

TEST REPORT

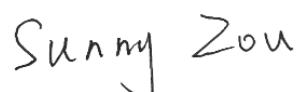
Applicant: Shenzhen ELECQ Technology Co. Ltd
Address: 7th Floor, Building 9, Changyuan Xincai, Gaoxin Middle 1st Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Equipment Type: Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-4CT
Model Name: EU104 (refer to section 2.3)
Brand Name: ELECQ
FCC ID: 2BKKM-EPEU01
ISED Number: 32968-EPEU01
Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
RSS-Gen Issue 5
RSS-247 Issue 3
(refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date: Jan. 07, 2025
Test Date: Jan. 15, 2025 - Jan. 22, 2025
Date of Issue: Mar. 04, 2025

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

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(Technical Director)



Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Mar. 04, 2025</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China <input type="checkbox"/> 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196. The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Shenzhen ELECQ Technology Co. Ltd
Address	7th Floor, Building 9, Changyuan Xincai, Gaoxin Middle 1st Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Shenzhen ELECQ Technology Co. Ltd
Address	7th Floor, Building 9, Changyuan Xincai, Gaoxin Middle 1st Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-4CT									
Model Name Under Test	EU104									
Series Model Name	EU102, EU103									
Description of Model name differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ as below: <table border="1" data-bbox="536 1089 1367 1253"> <thead> <tr> <th>Product Name</th> <th>Model</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-4CT</td> <td>EU104</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-2CT</td> <td>EU103</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Monitor-Biz-UL-Wisun</td> <td>EU102</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (this information provided by the applicant)		Product Name	Model	Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-4CT	EU104	Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-2CT	EU103	Monitor-Biz-UL-Wisun	EU102
Product Name	Model									
Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-4CT	EU104									
Monitor-Home-UL-Wisun-2CT	EU103									
Monitor-Biz-UL-Wisun	EU102									
Serial Number	EU104B2G000011									
Hardware Version	N/A									
Software Version	N/A									
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A									
Weight (Approx.)	N/A									

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Wi-SUN
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS
Modulation Type	Wi-SUN
Product Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable <input type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Frequency Range	The frequency range used is 902 MHz to 928 MHz.
Number of Channel	1
Tested Channel	915 MHz
Antenna Type	Shrapnel Antenna
Antenna Gain	2.7 dBi
Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna)	N/A

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	KDB Publication 558074 D01v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES
3	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
4	RSS-247 Issue 3	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	ISED Part No.	Channel	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (6)	--	Pass ^{Note}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (4)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.6; RSS-247, 5.2 (1)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247(d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (2)	ANNEX A.8	Pass

Note: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	40% to 56%			
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa			
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)		+20.8°C to +26.1°C	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)		12 V	

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY46471071	2024.07.04	2025.07.03
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50531259	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02460	2024.05.16	2027.05.15
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	140	2024.07.28	2027.07.27
Amplifier	COM-MV	LSCX_LNA1-12G-01	7210214	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Amplifier	COM-MV	XKu_LNA7-18G-01	7210209	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2024.07.06	2027.07.05
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2025.01.22
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2017119082	2024.11.28	2025.11.27
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	101	2023.03.04	2026.03.03
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2024.05.09	2025.05.08
Shielded Enclosure	YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd	3.5m*3.1m*2.8m	112	2022.02.19	2025.02.18

