



# RF TEST REPORT

**Applicant** PATEO CONNECT Technology  
(Shanghai) Corporation

**FCC ID** 2BOT7-PCM3-J

**Product** Infotainment System

**Brand** PATEO

**Model** PCCM Plus 997/987 II;  
PCCM Plus 991/981 I

**Report No.** EFTA25050020-IE-01-R2

**Issue Date** June 24, 2025

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2024)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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*Approved by: Xu Kai*

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## TABLE OF CONTENT

1. Test Laboratory .....	4
1.1. Notes of the Test Report.....	4
1.2. Test Facility.....	4
1.3. Testing Location.....	4
2. General Description of Equipment Under Test.....	5
2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information .....	5
2.2. General Information .....	5
3. Applied Standards.....	6
4. Test Configuration.....	7
5. Test Case Results.....	8
5.1. Maximum output power .....	8
5.2. 99% Bandwidth and 6dB Bandwidth .....	11
5.3. Band Edge .....	31
5.4. Power Spectral Density .....	44
5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions.....	56
5.6. Unwanted Emission .....	72
5.7. Conducted Emission.....	113
6. Main Test Instruments.....	115
ANNEX A: The EUT Appearance.....	116
ANNEX B: Test Setup Photos.....	117

## Summary of Measurement Results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Maximum output power	15.247(b)(3)	PASS
2	99% Bandwidth and 6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2) C63.10 6.9	PASS
3	Power spectral density	15.247(e)	PASS
4	Band Edge	15.247(d)	PASS
5	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS
6	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	PASS
7	Conducted Emissions	15.207	NA

Date of Testing: May 9, 2025 ~ May 23, 2025

Date of Sample Received: May 7, 2025

Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.

## 1. Test Laboratory

### 1.1. Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

### 1.2. Test Facility

#### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform measurements.

#### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform measurement.

### 1.3. Testing Location

Company: Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Address: Building 3, No.145, Jintang Rd, Pudong Shanghai, P.R.China  
City: Shanghai  
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E-mail: Kain.Xu@cpt.eurofinscn.com

## 2. General Description of Equipment Under Test

### 2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	PATEO CONNECT Technology (Shanghai) Corporation
Applicant address	Room 3701, No. 866 Dongchangzhi Road, Hongkou District, Shanghai, 200080, PR.China
Manufacturer	PATEO CONNECT Technology (Shanghai) Corporation
Manufacturer address	Room 3701, No. 866 Dongchangzhi Road, Hongkou District, Shanghai, 200080, PR.China

### 2.2. General Information

EUT Description	
Model	PCCM Plus 997/987 II; PCCM Plus 991/981 I
Lab internal SN	EFTA25050020-IE-01/S01
Hardware Version	V2.0
Software Version	rc1.userdebug.PCM3
Power Supply	External power supply
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)
Antenna Gain	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz: 5.90 dBi Bluetooth LE: 2.90 dBi
Additional Beamforming Gain	NA
Operating Frequency Range(s)	802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n(HT40): 2422 ~ 2452 MHz Bluetooth LE V5.1: 2402 ~2480 MHz
Modulation Type	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n: OFDM Bluetooth LE: GFSK
Max. Output Power	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz: 17.87 dBm Bluetooth LE: 8.88 dBm
Operating voltage range	9 Vdc to 16Vdc
State voltage	12 Vdc
Note:	
1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to Eurofins TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant. 2. The customer declares that PCCM Plus 997/987 II and PCCM Plus 991/981 I are the same except for different appearance. This report only tests PCCM Plus 991/981 I.	

### 3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

**Test standards:**

**FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2024) Radio Frequency Devices**

**ANSI C63.10-2013**

**Reference standard:**

**KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02**

## 4. Test Configuration

### Test Mode

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the loop antenna is vertical, the others are vertical and horizontal. and the worst case was recorded.

In order to find the worst case condition, Pre-tests are needed at the presence of different data rate. Preliminary tests have been done on all the configuration for confirming worst case. Data rate below means worst-case rate of each test item.

Worst-case data rates are shown as following table.

Test Mode	Data Rate
Bluetooth(Low Energy)	1Mbps; 2Mbps
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0

## 5. Test Case Results

### 5.1. Maximum output power

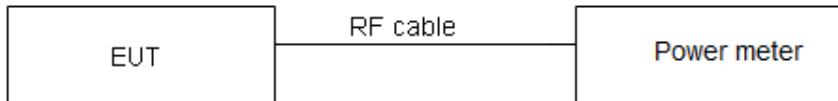
#### Ambient Condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

#### Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Power meter with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (3) specifies that " For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz: 1 Watt."

Average Output Power	$\leq 1\text{W}$ (30dBm)
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#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.44$  dB.

**Test Results**

Power Index					
Channel	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n HT20	Channel	802.11n HT40
CH1	16	13	12	CH3	13
CH6	21.5	17.5	17	CH6	15.5
CH11	19	15	14.5	CH9	15.5

Power Index	
Channel	Bluetooth (Low Energy)
CH0	Default
CH19	Default
CH39	Default

Test Mode	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor (dB)
802.11b	0.998	0.000
802.11g	0.984	0.000
802.11n HT20	0.982	0.000
802.11n HT40	0.948	0.233
Bluetooth LE (1M)	0.626	2.031
Bluetooth LE (2M)	0.331	4.799

Note: when Duty cycle  $\geq 0.98$ , Duty cycle correction Factor not required.

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)/ Channel	Average Power Measured (dBm)	Average Power with duty factor (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412/CH 1	17.80	17.80	30	PASS
	2437/CH 6	17.50	17.50	30	PASS
	2462/CH11	17.87	17.87	30	PASS
802.11g	2412/CH 1	13.54	13.54	30	PASS
	2437/CH 6	13.97	13.97	30	PASS
	2462/CH11	13.58	13.58	30	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412/CH 1	13.16	13.16	30	PASS
	2437/CH 6	13.24	13.24	30	PASS
	2462/CH11	13.10	13.10	30	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422/CH3	12.68	12.92	30	PASS
	2437/CH6	12.63	12.87	30	PASS
	2452/CH9	12.51	12.74	30	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (1M)	2402/CH0	6.62	8.65	30	PASS
	2440/CH19	6.85	8.88	30	PASS
	2480/CH39	5.91	7.94	30	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (2M)	2402/CH0	3.85	8.65	30	PASS
	2440/CH19	4.04	8.84	30	PASS
	2480/CH39	3.10	7.90	30	PASS
Note: Average Power with duty factor = Average Power Measured +Duty cycle correction factor					

## 5.2. 99% Bandwidth and 6dB Bandwidth

### Ambient Condition

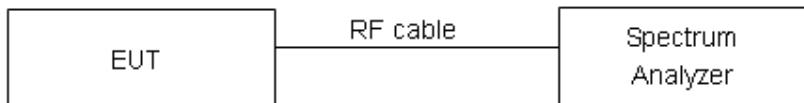
Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable. RBW is set to 100 kHz; VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Dector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through a known loss cable. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value.

### Test Setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (a) (2) specifies that "Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz."

minimum 6 dB bandwidth	$\geq 500$ kHz
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### Measurement Uncertainty

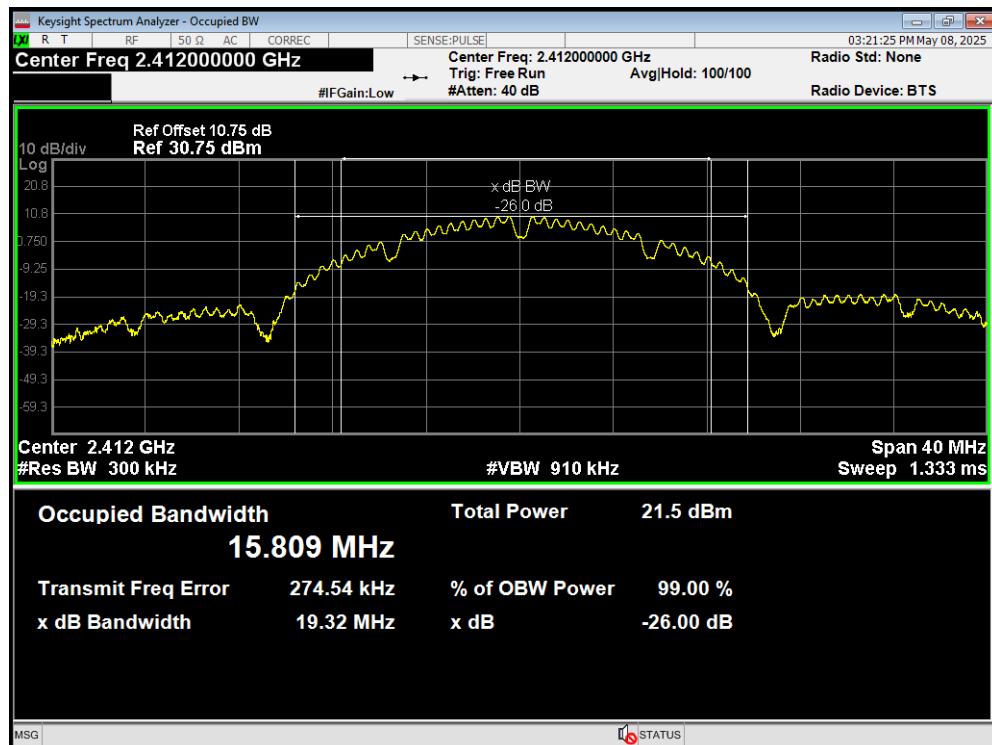
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 936$  Hz.

**Test Results:**

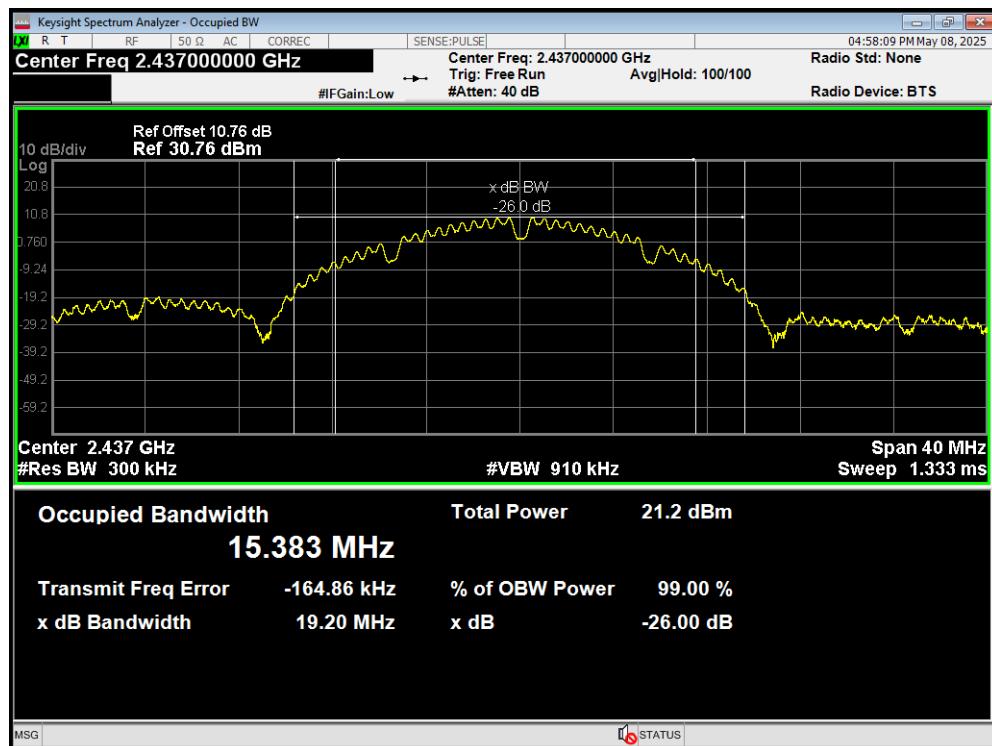
Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	15.809	8.085	500	PASS
	2437	15.383	8.078	500	PASS
	2462	15.527	9.044	500	PASS
802.11g	2412	16.531	12.894	500	PASS
	2437	17.353	11.722	500	PASS
	2462	16.538	13.821	500	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.775	8.876	500	PASS
	2437	18.174	12.581	500	PASS
	2462	17.711	10.305	500	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	35.750	23.812	500	PASS
	2437	36.778	35.689	500	PASS
	2452	36.172	33.811	500	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (1M)	2402	1.027	0.654	500	PASS
	2440	1.026	0.657	500	PASS
	2480	1.023	0.667	500	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (2M)	2402	2.011	1.124	500	PASS
	2440	2.013	1.123	500	PASS
	2480	2.010	1.147	500	PASS

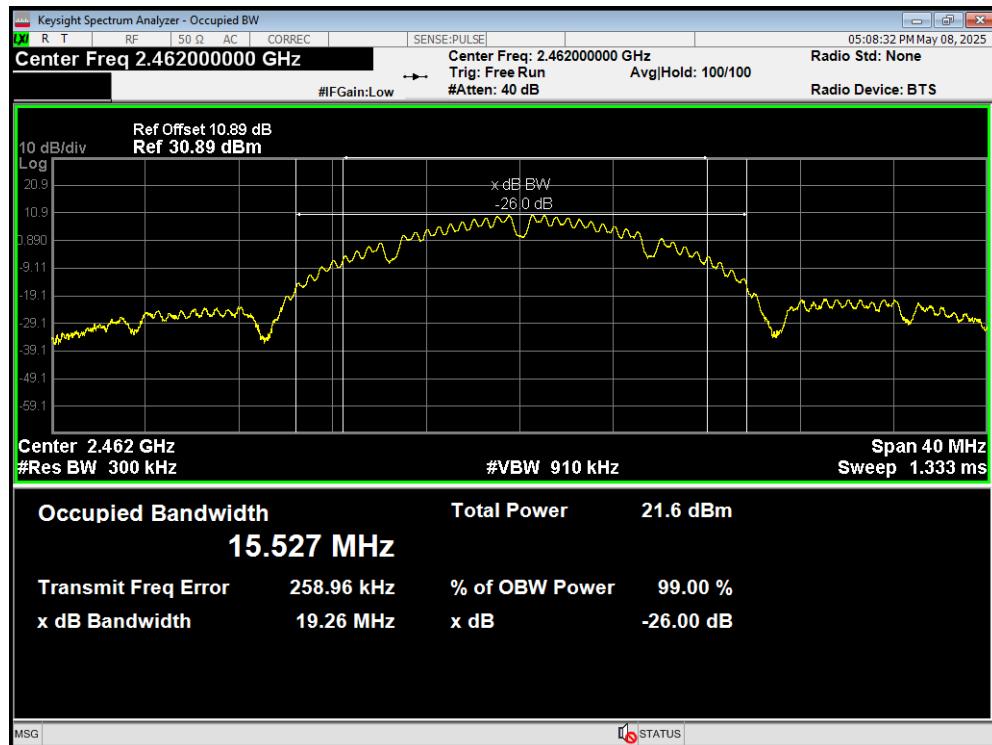
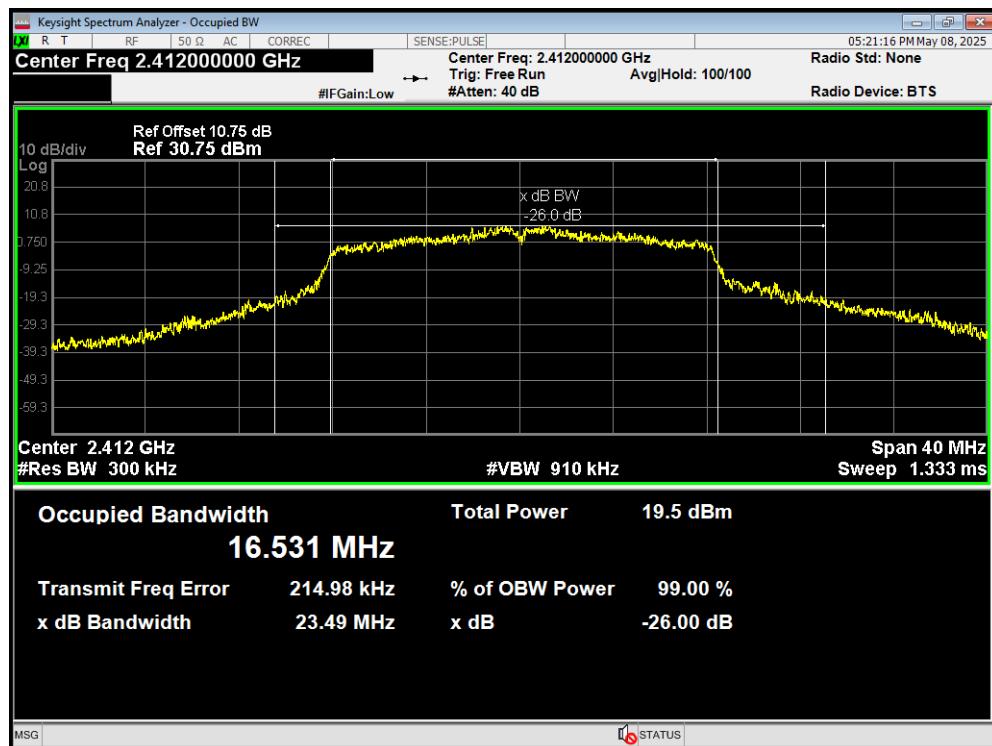
## 99%bandwidth

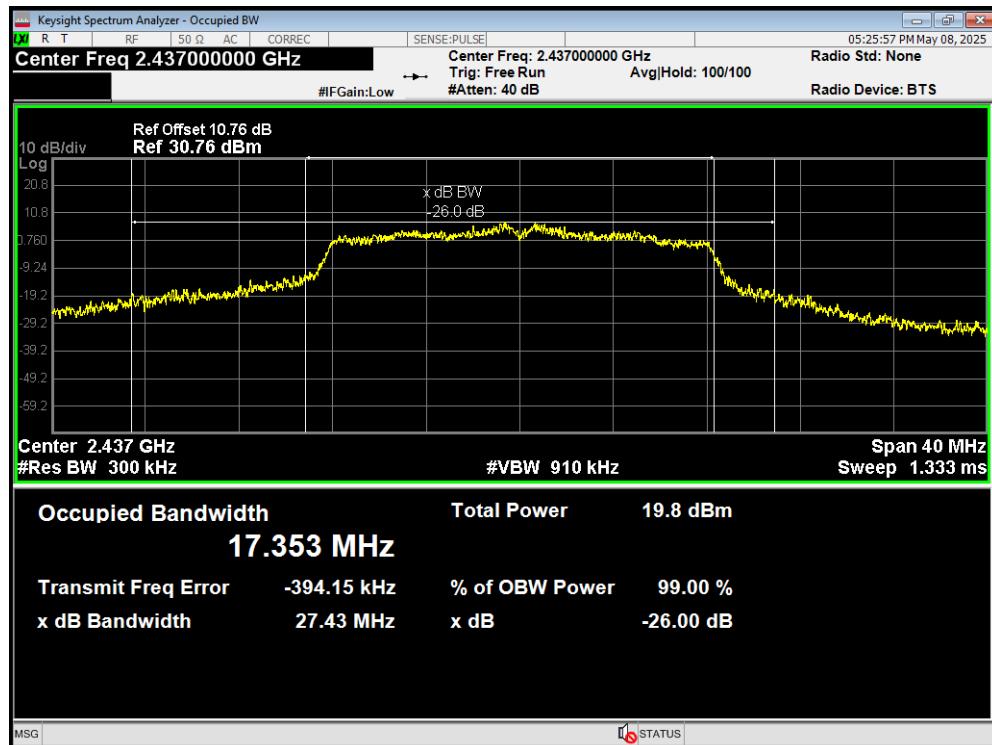
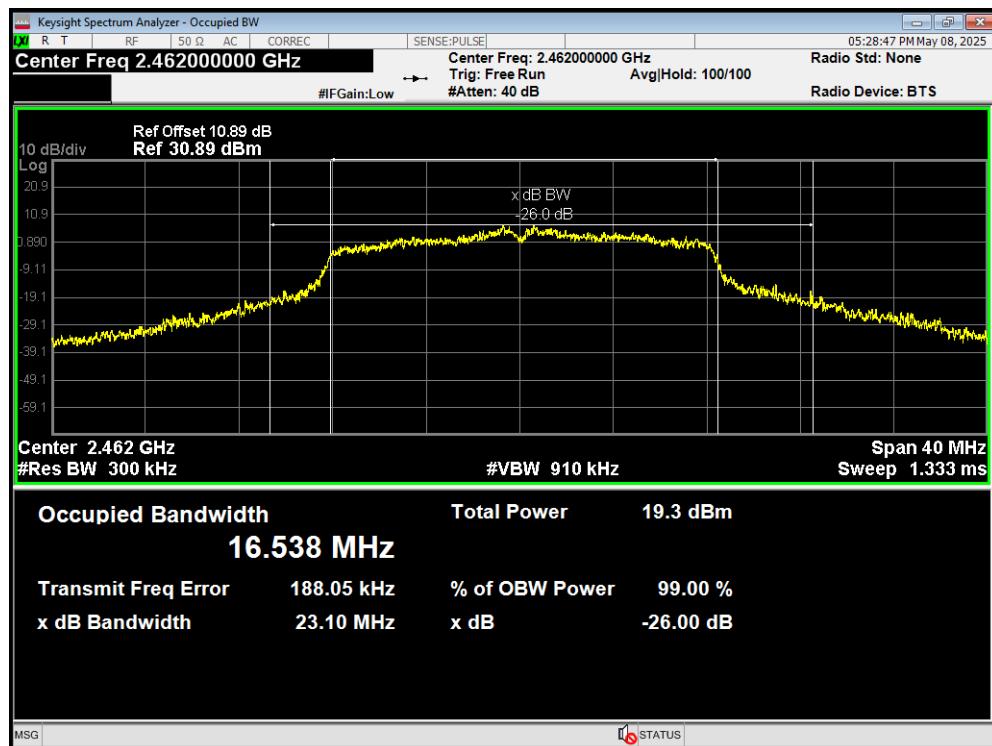
## OBW 802.11b 2412MHz

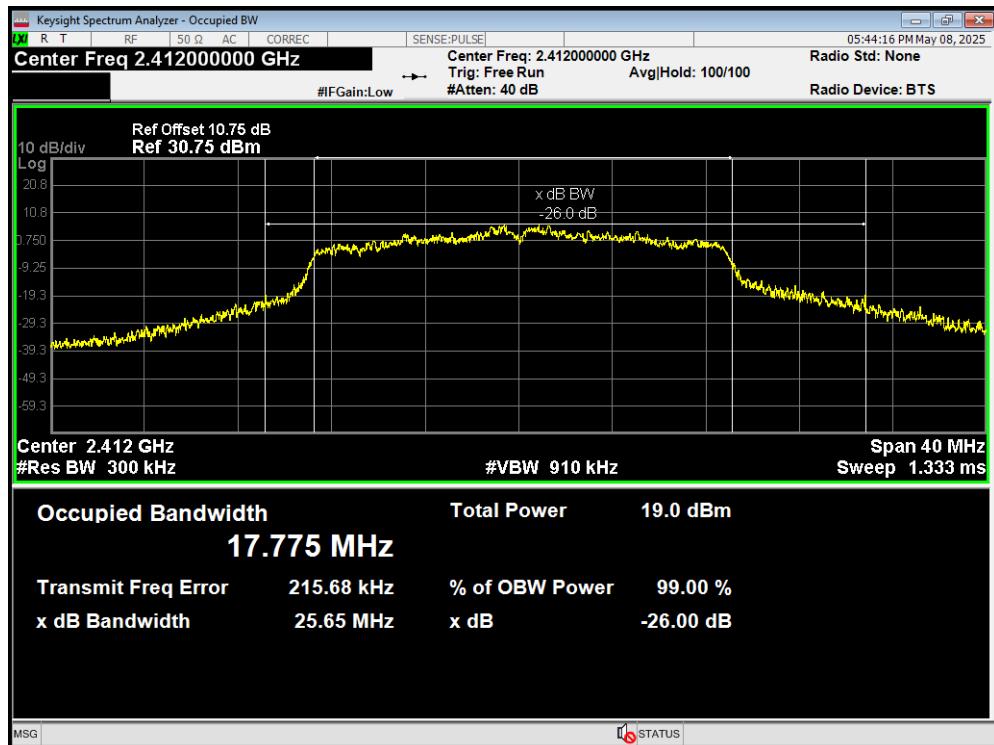
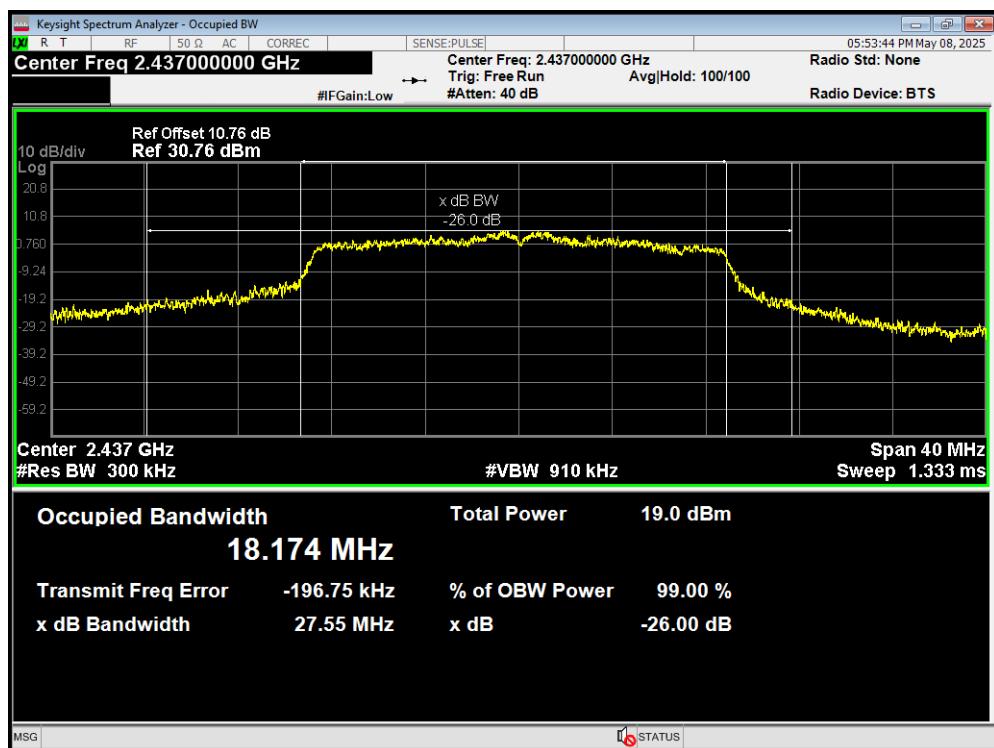


