

FCC TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2BKWU-MUSICMATE

Report No. : SSP24090044-1E

Applicant : JIANGMEN YUELE ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

Product Name : Open Ear True Wireless Earphone

Model Name : MUSICMATE

Test Standard : FCC Part 15.247

Date of Issue : 2024-09-12



Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen,
Guangdong, China; (Tel.:+86-755-23406590 website: www.ccuttest.com)

This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.

Test Report Basic Information

Applicant:	JIANGMEN YUELE ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 2nd Floor, No. 49, Encheng Yanjiang West Road, Enping City, Guangdong Province, China
Manufacturer:	JIANGMEN YUELE ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 2nd Floor, No. 49, Encheng Yanjiang West Road, Enping City, Guangdong Province, China
Product Name:	Open Ear True Wireless Earphone
Brand Name:	K audio
Main Model:	MUSICMATE
Series Models:	-
Test Standard:	FCC Part 15 Subpart C ANSI C63.4-2014 ANSI C63.10-2013
Date of Test	2024-09-03 to 2024-09-12
Test Result:	PASS
Tested By	<u>Leonis Cai</u> (Leonis Cai)
Reviewed By:	<u>Lieber Ouyang</u> (Lieber Ouyang)
Authorized Signatory:	<u>Lahm Peng</u> (Lahm Peng)



Note : This test report is limited to the above client company and the product model only. It may not be duplicated without prior permitted by Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd.. All test data presented in this test report is only applicable to presented test sample.

CONTENTS

1. General Information.....	5
1.1 Product Information	5
1.2 Test Setup Information.....	6
1.3 Compliance Standards.....	7
1.4 Test Facilities.....	7
1.5 List of Measurement Instruments	8
1.6 Measurement Uncertainty	9
2. Summary of Test Results	10
3. Antenna Requirement.....	11
3.1 Standard and Limit.....	11
3.2 Test Result	11
4. Conducted Emissions	12
4.1 Standard and Limit.....	12
4.2 Test Procedure.....	12
4.3 Test Data and Results	13
5. Radiated Emissions	16
5.1 Standard and Limit.....	16
5.2 Test Procedure.....	16
5.3 Test Data and Results	18
6. Band-edge Emissions(Radiated).....	22
6.1 Standard and Limit.....	22
6.2 Test Procedure.....	22
6.3 Test Data and Results	22
7. Frequency Hopping System.....	24
7.1 Standard and Limit.....	24
7.2 Test Procedure.....	24
7.3 Test Data and Results	25
8. Dwell Time.....	26
8.1 Standard and Limit.....	26
8.2 Test Procedure.....	26
8.3 Test Data and Results	27
9. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	34
9.1 Standard and Limit.....	34
9.2 Test Procedure.....	34
9.3 Test Data and Results	34
10. Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)	40
10.1 Standard and Limit.....	40
10.2 Test Procedure.....	40
10.3 Test Data and Results	40
11. Carrier Frequencies Separation.....	46
11.1 Standard and Limit.....	46
11.2 Test Procedure.....	46
11.3 Test Data and Results	46
12. Number of Hopping Channel.....	52
12.1 Standard and Limit.....	52
12.2 Test Procedure.....	52
12.3 Test Data and Results	52
13. Band-edge Emission(Conducted).....	55
13.1 Standard and Limit.....	55
13.2 Test Procedure.....	55
13.3 Test Data and Results	55
14. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions.....	65
14.1 Standard and Limit.....	65
14.2 Test Procedure.....	65
14.3 Test Data and Results	65

Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Description	Revised By
V1.0	2024-09-12	Initial Release	Lahm Peng

1. General Information

1.1 Product Information

Product Name:	Open Ear True Wireless Earphone
Trade Name:	K audio
Main Model:	MUSICMATE
Series Models:	-
Rated Voltage:	DC 3.7V by battery, USB 5V charging
Battery:	DC 3.7V, 0.259Wh
Test Sample No:	SSP24090044-1
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	V1.0
Note 1: The test data is gathered from a production sample, provided by the manufacturer.	

Wireless Specification	
Wireless Standard:	Bluetooth BR/EDR
Operating Frequency:	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
RF Output Power:	-1.83dBm
Number of Channel:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DQPS, 8DPSK
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Type of Antenna:	SMD Antenna
Type of Device:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portable Device <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile Device <input type="checkbox"/> Modular Device

1.2 Test Setup Information

List of Test Modes			
Test Mode	Description	Remark	
TM1	Lowest Channel	2402MHz(DH5/2DH5/3DH5)	
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz(DH5/2DH5/3DH5)	
TM3	Highest Channel	2480MHz(DH5/2DH5/3DH5)	
TM4	Hopping	2402MHz~2480MHz	
TM5	Charging	AC 120V/60Hz	
List and Details of Auxiliary Cable			
Description	Length (cm)	Shielded/Unshielded	With/Without Ferrite
USB cable	80cm	Unshielded	Without Ferrite
-	-	-	-
List and Details of Auxiliary Equipment			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Adapter	HUAWEI	HW-110600C02	JL28L4P2D06114
-	-	-	-

List of Channels							
No. of Channel	Frequency (MHz)	No. of Channel	Frequency (MHz)	No. of Channel	Frequency (MHz)	No. of Channel	Frequency (MHz)
01	2402	21	2422	41	2442	61	2462
02	2403	22	2423	42	2443	62	2463
03	2404	23	2424	43	2444	63	2464
04	2405	24	2425	44	2445	64	2465
05	2406	25	2426	45	2446	65	2466
~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~
16	2417	36	2437	56	2457	76	2477
17	2418	37	2438	57	2458	77	2478
18	2419	38	2439	58	2459	78	2479
19	2420	39	2440	59	2460	79	2480
20	2421	40	2441	60	2461		

1.3 Compliance Standards

Compliance Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES, Intentional Radiators
All measurements contained in this report were conducted with all above standards	
According to standards for test methodology	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C	FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES, Intentional Radiators
ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer or applicant. Any modification of the product, which result is lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.	

1.4 Test Facilities

Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen CCUT Quality Technology Co., Ltd. 1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
CNAS Laboratory No.:	L18863
A2LA Certificate No.:	6893.01
FCC Registration No.:	583813
ISED Registration No.:	CN0164
All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1F, Building 35, Changxing Technology Industrial Park, Yutang Street, Guangming District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.	

1.5 List of Measurement Instruments

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
Conducted Emissions					
AMN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ENV216	101097	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100242	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 5	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
EMI Test Software	FARA	EZ-EMC	EMEC-3A1+	N/A	N/A
Radiated Emissions					
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESPI	100154	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY48030972	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV40-N	101692	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Amplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9743B	00251	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Amplifier	HUABO	YXL0518-2.5-45	--	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Amplifier	COM-MW	DLAN-18G-4G-02	10229104	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Loop Antenna	DAZE	ZN30900C	21104	2024-08-03	2025-08-02
Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01320	2024-08-03	2025-08-02
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02553	2024-08-03	2025-08-02
Horn Antenna	COM-MW	ZLB7-18-40G-950	12221225	2024-08-03	2025-08-02
Attenuator	QUANJUDA	6dB	220731	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 1	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 2	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 3	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 4	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 8	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Test Cable	N/A	Cable 9	N/A	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
EMI Test Software	FARA	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE+	N/A	N/A
Conducted RF Testing					
RF Test System	MWRFTTest	MW100-RFCB	220418SQS-37	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	ATO-90521	2024-08-07	2025-08-06
RF Test Software	MWRFTTest	MTS 8310	N/A	N/A	N/A
Laptop	Lenovo	ThlnkPad E15 Gen 3	SPPOZ22485	N/A	N/A

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Conditions	Uncertainty
Conducted Emissions	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±1.64 dB
Radiated Emissions	9kHz ~ 30MHz	±2.88 dB
	30MHz ~ 1GHz	±3.32 dB
	1GHz ~ 18GHz	±3.50 dB
	18GHz ~ 40GHz	±3.66 dB
Conducted Output Power	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±0.50 dB
Occupied Bandwidth	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±4.0 %
Conducted Spurious Emission	9kHz ~ 26GHz	±1.32 dB

2. Summary of Test Results

FCC Rule	Description of Test Item	Result
FCC Part 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(i)	RF Exposure(see the RF exposure report)	Passed
FCC Part 15.207	Conducted Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.209, 15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), (g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Passed
FCC Part 15.215(c)	Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequencies Separation	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Channel	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Band-edge Emissions(Conducted)	Passed
FCC Part 15.247(d)	Conducted RF Spurious Emissions	Passed
Passed: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard Failed: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard N/A: Not applicable		

3. Antenna Requirement

3.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Test Result

This product has an SMD antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

4. Conducted Emissions

4.1 Standard and Limit

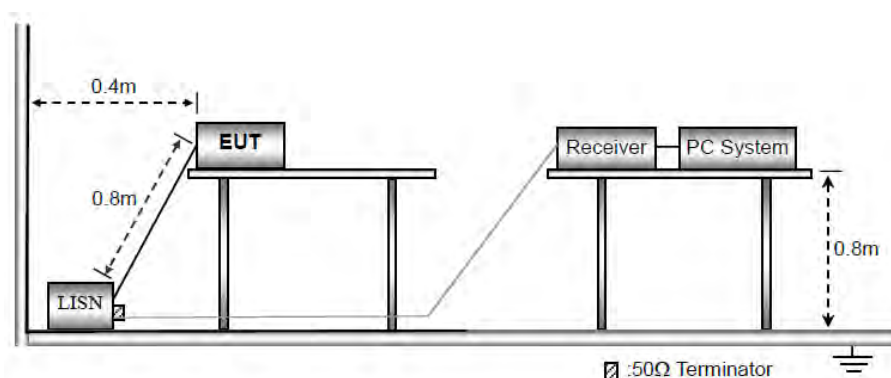
According to the rule FCC Part 15.207, Conducted emissions limit, the limit for a wireless device as below:

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted emissions (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Note 1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz
 Note 2: The lower limit applies at the band edges

4.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.2.



Test Setup Block Diagram

a) The EUT was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT has been programmed to continuously transmit during test. This operating condition was tested and used to collect the included data.

b) The following is the setting of the receiver

Attenuation: 10dB

Start Frequency: 0.15MHz

Stop Frequency: 30MHz

IF Bandwidth: 9kHz

c) The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipment powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.

d) Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.

e) I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.

f) LISN is at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.

g) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item - photographs of the test setup.

4.3 Test Data and Results

All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207 standard limit for a wireless device, and with the worst case GFSK_2402MHz as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

Test Plots and Data of Conducted Emissions

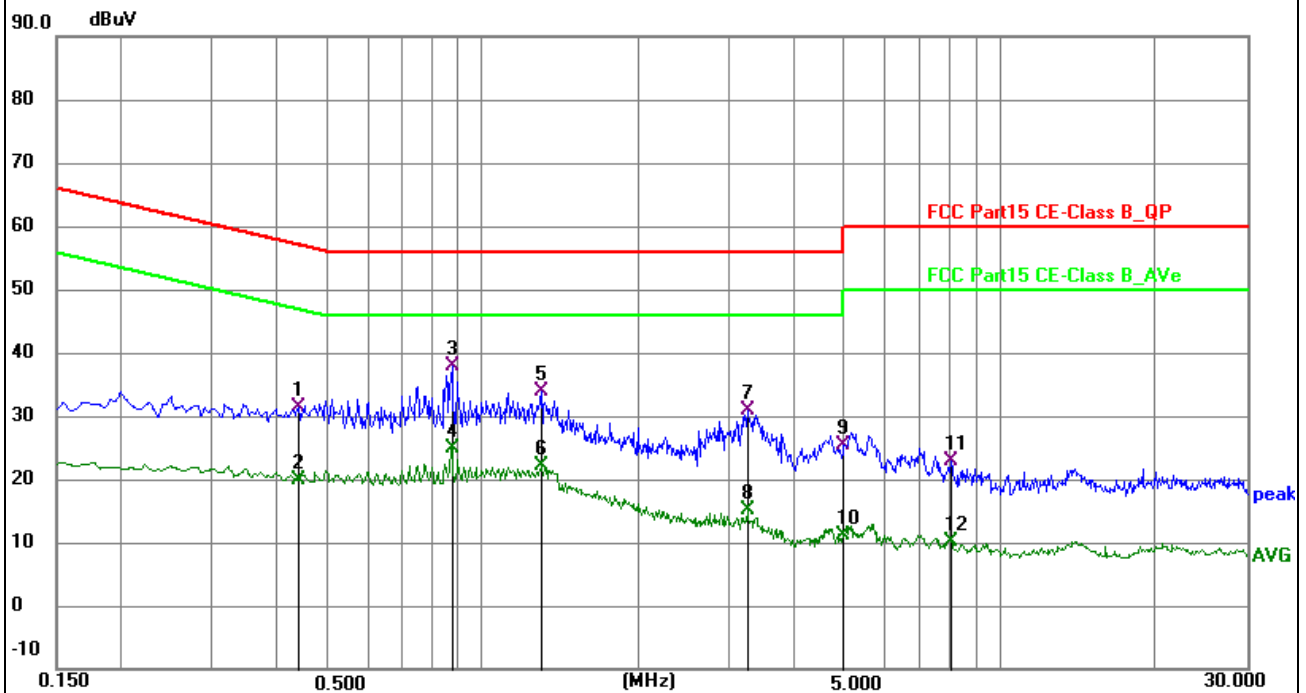
Tested Mode:	TM5
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Power Line:	Neutral
Remark:	



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.5503	23.78	9.37	33.15	56.00	-22.85	QP	P	
2	0.5503	12.44	9.37	21.81	46.00	-24.19	AVG	P	
3 *	0.8745	28.21	9.38	37.59	56.00	-18.41	QP	P	
4	0.8745	18.00	9.38	27.38	46.00	-18.62	AVG	P	
5	1.1220	23.09	9.43	32.52	56.00	-23.48	QP	P	
6	1.1220	12.70	9.43	22.13	46.00	-23.87	AVG	P	
7	3.0884	18.79	9.50	28.29	56.00	-27.71	QP	P	
8	3.0884	6.58	9.50	16.08	46.00	-29.92	AVG	P	
9	4.4880	16.65	9.55	26.20	56.00	-29.80	QP	P	
10	4.4880	4.00	9.55	13.55	46.00	-32.45	AVG	P	
11	6.1530	14.29	9.57	23.86	60.00	-36.14	QP	P	
12	6.1530	-0.12	9.57	9.45	50.00	-40.55	AVG	P	

Test Plots and Data of Conducted Emissions

Tested Mode:	TM5
Test Voltage:	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Power Line:	Live
Remark:	



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.4380	21.78	9.57	31.35	57.10	-25.75	QP	P	
2	0.4380	10.39	9.57	19.96	47.10	-27.14	AVG	P	
3 *	0.8745	28.38	9.57	37.95	56.00	-18.05	QP	P	
4	0.8745	15.28	9.57	24.85	46.00	-21.15	AVG	P	
5	1.2975	24.24	9.63	33.87	56.00	-22.13	QP	P	
6	1.2975	12.44	9.63	22.07	46.00	-23.93	AVG	P	
7	3.2415	21.29	9.70	30.99	56.00	-25.01	QP	P	
8	3.2415	5.46	9.70	15.16	46.00	-30.84	AVG	P	
9	4.9875	15.73	9.76	25.49	56.00	-30.51	QP	P	
10	4.9875	1.44	9.76	11.20	46.00	-34.80	AVG	P	
11	8.0565	13.16	9.76	22.92	60.00	-37.08	QP	P	
12	8.0565	0.29	9.76	10.05	50.00	-39.95	AVG	P	

5. Radiated Emissions

5.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

According to the rule FCC Part 15.209, Radiated emission limit for a wireless device as below:

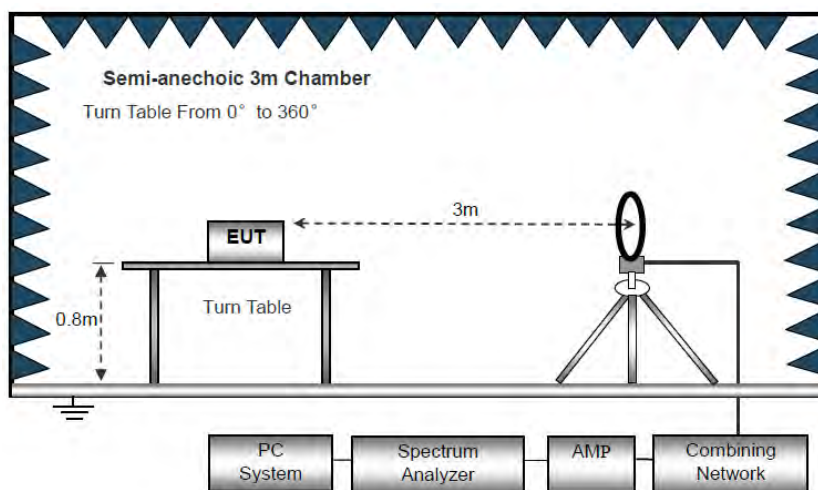
Frequency of emission (MHz)	Radiated emissions (3m)
	Quasi-peak (dBuV/m)
30-88	40
88-216	43.5
216-960	46
Above 960	54
Note: The more stringent limit applies at transition frequencies.	

The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

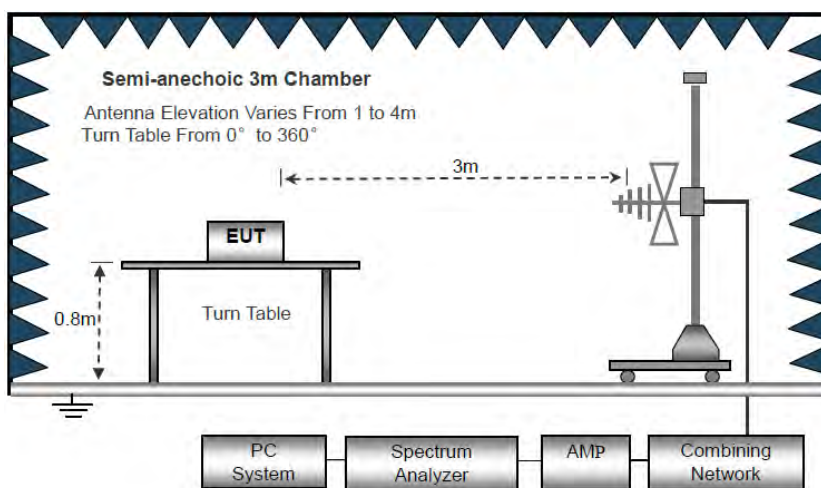
Note: Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

5.2 Test Procedure

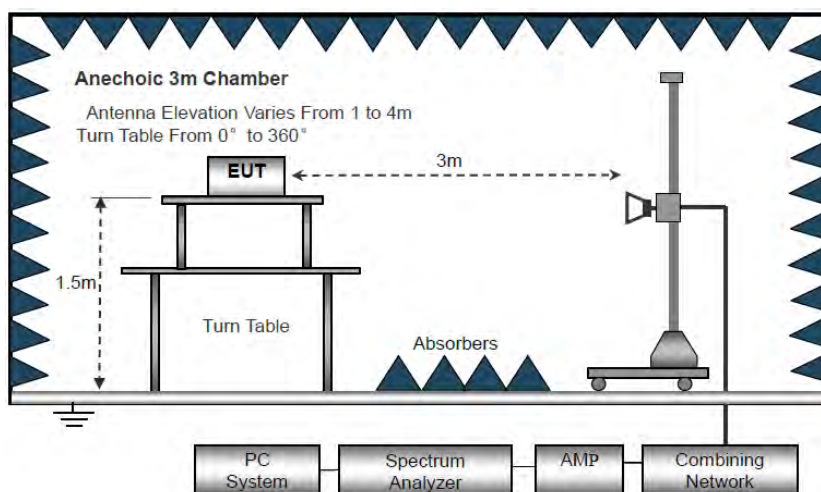
Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6.



