

# ROCA BATHROOM PRODUCTS, INC

**TEST REPORT** 

# **SCOPE OF WORK**

**EMC TESTING-SEE PAGE 2** 

# **REPORT NUMBER**

231020109GZU-001

**ISSUE DATE** 

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# **PAGES**

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FCC WIFI
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Intertek Report No : 231020109GZU-001 FCC ID : 2BKHX-A80316600C

**Test standards** 

47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C: 2023 section 15.247

# **Sample Description**

Product : Intelligent Toilet

Model No. : A80314600C, A80317600C

Electrical Rating : 110V~, 60Hz
Serial No. : Not Labeled
Date Received : 20 October 2023

Date Test : 15 May 2025-20 May 2025

Conducted

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### 1.0 **TEST RESULT SUMMARY**

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test Method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(2)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8	PASS
Maximum Average Conducted Output Power	FCC PART 15 C clause 5.247(b)(3)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.2.3.1	PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(e)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2	PASS
Out of Band Conducted Emissions	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 &15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11	PASS
Radiated Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 &15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11, 11.12.1, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.13	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2	PASS

### Remark:

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details. EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2013 in the whole report

A80314600C and A80317600C are the same, except for the toilet watering system

construction. A80314600C was selected for fully testing



# 2.0 General Description

### 2.1 Product Description

Operating 2412 MHz to 2462 MHz

Frequency:

Type of Modulation: 802.11b: DSSS(CCK/QPSK/BPSK)

802.11g: OFDM(BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM) 802.11n: OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)

Transmit Data Rate: 802.11b :1/2/5.5/11 Mbps

802.11g:6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps

802.11n(HT20): 6.5/13/19.5/26/39/52/58.5/65/72.2Mbps

Number of Channels 11 Channel Channel Separation: 5 MHz Antenna Type PCB antenna

Function: Intelligent toilet with 2.4 GHz WIFI

EUT Power Supply: 110V~, 60Hz

EUT channels and frequencies list:

Test frequencies are lowest channel 1: 2412 MHz, middle channel 6: 2437 MHz and highest channel 11: 2462 MHz.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	/	

### 2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is an application for certification of Intelligent toilet which has 2.4GHz WIFI function. For the 2.4GHz BLE was tested and demonstrated in report in report: 231020109GZU-002. For the 24GHz function was tested and demonstrated in report: 2504B0948SHA-001.



# 2.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10. Radiated emission measurement was performed in semi-anechoic chamber and conducted emission measurement was performed in shield room. For radiated emission measurement, preliminary scans and final tests were performed in the semi-anechoic chamber to determine the worst case modes. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise.

### 2.4 Test Facility

All tests were performed at:

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Room102/104, No 203, KeZhu Road, Science City, GETDD Guangzhou, China
Except Conducted Emissions was performed at:
Room101/301/401/102/202/302/402/502/602/702/802, No. 7-2, Caipin Road, Huangpu
District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China

### A2LA Certificate Number 0078.10

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch is accredited by A2LA and Listed in FCC website. FCC accredited test labs may perform both Certification testing under Parts 15 and 18 and Declaration of Conformity testing.

### 3.0 System Test Configuration

### 3.1 Justification

For emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, AC power line was manipulated to produce worst case emissions. It was powered by AC 110V/60Hz supply.

The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance.

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.



For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to
30 GHz	100 GHz, whichever is lower
	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to
At or above 30 GHz	200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise
	specified

Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device	Number of	Location in frequency
operates	frequencies	range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

# 3.2 EUT Exercising Software

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	SN/Version	Supplied by
For fixing frequency	TUYA	UI_mptool	1V16	Client

# 3.3 Special Accessories

No special accessories used.



### 3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	ltem	Measurement Uncertainty
	20 dB Bandwidth	
1	6dB Bandwidth	2.31%
	99% Bandwidth	
2	Carrier Frequencies Separated	2.31%
3	Dwell Time	1.19%
4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	1.98 dB
5	Peak Power Spectral Density	1.98 dB
6	Out of Band Conducted Emissions	1.98 dB
7	Band edges measurement	1.98 dB
		3.64 dB (9 kHz-30 MHz)
8	Radiated Emissions	4.26 dB (30 MHz-1 GHz)
٥	Radiated Ellissions	4.96 dB (1 GHz-18 GHz)
		5.16 dB (18 GHz-40 GHz)
9	Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	2.23 dB
10	Temperature	0.81 °C
11	Humidity	1.73%
12	Time	1.19%

The measurement uncertainty describes the overall uncertainty of the given measured value during the operation of the EUT.

Measurement uncertainty is calculated in accordance with ETSI TR 100 028-2001.

The measurement uncertainty is given with a confidence of 95%, k=2.

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

Uncertainty and Compliance – Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value

# 3.5 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Roca Sanitaryware(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd will be incorporated in each production model sold / leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch.

### 3.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested with corresponding support equipment as below: Cable



Description	Model No.	Connector type	Cable length/type	Supplied by
Antenna cable	RF-01	SMA	0.2 m(shielded)	Intertek
USB extension cord	USB-01	USB	1.0 m(shielded)	Client

# Support equipment

Description	Model No.	Rating	Supplied by
NoteBook	Latitude 5420	100-240VAC,50/60Hz	Intertek
Control board			Client

### Remark:

After the frequency was fixed, Notebook and Fix board were removed out of the Chamber before test.



# 4.0 Measurement Results

# 4.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203 an intentional radiator shall be designed to Ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

**EUT Antenna** 

The antenna is an integral antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is 2.54 dBi.



### 4.2 6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(2)Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at

least 500 kHz.

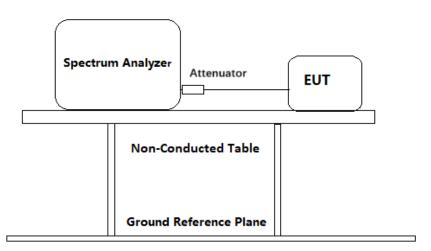
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case

mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was

(were) selected for the final test as listed below.

**Test Configuration:** 



### Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
  - a) Set RBW = 100 kHz
  - b) Set the VBW ≥ [3 × RBW]
  - c) Detector = peak.
  - d) Trace mode = max hold.
  - e) Sweep = auto couple
  - f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
  - g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
  - h) Span=2\*BW~5\*BW
- 3. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 4. Report the worst case.