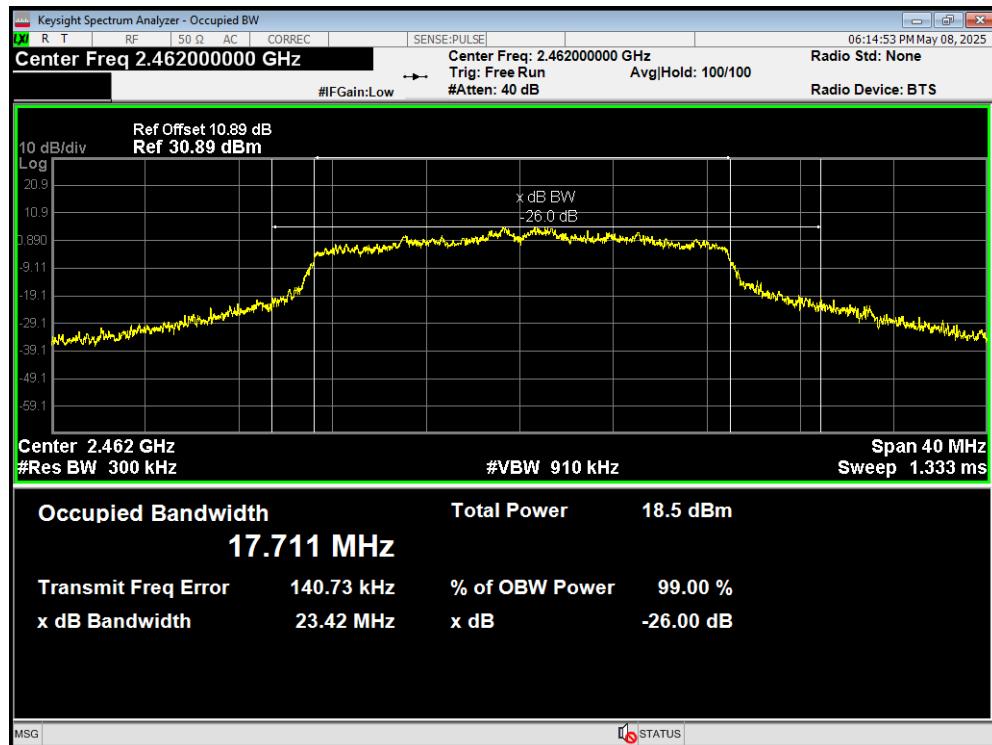
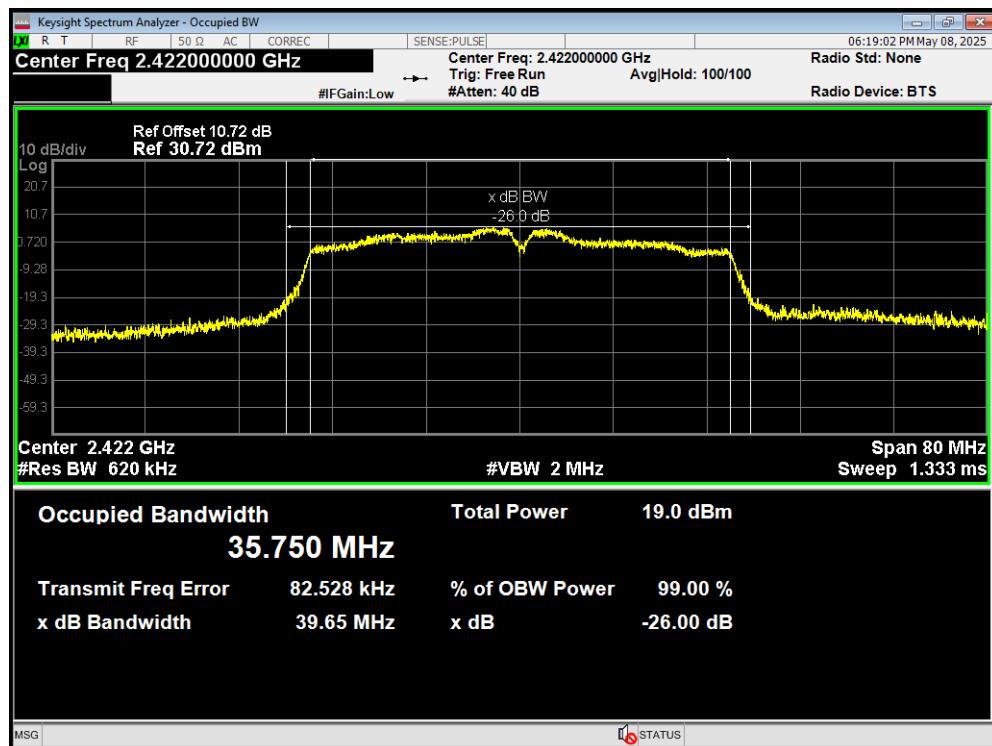
## OBW 802.11b 2437MHz

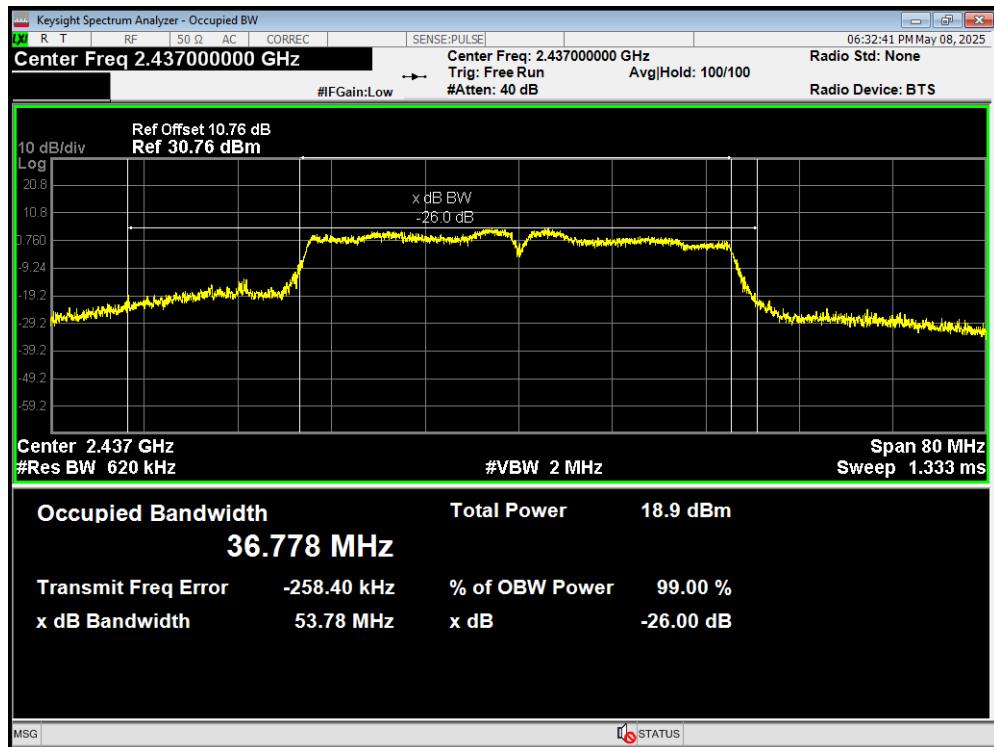
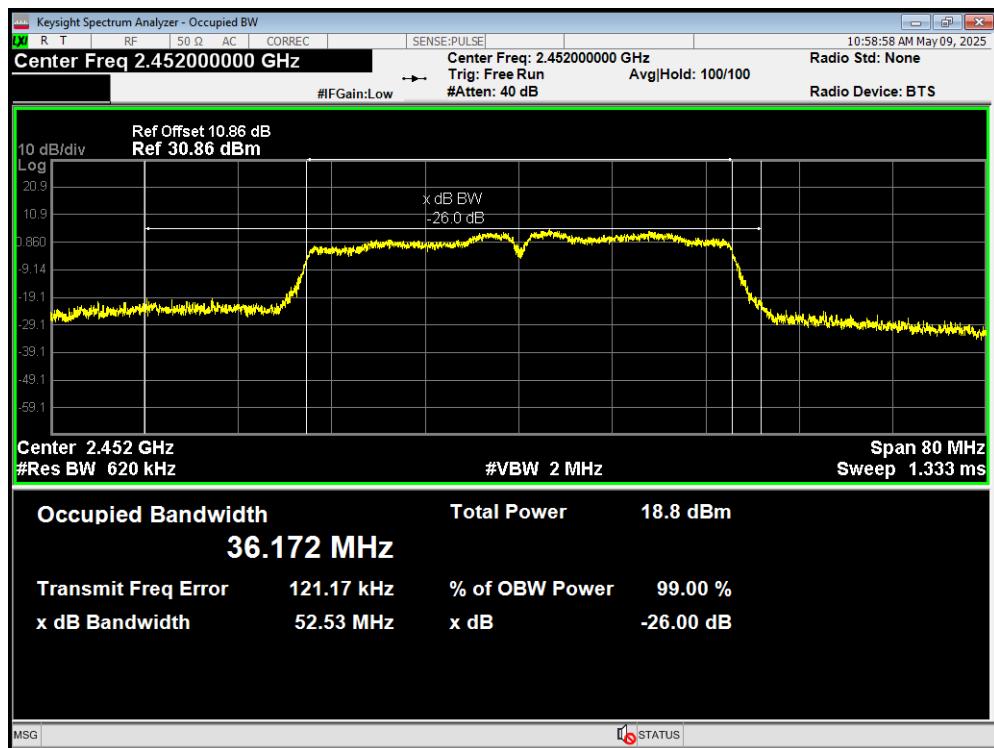


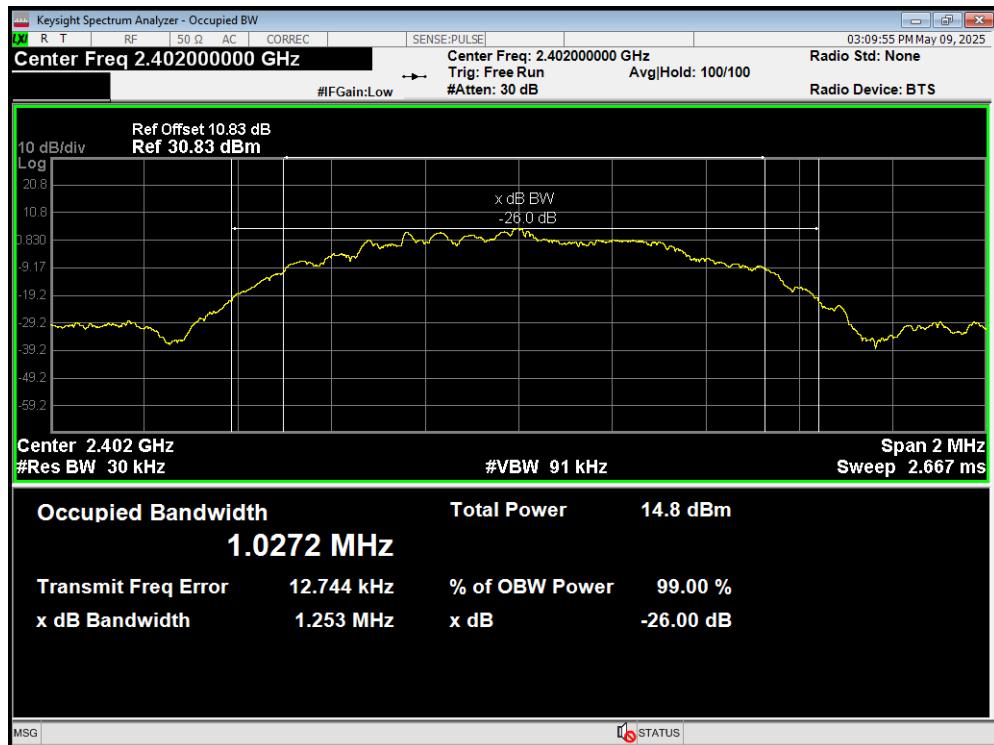
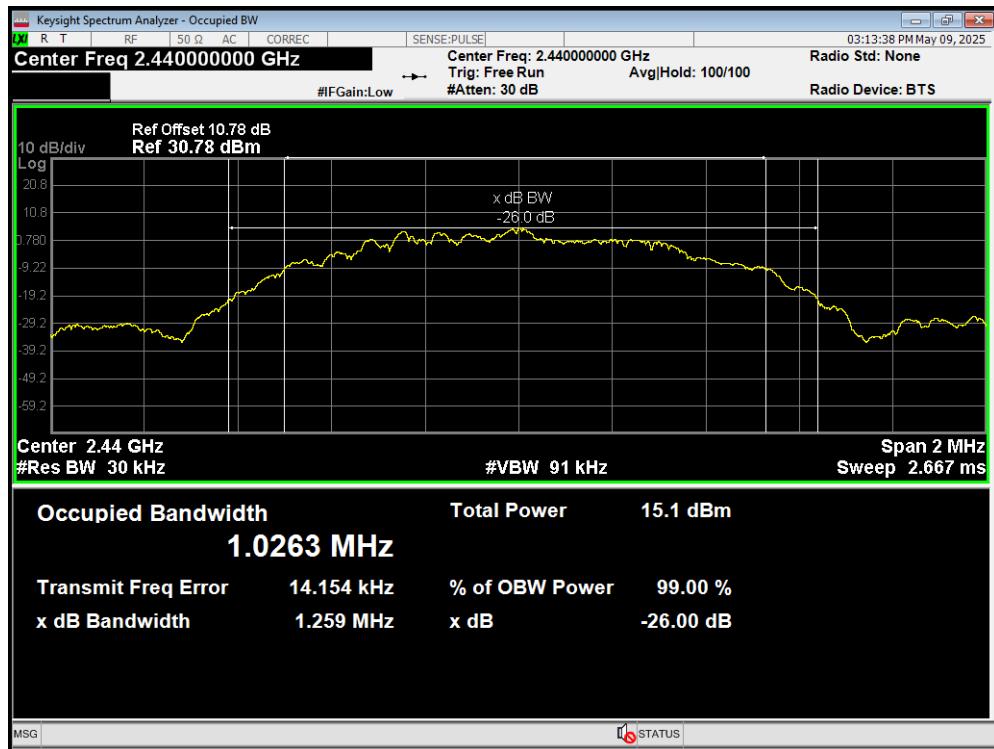
**OBW 802.11b 2462MHz**

**OBW 802.11g 2412MHz**


**OBW 802.11g 2437MHz**

**OBW 802.11g 2462MHz**


**OBW 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz**

**OBW 802.11n(HT20) 2437MHz**


**OBW 802.11n(HT20) 2462MHz**

**OBW 802.11n(HT40) 2422MHz**


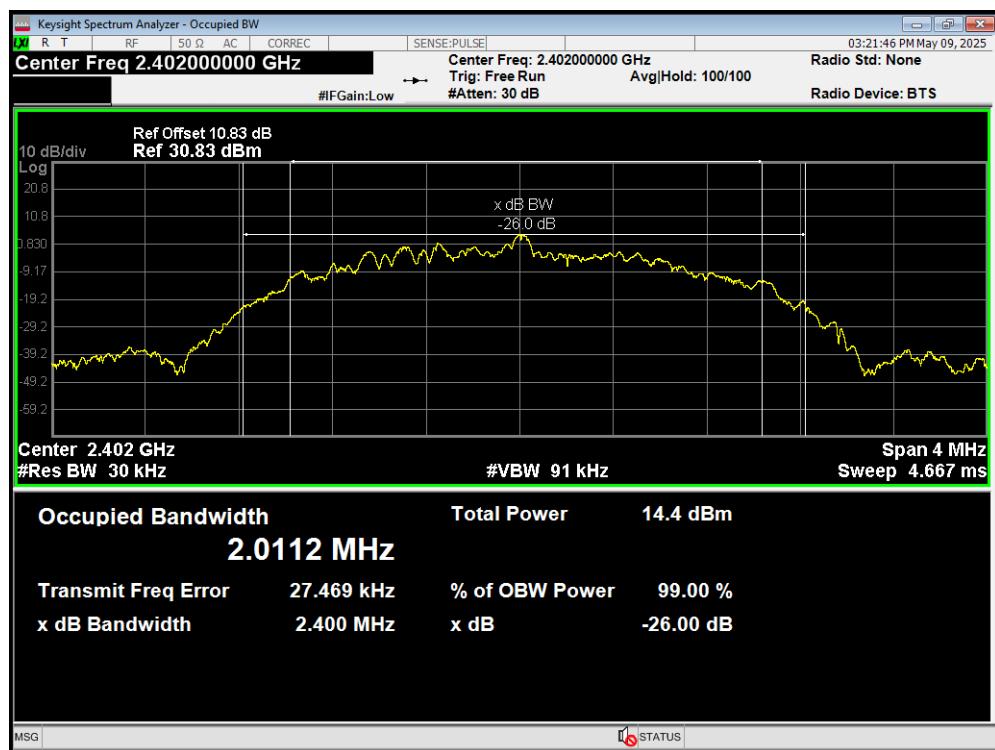
**OBW 802.11n(HT40) 2437MHz**

**OBW 802.11n(HT40) 2452MHz**


**OBW Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz**

**OBW Bluetooth LE (1M) 2440MHz**


## OBW Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz



## OBW Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz

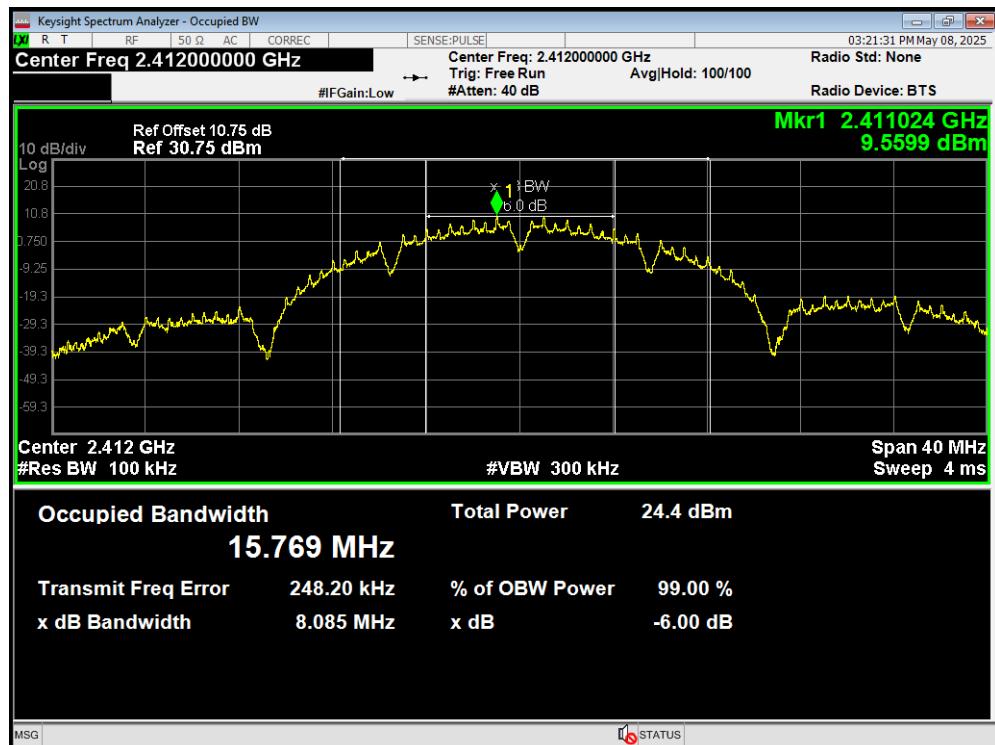
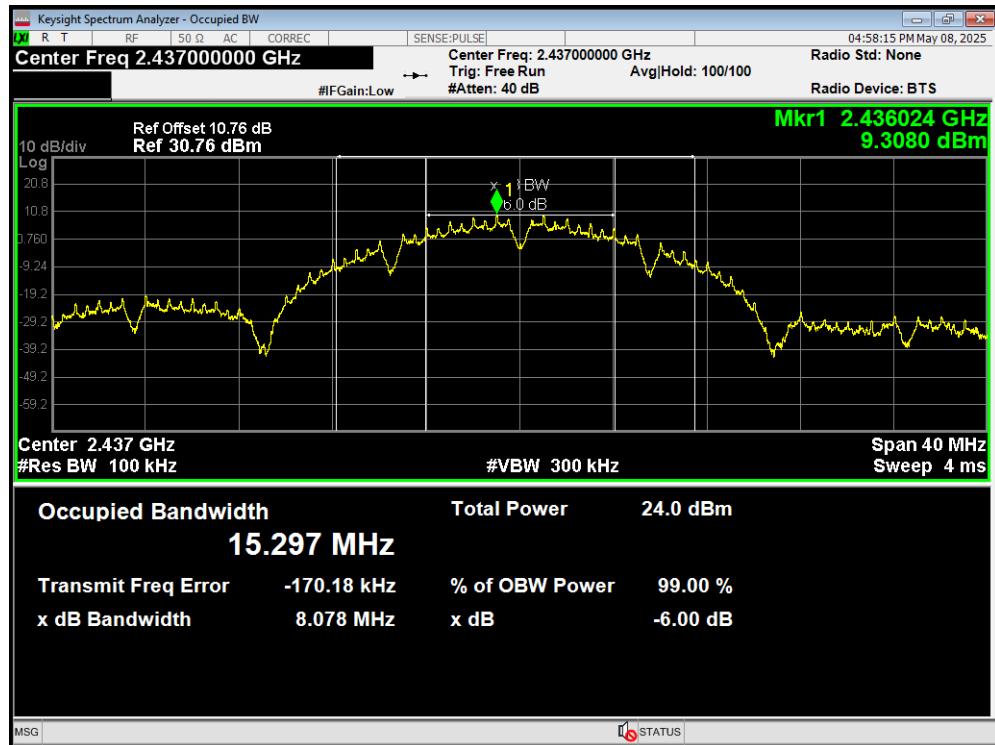


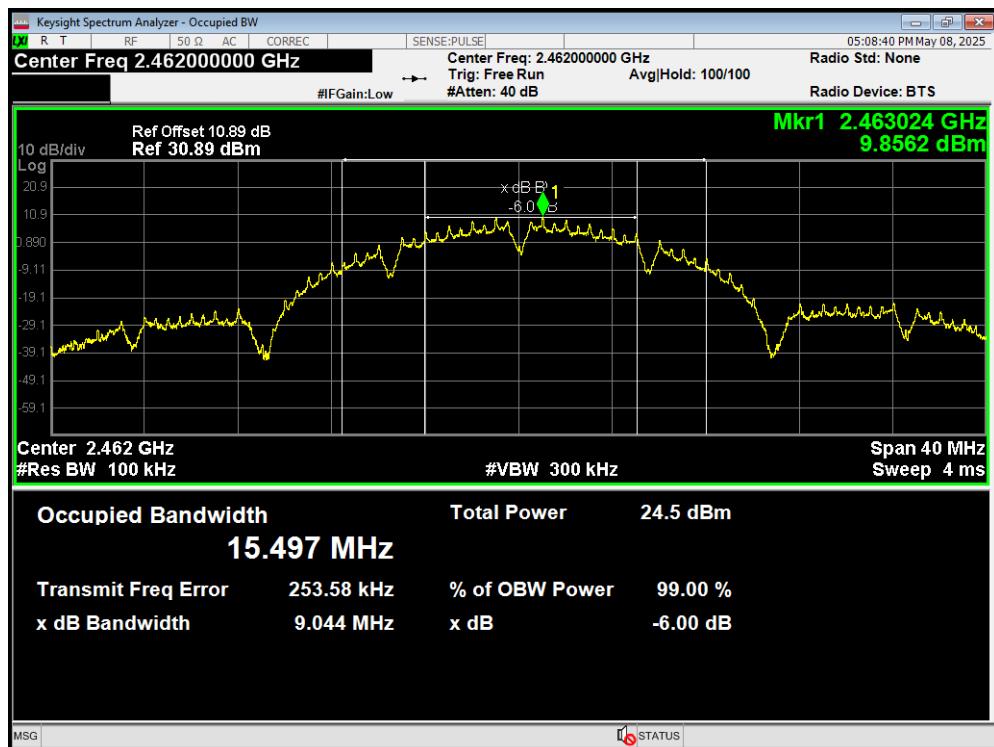
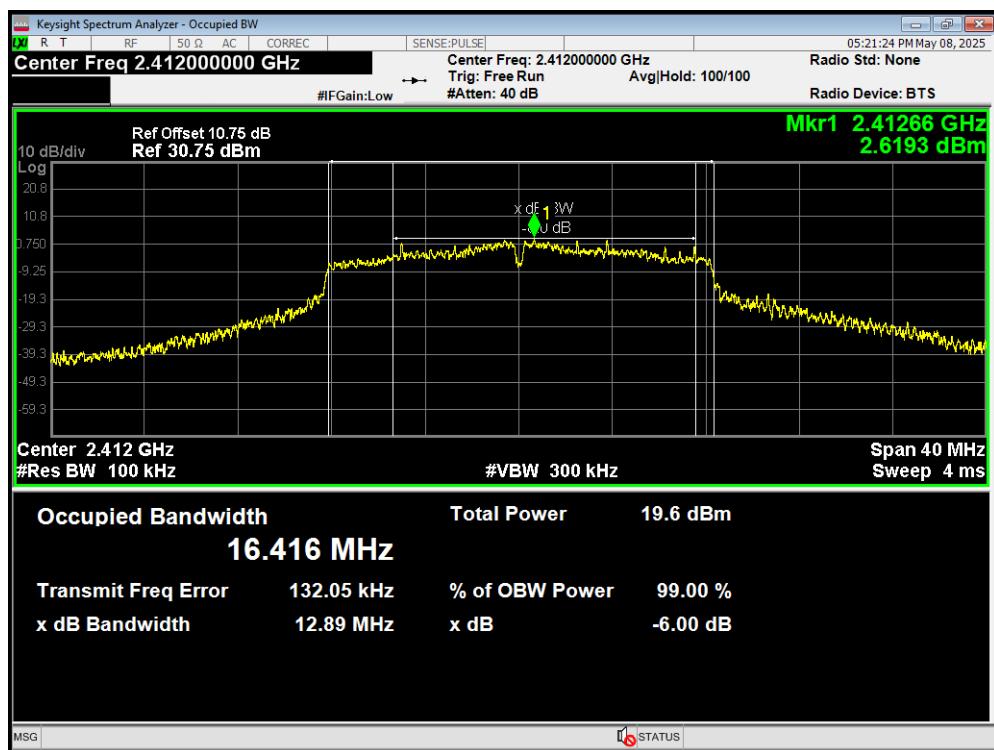
## OBW Bluetooth LE (2M) 2440MHz

