

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**In accordance with the requirements of
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name: Industrial tablet computer

Model No.: H101

Serial Model: H102,H104,H40,H80,H60,Q10,Q12,Q13,
Q801,Q802,Q601

Brand Name: Hosoton

Report No.: AiTSZ-241212036FW8

FCC ID: 2BNEC-H101

Prepared for

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TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant's name : Shenzhen Hosoton Technology Co.,Ltd.
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Manufacturer's Name : Shenzhen Hosoton Technology Co.,Ltd.
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Product description

Product name : Industrial tablet computer
Trademark : Hosoton
Model and/or type reference : H101
Serial Model..... : H102,H104,H40,H80,H60,Q10,Q12,Q13,Q801,Q802,Q601
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

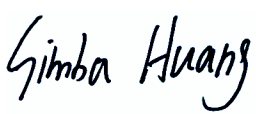
Standards..... : IEEE Std 1528-2013
Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Guangdong Asia Hongke Test Technology Limited. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093). The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests..... : Dec. 12, 2024 ~ Jan. 02, 2025
Date of Issue..... : Jan. 14, 2025
Test Result..... : **Pass**

Tester/Reviewed by: 
Simba Huang

Approved by: 
Seal.chen

※ ※ **Revision History** ※ ※

REV.	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	REMARK
Rev.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	Jan. 14, 2025	Seal.chen

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing as follows.

Band	Max SAR Value Reported(W/kg)	
	1-g Body (Separation distance of 0mm)	Max SAR Summation
GSM850	0.485	Body: 1.537
GSM1900	0.630	
WCDMA Band II	0.633	
WCDMA Band V	0.439	
LTE band 2	0.665	
LTE band 5	0.381	
LTE band 7	0.663	
LTE band 41	0.748	
2.4GHz WLAN	0.305	
5.2GHz WLAN	0.754	
5.8GHz WLAN	0.789	

NOTE: The Max SAR Summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name	Industrial tablet computer		
Model Name	H101		
Family Model	H102,H104,H40,H80,H60,Q10,Q12,Q13,Q801,Q802,Q601		
Device Phase	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment		
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna		
Battery Information	DC 3.8V 8000mAh 30.4Wh Rechargeable Li-ion battery		
Hardware version	N/A		
Software version	N/A		
Device Operating Configurations			
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM 850/1900, WCDMA Band 2/5, LTE Band 2/5/7/41, WLAN 2.4G/5G, Bluetooth		
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCDMA(QPSK), LTE(QPSK/16QAM), WLAN(DSSS/OFDM), Bluetooth(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	B		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 7	2500-2570	2620-2690
	LTE Band 41	2555- 2655	
	WLAN 2.4G	2412-2462	
	WLAN 5.2G	5180-5240	
	WLAN 5.8G	5745-5825	
	Bluetooth	2402-2480	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
Power Class	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		
	3, tested with power control “all 1”(WCDMA Band 2)		

	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 2)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 5)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 7)
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 41)

1.4. Test specification(s)

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

1.6. Test Facility

Test Laboratory:

Guangdong Asia Hongke Test Technology Limited

B1/F, Building 11, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

The test facility is recognized, certified or accredited by the following organizations:

FCC-Registration No.: 251906 Designation Number: CN1376

Guangdong Asia Hongke Test Technology Limited has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

IC —Registration No.: 31737 CAB identifier: CN0165

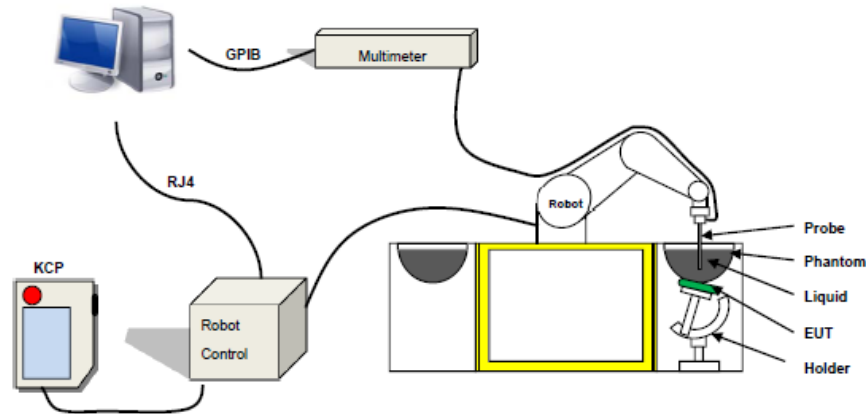
The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Guangdong Asia Hongke Test Technology Limited has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 31737c

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 7133.01

Guangdong Asia Hongke Test Technology Limited has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EPGO 0523-403 with following specifications is used.



- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 150 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

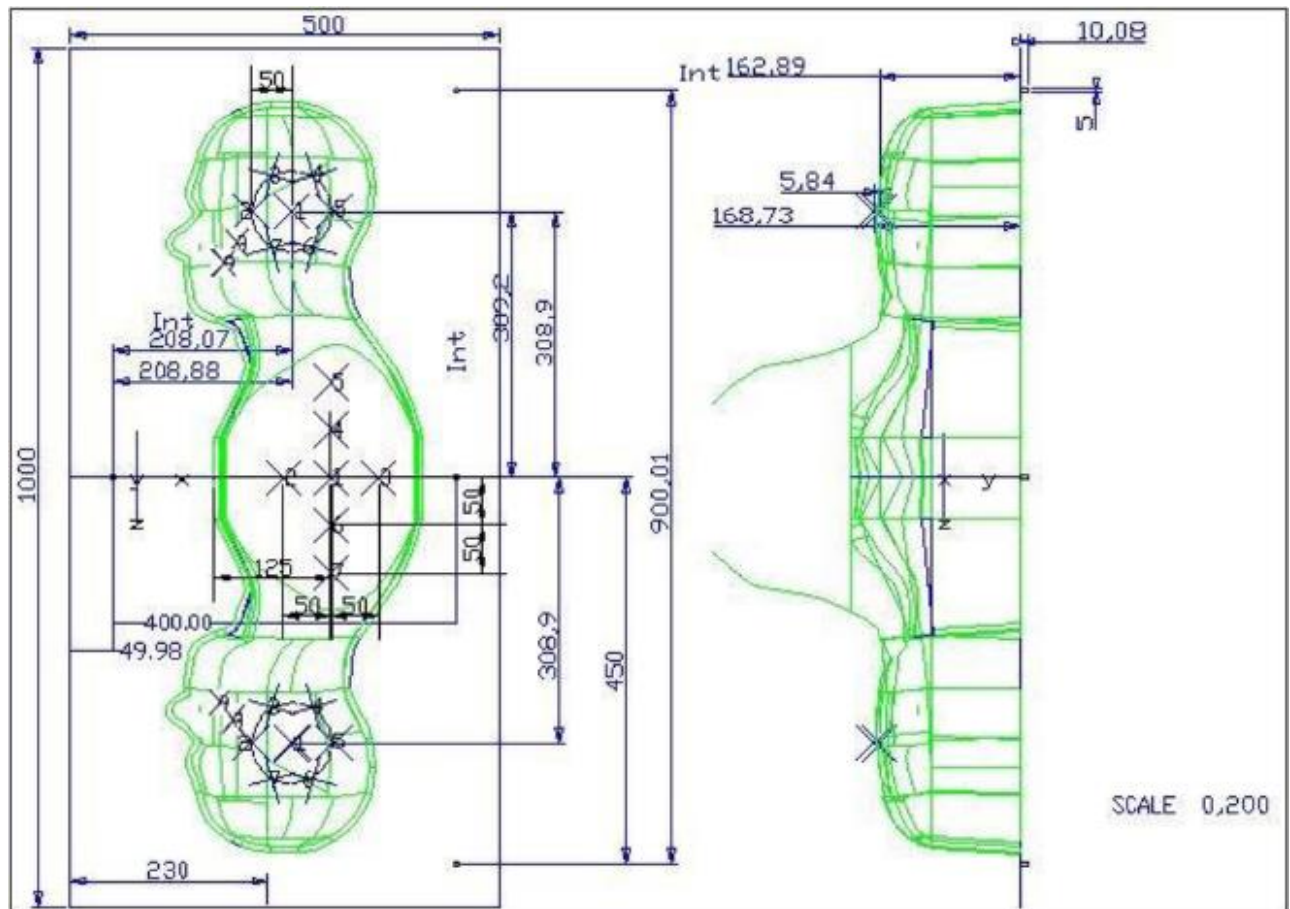
2.4. Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



SAM

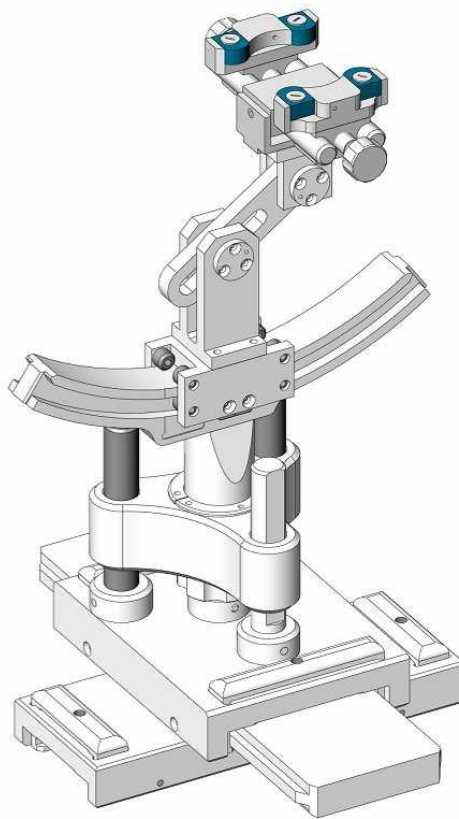
2.5. Technical Data



Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 µm.

2.6. Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

2.7. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked ☒

	Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
☒	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	EPGO 0523-403	Sep. 11, 2024	Sep. 10, 2025
☐	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☐	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DI P 0G900-348	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☐	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☐	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☐	MVG	2300 MHz Dipole	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Feb. 21, 2024	Feb. 20, 2027
☒	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
☒	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	R&S	Wideband radio communication tester	CMW500	116581	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025

☒	Agilent	PSG Analog Signal Generator	E8257D	MY51110112	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102140	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102215	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	JFW	attenuator	50FPE-006	4360846-494-4	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	JFW	attenuator	50FPE-006	4360846-492-1	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	JFW	attenuator	50FPE-006	4360846-490-6	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jul. 01, 2024	Jun. 30, 2025
☒	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2024	Jul. 16, 2027
☒	MVG	SAR Phantom	SSM2	SN 24/11 SAM87	NCR	NCR
☒	MVG	Device Holder	SMPPD	SN 24/11 MSH73	NCR	NCR

3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For Wi-Fi/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure Wi-Fi/BT output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan

above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · Δz _{Zoom} (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is used to determine this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful for multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is defined in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.

4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.



4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

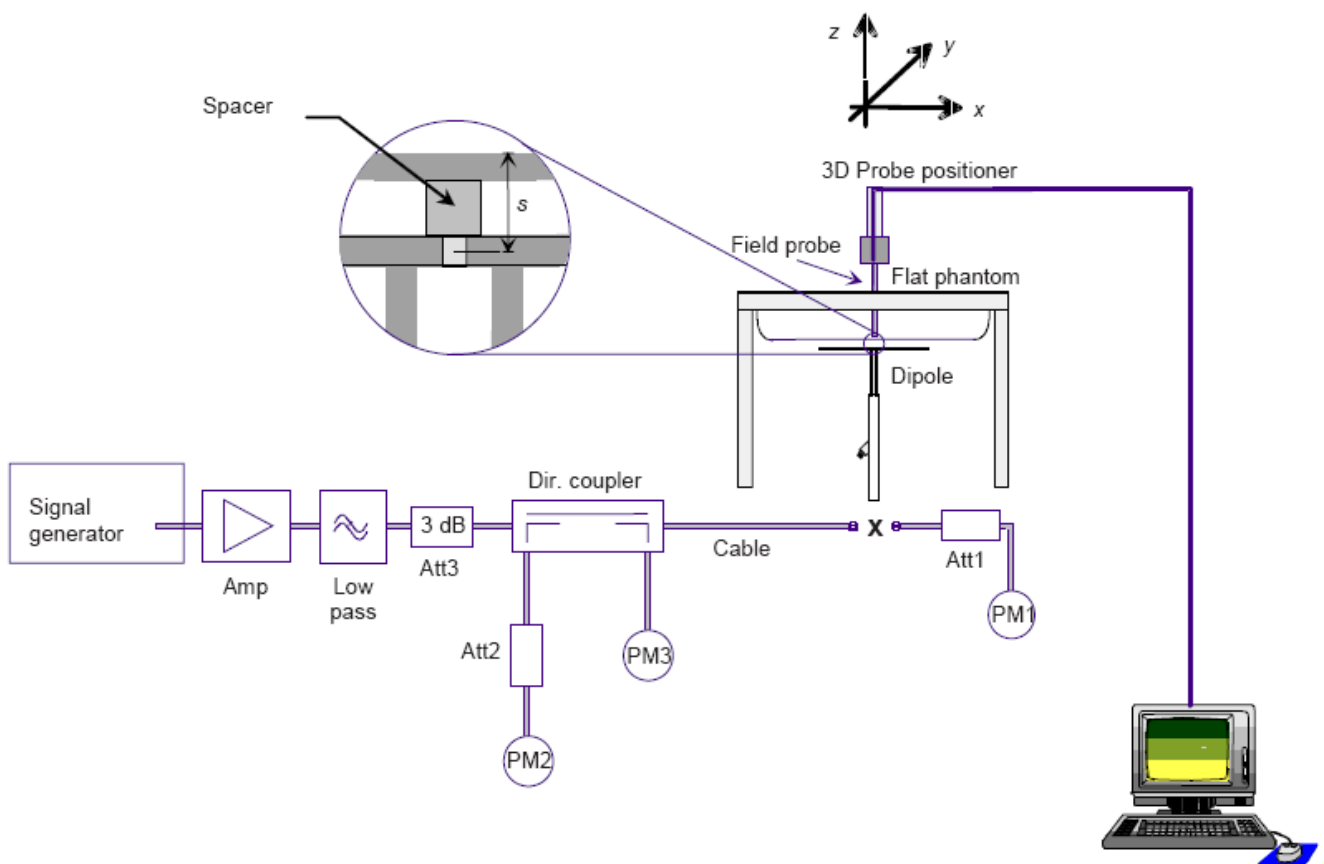
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		$\epsilon_r (\pm 5\%)$	$\sigma \text{ (S/m)} (\pm 5\%)$	ϵ_r	$\sigma \text{ (S/m)}$		
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	42.01	0.94	21.1 °C	Dec. 12, 2024
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	41.42	1.39	21.4 °C	Dec. 13, 2024
Head 2450	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	40.41	1.82	21.3 °C	Dec. 16, 2024
Head 2600	2600	39.01 (37.06~40.96)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	39.43	1.99	21.4 °C	Dec. 18, 2024
Head 5200	5200	36.00 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	37.40	4.51	21.5 °C	Dec. 20, 2024
Head 5800	5800	35.30 (33.54~37.07)	5.27 (5.01~5.53)	35.30	5.27	21.4 °C	Jan. 02, 2025

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



4.2.1. System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the verification data should be within its specification of $\pm 10\%$. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance verification can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix B of this report.

System Verification	Power fed to reference dipole (mW)	Measured SAR Value		Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Target SAR Value (1W)		Deviation (%)		Test Date
		1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	
835MHz	100	1.011	0.612	10.11	6.12	9.40	6.28	7.55%	-2.55%	Dec. 12, 2024
1900MHz	100	4.154	2.153	41.54	21.53	39.69	20.92	4.66%	2.92%	Dec. 13, 2024
2450MHz	100	5.184	2.359	51.84	23.59	50.05	23.80	3.58%	-0.88%	Dec. 16, 2024
2600MHz	100	5.433	2.523	54.33	25.23	54.16	24.85	0.31%	1.53%	Dec. 18, 2024
5200MHz	100	14.712	5.212	147.12	52.12	162.59	56.21	-9.51%	-7.28%	Dec. 20, 2024
5800MHz	100	16.421	5.623	164.21	56.23	182.2	61.32	-9.87%	-8.30%	Jan. 02, 2025

5. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

6. SAR Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

7. RF Exposure Positions

7.1. Tablet PC host platform exposure conditions

Refer to KDB616217 D04, when the modular approach is used, transmitters and modules must be initially tested for standalone operations in generic host conditions according to the following minimum test separation distance and antenna installation requirements for incorporation in the tablet platform. The separation distance required for incorporation in qualified hosts is described in KDB 447498; item 5) of section 4.1 and item 1) of section 5.2.2 etc.

- ≤ 5 mm between the antenna and user for both back surface and edge exposure conditions
- the antennas used by the host must have been tested for equipment approval or qualify for SAR test exclusion
- the antenna polarization, physical orientation, rotation and installation configurations used by the host must have been tested for compliance or qualify for test exclusion
- when the *SAR Test Exclusion Threshold* in KDB 447498 applies, a *test separation distance* of 5 mm is required to determine test exclusion for the tablet platform

The antennas embedded in tablets are typically ≤ 5 mm from the outer housing. The required antenna to user test separation distance is a “not to exceed test” distance required to apply the modular approach. Instead of the typical zero gap tablet edge test requirement between the edge of a tablet and the user, when an antenna has been tested at ≤ 5 mm according to the modular approach it can be incorporated into tablets with at least twice the tested distance from the outer housing of the tablet edge; otherwise, the tablet edge zero gap test requirement applies. When the dedicated host approach is applied, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom.

8. RF Output Power

8.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Factor	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	128	189	251		Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8			824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK)	33.50	33.10	33.18	33.13	/	/	/	/	/
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	33.50	33.08	33.12	33.06	-9.03	24.47	24.05	24.09	24.03
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	32.50	32.33	32.39	32.34	-6.02	26.48	26.31	26.37	26.32
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	31.00	30.57	30.64	30.63	-4.26	26.74	26.31	26.38	26.37
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	30.50	29.39	29.52	30.25	-3.01	27.49	26.38	26.51	27.24
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	28.50	27.13	28.20	27.02	-9.03	19.47	18.10	19.17	17.99
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	26.00	25.83	25.82	25.79	-6.02	19.98	19.81	19.80	19.77
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	24.00	23.67	23.60	23.54	-4.26	19.74	19.41	19.34	19.28
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	23.50	21.61	23.49	21.52	-3.01	20.49	18.60	20.48	18.51

Band GSM1900	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Factor	Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	512	661	810		Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8			1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	30.00	29.93	29.68	29.69	/	/	/	/	/
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	30.00	29.93	29.65	29.66	-9.03	20.97	20.90	20.62	20.63
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	28.00	27.76	27.57	27.97	-6.02	21.98	21.74	21.55	21.95
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	26.50	26.23	26.07	26.47	-4.26	22.24	21.97	21.81	22.21
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	25.00	24.25	24.10	24.51	-3.01	21.99	21.24	21.09	21.50
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.00	26.74	26.39	26.13	-9.03	17.97	17.71	17.36	17.10
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	25.00	24.94	24.57	24.32	-6.02	18.98	18.92	18.55	18.30
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	23.00	22.93	22.56	22.34	-4.26	18.74	18.67	18.30	18.08
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	21.00	20.89	20.79	20.54	-3.01	17.99	17.88	17.78	17.53

Note:

Remark: GPRS, CS4 coding scheme. EGPRS, MCS5 coding scheme.

