FCC ID: 2BPJH-PDV101

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHZ)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Modulatio	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Conducte d power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	calculatio	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
ASK	0.43396	-12.08	0.06	-12±1	-11.00	0.08	<5	0.01047	3.00	YES

Note: dbm=dbuv/m-95.2+4.7=79.42-95.2+4.7=-11.08dBm(ERP), so the conduct peak power=-11.08-1=-12.08dBm

Conclusion:

For the max result : 0.01047≤ FCC Limit 3.0 for 1g SAR.