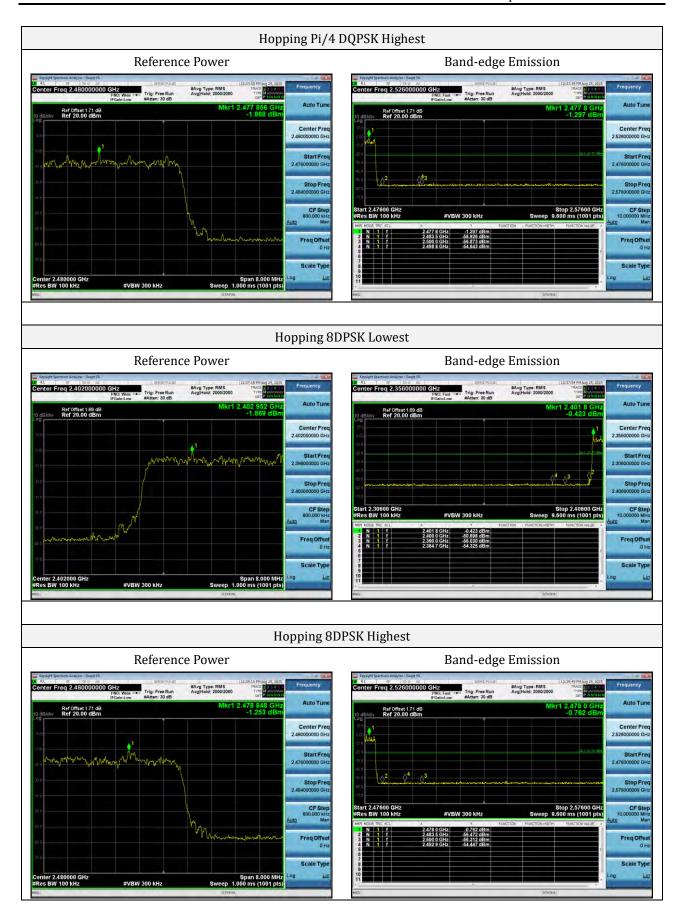


Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest



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14. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions

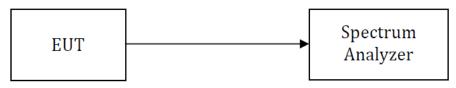
14.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

14.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.7.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Measure the spurious emissions with frequency range from 9kHz to 26.5GHz.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



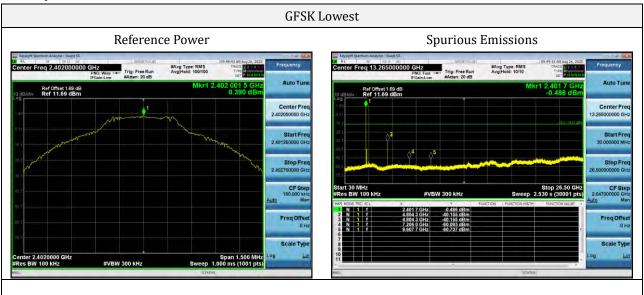
Test Setup Block Diagram

14.3 Test Data and Results

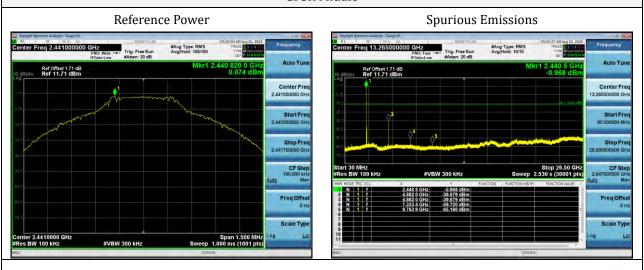
Note: The measurement frequency range is from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions measurement data.

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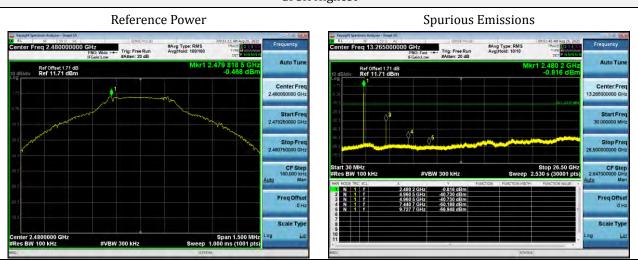