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Below 30MHz



Block Diagram of Radiated Emission From 30MHz to 1GHz



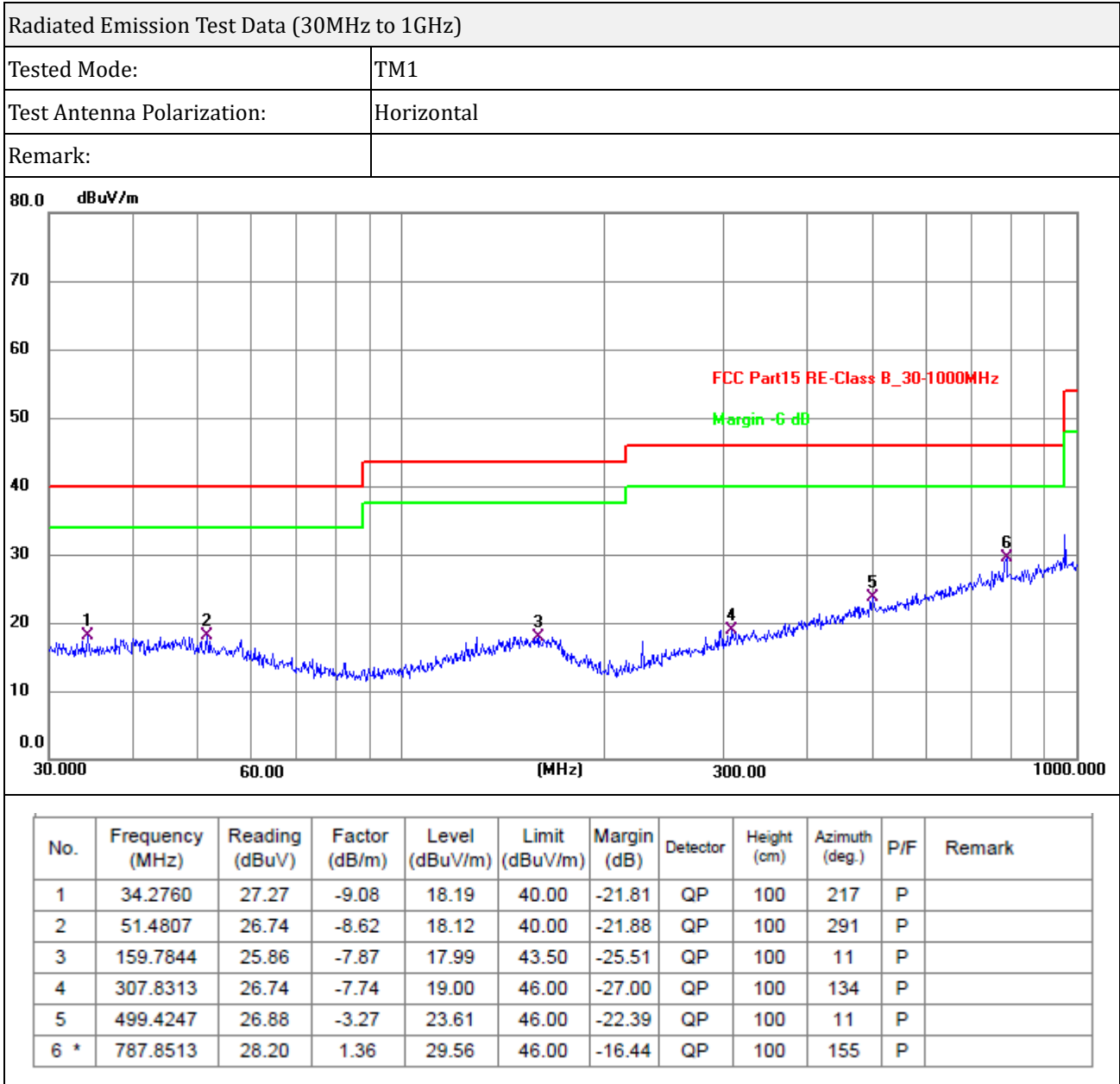
Block Diagram of Radiated Emission Above 1GHz

- a) The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane for test frequency range below 1GHz, and 1.5m above ground plane for test frequency range above 1GHz.
- b) EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
- c) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1\text{GHz}$, 100 kHz for $f < 1\text{GHz}$, 10kHz for $f < 30\text{MHz}$
VBW \geq RBW, Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
- d) Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-2014 with respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, submit this data. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
- e) The peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 10Hz, Detector = PK for AV value, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings.
- f) For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related item - EUT test photos.

5.3 Test Data and Results

All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit for a wireless device, and with the worst case GFSK_2402MHz as below:

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

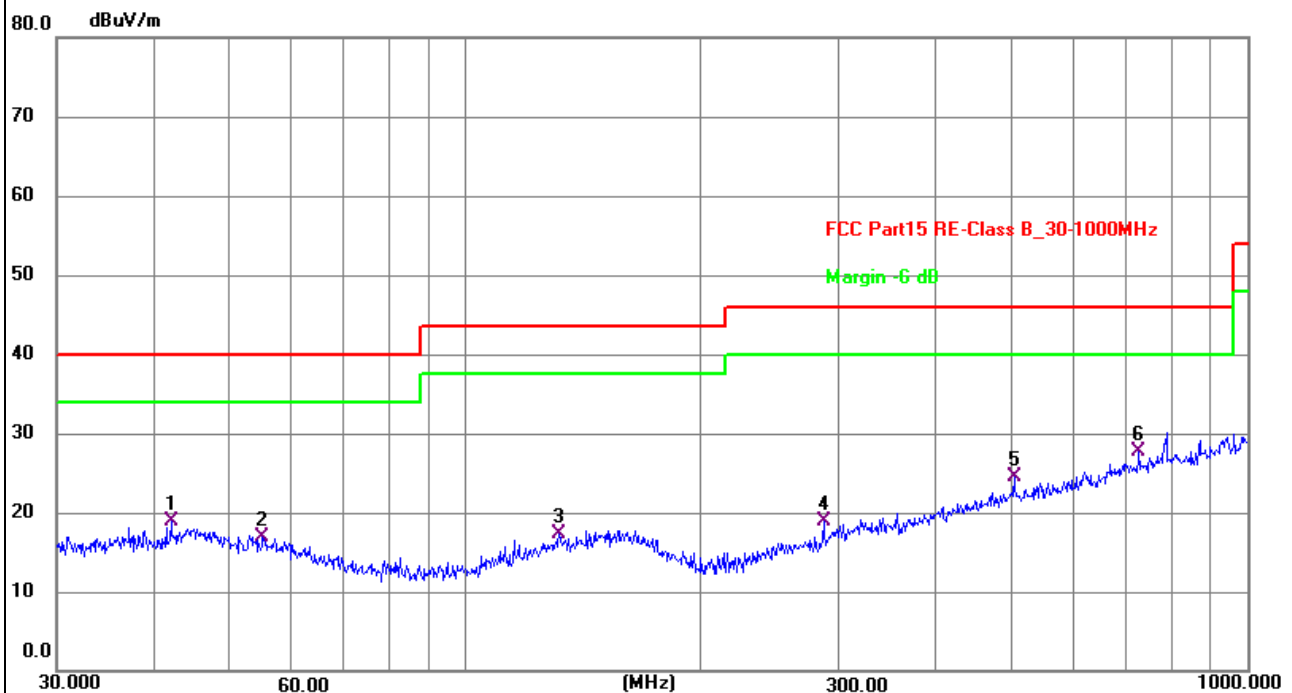


Radiated Emission Test Data (30MHz to 1GHz)

Tested Mode: TM1

Test Antenna Polarization: Vertical

Remark:



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg.)	P/F	Remark
1	42.0066	27.20	-8.28	18.92	40.00	-21.08	QP	100	54	P	
2	55.0274	26.13	-9.17	16.96	40.00	-23.04	QP	100	248	P	
3	131.7577	26.07	-8.72	17.35	43.50	-26.15	QP	100	207	P	
4	286.9823	27.56	-8.71	18.85	46.00	-27.15	QP	100	124	P	
5	502.9395	27.74	-3.23	24.51	46.00	-21.49	QP	100	348	P	
6 *	726.8052	27.16	0.59	27.75	46.00	-18.25	QP	100	318	P	

Radiated Emission Test Data (Above 1GHz)							
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV
Lowest Channel (GFSK_2402MHz)							
4804	77.06	-14.72	62.34	74	-11.66	H	PK
4804	62.73	-14.72	48.01	54	-5.99	H	AV
7206	64.18	-8.41	55.77	74	-18.23	H	PK
7206	45.07	-8.41	36.66	54	-17.34	H	AV
4804	78.66	-14.72	63.94	74	-10.06	V	PK
4804	58.67	-14.72	43.95	54	-10.05	V	AV
7206	62.28	-8.41	53.87	74	-20.13	V	PK
7206	49.2	-8.41	40.79	54	-13.21	V	AV
Middle Channel (GFSK_2441MHz)							
4882	79.27	-14.64	64.63	74	-9.37	H	PK
4882	61.3	-14.64	46.66	54	-7.34	H	AV
7323	65.39	-8.28	57.11	74	-16.89	H	PK
7323	47.16	-8.28	38.88	54	-15.12	H	AV
4882	75.02	-14.64	60.38	74	-13.62	V	PK
4882	58.8	-14.64	44.16	54	-9.84	V	AV
7323	62.72	-8.28	54.44	74	-19.56	V	PK
7323	46.43	-8.28	38.15	54	-15.85	V	AV
Highest Channel (GFSK_2480MHz)							
4960	74.1	-14.53	59.57	74	-14.43	H	PK
4960	60.33	-14.53	45.8	54	-8.2	H	AV
7440	65.92	-8.13	57.79	74	-16.21	H	PK
7440	47.49	-8.13	39.36	54	-14.64	H	AV
4960	73.92	-14.53	59.39	74	-14.61	V	PK
4960	60.27	-14.53	45.74	54	-8.26	V	AV
7440	63.29	-8.13	55.16	74	-18.84	V	PK
7440	48.26	-8.13	40.13	54	-13.87	V	AV

Note 1: All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK modes have been tested. This EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data of GFSK was reported.

Note 2: Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics. The measurements greater than 20dB below the limit from 9kHz to 30MHz.

Note 3: Other emissions are attenuated 20dB below the limits from 9kHz to 30MHz, so it does not recorded report, 18GHz-26GHz not recorded for no spurious point have a margin of less than 6 dB with respect to the limits.

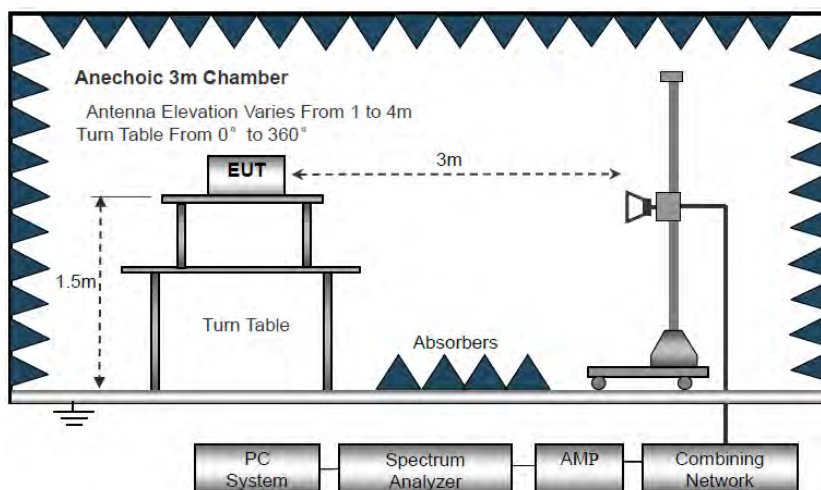
6. Band-edge Emissions(Radiated)

6.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

6.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.3 to 6.6 and section 6.10.



Test Setup Block Diagram

As the radiated emissions testing, set the Lowest and Highest Transmitting Channel, observed the outside band of 2310MHz to 2400MHz and 2483.5MHz to 2500MHz, than mark the higher-level emission for comparing with the FCC rules.

6.3 Test Data and Results

All of the GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK modes have been tested, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.247 standard limit, and with the worst case GFSK as below:

Test Mode	Frequency	Limit	Result
	MHz	dBuV/dBc	
Lowest	2310.00	<54 dBuV	Pass
	2390.00	<54 dBuV	Pass
Highest	2483.50	<54 dBuV	Pass
	2500.00	<54 dBuV	Pass

Radiated Emission Test Data (Band edge emissions)							
Frequency	Reading	Correct	Result	Limit	Margin	Polar	Detector
MHz	dBuV/m	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	H/V	PK/AV
Lowest Channel (GFSK_2402MHz)							
2310	69.2	-21.34	47.86	74	-26.14	H	PK
2310	50.78	-21.34	29.44	54	-24.56	H	AV
2390	67.57	-20.96	46.61	74	-27.39	H	PK
2390	52.39	-20.96	31.43	54	-22.57	H	AV
2400	74.26	-20.91	53.35	74	-20.65	H	PK
2400	52.43	-20.91	31.52	54	-22.48	H	AV
2310	69.7	-21.34	48.36	74	-25.64	V	PK
2310	50.16	-21.34	28.82	54	-25.18	V	AV
2390	69.89	-20.96	48.93	74	-25.07	V	PK
2390	49.53	-20.96	28.57	54	-25.43	V	AV
2400	71.46	-20.91	50.55	74	-23.45	V	PK
2400	53.35	-20.91	32.44	54	-21.56	V	AV
Highest Channel (GFSK_2480MHz)							
2483.50	68.89	-20.51	48.38	74	-25.62	H	PK
2483.50	55.28	-20.51	34.77	54	-19.23	H	AV
2500	66.84	-20.43	46.41	74	-27.59	H	PK
2500	51.04	-20.43	30.61	54	-23.39	H	AV
2483.50	70.75	-20.51	50.24	74	-23.76	V	PK
2483.50	55.21	-20.51	34.7	54	-19.3	V	AV
2500	68.76	-20.43	48.33	74	-25.67	V	PK
2500	50.46	-20.43	30.03	54	-23.97	V	AV

Remark: Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level - Limit

7. Frequency Hopping System

7.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

7.2 Test Procedure

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with an bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for DA 00-705 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

7.3 Test Data and Results

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

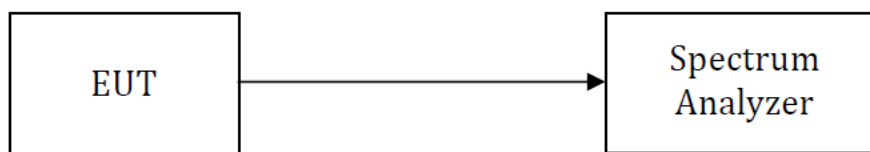
8. Dwell Time

8.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247 (a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed..

8.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Spectrum Setting: RBW=510KHz, VBW=1.5MHz, Span=0Hz, Detector=Peak
- 3) Use video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full pulses.
- 4) Sweep Time is more than once pulse time.
- 5) Set the center frequency on any frequency would be measure and set the frequency span to zero span.
- 6) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 7) Set the EUT for packet transmitting.
- 8) Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.
- 9) The EUT was set to the Hopping Mode for Dwell Time Test.



Test Setup Block Diagram

8.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Data Packet	Channel (MHz)	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH1	2441	0.384	122.112	<400	Pass
	DH3	2441	1.64	272.24	<400	Pass
	DH5	2441	2.887	314.683	<400	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH1	2441	0.392	124.656	<400	Pass
	2DH3	2441	1.644	243.312	<400	Pass
	2DH5	2441	2.892	315.228	<400	Pass
8DPSK	3DH1	2441	0.393	125.367	<400	Pass
	3DH3	2441	1.644	269.616	<400	Pass
	3DH5	2441	2.894	280.718	<400	Pass

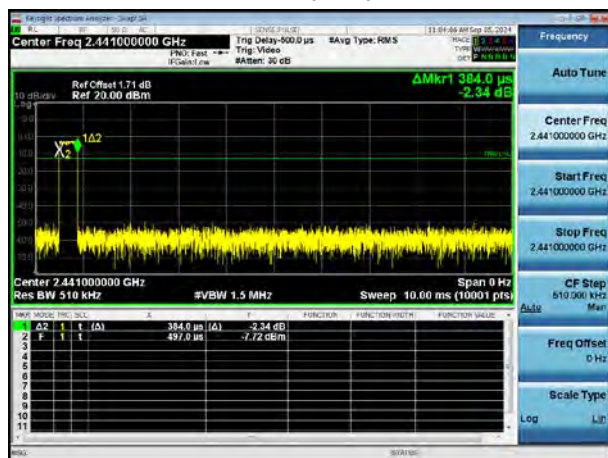
Right earphone:

Test Mode	Data Packet	Channel (MHz)	Pulse Duration (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Result
GFSK	DH1	2441	0.383	120.645	<400	Pass
	DH3	2441	1.639	249.128	<400	Pass
	DH5	2441	2.886	262.626	<400	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2DH1	2441	0.392	124.264	<400	Pass
	2DH3	2441	1.644	258.108	<400	Pass
	2DH5	2441	2.892	260.28	<400	Pass
8DPSK	3DH1	2441	0.392	124.264	<400	Pass
	3DH3	2441	1.643	261.237	<400	Pass
	3DH5	2441	2.894	324.128	<400	Pass

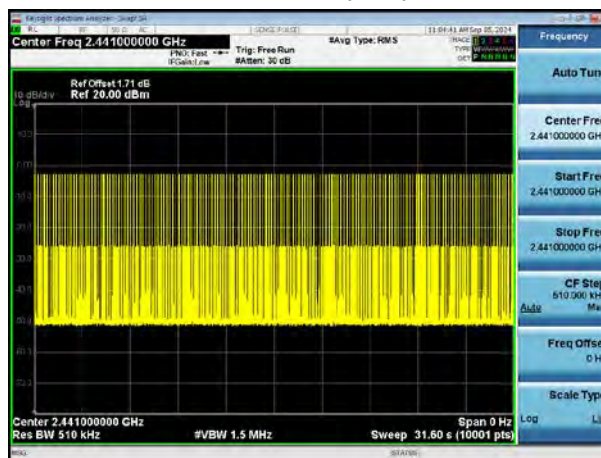
Left earphone:

GFSK (2441MHz)

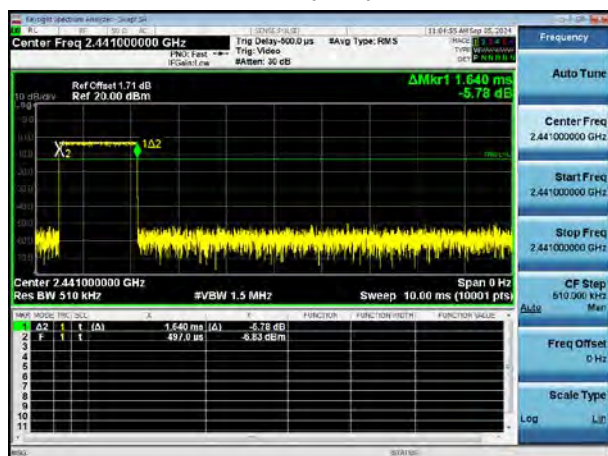
Burst(DH1)



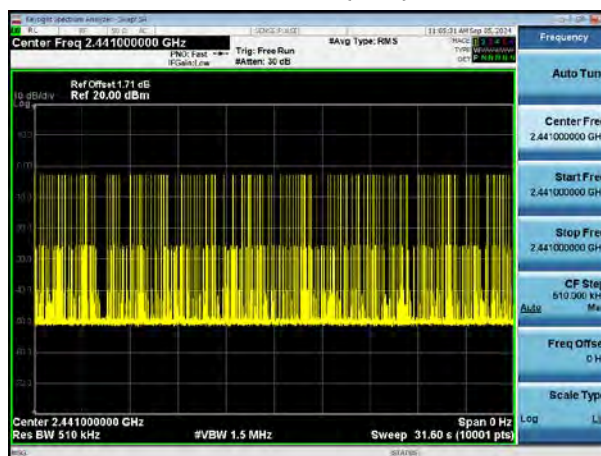
Accumulate(DH1)



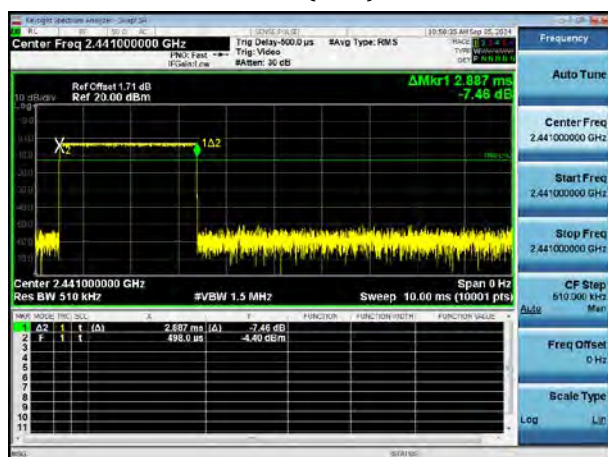
Burst(DH3)



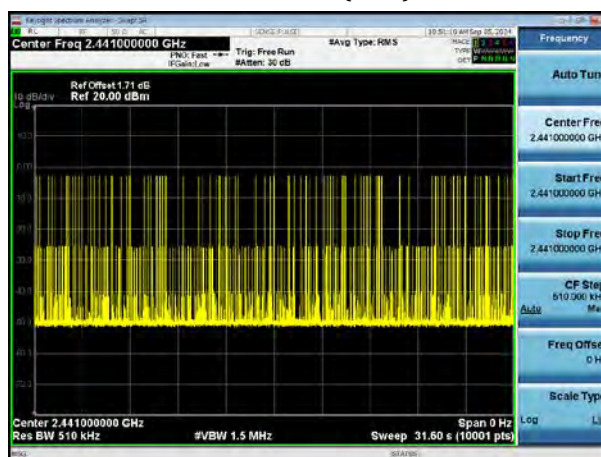
Accumulate(DH3)



Burst(DH5)

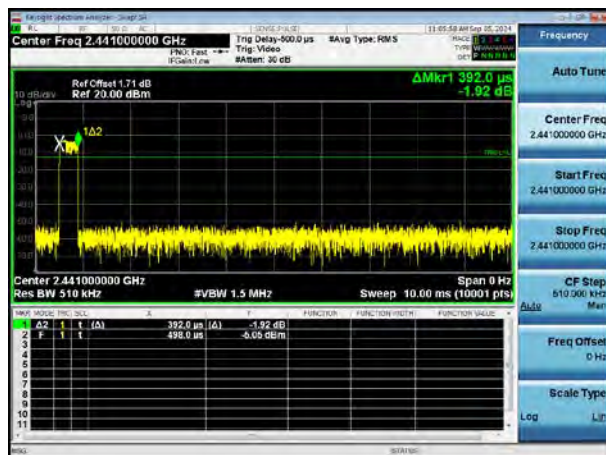


Accumulate(DH5)

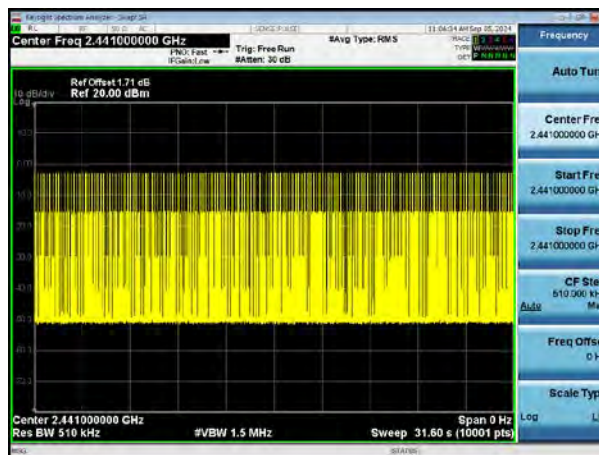


Pi/4 DQPSK (2441MHz)