# **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

### 6 dB bandwidth

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Measured 6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit	Result
1	2412		1 Mbps	10.072		Pass
6	2437	802.11b	1 Mbps	10.072		Pass
11	2462		1 Mbps	10.072		Pass
1	2412		6 Mbps	16.729		Pass
6	2437	802.11g	6 Mbps	16.729		Pass
11	2462		6 Mbps	16.671	>E00KH-	Pass
1	2412	802.11n	6.5 Mbps	17.887	≥500KHz	Pass
6	2437	(HT20)	6.5 Mbps	17.887		Pass
11	2462		6.5 Mbps	17.887		Pass

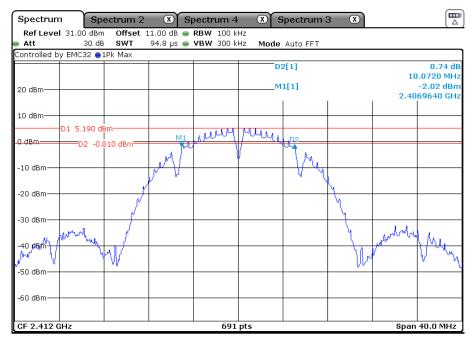


# Result plot as follows:

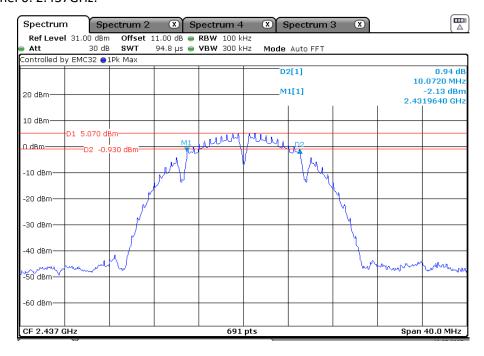
### 6dB bandwidth:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz

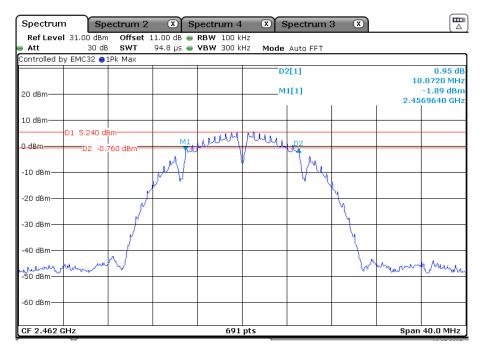


# Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



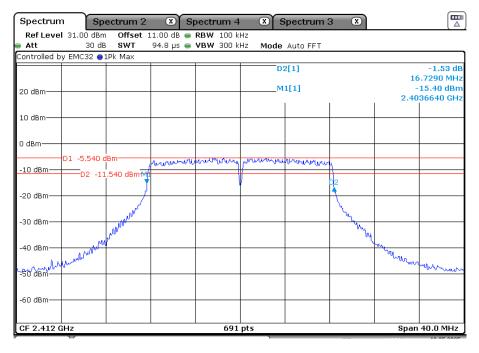
Channel 11: 2.462GHz:





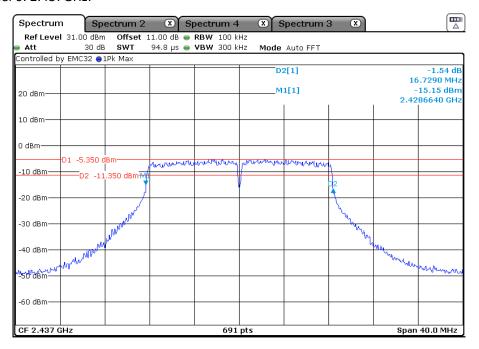
# 802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate

### Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

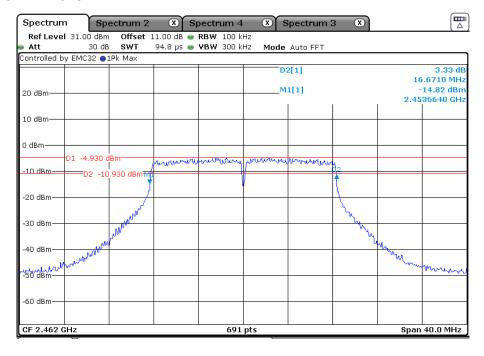




### Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



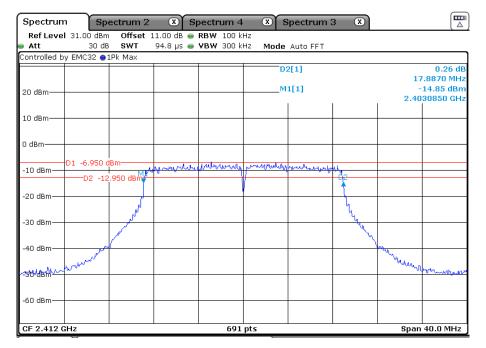
# Channel 11: 2.462GHz:



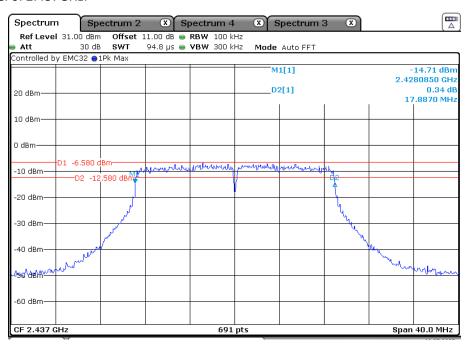
802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz:





# Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

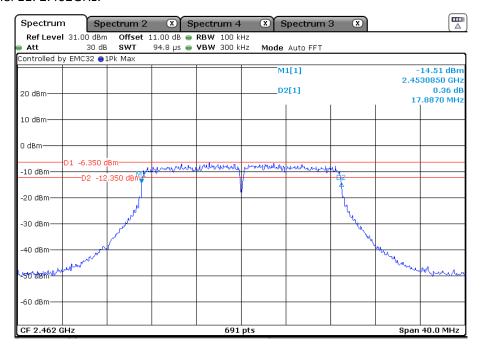


FCC WIFI



# **TEST REPORT**

# Channel 11: 2.462GHz:





### 4.3 Duty Cycle

Test Requirement: FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, Clause

6

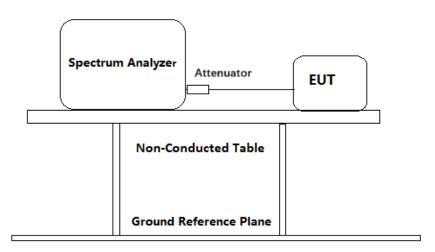
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.6

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case

mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was

(were) selected for the final test as listed below.

**Test Configuration:** 



### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyser:
  - a) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set the VBW  $\geqslant$  [3 x RBW]
  - b) Set RBW ≥OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Span = Zero span
  - c) Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average. Trace mode = Free run
- 3. Report the worst case.