Multi-Slot Class 8, Support Max 4 downlink, 1 uplink, 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 10, Support Max 4 downlink, 2 uplink, 5 working link

Multi-Slot Class 12, Support Max 4 downlink, 4 uplink, 5 working link

SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.

The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum

Burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 TX Slot) – 9.03 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 TX Slots) – 6.02 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 TX Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 TX Slots) – 3.01 dB

8.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

1. Release99 Setup Configuration

Mode	Subtest	Rel99
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1
	β_c/β_d	8/15

2. HSDPA Setup Configuration

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm 1			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	Bd (SF)	64			
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
HSDPA Specific Settings	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	D_{ACK}	8			
	D_{NAK}	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

3. HSUPA Setup Configuration

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subtest	1	2	3	4	5
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm1				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	15/15
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	24/15
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	15/15
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	30/15
	β_{ed}	1309/225	94/75	47/15 47/15	56/75	134/15
	CM (dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
HSDPA Specific Settings	D_{ACK}	8				
	D_{NAK}	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback (Table 5.2B.4)	4ms				

HSUPA Specific Settings	CQI Repetition Factor (Table 5.2B.4)	2				
	Ahs = β_{hs}/β_c	30/15				
	D E-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI (from 34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9

4. WCDMA Conducted Power Results

Choose the highest output power mode RMC 12.2Kbps for Band V/II at middle channel to test SAR and determine the worst configuration for further high/low channel test.

WCDMA Band II	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC12.2K	22.50	22.37	22.18	22.38
HSDPA Sub 1	22.00	21.89	21.66	21.91
HSDPA Sub 2	22.00	21.90	21.66	21.90
HSDPA Sub 3	22.00	21.91	21.66	21.91
HSDPA Sub 4	22.00	21.91	21.64	21.87
HSUPA Sub 1	20.00	19.83	19.79	19.91
HSUPA Sub 2	20.00	19.79	19.32	19.94
HSUPA Sub 3	20.00	19.22	19.80	19.90
HSUPA Sub 4	20.00	19.78	19.78	19.91
HSUPA Sub 5	20.00	19.81	19.32	19.90

WCDMA Band V	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	23.50	23.07	22.95	22.78
HSDPA Sub 1	23.00	22.57	22.36	22.36
HSDPA Sub 2	23.00	22.59	22.38	22.37
HSDPA Sub 3	23.00	22.61	22.39	22.38
HSDPA Sub 4	23.00	22.57	22.35	22.33
HSUPA Sub 1	20.50	20.16	19.90	20.15
HSUPA Sub 2	20.50	20.45	19.91	20.15
HSUPA Sub 3	20.50	19.88	20.13	20.15
HSUPA Sub 4	20.50	20.41	20.13	20.13
HSUPA Sub 5	20.50	20.08	20.13	19.59

8.3. LTE Conducted Power

- The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 36.521-1 specification. A summary of these configurations are illustrated below:

Test Parameters for Channel Bandwidths				
Ch BW	Downlink Configuration	Mod'n	Uplink Configuration	
	N/A for Max UE output power testing		RB allocation	
			FDD	TDD
1.4MHz		QPSK	1	1
1.4MHz		QPSK	5	5
3MHz		QPSK	1	1
3MHz		QPSK	4	4
5MHz		QPSK	1	1
5MHz		QPSK	8	8
10MHz		QPSK	1	1
10MHz		QPSK	12	12
15MHz		QPSK	1	1
15MHz		QPSK	16	16
20MHz		QPSK	1	1
20MHz		QPSK	18	18
Note 1: Test Channel Bandwidths are checked separately for each E-UTRA band, the applicable channel bandwidths are specified in Table 5.4.2.1-1. Note 2: For E-UTRA bands not applied with Note 2 in Table 6.2.2.3-1: - The 1 RB allocation shall be tested at RB#0 for low and mid range, RB #max for high range test frequency. - The RBstart of non-1RB allocation shall be RB #0 for low and mid range, RB# (max +1 - RB allocation) for high range test frequency. Note 3: For E-UTRA bands applied with Note 2 in Table 6.2.2.3-1: - If the test channel bandwidth is larger than 4MHz, then the 1 RB allocation shall be tested at both RB #0 and RB #max. - If the test channel bandwidth is smaller or equal to 4MHz, then the 1 RB allocation shall be tested at RB #0. - If the test channel bandwidth = (FUL_high - FUL_low) specified by the operating band, then only one frequency range shall be tested and the 1 RB allocation shall be tested at RB #0, RB # $\left\lceil N_{RB}^{UL} / 2 \right\rceil$ and RB #max. - For non-1RB allocation, test frequency is middle range, and the RBstart shall be RB #0.				

2. LTE Conducted Power Results

LTE output list

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18607/1850.7	18900/1880	19193/1909.3
LTE Band 2	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.78	21.46	21.92
			1	2	22.00	21.78	21.49	21.92
			1	5	22.00	21.79	21.53	21.94
			3	0	22.00	21.90	21.60	21.80
			3	1	22.00	21.86	21.66	21.80
			3	2	22.00	21.88	21.60	21.81
			6	0	21.00	20.82	20.59	20.80
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	20.91	20.30	21.06
			1	2	22.00	20.89	20.28	21.08
			1	5	22.00	20.89	20.29	21.63
			3	0	21.50	20.70	20.48	21.01
			3	1	21.50	20.72	20.40	21.04
			3	2	21.50	20.67	20.46	21.03
			6	0	20.50	19.89	19.59	20.05
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18615/1851.5	18900/1880	19185/1908.5
LTE Band 2	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.75	21.59	21.78
			1	7	22.00	21.74	21.61	21.85
			1	14	22.00	21.72	21.61	21.84
			8	0	21.00	20.74	20.69	20.85
			8	4	21.00	20.81	20.69	20.86
			8	7	21.00	20.78	20.68	20.88
			15	0	21.00	20.77	20.68	20.94
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.05	20.58	21.66
			1	7	22.00	21.03	20.48	21.66
			1	14	22.00	21.01	20.36	21.65
			8	0	20.50	20.10	19.93	20.07
			8	4	20.50	20.11	19.83	20.11
			8	7	20.50	20.09	19.91	20.02
			15	0	20.00	19.99	19.82	19.94
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18625/1852.5	18900/1880	19175/1907.5
LTE Band 2	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.97	21.68	21.92
			1	12	22.00	21.84	21.51	21.91
			1	24	22.00	21.81	21.64	21.94
			12	0	21.00	20.80	20.61	20.92
			12	6	21.00	20.84	20.69	20.89
			12	11	21.00	20.87	20.70	20.87
			25	0	21.00	20.84	20.60	20.87
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	19.90	20.68	20.81
			1	12	21.00	19.91	20.70	20.79
			1	24	21.00	19.89	20.76	20.85
			12	0	20.00	19.92	19.70	19.78

			12	6	20.00	19.91	19.73	19.77
			12	11	20.00	19.86	19.64	19.81
			25	0	20.00	19.97	19.78	19.83
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18650/1855	18900/1880	19150/1905
LTE Band 2	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.91	21.67	21.94
			1	24	22.00	21.83	21.62	21.96
			1	49	22.00	21.77	21.72	21.97
			25	0	21.00	20.79	20.67	20.77
			25	12	21.00	20.77	20.66	20.87
			25	24	21.00	20.88	20.74	20.93
			50	0	21.00	20.81	20.66	20.83
		16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.34	20.47	21.03
			1	24	21.50	21.33	20.49	21.14
			1	49	21.50	21.30	20.53	21.10
			25	0	20.50	19.94	19.83	20.04
			25	12	20.50	19.95	19.87	20.05
			25	24	20.50	19.92	19.94	20.05
			50	0	20.50	19.88	19.78	20.02
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18675/1857.5	18900/1880	19125/1902.5
LTE Band 2	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.68	21.48	21.76
			1	37	22.00	21.65	21.48	21.74
			1	74	22.00	21.62	21.55	21.76
			36	0	21.00	20.75	20.68	20.87
			36	18	21.00	20.77	20.66	20.86
			36	37	21.00	20.76	20.76	20.81
			75	0	21.00	20.74	20.65	20.90
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.06	20.91	21.60
			1	37	22.00	20.96	20.87	21.62
			1	74	22.00	20.92	21.03	21.65
			36	0	20.00	19.95	19.81	19.89
			36	18	20.00	19.95	19.82	19.91
			36	37	20.00	19.91	19.79	19.94
			75	0	20.50	19.95	19.74	20.01
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		18700/1860	18900/1880	19100/1900
LTE Band 2	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.50	21.89	21.72	21.86
			1	49	22.50	21.85	21.69	22.00
			1	99	22.50	21.82	21.90	22.07
			50	0	21.00	20.78	20.68	20.83
			50	24	21.00	20.74	20.68	20.84
			50	49	21.00	20.71	20.83	20.85
			100	0	21.00	20.86	20.74	20.92
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	20.80	21.58	20.84
			1	49	22.00	20.79	21.57	20.98
			1	99	22.00	20.66	21.79	21.04
			50	0	20.00	19.97	19.76	19.88

			50	24	20.00	19.89	19.75	19.94
			50	49	20.00	19.93	19.72	20.00
			100	0	20.00	19.83	19.79	19.86

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3
LTE Band 5	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.50	21.60	23.42	23.34
			1	2	23.50	21.58	23.35	23.17
			1	5	23.50	21.62	23.37	23.25
			3	0	24.00	22.67	23.43	23.15
			3	1	24.00	22.62	23.49	23.10
			3	2	24.00	23.49	23.52	23.12
		16QAM	6	0	23.00	22.67	22.37	22.15
			1	0	23.50	23.22	23.04	22.19
			1	2	23.50	23.13	23.00	22.17
			1	5	23.50	23.19	23.02	22.21
			3	0	23.00	22.61	22.29	21.78
			3	1	23.00	22.58	22.31	21.87
			3	2	23.00	22.60	22.34	22.01
			6	0	22.00	21.82	21.46	21.34
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5
LTE Band 5	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.00	23.44	23.53	23.28
			1	7	24.00	23.42	23.45	23.22
			1	14	24.00	23.41	23.41	23.18
			8	0	23.00	22.59	22.38	22.22
			8	4	23.00	22.55	22.46	22.18
			8	7	23.00	22.46	22.48	22.20
			15	0	23.00	22.54	22.41	22.13
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	23.45	22.49	23.16
			1	7	23.50	23.42	22.39	23.09
			1	14	23.50	23.44	22.43	23.14
			8	0	22.00	21.90	21.57	21.28
			8	4	22.00	21.87	21.65	21.23
			8	7	22.00	21.79	21.63	21.32
			15	0	22.00	21.62	21.47	21.20
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5
LTE Band 5	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.00	23.52	23.47	23.26
			1	12	24.00	23.43	23.25	23.24
			1	24	24.00	23.45	23.26	23.15
			12	0	23.00	22.54	22.46	22.19
			12	6	23.00	22.44	22.39	22.27
			12	11	23.00	22.54	22.37	22.13
			25	0	22.50	22.47	22.45	22.14
		16QAM	1	0	23.00	22.08	22.70	22.65
			1	12	23.00	22.07	22.91	22.55
			1	24	23.00	22.07	22.90	22.58
			12	0	22.00	21.56	21.37	21.05

			12	6	22.00	21.51	21.48	21.08
			12	11	22.00	21.59	21.45	20.98
			25	0	22.00	21.51	21.56	21.08
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844
LTE Band 5	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.50	23.38	23.43	23.25
			1	24	23.50	23.39	23.34	23.14
			1	49	23.50	23.38	23.24	23.01
			25	0	23.00	22.55	22.36	22.31
			25	12	23.00	22.46	22.41	22.22
			25	24	23.00	22.43	22.36	22.13
			50	0	22.50	22.39	22.38	22.22
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.16	22.84	23.54
			1	24	24.00	23.16	22.70	23.44
			1	49	24.00	23.17	22.59	23.30
			25	0	22.00	21.56	21.56	21.40
			25	12	22.00	21.34	21.59	21.21
			25	24	22.00	21.51	21.50	21.14
			50	0	22.00	21.53	21.50	21.22

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5
LTE Band 7	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.50	21.43	21.48	21.17
			1	12	21.50	21.41	21.44	21.09
			1	24	21.50	21.39	21.47	21.16
			12	0	21.00	20.49	20.46	20.06
			12	6	21.00	20.58	20.56	20.10
			12	11	21.00	20.57	20.52	20.18
			25	0	21.00	20.51	20.44	20.15
		16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.14	21.00	19.84
			1	12	21.50	21.16	21.00	19.79
			1	24	21.50	21.18	21.06	19.82
			12	0	20.00	19.65	19.59	19.21
			12	6	20.00	19.61	19.65	19.19
			12	11	20.00	19.61	19.76	19.17
			25	0	20.00	19.70	19.63	19.27
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565
LTE Band 7	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.35	21.51	20.14
			1	24	22.00	21.40	21.49	20.13
			1	49	22.00	21.39	21.46	20.09
			25	0	21.00	20.55	20.55	20.20
			25	12	21.00	20.53	20.56	20.14
			25	24	21.00	20.57	20.51	20.19
			50	0	21.00	20.52	20.48	20.19
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	20.12	20.48	19.41
			1	24	21.00	20.16	20.52	19.40
			1	49	21.00	20.25	20.45	19.37
			25	0	21.00	20.60	19.68	19.47

			25	12	21.00	20.63	19.71	19.12
			25	24	21.00	20.68	19.69	19.45
			50	0	21.00	20.65	19.62	19.24
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5
LTE Band 7	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.50	19.39	20.42	19.26
			1	37	20.50	19.33	20.46	19.21
			1	74	20.50	19.46	20.40	19.21
			36	0	20.00	18.44	19.51	18.28
			36	18	20.00	18.48	19.41	18.22
			36	37	20.00	18.58	19.55	18.18
			75	0	20.00	18.49	19.56	18.18
		16QAM	1	0	20.50	19.35	20.44	18.87
			1	37	20.50	19.33	20.40	18.95
			1	74	20.50	19.34	20.43	18.89
			36	0	19.00	17.64	18.57	18.53
			36	18	19.00	17.57	18.45	17.29
			36	37	19.00	17.56	17.40	17.02
			75	0	18.00	17.68	17.49	17.30
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560
LTE Band 7	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	19.50	19.37	19.48	19.46
			1	49	19.50	19.41	19.48	19.45
			1	99	19.50	19.48	19.45	19.40
			50	0	19.00	18.43	18.40	18.20
			50	24	19.00	18.45	18.58	18.23
			50	49	19.00	18.43	18.51	18.15
			100	0	19.00	18.46	18.50	18.31
		16QAM	1	0	20.00	18.79	19.80	19.10
			1	49	20.00	18.85	19.77	19.02
			1	99	20.00	18.98	19.69	18.98
			50	0	19.50	18.16	18.68	18.25
			50	24	19.50	18.37	18.60	18.29
			50	49	19.50	18.65	18.55	19.45
			100	0	19.50	18.45	18.73	19.28

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40265/2557.5	40740/2605	41215/2652.5
LTE Band 41	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	19.63	19.02	20.79
			1	12	21.00	19.43	19.01	20.88
			1	24	21.00	19.65	19.27	20.91
			12	0	20.00	18.64	18.10	19.83
			12	6	20.00	18.71	18.30	18.84
			12	11	20.00	18.79	19.14	18.88
			25	0	20.50	18.61	20.10	18.84
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	20.21	20.55	19.31
			1	12	21.00	20.17	20.60	19.36
			1	24	21.00	20.26	20.69	19.47
			12	0	19.50	17.70	19.27	17.90

			12	6	19.50	17.71	19.11	17.91
			12	11	19.50	17.65	19.06	17.99
			25	0	19.50	17.88	19.23	17.86
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40290/2560	40740/2605	41190/2650
LTE Band 41	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.00	19.83	19.21	19.84
			1	24	20.00	19.92	18.85	19.67
			1	49	20.00	19.78	18.79	19.87
			25	0	19.00	18.71	18.28	18.93
			25	12	19.00	18.77	18.33	18.88
			25	24	19.00	18.71	18.29	18.81
			50	0	19.00	18.76	18.29	18.90
		16QAM	1	0	20.50	19.23	18.81	20.03
			1	24	20.50	19.08	18.90	20.19
			1	49	20.50	19.25	18.80	20.23
			25	0	18.50	17.78	17.40	17.99
			25	12	18.50	17.92	17.41	17.91
			25	24	18.50	17.91	17.54	18.04
			50	0	18.50	17.84	17.22	18.10
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40315/2562.5	40740/2605	41165/2647.5
LTE Band 41	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.00	19.71	19.18	20.94
			1	37	21.00	19.66	19.13	20.00
			1	74	21.00	19.60	19.06	20.90
			36	0	20.00	18.70	18.25	19.81
			36	18	20.00	18.63	18.27	19.97
			36	37	20.00	18.79	18.30	19.77
			75	0	20.00	18.74	18.18	19.78
		16QAM	1	0	21.00	19.18	20.85	20.13
			1	37	21.00	19.15	20.52	20.29
			1	74	21.00	19.90	20.05	20.34
			36	0	20.00	18.75	19.47	19.88
			36	18	20.00	18.78	19.26	19.87
			36	37	20.00	18.67	19.26	20.00
			75	0	20.50	18.76	19.18	20.07
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		40340/2565	40740/2605	41140/2645
LTE Band 41	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.00	21.49	21.38	21.45
			1	49	22.00	21.51	21.26	21.90
			1	99	22.00	21.55	21.56	21.90
			50	0	21.50	20.69	20.14	20.77
			50	24	21.50	20.77	20.30	21.02
			50	49	21.50	20.62	20.37	20.87
			100	0	21.00	20.80	20.15	20.85
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	21.92	21.53	20.91
			1	49	22.00	21.97	21.00	21.34
			1	99	22.00	21.83	21.79	21.37
			50	0	20.50	19.99	19.39	19.87
			50	24	20.50	20.06	19.46	20.13
			50	49	20.50	19.90	19.40	19.85



