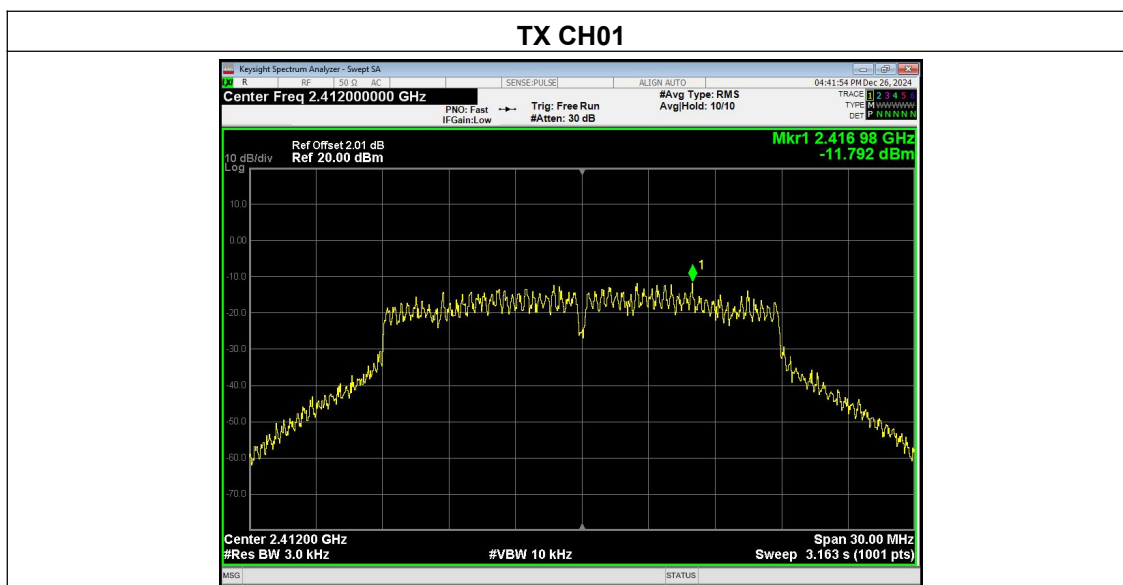




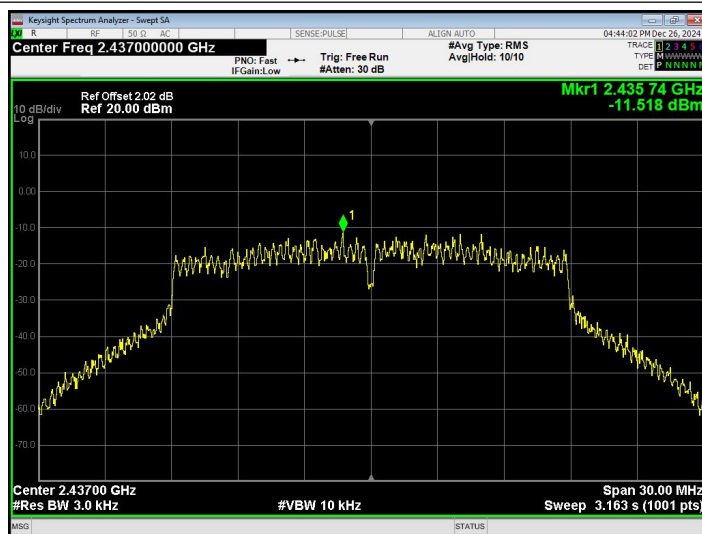
Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	TX n Mode(20M)		

Frequency	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Result
2412 MHz	-11.792	8	PASS
2437 MHz	-11.518	8	PASS
2462 MHz	-11.736	8	PASS

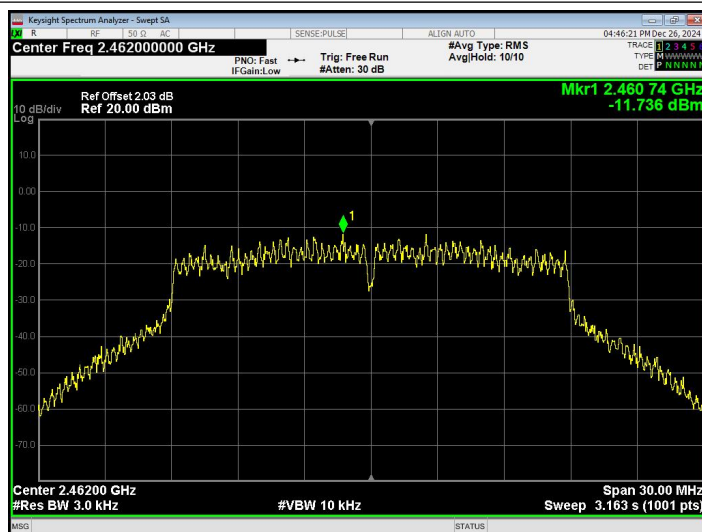




TX CH06



TX CH11





7. 6DB OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(2)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D0115.247 Meas Guidancev05r02

7.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

FCC Part15 (15.247) , Subpart C				
Section	Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range (MHz)	Result
15.247(a)(2)	Bandwidth	$\geq 500\text{KHz}$ (6dB Occupied Bandwidth)	2400-2483.5	PASS

7.2 TEST PROCEDURE

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

7.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

7.4 TEST SETUP



7.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 7.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.