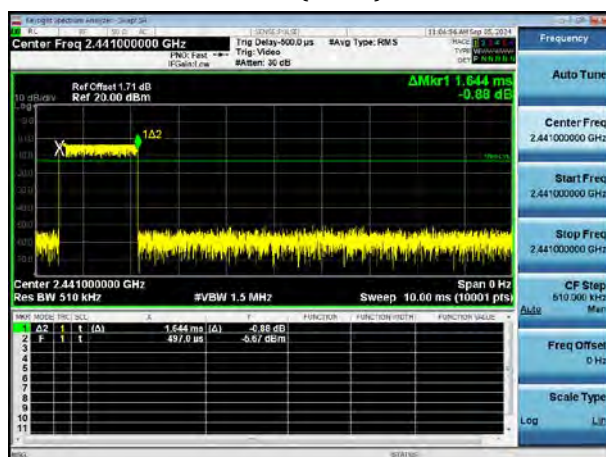
Burst(2DH1)



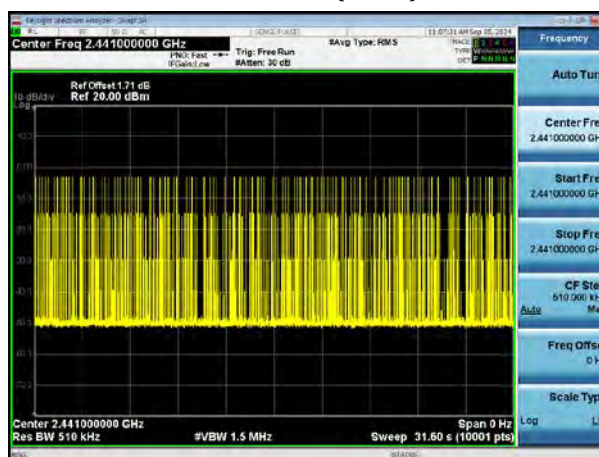
Accumulate(2DH1)



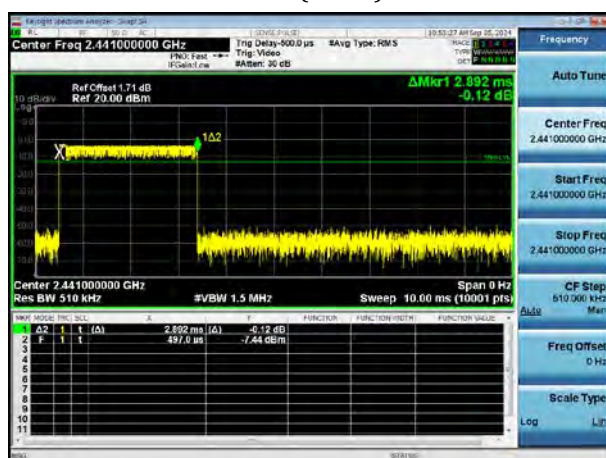
Burst(2DH3)



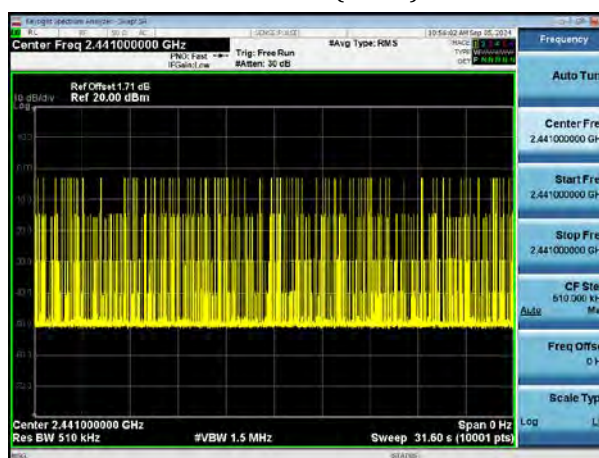
Accumulate(2DH3)



Burst(2DH5)

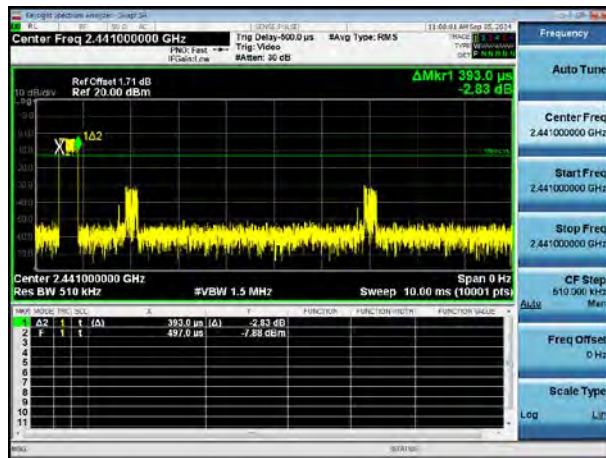


Accumulate(2DH5)

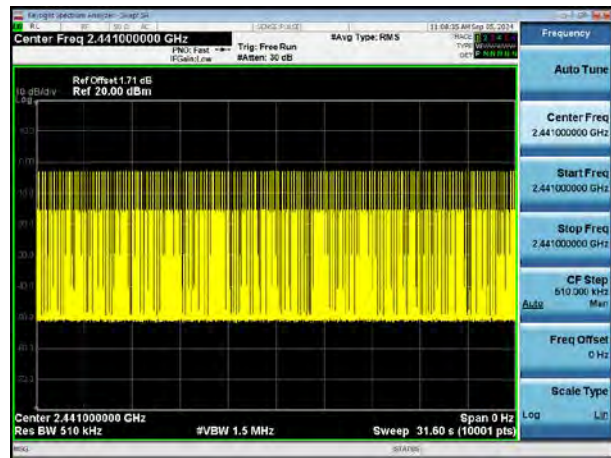


8DPSK (2441MHz)

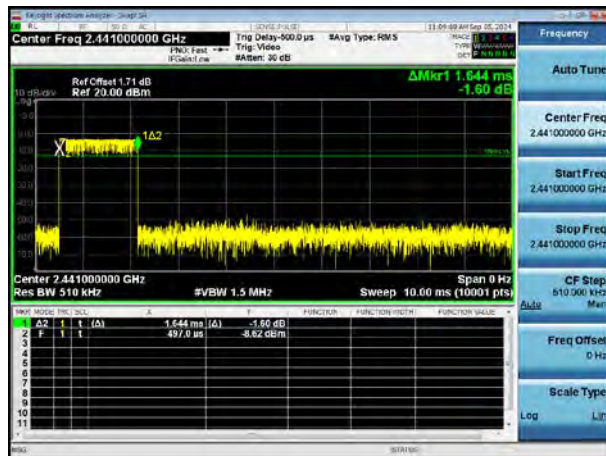
Burst(2DH1)



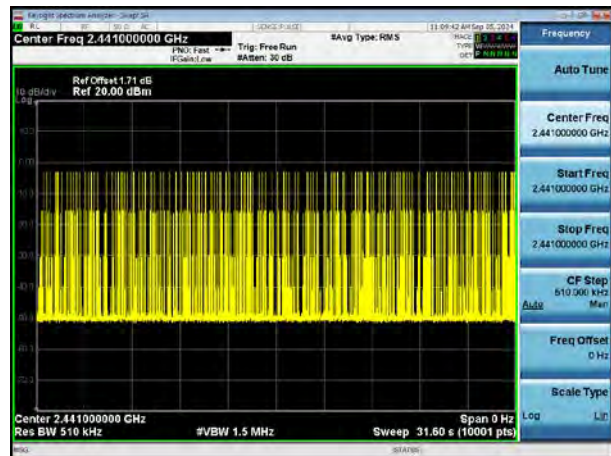
Accumulate(2DH1)



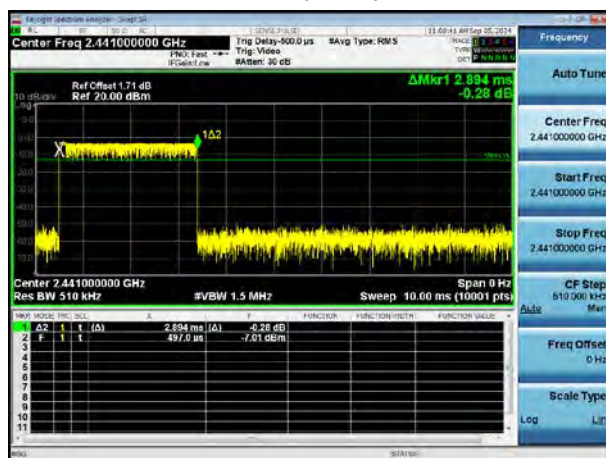
Burst(2DH3)



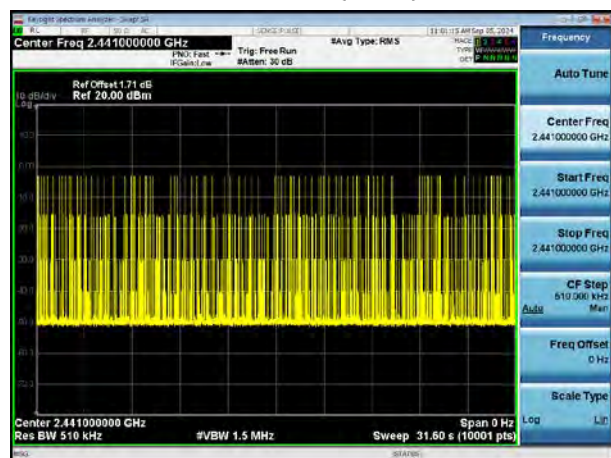
Accumulate(2DH3)



Burst(2DH5)



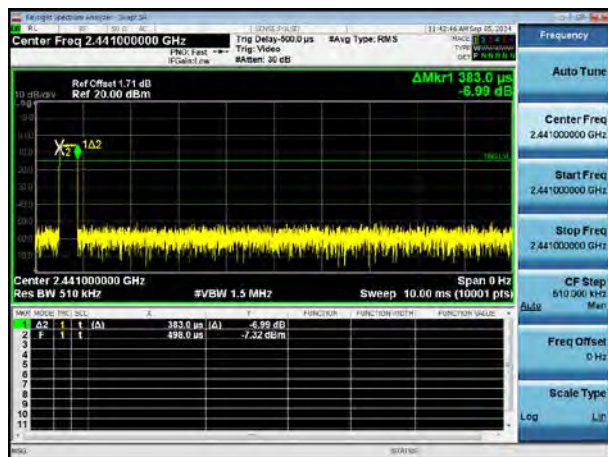
Accumulate(2DH5)



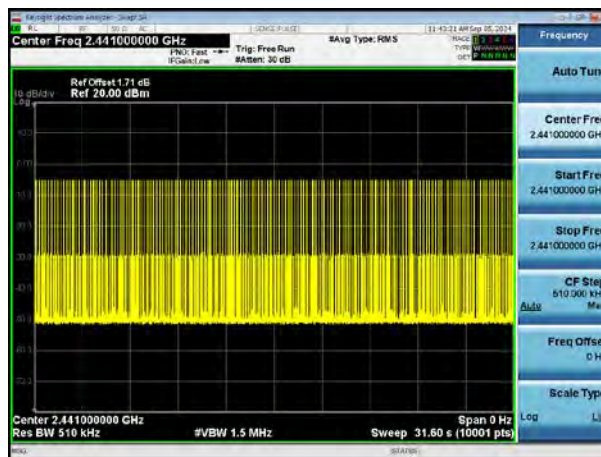
Right earphone:

GFSK (2441MHz)

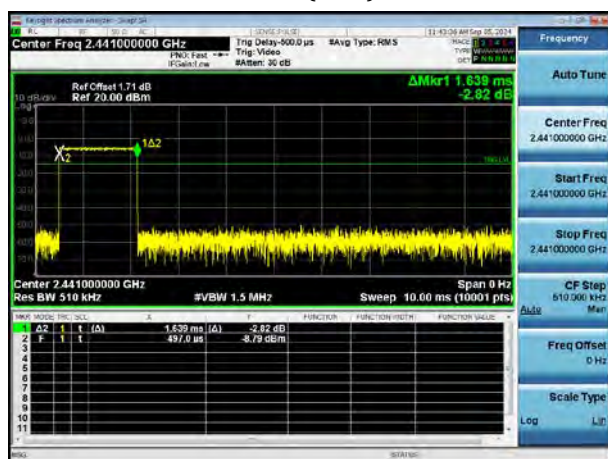
Burst(DH1)



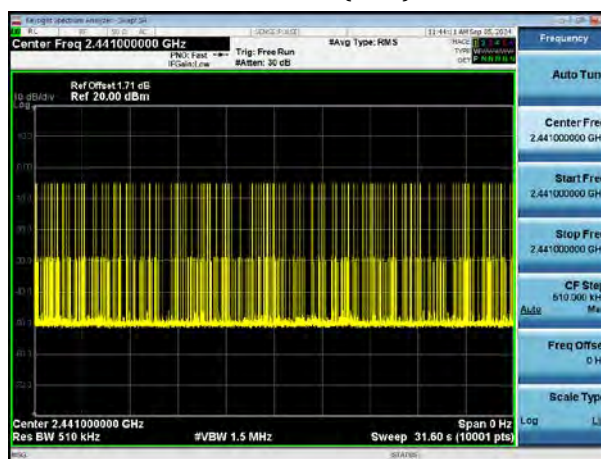
Accumulate(DH1)



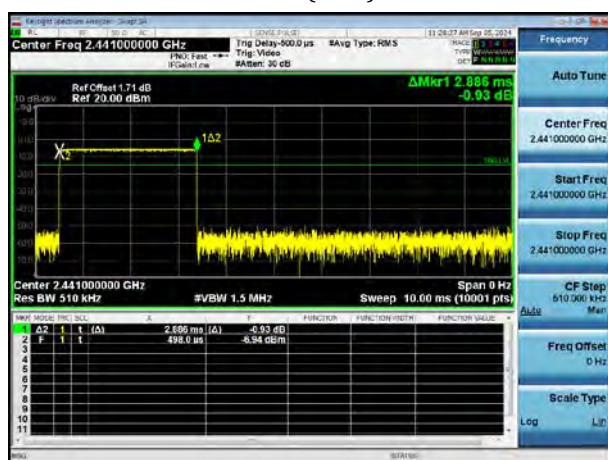
Burst(DH3)



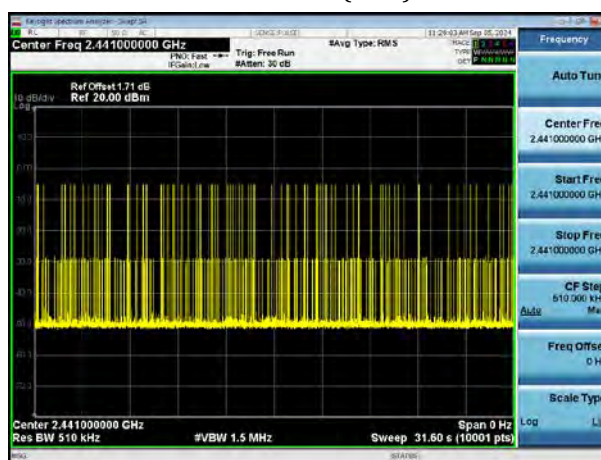
Accumulate(DH3)



Burst(DH5)

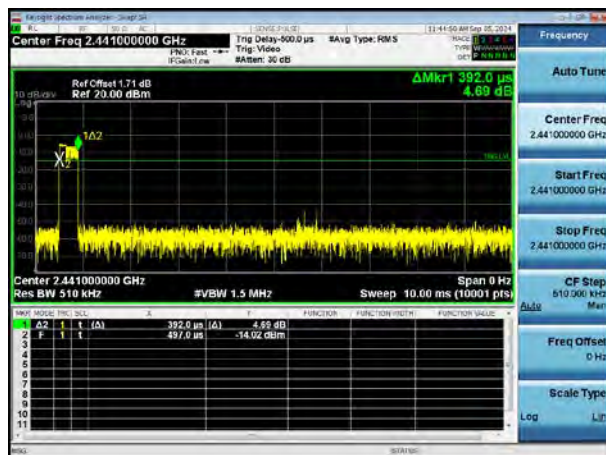


Accumulate(DH5)

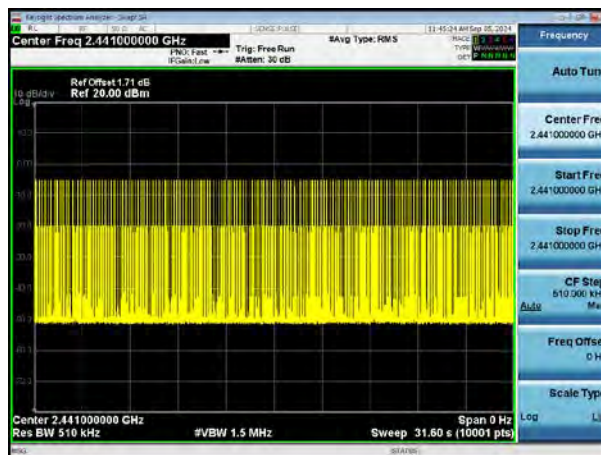


Pi/4 DQPSK (2441MHz)

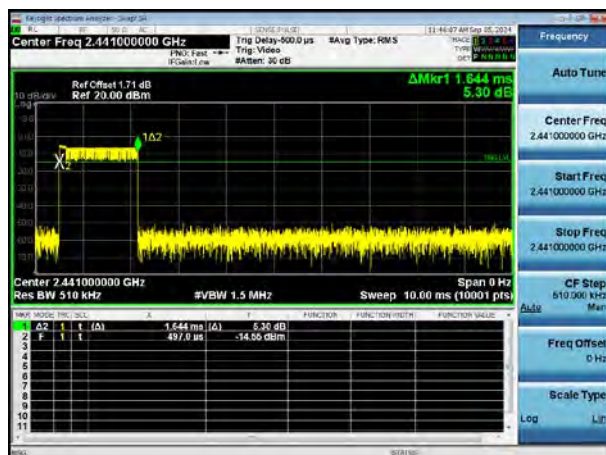
Burst(2DH1)



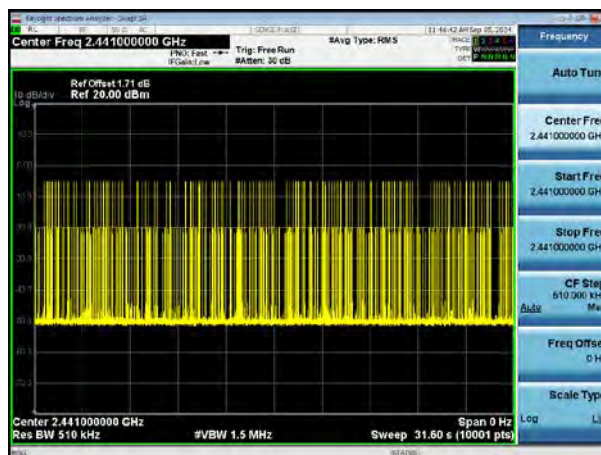
Accumulate(2DH1)



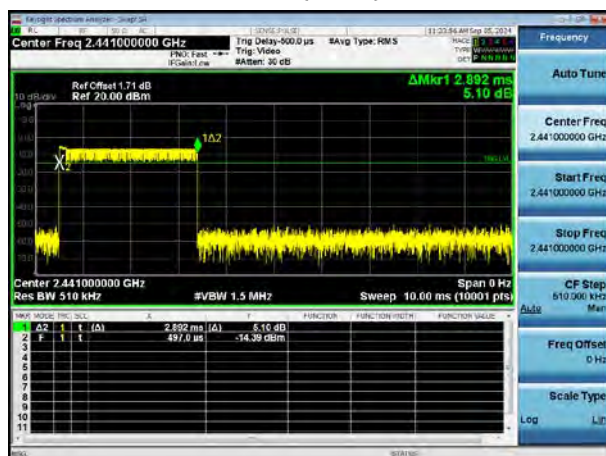
Burst(2DH3)



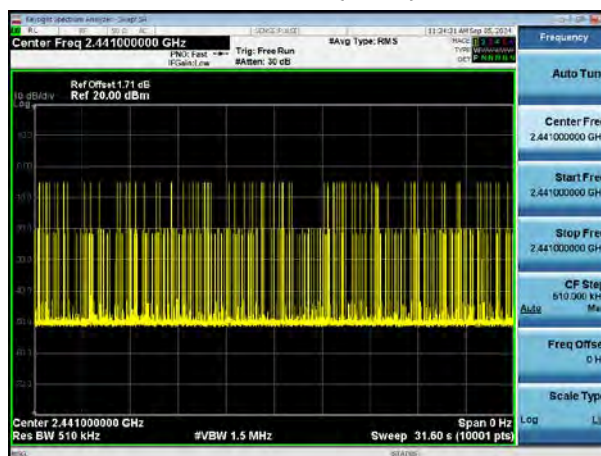
Accumulate(2DH3)



Burst(2DH5)

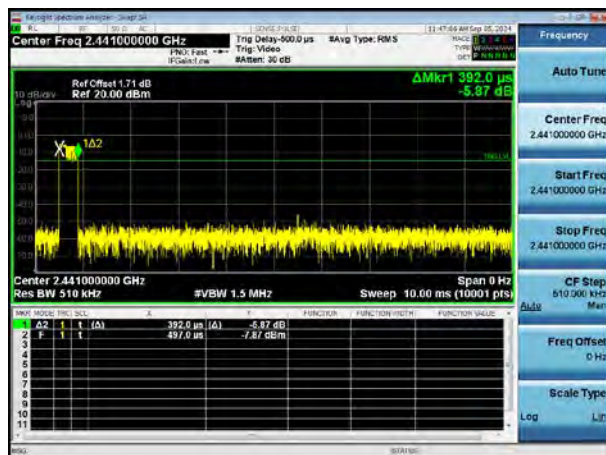


Accumulate(2DH5)