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

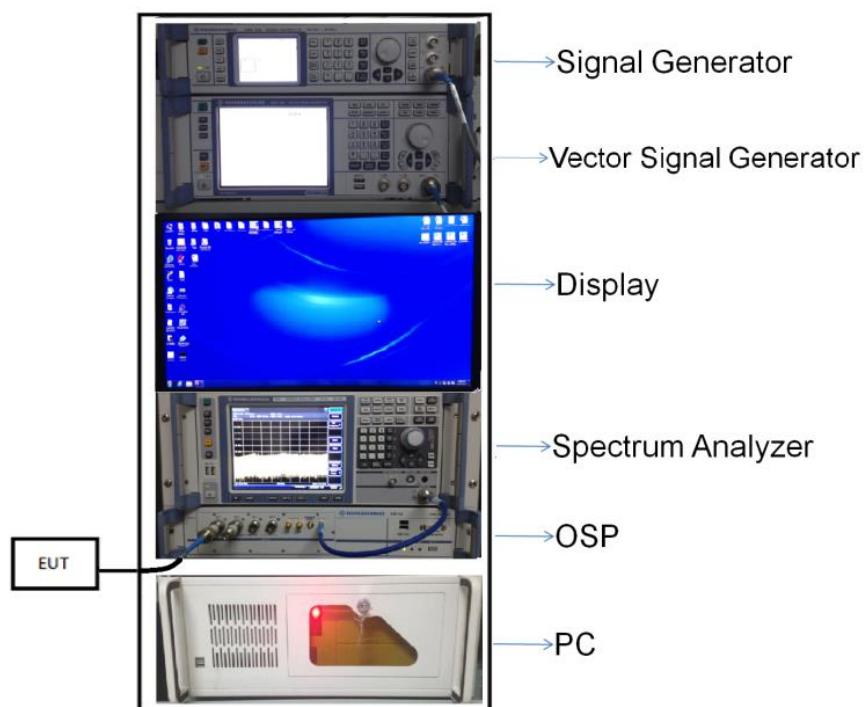
4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

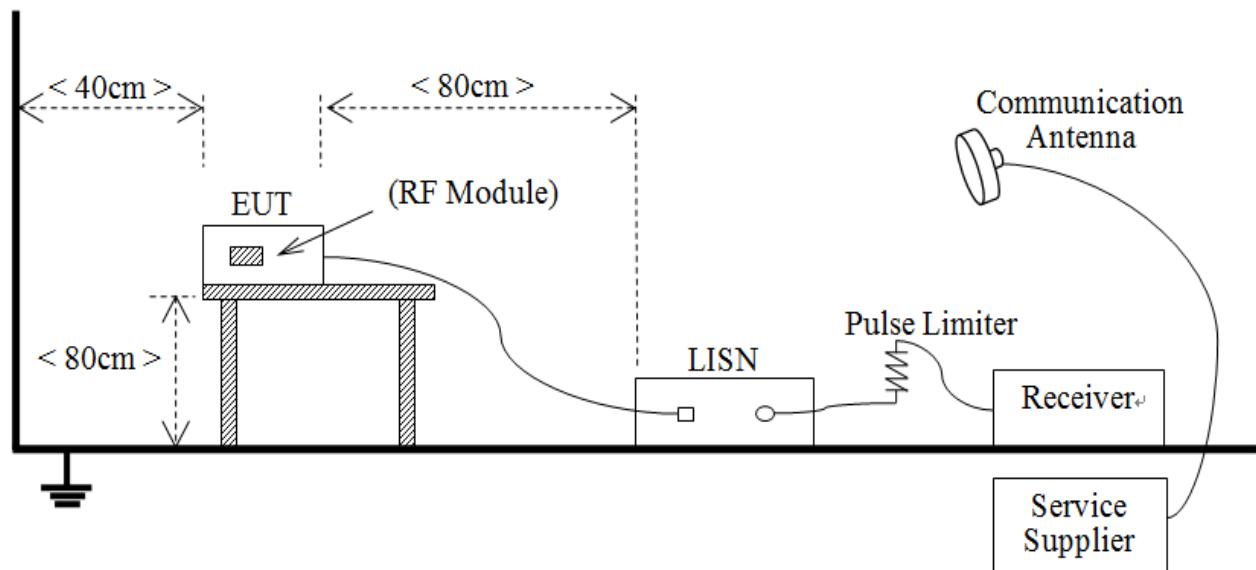
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