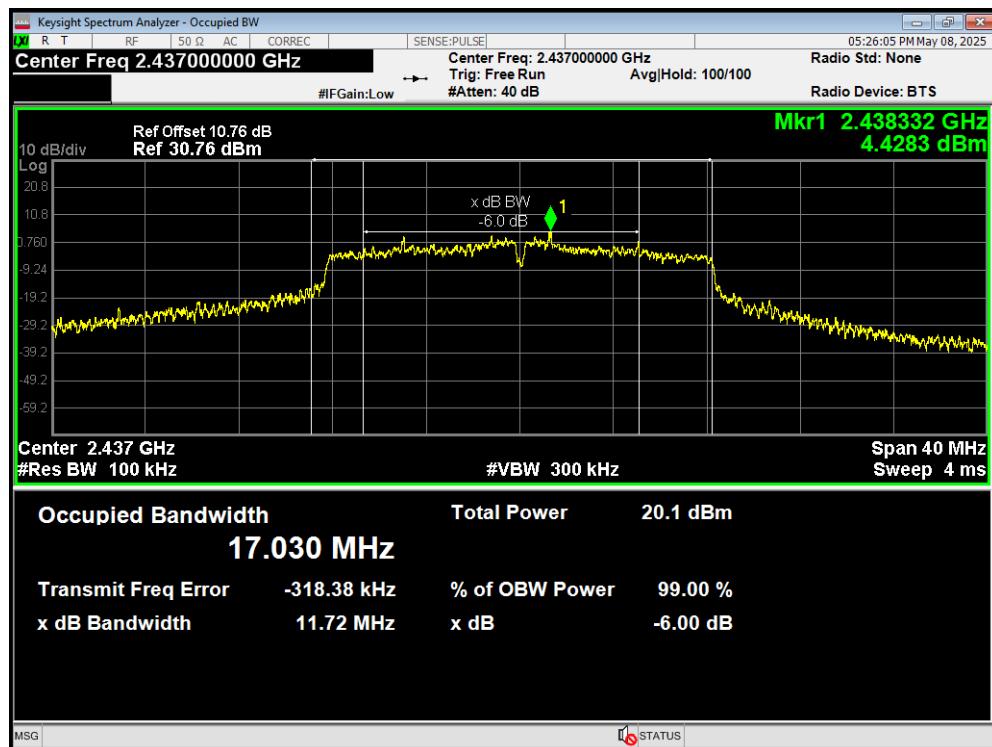
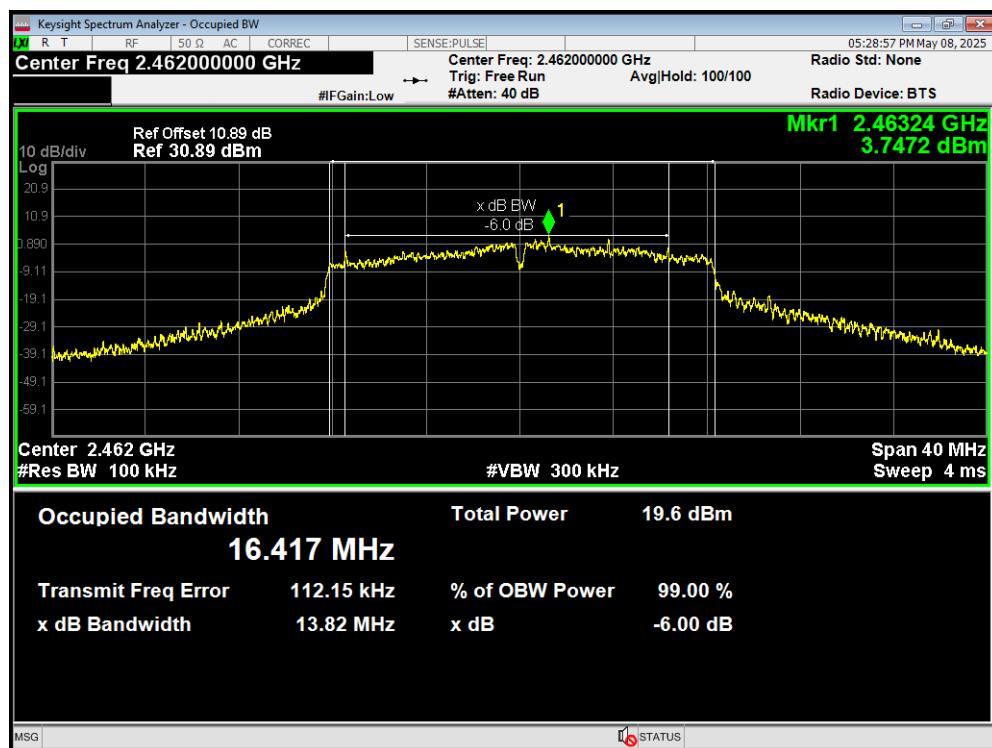


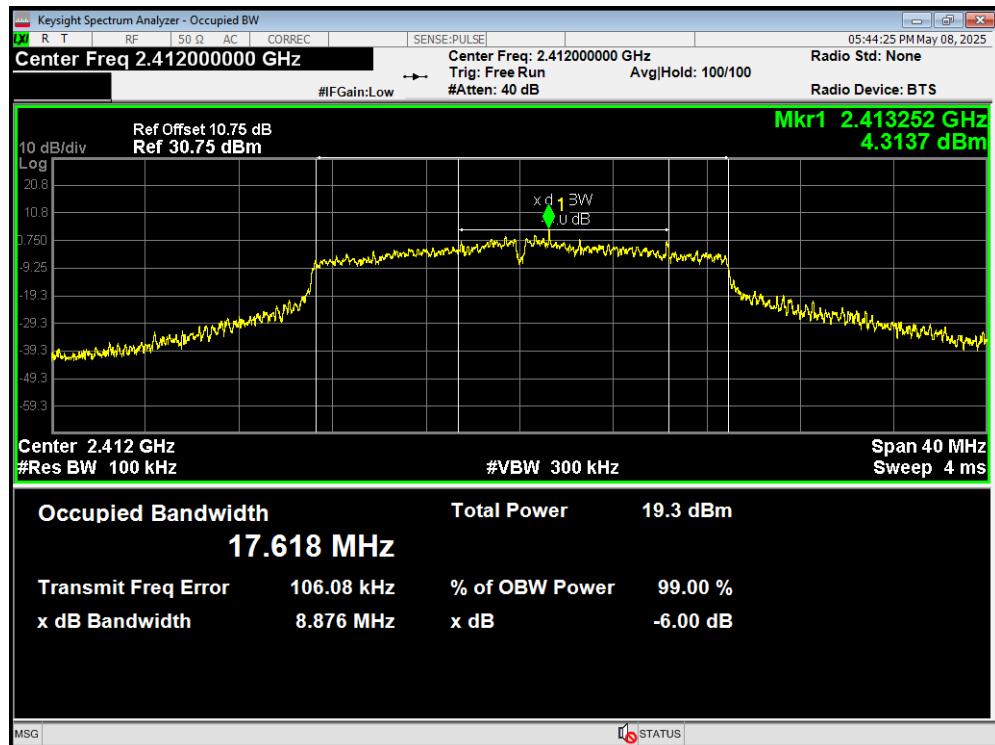
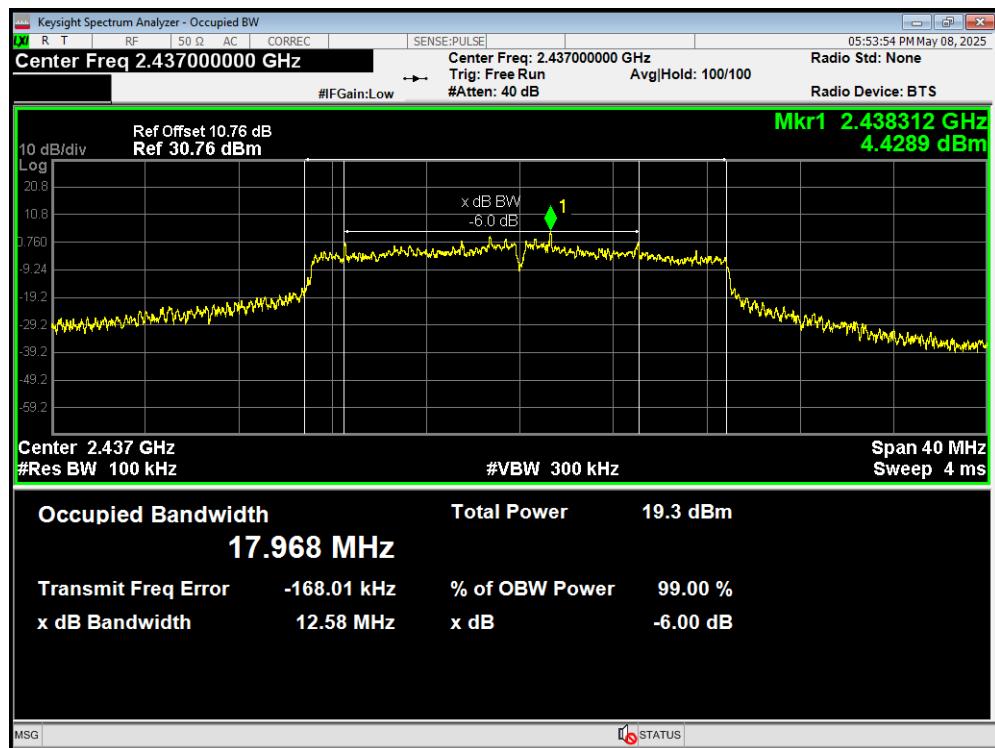
## OBW Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz



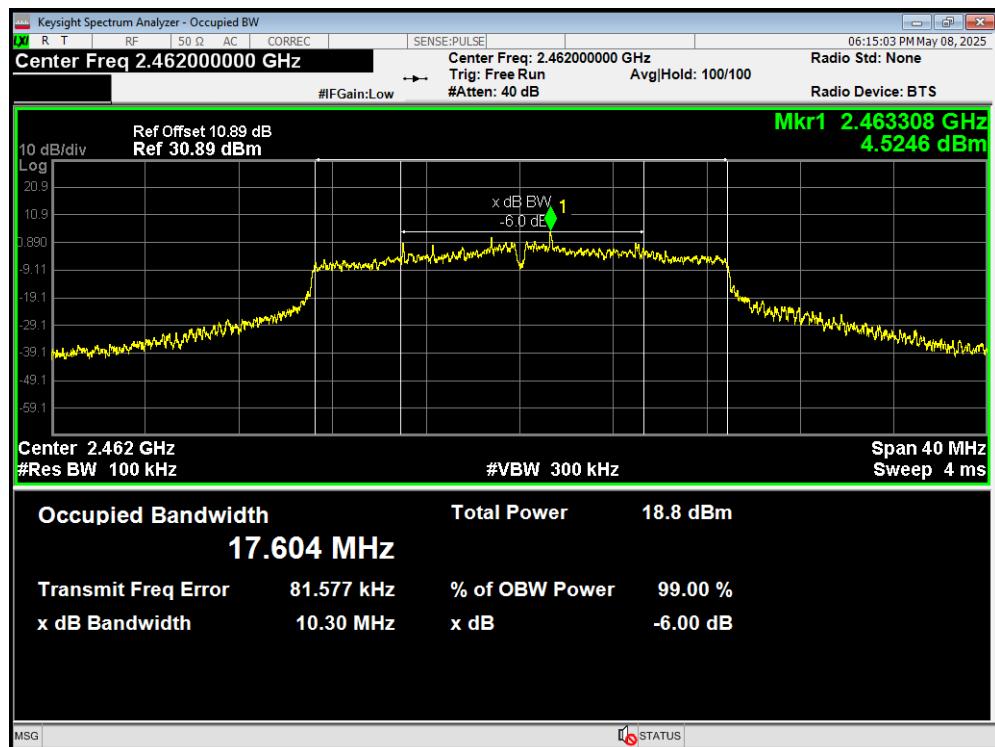
**6 dB bandwidth**
**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11b 2412MHz**

**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11b 2437MHz**


**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11b 2462MHz**

**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11g 2412MHz**


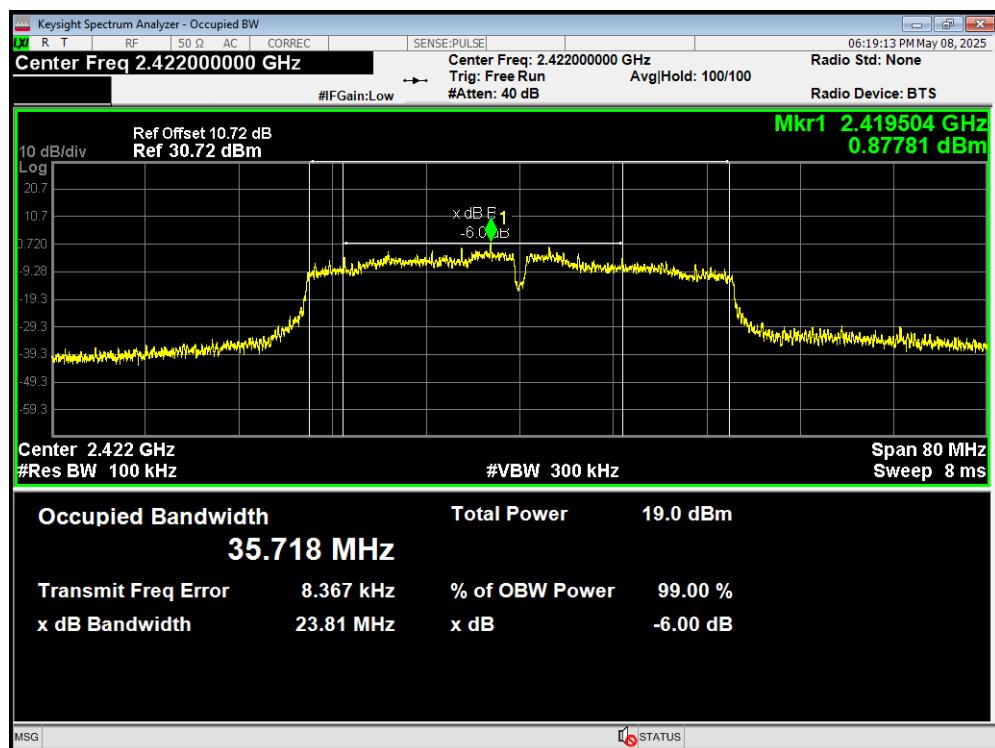
**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11g 2437MHz**

**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11g 2462MHz**


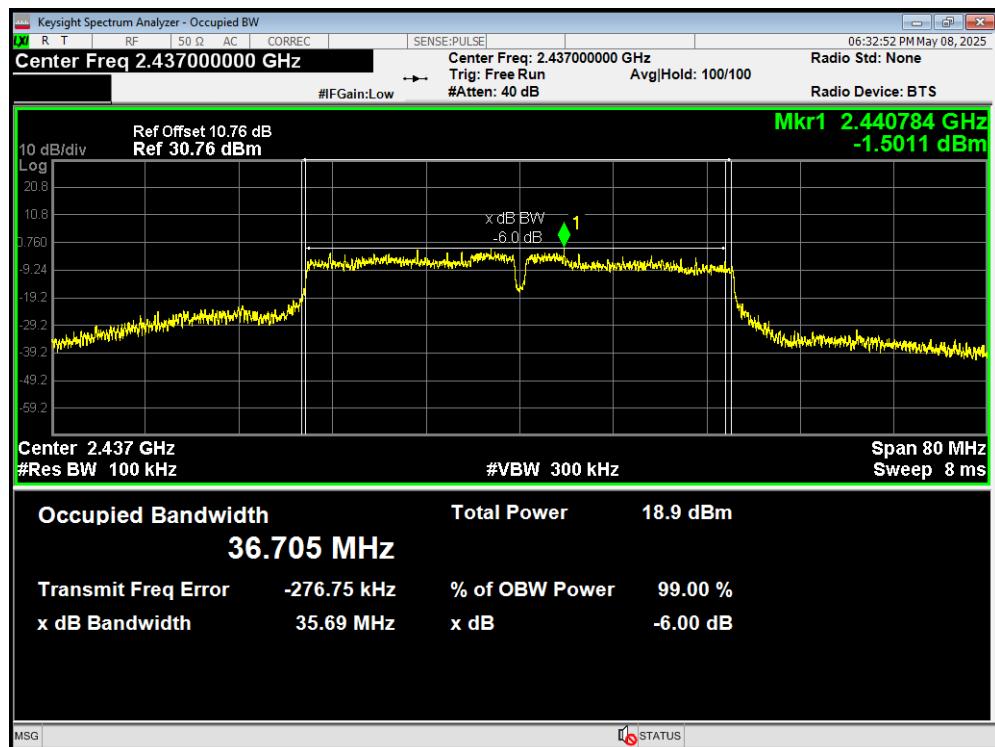
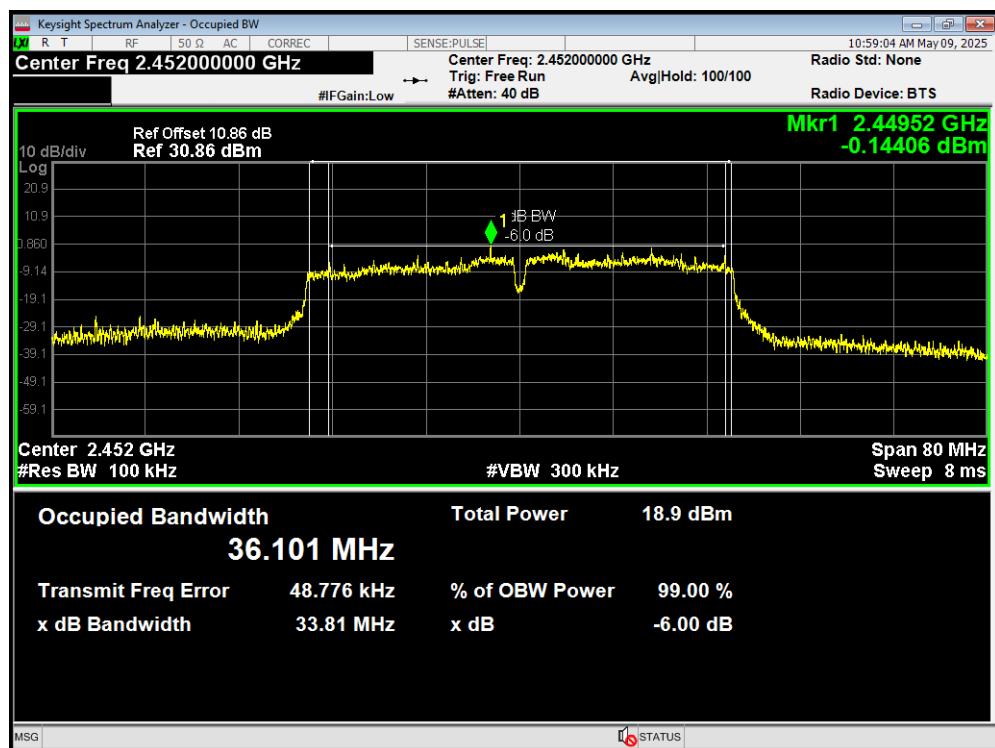
**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz**

**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT20) 2437MHz**


-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT20) 2462MHz

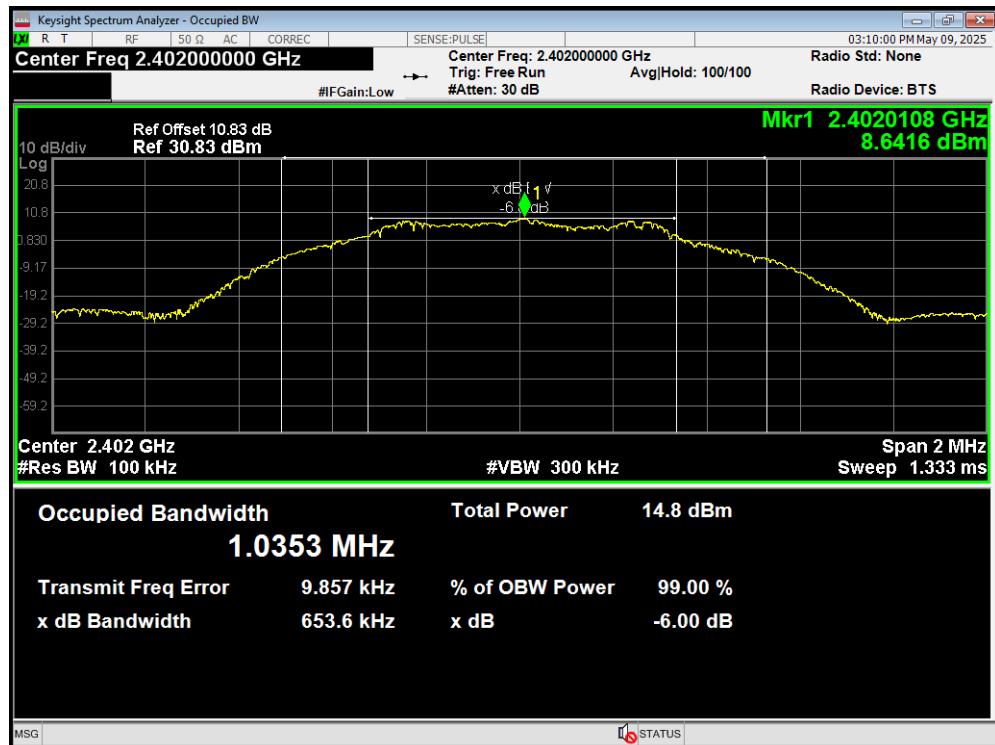


-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT40) 2422MHz

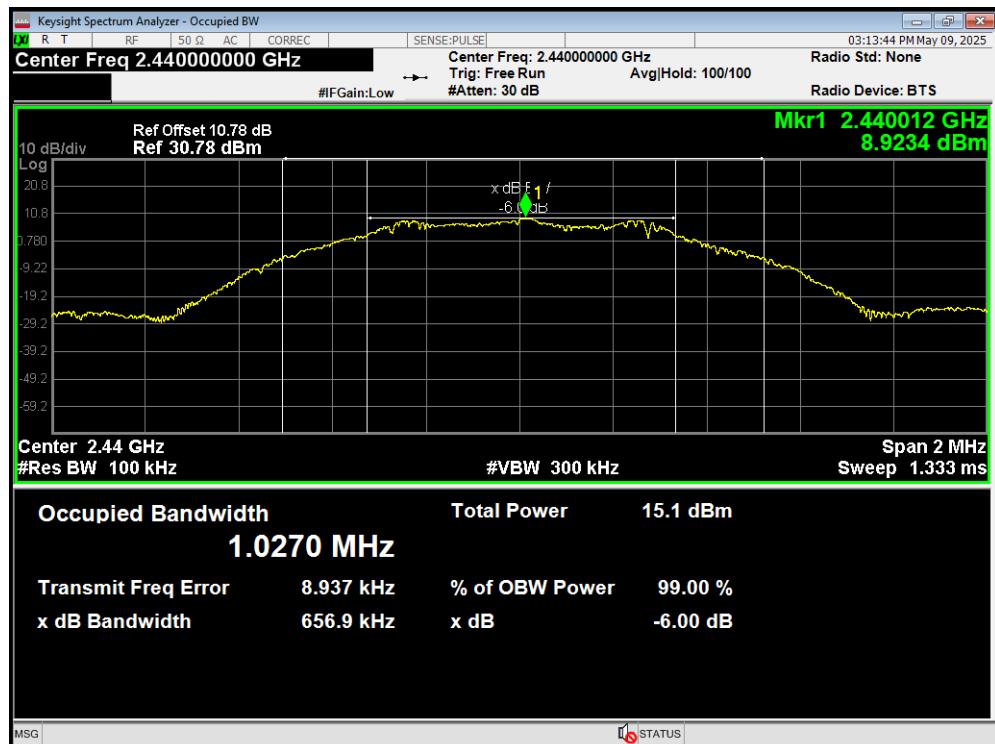


**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT40) 2437MHz**

**-6dB Bandwidth 802.11n(HT40) 2452MHz**


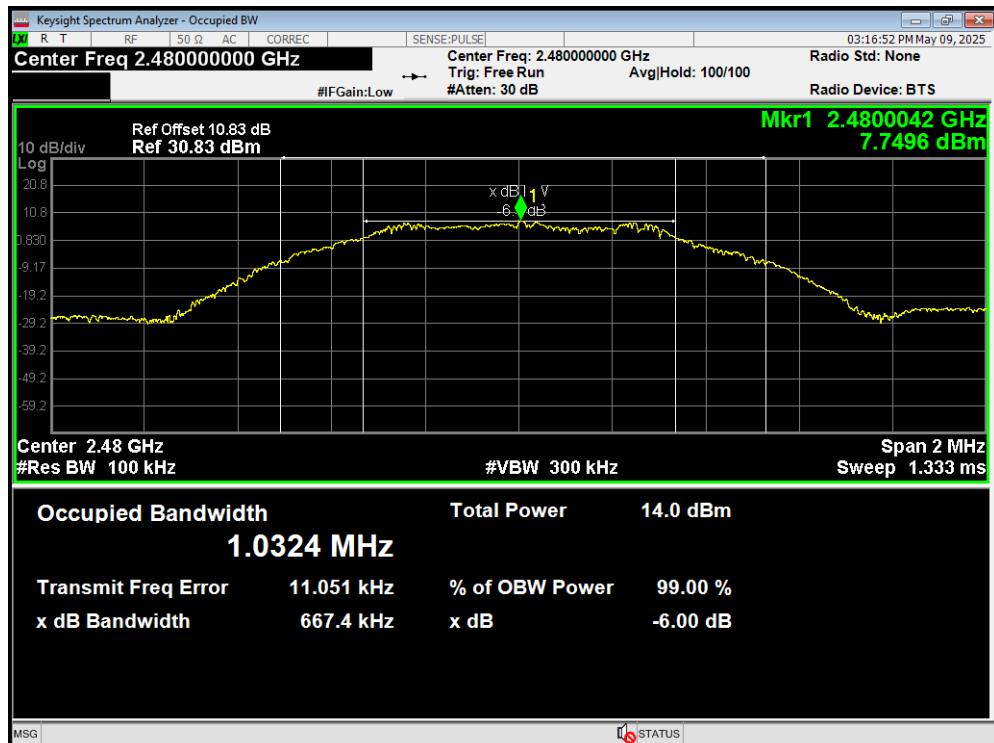
### -6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz



### -6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (1M) 2440MHz



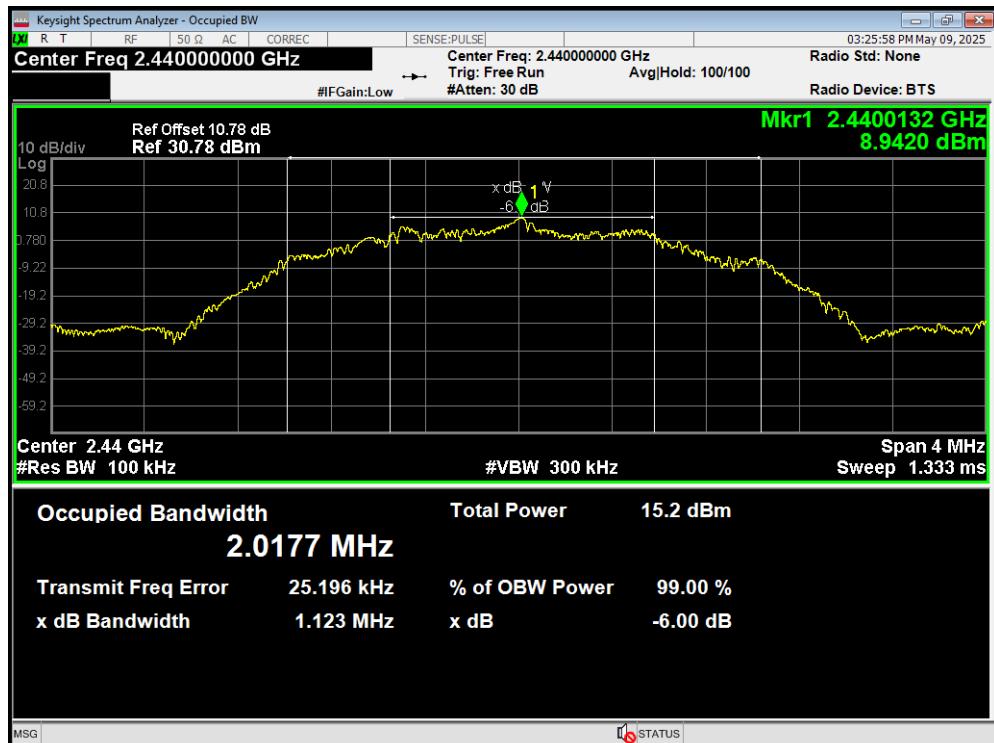
### -6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz



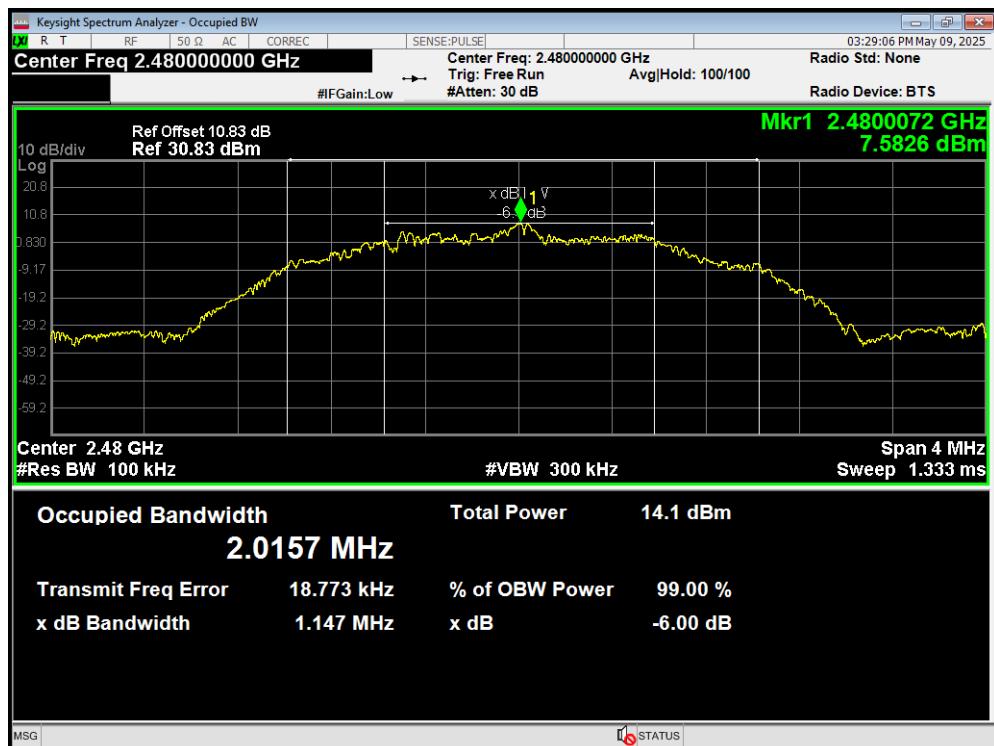
-6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz



-6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (2M) 2440MHz



-6dB Bandwidth Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz



### 5.3. Band Edge

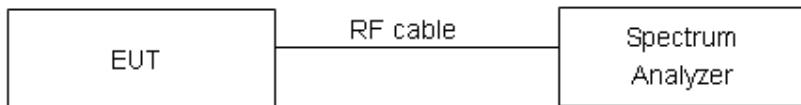
#### Ambient Condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

#### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable the band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used and RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

#### Test Setup



#### Limits

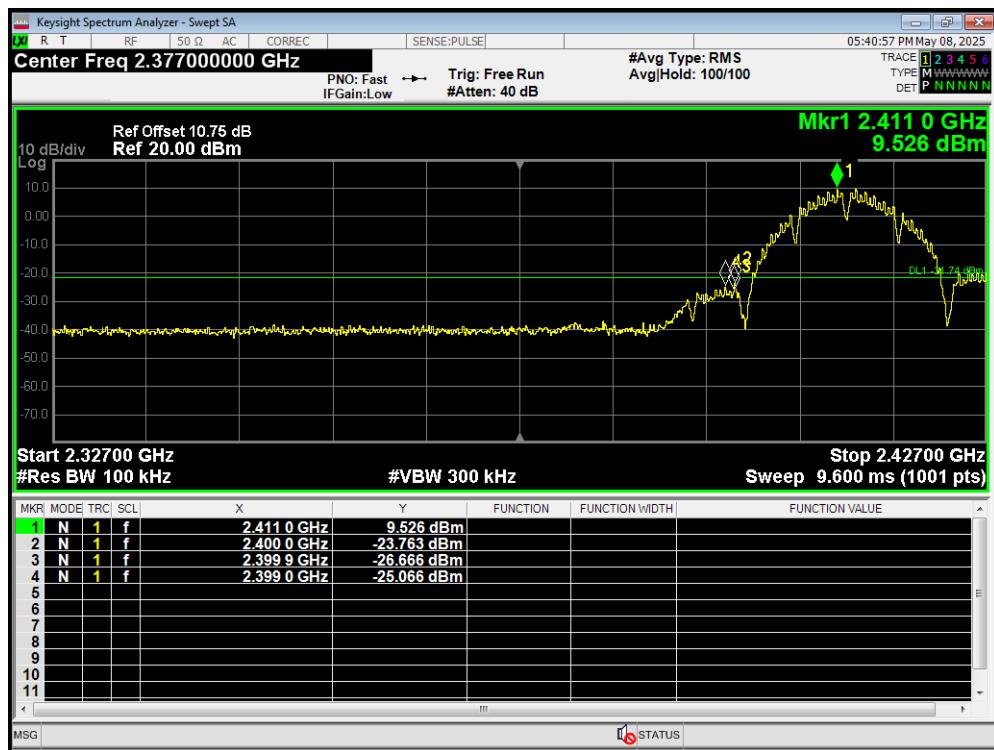
Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.” If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.”

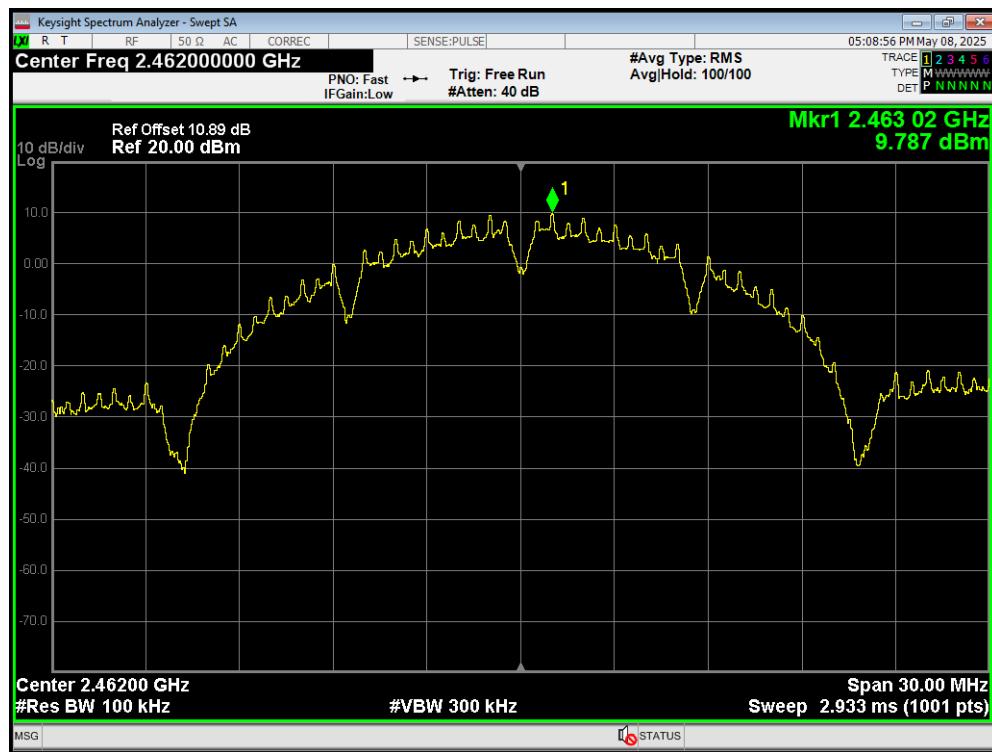
#### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

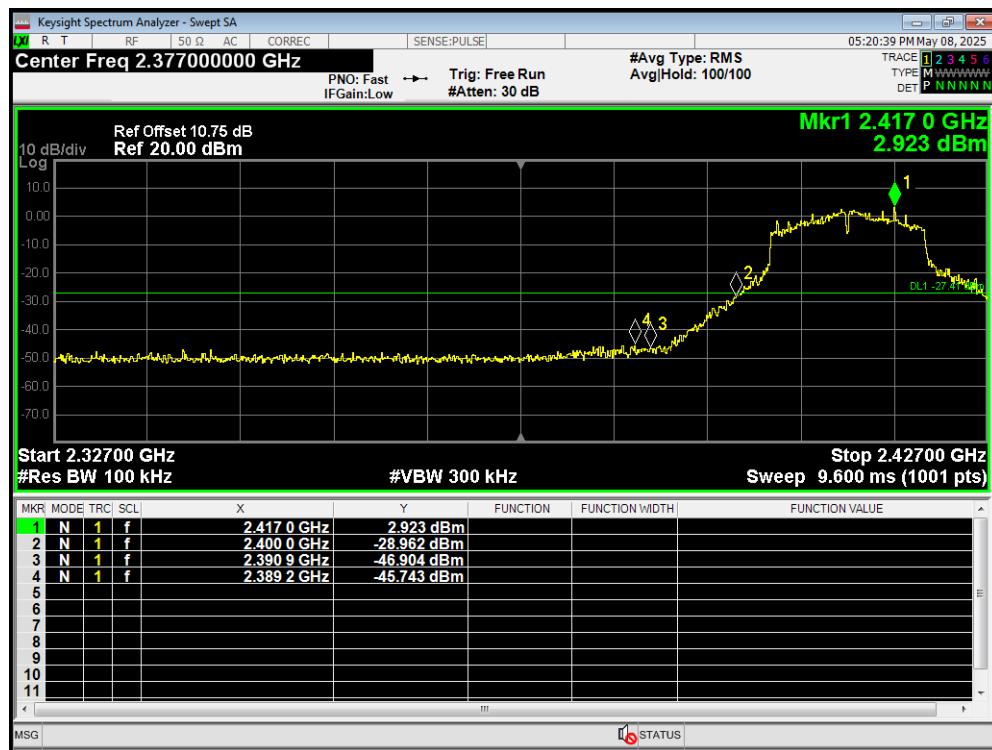
Frequency	Uncertainty
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB

**Test Results: PASS**
**Band Edge 802.11b 2412MHz Ref**

**Band Edge 802.11b 2412MHz Emission**


**Band Edge 802.11b 2462MHz Ref**

**Band Edge 802.11b 2462MHz Emission**

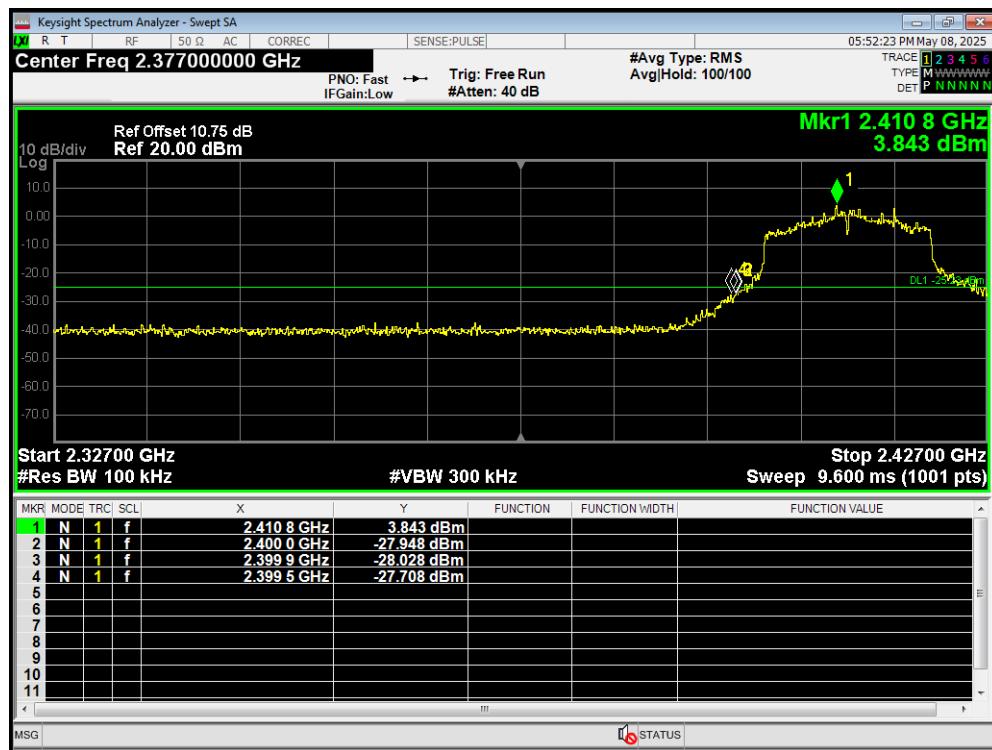

**Band Edge 802.11g 2412MHz Ref**

**Band Edge 802.11g 2412MHz Emission**


**Band Edge 802.11g 2462MHz Ref**

**Band Edge 802.11g 2462MHz Emission**


**Band Edge 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz Ref**

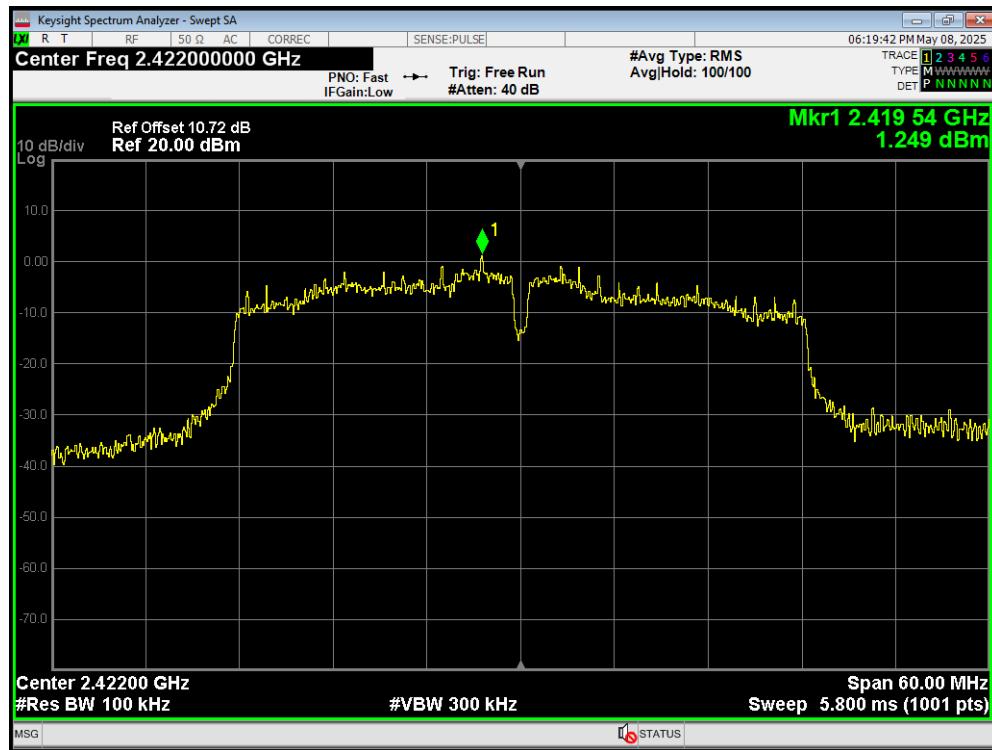
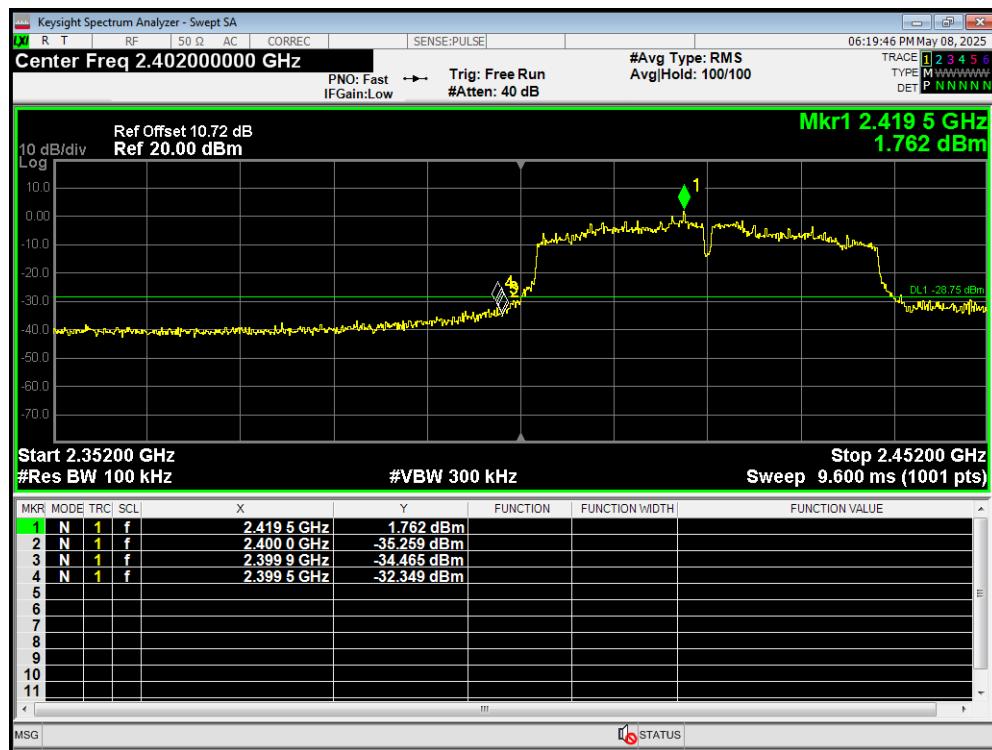
**Band Edge 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz Emission**