			100	0	20.00	19.78	19.42	19.85
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8.4. Wi-Fi & BT Output Power

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	16.00	15.13
	6	2437	15.00	14.84
	11	2462	15.00	14.43
802.11g	1	2412	16.00	15.14
	6	2437	16.00	15.09
	11	2462	15.00	14.43
802.11n HT20	1	2412	18.00	17.23
	6	2437	17.00	17.00
	11	2462	17.00	16.39
802.11n HT40	3	2422	18.00	17.77
	6	2437	18.00	17.72
	9	2452	18.00	17.36

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
802.11a	36	5180	10.00	9.73
	40	5200	10.00	9.75
	48	5240	12.00	11.04
802.11n HT20	36	5180	10.00	9.61
	40	5200	11.00	10.03
	48	5240	11.00	10.87
802.11n HT40	38	5190	11.00	10.19
	46	5230	12.00	11.24
802.11ac VHT20	36	5180	10.00	9.68
	40	5200	13.00	12.40
	48	5240	11.00	10.86
802.11ac VHT40	38	5190	13.00	12.22
	46	5230	12.00	11.28
802.11ac VHT80	42	5210	11.00	10.73

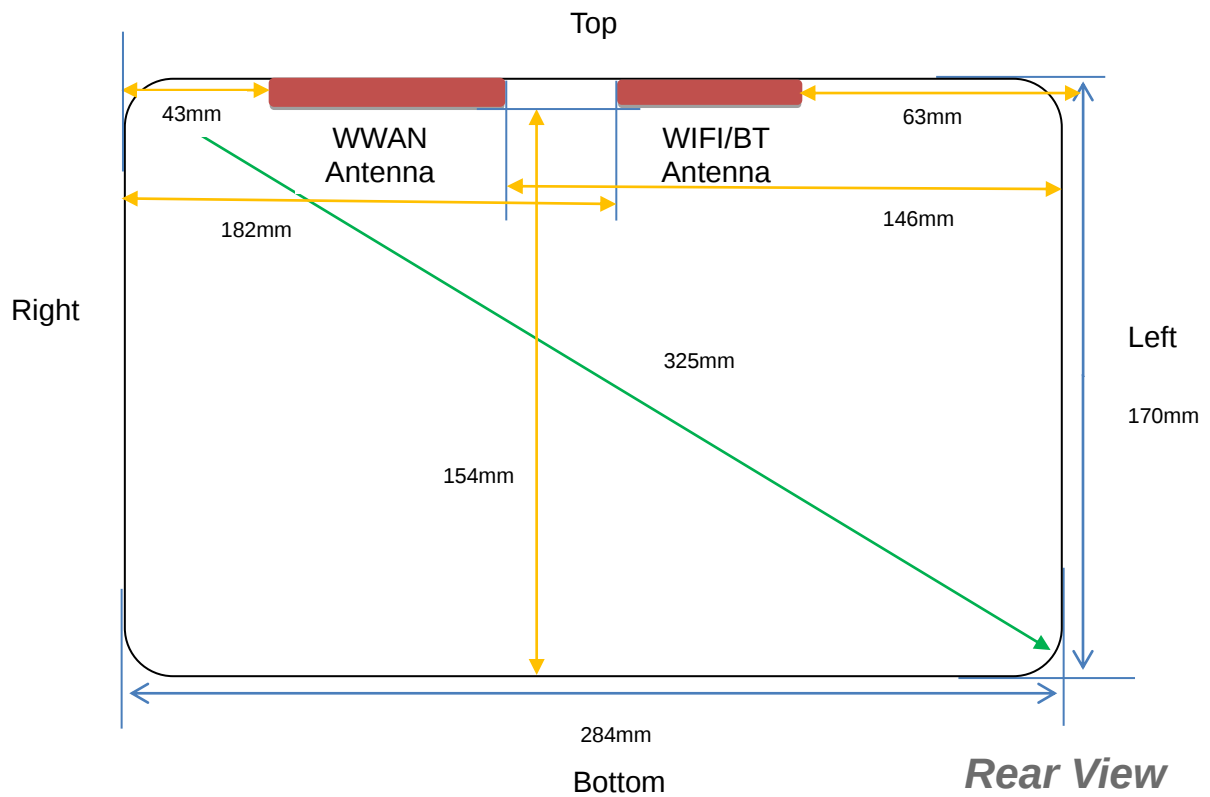
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
802.11a	149	5745	11.50	10.35
	157	5785	10.00	9.63
	165	5825	9.00	8.55
802.11n HT20	149	5745	11.00	10.38
	157	5785	10.00	9.67
	165	5825	9.00	8.45

802.11n HT40	151	5755	11.00	10.30
	159	5795	10.00	9.50
802.11ac VHT20	149	5745	11.00	10.42
	157	5785	10.00	9.61
	165	5825	9.00	8.56
802.11ac VHT40	151	5755	11.00	10.06
	159	5795	10.00	9.64
802.11ac VHT80	155	5775	11.00	10.01

BR+EDR	Output Power (dBm)				
	Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	Data Rates		
			1M	2M	3M
	0CH	3.00	2.52	1.73	1.73
	39CH	3.00	2.62	1.87	1.86
	78CH	3.00	2.71	1.88	1.90

Mode	Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	Output Power (dBm)
BLE1M	CH00	1.00	0.73
	CH19	1.00	0.92
	CH39	1.00	0.87

9. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion



Antenna information:

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)					
Antennas	Back Side	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side
BT/WLAN	5	5	154	63	182
WWAN	5	5	154	146	43

Note: When the minimum separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Positions for SAR tests		
Test separation distances > 50 mm		
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 2.4G	
	18.00 dBm	63.10 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	63
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	226
	SAR testing required?	NO
Right Side	Antenna to user(mm)	182
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1416
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1136
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 5.2G	
	13.00 dBm	19.95 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	63
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	196
	SAR testing required?	NO
Right Side	Antenna to user(mm)	182
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1386
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1106
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of WLAN 5.8G	
	11.50 dBm	14.13 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	63
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	192
	SAR testing required?	NO
Right Side	Antenna to user(mm)	182
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1382
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1102
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of GSM 850	
	30.50 dBm	1122.02 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	698

	SAR testing required?	YES
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	743
	SAR testing required?	YES
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of GSM 1900	
	26.50 dBm	446.68 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1069
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1149
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of WCDMA Band 2	
	22.50 dBm	177.83 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1069
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1149
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of WCDMA Band 5	
	23.50 dBm	223.87 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	698
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	743
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of LTE Band 2	
	22.50 dBm	177.83 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1069
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1149
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of LTE Band 5	
	23.50 dBm	223.87 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	698

	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	743
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of LTE Band 7	
	19.50 dBm	89.13 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1056
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1136
	SAR testing required?	NO
Exposure Positions	Tune-up Maximum power of LTE Band 41	
	22.00 dBm	158.49 mW
Left Side	Antenna to user(mm)	146
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1056
	SAR testing required?	NO
Bottom Side	Antenna to user(mm)	154
	SAR exclusion threshold(mW)	1136
	SAR testing required?	NO

NOTE: Refer to section 4.3.1 of KDB 447498 D01.

10. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Pmax (dBm)	Pmax (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
Bluetooth	3.00	2.00	5	2.441	0.6	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}] \leq 7.5$ W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax (dBm)	Pmax (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Body	3.00	2.00	5	2.441	7.5	0.084

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

11. SAR Measurement Results

< GSM 850 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.387	0.219	-0.16	29.52	30.50	0.485	2024/12/12	1#
Left Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.156	0.087	-3.11	29.52	30.50	0.195	2024/12/12	
Right Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.200	0.108	3.85	29.52	30.50	0.251	2024/12/12	
Top Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.252	0.140	-3.38	29.52	30.50	0.316	2024/12/12	
Bottom Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 4TS)	0.117	0.064	3.97	29.52	30.50	0.147	2024/12/12	

< GSM 1900 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.571	0.338	1.48	26.07	26.50	0.630	2024/12/13	2#
Top Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.372	0.216	1.25	26.07	26.50	0.411	2024/12/13	
Right Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.174	0.102	0.48	26.07	26.50	0.192	2024/12/13	

< WCDMA Band 2 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.588	0.350	-2.24	22.18	22.50	0.633	2024/12/13	3#
Top Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.378	0.218	-1.58	22.18	22.50	0.407	2024/12/13	
Right Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.186	0.111	3.55	22.18	22.50	0.200	2024/12/13	

< WCDMA Band 5 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.387	0.231	0.29	22.95	23.50	0.439	2024/12/12	4#
Top Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.252	0.146	-2.91	22.95	23.50	0.286	2024/12/12	
Right Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.126	0.074	-0.03	22.95	23.50	0.143	2024/12/12	

< LTE Band2 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.579	0.340	-0.47	21.90	22.50	0.665	2024/12/13	8#
Top Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.366	0.204	-2.28	21.90	22.50	0.420	2024/12/13	
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.177	0.102	-2.66	21.90	22.50	0.203	2024/12/13	
50%RB										
Back Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.311	0.181	2.29	20.83	21.00	0.323	2024/12/13	
Top Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.196	0.120	3.47	20.83	21.00	0.204	2024/12/13	
Right Side	18900/1880	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.100	0.055	2.49	20.83	21.00	0.104	2024/12/13	

< LTE Band5 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.375	0.225	-2.56	23.43	23.50	0.381	2024/12/12	9#
Top Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.246	0.148	1.67	23.43	23.50	0.250	2024/12/12	
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,0)	0.126	0.072	3.70	23.43	23.50	0.128	2024/12/12	
50%RB										

Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,0)	0.201	0.115	2.72	22.36	23.00	0.233	2024/12/12	
Top Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,0)	0.124	0.079	-3.39	22.36	23.00	0.144	2024/12/12	
Right Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,0)	0.070	0.043	-1.51	22.36	23.00	0.081	2024/12/12	

< LTE Band7 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.660	0.403	2.20	19.48	19.50	0.663	2024/12/18	10#
Top Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.396	0.230	3.29	19.48	19.50	0.398	2024/12/18	
Right Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,0)	0.213	0.127	-0.78	19.48	19.50	0.214	2024/12/18	
50%RB										
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.359	0.208	4.79	18.58	19.00	0.395	2024/12/18	
Top Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.200	0.117	0.90	18.58	19.00	0.220	2024/12/18	
Right Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.125	0.076	-0.06	18.58	19.00	0.138	2024/12/18	

< LTE Band41 >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Back Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.676	0.418	-2.81	21.56	22.00	0.748	2024/12/18	11#
Top Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.408	0.247	-1.21	21.56	22.00	0.452	2024/12/18	
Right Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.204	0.120	0.43	21.56	22.00	0.226	2024/12/18	
50%RB										
Back Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.395	0.226	-2.17	20.30	21.50	0.521	2024/12/18	

Top Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.245	0.145	4.54	20.30	21.50	0.323	2024/12/18	
Right Side	40740/2605	20M QPSK(50,24)	0.103	0.062	2.37	20.30	21.50	0.136	2024/12/18	

< WLAN 2.4G >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1g	10g						
Back Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.250	0.171	0.63	15.13	16.00	0.305	2024/12/16	7#
Back Side	3/2422	802.11n HT40	0.232	0.164	1.02	17.77	18.00	0.245	2024/12/16	
Top Side	1/2412	802.11b	0.150	0.101	-0.59	15.13	16.00	0.183	2024/12/16	

< WLAN 5.2G >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1g	10g						
Back Side	40/5200	802.11ac VHT20	0.657	0.507	-3.99	12.40	13.00	0.754	2024/12/20	5#
Top Side	40/5200	802.11ac VHT20	0.414	0.316	-0.29	12.40	13.00	0.475	2024/12/20	

< WLAN 5.8G >

Test Position of Body with 0mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (±5%)	Conducted power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1g	10g						
Back Side	149/5745	802.11ac VHT20	0.690	0.536	-3.73	10.42	11.00	0.789	2025/1/2	6#
Top Side	149/5745	802.11ac VHT20	0.444	0.341	2.09	10.42	11.00	0.507	2025/1/2	

12. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

1) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.

2) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is

determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where

(x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.

If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Exposure Position		WWAN Band	DTS/DSS Band	Simultaneous Tx SAR(W/Kg)
		SAR(W/Kg)	SAR(W/Kg)	
Body	Front Side	/	/	/
	Back Side	0.748	0.789	1.537
	Left Side	0.195	0.507	0.702
	Right Side	0.251	/	0.251
	Top Side	0.452	/	0.452
	Bottom Side	0.147	/	0.147

Note : The Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo-SAR

Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - 5200MHz
MEASUREMENT 6 System Performance Check - 5800MHz

MEASUREMENT 1

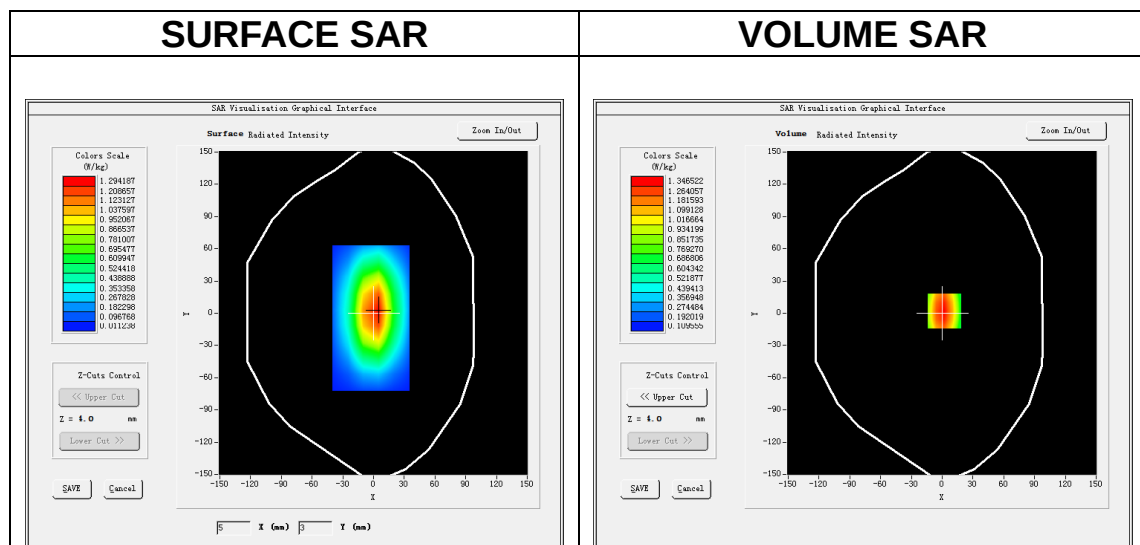
Date of measurement: 12/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>1.66</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

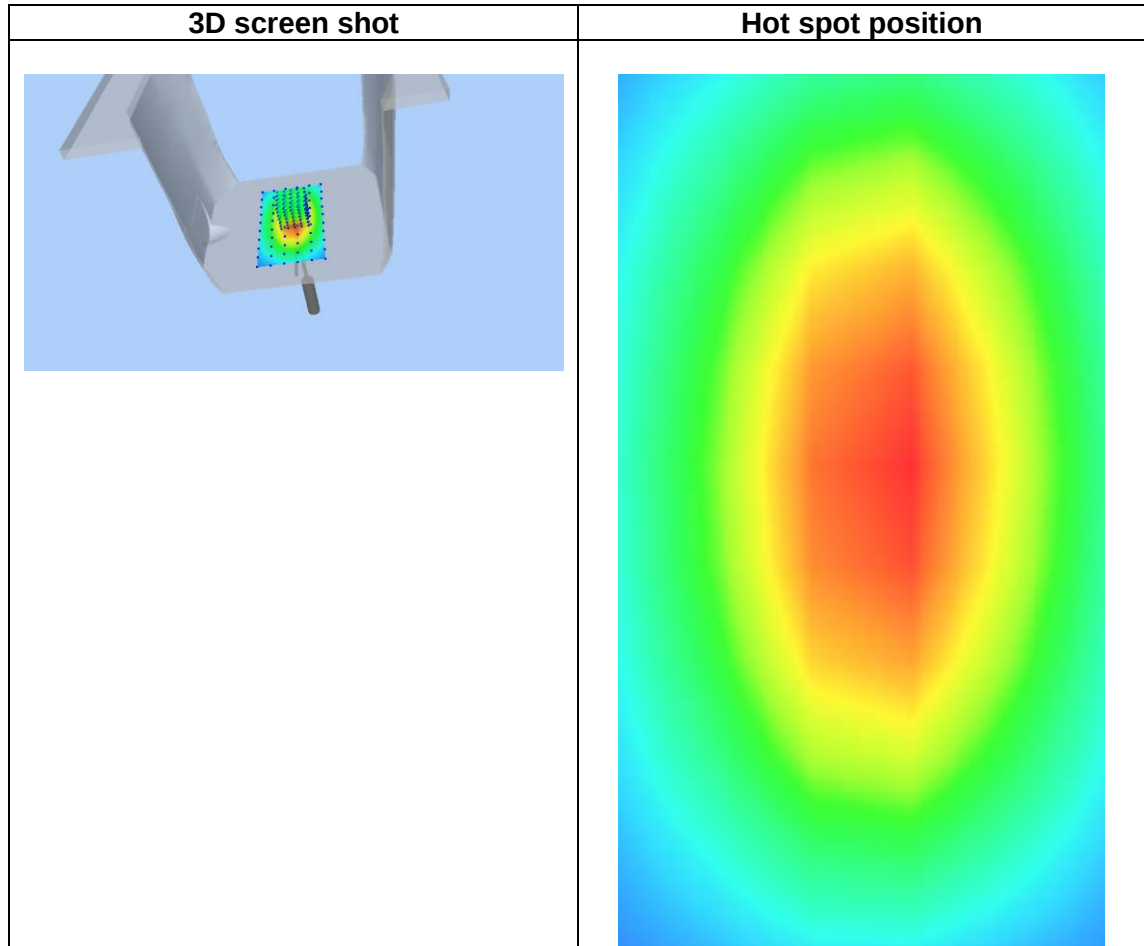
Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.012031
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.131021
Conductivity (S/m)	0.941030
Variation (%)	0.310000



Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 1.87 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.612031
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.011231