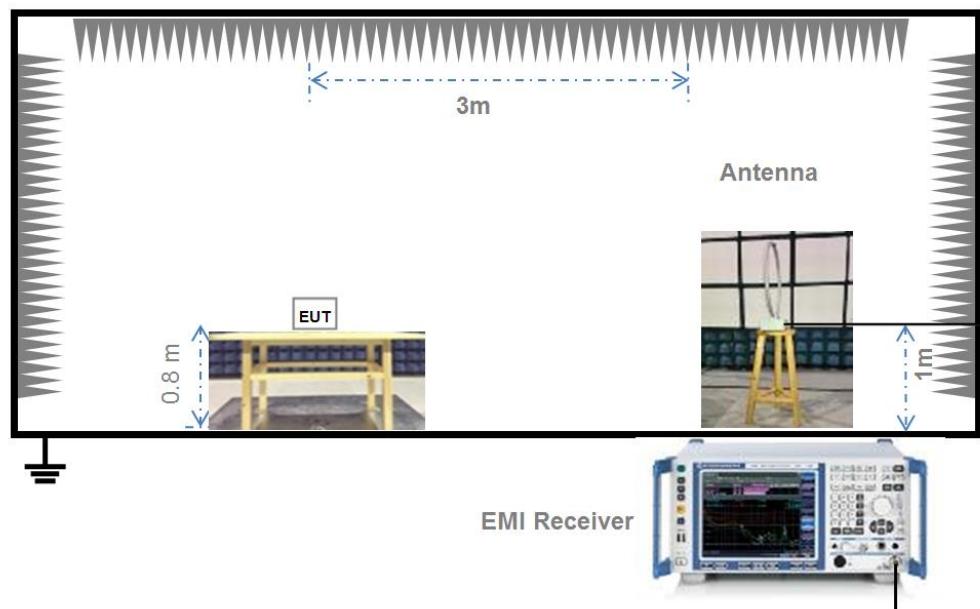
(Diagram 1)

4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



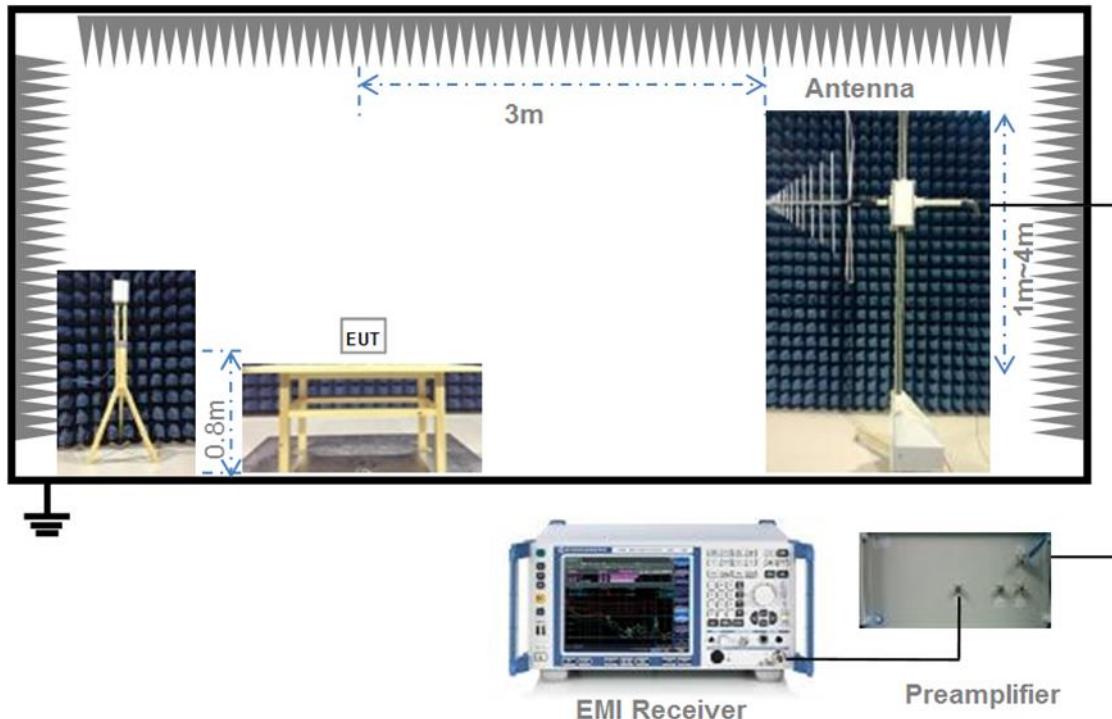
(Diagram 2)

