

### RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

Systems operating under the provisions of FCC 47 CFR section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2m normally can be maintained between the user and the device, and below RF Permissible Exposure limit shall comply with.

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

## **EUT Specification**

FCC ID	2BLDP-WF201				
EUT	Video Doorbell				
Frequency band (Operating)	⊠ BT: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz				
	⊠ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz				
	☐ RLAN: 5.180GHz ~ 5.240GHz				
	☐ RLAN: 5.260GHz ~ 5.320GHz				
	☐ RLAN: 5.500GHz ~ 5.700GHz				
	☐ RLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz				
	⊠ Others:433.92MHz				
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation)				
	⊠ Mobile (>20cm separation)				
	Others				
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2)				
	☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)				
Antenna diversity	⊠ Single antenna				
	☐ Multiple antennas				
	☐ Tx diversity				
	☐ Rx diversity				
	☐ Tx/Rx diversity				
Antenna gain (Max)	BLE&WLAN: 0.19 dBi				
Evaluation applied	⊠ MPE Evaluation				
	☐ SAR Evaluation				



#### Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure(MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power	Average					
Range(MHz)	Strength(V/m)	Strength(A/m)	Density(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Time					
(A) Limits for Occupational/Control Exposures									
300-1500			F/300	6					
1500-100000			5	6					
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrol Exposures									
300-1500			F/1500	6					
1500-100000			1	30					

# Friis transmission formula: Pd=(Pout\*G)\(4\*pi\*R2)

Where

Pd= Power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>
Pout=output power to antenna in mW
G= gain of antenna in linear scale
Pi=3.1416

R= distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm Pd the limit of MPE, 1mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.



#### **Max Measurement Result**

Operating Mode	Measure d Power	'		Max. Tune up Power	Max. Tune up Power	Antenna Gain	Antenna Gain in Iinear	Power density at 20cm	Power density Limits
	(dBm)	(dBn	n)	(dBm)	(mW)	(dBi)	(Numerical value)	(mW/ cm2 )	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )
BLE	2.36	2.36	±1	3.36	2.1677	0.19	1.0447	0.0005	1
WiFi 2.4G	14.90	14.90	±1	15.90	38.9045	0.19	1.0447	0.0081	1
433.92MHz	-19.93	-19.93	±1	-18.93	0.0128	0	1.0000000	0.0000025	1

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$ ,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP=E-104.8+20logD=75.33 -104.8+20log3= -19.93dBm

Note: BT&WiFi&433.92MHz cannot support simultaneous transmission

Result: No Standalone SAR test is required.