



Report No.: TBR-C-202412-0153-6
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Maximum Permissible Exposure Evaluation

FCC ID: 2BNII-8810007FC1

1. Client Information

Applicant	:	Beijing Watch HuiTong Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	:	No.3 Anqing Street, Shunyi District, Beijing, China
Manufacturer	:	Beijing Watch HuiTong Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	:	No.3 Anqing Street, Shunyi District, Beijing, China

2. General Description of EUT

EUT Name	:	NFC Module/NFC Card	
Models No.	:	8810007FC1	
Model Different	:	N/A	
Brand Name	:	N/A	
Sample ID	:	HC-C-202412-0153-01-01	
Product Description	:	Operation Frequency:	NFC:13.56MHz
Antenna Gain	:	0dBi PCB Antenna	
Power Rating	:	Input: DC 12V	
Software Version	:	00D	
Hardware Version	:	H.A	

[TB-RF-074-1.0](#)

Method of Measurement for FCC

According to KDB 447498 and part 2.1093, Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition(s), listed below, is (are) satisfied.

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion

thresholds are determined by the following:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})]$.

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to f) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion (also illustrated in Appendix C)

1) For test separation distances $>$ 50 mm and $<$ 200 mm, the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by $[1 + \log(100/f(\text{MHz}))]$

2) For test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by $\frac{1}{2}$

Approximate SAR test exclusion power thresholds at selected frequencies and test separation distances are illustrated in the following table. The equation and threshold in 4.3.1 must be applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

MHz	< 50	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180	190	mm
100	237	474	481	487	494	501	507	514	521	527	534	541	547	554	561	567	mW
50	308	617	625	634	643	651	660	669	677	686	695	703	712	721	729	738	
10	474	948	961	975	988	1001	1015	1028	1041	1055	1068	1081	1095	1108	1121	1135	
1	711	1422	1442	1462	1482	1502	1522	1542	1562	1582	1602	1622	1642	1662	1682	1702	
0.1	948	1896	1923	1949	1976	2003	2029	2056	2083	2109	2136	2163	2189	2216	2243	2269	
0.05	1019	2039	2067	2096	2125	2153	2182	2211	2239	2268	2297	2325	2354	2383	2411	2440	
0.01	1185	2370	2403	2437	2470	2503	2537	2570	2603	2637	2670	2703	2737	2770	2803	2837	



When one of the following test exclusion conditions is satisfied for all combinations of simultaneous transmission configurations, further equipment approval is not required to incorporate transmitter modules in host devices that operate in the mixed mobile and portable host platform exposure conditions. The grantee is responsible for documenting this according to Class I permissive change requirements. Antennas that qualify for standalone SAR test exclusion must apply the estimated standalone SAR to determine simultaneous transmission test exclusion.

The $[\sum \text{ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) / 1.6 W/kg}] + [\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]$ is ≤ 1.0 .

b) The SAR to peak location separation ratios of all simultaneously transmitting antenna pairs operating in portable device exposure conditions are all ≤ 0.04 , and the $[\sum \text{ of MPE ratios}]$ is ≤ 1.0 .

Frequency (MHz)	Max. Output Power (dB μ V/m)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Tolerance \pm (dB)	Output power (Max. Turn-up Procedure) (mW)	Limit P _{th} (mW)
13.56MHz	29.51	-71.74	± 1	0.00000010	442.64

Note: For conducted measurements below 1000 MHz, the field strength shall be computed as specified in item d), and then an additional 4.7 dB shall be added as an upper bound on the field strength that would be observed on a test range with a ground plane for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, or an additional 6 dB shall be added for frequencies below 30 MHz.

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log d + 104.8$$

where

E is the electric field strength in dB μ V/m
EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm
 d is the specified measurement distance in m

So: EIRP = $E + 20 \log 3 - 104.8 - (4.7 \text{ or } 6)$

Note: At separation distance of ≤ 5 mm

Remark: Limit = $474 \times 1/2 \times (1 + \log(100/13.56)) = 442.64$

The measurement results comply with the FCC Limit per 47 CFR 2.1093 for the uncontrolled RF Exposure and SAR Exclusion Threshold per KDB 447498 D04, No SAR is required.

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