MEASUREMENT 2

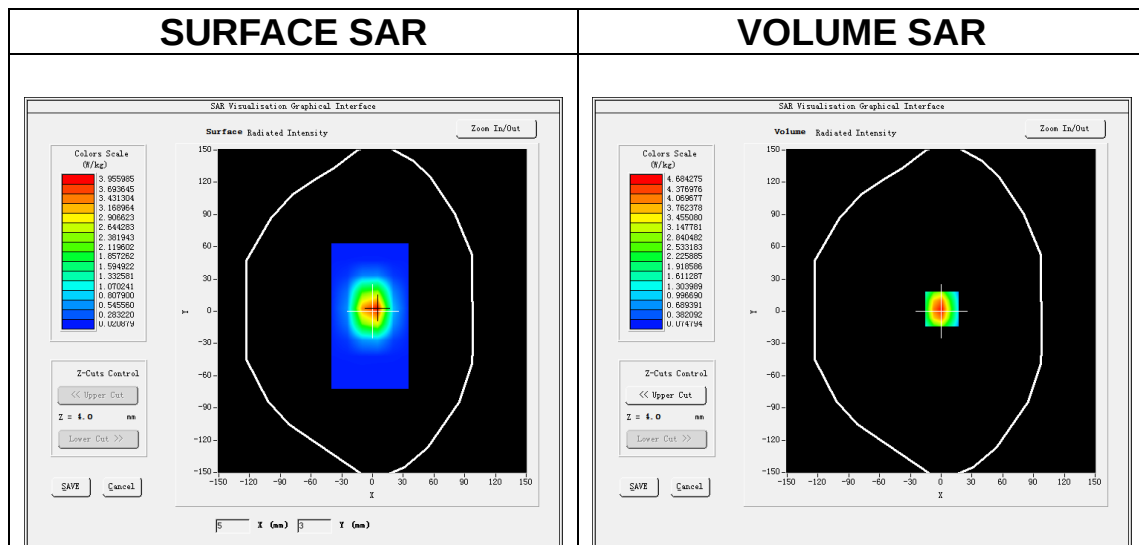
Date of measurement: 13/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

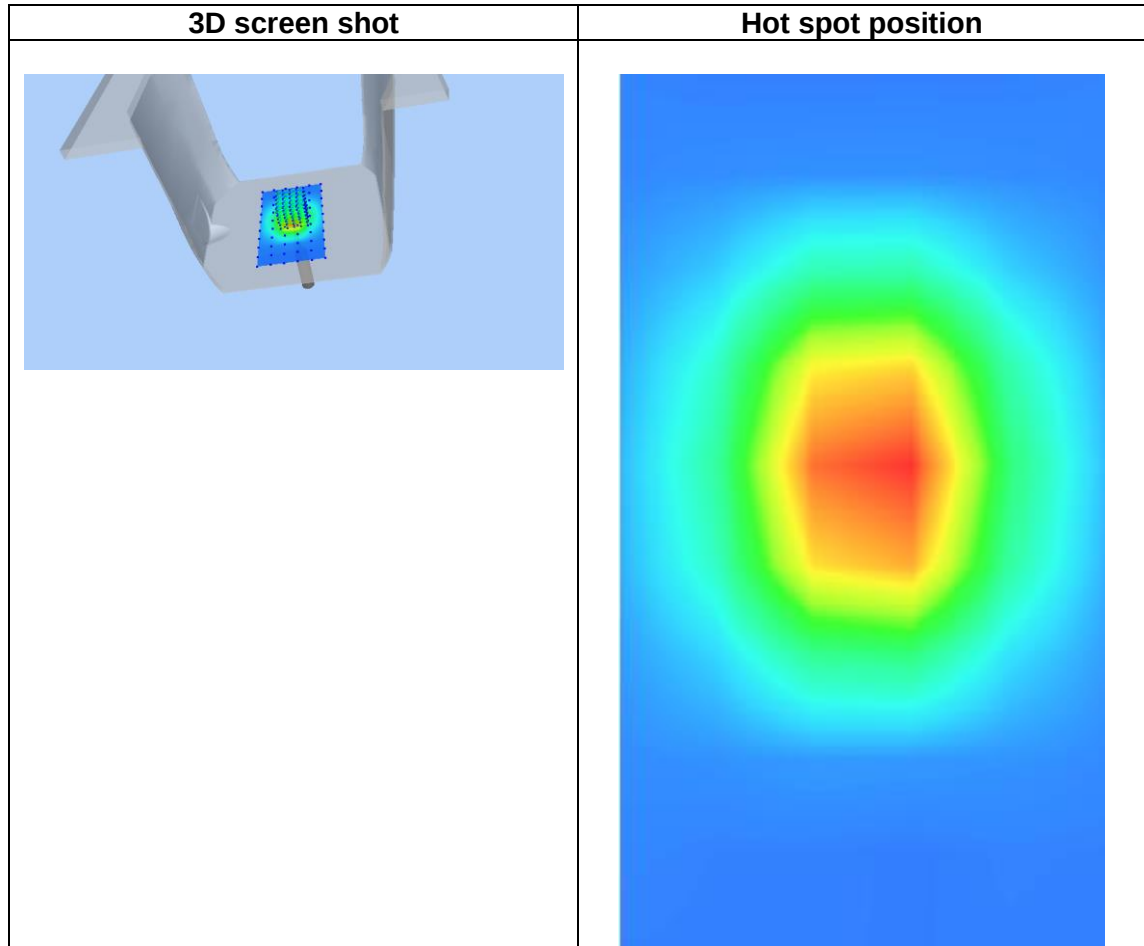
Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.420140
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.570123
Conductivity (S/m)	1.390503
Variation (%)	-0.440000



Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 7.65 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.153165
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.153568



MEASUREMENT 3

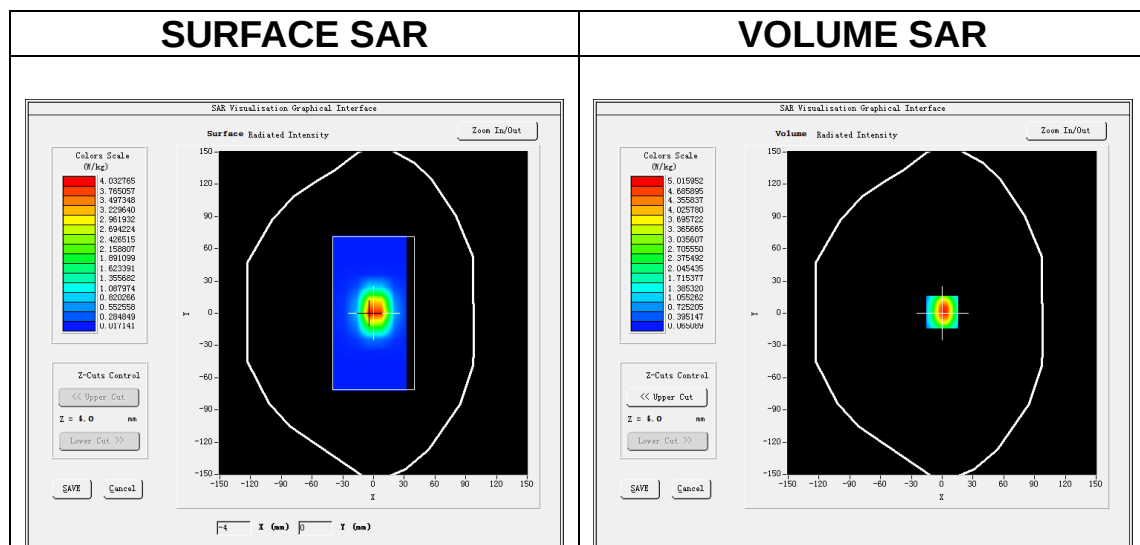
Date of measurement: 16/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2450</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.38</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

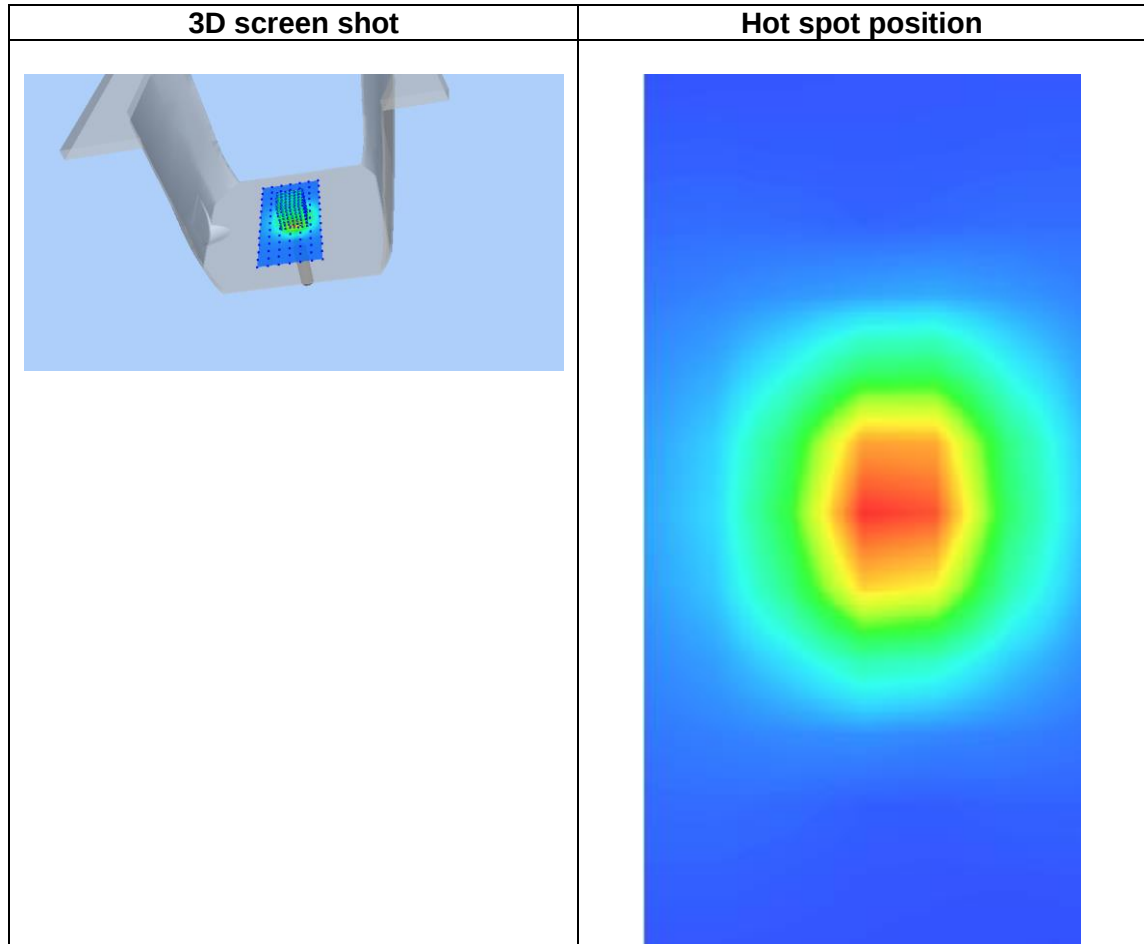
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.408511
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.399264
Conductivity (S/m)	1.823789
Variation (%)	-1.250000



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 8.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.359425
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.183642



MEASUREMENT 4

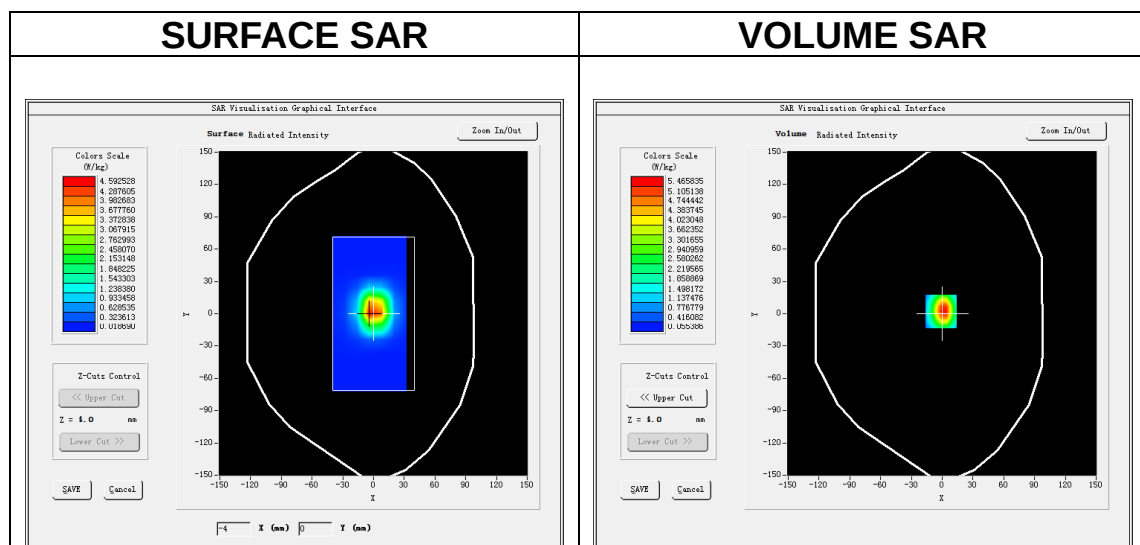
Date of measurement: 18/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW2600</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

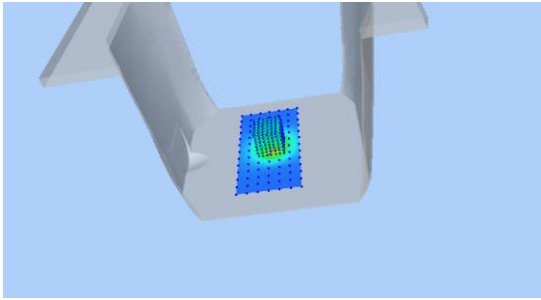
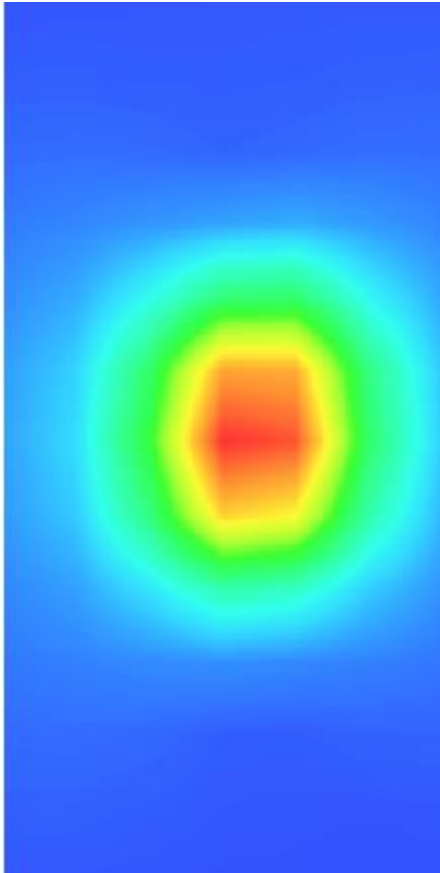
Frequency (MHz)	2600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.432362
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.768602
Conductivity (S/m)	1.988798
Variation (%)	-3.980000



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 9.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.523157
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.432595

3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 5

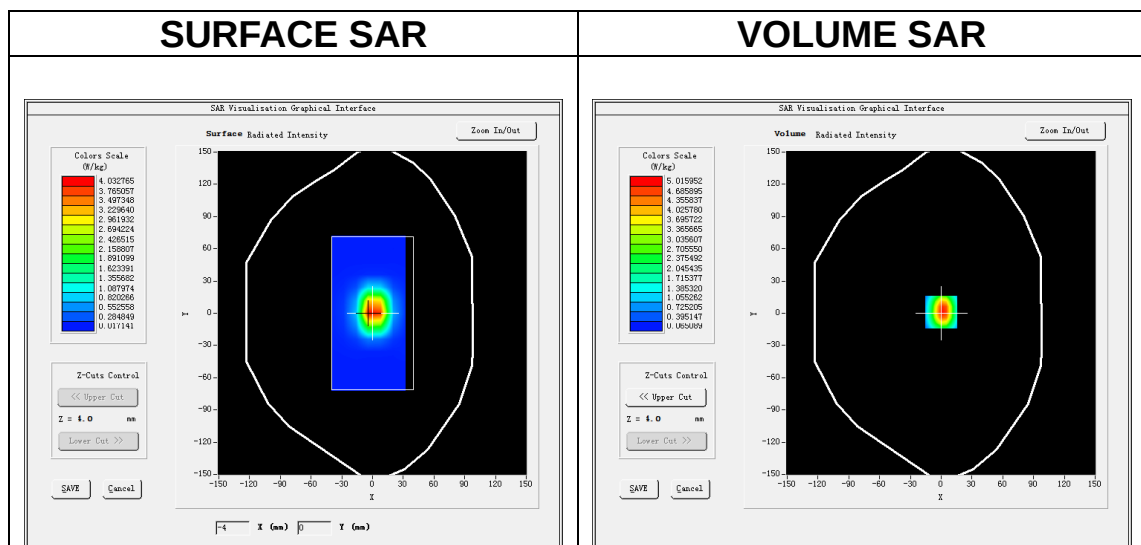
Date of measurement: 20/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5200</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.30</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