4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



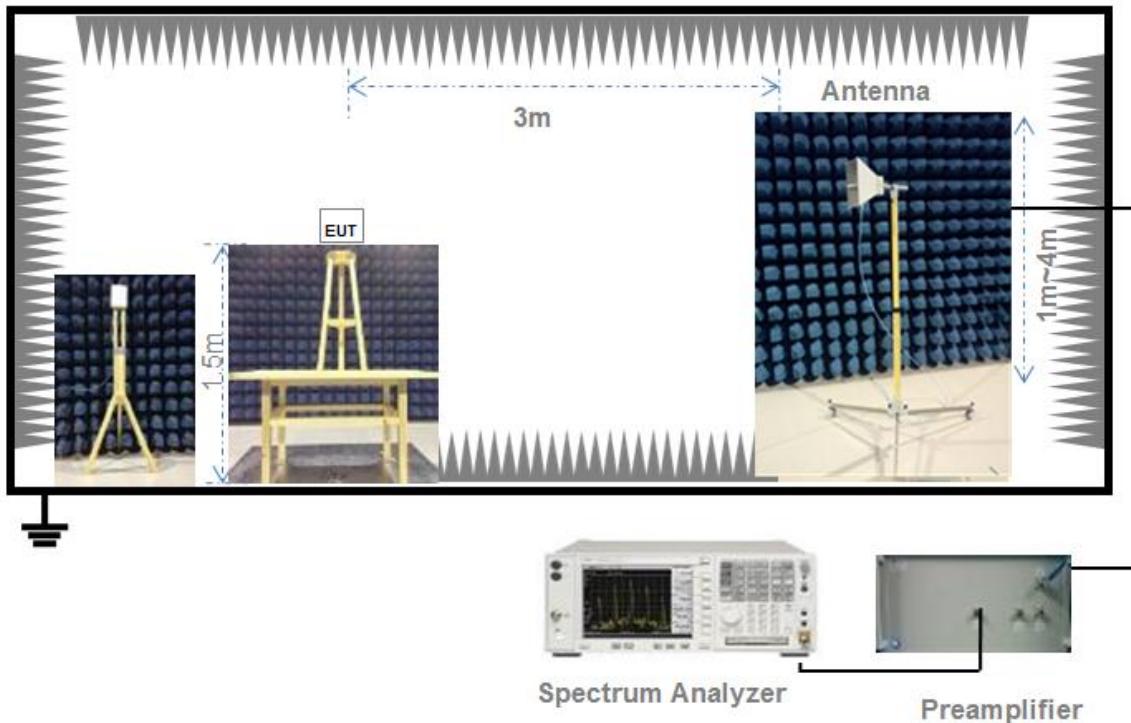
(Diagram 3)

4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP = Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (4)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

a) Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the $RBW \geq DTS$ bandwidth.

Set $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$.

Set span $\geq 3 \times RBW$

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

EIRP= Maximum peak conducted output power+ Antenna Gain.

b) Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW \geq RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.1 (1); RSS-GEN, 6.6

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement:

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (f_{emission}) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by $f_{\text{emission}} \pm 0.5$ MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μ V/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. Field Strength ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$) = $20 \times \log[\text{Field Strength } (\mu\text{V/m})]$.
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dB μ V/m@3m (AV) and 74dB μ V/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (2)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Peak Power Test Data

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict	
	Wi-SUN		dBm	mW		
	dBm	mW				
915 MHz	17.30	53.68	30	1000	Pass	

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict	
	Wi-SUN		dBm	mW		
	dBm	mW				
915 MHz	20.00	100.00	36	4000	Pass	