7.6 TEST RESULT

Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	TX		

Test CH	6dB Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)				
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(HT20)	Limit(KHz)	Result
Lowest	10.072	15.12	15.121	>500	Pass
Middle	10.115	15.127	15.117		
Highest	10.089	15.115	15.124		

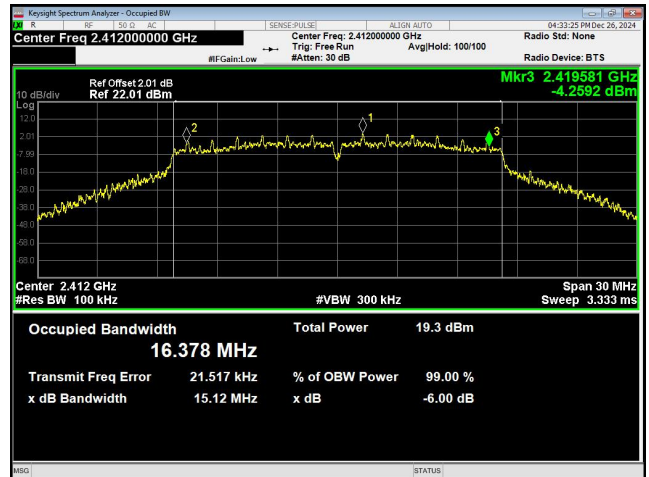
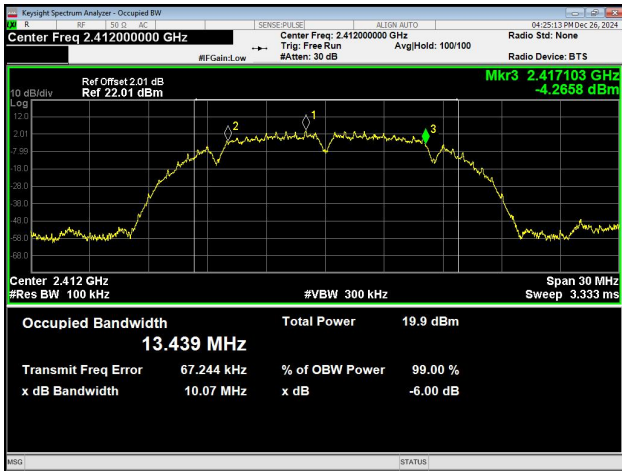


Test plot as follows:

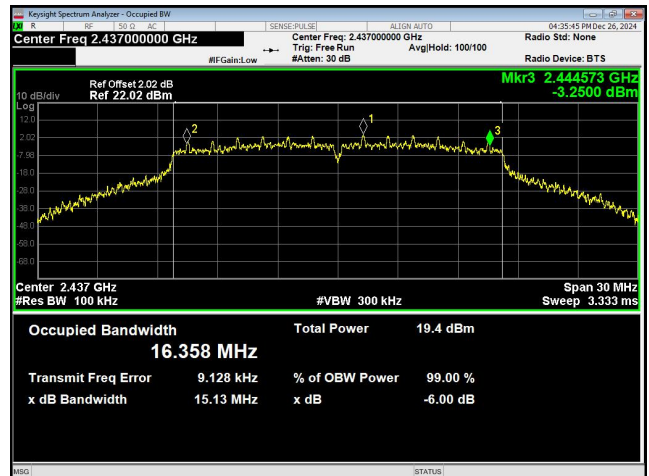
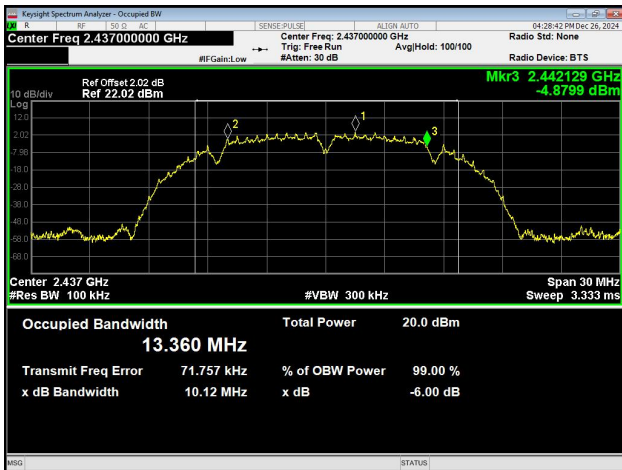
802.11b

802.11g

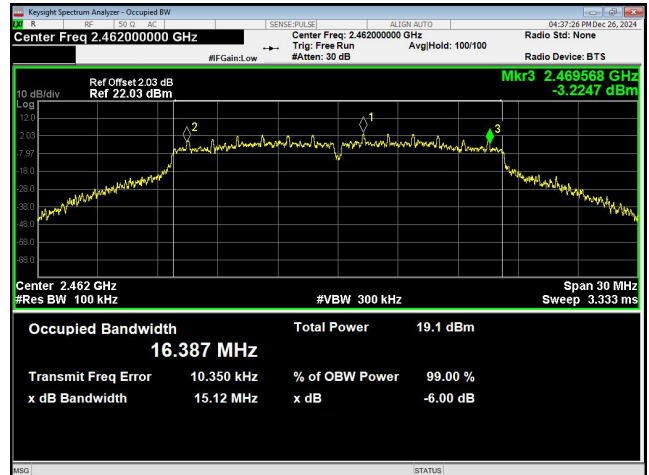
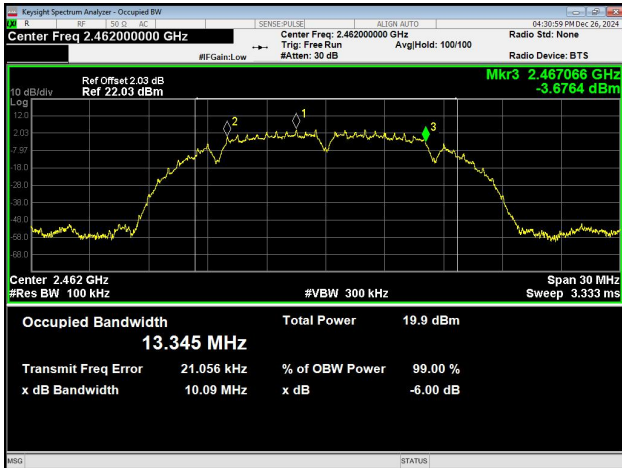
Lowest channel