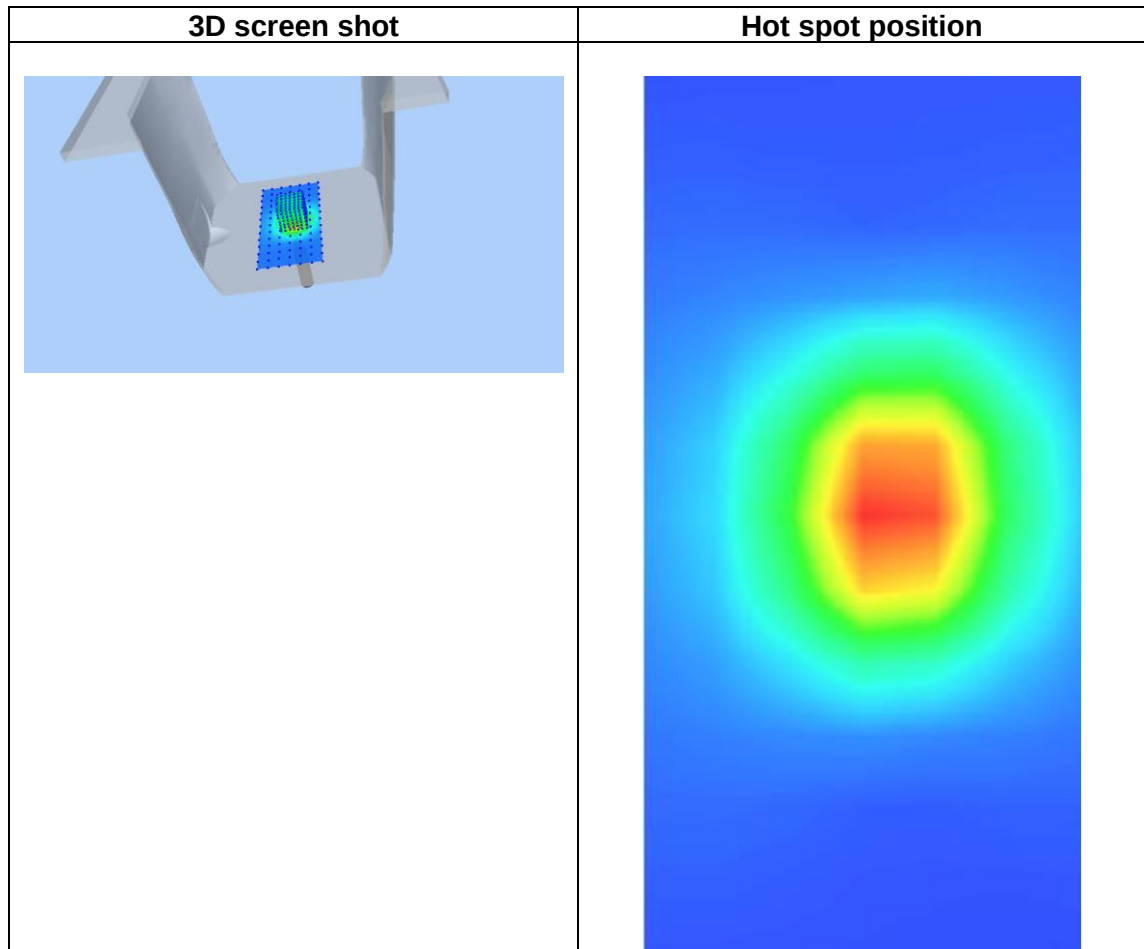
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.400000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.129999
Conductivity (S/m)	4.510778
Variation (%)	-4.570000



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 15.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.212361
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	14.712032



MEASUREMENT 6

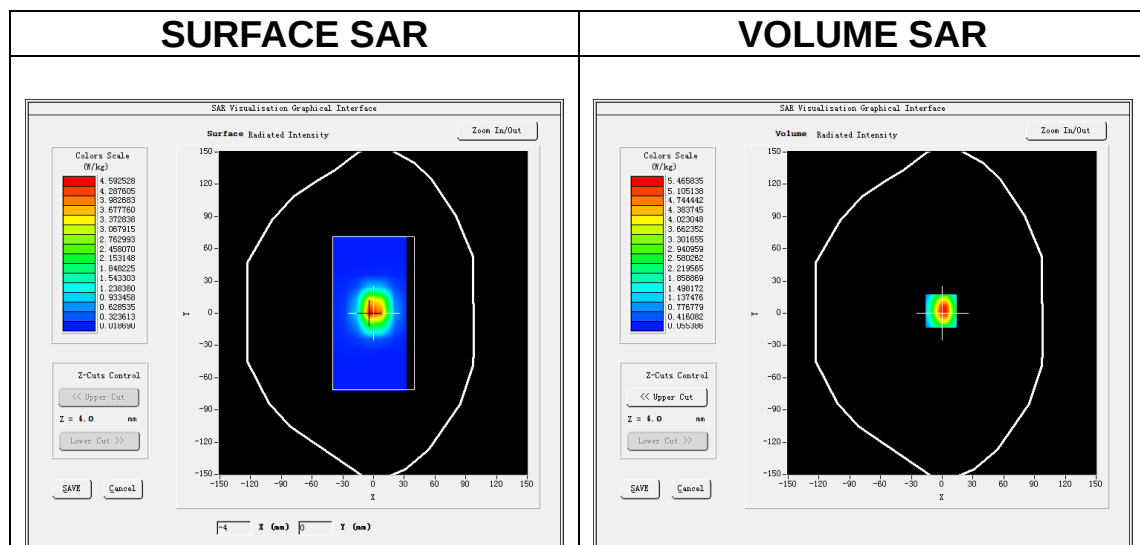
Date of measurement: 2/1/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW5800</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.27</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

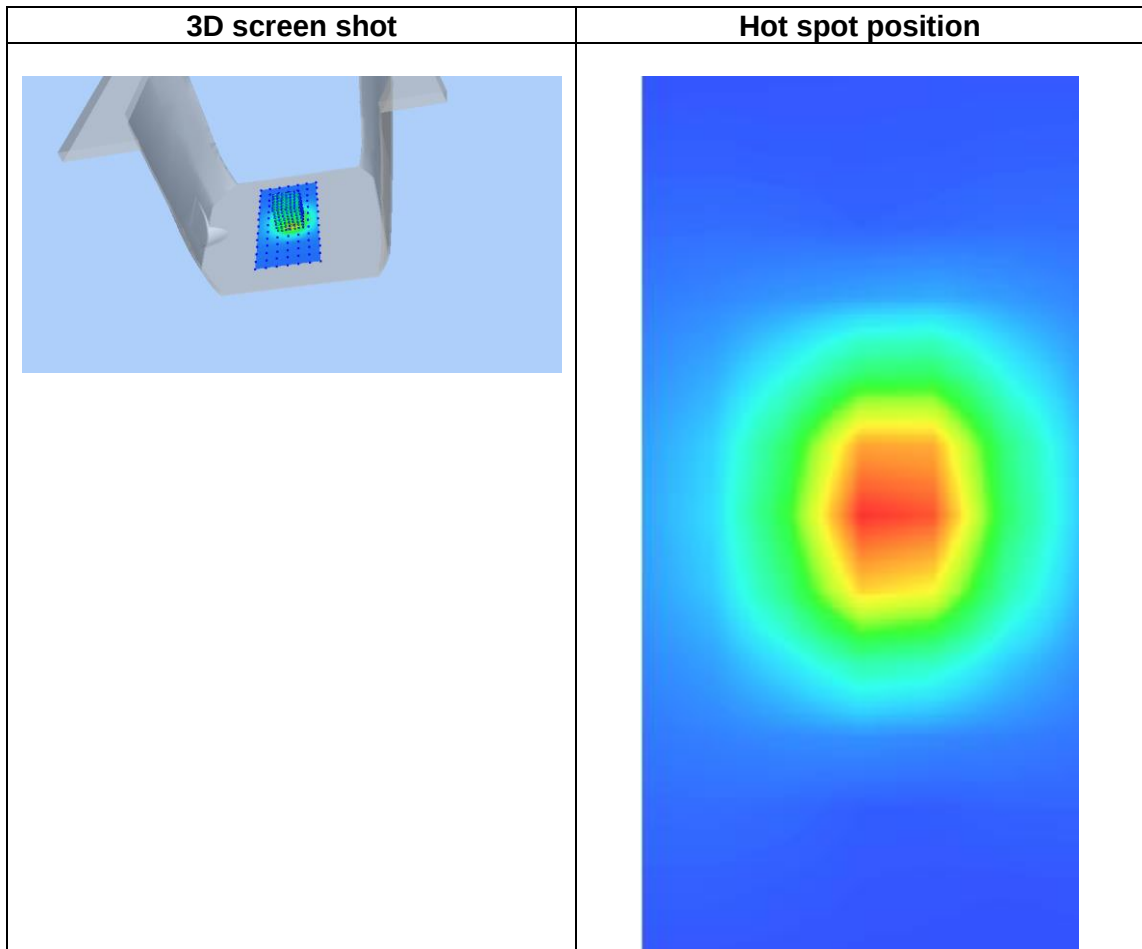
Frequency (MHz)	5800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.299999
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.360001
Conductivity (S/m)	5.271556
Variation (%)	-2.480000



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 17.07 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.623106
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.421035



Appendix C. SAR Test Plots

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MEASUREMENT 6 WALN 5.8G Body
MEASUREMENT 7 WALN 2.4G Body
MEASUREMENT 8 LTE Band 2 Body
MEASUREMENT 9 LTE Band 5 Body
MEASUREMENT 10 LTE Band 7 Body
MEASUREMENT 11 LTE Band 41 Body

MEASUREMENT 1

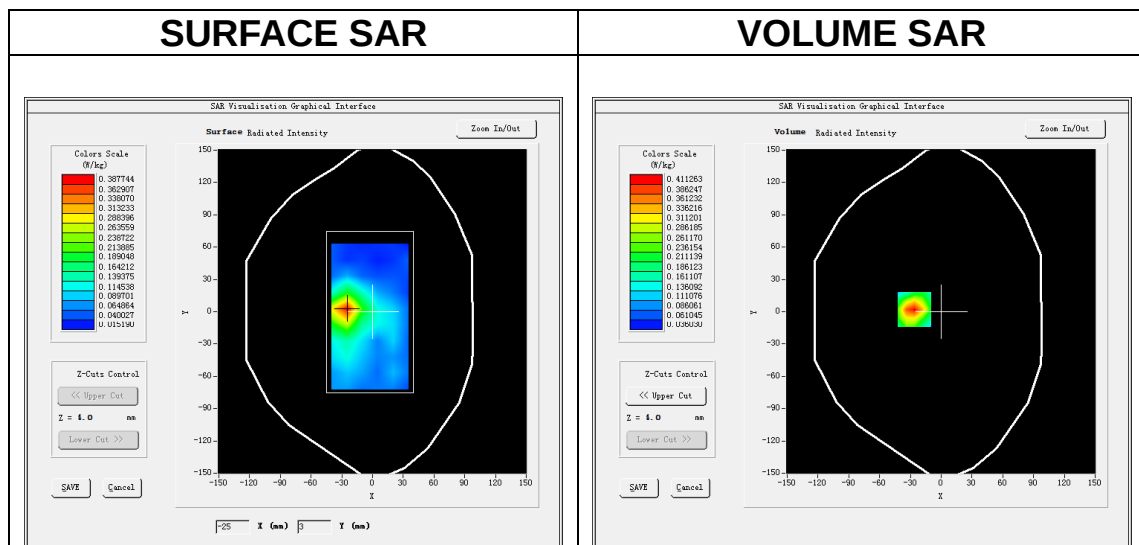
Date of measurement: 12/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.66</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

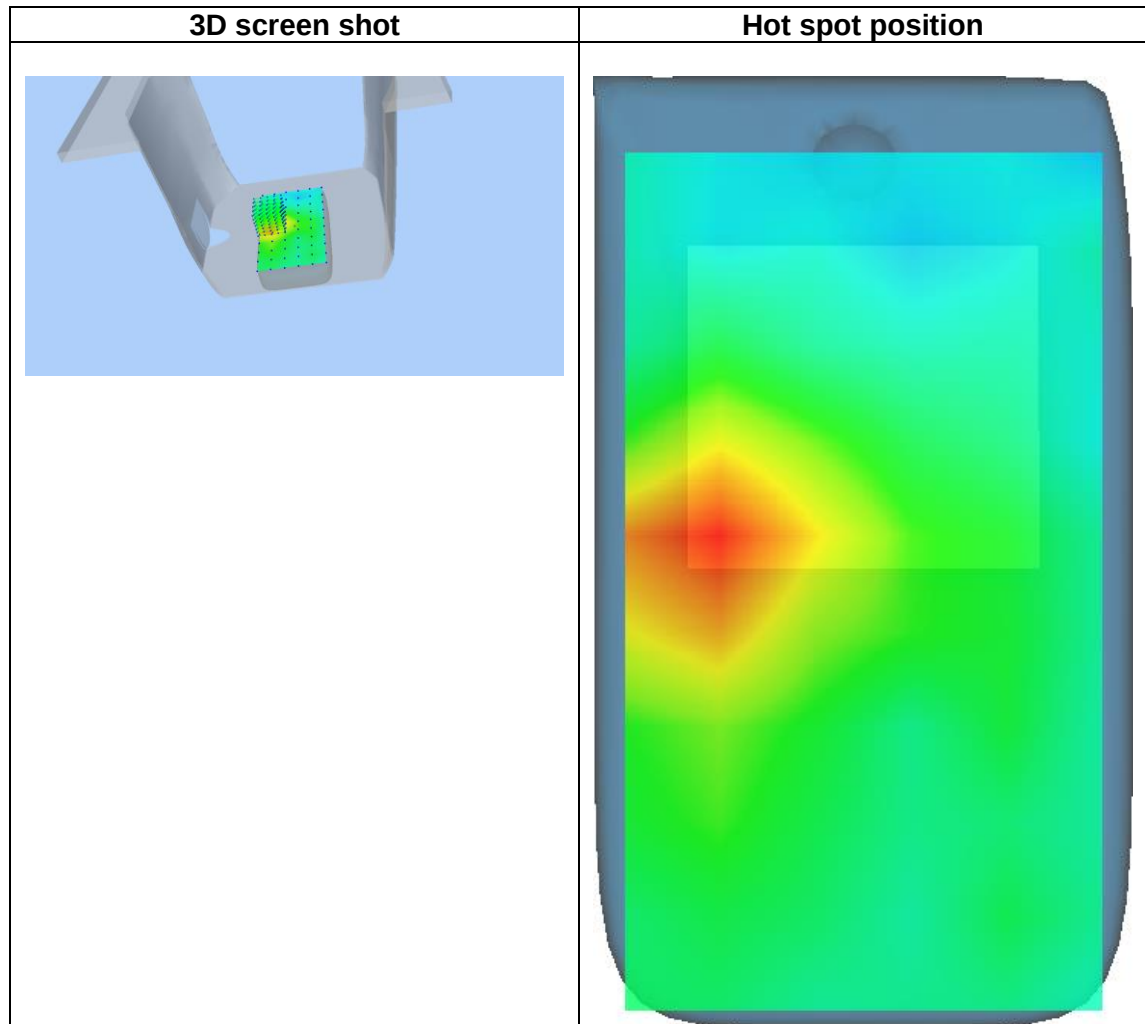
Frequency (MHz)	836.400024
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.400000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901453
Variation (%)	-0.160000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.66 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.219426
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.387167



MEASUREMENT 2

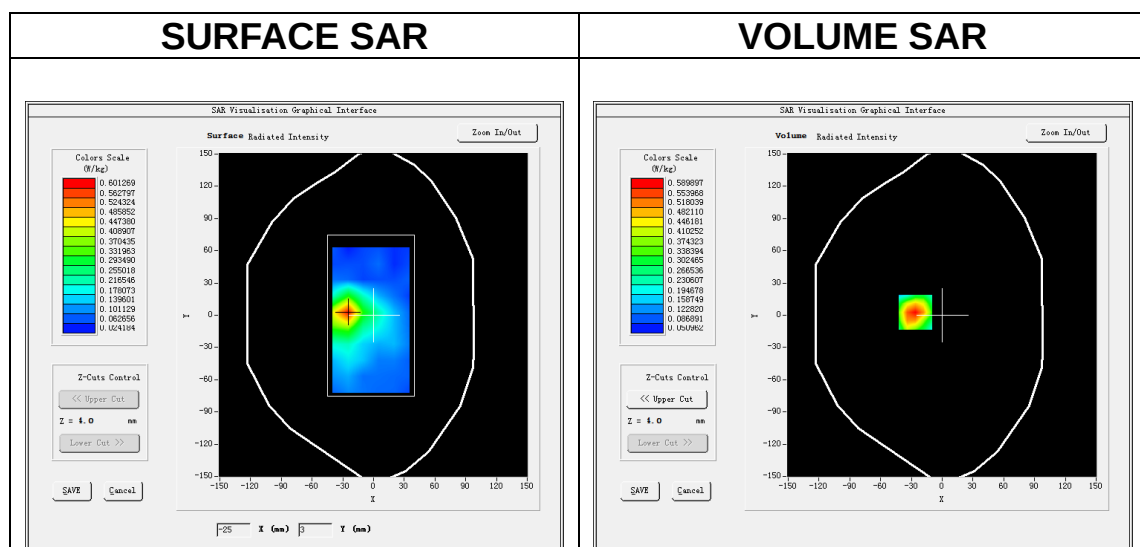
Date of measurement: 13/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 2.7)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

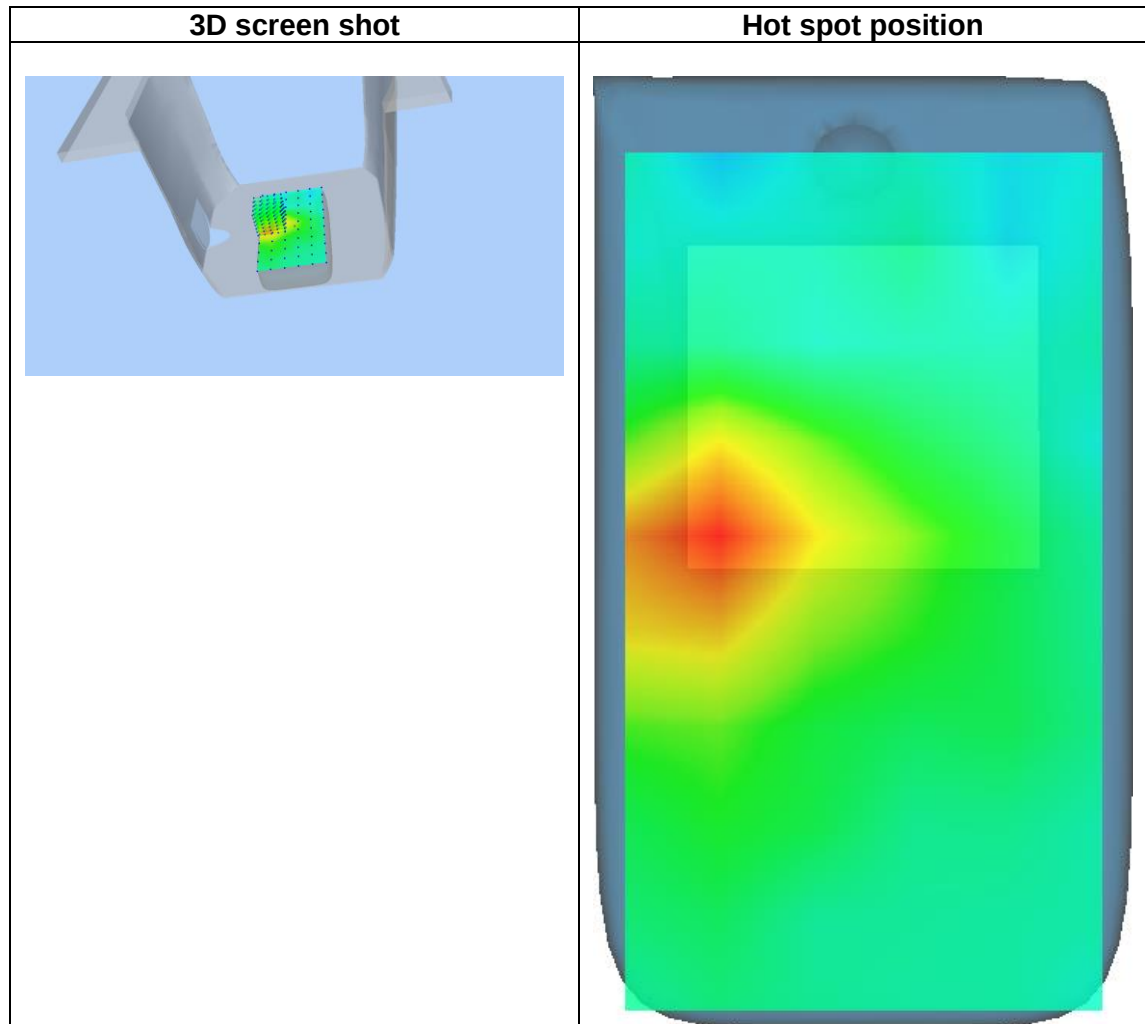
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.408000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391
Variation (%)	1.480000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 0.92 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.338459
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.571037