Test Plot

Wi-SUN



A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

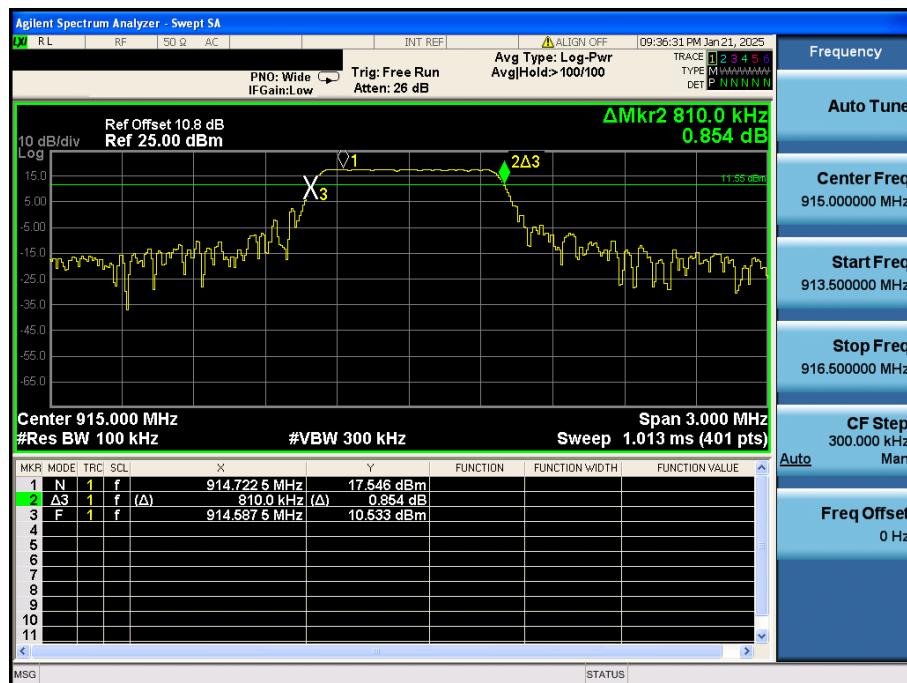
Test Data

Wi-SUN			
Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
915 MHz	0.810000	0.697000	≥500

Test Plots

6 dB Bandwidth

Wi-SUN



99% Bandwidth

Wi-SUN



A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Test Data

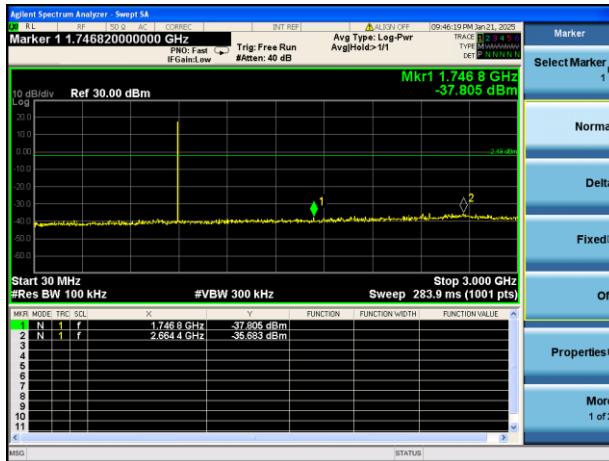
Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
915 MHz	-26.38	17.51	-2.494	Pass

Test Plots

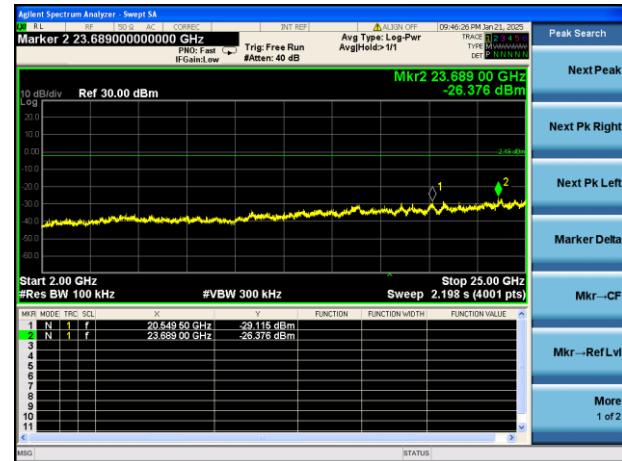
915 MHz, CARRIER LEVEL



915 MHz, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



915 MHz, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

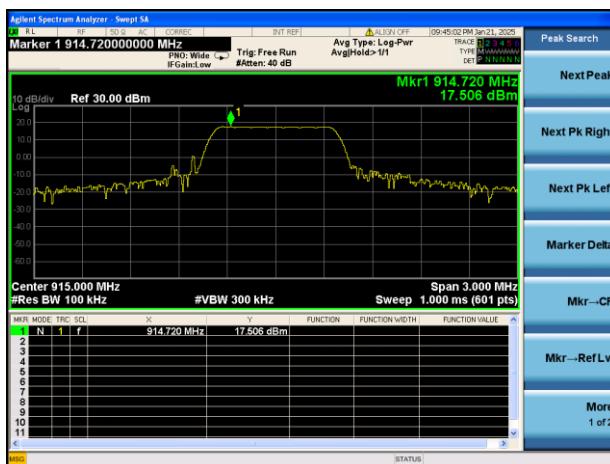
Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Test Data