Middle channel

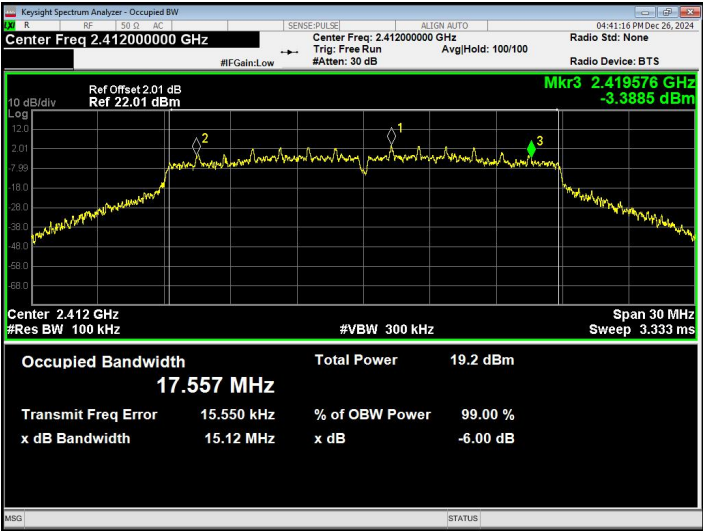


Highest channel

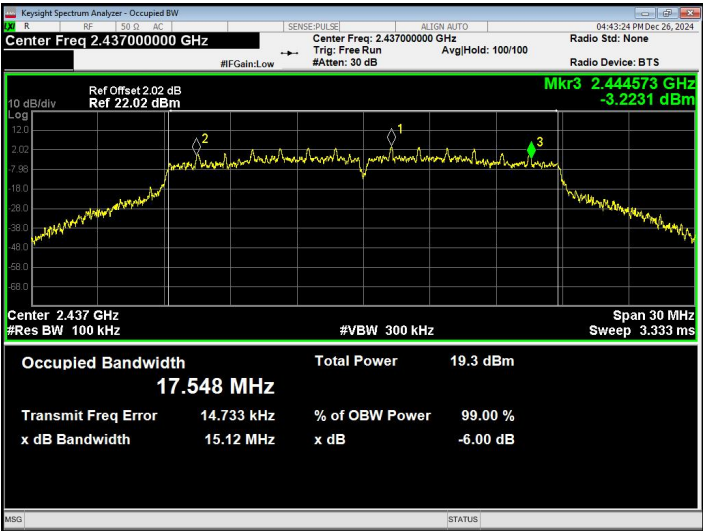




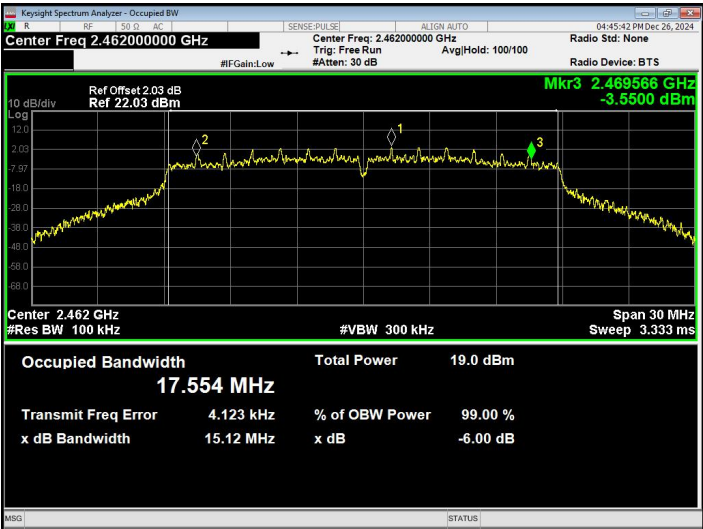
802.11n20
Lowest channel



Middle channel



Highest channel





8. PEAK OUTPUT POWER TEST

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D0115.247 Meas Guidancev05r02

8.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES/LIMIT

FCC Part15 (15.247) , Subpart C				
Section	Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range (MHz)	Result
15.247(b)(3)	Peak Output Power	1 watt or 30dBm	2400-2483.5	PASS

8.2 TEST PROCEDURE

- a. The EUT was directly connected to the Power meter

8.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

8.4 TEST SETUP



8.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 8.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.



8.6 TEST RESULT

Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity :	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz

Test CH	Peak Output Power (dBm)			Limit(dBm)	Result
	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n(HT20)		
Lowest	14.944	17.395	17.375	30.00	Pass
Middle	15.947	17.539	17.393		
Highest	14.839	17.316	17.176		



9. CONDUCTED BAND EDGE AND SPURIOUS EMISSION

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB558074 D0115.247 Meas Guidancev05r02

9.1 APPLICABLE STANDARD

in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in15.209(a).

9.2 TEST PROCEDURE

A. Reference level measurement, establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
 - Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
 - Set the VBW = $[3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - Detector = peak.
 - Sweep time = auto couple.
 - Trace mode = max hold.
 - Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
- Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

B. Emission level measurement, establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

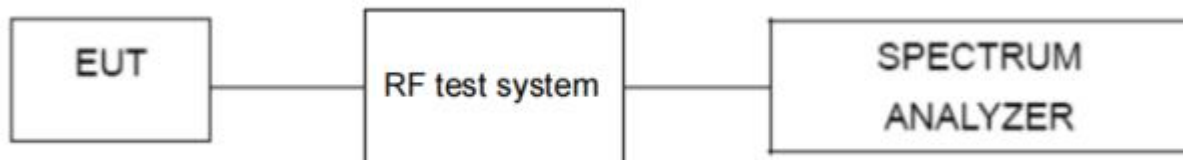
- Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
 - Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
 - Set the VBW = $[3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - Detector = peak.
 - Sweep time = auto couple.
 - Trace mode = max hold.
 - Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

9.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.



