



## 1. Limit for Portable Equipment Exposure

| Frequency   | 1-g SAR |
|-------------|---------|
| 100MHz-6GHz | 3.0     |

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 and part 2.1093  
For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm, the 1-g and 10-g  
SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity  
SAR, where

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

## 2. Estimation Result

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | PK Output<br>Power(dBm) | Output<br>Power(mW) | Test<br>Separation<br>Distance (mm) | Measurement<br>Result | 1-g SAR |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| 2410               | -2.28                   | 0.592               | 5                                   | 0.184                 | 3.0     |

Note:

1. use the maximum E-field strength(92.92dBuV/m) for the RF exposure  
evaluation
2.  $E(\text{dBuV/m}) = \text{EIRP}(\text{dBm}) - 95.2$  for distance 3m  
so the  $\text{EIRP} = 92.92\text{dBuV/m} - 95.2 = -2.28\text{dBm}$

-----The End-----