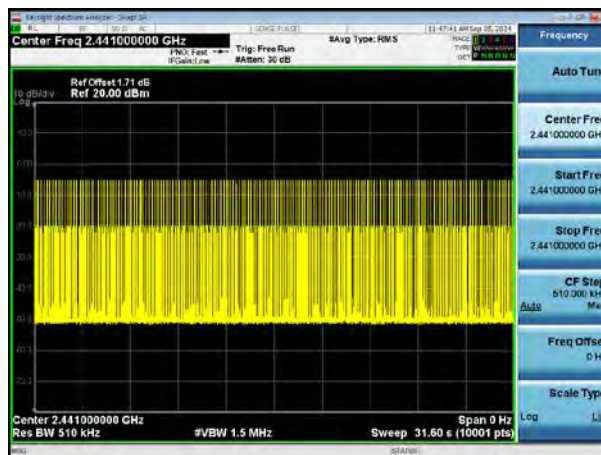


8DPSK (2441MHz)

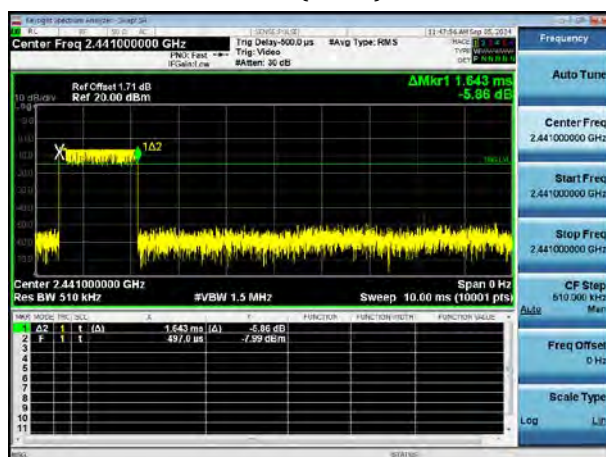
Burst(2DH1)



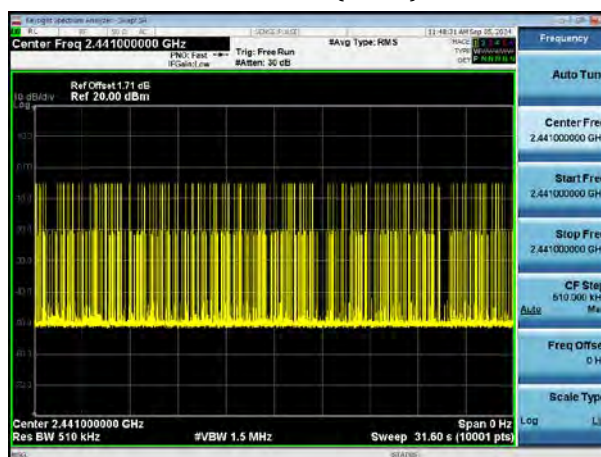
Accumulate(2DH1)



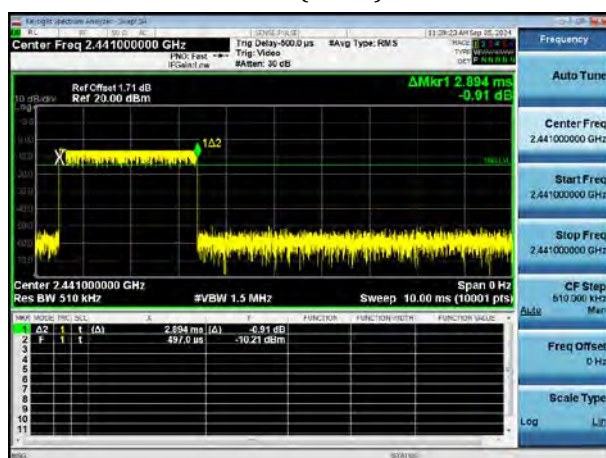
Burst(2DH3)



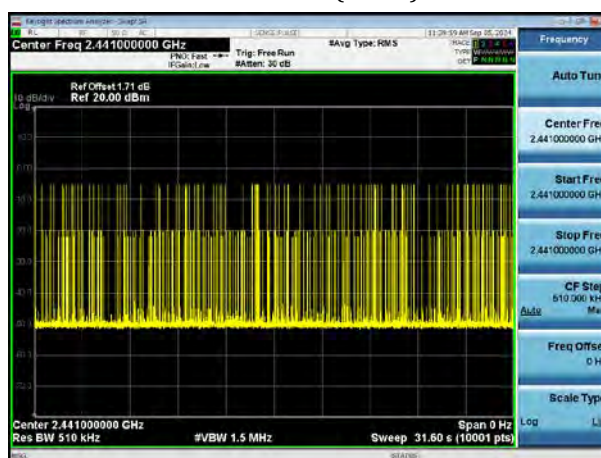
Accumulate(2DH3)



Burst(2DH5)



Accumulate(2DH5)



9. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

9.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.247(b)(1). For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 2MHz, VBW = 6MHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and mark the value.
- 5) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

9.3 Test Data and Results

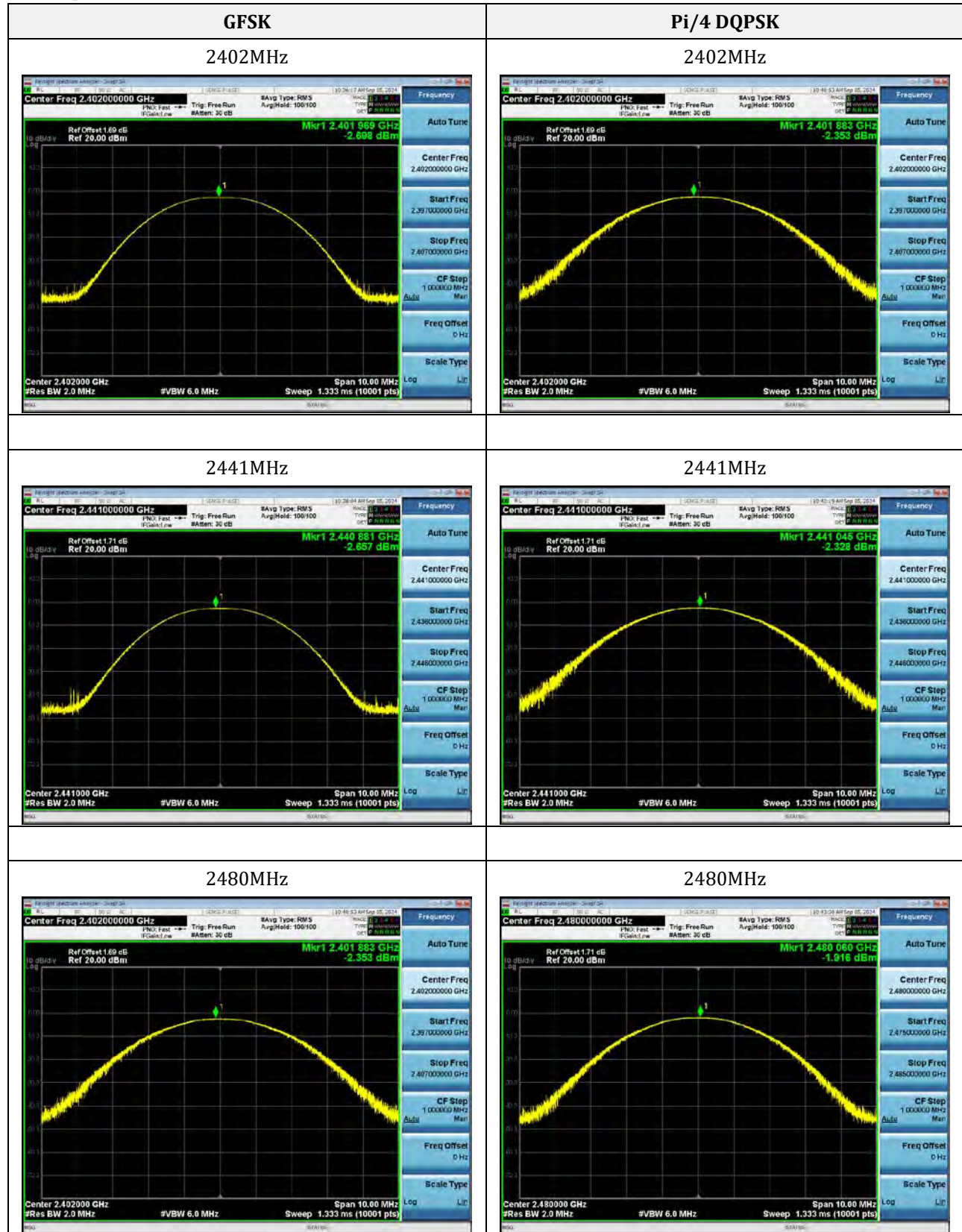
Left earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
GFSK	2402	-2.7	21	Pass
	2441	-2.66	21	Pass
	2480	-2.28	21	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	-2.35	21	Pass
	2441	-2.33	21	Pass
	2480	-1.92	21	Pass
8DPSK	2402	-2.22	21	Pass
	2441	-2.19	21	Pass
	2480	-1.83	21	Pass

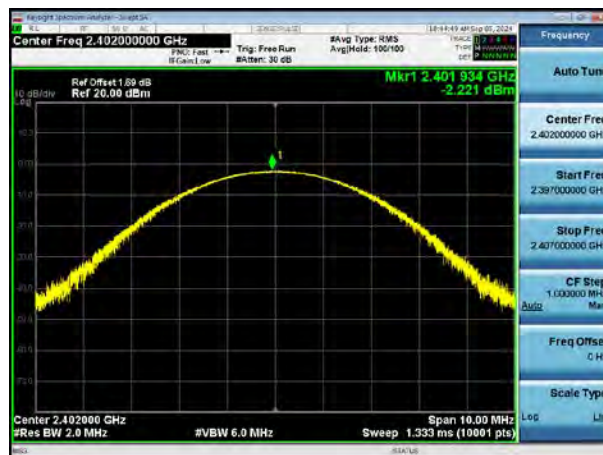
Right earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel MHz	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Test Result
GFSK	2402	-3.34	21	Pass
	2441	-5.05	21	Pass
	2480	-5.7	21	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	-2.62	21	Pass
	2441	-4.23	21	Pass
	2480	-4.9	21	Pass
8DPSK	2402	-2.23	21	Pass
	2441	-3.89	21	Pass
	2480	-4.5	21	Pass

Left earphone:



2402MHz



Keysight spectrum analyzer - Single Shot

Center Freq 2.441000000 GHz

Ref Offset 171 dB
Ref 20.00 dBm

Span 10.00 MHz

Resolution BW 2.0 MHz

Sweep 1.333 Ms (10001 pts)

Center Freq 2.441000000 GHz

Start Freq 2.430000000 GHz

Stop Freq 2.450000000 GHz

CF Step 1.000000 MHz

Avg

Freq Offset 0 Hz

Scale Type

Auto Tuning

Center Freq 2.441000000 GHz

Start Freq 2.430000000 GHz

Stop Freq 2.450000000 GHz

CF Step 1.000000 MHz

Avg

Freq Offset 0 Hz

Scale Type

Mkr1 2.440 949 GHz -2.192 dBm

1

10 dB/div

0 dB

-10 dB

-20 dB

-30 dB

-40 dB

-50 dB

-60 dB

-70 dB

0 Hz

10 MHz

20 MHz

30 MHz

40 MHz

50 MHz

60 MHz

70 MHz

80 MHz

90 MHz

100 MHz

110 MHz

120 MHz

130 MHz

140 MHz

150 MHz

160 MHz

170 MHz

180 MHz

190 MHz

200 MHz

210 MHz

220 MHz

230 MHz

240 MHz

250 MHz

260 MHz

270 MHz

280 MHz

290 MHz

300 MHz

310 MHz

320 MHz

330 MHz

340 MHz

350 MHz

360 MHz

370 MHz

380 MHz

390 MHz

400 MHz

410 MHz

420 MHz

430 MHz

440 MHz

450 MHz

460 MHz

470 MHz

480 MHz

490 MHz

500 MHz

510 MHz

520 MHz

530 MHz

540 MHz

550 MHz

560 MHz

570 MHz

580 MHz

590 MHz

600 MHz

610 MHz

620 MHz

630 MHz

640 MHz

650 MHz

660 MHz

670 MHz

680 MHz

690 MHz

700 MHz

710 MHz

720 MHz

730 MHz

740 MHz

750 MHz

760 MHz

770 MHz

780 MHz

790 MHz

800 MHz

810 MHz

820 MHz

830 MHz

840 MHz

850 MHz

860 MHz

870 MHz

880 MHz

890 MHz

900 MHz

910 MHz

920 MHz

930 MHz

940 MHz

950 MHz

960 MHz

970 MHz

980 MHz

990 MHz

1000 MHz

1010 MHz

1020 MHz

1030 MHz

1040 MHz

1050 MHz

1060 MHz

1070 MHz

1080 MHz

1090 MHz

1100 MHz

1110 MHz

1120 MHz

1130 MHz

1140 MHz

1150 MHz

1160 MHz

1170 MHz

1180 MHz

1190 MHz

1200 MHz

1210 MHz

1220 MHz

1230 MHz

1240 MHz

1250 MHz

1260 MHz

1270 MHz

1280 MHz

1290 MHz

1300 MHz

1310 MHz

1320 MHz

1330 MHz

1340 MHz

1350 MHz

1360 MHz

1370 MHz

1380 MHz

1390 MHz

1400 MHz

1410 MHz

1420 MHz

1430 MHz

1440 MHz

1450 MHz

1460 MHz

1470 MHz

1480 MHz

1490 MHz

1500 MHz

1510 MHz

1520 MHz

1530 MHz

1540 MHz

1550 MHz

1560 MHz

1570 MHz

1580 MHz

1590 MHz

1600 MHz

1610 MHz

1620 MHz

1630 MHz

1640 MHz

1650 MHz

1660 MHz

1670 MHz

1680 MHz

1690 MHz

1700 MHz

1710 MHz

1720 MHz

1730 MHz

1740 MHz

1750 MHz

1760 MHz

1770 MHz

1780 MHz

1790 MHz

1800 MHz

1810 MHz

1820 MHz

1830 MHz

1840 MHz

1850 MHz

1860 MHz

1870 MHz

1880 MHz

1890 MHz

1900 MHz

1910 MHz

1920 MHz

1930 MHz

1940 MHz

1950 MHz

1960 MHz

1970 MHz

1980 MHz

1990 MHz

2000 MHz

2010 MHz

2020 MHz

2030 MHz

2040 MHz

2050 MHz

2060 MHz

2070 MHz

2080 MHz

2090 MHz

2100 MHz

2110 MHz

2120 MHz

2130 MHz

2140 MHz

2150 MHz

2160 MHz

2170 MHz

2180 MHz

2190 MHz

2200 MHz

2210 MHz

2220 MHz

2230 MHz

2240 MHz

2250 MHz

2260 MHz

2270 MHz

2280 MHz

2290 MHz

2300 MHz

2310 MHz

2320 MHz

2330 MHz

2340 MHz

2350 MHz

2360 MHz

2370 MHz

2380 MHz

2390 MHz

2400 MHz

2410 MHz

2420 MHz

2430 MHz

2440 MHz

2450 MHz

2460 MHz

2470 MHz

2480 MHz

2490 MHz

2500 MHz

2510 MHz

2520 MHz

2530 MHz

2540 MHz

2550 MHz

2560 MHz

2570 MHz

2580 MHz

2590 MHz

2600 MHz

2610 MHz

2620 MHz

2630 MHz

2640 MHz

2650 MHz

2660 MHz

2670 MHz

2680 MHz

2690 MHz

2700 MHz

2710 MHz

2720 MHz

2730 MHz

2740 MHz

2750 MHz

2760 MHz

2770 MHz

2780 MHz

2790 MHz

2800 MHz

2810 MHz

2820 MHz

2830 MHz

2840 MHz

2850 MHz

2860 MHz

2870 MHz

2880 MHz

2890 MHz

2900 MHz

2910 MHz

2920 MHz

2930 MHz

2940 MHz

2950 MHz

2960 MHz

2970 MHz

2980 MHz

2990 MHz

3000 MHz

3010 MHz

3020 MHz

3030 MHz

3040 MHz

3050 MHz

3060 MHz

3070 MHz

3080 MHz

3090 MHz

3100 MHz

3110 MHz

3120 MHz

3130 MHz

3140 MHz

3150 MHz

3160 MHz

3170 MHz

3180 MHz

3190 MHz

3200 MHz

3210 MHz

3220 MHz

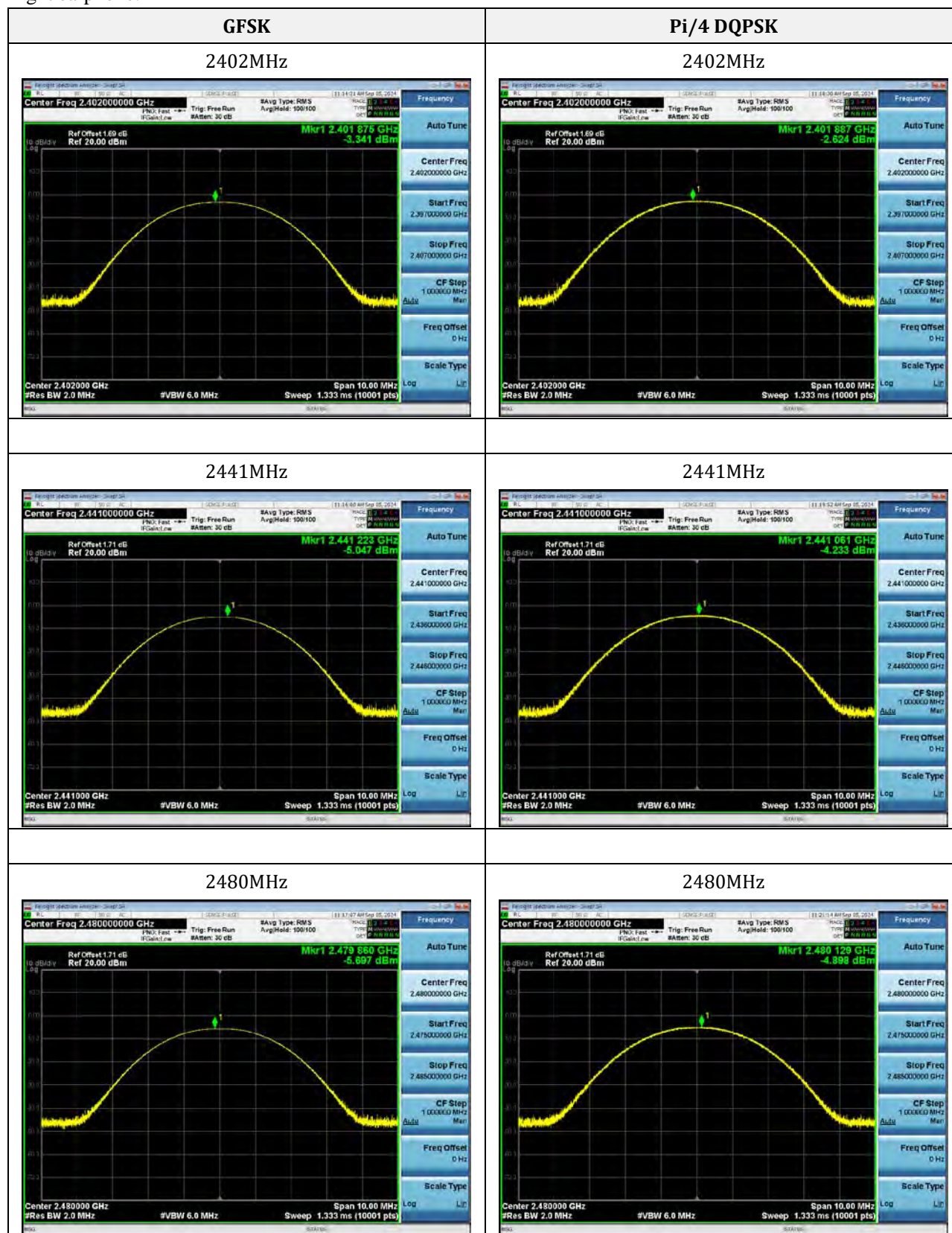
3230 MHz

3240 MHz

3

The screenshot shows a Spectrum Analyzer interface. The main display is a frequency plot with a yellow trace showing a signal. A green peak marker is visible on the trace. The plot has a grid with frequency on the horizontal axis and power in dBm on the vertical axis. The vertical axis ranges from -70 dBm to 10 dBm. The horizontal axis ranges from 2.478 GHz to 2.480 GHz. The signal is centered at 2.479923 GHz with a power of -1.829 dBm. The plot is labeled 'Mkr1 2.479 923 GHz -1.829 dBm'. The plot is also labeled 'Ref Offset 171 dB' and 'Ref 20.00 dBm'. The plot is labeled 'Center Freq 2.480000000 GHz' and 'Span 10.00 MHz'. The plot is labeled '#Res BW 2.0 MHz' and '#VBW 6.0 MHz'. The plot is labeled 'Sweep 1.333 ms (10001 pts)'. The plot is labeled 'Avg Type: RMS' and 'AvgHeld: 100/100'. The plot is labeled 'Trig: Free Run' and 'Burst: 30 dB'. The plot is labeled 'FNC: Fast' and 'B/Calc: Low'. The plot is labeled '18-07-2018 09:00:20.201'. The plot is labeled 'Frequency' and 'Auto Tun'. The plot is labeled 'Center Freq 2.48000000 GHz' and 'Start Freq 2.479000000 GHz' and 'Stop Freq 2.480000000 GHz' and 'CF Step 1.000000 MHz' and 'Auto' and 'Freq Offset 0 Hz' and 'Scale Type'.

