

## FCC - TEST REPORT

Report Number : **68.950.24.0318.01** Date of Issue: **2024-04-02**

Model : **ASTRUM XZ PRO, ASTRUM XZ PIA, ET310, ET330, ET340, ET360, TW110, TW210, TW220, TW300**

Product Type : True Wireless Stereo Earphones

Applicant : ASTRUM WORLD INC

Address : 3580 WILSHIRE BLVD, 1410, LOS ANGELES, CA 90010,  
United States

Manufacturer : Yibai Science & Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address : No. 1112, Building 5A, Tusincere Technology Park, Huanggekeng  
Community Longcheng Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China

Test Result : ☒ **Positive** ☐ **Negative**

Total pages including  
Appendices : **57**

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## 2 Details about the Test Laboratory

### Details about the Test Laboratory

#### Test Site 1

Company name: TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch  
Building 12 & 13, Zhiheng Wisdomland Business Park, Guankou Erlu, Nantou,  
Nanshan District  
Shenzhen 518052  
P.R. China

Telephone: 86 755 8828 6998

Fax: 86 755 828 5299

FCC Registration No.: 514049

FCC Designation Number: CN5009

### 3 Description of the Equipment Under Test

Product:	True Wireless Stereo Earphones
Model No.:	ASTRUM XZ PRO, ASTRUM XZ PIA, ET310, ET330, ET340, ET360, TW110, TW210, TW220, TW300
Model difference.:	All models have the same technical construction including circuit diagram, PCB layout, components and component layout. Only the outlook/color are different. So the main test model is ASTRUM XZ PRO.
Brand name:	ASTRUM
FCC ID:	2BFJ5-ASTRUMXZPRO
Options and accessories:	N/A
Battery information:	Rechargeable Li-ion Battery Model:LIR1240 Rated:3.7VDC 0.167Wh
Rating:	3.7VDC rechargeable Li-ion battery or supplied by charging case (5VDC)
RF Transmission Frequency:	2402MHz-2480MHz
No. of Operated Channel:	79
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Type:	Ceramic Antenna
Antenna	Gain: 1.8dBi
Description of the EUT:	<p>The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a True Wireless Stereo Earphones which support Bluetooth function and Wi-Fi operated at 2.4GHz.</p> <p>Only Bluetooth (BR+EDR) included in this report.</p> <p>All models have two separate earphones, left part and right part earphone, manufacture declared that the hardware and software of left earphone and right earphone are same, including technical construction, circuit diagram, PCB, layout, components, component layout, Bluetooth chip and all electrical construction. We also declared that the RF parameters of left part and right part also the same, including output power, transmitting/receiving frequency, bandwidth, power density and anyother RF parameters, so full tests were performed on one earphone part only, another part was deemed to fullfil test requirment without further testing.</p>

NOTE 1: The above EUT's information is declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

## 4 Summary of Test Standards

Test Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C 10-1-2022 Edition	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators

All the test methods were according to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 Measurement Guidance and ANSI C63.10-2020.

## 5 Summary of Test Results

Technical Requirements			
FCC Part 15 Subpart C			
Test Condition		Test Site	Test Result
§15.207	Conducted emission AC power port	N/A	N/A
§15.247(b)(1)	Conducted peak output power	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)	20dB bandwidth	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)	Carrier channel frequency separation	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequencies	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time - Average Time of Occupancy	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(d)	Spurious RF conducted emissions	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(d)	Band edge	Site 1	Pass
§15.247(d) & §15.209 & §15.205	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	Site 1	Pass
§15.203	Antenna requirement	See note 2	Pass

Note 1: N/A=Not Applicable.

Note 2: The EUT uses a ceramic antenna, which gain is 1.8dBi. In accordance to §15.203, it is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.

## 6 General Remarks

### Remarks

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2BFJ5-ASTRUMXZPRO, complies with Section 15.209, 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C rules.

### SUMMARY:

All tests according to the regulations cited on page 5 were

■ - Performed

□ - **Not** Performed

The Equipment Under Test

■ - **Fulfills** the general approval requirements.

□ - **Does not** fulfill the general approval requirements.