9.4 TEST SETUP



9.5 EUT OPERATION CONDITIONS

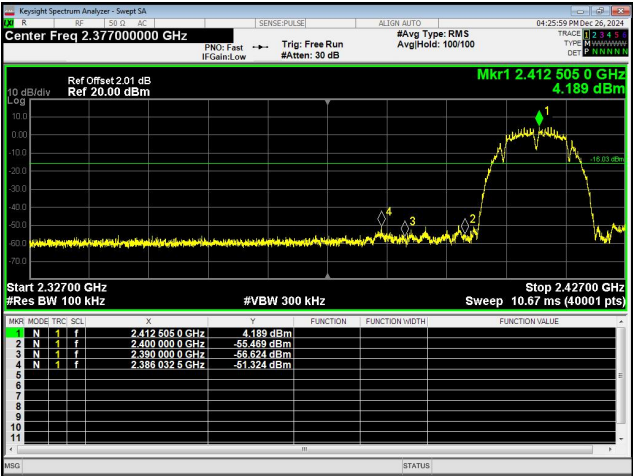
The EUT tested system was configured as the statements of 9.4 Unless otherwise a special operating condition is specified in the follows during the testing.

9.6 TEST RESULTS

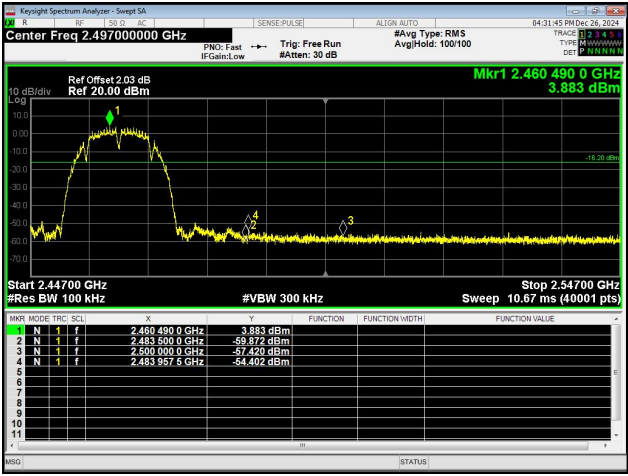


Test plot as follows:

Test mode: 802.11b

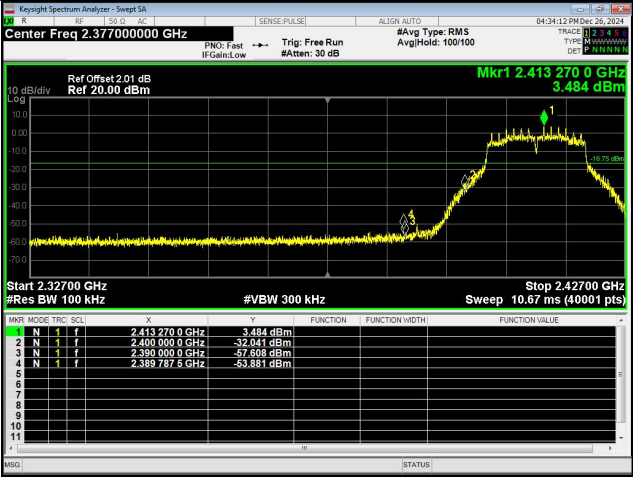


Lowest channel

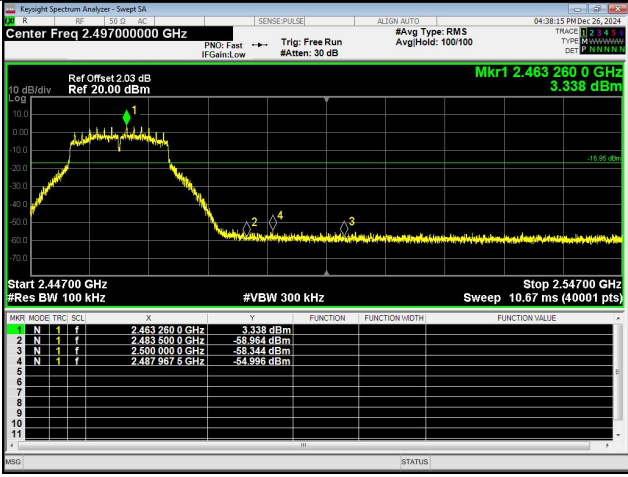


Highest channel

Test mode: 802.11g

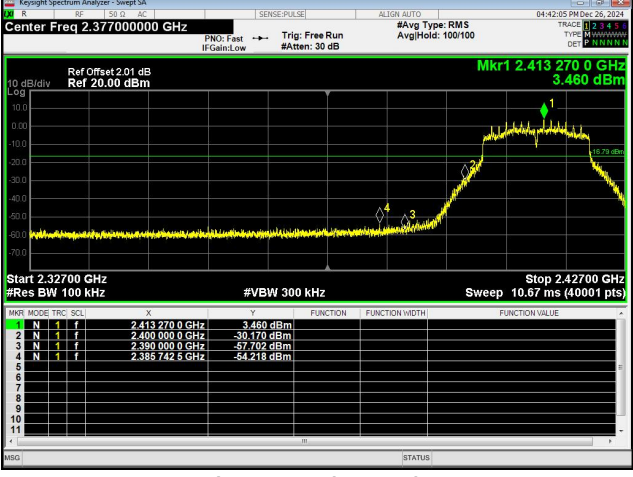


Lowest channel

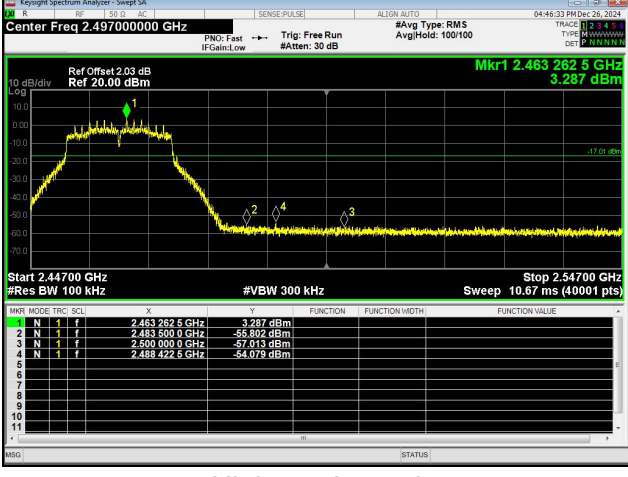


Highest channel

Test mode: 802.11n(HT20)



Lowest channel



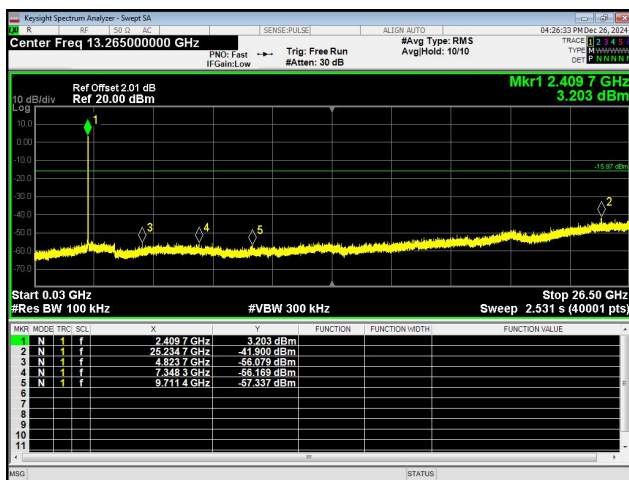
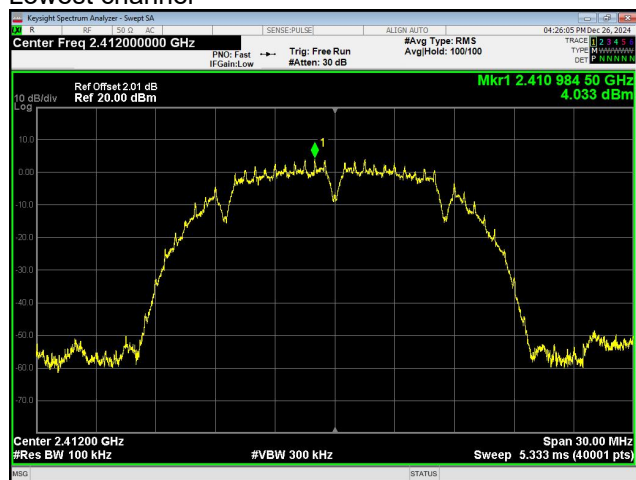
Highest channel



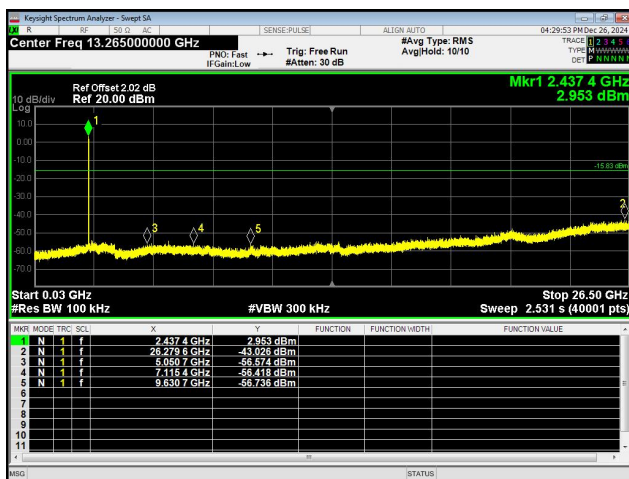
Test plot as follows:

802.11b

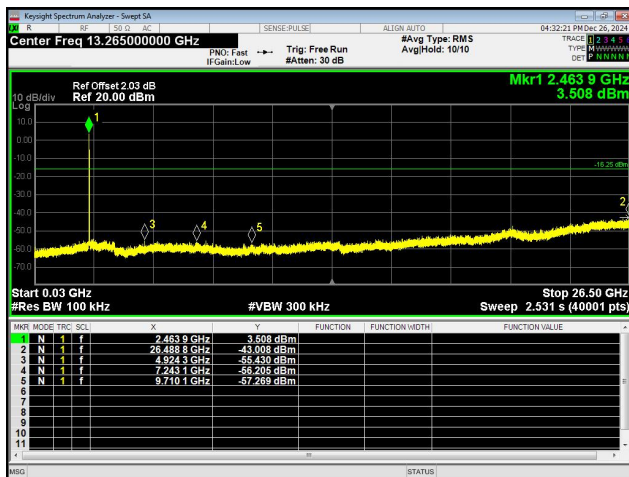
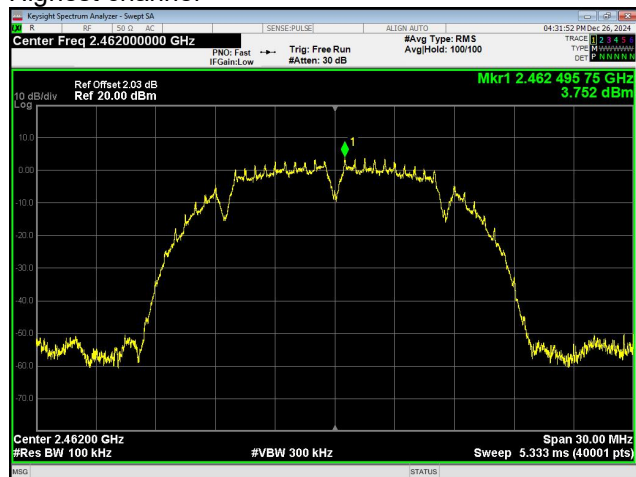
Lowest channel