## Band Edge 802.11n(HT20) 2462MHz Ref

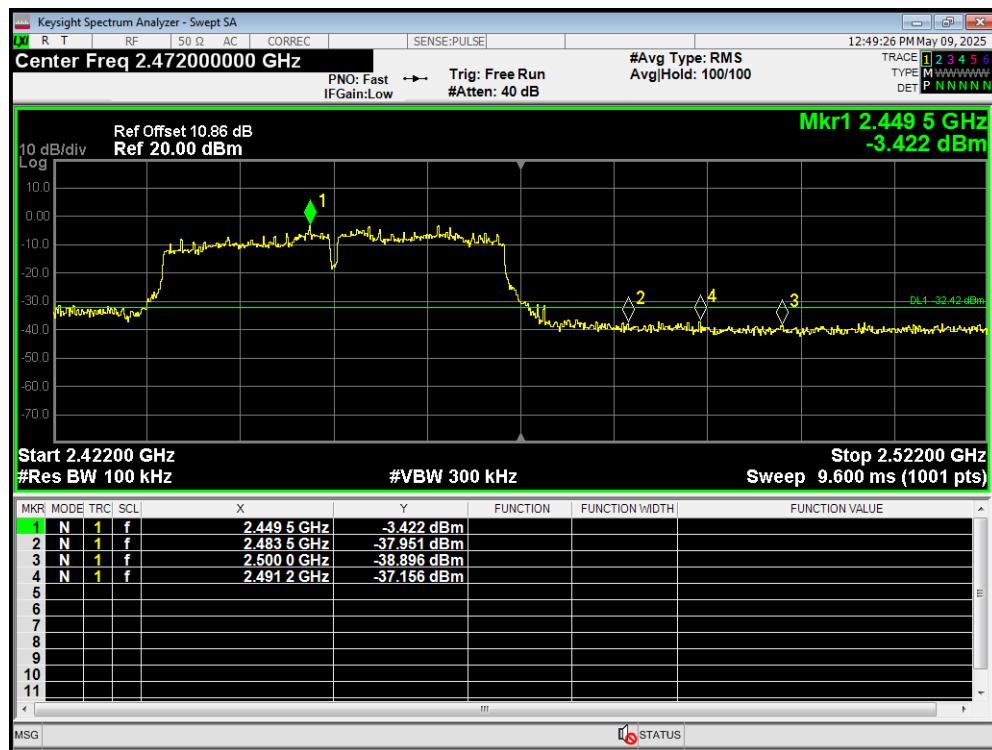


## Band Edge 802.11n(HT20) 2462MHz Emission

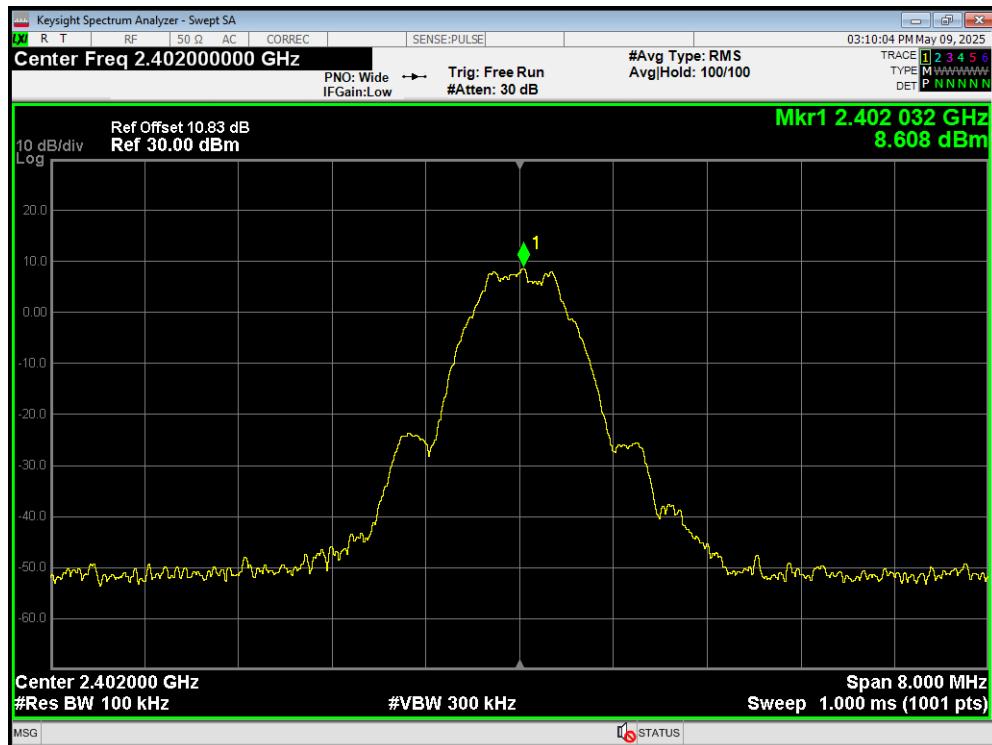


**Band Edge 802.11n(HT40) 2422MHz Ref**

**Band Edge 802.11n(HT40) 2422MHz Emission**


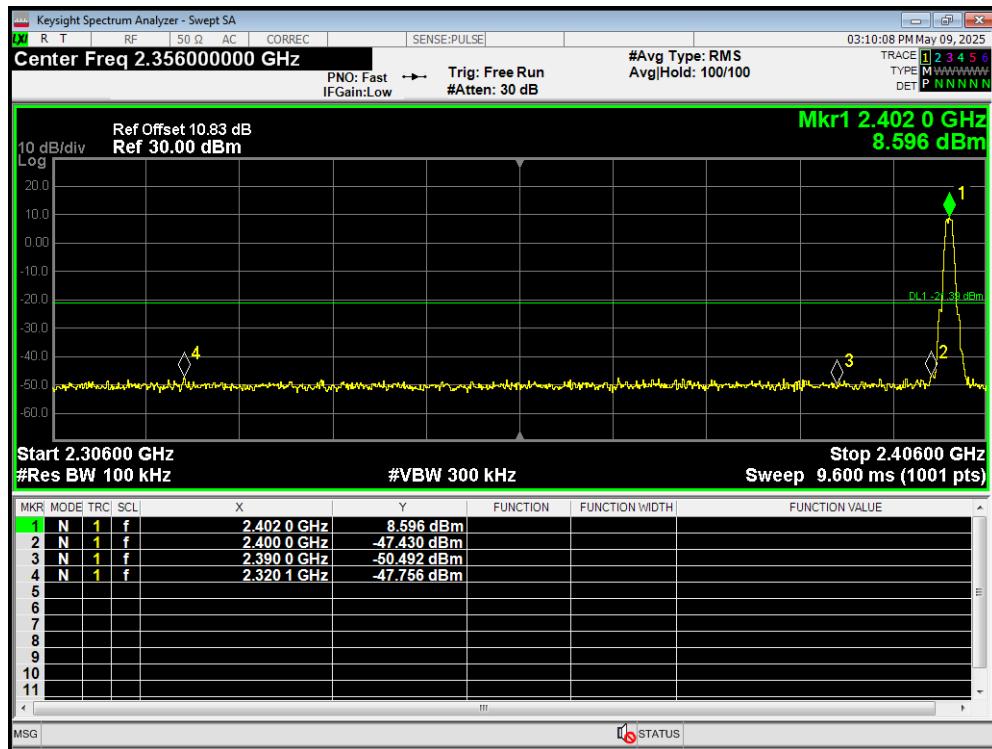
**Band Edge 802.11n(HT40) 2452MHz Ref**

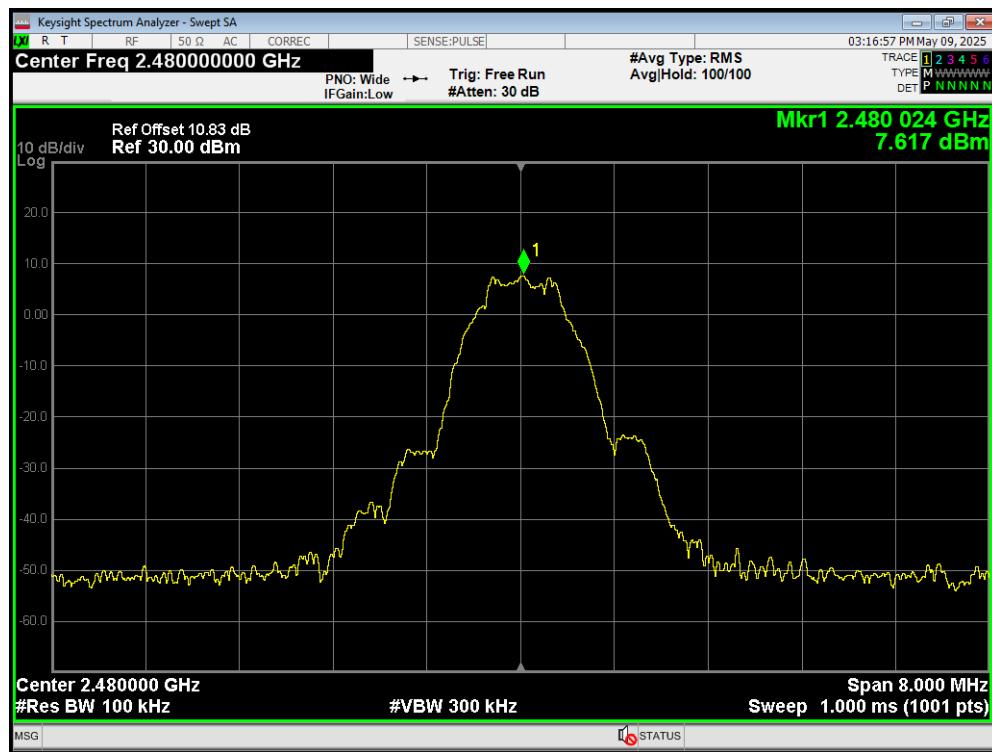
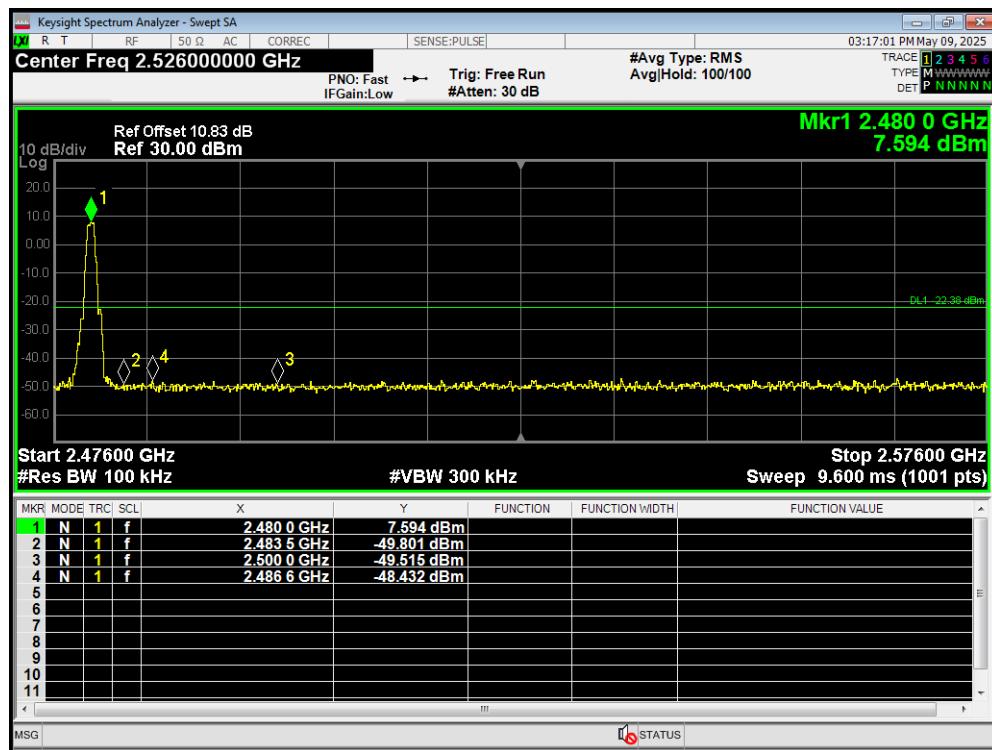
**Band Edge 802.11n(HT40) 2452MHz Emission**


## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz Ref



## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz Emission

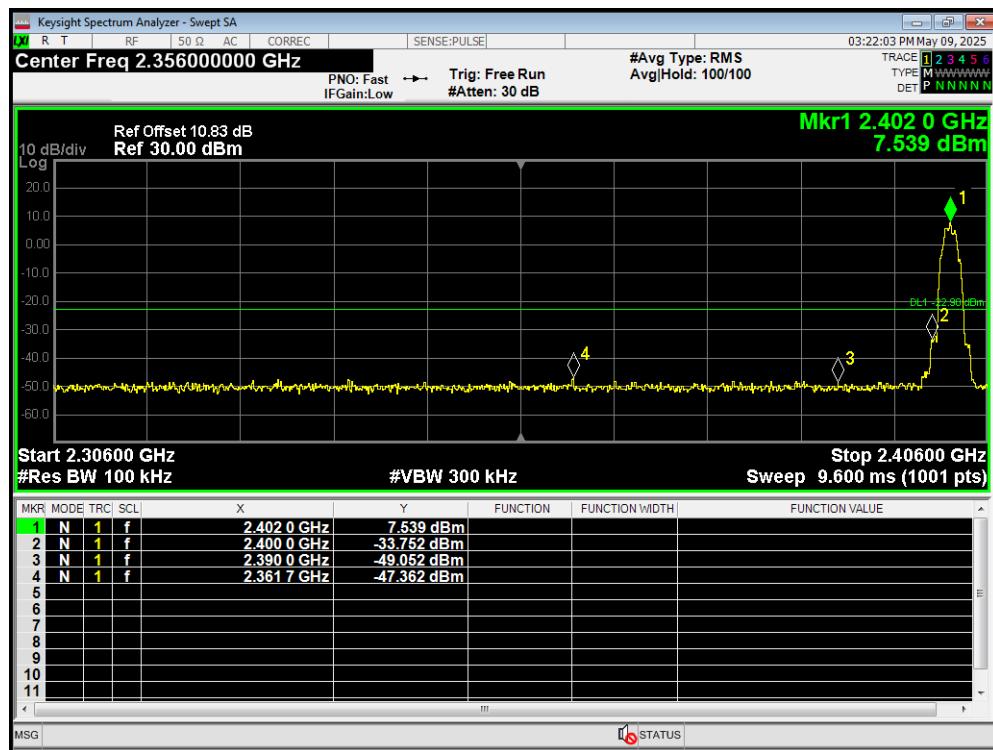


**Band Edge Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz Ref**

**Band Edge Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz Emission**


## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz Ref



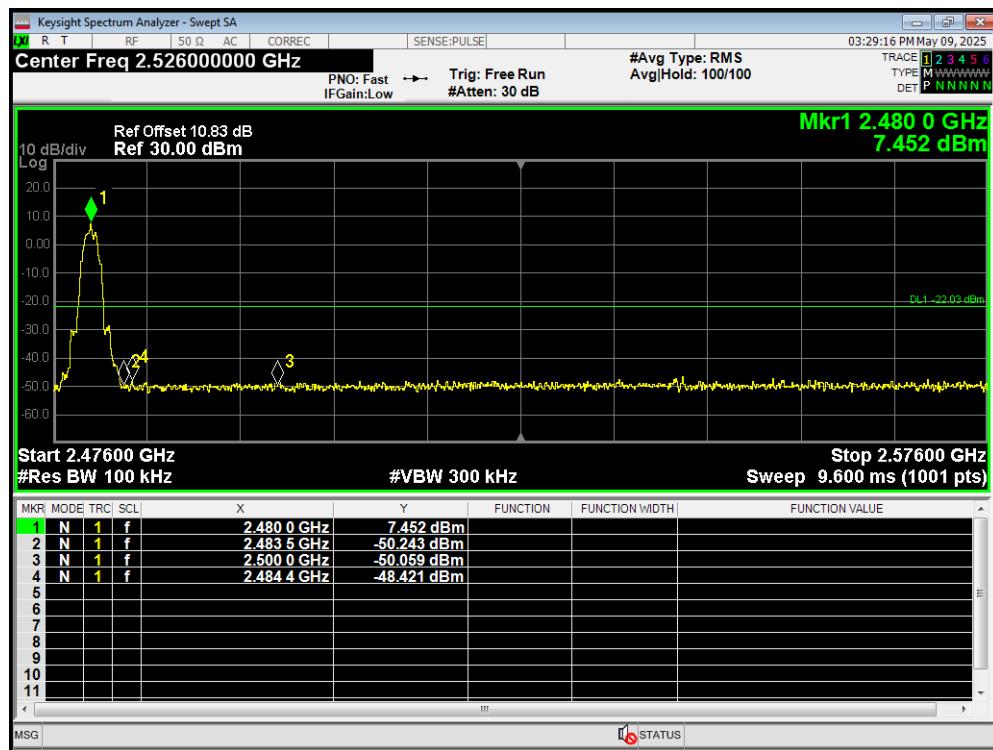
## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz Emission



## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz Ref



## Band Edge Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz Emission



## 5.4. Power Spectral Density

### Ambient Condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

### Method of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer with a known loss.

The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

Method AVGPSD-1 was used for this test.

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- b) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
- c) Set RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{kHz}$
- d) Set VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- e) Detector=power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available)
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep  $\geq [2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}]$
- g) Sweep time auto couple
- h) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- j) If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced)

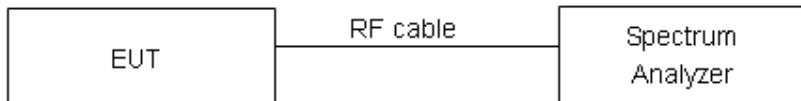
Method AVGPSD-2 was used for this test.

- a) Measure the duty cycle (D) of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6
- b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- c) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
- d) Set RBW to:  $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{kHz}$
- e) Set VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- f) Detector= power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available)
- g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep  $\geq [2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}]$
- h) Sweep time =auto couple
- i) Do not use sweep triggering; allow sweep to "free run"
- j) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- k) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level

l) Add  $[10 \log(1/D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle measured in step a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time

m) If measured value exceeds requirement specified by regulatory agency then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced)

### Test setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(e) specifies that "For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission."

Limits	$\leq 8 \text{ dBm} / 3\text{kHz}$
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### Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 2$ ,  $U = 0.75\text{dB}$ .

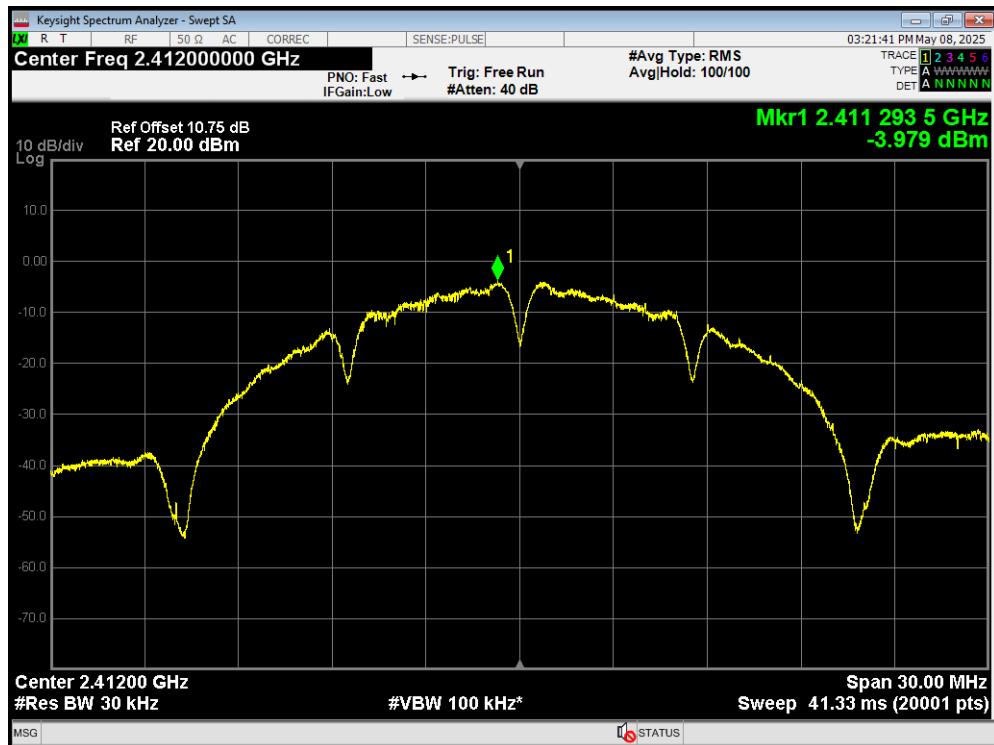
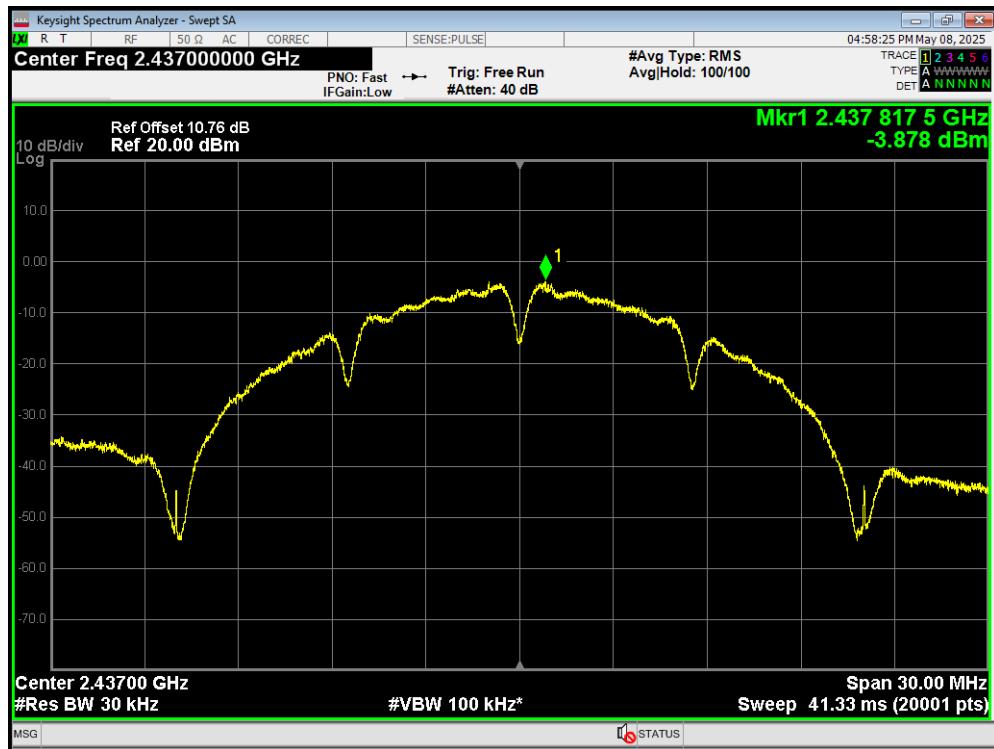
**Test Results:**

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz) / Channel	Read Value (dBm / 30kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412/CH 1	-3.98	-13.98	8	PASS
	2437/CH 6	-3.88	-13.88	8	PASS
	2462/CH11	-3.25	-13.25	8	PASS
802.11g	2412/CH 1	-7.73	-17.73	8	PASS
	2437/CH 6	-8.21	-18.21	8	PASS
	2462/CH11	-8.12	-18.12	8	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412/CH 1	-8.42	-18.42	8	PASS
	2437/CH 6	-9.06	-19.06	8	PASS
	2462/CH11	-8.89	-18.89	8	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422/CH3	-11.75	-21.52	8	PASS
	2437/CH6	-13.03	-22.80	8	PASS
	2452/CH9	-12.94	-22.71	8	PASS

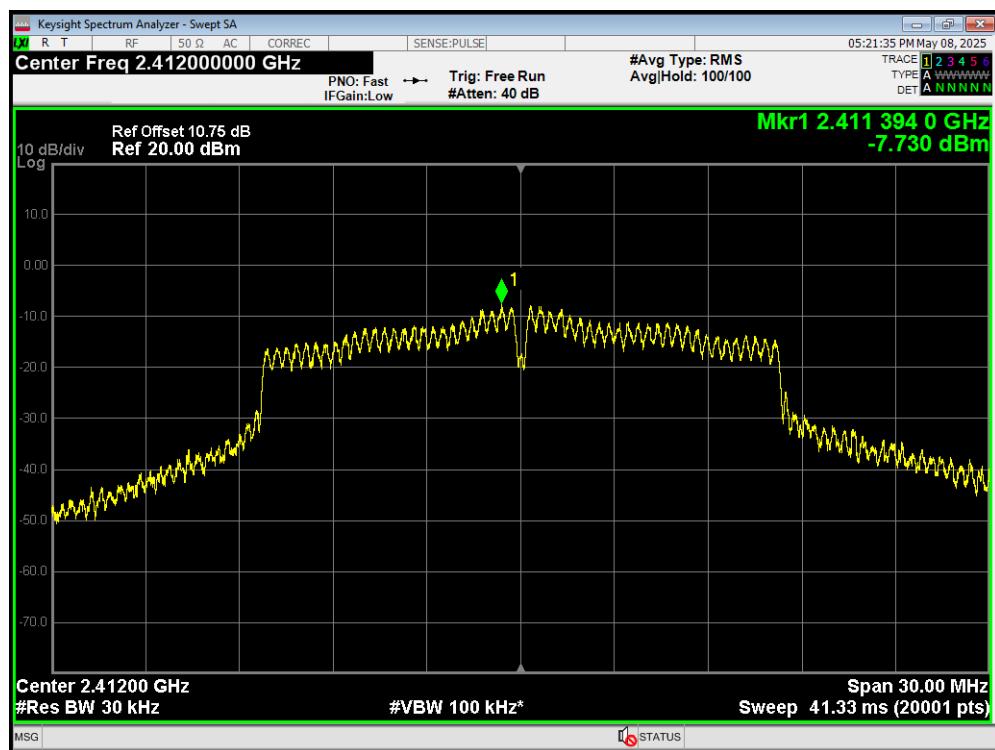
Note: Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz) =Read Value+Duty cycle correction factor +  $10 \times \log_{10}(3/30)$

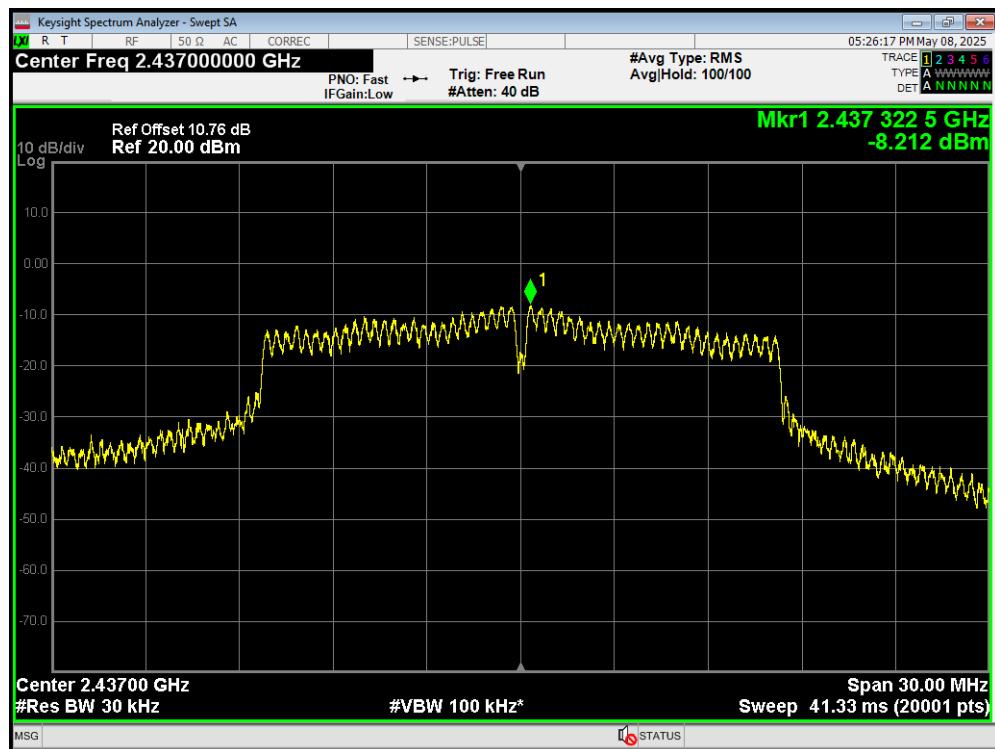
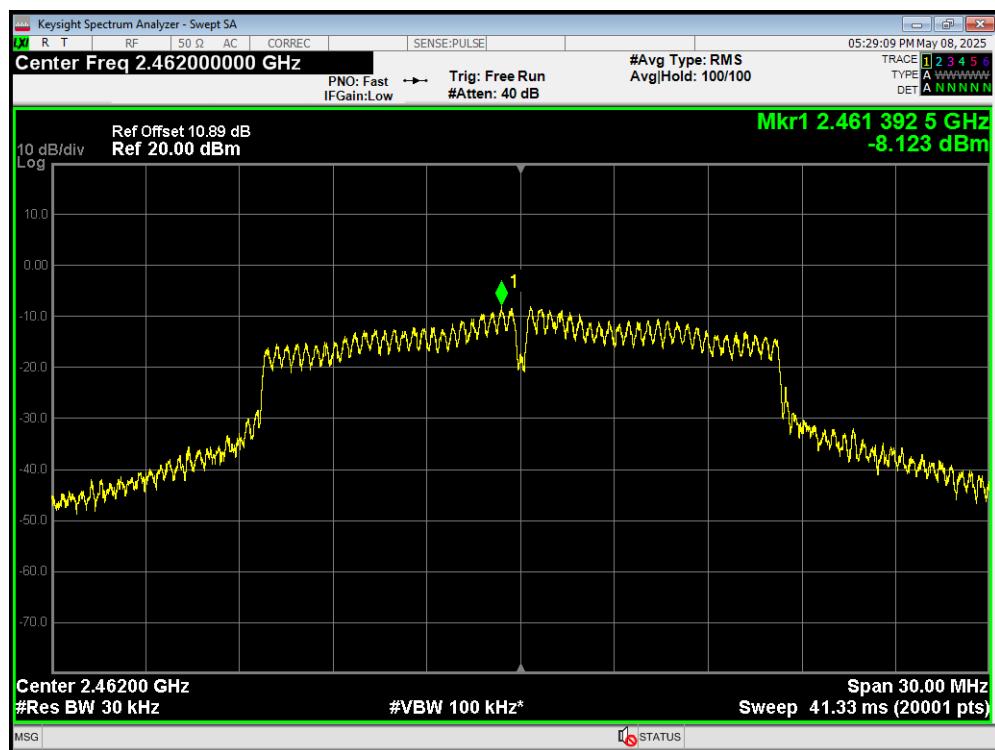
Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz) / Channel	Read Value (dBm / 3kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Conclusion
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (1M)	2402/CH0	-10.12	-8.09	8	PASS
	2440/CH19	-9.61	-7.58	8	PASS
	2480/CH39	-11.14	-9.11	8	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (2M)	2402/CH0	-15.29	-10.49	8	PASS
	2440/CH19	-14.93	-10.13	8	PASS
	2480/CH39	-16.08	-11.28	8	PASS