# **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

# Test result:

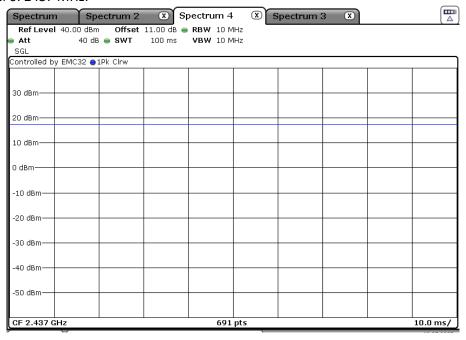


Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	On time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
6	2437	802.11b	100	100	100
6	2437	802.11g	100	100	100
6	2437	802.11n (HT20)	100	100	100

Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode

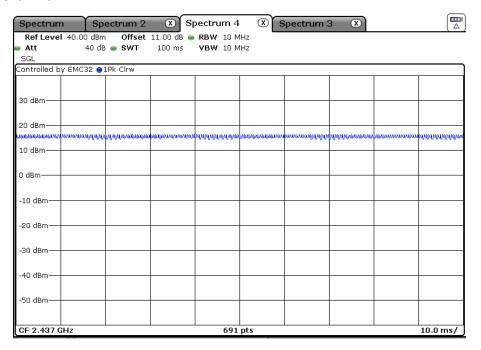
Channel 6: 2437 MHz:





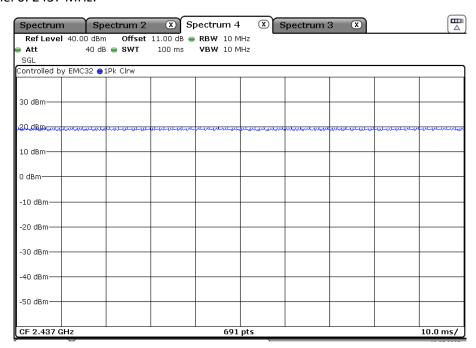
802.11g mode

Channel 6: 2437 MHz:



# 802.11n(HT 20) mode

# Channel 6: 2437 MHz:





### 4.4 Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

Section 15.247: (b)(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1

Watt.

Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b) (1), (b) (2), and (b) (3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that

the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

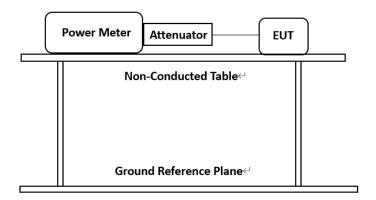
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.2.3.1

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

**Test Configuration:** 



# Test Procedure:

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the power meter.
- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
- 3. If the EUT is transmitting at all times, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 4. If the EUT does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle and adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log(1/x) where x is the duty cycle of transmitter output signal. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
- 5. Report the worst case.



**Used Test Equipment List** 

Power meter. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

# **Test result:**

TC3CTC3GIC						
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Maximum Conducted output power (dBm)	Limit	Result
1	2412		1 Mbps	16.3		Pass
6	2437	802.11b	1 Mbps	16.5		Pass
11	2462		1 Mbps	16.7		Pass
1	2412		6 Mbps	14.2		Pass
6	2437	802.11g	6 Mbps	14.4	4,,,,	Pass
11	2462		6 Mbps	14.7	1W	Pass
1	2412	802.11n	6.5 Mbps	11.3	(30dBm)	Pass
6	2437	(HT20)	6.5 Mbps	11.6		Pass
11	2462	(20)	6.5 Mbps	11.8		Pass

# Remark:

The measured power in the table has considered the compensation of cable loss, attenuator and duty cycle.

The unit does meet the FCC requirements.



### 4.5 Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval

of continuous transmission.

This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of

determining the conducted output power shall be used to

determine the power spectral density.

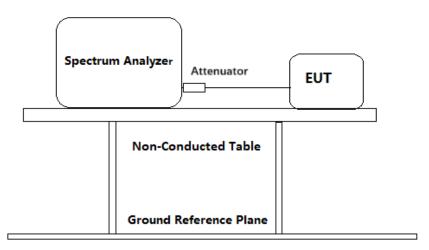
Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

### **Test Configuration:**



# Test Procedure:

- Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable(cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
- 2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
  - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
  - b) Set the span=  $1.5 \times DTS$  bandwidth.
  - c) Set the RBW to 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
  - d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - e) Detector = peak.
  - f) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - g) Trace mode = max hold.
  - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.



- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
- 3. Measure the Power Spectral Density of the test frequency with special test status.
- 4. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 5. Report the worst case.

# **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

# Test result:

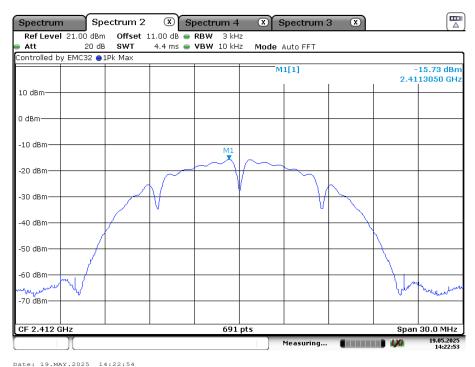
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Measured Peak Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit	Result
1	2412	802.11b	1 Mbps	-15.73	8dBm/ 3 KHz	Pass
6	2437		1 Mbps	-15.64		Pass
11	2462		1 Mbps	-15.44		Pass
1	2412	802.11g	6 Mbps	-20.16		Pass
6	2437		6 Mbps	-20.00		Pass
11	2462		6 Mbps	-19.73		Pass
1	2412	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	-21.55		Pass
6	2437		6.5 Mbps	-21.40		Pass
11	2462		6.5 Mbps	-21.30		Pass



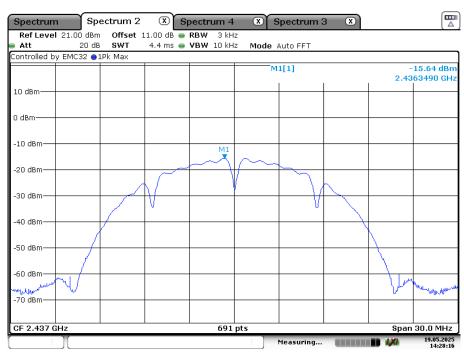
Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



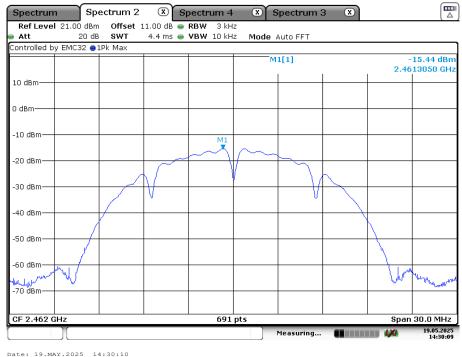
# Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