Middle channel



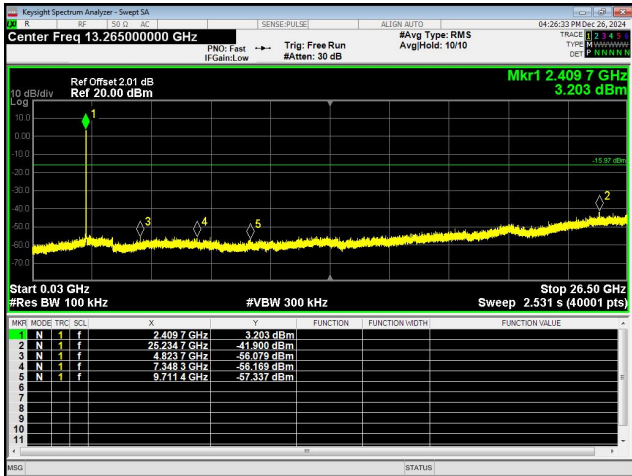
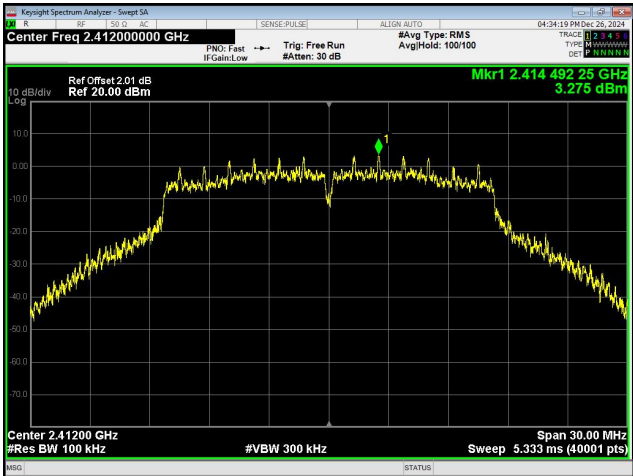
Highest channel



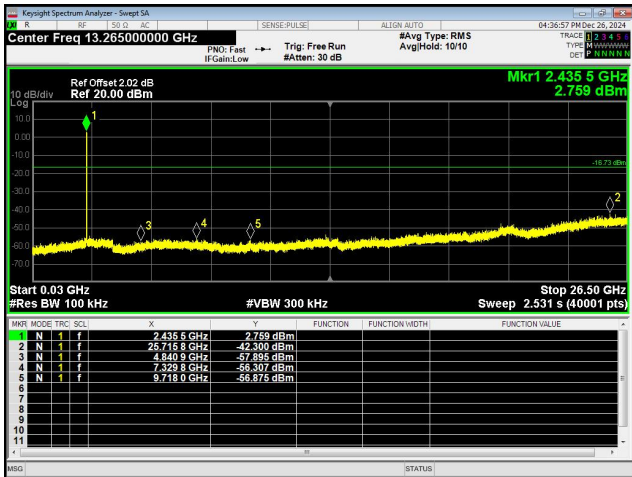
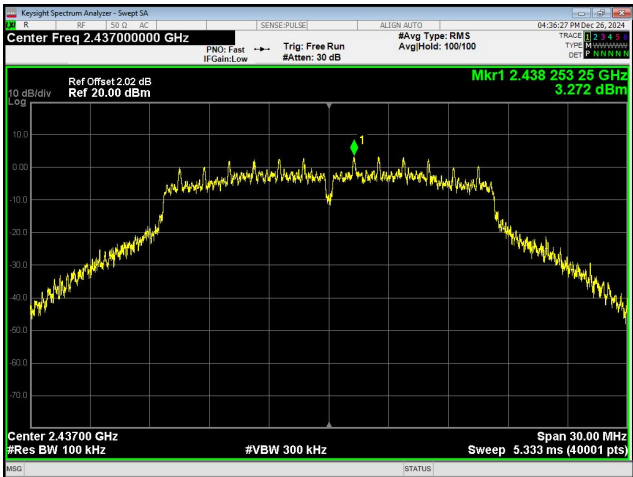


802.11g

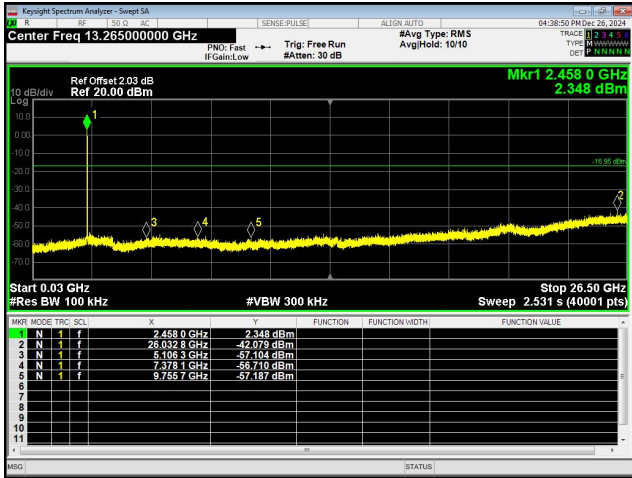
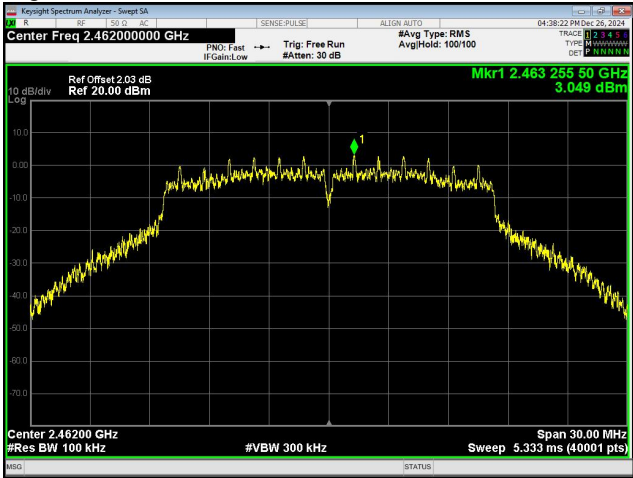
Lowest channel