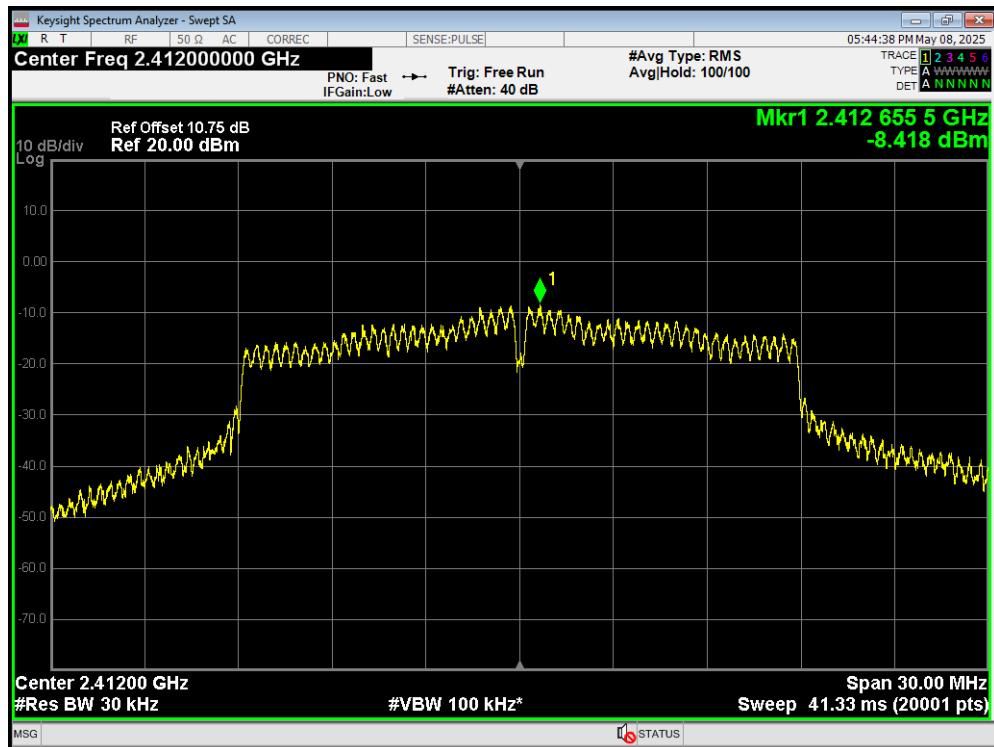
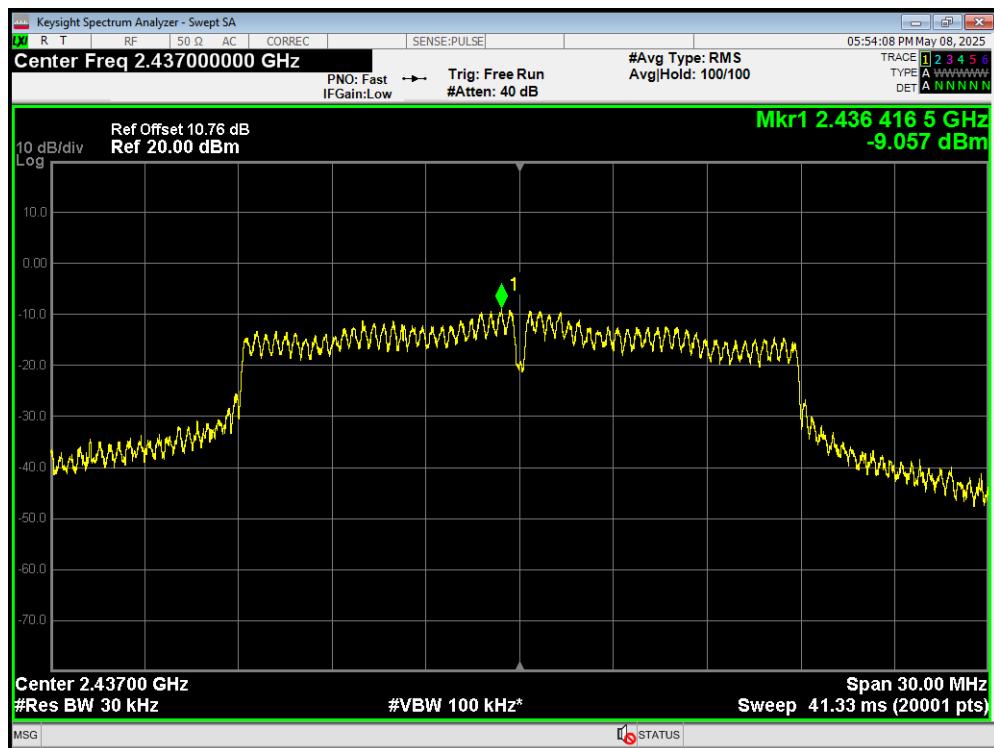
Note: Power Spectral Density =Read Value+Duty cycle correction factor

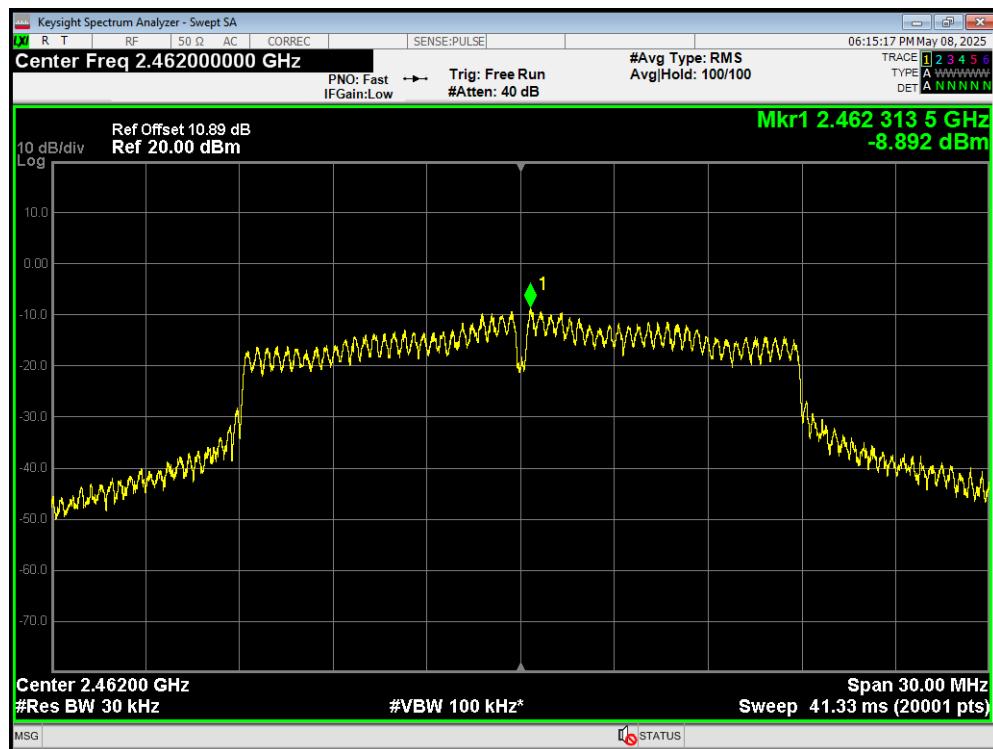
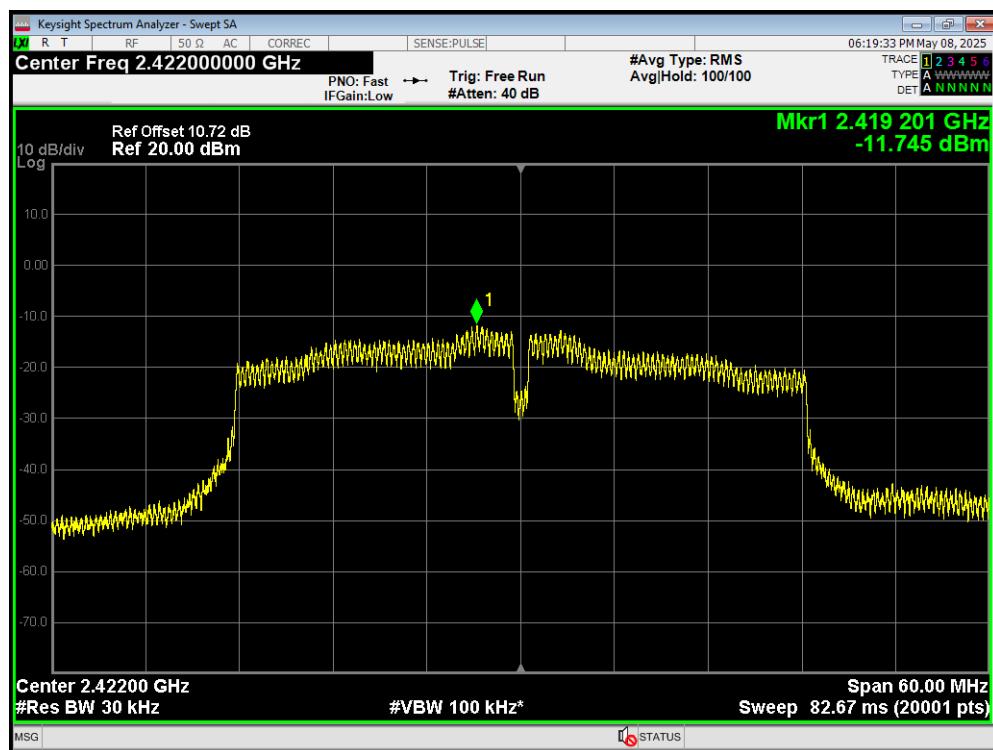
**PSD 802.11b 2412MHz**

**PSD 802.11b 2437MHz**


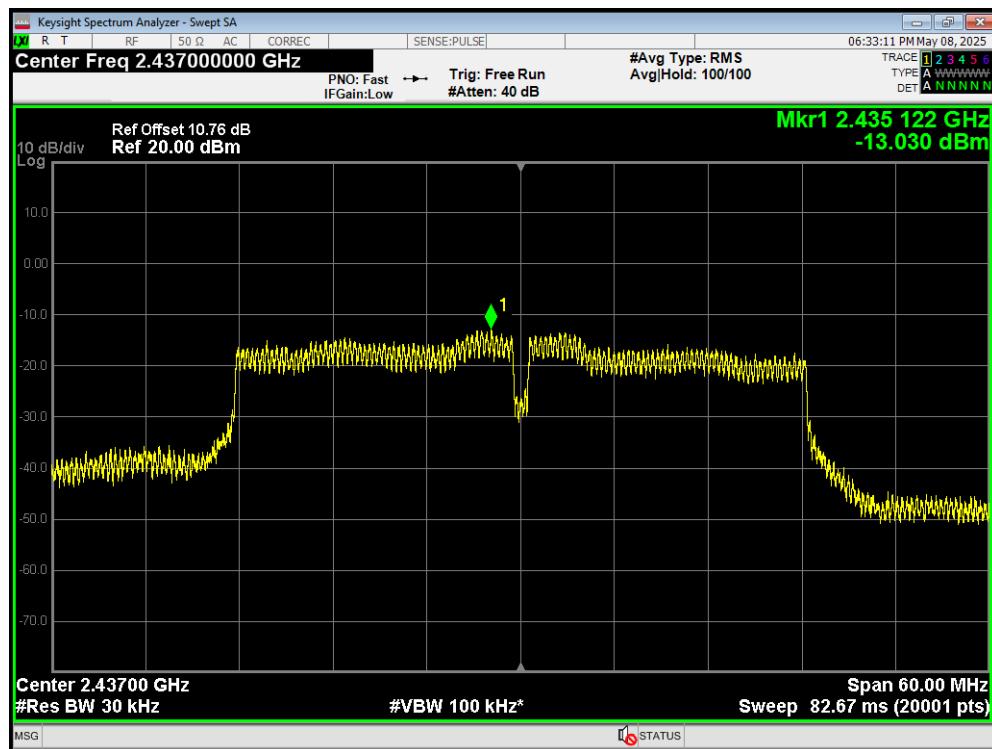
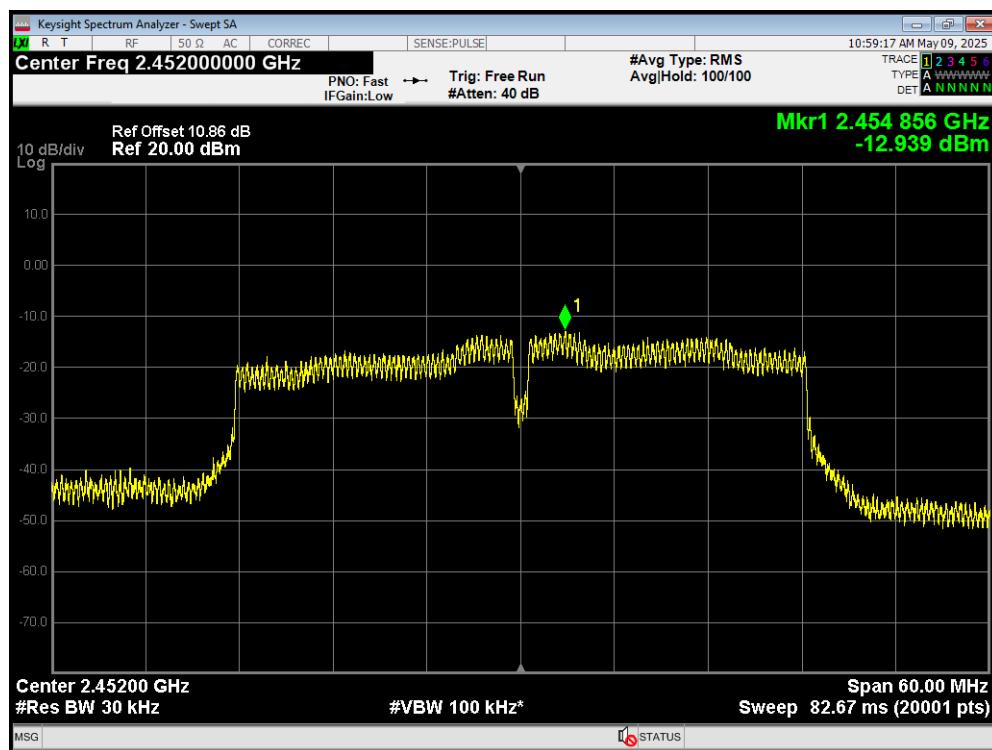
**PSD 802.11b 2462MHz**

**PSD 802.11g 2412MHz**


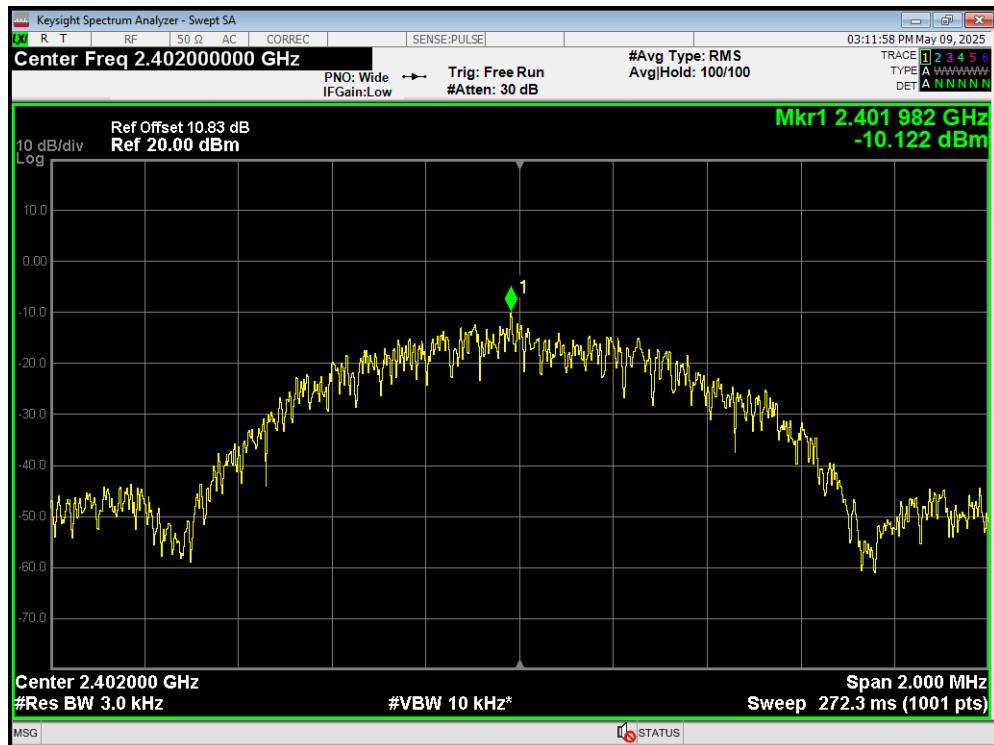
**PSD 802.11g 2437MHz**

**PSD 802.11g 2462MHz**


**PSD 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz**

**PSD 802.11n(HT20) 2437MHz**


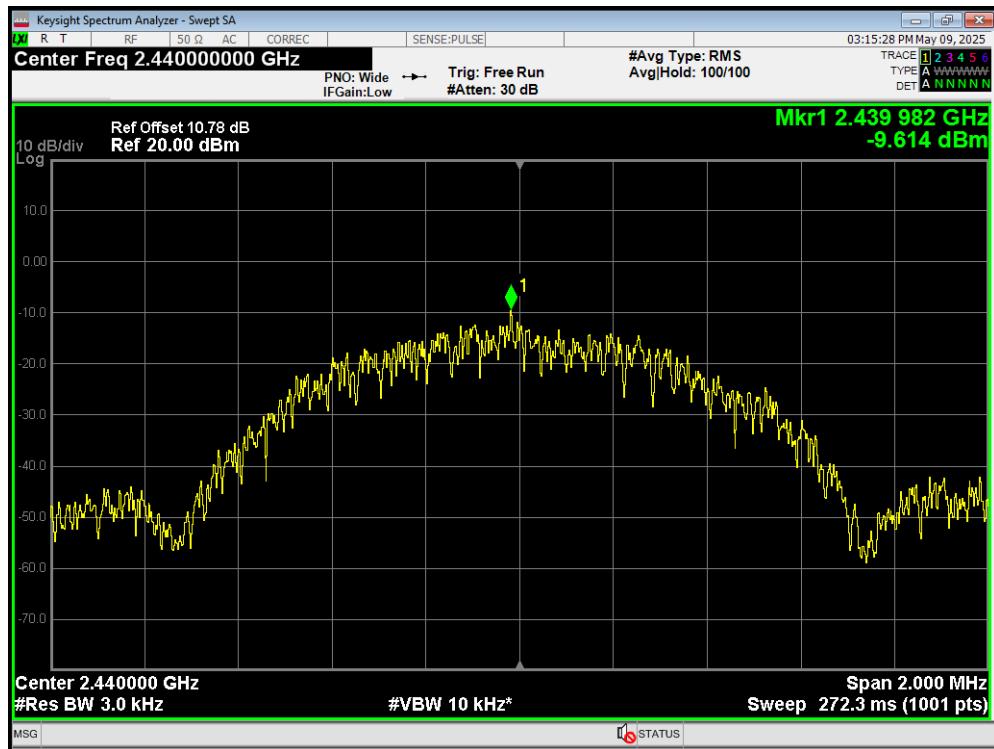
**PSD 802.11n(HT20) 2462MHz**

**PSD 802.11n(HT40) 2422MHz**


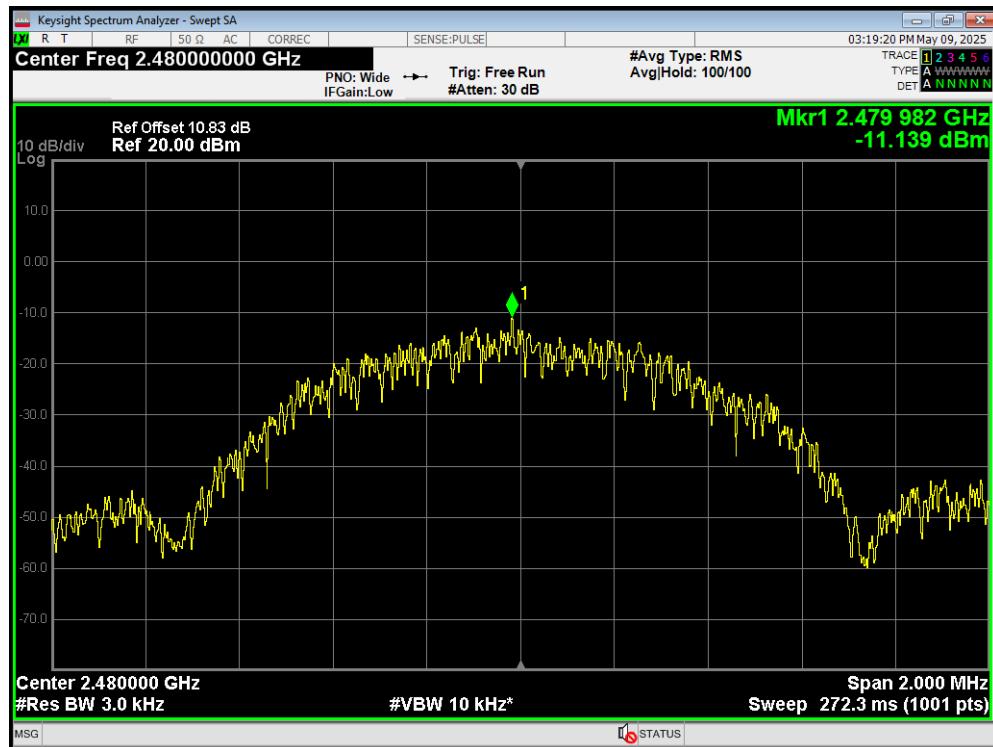
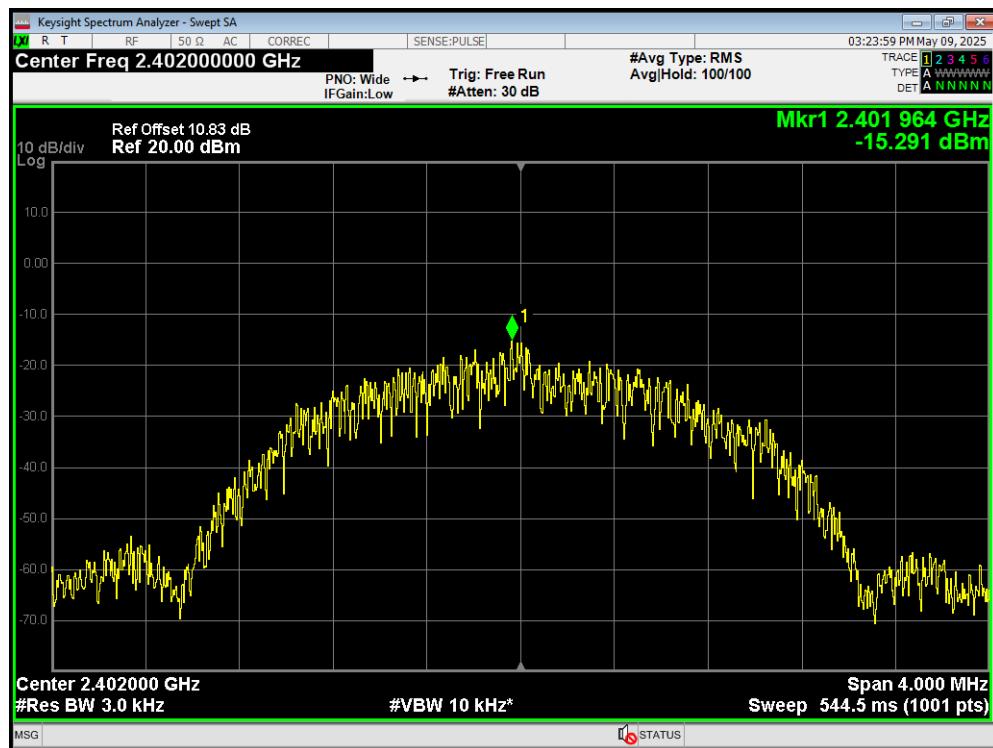
**PSD 802.11n(HT40) 2437MHz**