GFSK Middle

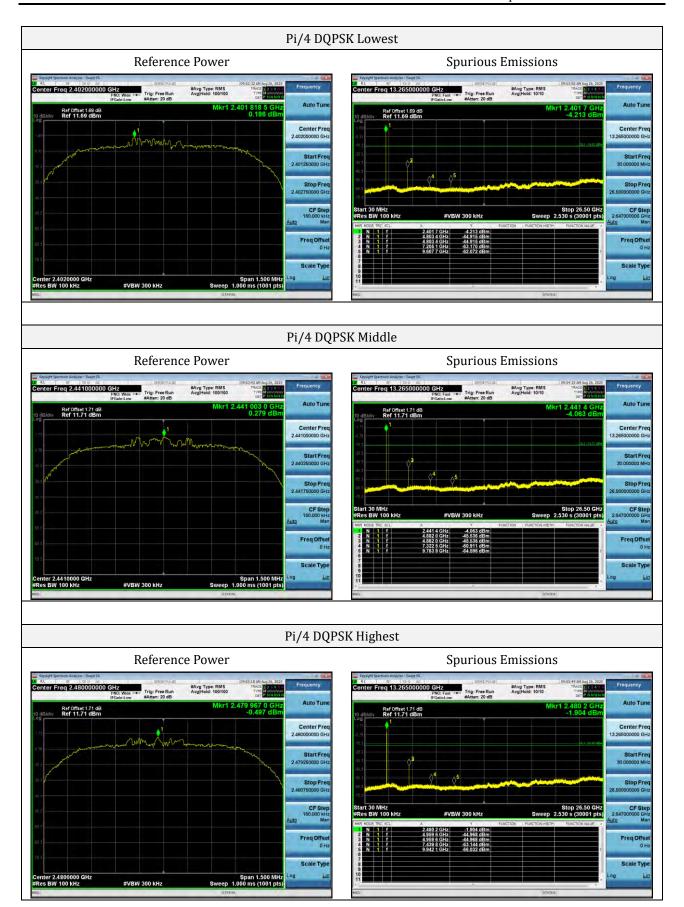


GFSK Highest



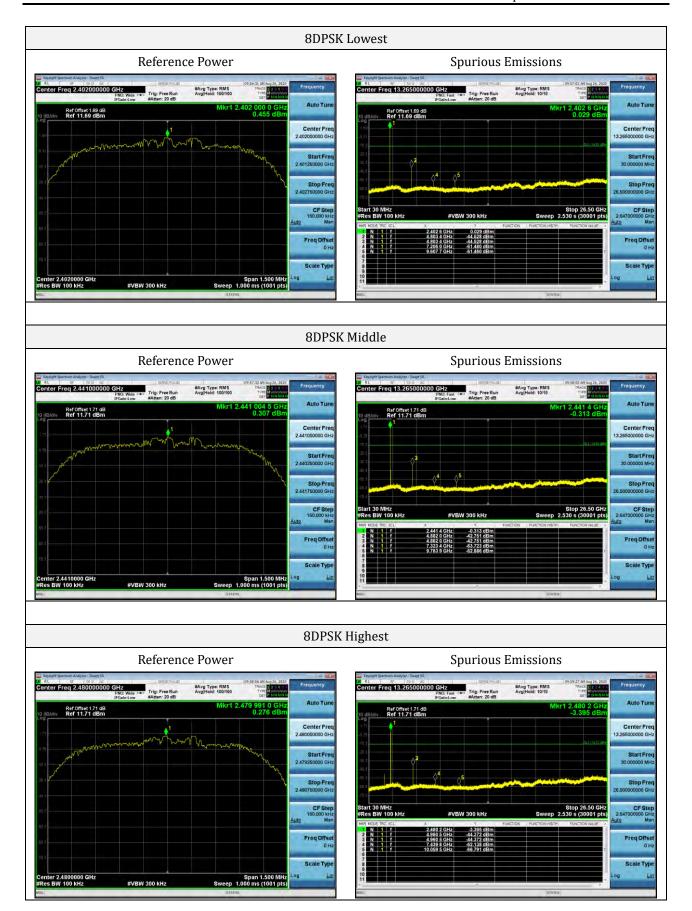
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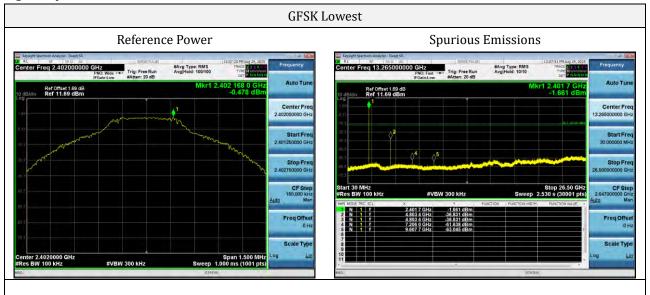
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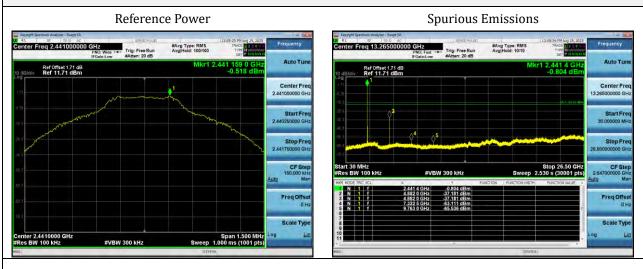