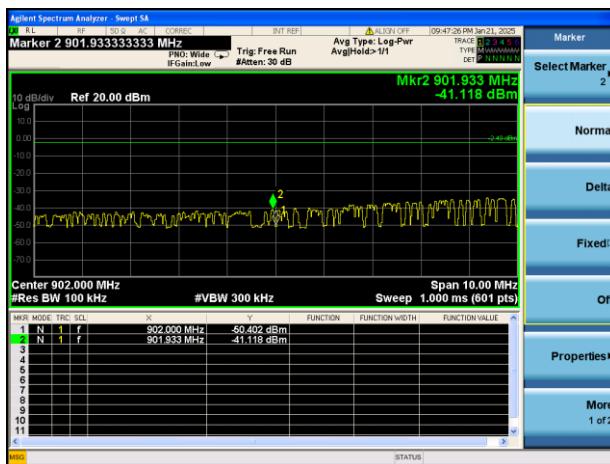
Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
915 MHz	-41.12	17.51	-2.494	Pass
915 MHz	-39.60	17.51	-2.494	Pass

Test Plots

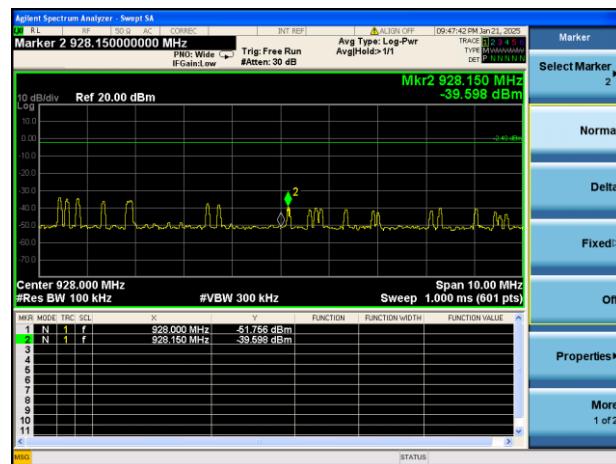
915 MHz, CARRIER LEVEL



915 MHz, LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



915 MHz, HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



A.5 Conducted Emissions

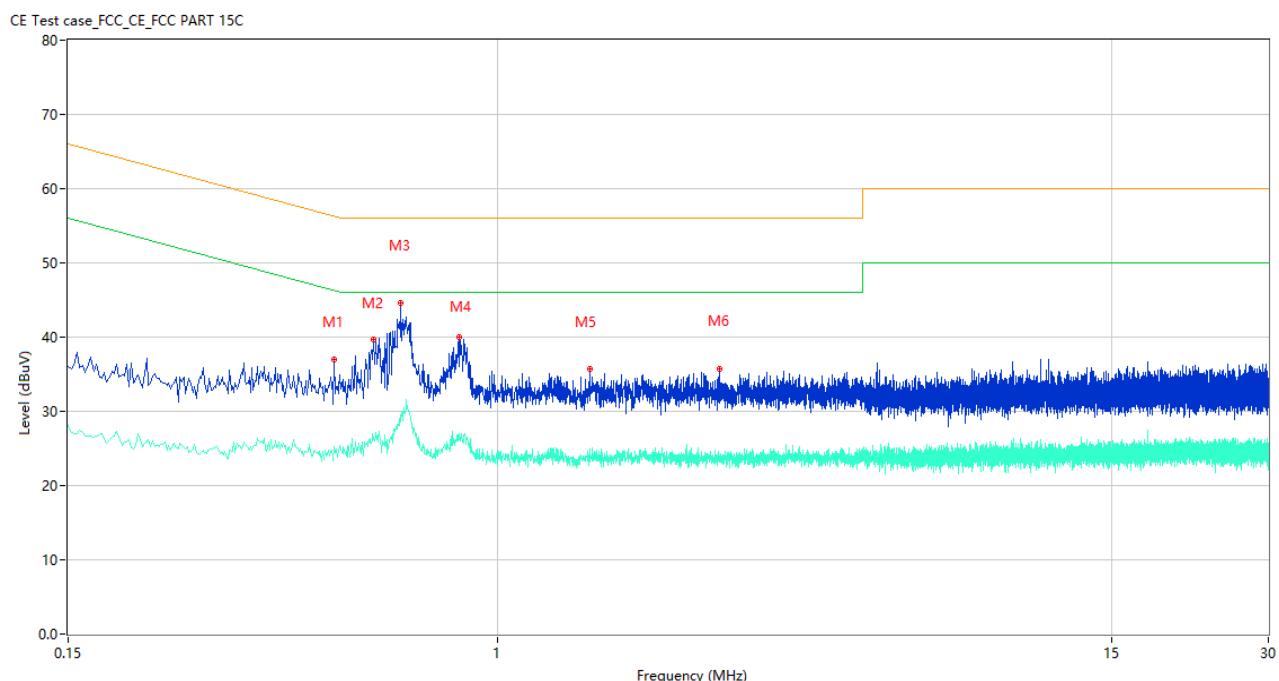
Note ¹: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note ²: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note ³: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