**PSD 802.11n(HT40) 2452MHz**


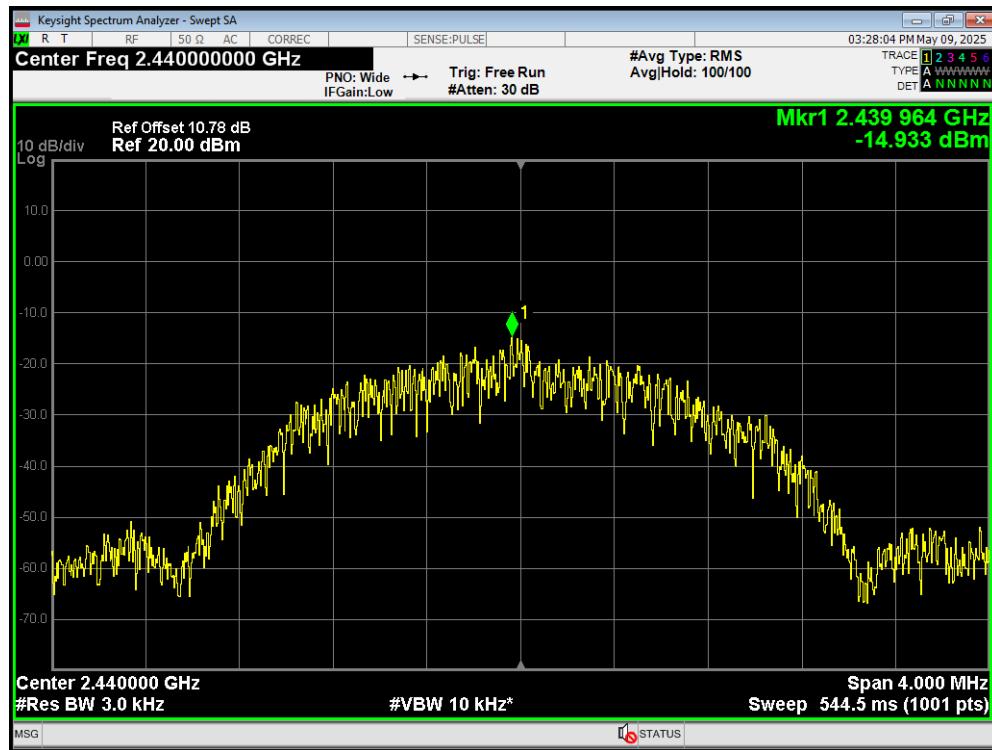
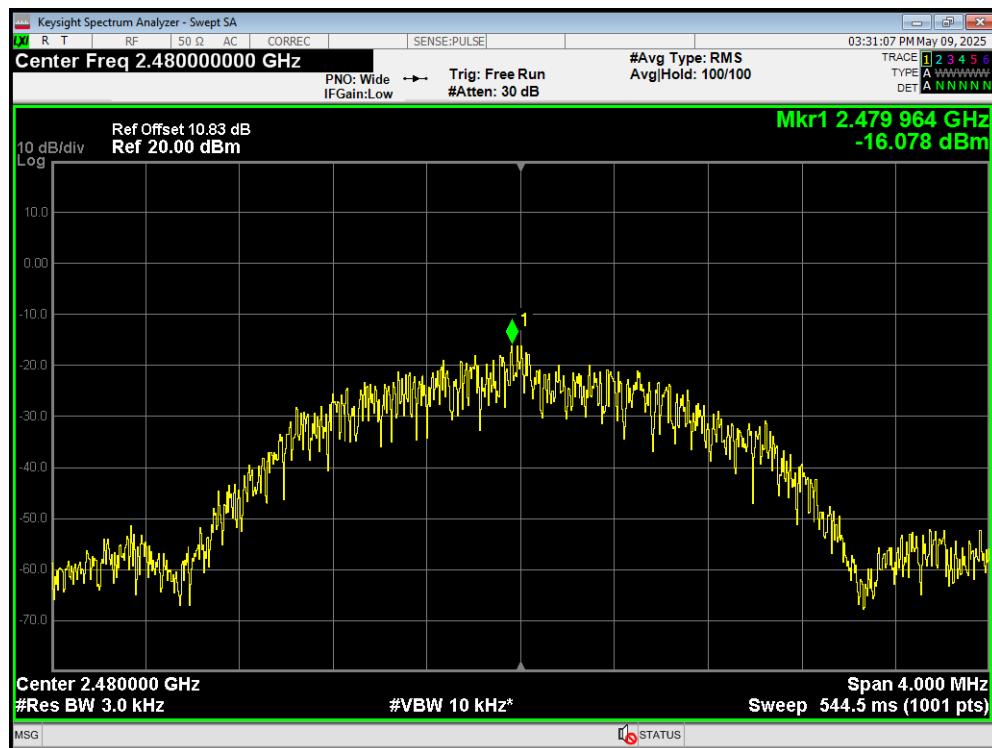
## PSD Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz



## PSD Bluetooth LE (1M) 2440MHz



**PSD Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz**

**PSD Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz**


**PSD Bluetooth LE (2M) 2440MHz**

**PSD Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz**


## 5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

### Ambient Condition

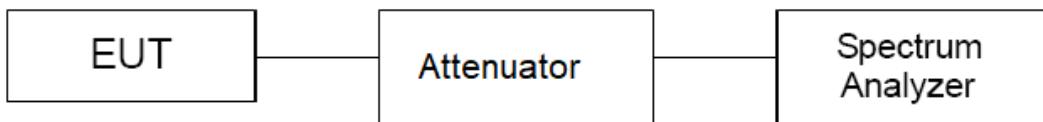
Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

### Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer with a known loss. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW to 300 kHz, Sweep is set to AUTO.

The test is in transmitting mode.

### Test Setup



### Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) pacifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. "

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Reference value (dBm)	Limit
802.11b	2412	9.63	-20.37
	2437	9.29	-20.71
	2462	8.43	-21.57
802.11g	2412	4.05	-25.95
	2437	3.99	-26.01
	2462	2.53	-27.47
802.11n HT20	2412	4.05	-25.95
	2437	3.81	-26.19
	2462	3.37	-26.63

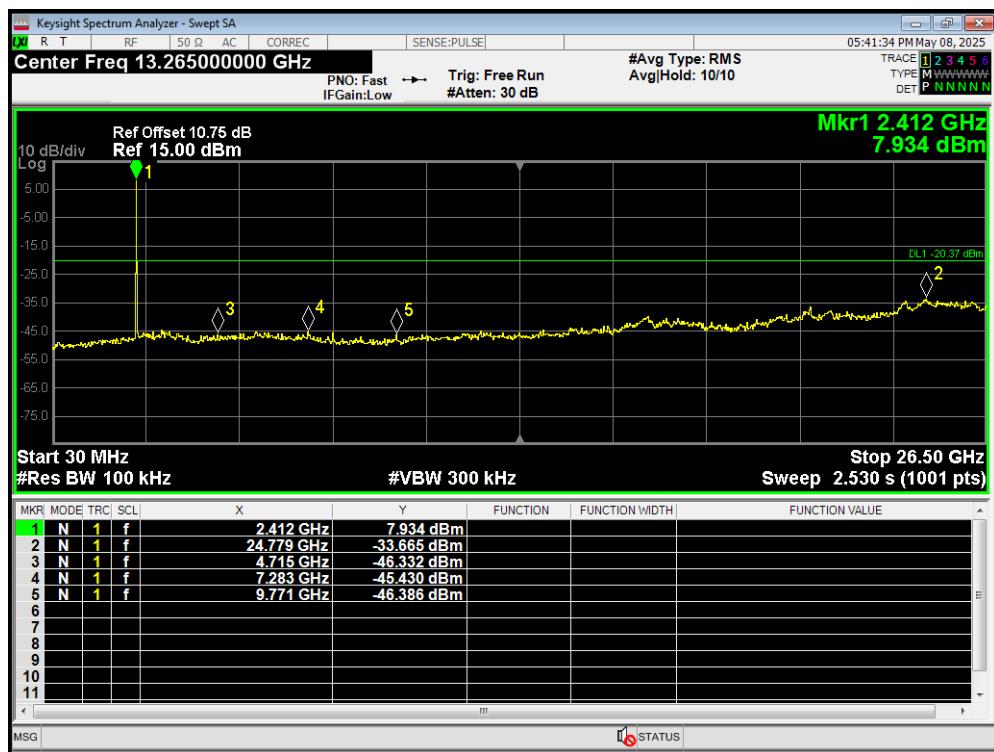
802.11n HT40	2422	0.83	-29.17
	2437	-1.68	-31.68
	2452	0.07	-29.93
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (1M)	2402	8.64	-21.36
	2440	8.91	-21.09
	2480	7.77	-22.23
Bluetooth (Low Energy) (2M)	2402	8.61	-21.39
	2440	8.78	-21.22
	2480	7.88	-22.12

### Measurement Uncertainty

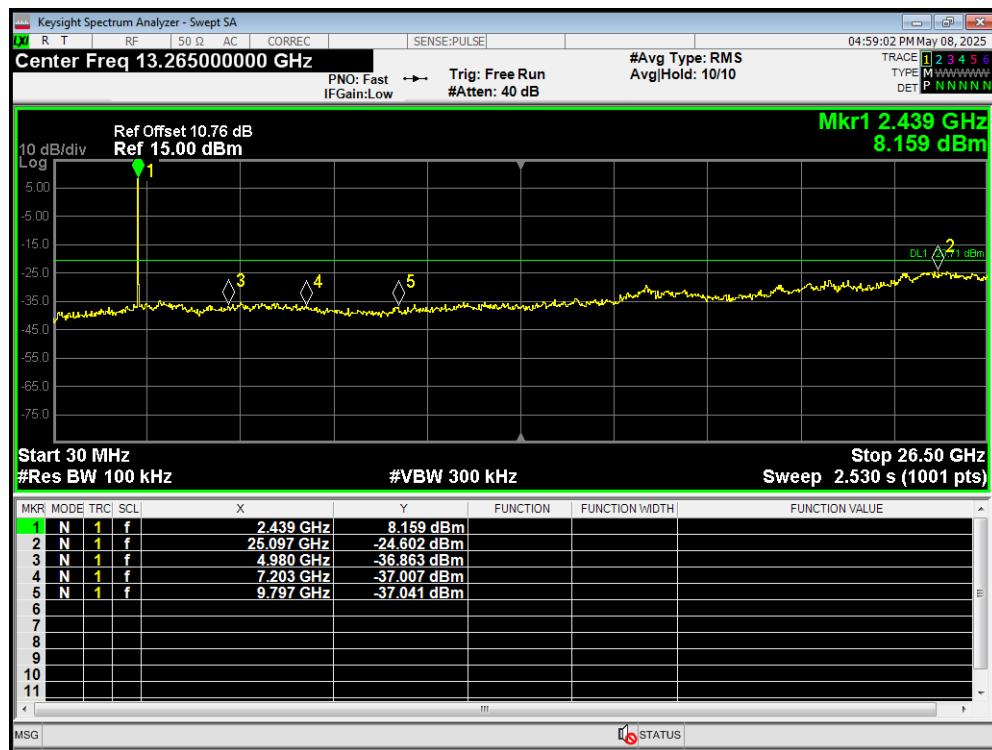
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor  $k = 1.96$ .

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB
2GHz-26GHz	1.407 dB

**Test Results:**
**Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2412MHz Ref**

**Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2412MHz Emission**


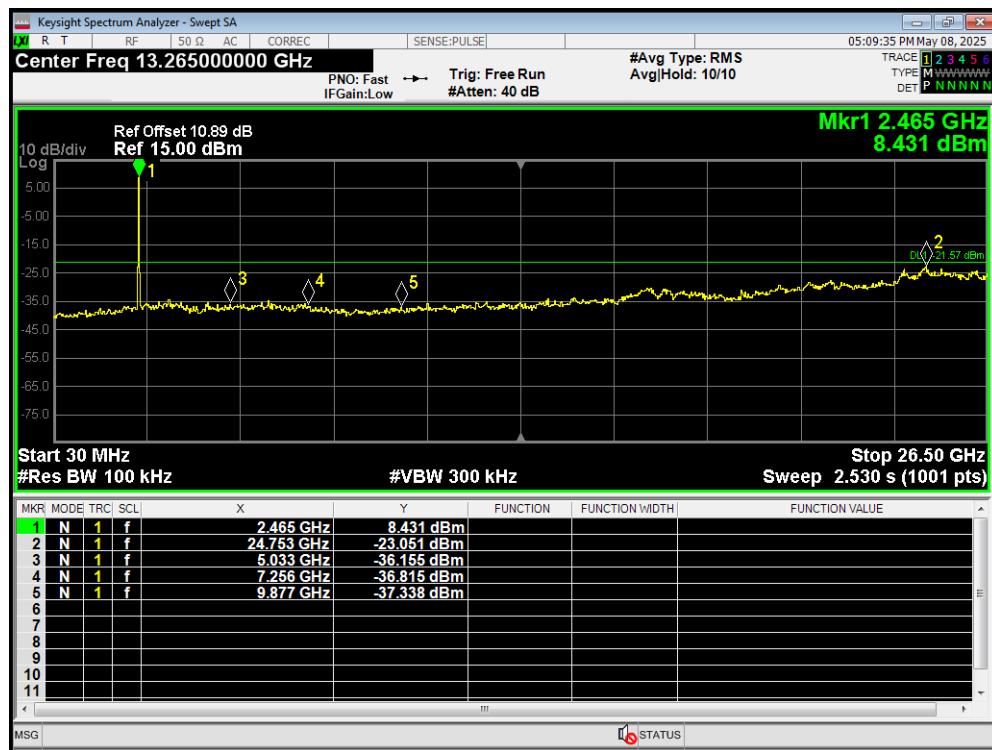
**Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2437MHz Ref**

**Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2437MHz Emission**


## Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2462MHz Ref



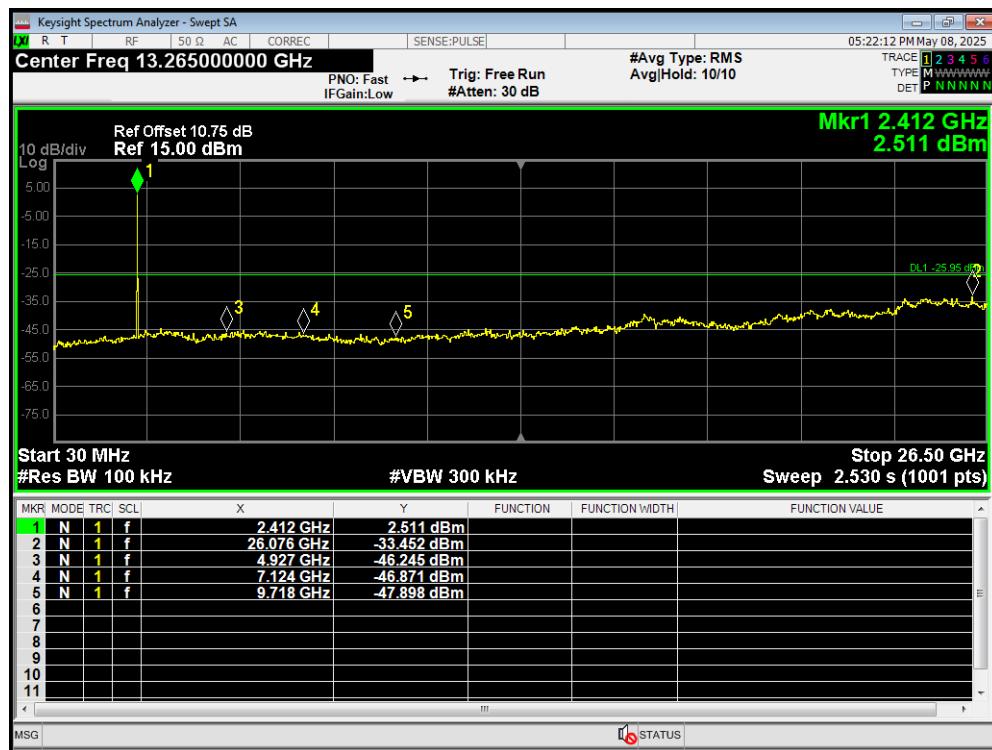
## Tx. Spurious 802.11b 2462MHz Emission



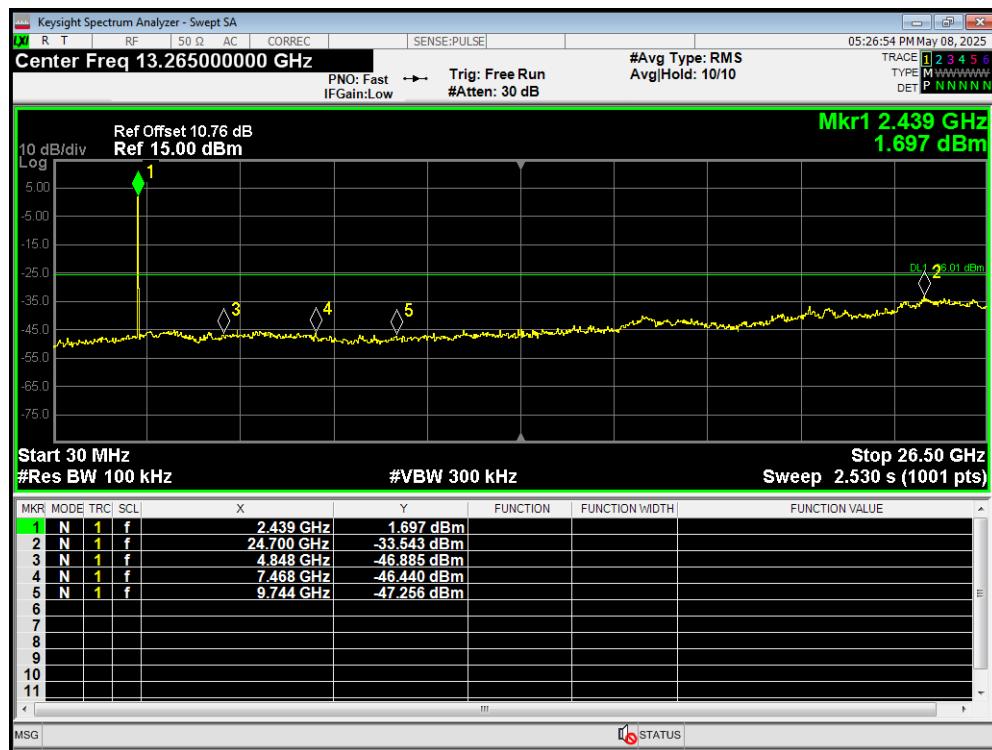
## Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2412MHz Ref



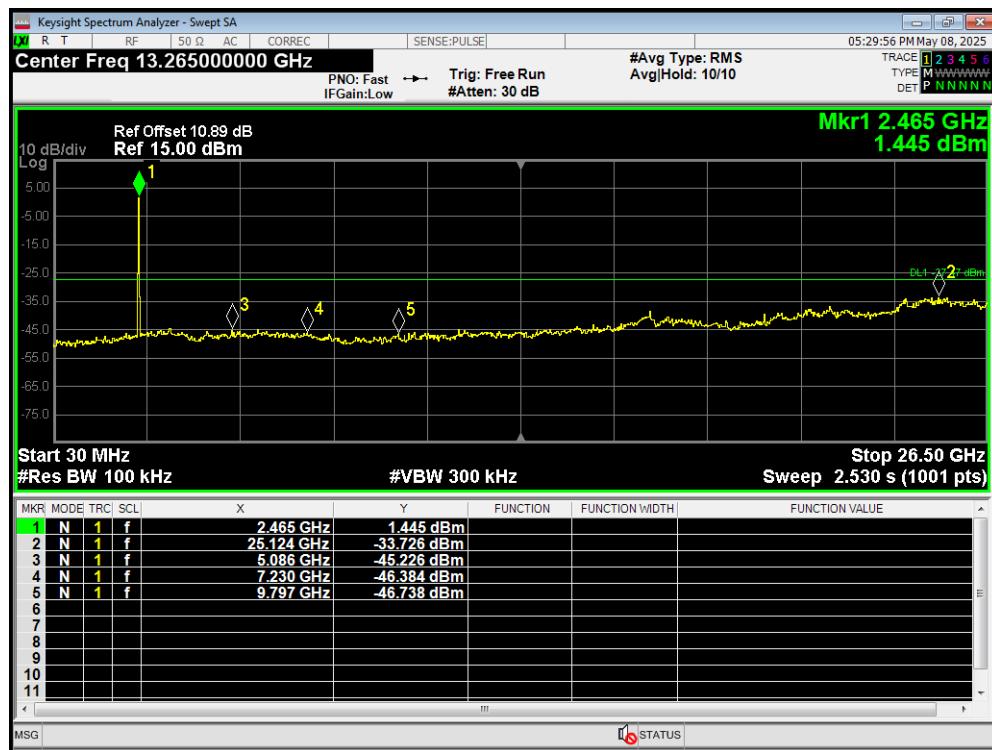
## Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2412MHz Emission



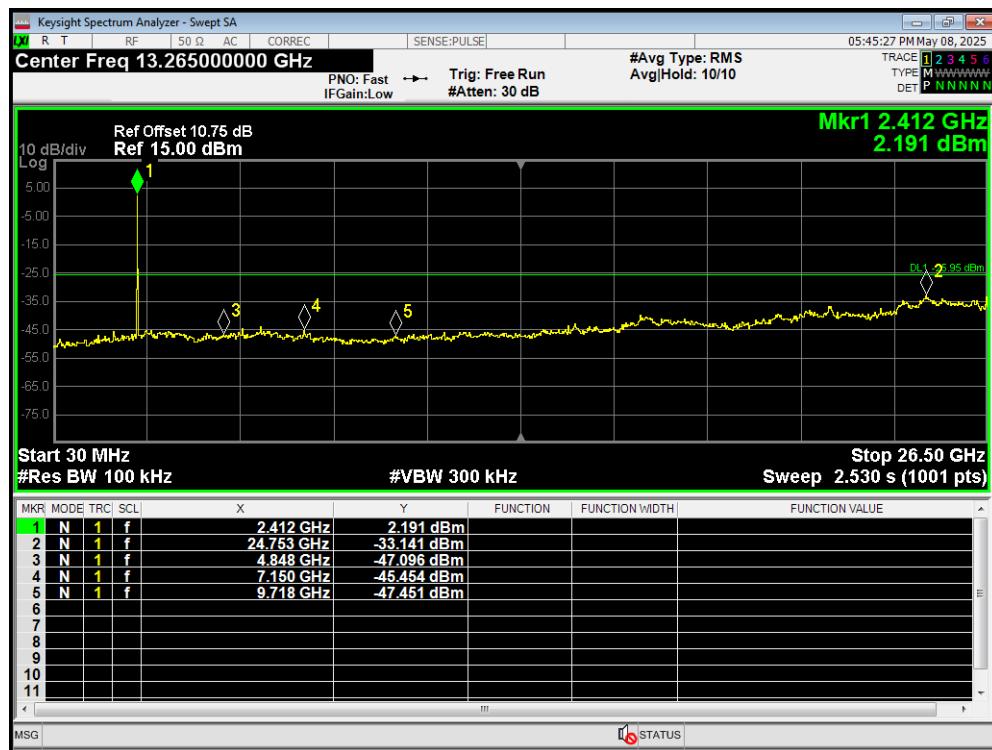
**Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2437MHz Ref**

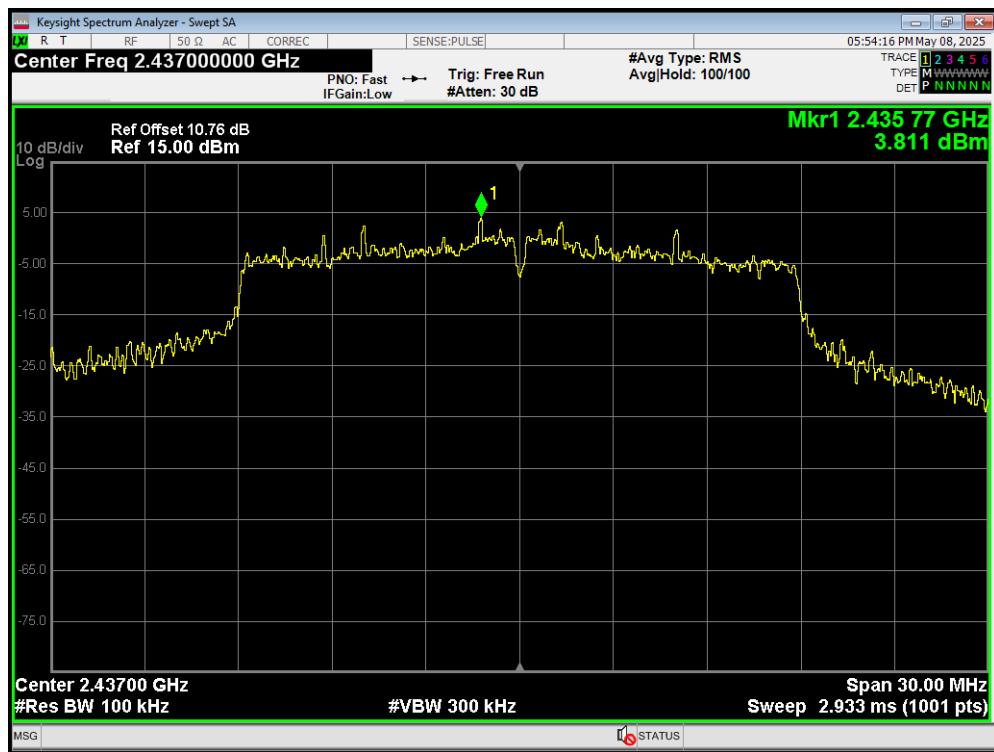
**Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2437MHz Emission**