Middle channel



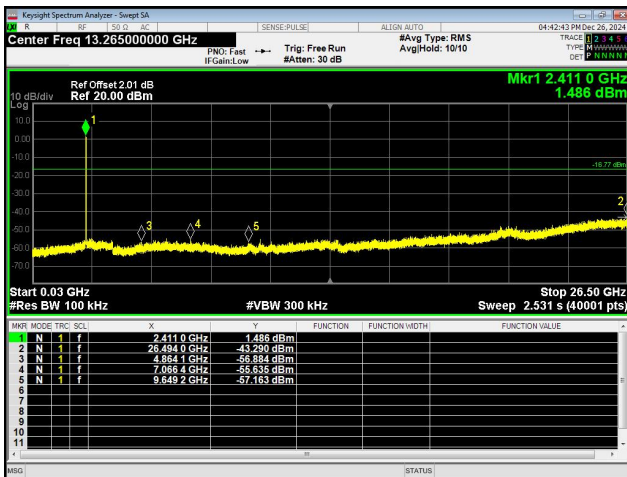
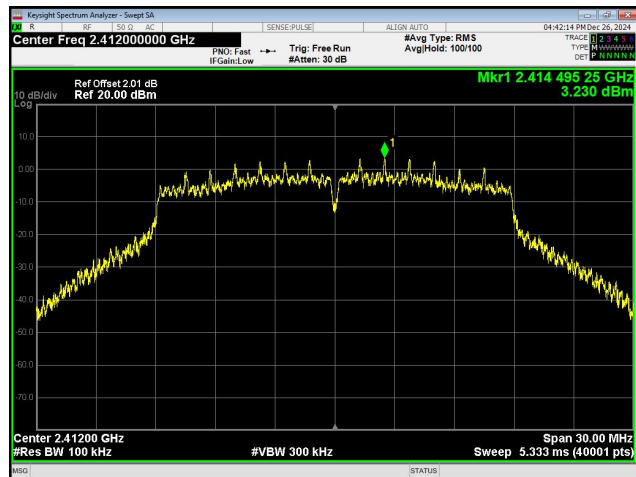
Highest channel



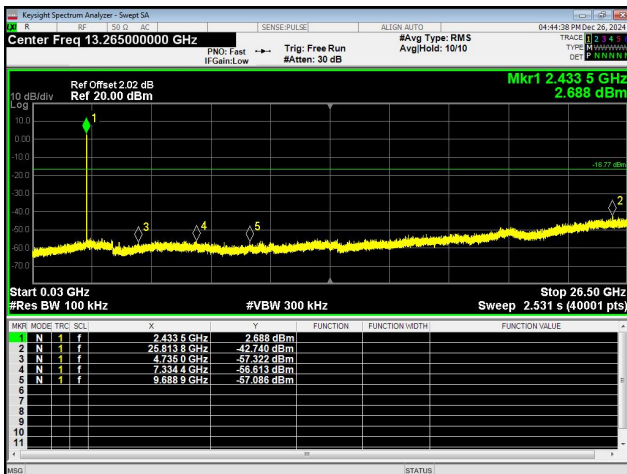
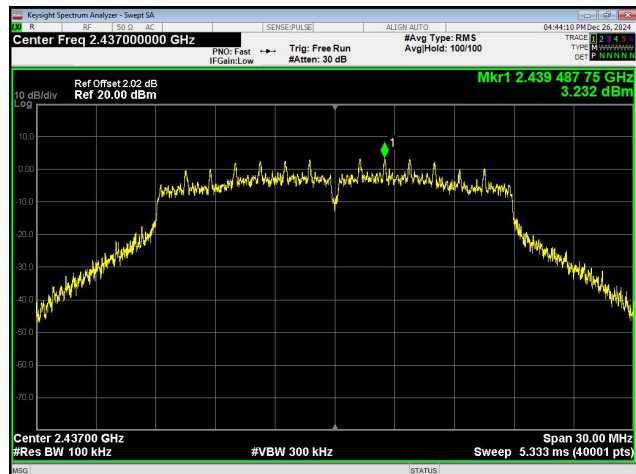


802.11n(HT20)

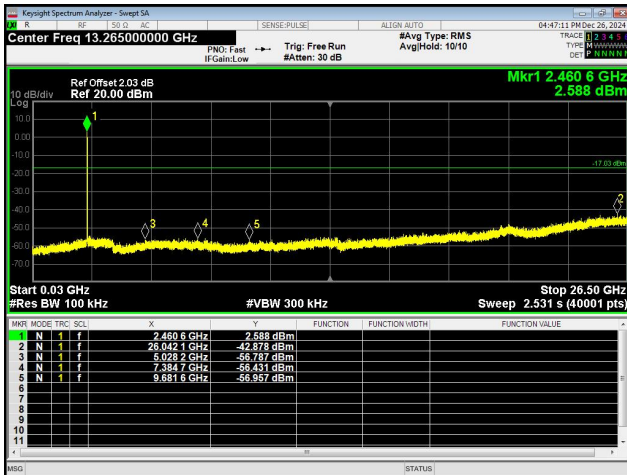
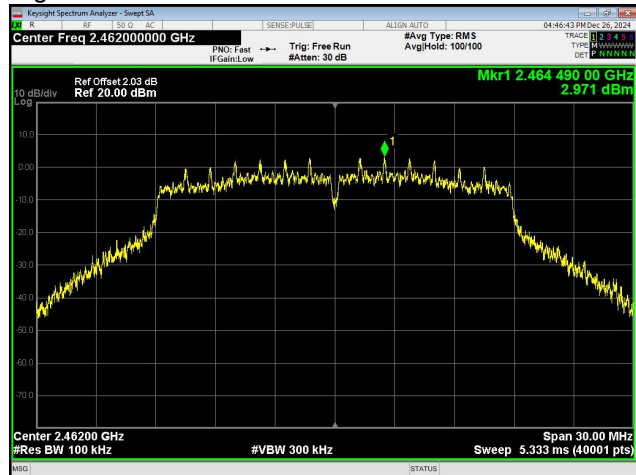
Lowest channel