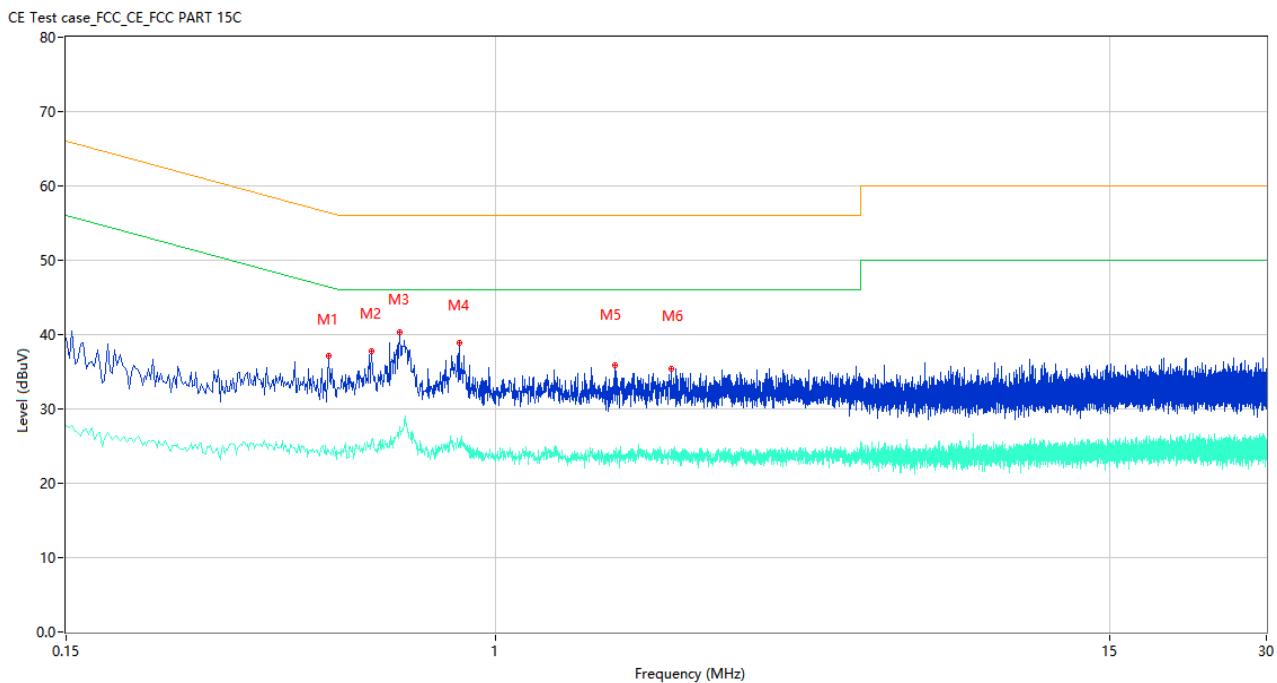
Test Data and Plots

PHASE L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.486	37.04	9.99	56.24	19.20	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.486	25.24	9.99	46.24	21.00	AV	L	Pass
2	0.578	39.65	10.10	56.00	16.35	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.578	26.19	10.10	46.00	19.81	AV	L	Pass
3	0.652	44.58	10.23	56.00	11.42	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.652	29.28	10.23	46.00	16.72	AV	L	Pass
4	0.844	40.03	10.61	56.00	15.97	Peak	L	Pass
4**	0.844	27.00	10.61	46.00	19.00	AV	L	Pass
5	1.498	35.67	10.27	56.00	20.33	Peak	L	Pass
5**	1.498	24.91	10.27	46.00	21.09	AV	L	Pass
6	2.666	35.71	10.14	56.00	20.29	Peak	L	Pass
6**	2.666	23.94	10.14	46.00	22.06	AV	L	Pass