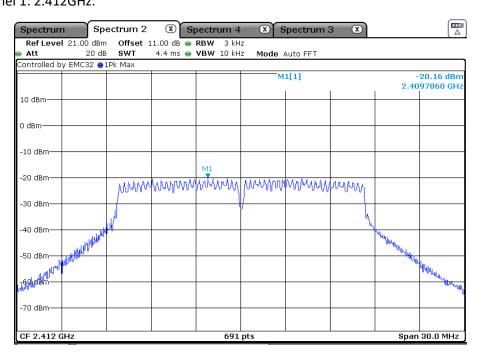
Date: 19.MAY.2025 14:28:17



### Channel 11: 2.462GHz:



# 802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

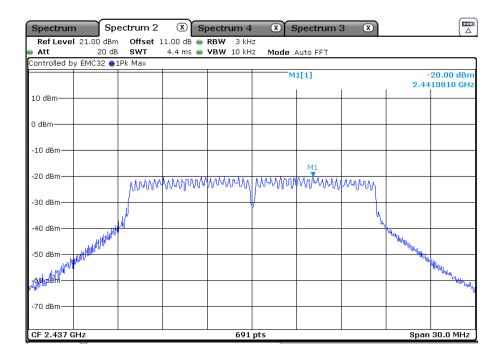


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

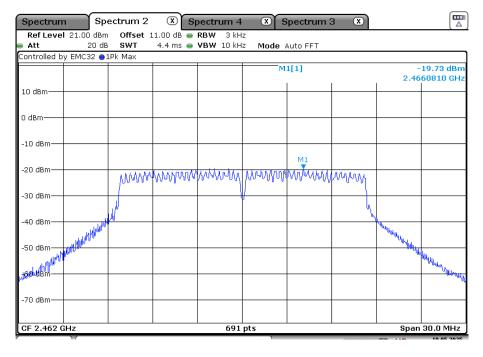
FCC WIFI



### **TEST REPORT**

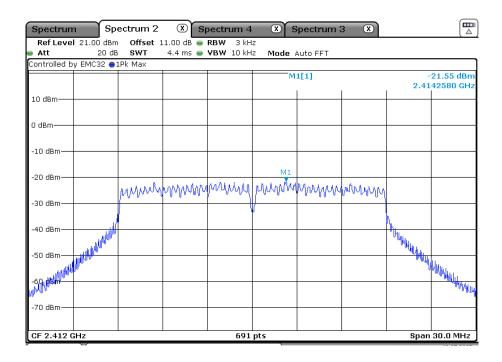


### Channel 11: 2.462GHz:

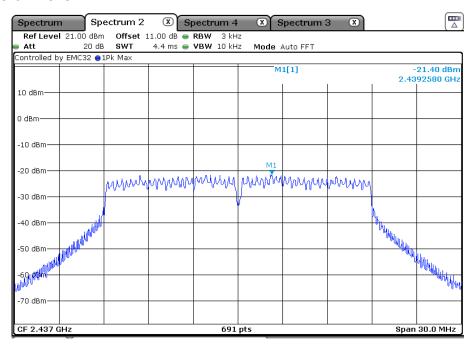


802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5Mbps data rate Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



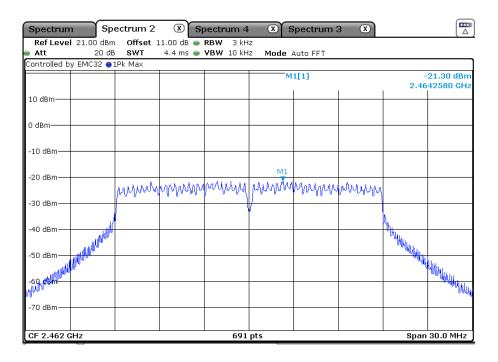


### Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



Channel 11: 2.462GHz:





### 4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11

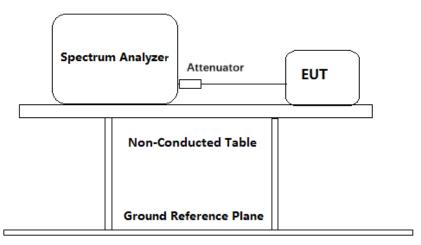
**Test Status:** 

Test Method:

Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

**Test Configuration:** 





### **Test Procedure:**

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
- 2. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
  - a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
  - b) Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5  $\times$  DTS bandwidth.
  - c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
  - d) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - e) Detector = peak.
  - f) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - g) Trace mode = max hold.
  - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level

- 3. Emission level measurement
  - a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
  - c) Set the VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - d) Detector = peak.
  - e) Sweep time = auto couple.
  - f) Trace mode = max hold.
  - g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
  - h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 4. Measure the Conducted unwanted Emissions of the test frequency with special test status.
- 5. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 6. Report the worst case.

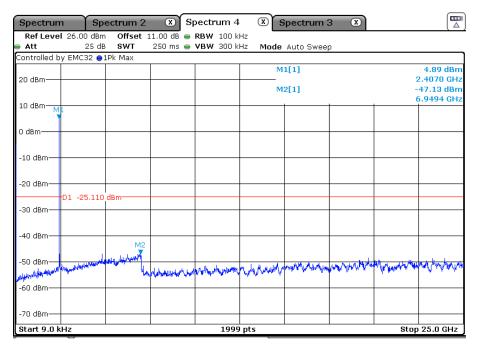
### **Used Test Equipment List**

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.



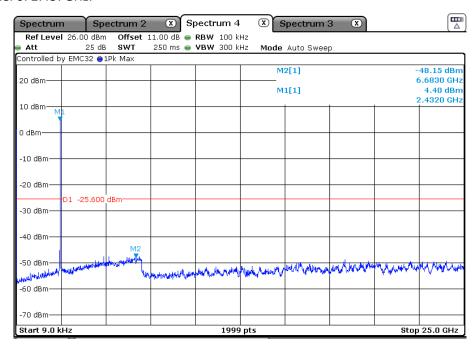
Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



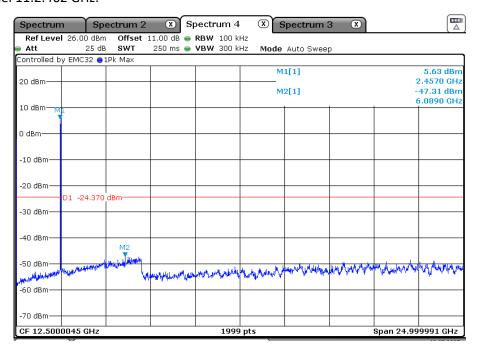
FCC WIFI



### **TEST REPORT**

In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Channel 11:2.462 GHz:

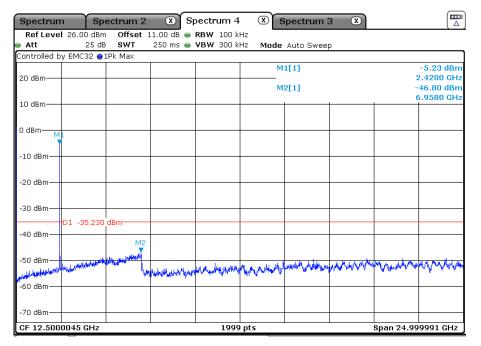


In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate

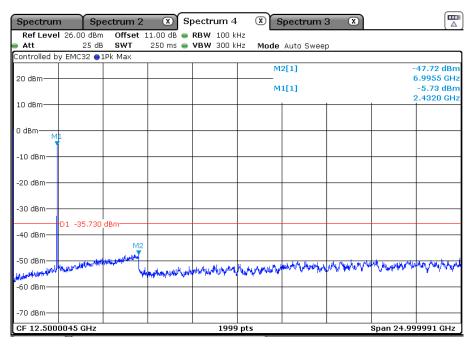
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:





In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

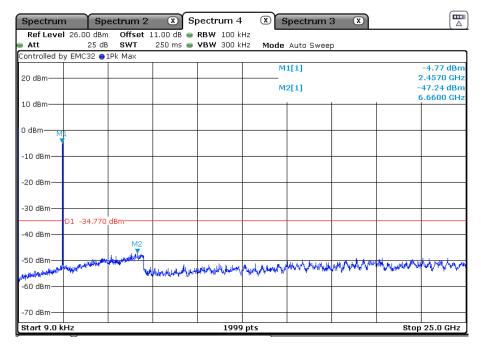
# Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

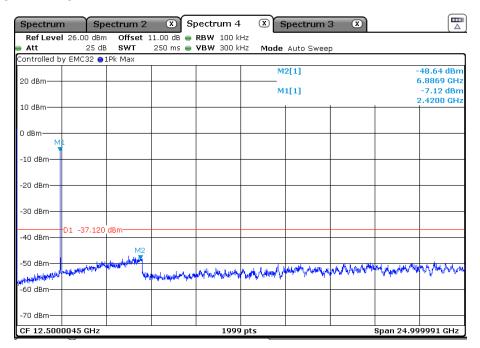
Channel 11: 2.462 GHz:





In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

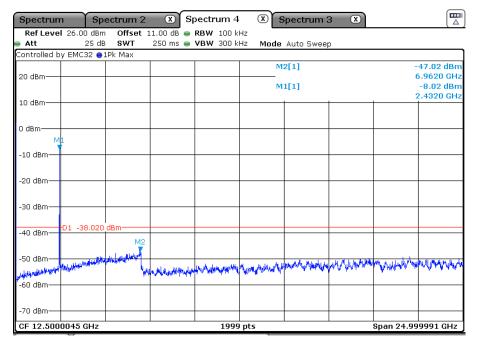
802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

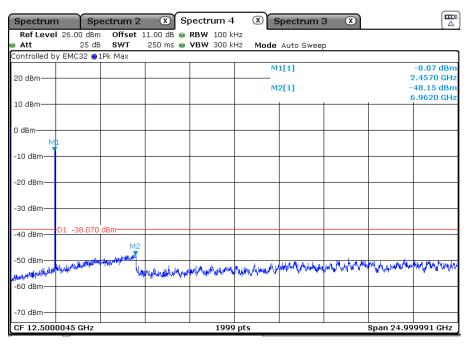


### Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

### Channel 11:2.462 GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.



### 4.7 Radiated Emissions

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

section 15.247: (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)

(see § 15.205(c)).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11, 11.12.1, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the

final test as listed below.

Test site: Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)

Limit:  $40.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  between 30MHz & 88MHz;

43.5 dB $\mu$ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz; 46.0 dB $\mu$ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz;

54.0 dBμV/m above 960MHz.

Detector: For Peak and Quasi-Peak value:

RBW =

1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz,

200 Hz for 9 kHz to 150 kHz 9 kHz for 150 kHz to 30 MHz 120 kHz for 30 MHz to 1GHz

VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, QP for f < 1 GHz

Trace = max hold

For AV value:



RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW=10 Hz Sweep = auto

Field Strength Calculation:

Trace = max hold

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Where:

FS = RA + Correct Factor + AV FS = Field Strength in dBμV/m

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBμV

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in –dB

Correct Factor = AF + CF - AG + PD

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Assume a receiver reading of  $62.0~dB\mu V$  is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4~dB/m and cable factor of 1.6~dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29~dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0~dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is  $32~dB\mu V/m$ .

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$ 

AF = 7.4 dB/m

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

Correct Factor = 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0 = -20 dB

 $FS = 62 + (-20) + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$ 

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section. Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

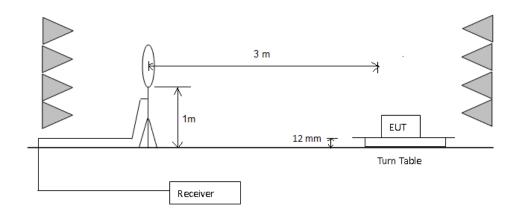
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz



# Test Configuration:

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:



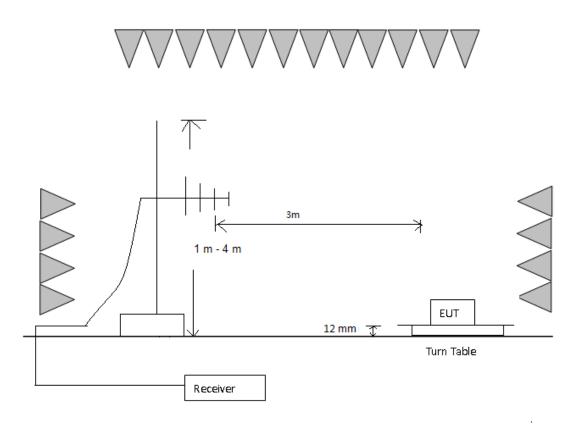


2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:

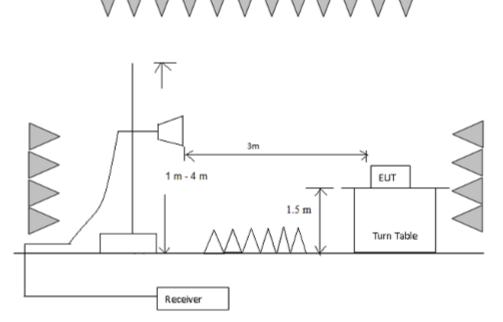
FCC WIFI



# **TEST REPORT**



# 3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:



# **Test Procedure:**

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:



For testing performed with the loop antenna. The lowest of the loop was positioned 1 m above the ground and positioned with its plane vertical at the special distance from the EUT. During testing the loop was rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth and also investigated with the loop positioned in the horizontal plane.

#### 2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:

For testing performed with the bi-log type antenna. The measurement was performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1m and 4m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurement for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

## 3) 1 GHz to 25 GHz emissions:

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2010 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz.