Middle channel



Highest channel





10. DUTY CYCLE

Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
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10.1 APPLIED PROCEDURES / LIMIT

Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have a sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:
 - 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - 2) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
 - 3) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.
 - 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)

10.2 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

10.3 TEST SETUP

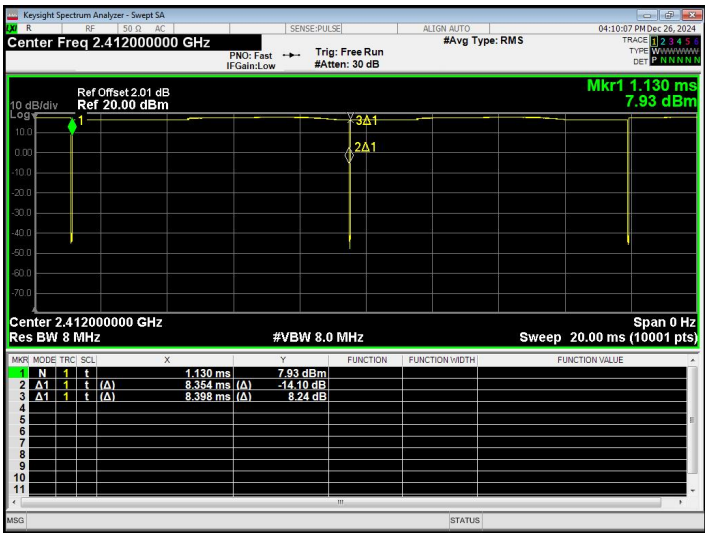




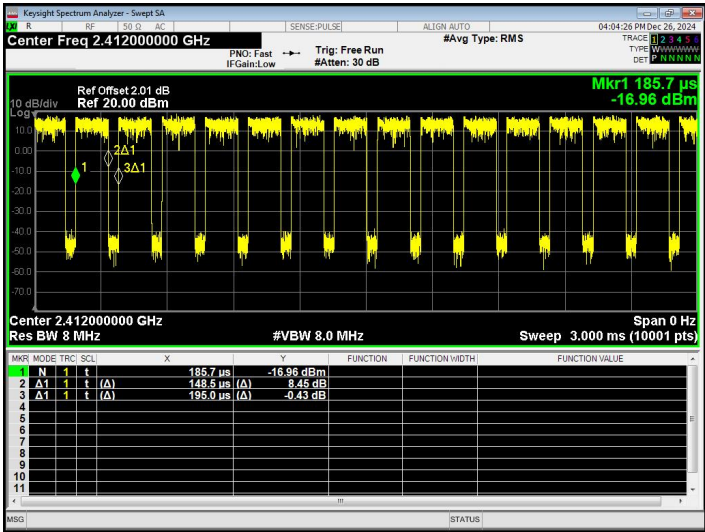
10.4 TEST RESULTS

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Duty Cycle (%)
802.11b	2412	99.40
802.11g	2412	75.00
802.11n20	2412	81.82

802.11b 2412MHz



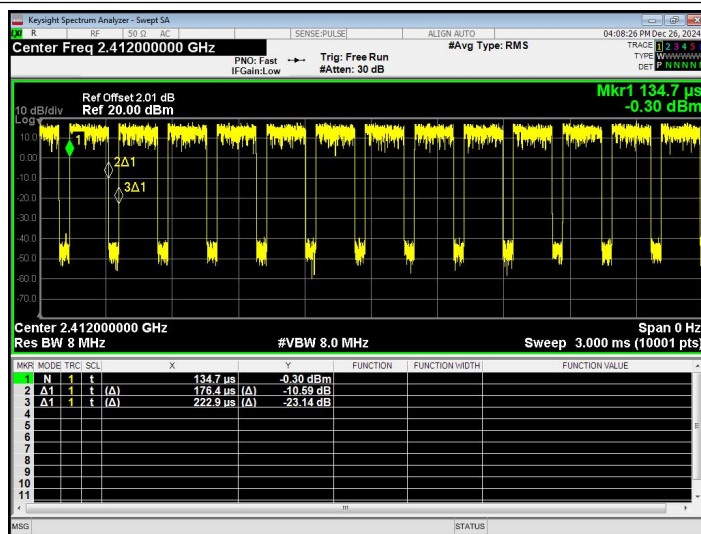
802.11g 2412MHz





802.11n20

2412MHz



Note: All channel have been tested, and the report only reflects the worst case data.

Duty Cycle= Ton /Total*100%

**11. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)
15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.	
15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement: (i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.	
EUT Antenna:	
The antenna is FPC ANT, the best case gain of the antenna is 4.32 dBi, reference to the appendix II for details	



12. TEST SETUP PHOTO

Reference to the appendix I for details.

13. EUT CONSTRUCTIONAL DETAILS

Reference to the appendix II for details.

※※※※※ END OF REPORT ※※※※※