PHASE N



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.478	37.08	10.00	56.37	19.29	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.478	24.43	10.00	46.37	21.94	AV	N	Pass
2	0.578	37.70	10.10	56.00	18.30	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.578	25.77	10.10	46.00	20.23	AV	N	Pass
3	0.654	40.33	10.25	56.00	15.67	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.654	27.55	10.25	46.00	18.45	AV	N	Pass
4	0.850	38.93	10.61	56.00	17.07	Peak	N	Pass
4**	0.850	25.62	10.61	46.00	20.38	AV	N	Pass
5	1.688	35.84	10.14	56.00	20.16	Peak	N	Pass
5**	1.688	24.30	10.14	46.00	21.70	AV	N	Pass
6	2.172	35.41	10.10	56.00	20.59	Peak	N	Pass
6**	2.172	24.67	10.10	46.00	21.33	AV	N	Pass

A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note ¹: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note ²: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note ⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and BLE 2M-High channel mode is the worst.

Note ⁵: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

Test Data

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	55.950	19.25	40.0	20.75	Peak	116.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	136.928	26.43	43.5	17.07	Peak	116.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	221.885	31.07	43.5	12.43	Peak	127.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4	260.357	27.72	43.5	15.78	Peak	127.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	459.468	26.50	46.0	19.50	Peak	212.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	749.062	36.92	46.0	9.08	Peak	212.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	57.073	22.23	40.0	17.77	Peak	193.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	138.256	26.20	43.5	17.30	Peak	193.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3	158.315	28.82	43.5	14.68	Peak	1.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4	407.244	24.78	46.0	21.22	Peak	1.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	633.837	31.17	46.0	14.83	Peak	148.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	780.403	36.01	46.0	9.99	Peak	148.00	200	Vertical	Pass

Note: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

Wi-SUN 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1338.387	40.99	74.0	33.01	Peak	134.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1338.387	31.76	54.0	22.24	AV	134.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2975.304	53.24	74.0	20.76	Peak	21.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2975.304	41.73	54.0	12.27	AV	21.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
3	4911.374	51.83	74.0	22.17	Peak	160.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4911.374	40.63	54.0	13.37	AV	160.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7625.853	53.22	74.0	20.78	Peak	96.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7625.853	41.03	54.0	12.97	AV	96.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	12471.569	54.07	74.0	19.93	Peak	34.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12471.569	44.63	54.0	9.37	AV	34.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	16859.079	54.88	74.0	19.12	Peak	306.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16859.079	43.26	54.0	10.74	AV	306.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

Wi-SUN 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1462.114	42.60	74.0	31.40	Peak	253.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1462.114	29.87	54.0	24.13	AV	253.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2992.556	50.94	74.0	23.06	Peak	214.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2**	2992.556	40.11	54.0	13.89	AV	214.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3	4921.773	53.83	74.0	20.17	Peak	155.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4921.773	39.80	54.0	14.20	AV	155.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7965.674	54.78	74.0	19.22	Peak	75.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	7965.674	45.97	54.0	8.03	AV	75.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12446.597	51.93	74.0	22.07	Peak	251.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	12446.597	41.01	54.0	12.99	AV	251.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17454.641	56.86	74.0	17.14	Peak	219.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17454.641	48.00	54.0	6.00	AV	219.00	200	Vertical	Pass

A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ⁴: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Test Data

Wi-SUN, 608 MHz to 614 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	612.192	43.4	54.0	10.60	Peak	3.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	612.780	41.23	54.0	12.77	Peak	6.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

Wi-SUN, 960 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	959.695	44.37	54.0	9.63	Peak	112.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	962.013	47.21	54.0	6.79	Peak	169.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

Wi-SUN, 1 GHz to 1.24 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1008.430	46.38	54.0	7.62	Peak	278.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	1163.720	48.35	54.0	5.65	Peak	315.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Test Data

Wi-SUN			
Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
915 MHz	7.29	8	Pass

Test Plot

Wi-SUN



ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2510273-AR.PDF”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2510273-AW.PDF”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2510273-AI.PDF”.

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--END OF REPORT--