

FCC RF EXPOSURE REPORT

FCC ID: 2BH7FEAP115BRGV3

Project No. : 2507C009
Equipment : 5GHz 300Mbps Long-range Indoor/Outdoor Wireless Bridge
Brand Name : tp-link
Test Model : EAP115-Bridge
Model Name : EAP115-Bridge
Hardware Version : V3
Software Version : V3
Applicant : TP-Link Systems Inc.
Address : 10 Mauchly, Irvine, CA 92618
Manufacturer : TP-Link Systems Inc.
Address : 10 Mauchly, Irvine, CA 92618
Date of Receipt : Jun. 30, 2025
Date of Test : Jul. 01, 2025 ~ Sep. 09, 2025
Issued Date : Sep. 28, 2025
Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: DG20250630183
Standard(s) : FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure IEEE C95.1 & FCC Part 2.1091
FCC Title 47 Part 2.1091 & KDB 447498 D01 v06

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc. (Dongguan)

Prepared by :



Chella Zheng

Approved by :



Chay Cai

No.3, Jinshagang 1st Road, Dalang, Dongguan, Guangdong People's Republic of China.

Tel: +86-769-8318-3000 Web: www.newbtl.com Service mail: btl_qa@newbtl.com

REVISION HISTORY

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date	Note
BTL-FCCP-2-2507C009	R00	Original Report.	Sep. 22, 2025	Invalid
BTL-FCCP-2-2507C009	R01	This report added tune up tolerance to calculate in page 3. It is a revision of the report BTL-FCCP-2-2507C009 R00. This is a newly released report, replacing the BTL-FCCP-2-2507C009 R00 report.	Sep. 28, 2025	Valid

1. MPE CALCULATION METHOD

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi r^2}$$

where:

S = power density

P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

2. ANTENNA SPECIFICATION

Ant.	Brand	P/N	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)
1	TP-Link Systems Inc.	3101507411	Microstrip	IPEX	11
2	TP-Link Systems Inc.	3101507411	Microstrip	IPEX	11

Note:

- 1) This EUT supports CDD, and all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$.
For power measurements, Array Gain=0dB ($N_{ANT} \leq 4$), so the Directional gain=11. So the power limit is $30 - (11-6) = 25 \text{ dBm}$.
For power spectral density measurements, $N_{ANT}=2$, $N_{SS} = 1$.
So the Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = G_{ANT} + 10 \log(N_{ANT}/N_{SS}) \text{ dBi} = 11 + 10 \log(2/1) \text{ dBi} = 14.01$.
Then, the UNII-1 power spectral density limit is $17 - (14.01-6) = 8.99 \text{ dBm/MHz}$, the UNII-3 power spectral density limit is $30 - (14.01-6) = 21.99 \text{ dBm/500kHz}$.
- 2) Gain of any elevation angle above 30 degree: -2dBi.
- 3) The antenna gain is provided by the manufacturer.

3. CALCULATED RESULT

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Max. Output Power (dBm)	Max. Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
11	12.5893	25.46	351.5604	0.88095	1	Pass

Note:

- 1) Tune up tolerance (dBm): ± 0.5 .
- 2) Max. Output Power including tune up tolerance.
- 3) The calculated distance is 20 cm.