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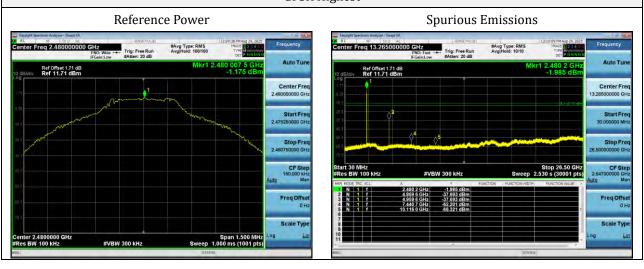




GFSK Middle

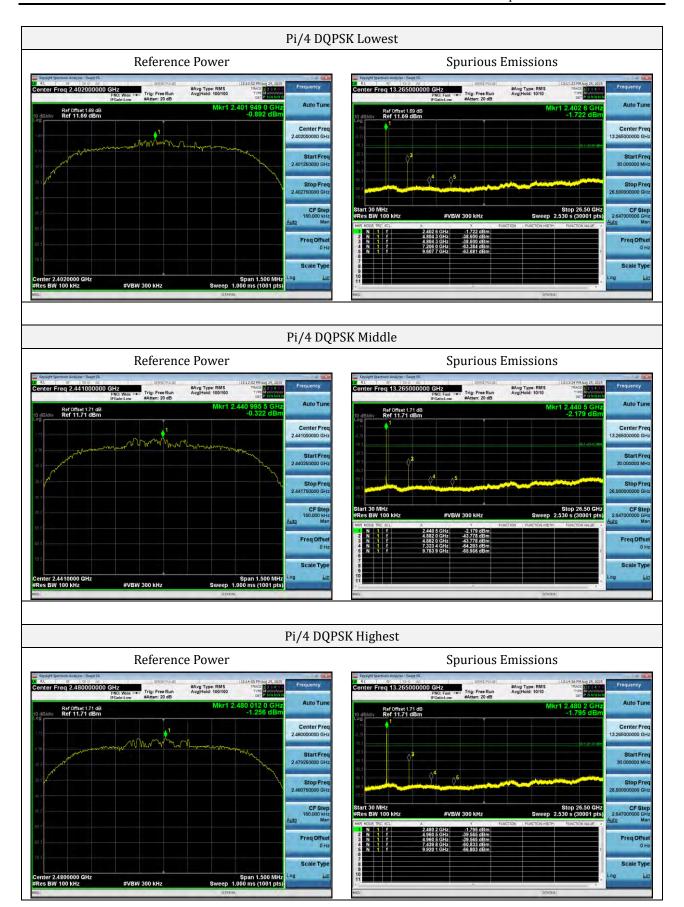


GFSK Highest



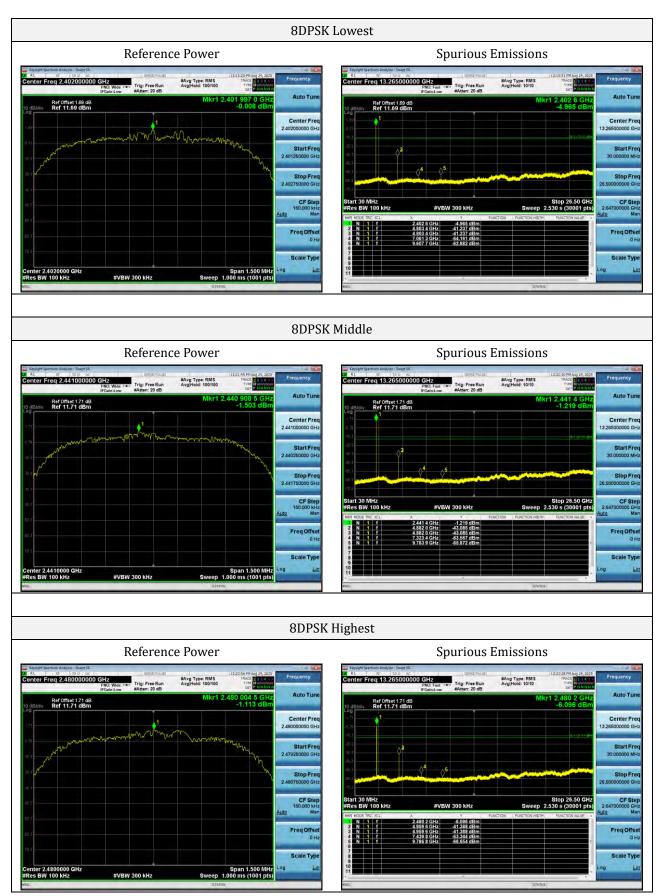
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