MEASUREMENT 3

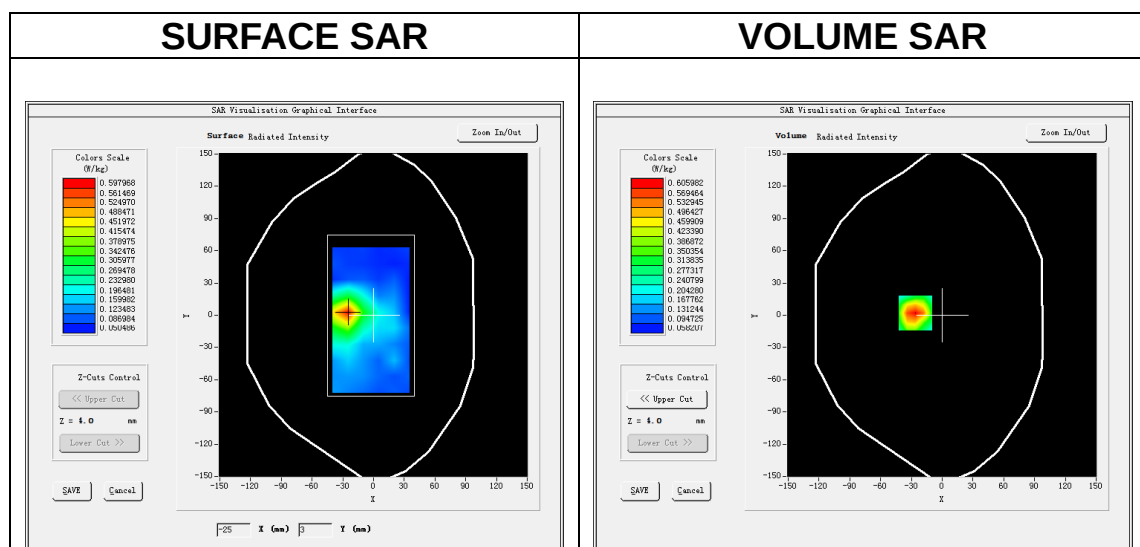
Date of measurement: 13/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

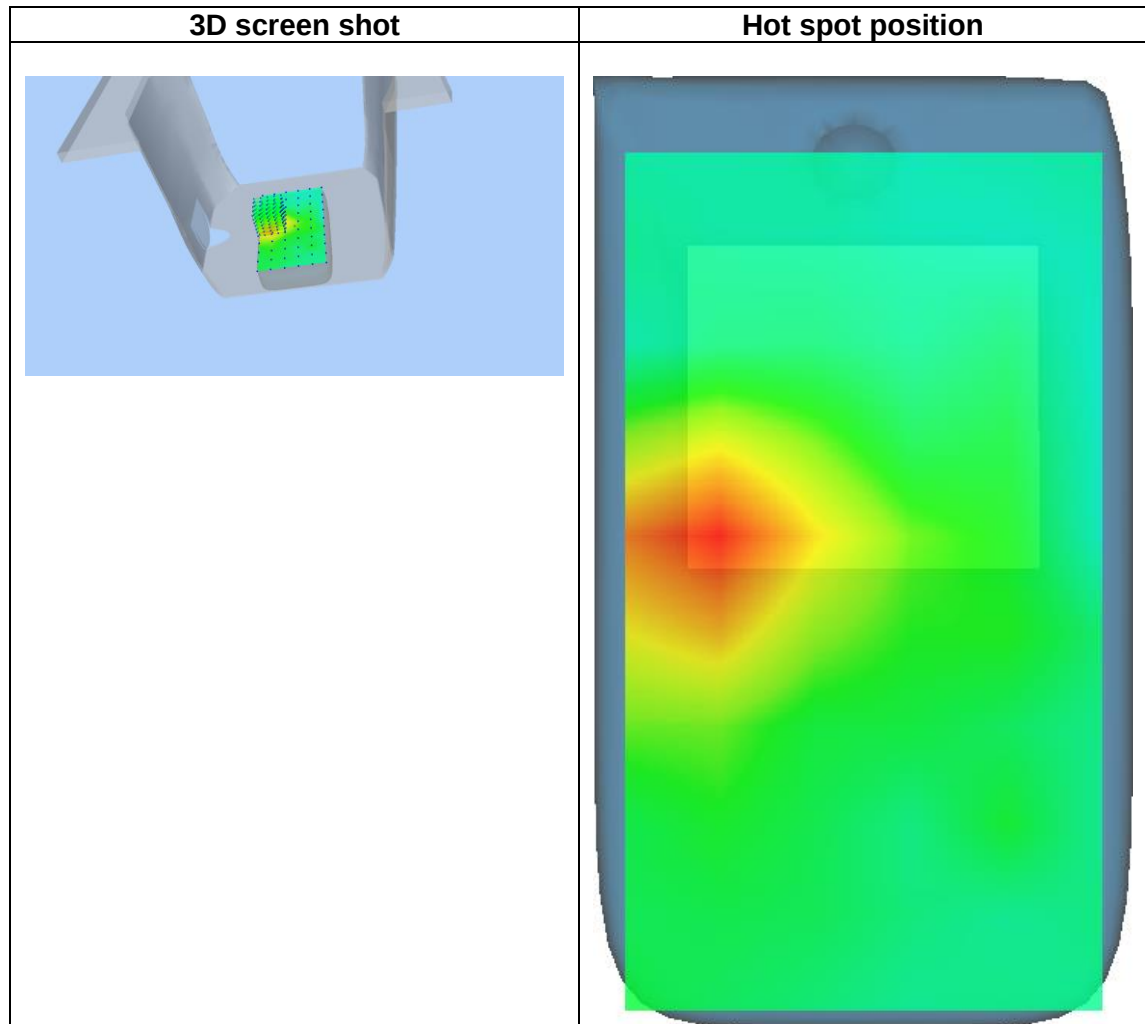
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.408000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400391
Variation (%)	-2.240000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.93 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.349566
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.587655



MEASUREMENT 4

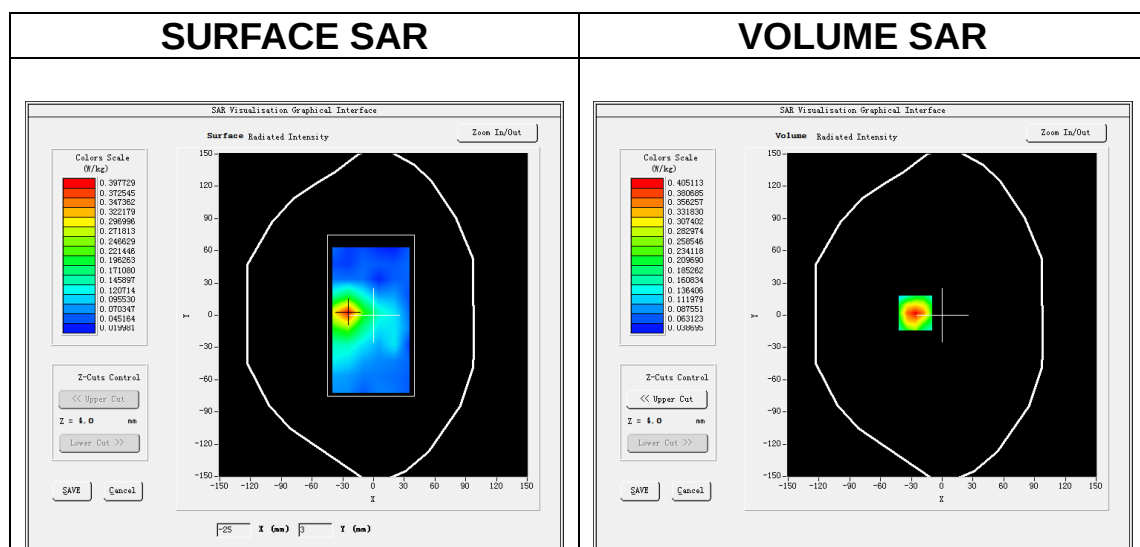
Date of measurement: 12/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.66</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

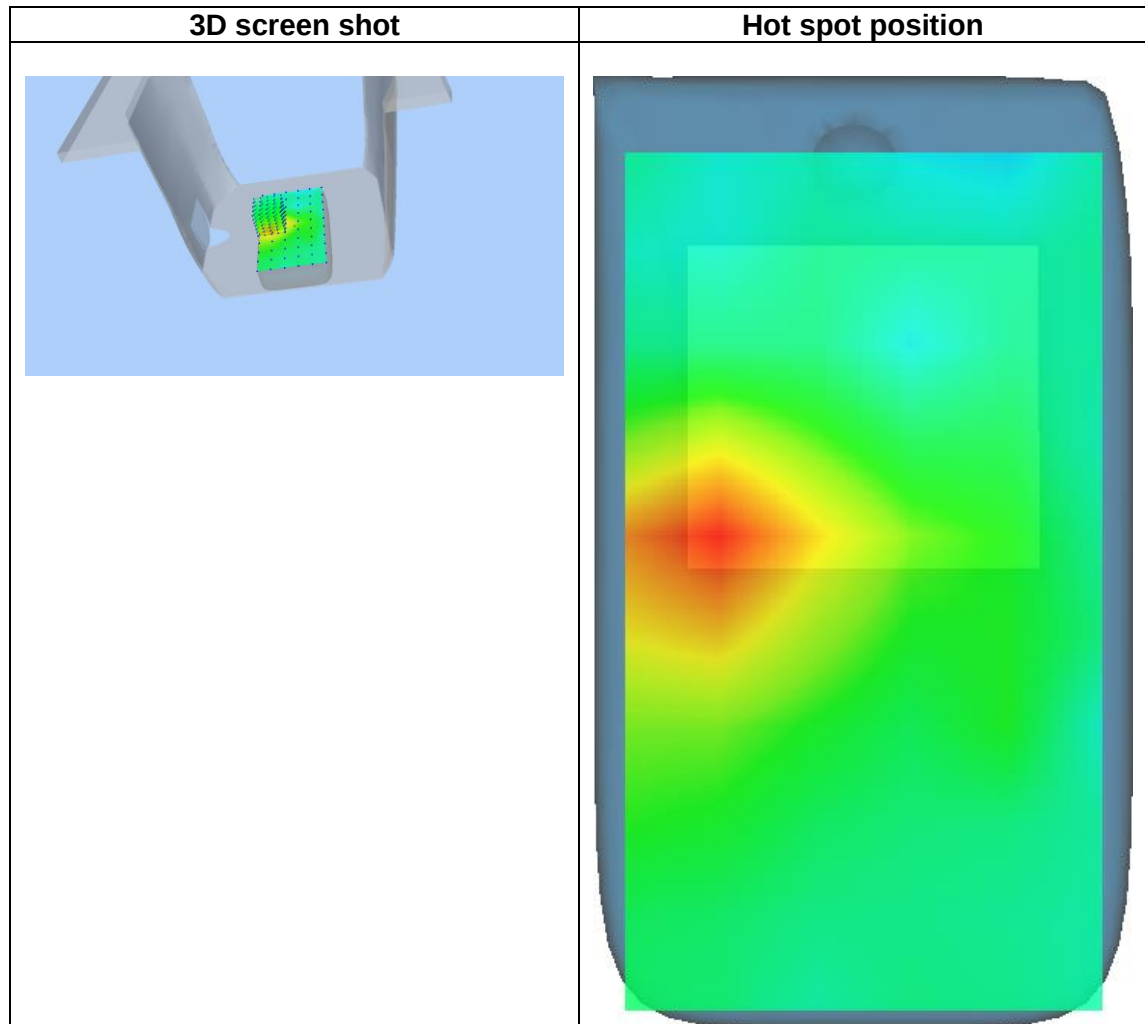
Frequency (MHz)	836.400024
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.400000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901453
Variation (%)	0.290000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.230701
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.386868



MEASUREMENT 5

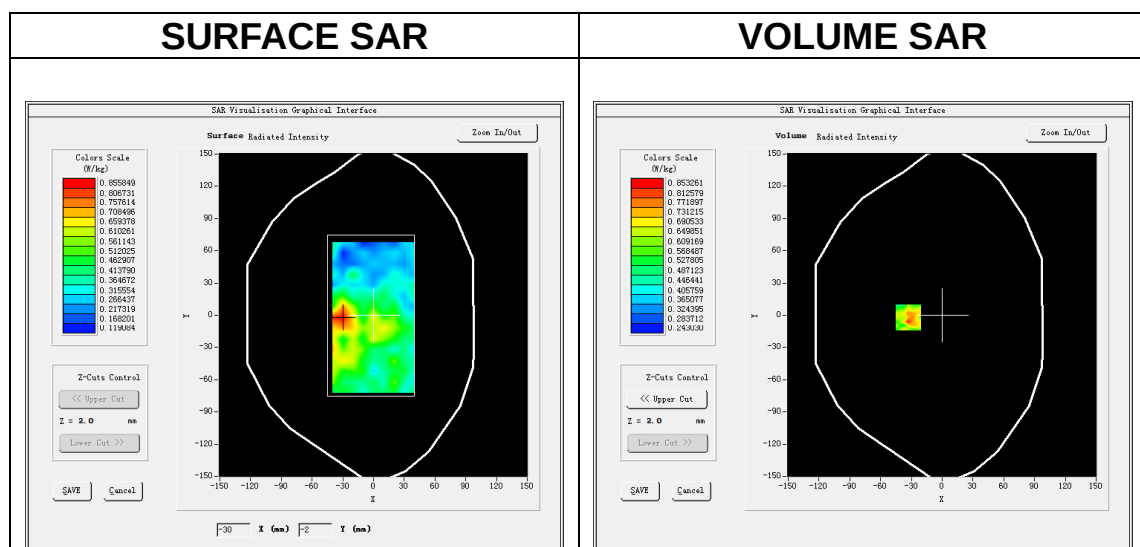
Date of measurement: 20/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11ac U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.ac (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.30</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

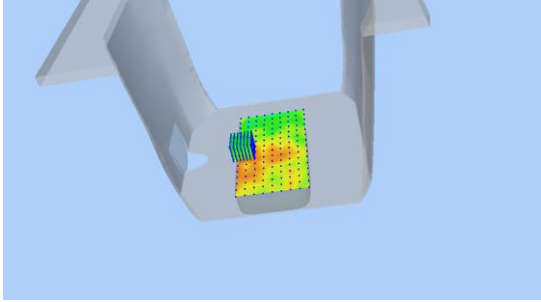
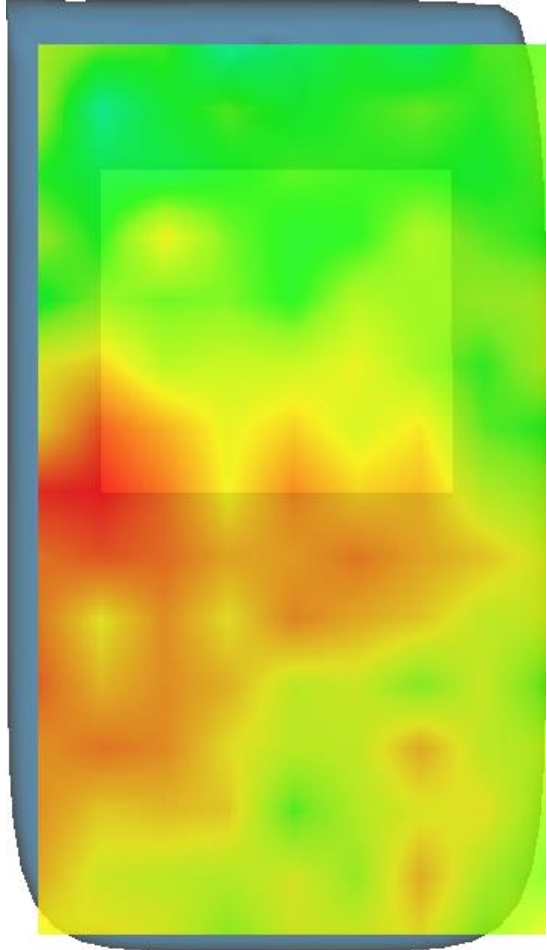
Frequency (MHz)	5200.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.400000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.129999
Conductivity (S/m)	4.510778
Variation (%)	-3.990000



Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 1.08 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.506635
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.657270

3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 6

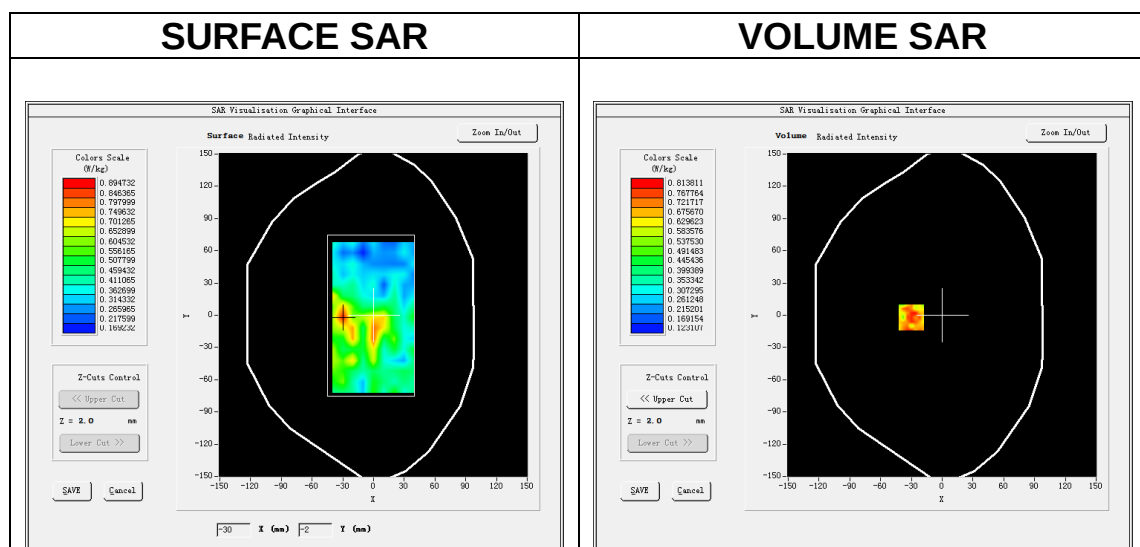
Date of measurement: 2/1/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11ac U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.ac (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.27</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

