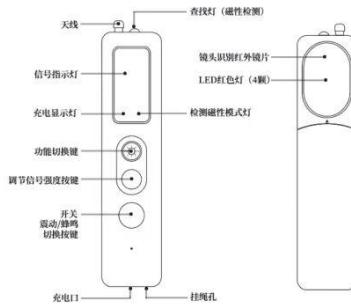


T18 说明书

产品示意图



产品快速使用说明

A:探测无线电波 (无线摄像机/窃听器等)

- 长按 电源开关3-5秒, 听到“滴”声后, 松开手指 蓝色指示灯亮, 开机默认探测无线电波, 无线监听器模式。
- 蓝灯若闪烁, 有声音提示, 表示有发射源。蓝灯信号指示灯越多, 表示信号越强。
- 点击按钮 灵敏度调节按键, 蓝灯越多, 灵敏度越高, 可扩大搜索范围。
- 循环调节调节灵敏度按键减蓝灯数量, 灵敏度降低, 减少探测范围, 可最终找到发射源。
- 也可以打开震动模式, 按下开机键切换, 震动1下。

B:探测隐藏摄像头 (建议关闭房间灯光)

- 短按 模式按键, 后面3颗红外灯亮起, 短按灵敏度调节键以控制红灯的闪烁快慢。每按一次LED灵敏度按键闪烁频率会快一档以控制红灯的闪烁快慢个级别, 循环调节, 可适应各类人群喜好。
- 上下左右移动本仪器, 对周围环境进行激光扫描, 眼睛通过本机配件特殊滤光片观察。如果有摄像头镜头, 你会发现有极强的亮点在闪烁。

C:GPS磁场探测

按下 模式切换绿灯, 将磁场感应探头靠近磁场源, 主机蓝灯亮起, 鸣警报器也将工作, 表明磁探头附近有磁场或带有强磁可疑物品存在, 也可以打开震动模式, 按下开机键切换, 震动1下。

D:照明功能

短按 模式切换亮顶部照明灯。
TYPE-C充电时亮红灯, 充满灯熄灭。

常见问题

- 为什么没有探测到静默休眠跟踪器?
答: 常用休眠定位器一天工作一两次, 一次只工作5-7分钟, 所以探测器正在探测无线信号时, 定位器有可能没有发信号。

- 为什么没有准确的探测到实时定位器的位置?
答: 实时定位器一般10秒左右发一次信号, 探测时请不要来回移动, 最好固定在一个位置5分钟以上, 再换一个位置继续探测。

- 为什么探测器终端“滴滴”乱叫?
答: 请净空周边的环境, 由于周边干扰信号太多太强。低一档。

- 为什么房子窗户边探测器叫得特别厉害?
答: 窗户是铝合金, 组成一个回路天线, 接收信号特别好。

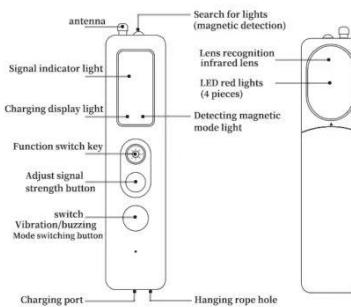
- 为什么没有探测到摄像头?
答: 有可能摄像头没有在工作, 有可能摄像头是有线摄像, 这时候改用红外灯光探测。

基本参数

体积	9.4x2.4x1.5cm
重量	28g
充电接口	Type-C
工作时间	连续 25 小时
天线增益	-56db
充电电源	DC5V/1A
电池	3.7V/400mA 聚合物锂电池
灵敏度	5 级可调
接收频率范围	1MHz - 6.5GHz
信号探测范围	5 厘米-8 米
光学滤片	特殊专用滤镜
材质	PC

T18 Instructions

Product schematics



Product schematics

A:Detection of radio waves (wireless cameras-eavesdroppers, etc.)

- Press the power button and hold the power button for 3-5 seconds, after hearing the “beep” sound, release your finger and the blue indicator light will turn on, and the default detection wireless camera and wireless monitor mode will be turned on.
- If the blue light is flashing and there is a voice prompt it means there is an emission source. The more blue lights signal indicators, the stronger the signal.
- Click the sensitivity adjustment button to adjust the sensitivity, the more blue lights, the higher the sensitivity, which can expand the search range.
- Cyclo adjustment: Adjust the sensitivity button to reduce the number of blue lights, reduce the sensitivity, reduce the detection range, and finally find the emission source.
- You can also turn on the vibration mode, press the power button to switch, and vibrate once.

B: Detect hidden cameras (recommended to turn off the room lights)

- Short press the mode button , the 3 infrared lights at the back will light up, short press the sensitivity adjustment button to control the flashing speed of the red light. Each time you press the LED sensitivity button, the flashing frequency will be one step faster to control the flashing speed of the red light. The cycle adjustment can be adapted to the preferences of all kinds of people.
- Move the instrument up, down, left and right to scan the surrounding environment with a laser, and observe through the special filter of the accessories of the machine. If there is a camera lens in front of you, you will find a very strong bright spot flashing.

- Press the mode switch green light, bring the magnetic field sensing probe close to the magnetic field source, the blue light of the host will light up, and the blue light will also flash, indicating that there is a magnetic field or suspicious items with strong magnetism near the magnetic probe. You can also turn

on the vibration mode, press the power button to switch, and vibrate 1 times.

D:Lighting function

Press the mode switching top illumination light. Red light when TYPE-C is charging, light turns off when full.

Common problem

- Why is the silent sleep tracker not detected?
Answer: The commonly used sleep locator works once a day, and only works for 5-7 minutes at a time, so when the detector is detecting wireless signals, the locator may not send a signal.

- Why is the position of the real-time locator not accurately detected?
Answer: The real-time locator generally sends a signal every 10 seconds. Please do not move back and forth during detection. It is best to fix it in one position for more than 5 minutes, and then change to another position to continue detection.

- Why does the detector terminal beep “DiDi”?
Answer: Please clear the surrounding environment, because the surrounding interference signal is too strong. Lower one notch.

- Why do the detectors near the windows of the house make such a loud noise?
Answer: The window is made of aluminum alloy, which forms a loop antenna, and the signal reception is particularly good.

- Why is the camera not detected?
Answer: It is possible that the camera is not working, it is possible that the camera is a wired camera, and the infrared light detection is used instead.

Basic parameters

Volume	9.4x2.4x1.5cm
Weight	28g
Charging interface	Type-C
Working hours	Continuous 25 hours
Antenna gain	-56db
Charging power supply	DC5V/1A
Battery	3.7V/400mA polymer lithium battery
Sensitivity	Level 5 adjustable
Receiving frequency range	1MHz - 6.5GHz
Signal detection range	5cm-8m
Optical lenses	Special dedicated filters
Material quality	PC

FCC Warning:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Caution: Any changes or modifications to this device not explicitly approved by manufacturer could void your authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.