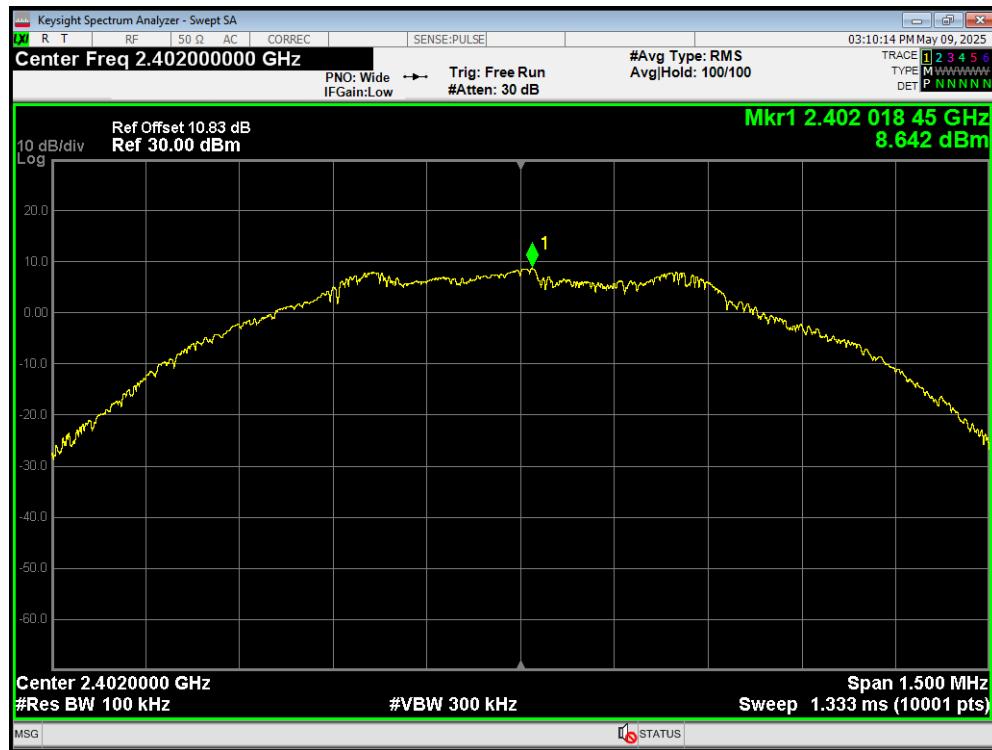
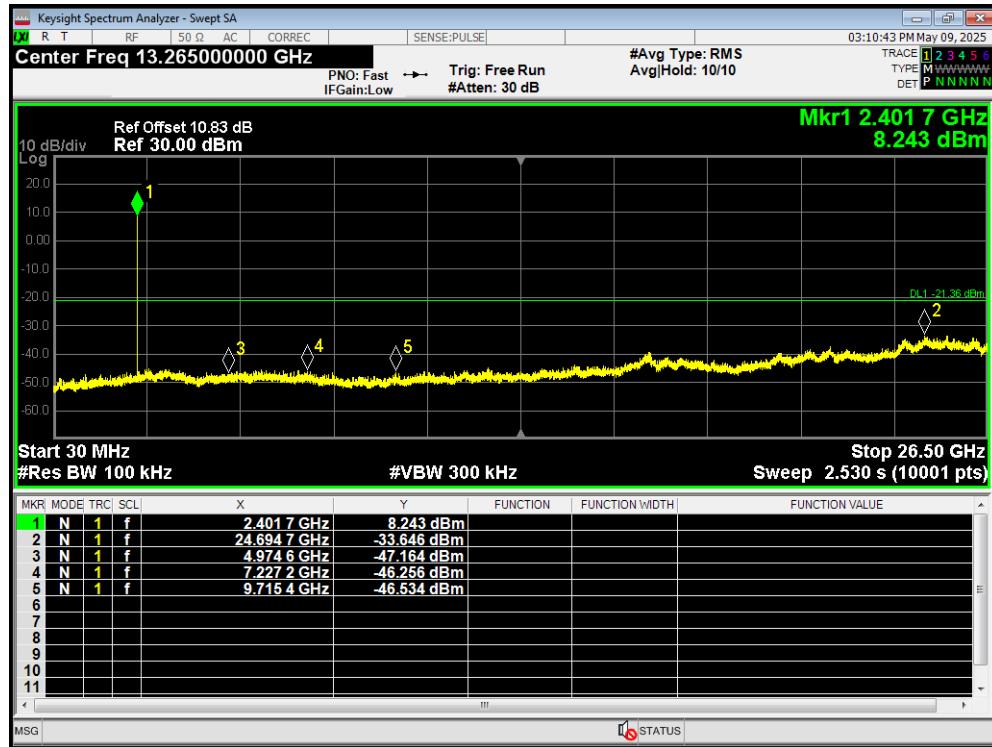
**Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2462MHz Ref**

**Tx. Spurious 802.11g 2462MHz Emission**


**Tx. Spurious 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz Ref**

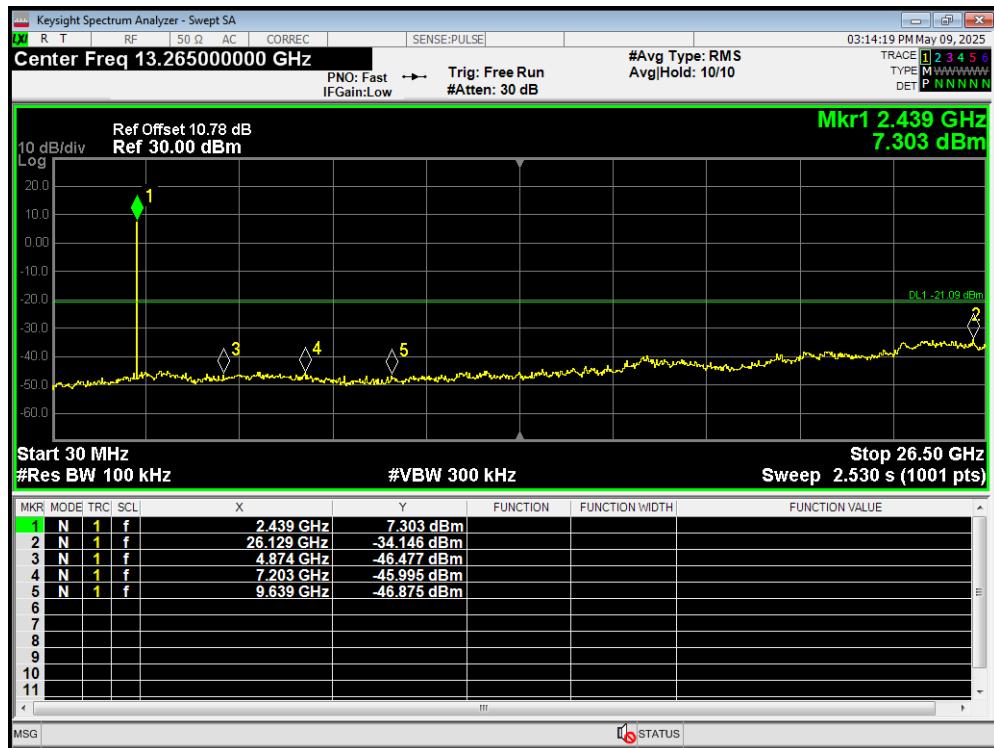
**Tx. Spurious 802.11n(HT20) 2412MHz Emission**


**Tx. Spurious 802.11n(HT20) 2437MHz Ref**


**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz Ref**

**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2402MHz Emission**

**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2440MHz Ref**



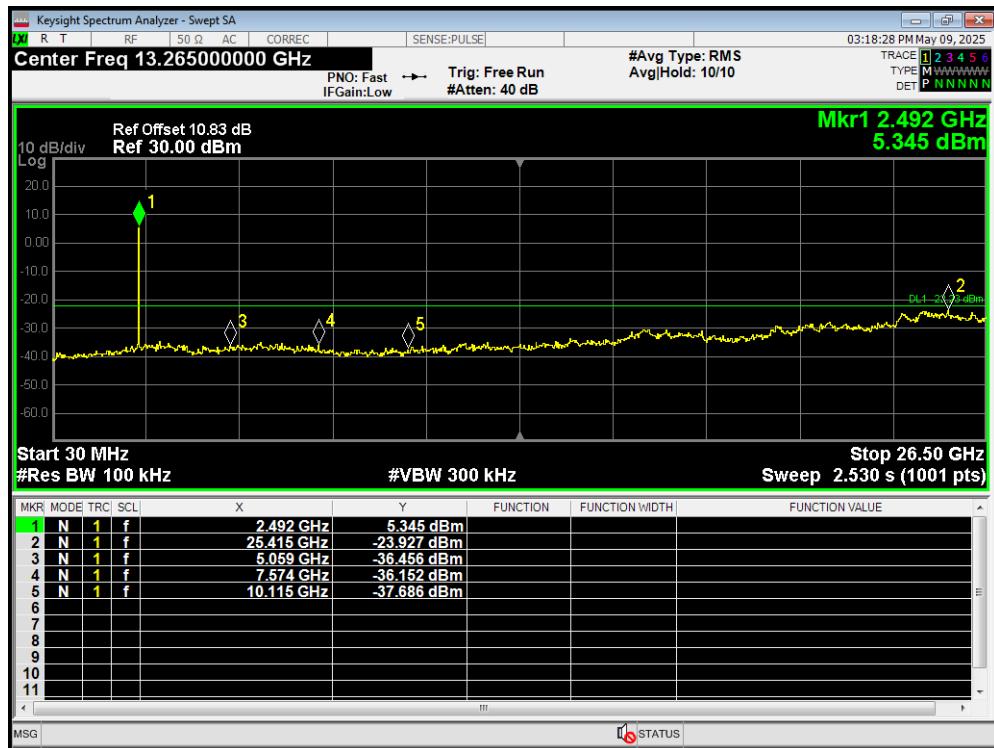
Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2440MHz Emission



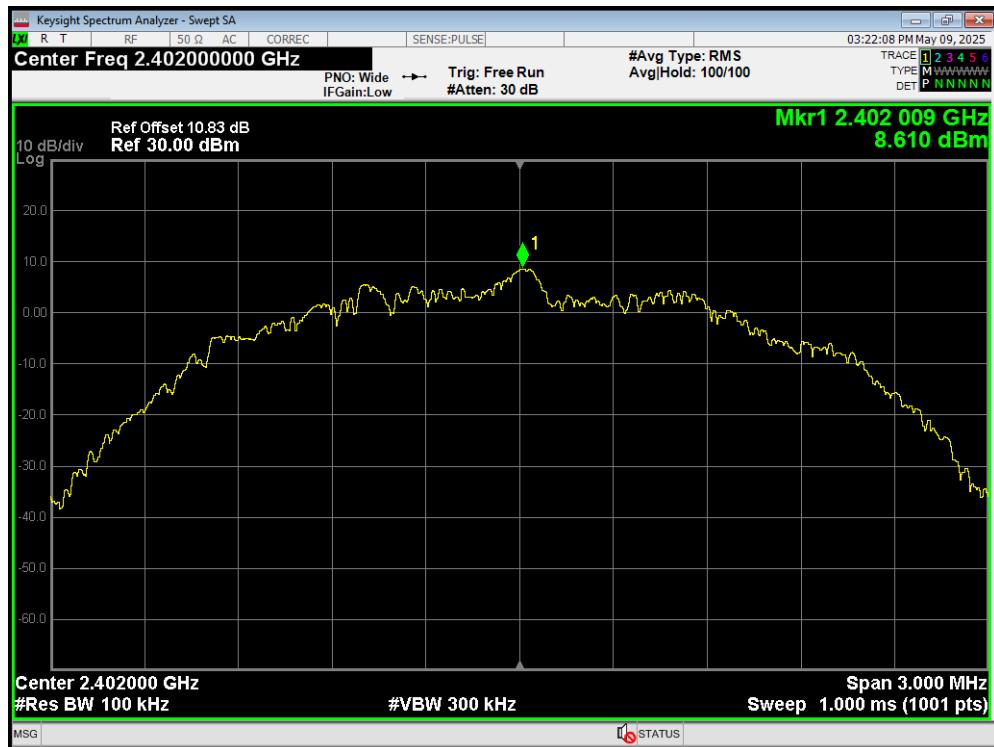
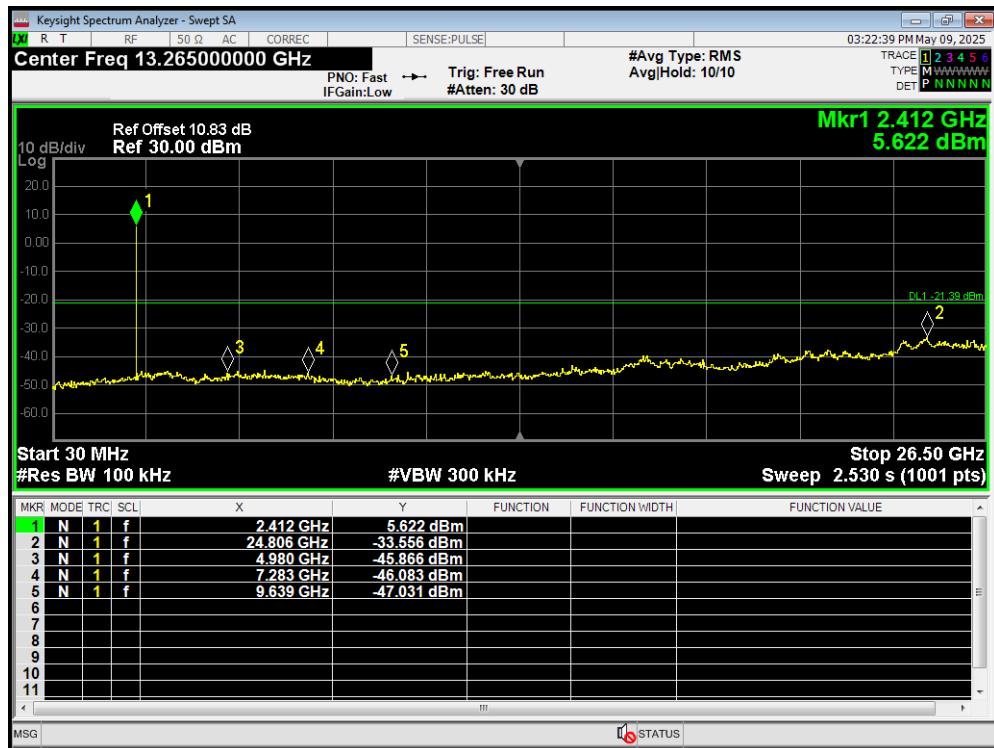
Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz Ref



Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (1M) 2480MHz Emission

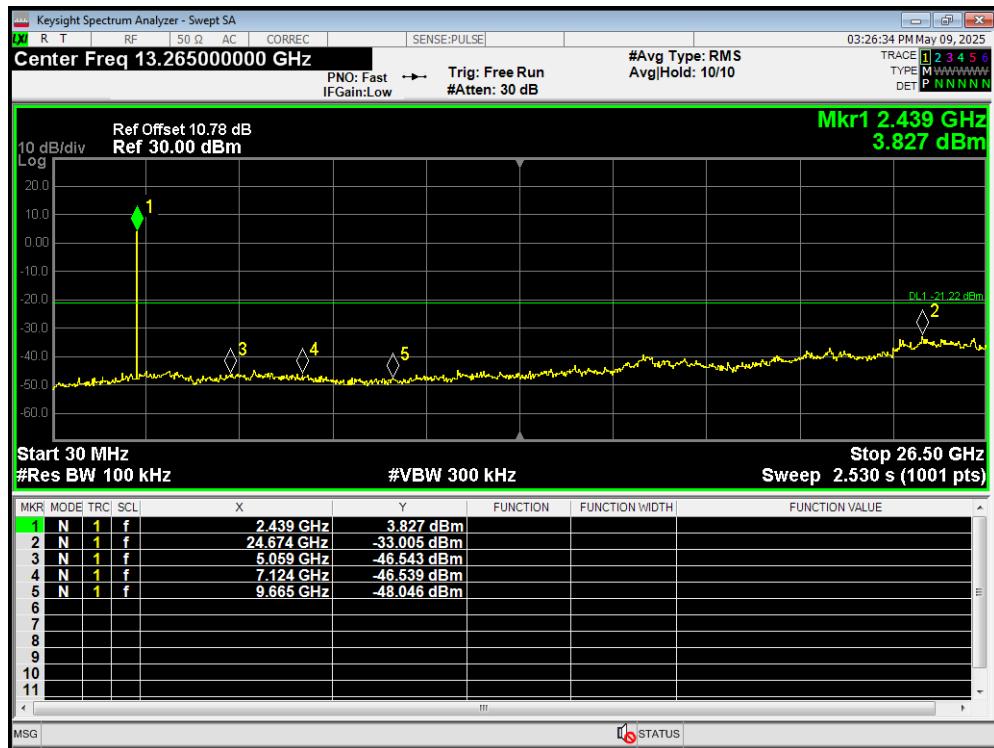


Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz Ref

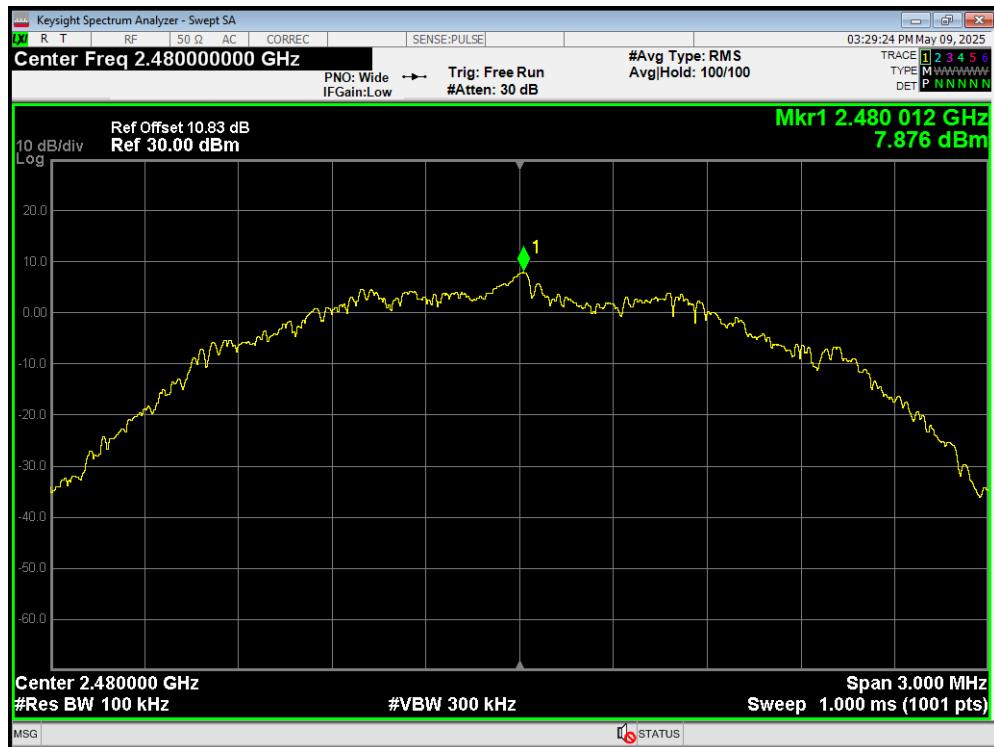
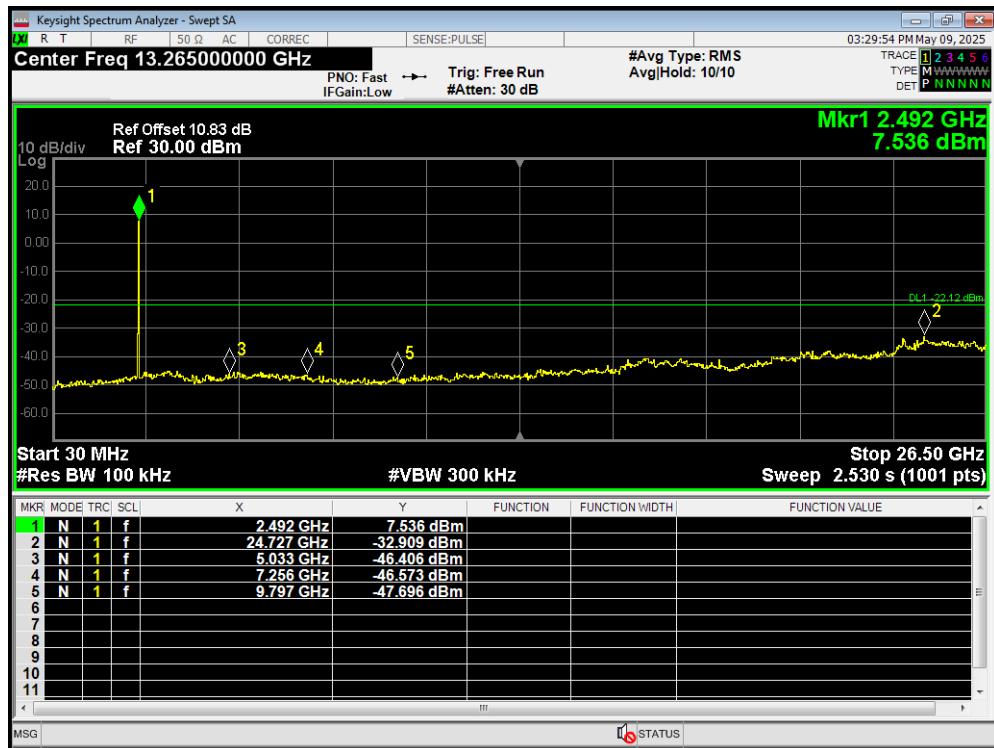

**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2402MHz Emission**

**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2440MHz Ref**



Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2440MHz Emission



Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz Ref


**Tx. Spurious Bluetooth LE (2M) 2480MHz Emission**


## 5.6. Unwanted Emission

### Ambient Condition

Temperature	Relative humidity
15°C ~ 35°C	20% ~ 80%

### Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna.

The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing. Sweep the Restricted Band and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

This method refer to ANSI C63.10.

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz is as follows:

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

9kHz~150 kHz

RBW=200Hz, VBW=1kHz/ Sweep=AUTO

150 kHz~30MHz

RBW=9kHz, VBW=30kHz,/ Sweep=AUTO

Below 1GHz

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

a) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

b) Average emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO

c) Detector: The measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage

averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)

e) Sweep time = auto.

f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of  $1 / D$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)

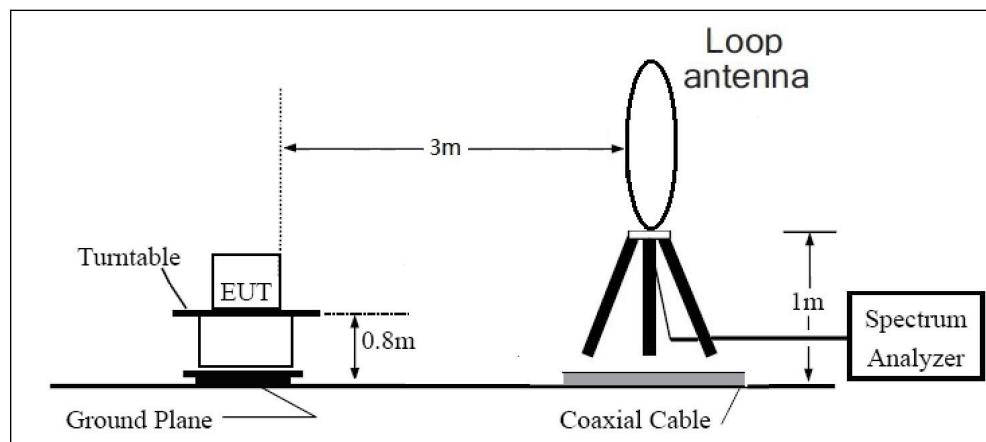
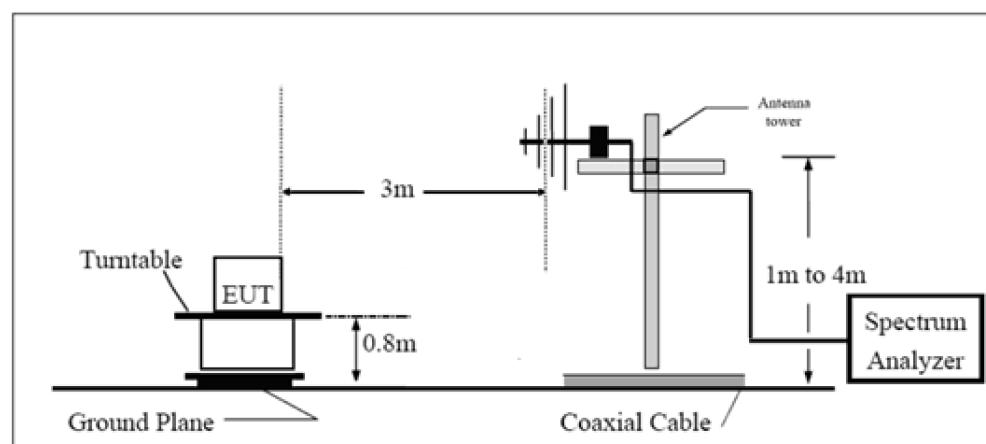
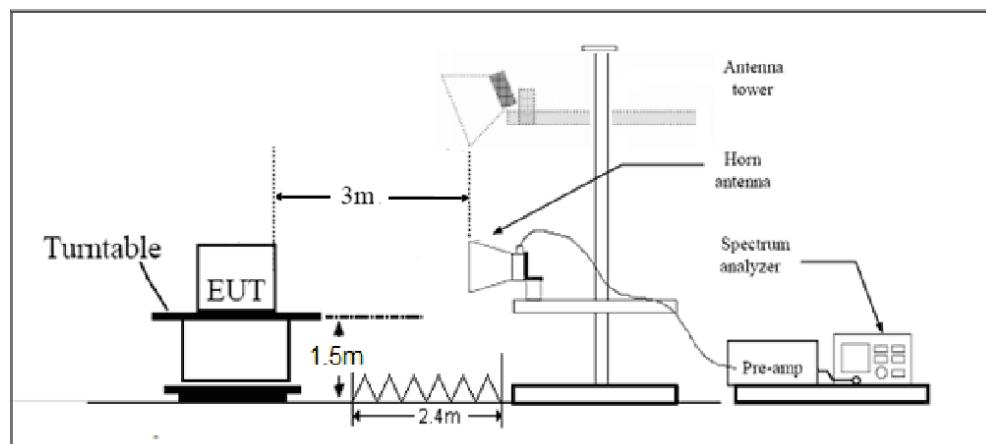
g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[10 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is  $[20 \log (1 / D)]$ , where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

The test is in transmitting mode.

**Test Setup**
**9kHz~ 30MHz**

**30MHz~ 1GHz**

**Above 1GHz**


Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

**Limits**

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).”

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength( $\mu$ V/m)	Field strength(dB $\mu$ V/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

§15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Peak Limit=74 dB $\mu$ V/m

Average Limit=54 dB $\mu$ V/m