

# **Product manual**

**Product Name: Remote control**

## **1. overview:**

The controller adopts advanced computer control chip, was controlled by the 433MHz wireless signal is used to control the various LED as a light source, such as point light, soft light, wall lamp, glass curtain wall lamp and so on; with the advantages of low price, convenient connection, easy to use, easy to operate; according to the actual needs of customers can be realized jumping, flashing, flashing and static light and the color temperature of the light effect, has the advantages of portability, easy to use.

## **2. technical parameters:**

Operating temperature: -20-60 °C

Power supply voltage: DC1.5V

Remote control distance: 8-15 meters

Remote control: through wall

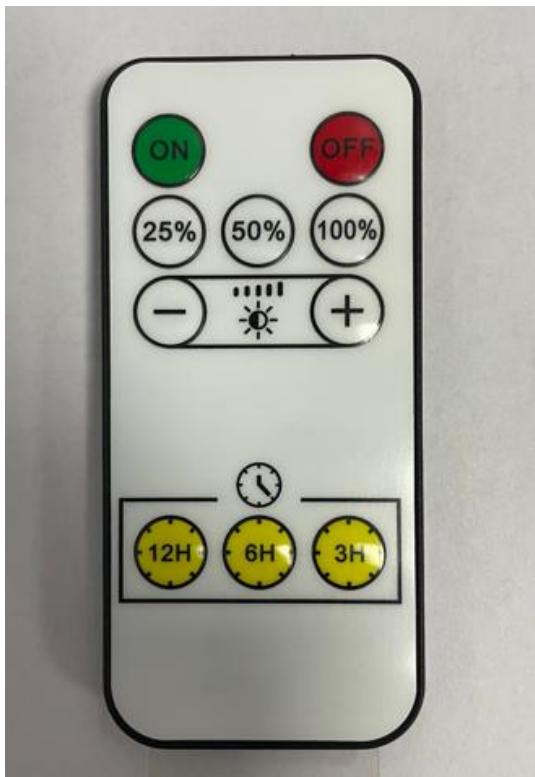
The connection mode: common anode

Remote control size: L43.5 x W12.9 \* H5.2mm

Static power dissipation: <0.5W

Output current: <4A (each loop)

## **3. Size of remote control:**



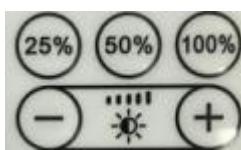
#### 4. Instructions for use:

##### 1, remote control instructions:

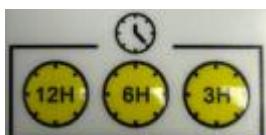
The remote controller has 12 buttons:



In any state, the controller can be turned on and off.



And then press this button to warm white and white light switch flash, then press this button to increase or decrease brightness



Press this button to set time

## FCC Requirement

changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.