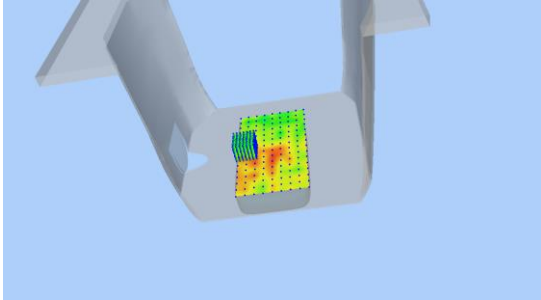
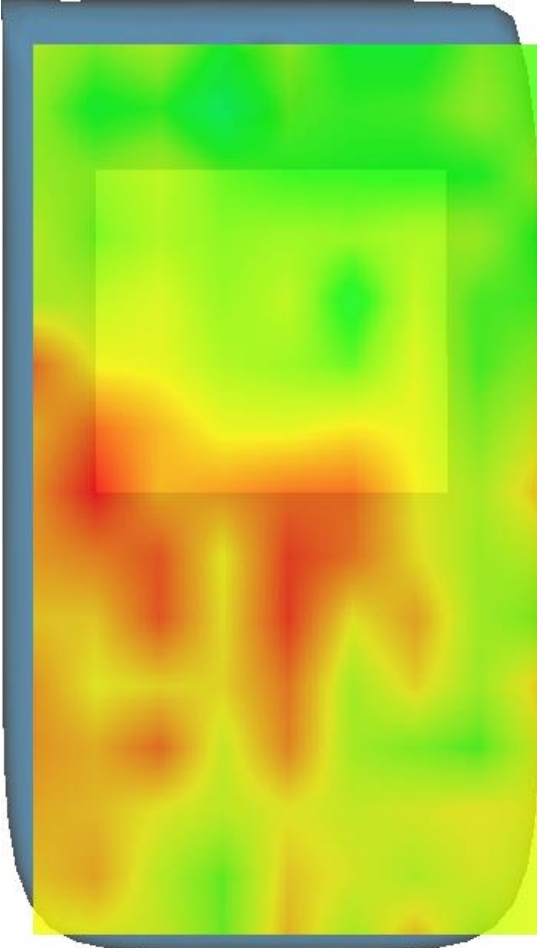
Frequency (MHz)	5745.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.314974
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.355499
Conductivity (S/m)	5.220130
Variation (%)	-3.730000



Maximum location: X=-30.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 1.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.535691
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.690239

3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 7

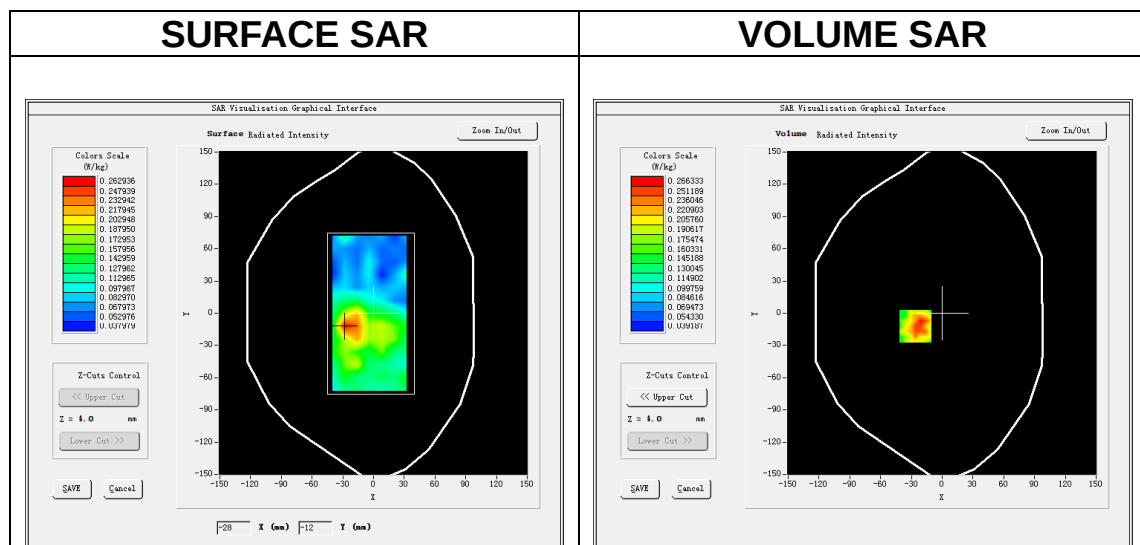
Date of measurement: 16/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.38</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

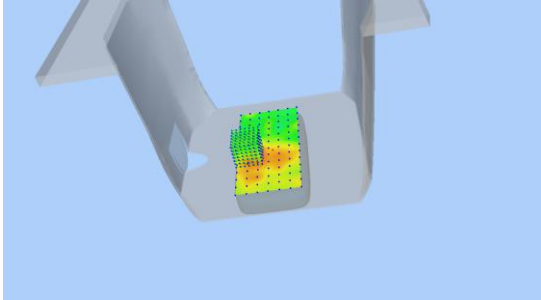
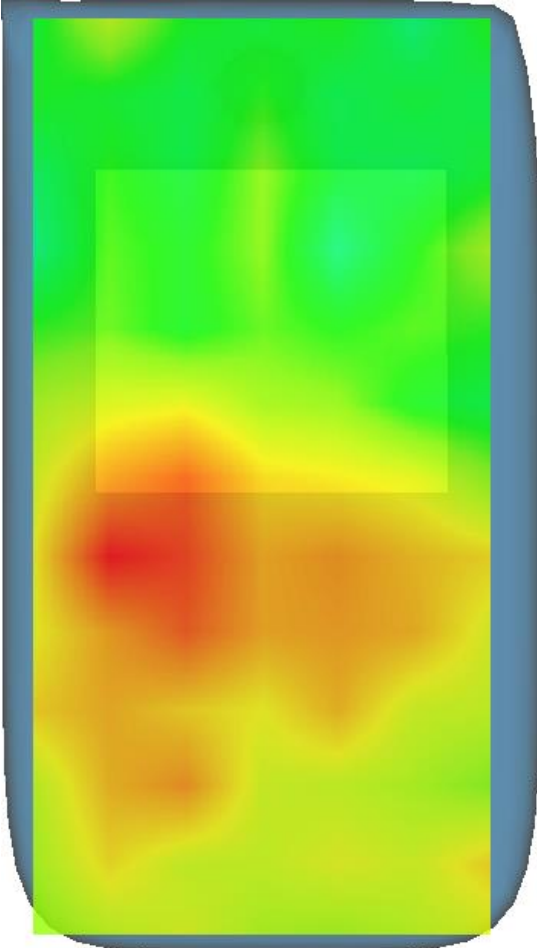
Frequency (MHz)	2412.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.224000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.205000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.769470
Variation (%)	0.630000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=-12.00

SAR Peak: 0.40 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.171055
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.250161

3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

MEASUREMENT 8

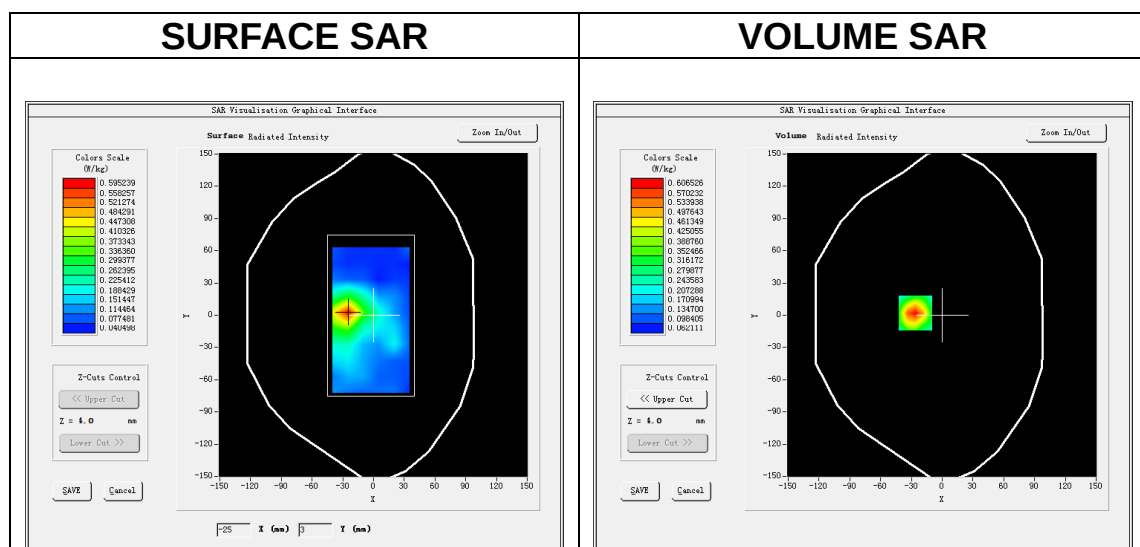
Date of measurement: 13/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 2</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

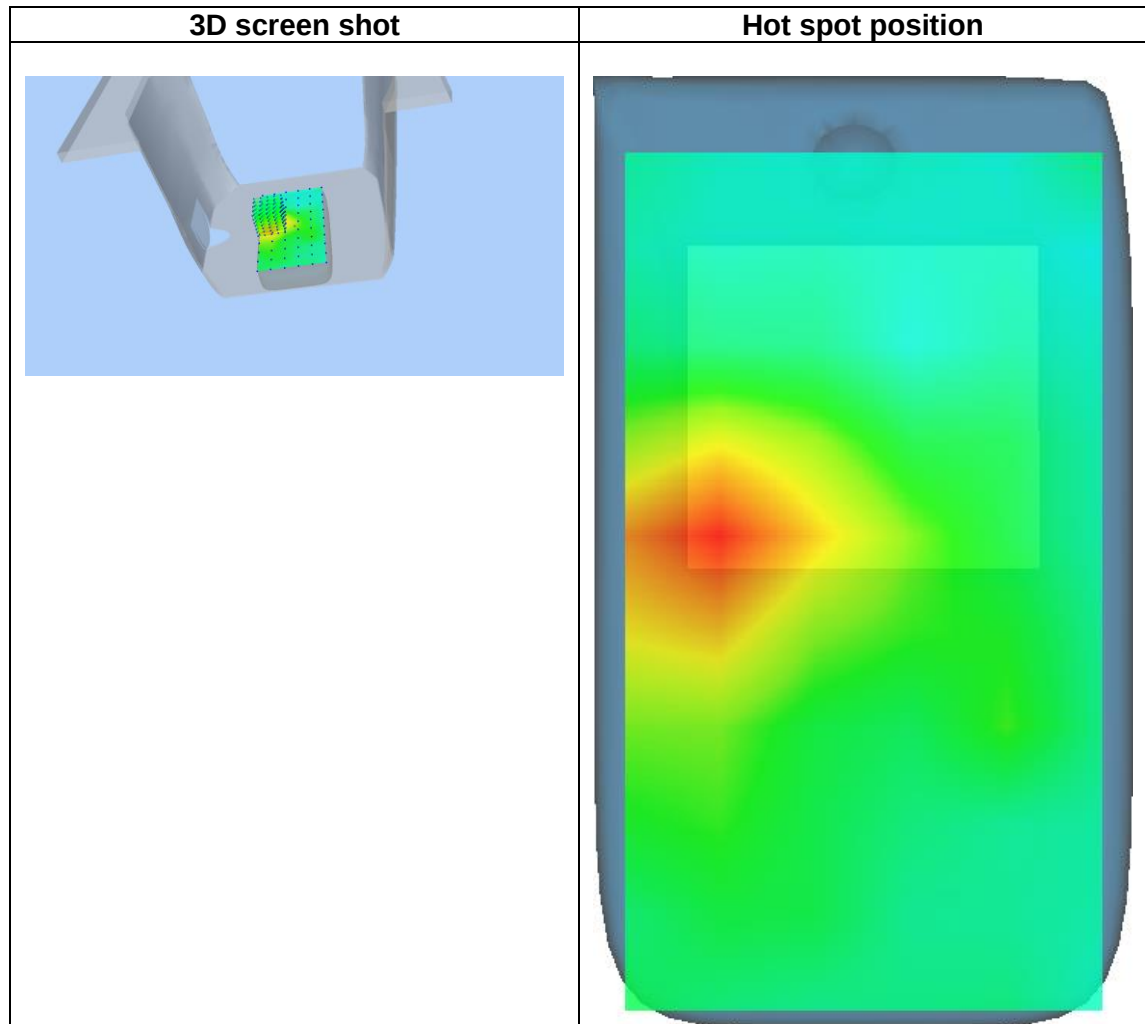
Frequency (MHz)	1879.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.411700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.400405
Variation (%)	-0.470000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.94 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.340442
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.578542



MEASUREMENT 9

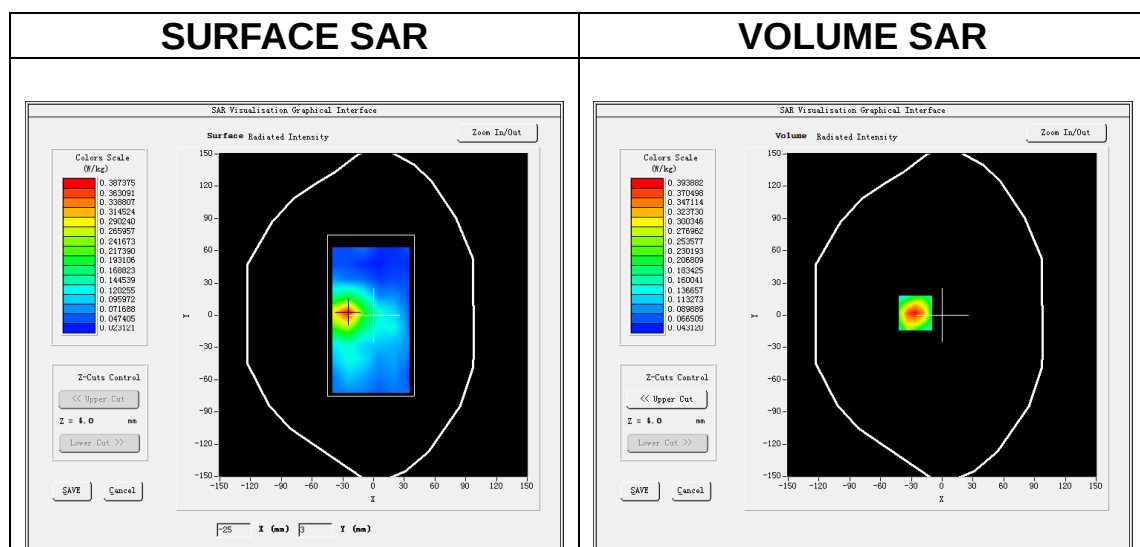
Date of measurement: 12/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 5</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.66</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

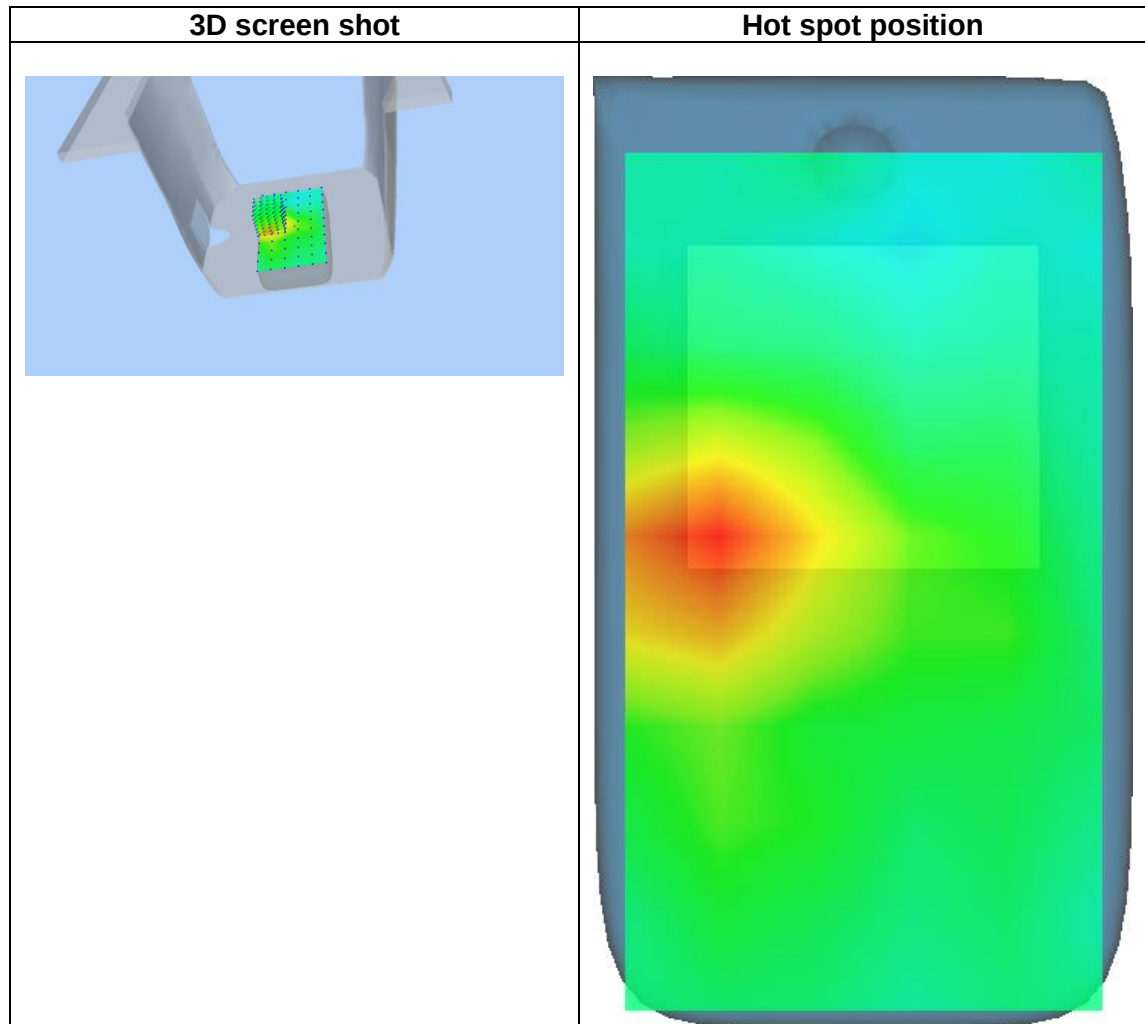
Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.500000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.400000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.901561
Variation (%)	-2.560000



Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 0.60 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.225388
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.374589



MEASUREMENT 10

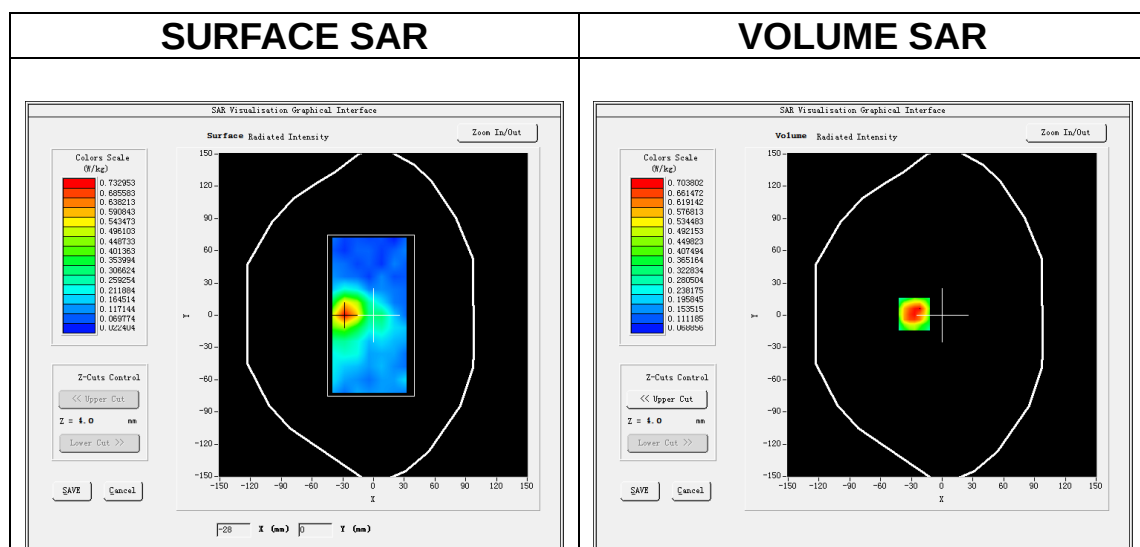
Date of measurement: 18/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 7</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

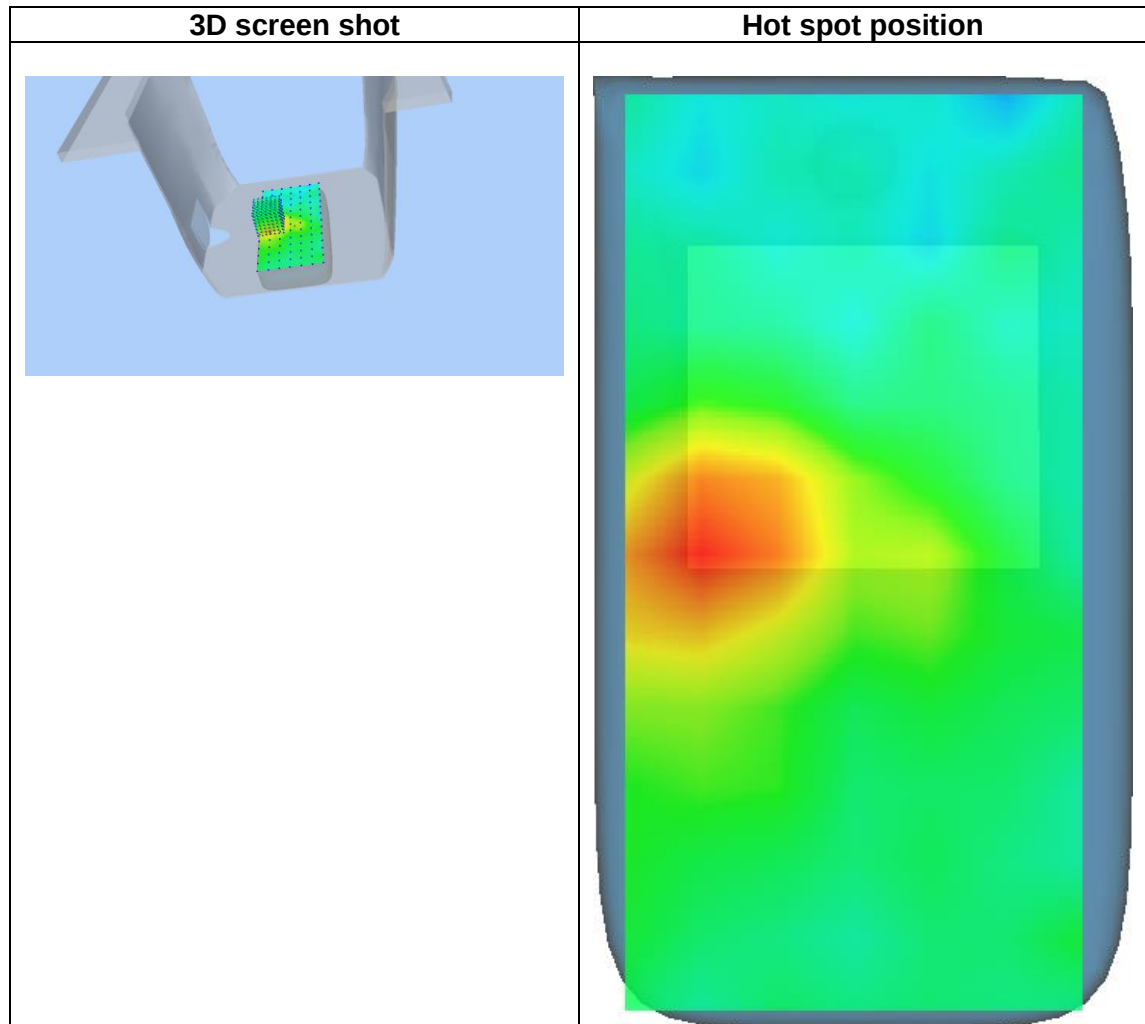
Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.086666
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.418333
Conductivity (S/m)	1.889749
Variation (%)	2.200000



Maximum location: X=-27.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 1.15 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.403394
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.659906



MEASUREMENT 11

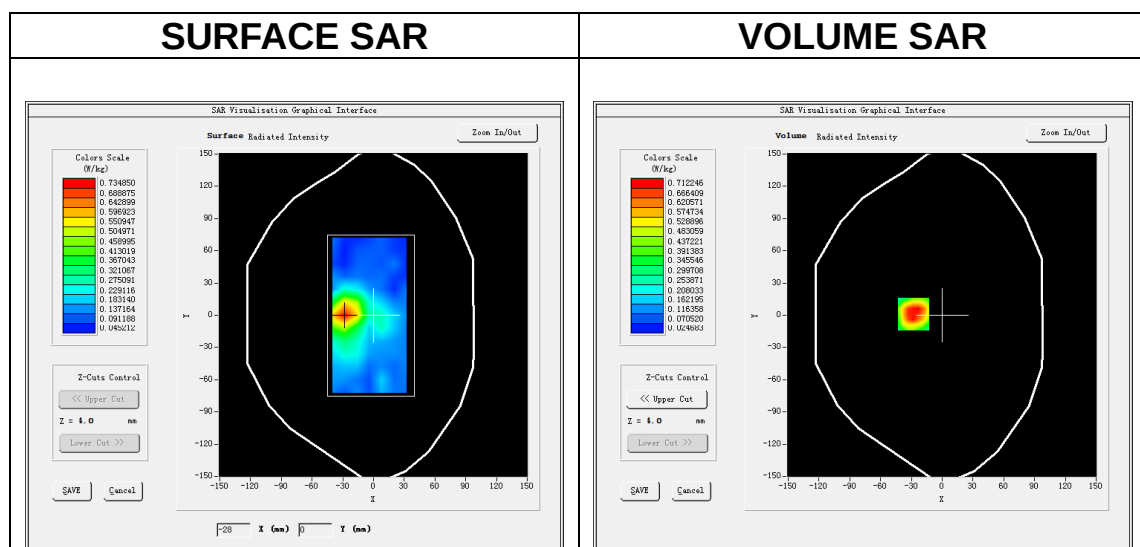
Date of measurement: 18/12/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 41</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.05</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

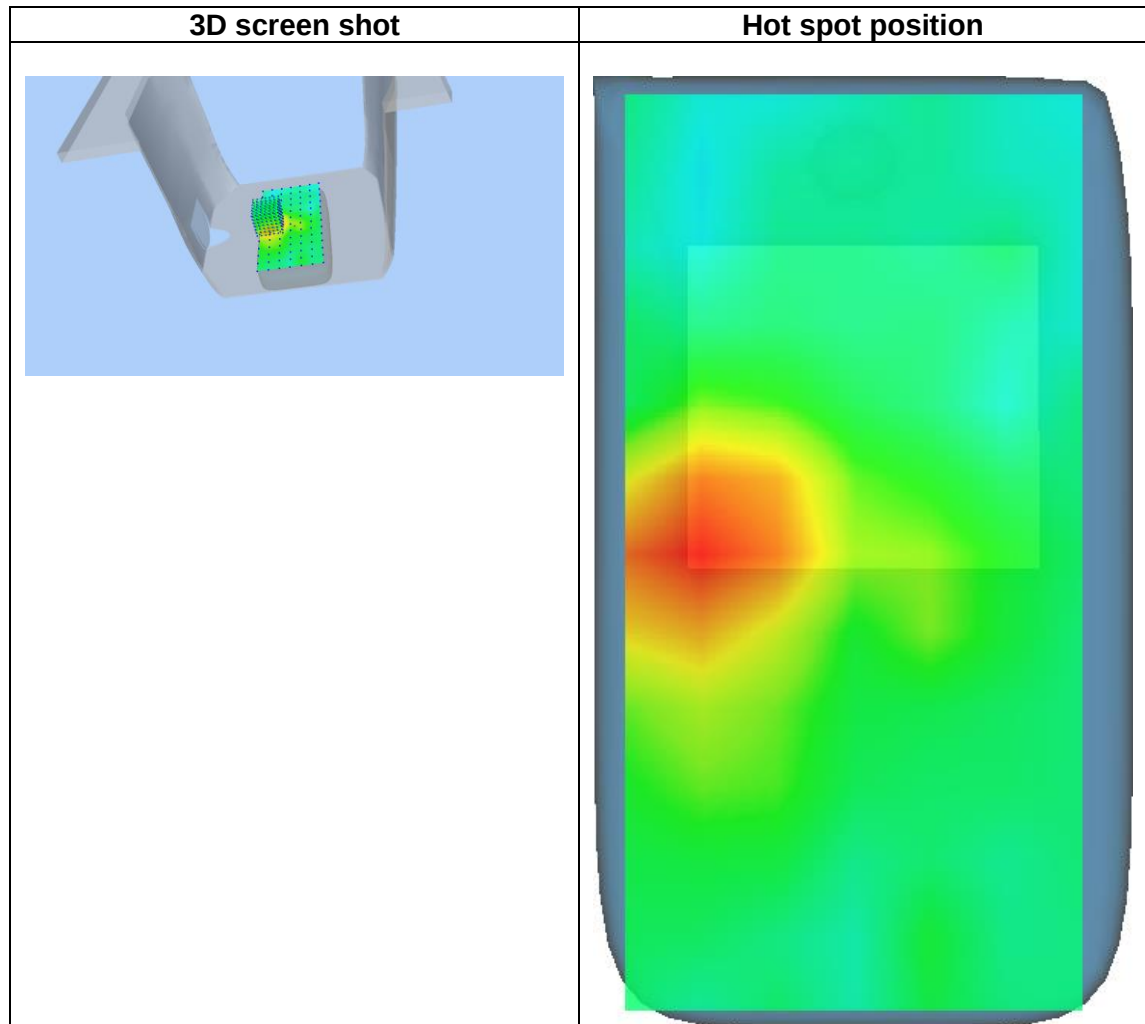
Frequency (MHz)	2605.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.009335
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.553667
Conductivity (S/m)	1.952481
Variation (%)	-2.810000



Maximum location: X=-28.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 1.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.418177
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.676495



Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - EPGO0523-403
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 03/14 WGA33



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

**GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST
TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD**
NO.1/F,BUILDING B1, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK,
CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY,
FUHAIHAI STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT,SHENZHEN,
GUANGDONG 518055, P.R.CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 39/21 EPGO0523-403

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 09/11/2024



Accreditations #2-6789
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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme Le Gall	Measurement Responsible	09/10/2024	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	09/10/2024	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	09/11/2024	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	Shenzhen Asia Hongke

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Jérôme Luc	9/11/2024	Initial release



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 39/21 EPG00523-403
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.199 M Ω Dipole 2: R2=0.218 M Ω Dipole 3: R3=0.210 M Ω

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \frac{\Delta SAR_{be}}{2d_{step}} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{\delta/2} \left(e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{\delta}} - e^{-\frac{d_{be} + d_{step}}{\delta}} \right) \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
1.26	0.87	0.77

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
113	108	113

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

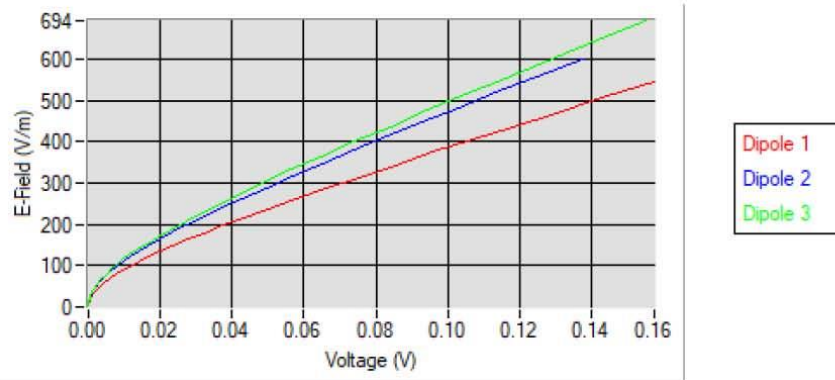
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

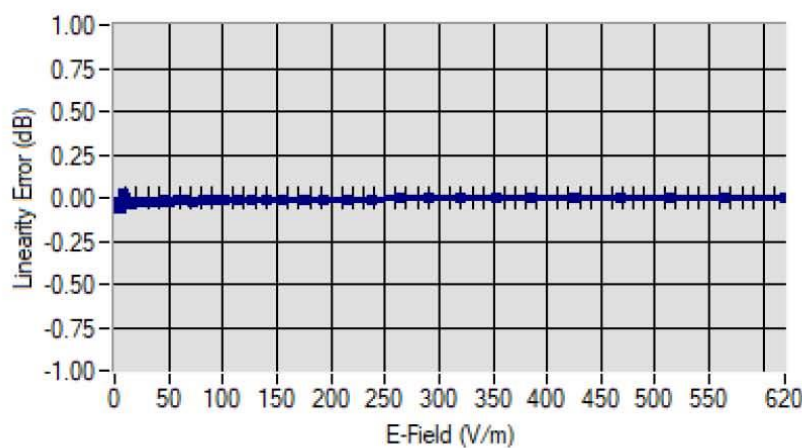
Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: $\pm 1.42\%$ ($\pm 0.06\text{dB}$)



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	ConvF
HL600	600	1.62
HL750	750	1.65
HL850	835	1.66
HL900	900	1.77
HL1500	1500	2.09
HL1750	1750	2.09
HL1800	1800	2.05
HL1900	1900	2.05
HL2000	2000	2.41
HL2100	2100	2.36
HL2300	2300	2.55
HL2450	2450	2.38
HL2600	2600	2.35
HL3300	3300	2.04
HL3500	3500	1.98
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.54
HL4200	4200	2.22
HL4600	4600	2.40
HL4900	4900	2.33
HL5200	5200	2.30
HL5400	5400	2.30
HL5600	5600	2.29
HL5800	5800	2.27

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

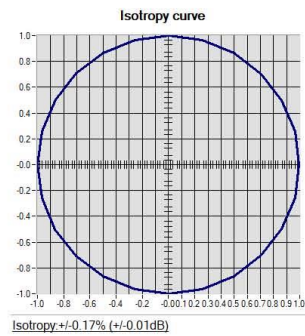


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref. ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

HL1800 MHz





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2024	08/2027
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2021	10/2024
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	05/2024	05/2027
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1160271	02/2024	02/2027
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	04/2024	04/2027
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2024	06/2027
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz NRVD	832839-056	11/2021	11/2024
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

Page: 10/11

Template ACR.DDD.N.YY.MVGB.ISSUE COMOSAR Probe vK

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.307.3.24.BES.A

Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2024	06/2027



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

GUANGDONG ASIA HONGKE TEST TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

NO.1/F,BUILDING B1, JUNFENG INDUSTRIAL PARK,
CHONGQING ROAD, HEPING COMMUNITY ,
FUHAIHAI STREET, BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN,
GUANGDONG 518055, P.R.CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15 DIP0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE – FRANCE

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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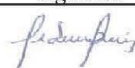
Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref.: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	

Yann
Toutain ID

Signature numérique
de Yann Toutain ID
Date : 2024.02.27
08:55:11+01'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen Asia Hongke

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref.: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP0G835-347
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is ± 0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is ± 0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is ± 0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 SAR

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty ($k=2$) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is $\pm 19\%$ with respect to measurement conditions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

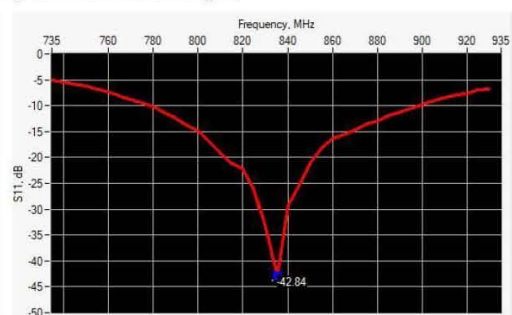
6 CALIBRATION RESULTS

6.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

L mm		h mm		d mm	
Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required
-	161.00 +/- 2%	-	89.80 +/- 2%	-	3.60 +/- 2%

6.2 S11 PARAMETER

6.2.1 S11 parameter in Head Liquid



Frequency (MHz)	S11 parameter (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-42.84	-20	50.5Ω + 0.5jΩ

6.3 SAR

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

6.3.1 SAR with Head Liquid

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.