For testing performed with the horn antenna. The measurement is performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1 m and 4 m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurement for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

4) The receiver was scanned from 9 kHz to 25 GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

#### **Used Test Equipment List:**

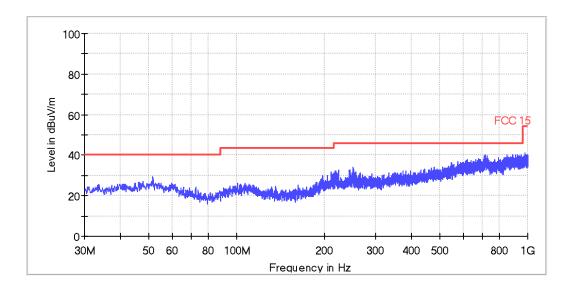
3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement Pre-scan all modes, worst case as below

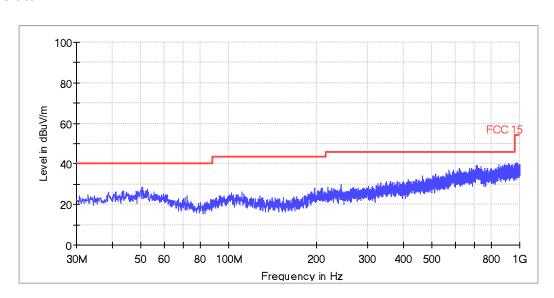
802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal





All emission levels are more than 6dB below the limit.

## Vertical:



1~25 GHz Radiated Emissions.

802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate as below

Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Antenna polarization
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		(dB)			
4824	45.9	-1.1	44.8	74	Н
4824	45.4	-1.1	44.3	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

## Test at Channel 6 (2.437 GHz) in transmitting status

#### PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dΒμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4874	43.5	-1.0	42.5	74	Н
4874	44.0	-1.0	43.0	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

# Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dΒμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4924	44.9	-0.9	44.0	74	Н
7389	44.2	2.5	46.7	74	Н
4924	46.1	-0.9	45.2	74	V
7389	43.6	2.5	46.1	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

## 802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate as below

Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

#### PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4824	45.7	-1.1	44.6	74	Н
4824	44.4	-1.1	43.3	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

# Test at Channel 6 (2.437 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Emission	Limit	Antenna
(MHz)	Level	Factor	Level	(dBμV/m)	polarization

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	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)		
4874	43.8	-1.0	42.8	74	Н
4874	45.1	-1.0	44.1	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

# Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4924	46.7	-0.9	45.8	74	Н
4924	44.1	-0.9	43.2	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

## 802.11n20 mode with 6.5Mbps data rate as below

Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dΒμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4824	46.1	-1.1	45.0	74	Н
4824	45.5	-1.1	44.4	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

## Test at Channel 6 (2.437 GHz) in transmitting status

# PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dΒμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4874	44.2	-1.0	43.2	74	Н
4874	45.6	-1.0	44.6	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

# Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status

## PK Measurement:

Frequency	Reading	Correct	Emission	Limit	Antenna
(MHz)	Level	Factor	Level	(dBμV/m)	polarization

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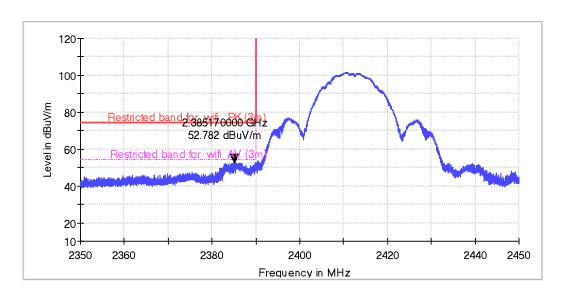
	(dBμV)	(dB)	(dBμV/m)		
4924	44.0	-0.9	43.1	74	Н
4924	44.2	-0.9	43.3	74	V

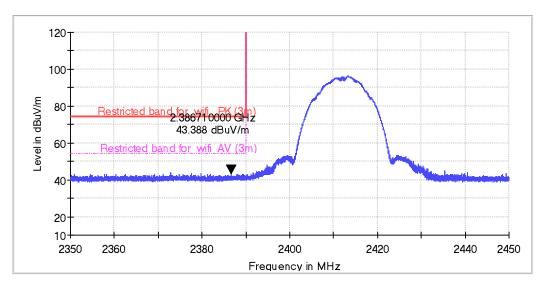
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

**Band Edges Emission** 

802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate

Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal





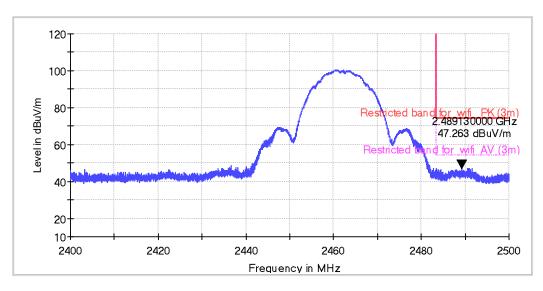


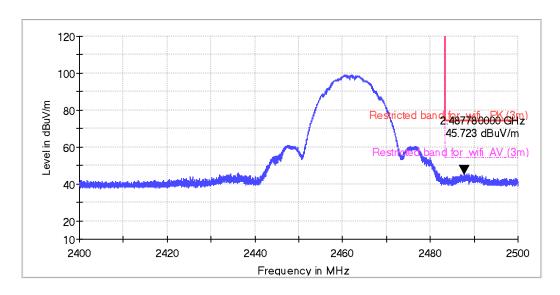
## Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2385.2	61.0	-8.2	52.8	74	Н
2386.8	51.6	-8.2	43.4	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal





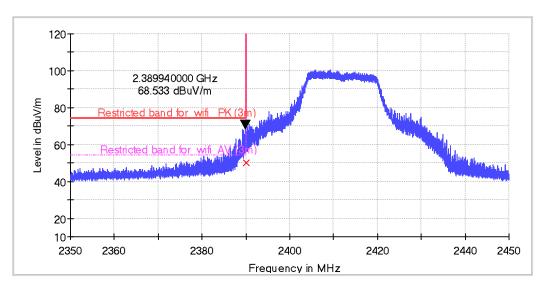


## Peak Measurement:

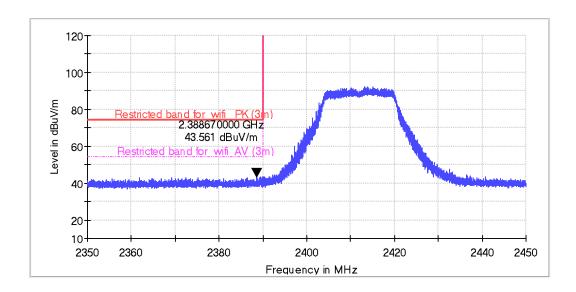
Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2491.0	55.1	-7.8	47.3	74	Н
2492.4	53.5	-7.8	45.7	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal







## Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.9	76.7	-8.2	68.5	74	Н
2388.7	51.8	-8.2	43.6	74	V