Right earphone:

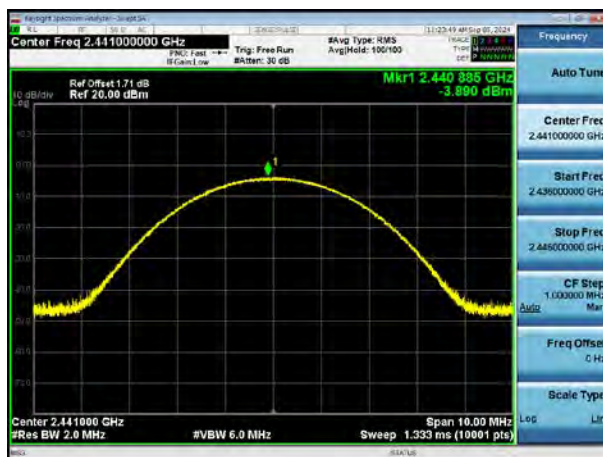


8DPSK

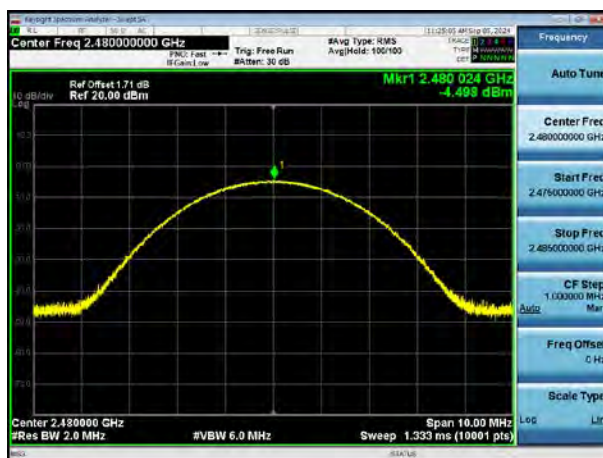
2402MHz



2441MHz



2480MHz



10. Occupied Bandwidth(-20dB)

10.1 Standard and Limit

According to 15.215 (c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§15.217 through 15.257 and in Subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

10.2 Test Procedure

According to the ANSI 63.10-2013, section 6.9, the emission bandwidth test method as follows.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto.
- 4) Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

10.3 Test Data and Results

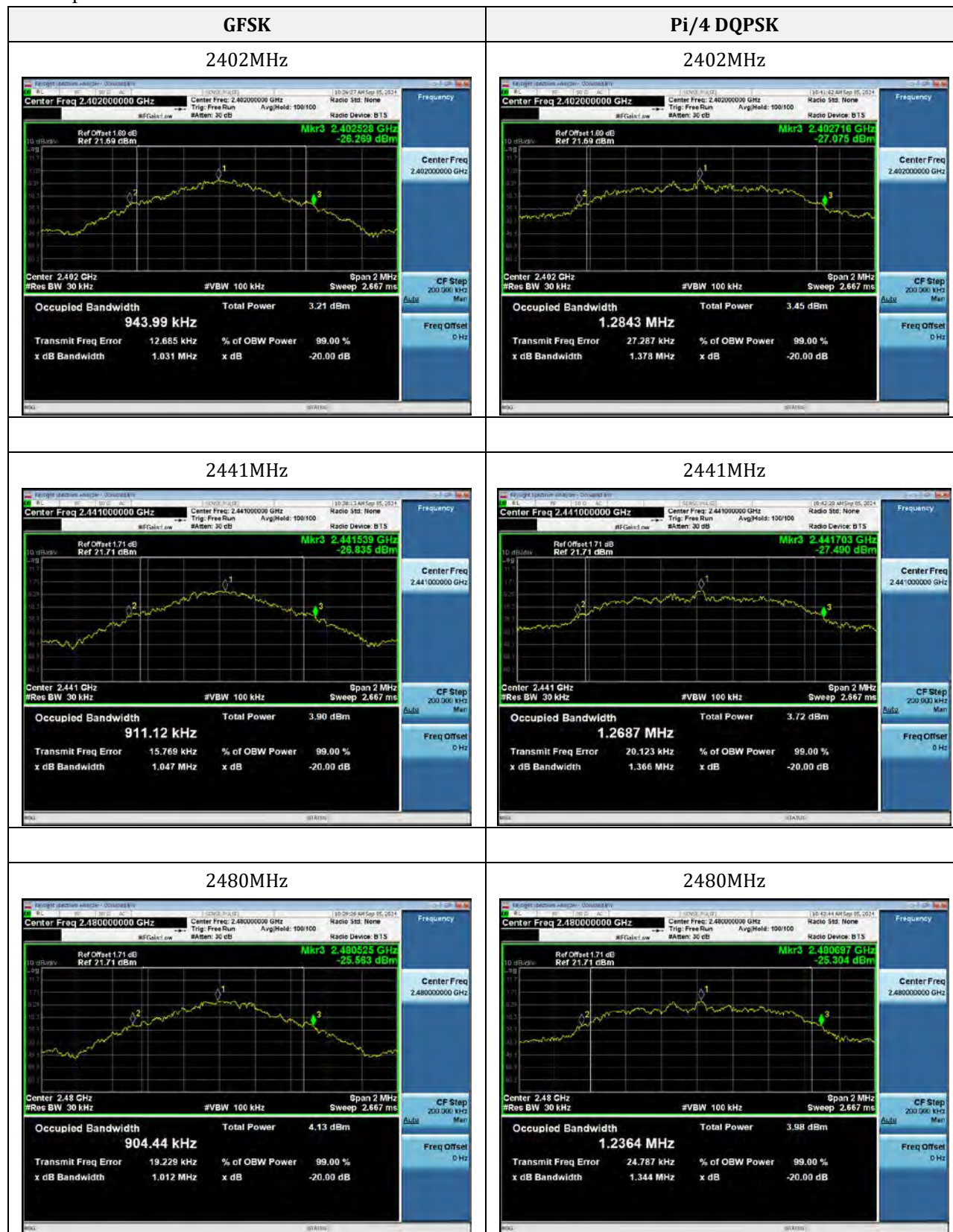
Left earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK	2402	1.031	943.99
	2441	1.047	911.12
	2480	1.012	904.44
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	1.378	1.2843
	2441	1.366	1.2687
	2480	1.344	1.2364
8DPSK	2402	1.29	1.2515
	2441	1.372	1.2615
	2480	1.385	1.2482

Right earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK	2402	1.033	924.66
	2441	1.016	909.33
	2480	0.998	892.53
Pi/4 DQPSK	2402	1.303	1.2045
	2441	1.316	1.1998
	2480	1.304	1.1821
8DPSK	2402	1.297	1.2177
	2441	1.304	1.2121
	2480	1.284	1.2003

Left earphone:



8DPSK

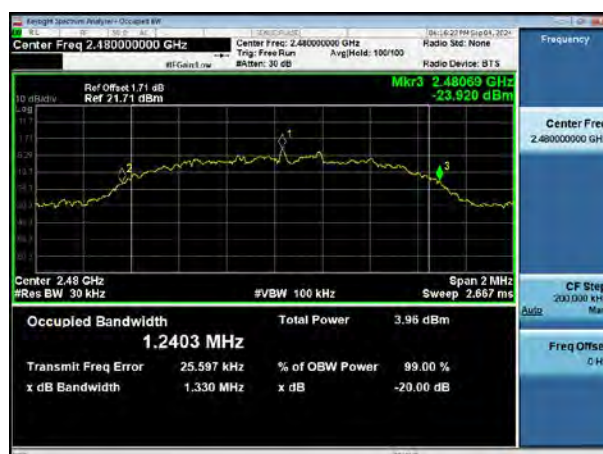
2402MHz



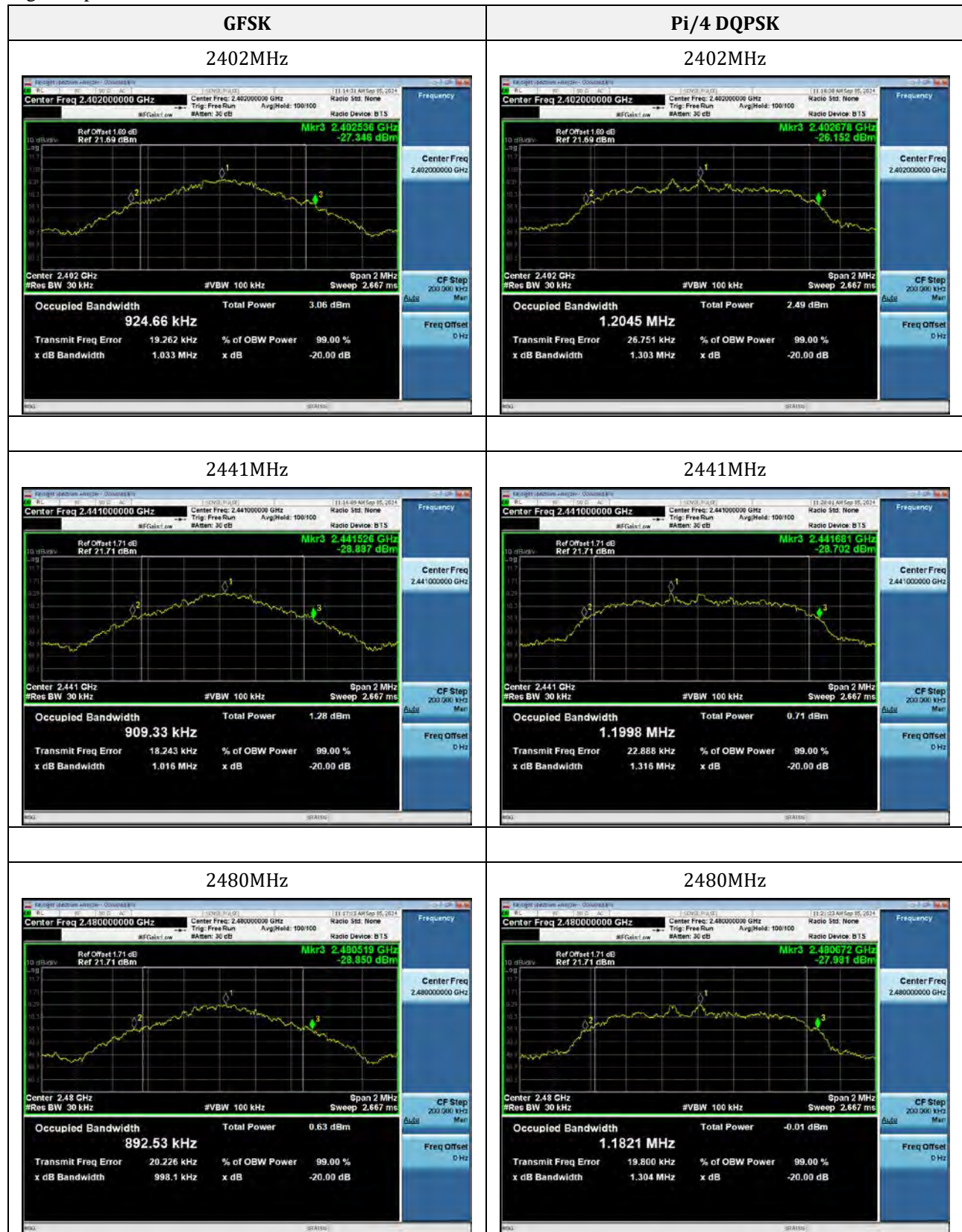
2441MHz



2480MHz



Right earphone:



8DPSK

2402MHz



2441MHz



2480MHz



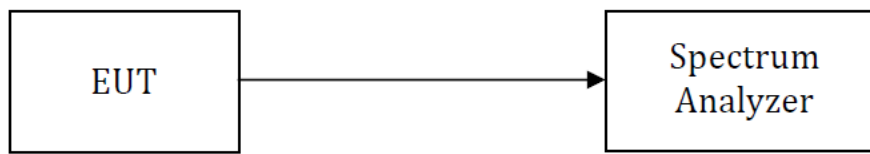
11. Carrier Frequencies Separation

11.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

11.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 30kHz, VBW = 100kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) By using the Max Hold function, record the separation of two adjacent channels.
- 5) Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer mark function. and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

11.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Freq. 1 (MHz)	Test Freq. 2 (MHz)	CFS (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
GFSK	Lowest	2402.078	2403.014	0.936	0.687
	Middle	2440.996	2442.006	1.01	0.698
	Highest	2479.012	2480.002	0.99	0.675
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2401.848	2402.84	0.992	0.919
	Middle	2440.872	2442.01	1.138	0.911
	Highest	2479.156	2480.35	1.194	0.896
8DPSK	Lowest	2402.002	2403.01	1.008	0.86
	Middle	2440.856	2442.148	1.292	0.915
	Highest	2479.156	2480.15	0.994	0.923

Right earphone:

Test Mode	Test Channel	Test Freq. 1 (MHz)	Test Freq. 2 (MHz)	CFS (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
GFSK	Lowest	2402.004	2403.008	1.004	0.689
	Middle	2441.04	2442.006	0.966	0.677
	Highest	2479.018	2480.034	1.016	0.665
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402.016	2403.188	1.172	0.869
	Middle	2441.018	2442.02	1.002	0.877
	Highest	2479.008	2480.02	1.012	0.869
8DPSK	Lowest	2402.03	2403.014	0.984	0.865
	Middle	2440.878	2442.03	1.152	0.869
	Highest	2479.006	2480.018	1.012	0.856

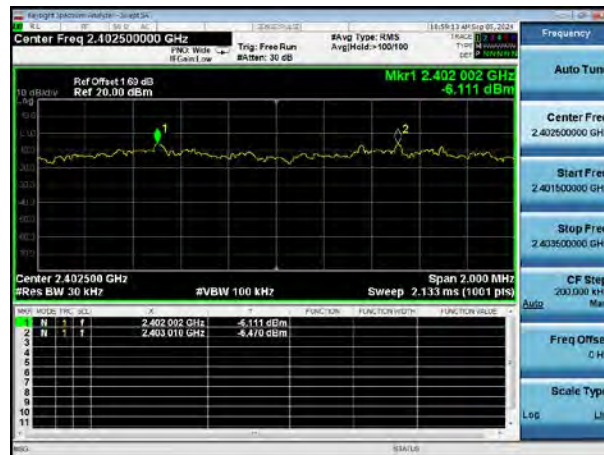
Note: $CFS(\text{Channel Frequency Separation}) = \text{Test Freq. 2} - \text{Test Freq. 1}$

Left earphone:

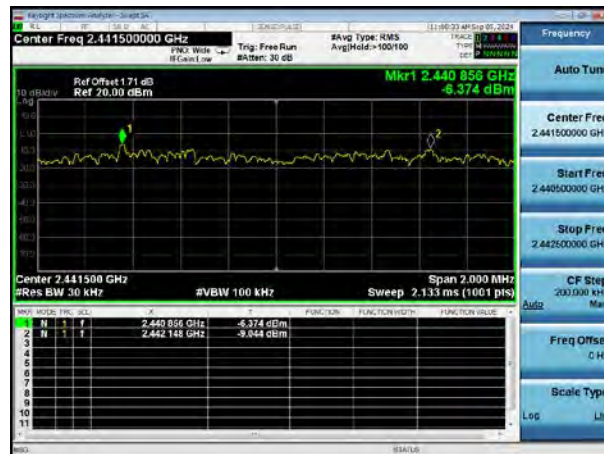


8DPSK

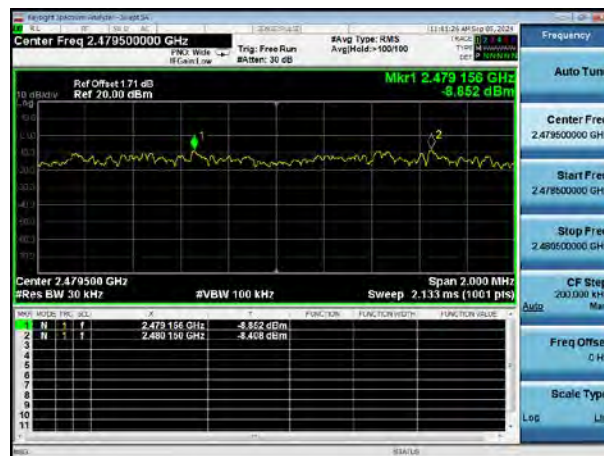
Lowest



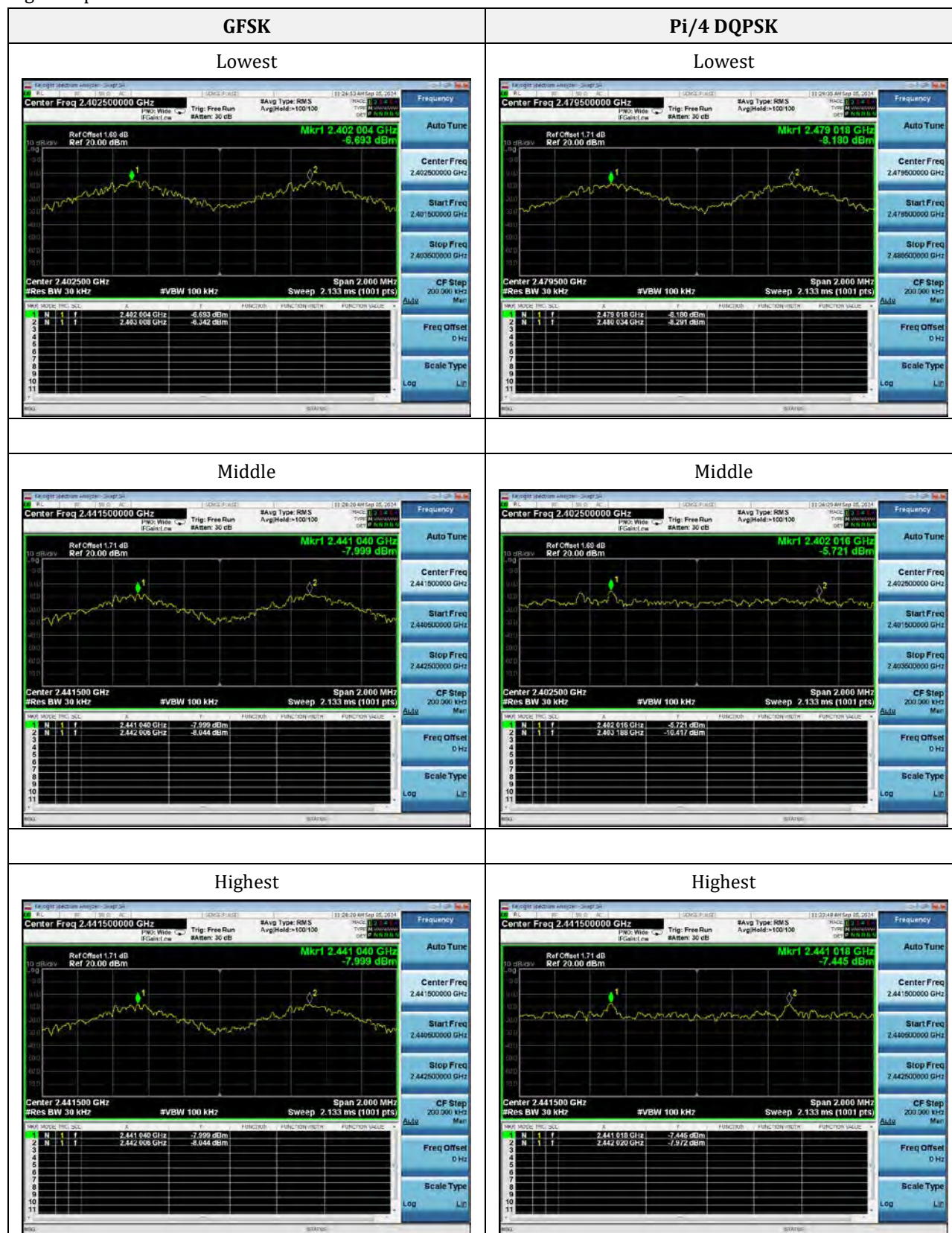
Middle



Highest

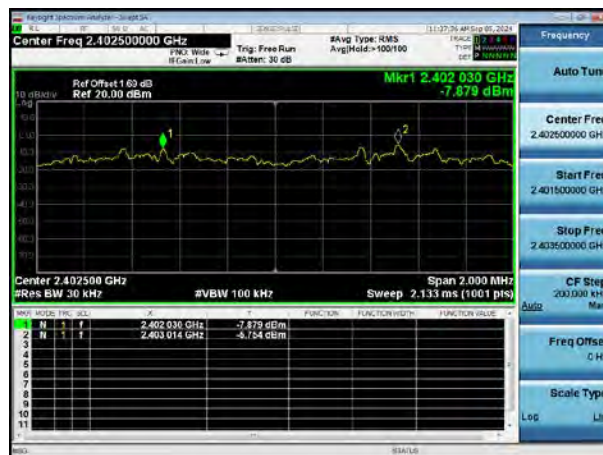


Right earphone:

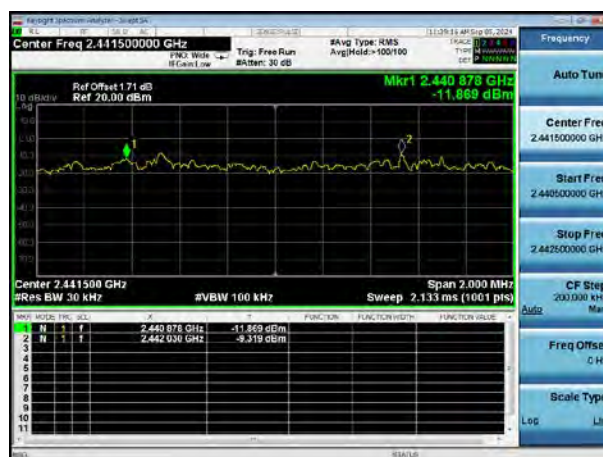


8DPSK

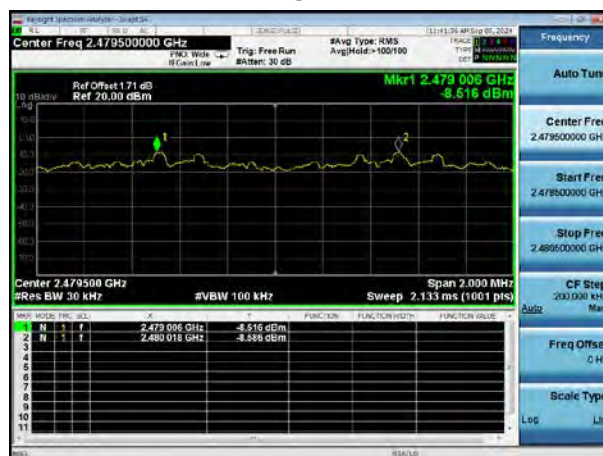
Lowest



Middle



Highest



12. Number of Hopping Channel

12.1 Standard and Limit

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

12.2 Test Procedure

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Set the spectrum analyzer on Max hold mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
- 5) Set the spectrum analyzer on View mode and then plot the result on the screen of the spectrum analyzer.
- 6) Repeat the above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

12.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	79	15	Pass
8DPSK	79	15	Pass

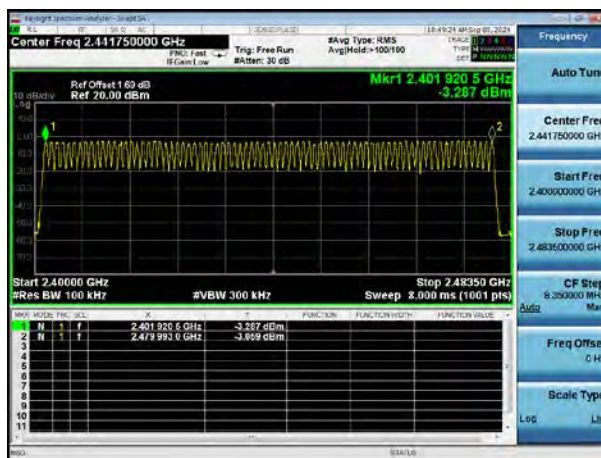
Right earphone:

Test Mode	Number of Hopping Channel	Limit	Test Result
GFSK	79	15	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	79	15	Pass
8DPSK	79	15	Pass

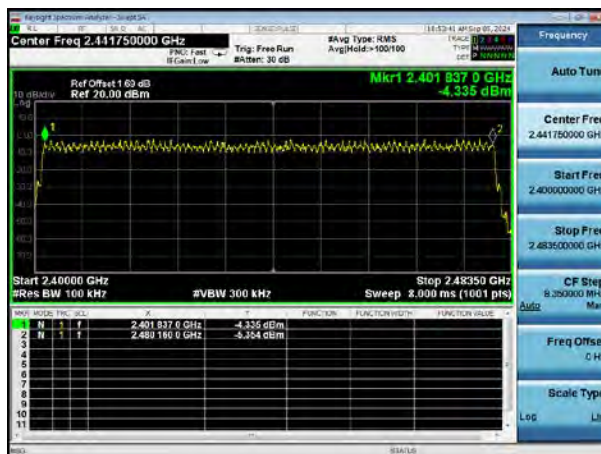
Left earphone:

Number of Hopping Channel

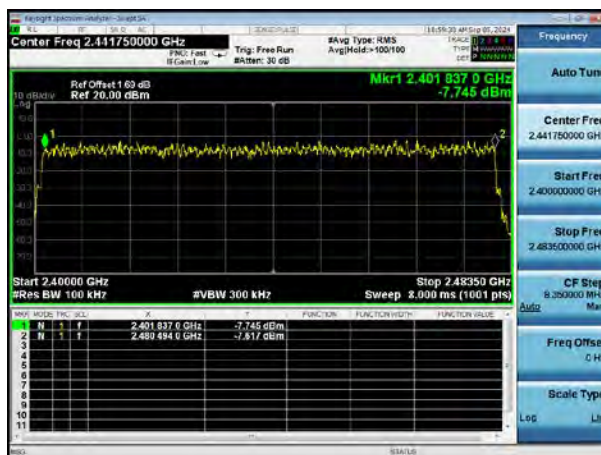
GFSK



Pi/4 DQPSK



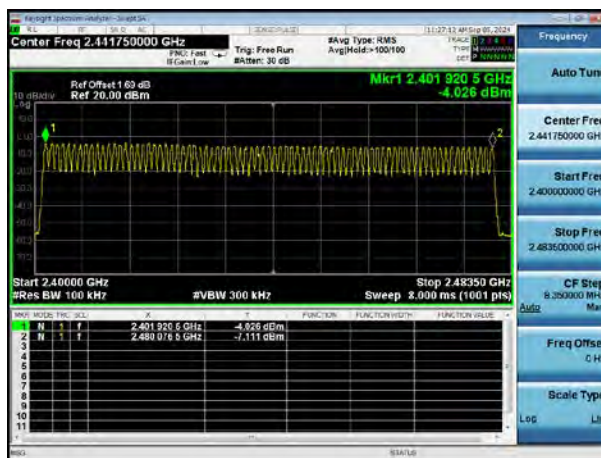
8DPSK



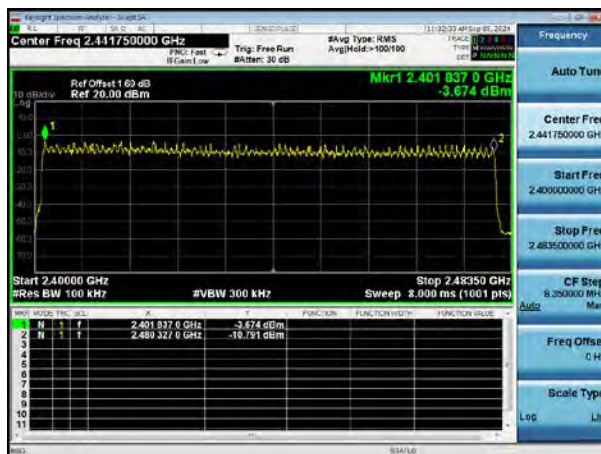
Right earphone:

Number of Hopping Channel

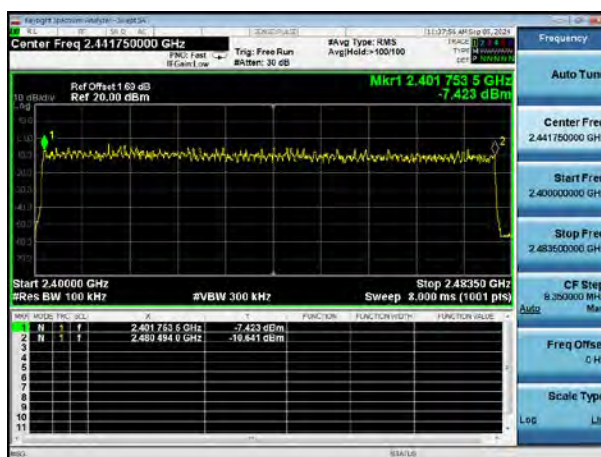
GFSK



Pi/4 DQPSK



8DPSK



13. Band-edge Emission(Conducted)

13.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

13.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.10.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Set a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
- 6) Measure the emission and marking the edge frequency.
- 7) Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

13.3 Test Data and Results

Left earphone:

Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result
No-Hopping					
GFSK	Lowest	2402	-51.85	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-52.58	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402	-35.86	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-52.47	-20	Pass
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-35.14	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-52.62	-20	Pass
Hopping					
GFSK	Lowest	2402	-51.84	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-51.82	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402	-50.87	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-51.19	-20	Pass
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-50.41	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-50.95	-20	Pass

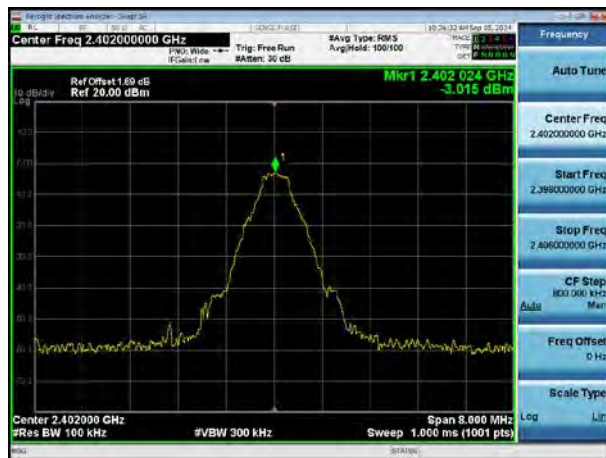
Right earphone:

Test Mode	Band-edge	Test Channel (MHz)	Max. Value (dBc)	Limit (dBc)	Test Result
No-Hopping					
GFSK	Lowest	2402	-51.59	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-48.61	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402	-50.55	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-48.37	-20	Pass
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-50.97	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-48.8	-20	Pass
Hopping					
GFSK	Lowest	2402	-47.62	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-48.7	-20	Pass
Pi/4 DQPSK	Lowest	2402	-47.66	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-48.3	-20	Pass
8DPSK	Lowest	2402	-48.86	-20	Pass
	Highest	2480	-49.2	-20	Pass

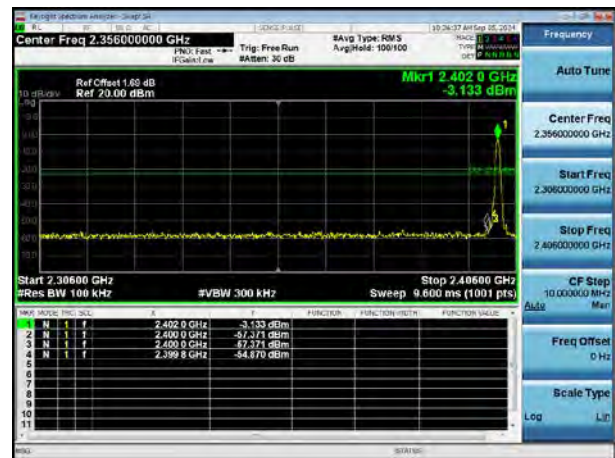
Left earphone:

No-Hopping GFSK Lowest

Reference Power

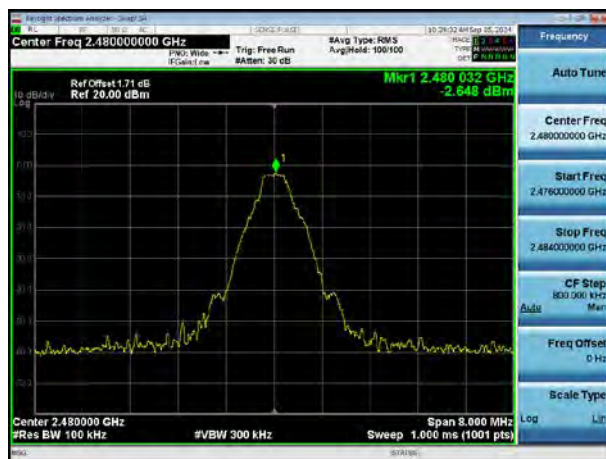


Band-edge Emission

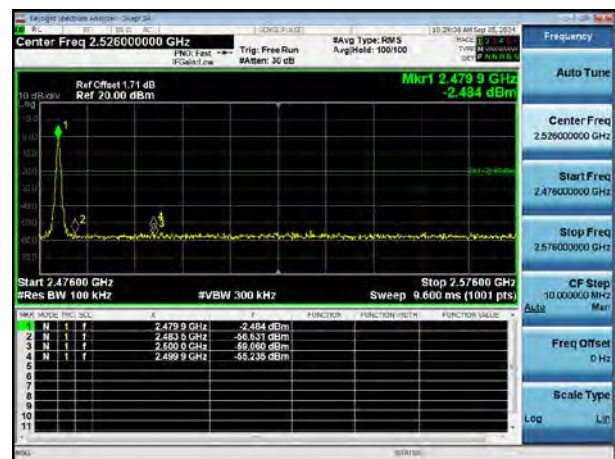


No-Hopping GFSK Highest

Reference Power

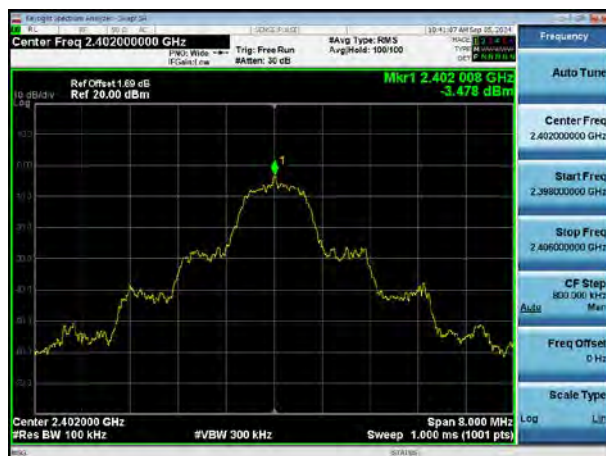


Band-edge Emission

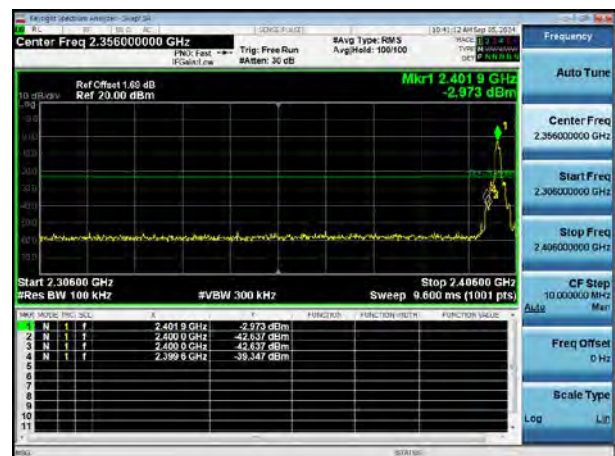


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power

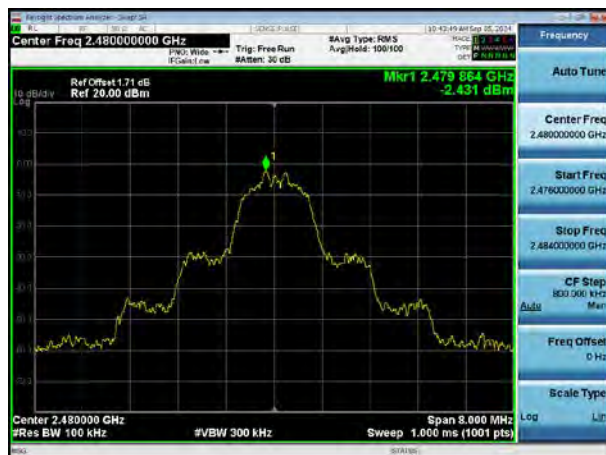


Band-edge Emission

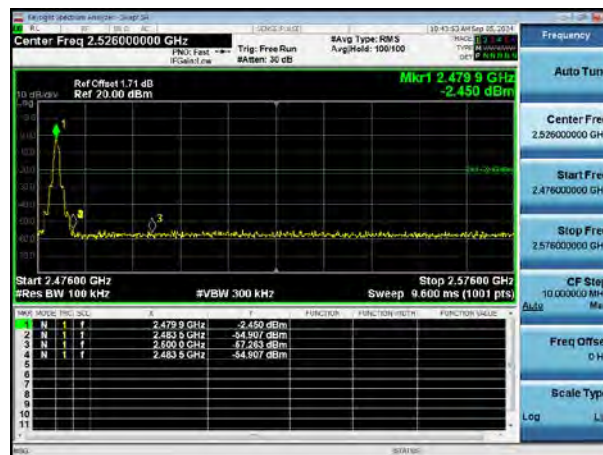


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

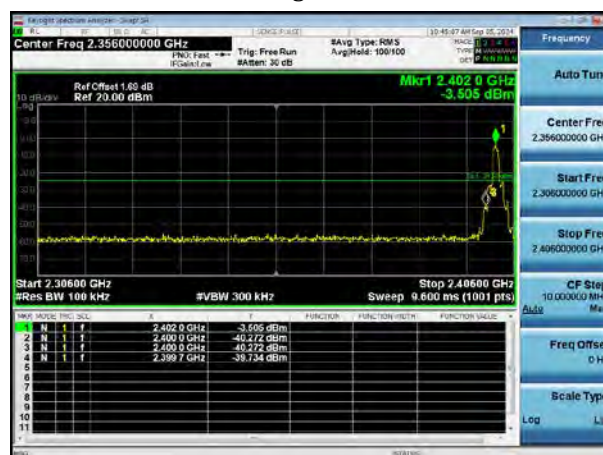


No-Hopping 8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power

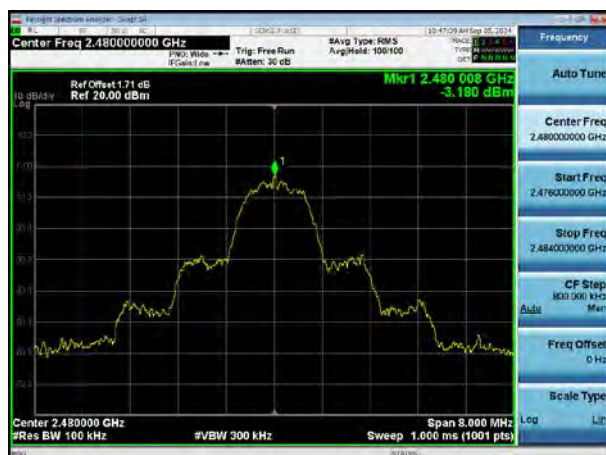


Band-edge Emission

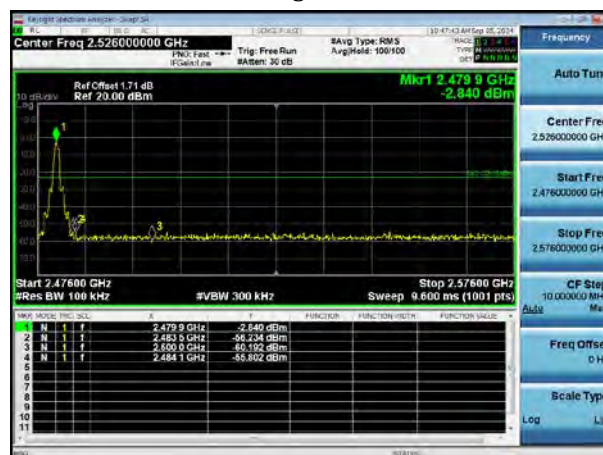


No-Hopping 8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

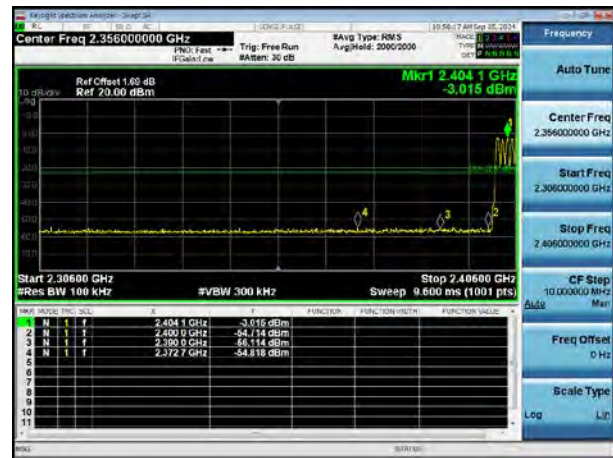


Hopping GFSK Lowest

Reference Power

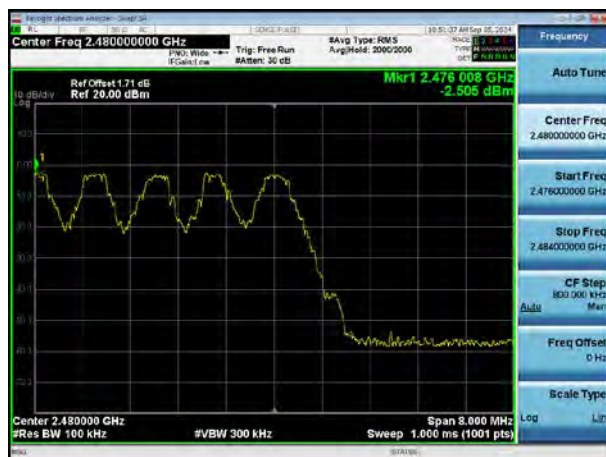


Band-edge Emission

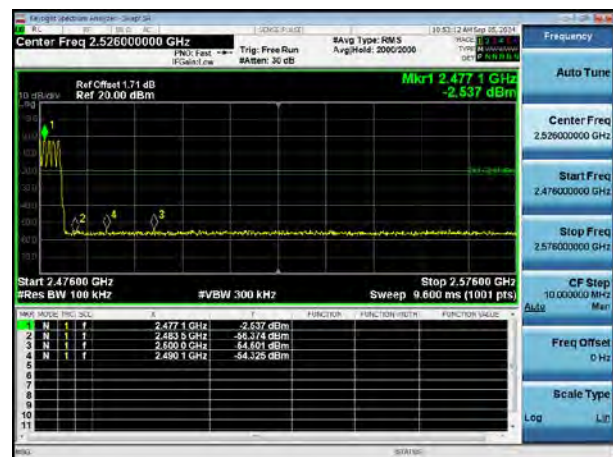


Hopping GFSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

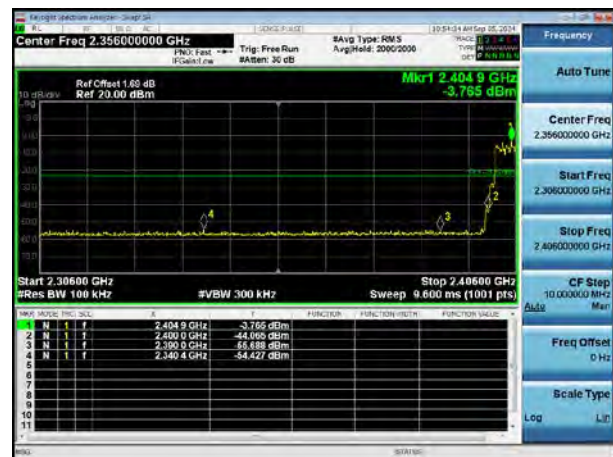


Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

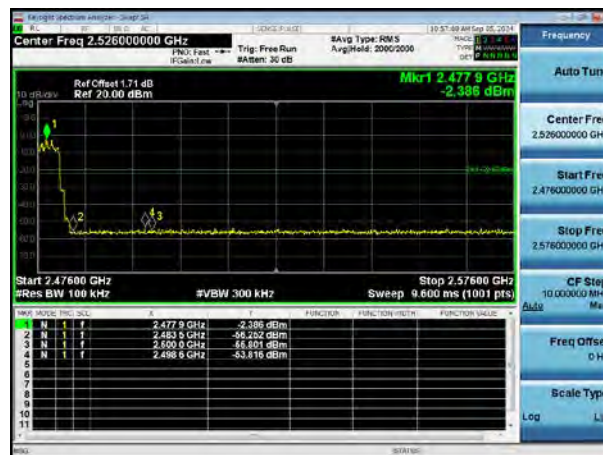


Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

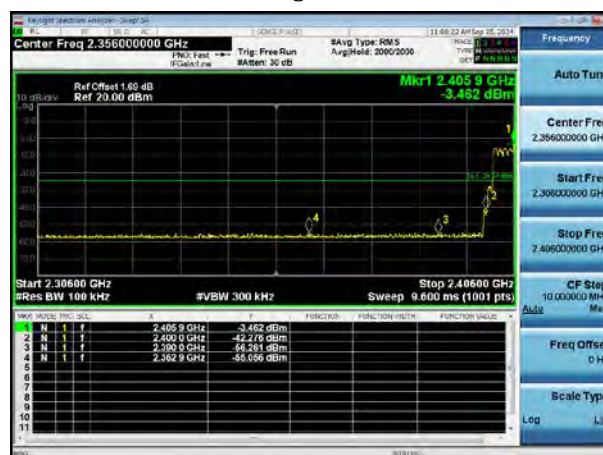


Hopping 8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

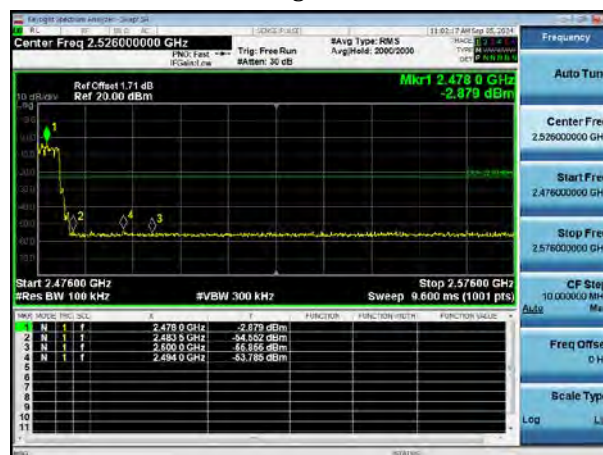


Hopping 8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



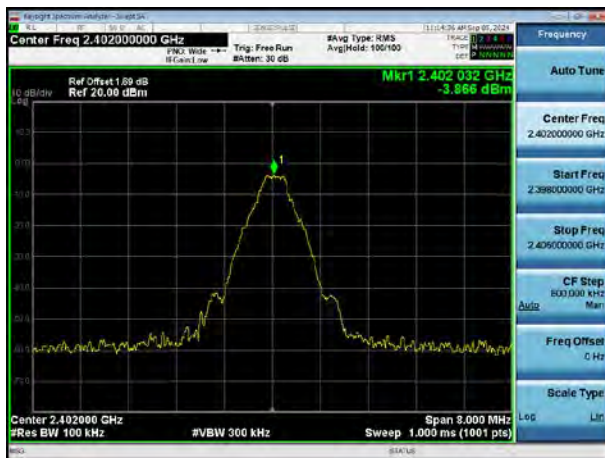
Band-edge Emission



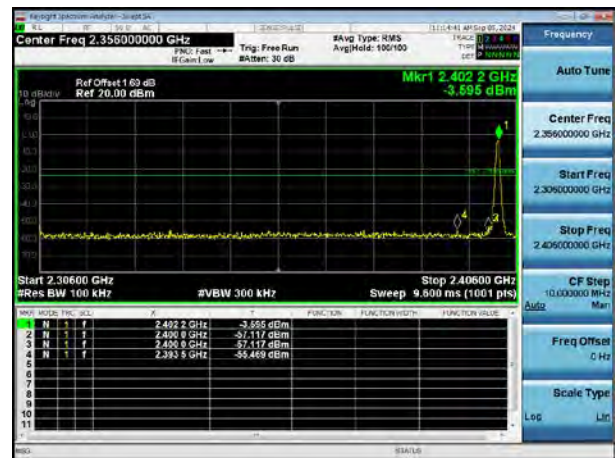
Right earphone:

No-Hopping GFSK Lowest

Reference Power

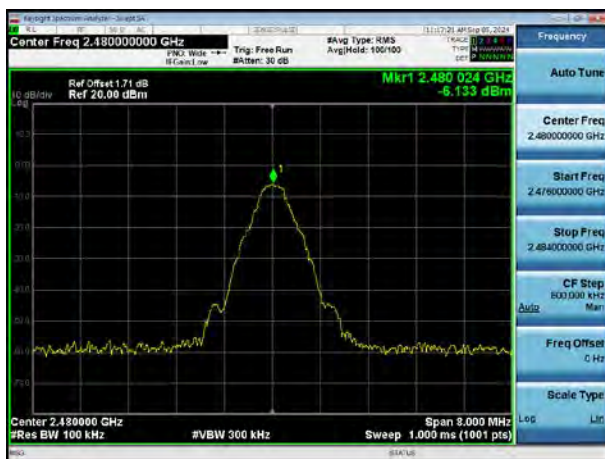


Band-edge Emission

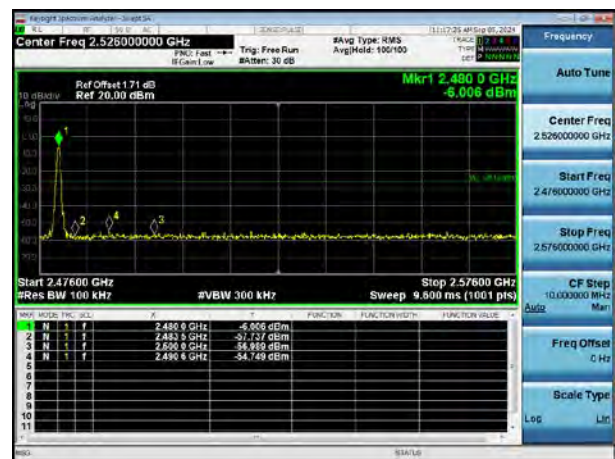


No-Hopping GFSK Highest

Reference Power

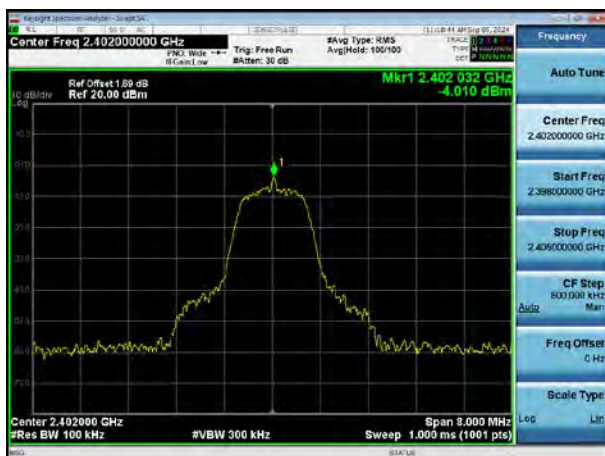


Band-edge Emission

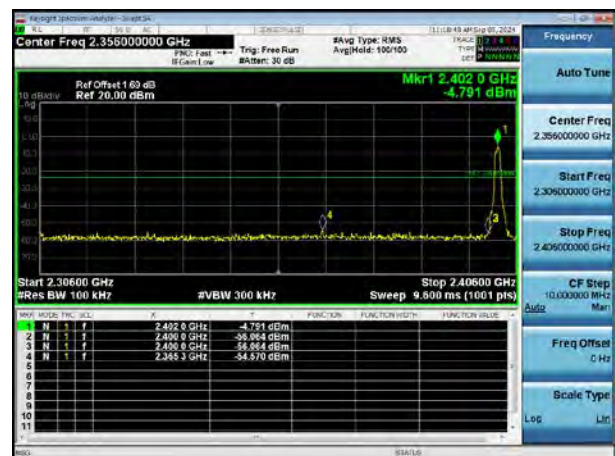


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power

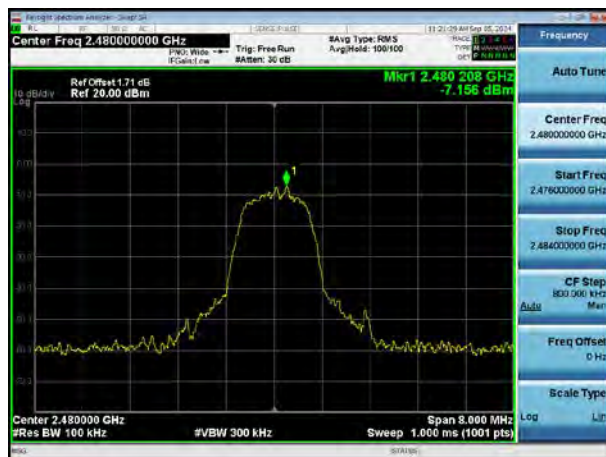


Band-edge Emission

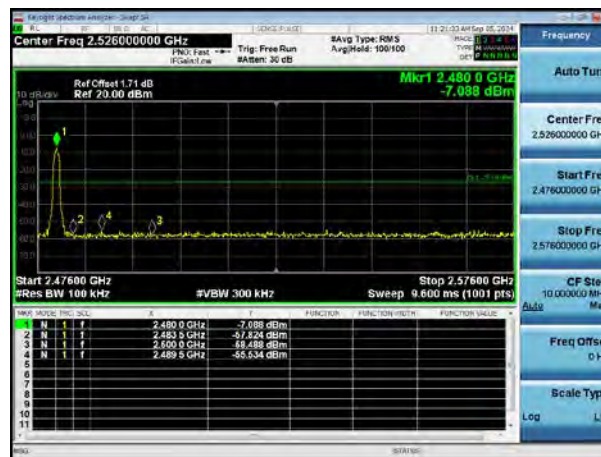


No-Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power

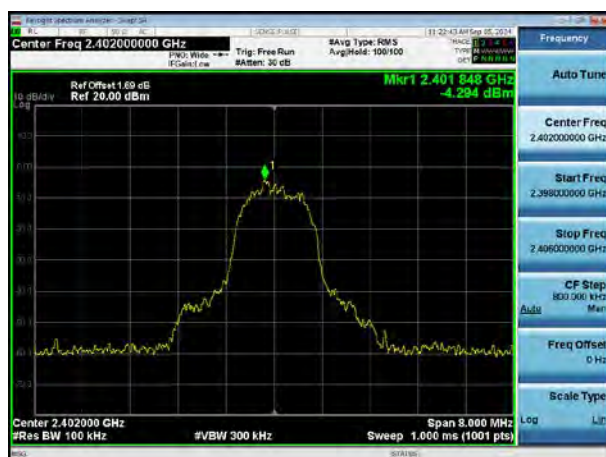


Band-edge Emission

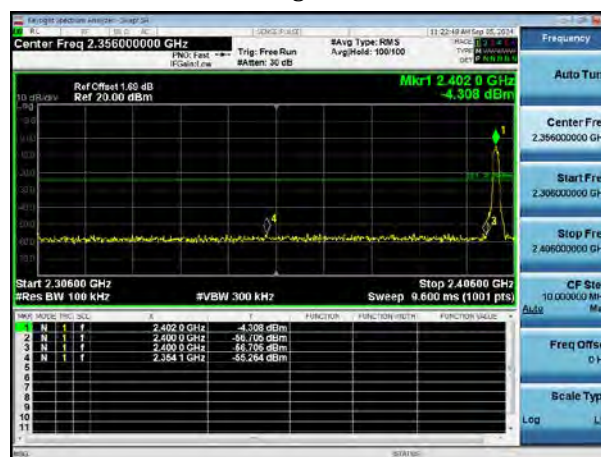


No-Hopping 8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power

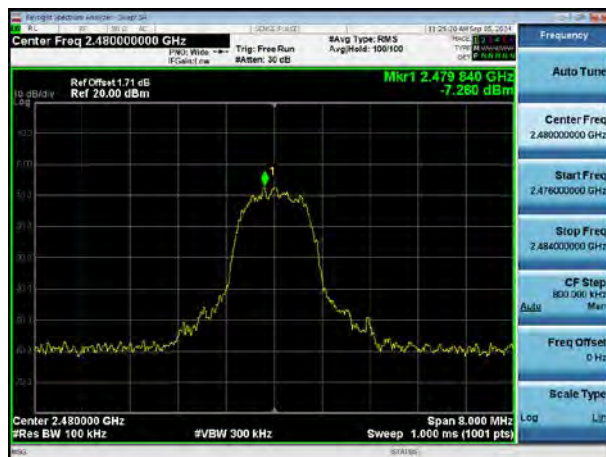


Band-edge Emission

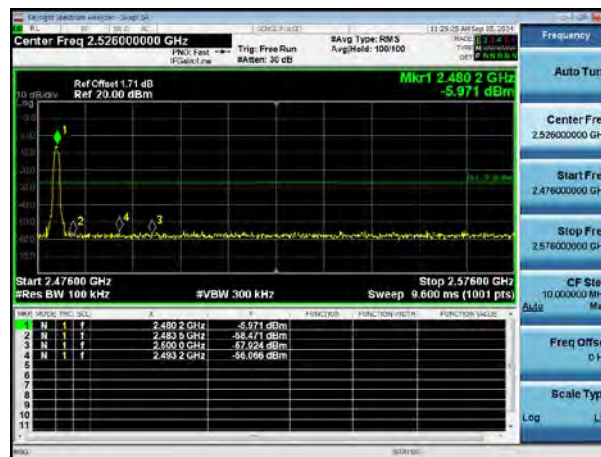


No-Hopping 8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

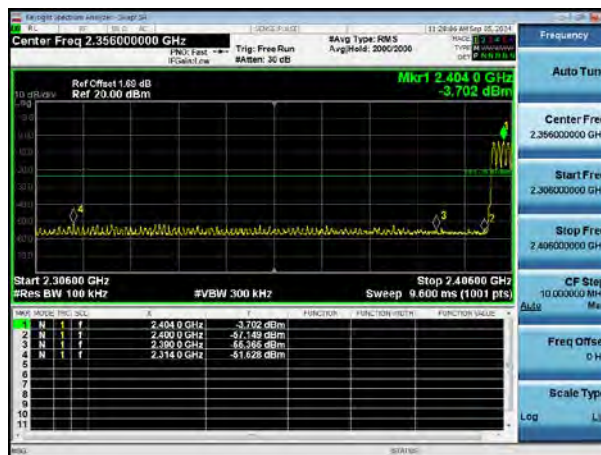


Hopping GFSK Lowest

Reference Power

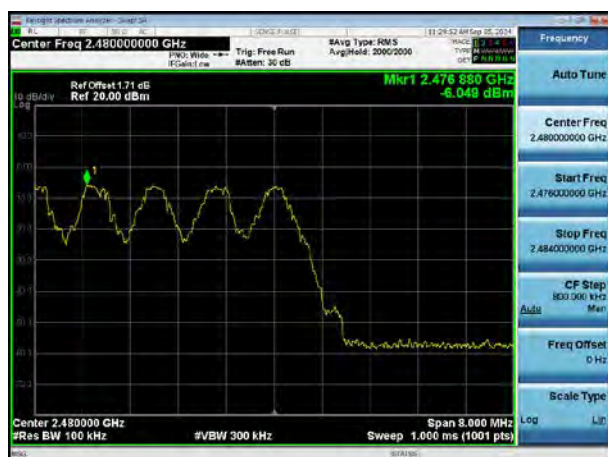


Band-edge Emission

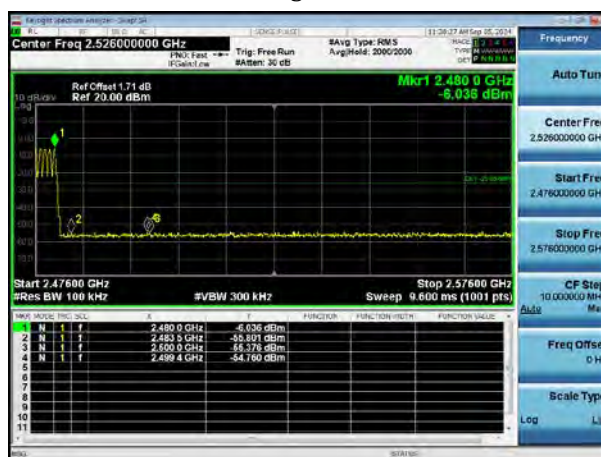


Hopping GFSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

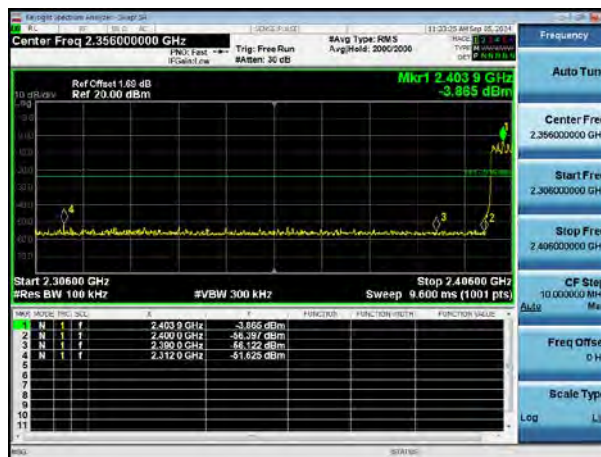


Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

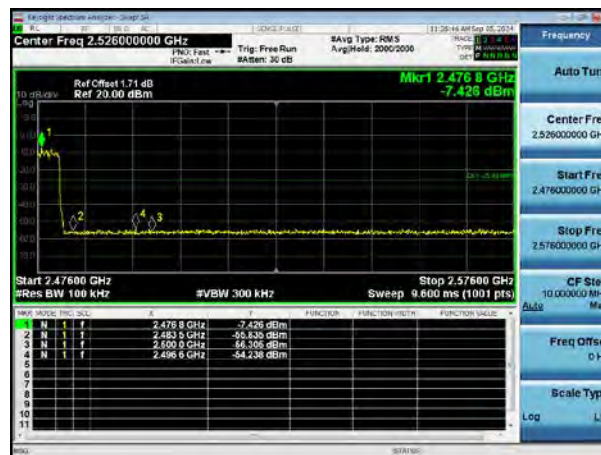


Hopping Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power

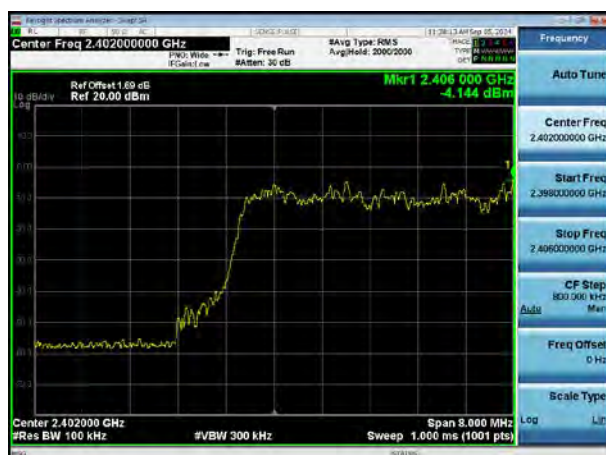


Band-edge Emission

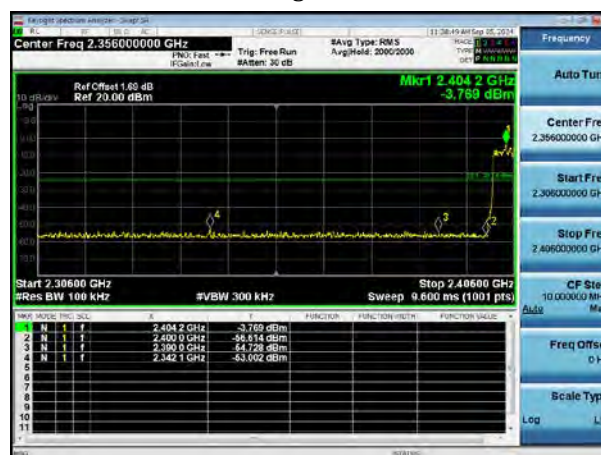


Hopping 8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission

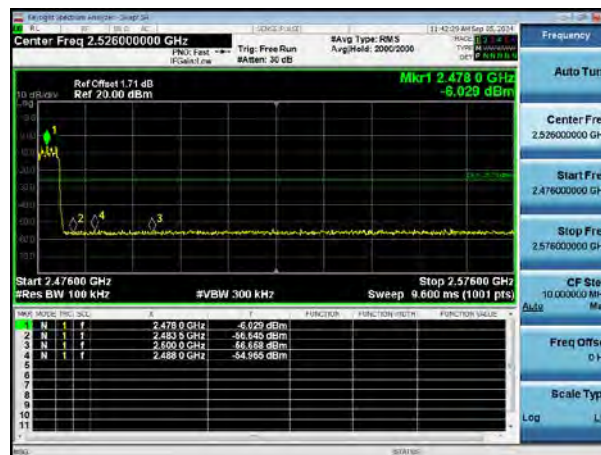


Hopping 8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



Band-edge Emission



14. Conducted RF Spurious Emissions

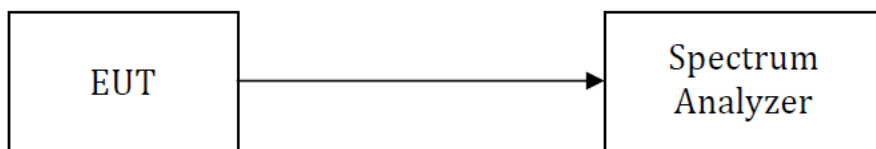
14.1 Standard and Limit

According to §15.247(d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

14.2 Test Procedure

Test is conducting under the description of ANSI C63.10 - 2013 section 6.7.

