

FCC ID: 2BHB6-DC**Portable device**

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHZ})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

433.967MHz

| Modulation | Channel Freq. (GHz) | Conducted power (dBm) | Conducted power (mW) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (mW) | Distance (mm) | Result calculation | SAR Exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| ASK | 0.43397 | -23.12 | 0.00 | -23±1 | -22.00 | 0.01 | <5 | 0.00083 | 3.00 | YES |

Note: $\text{dbm} = \text{dbuv}/m - 95.2 + 4.7 = 68.38 - 95.2 + 4.7 = -22.12 \text{ dBm}$ (ERP), so the conduct peak power = $-22.12 - 1 = -23.12 \text{ dBm}$

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.00083 \leq$ FCC Limit 3.0 for 1g SAR.