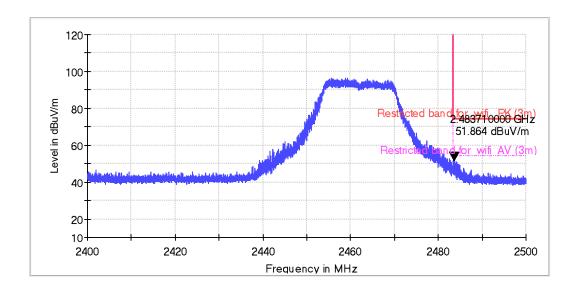
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

# Average Measurement:

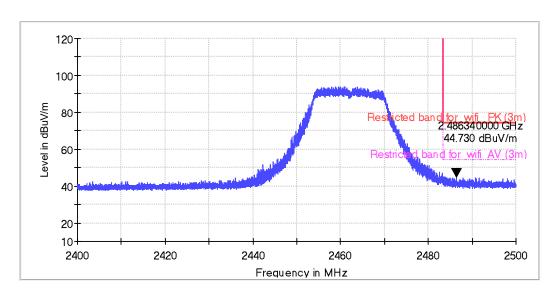
Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.0	58.1	-8.2	49.9	54	Н

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal





## Vertical



## Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2484.5	59.6	-7.8	51.8	74	Н
2484.8	52.5	-7.8	44.7	74	V

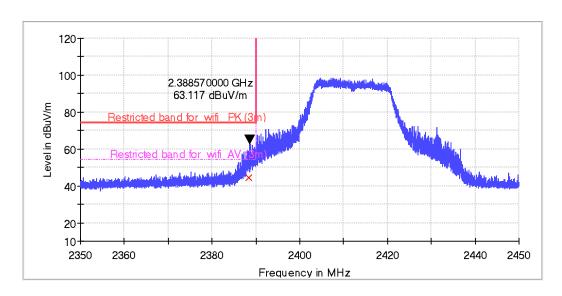
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

## Average Measurement:

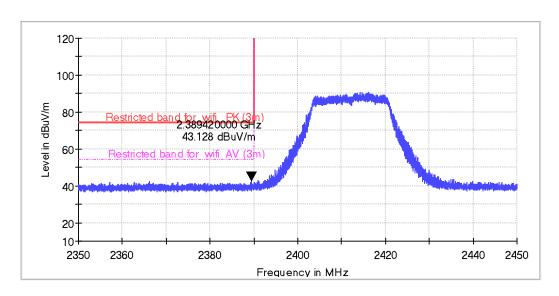


802.11n (HT20) mode with 6.5Mbps data rate Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

## Horizontal



## Vertical



## Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2388.6	71.4	-8.2	63.2	74	Н
2389.4	51.3	-8.2	43.1	74	V

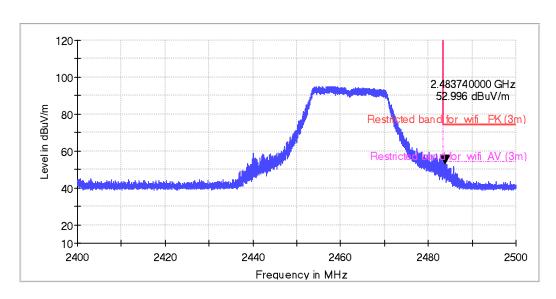


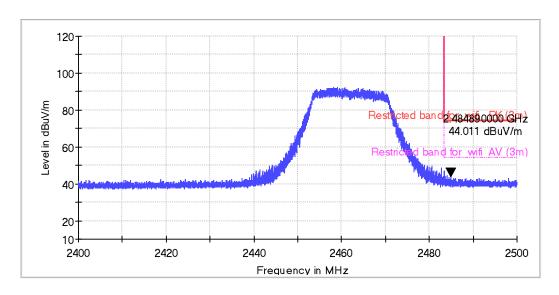
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

# Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Antenna polarization
2388.4	52.7	-8.2	44.5	54	Н

# Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status Horizontal







#### Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBµV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2483.7	60.8	-7.8	53.0	74	Н
2484.9	51.8	-7.8	44.0	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

## 4.8 Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated

emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits

specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Frequency Band: 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.13

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode

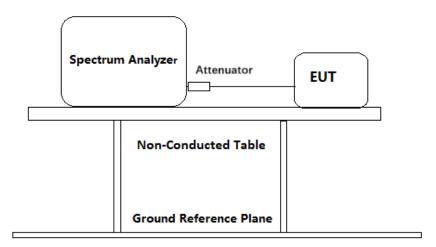
from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed

below.

Test Configuration: For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, please refer to clause

4.7





Test Procedure:

For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, Please refer to clause 4.7

- 1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable (cable loss = 1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
  - a) Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).
  - b) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
  - c) RBW = 100 kHz.
  - d) VBW  $\geq$  [3 × RBW].
  - e) Detector = peak.
  - f) Sweep time = auto.
  - g) Trace mode = max hold.
  - h) Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low-duty-cycle applications).
  - i) For radiated Band-edge emissions within a restricted band and within 2 MHz of an authorized band edge, integration method is considered.
- 2. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 3. Report the worst case.

#### **Used Test Equipment List:**

3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Test result with plots as follows:

For conduct mode:

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

The Lower Edges attenuated more than 30dB.

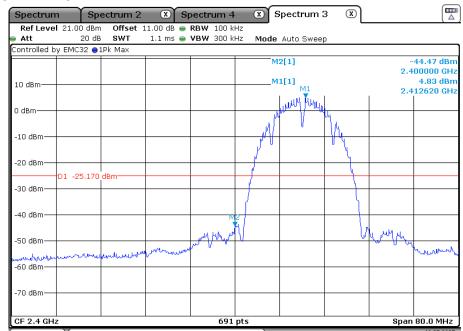
The Upper Edges attenuated more than 30dB.



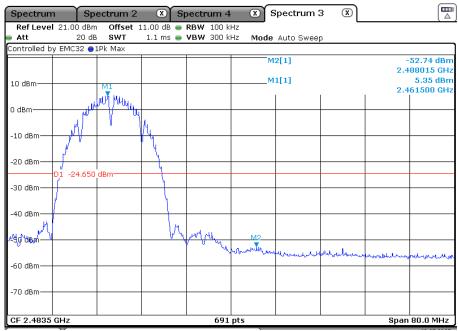
## Result plots as follows:

# 802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel1: 2.412 GHz



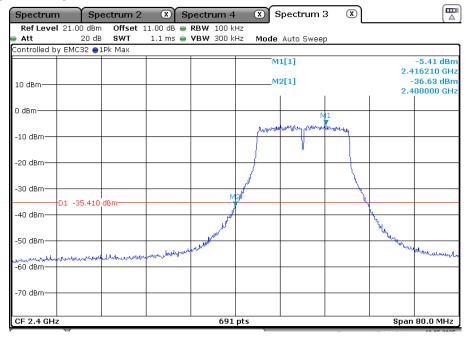
#### Channel 11: 2.462 GHz



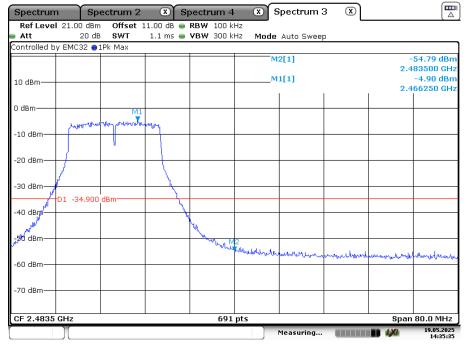


## 802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate

## Channel1: 2.412 GHz



## Channel 11: 2.462 GHz

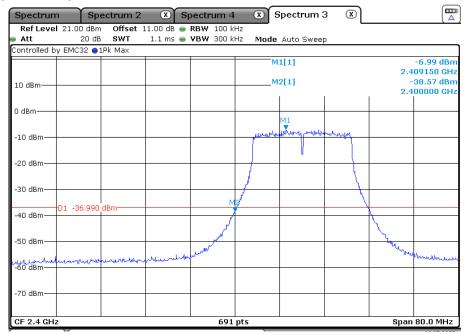


Date: 19.MAY.2025 14:35:36

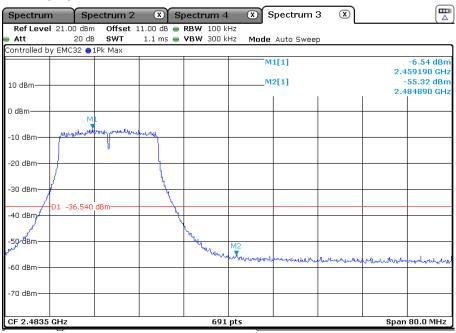


## 802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate

## Channel 1: 2.412 GHz



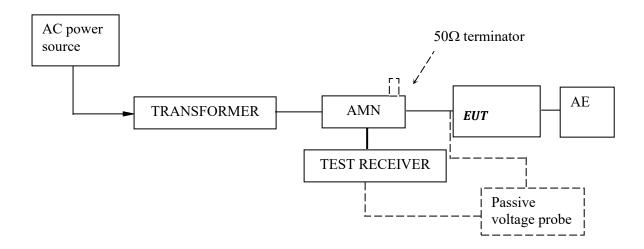
## Channel 11: 2.462 GHz





#### 4.9 Conducted Emission Test

**Test Configuration:** 



## Test Setup and Procedure:

Test was performed according to ANSI C63.10 Clause 6.2. The EUT was set to achieve the maximum emission level. The mains terminal disturbance voltage was measured with the EUT in a shielded room. The EUT was connected to AC power source through an Artificial Mains Network which provides a  $50\Omega$  linear impedance Artificial hand is used if appropriate (for handheld apparatus). The load/control terminal disturbance voltage was measured with passive voltage probe if appropriate.

The table-top EUT was placed on a 0.8m high non-metallic table above earthed ground plane (Ground Reference Plane). And for floor standing EUT, was placed on a 0.1m high non-metallic supported on GRP. The EUT keeps a distance of at least 0.8m from any other of the metallic surface. The Artificial Mains Network is situated at a distance of 0.8m from the EUT.

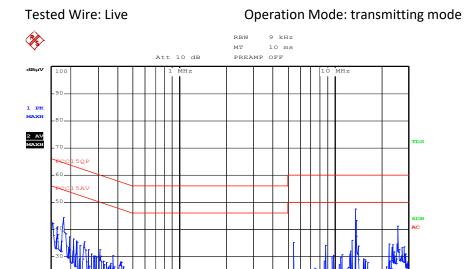
During the test, mains lead of EUT excess 0.8m was folded back and forth parallel to the lead so as to form a horizontal bundle with a length between 0.3m and 0.4m

The bandwidth of test receiver was set at 9 kHz. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30MHz was checked.

Test Data and Curve

At main terminal: Pass

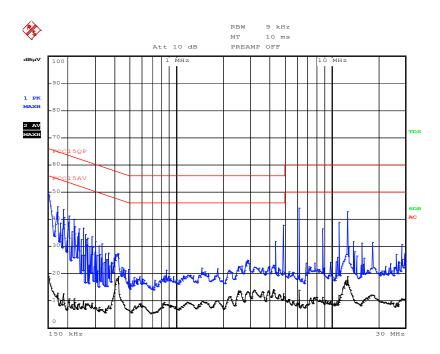




All emissions levels are more than 10dB below the limit.



Tested Wire: Neutral Operation Mode: transmitting mode



All emissions levels are more than 10 below the limit.



# 5.0 Test Equipment List

Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date (YYYY-MM- DD)	Calibration Interval
EM030-04	3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	9×6×6 m <sup>3</sup>	ETS•LINDGREN	2026-04-08	1Y
EM031-02	EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz)	R&S ESR7	R&S	2025-11-10	1Y
EM031-03	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz)	R&S FSV40	R&S	2025-11-10	1Y
EM011-04	Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz)	HFH2-Z2	R&S	2025-07-07	1Y
EM033-01	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX)	VULB 9163	SCHWARZBECK	2025-12-08	1Y
EM033-02	Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX)	R&S HF907	R&S	2025-07-02	1Y
EM033-03	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX)	R&S SCU- 26	R&S	2026-04-27	1Y
EM033-04	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier (26 GHz-40 GHz)	R&S SCU- 40	R&S	2026-04-27	1Y
EM031-02-01	Coaxial cable(9 kHz-1 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2026-04-09	1Y
EM033-02-02	Coaxial cable(1 GHz-18 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2026-04-09	1Y
EM033-04-02	Coaxial cable(18 GHz~40 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2026-04-26	1Y
EM031-01	Signal Generator (9 kHz~6 GHz)	SMB100A	R&S	2025-10-28	1Y
EM040-01	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRHFV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-02	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-03	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM022-03	2.45 GHz Filter	BRM50702	Micro-Tronics	2026-05-14	1Y
SA016-29	Climatic Test Chamber	MHU-80L	JIANQIAO	2026-01-05	1Y
EM046-05	Power meter	NPR6A	R&S	2026-04-13	1Y
EM046-06	Power meter	NPR6A	R&S	2026-05-14	1Y
EM031-04-01	EMC32	V10.01.00	R&S	N/A	N/A
EM045-01-10	10dB Attenuator	N/A	R&S	2025-12-24	1Y

# Conducted Disturbance-Mains Terminal (2)

Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date	Calibration
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				(DD-MM- YYYY)	Interval
EM031-04	EMI receiver	ESR3	R&S	05/01/2026	1Y
EM006-06	LISN	ENV216	R&S	01/09/2025	1Y
SA047-111	Digital Temperature-Humidity Recorder	RS210	YIJIE	20/10/2025	1Y
EM004-03	EMC shield Room	8m×4m×3m	Zhongyu	05/01/2026	1Y
EM031-04-01	EMC32	V10.01.00	R&S	N/A	N/A