- 1) Remove the antenna from the EUT and connect to the spectrum analyzer via a low loss RF cable.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer to any one measured frequency within its operating range.
- 3) Set RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak.
- 4) Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level.
- 5) Measure the spurious emissions with frequency range from 9kHz to 26.5GHz.
- 6) Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.



Test Setup Block Diagram

14.3 Test Data and Results

Note: The measurement frequency range is from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions measurement data.

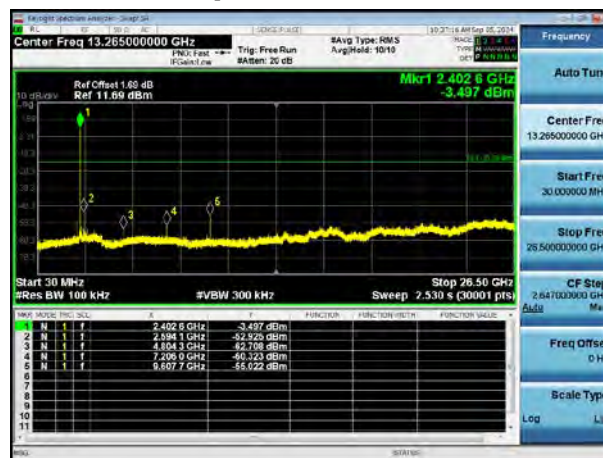
Left earphone:

GFSK Lowest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

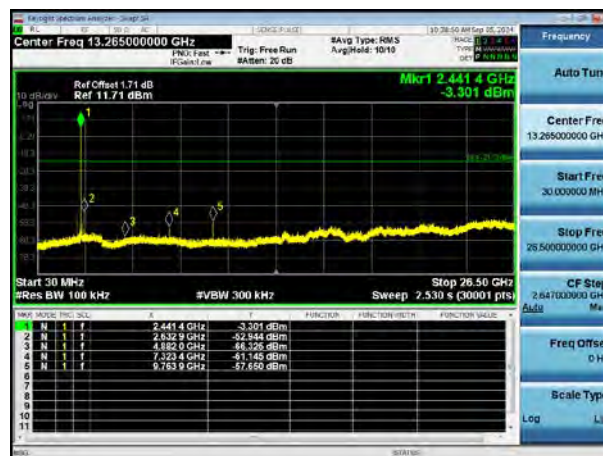


GFSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

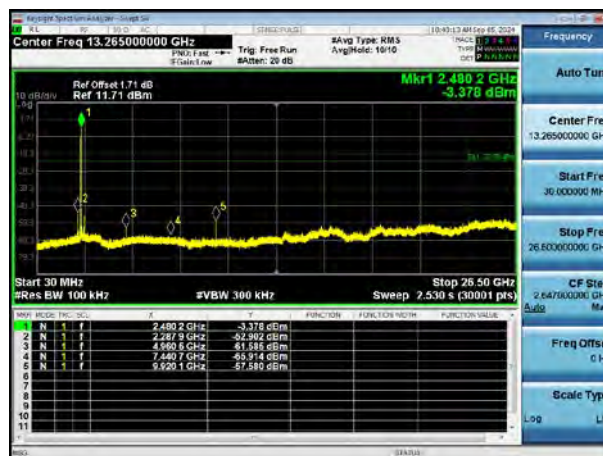


GFSK Highest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

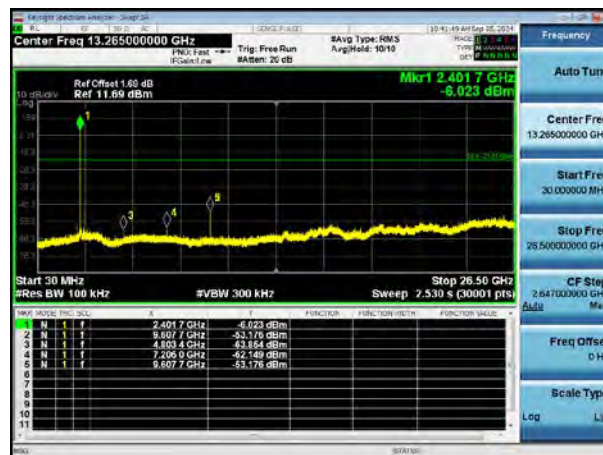


Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power

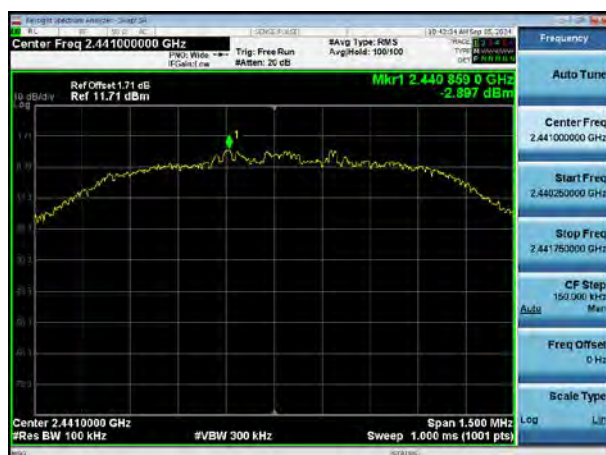


Spurious Emissions

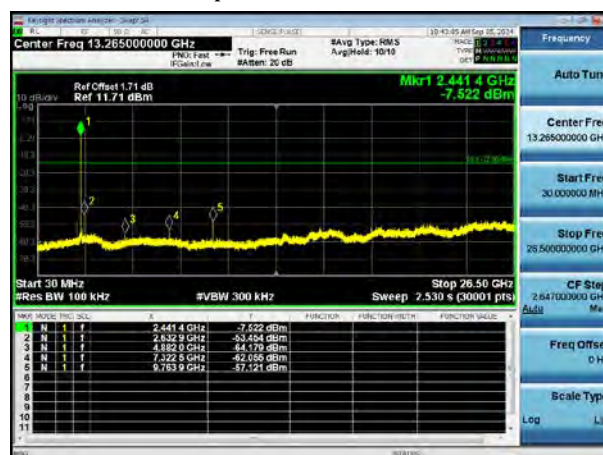


Pi/4 DQPSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

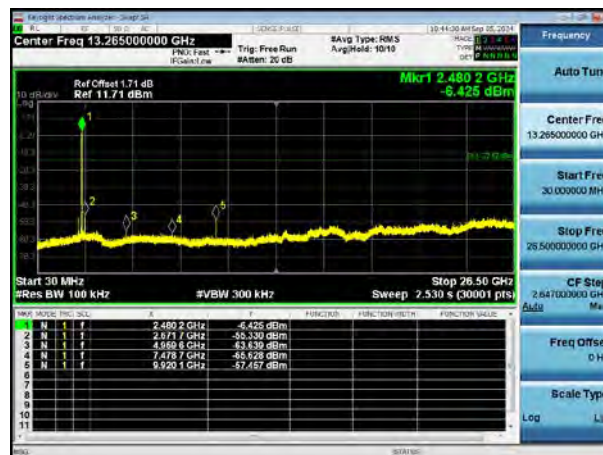


Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power

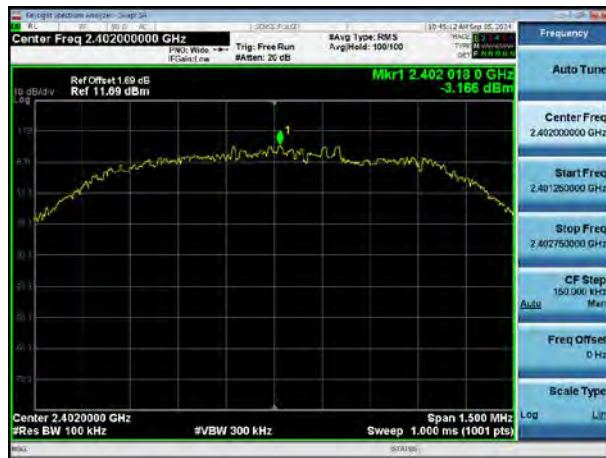


Spurious Emissions

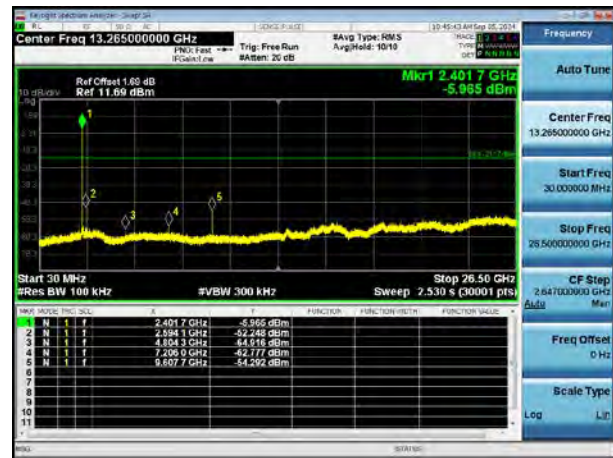


8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

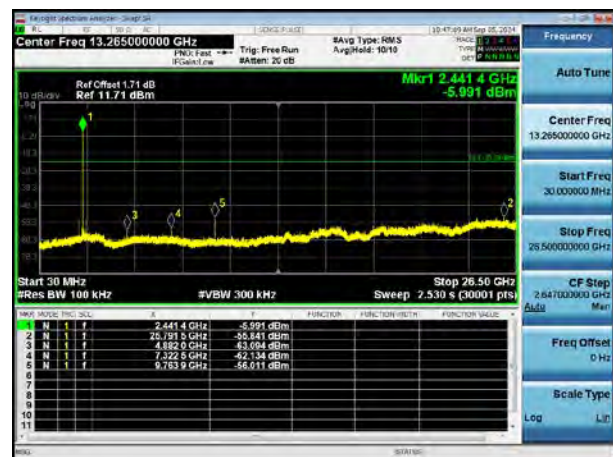


8DPSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

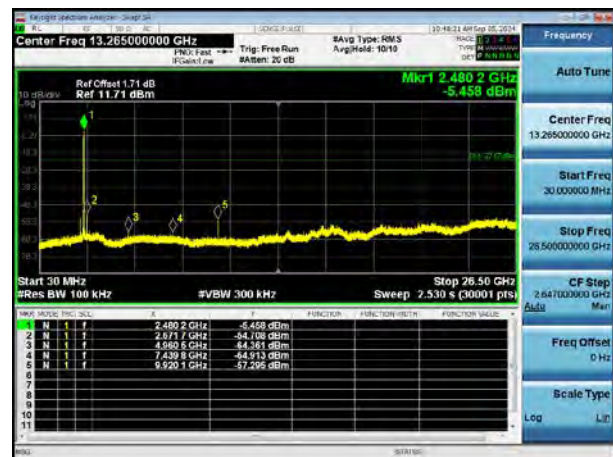


8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions



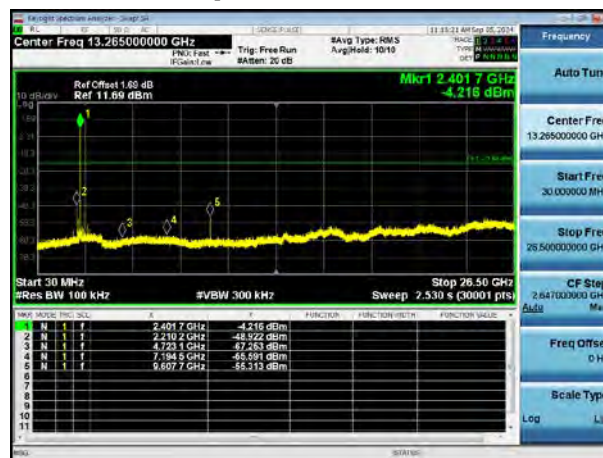
Right earphone:

GFSK Lowest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

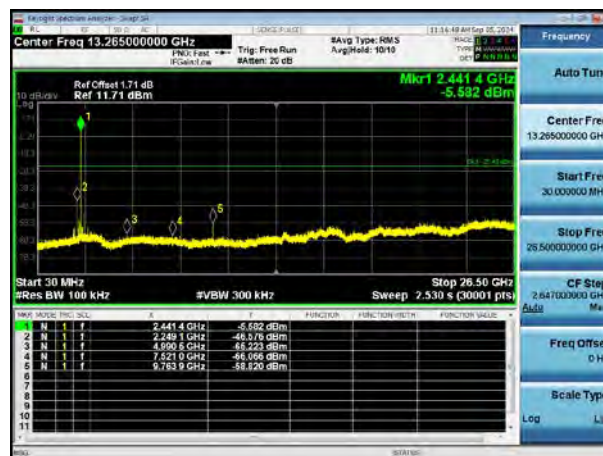


GFSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

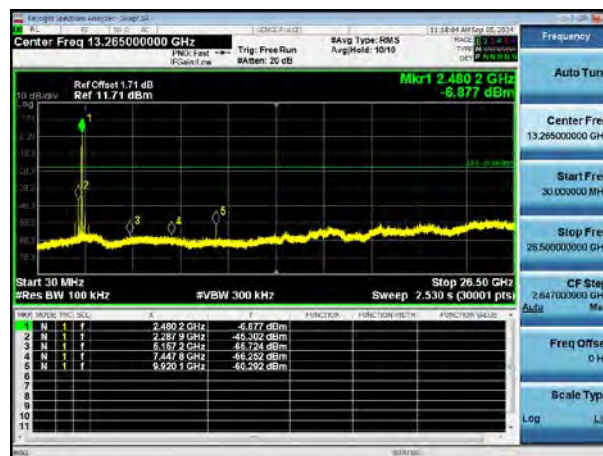


GFSK Highest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

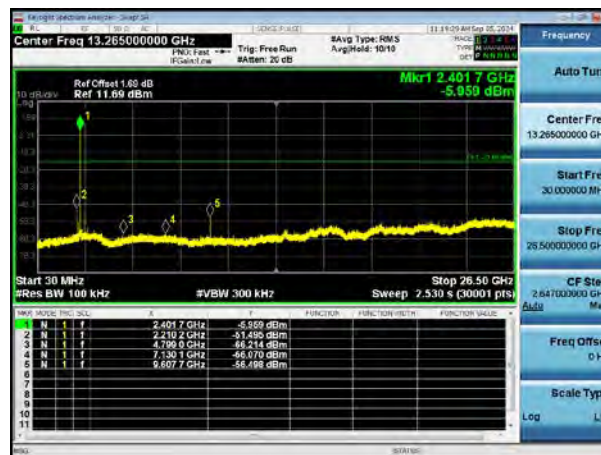


Pi/4 DQPSK Lowest

Reference Power

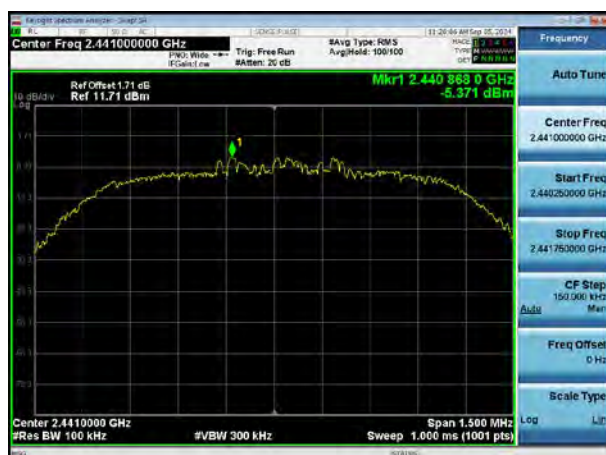


Spurious Emissions

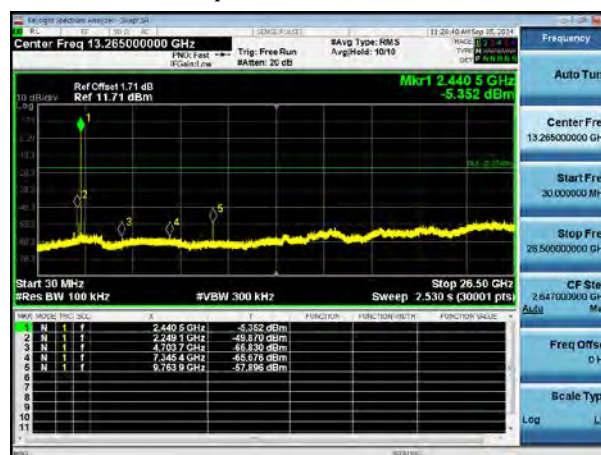


Pi/4 DQPSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

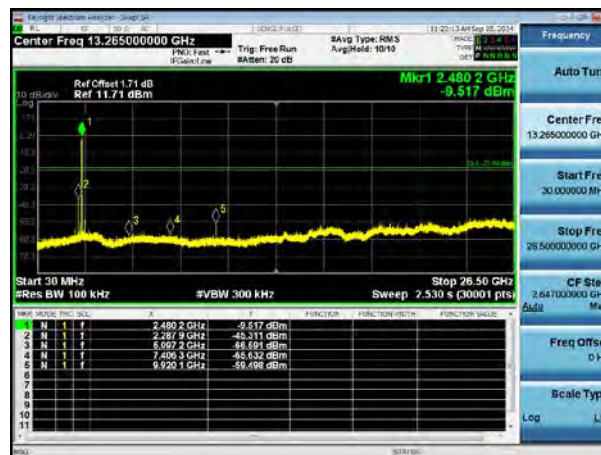


Pi/4 DQPSK Highest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

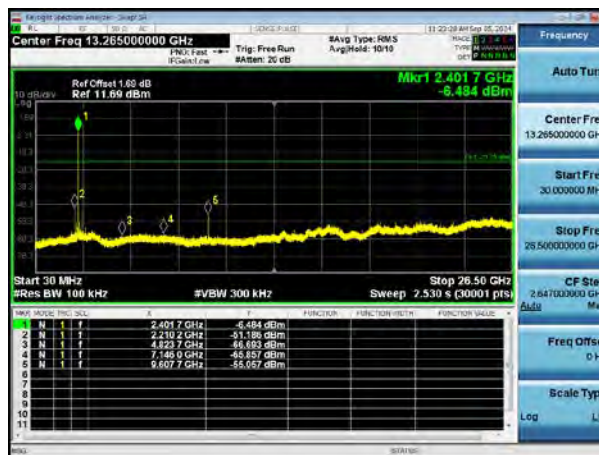


8DPSK Lowest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

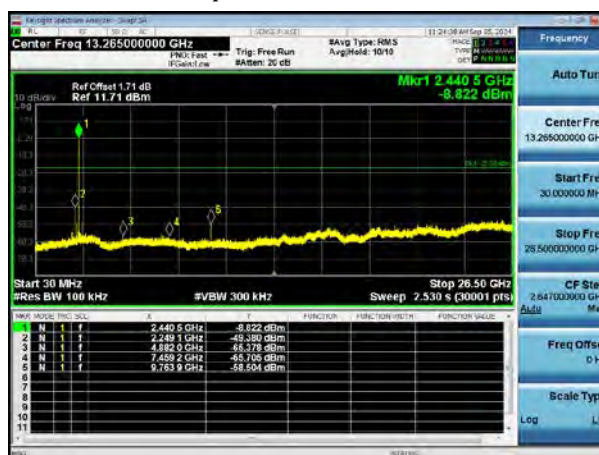


8DPSK Middle

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions

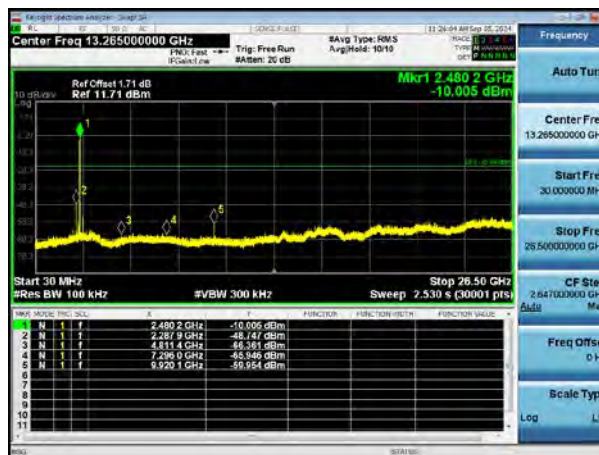


8DPSK Highest

Reference Power



Spurious Emissions



***** END OF REPORT *****