Sample Received Date: 2024-03-26

Testing Start Date: 2024-03-26

Testing End Date: 2024-04-02

- TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch -

Reviewed by:

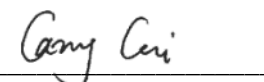
Prepared by:

Tested by:

  
John Zhi  
Section Manager



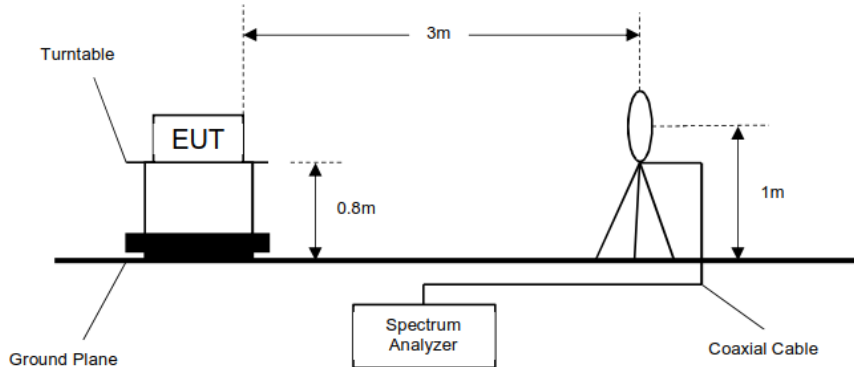
  
Sanvin Zheng  
Project Engineer

  
Carry Cai  
Test Engineer

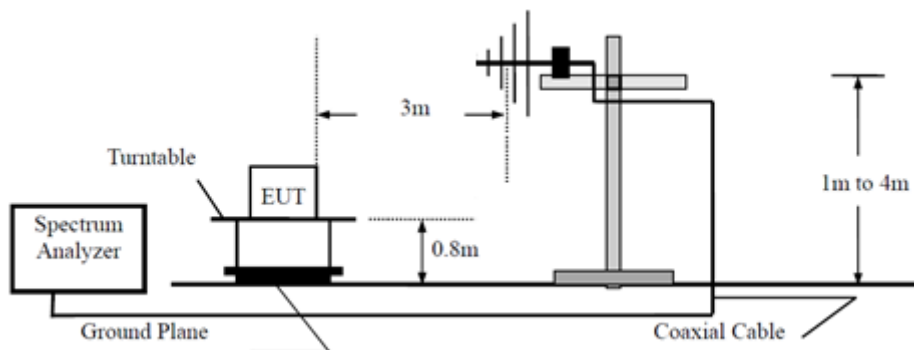
## 7 Test Setups

### 7.1 Radiated test setups

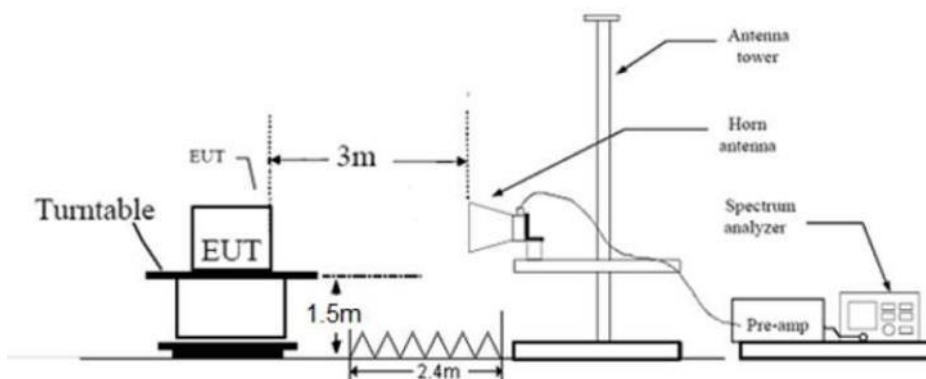
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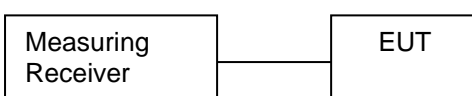
#### 30MHz - 1GHz



#### Above 1GHz



### 7.3 Conducted RF test setups





## 8 Systems Test Configuration

### Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

Description	Manufacturer	Model NO.	S/N
Notebook	LENOVO	X220	---

### Cables Used During Test:

Cable	Length	Shielded/unshielded	With / without ferrite
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### Test software information:

Test Software Version	BlueSuiteCda_3_3_11_1269	
Modulation	Setting TX Power	Packet Type
GFSK	6	PRBS9
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	6	PRBS9
8DPSK	6	PRBS9

The system was configured to hopping mode and non-hopping mode.

Hopping mode: typical working mode (normal hopping status)

Non-hopping mode: The system was configured to operate at a signal channel transmitting. The test software allows the configuration and operation at the worst-case duty and the highest transmit power.

## 9 Technical Requirement

### 9.1 Conducted Peak Output Power

#### Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Use the following test receiver settings:  
Span = approximately 5 times the 20dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
RBW > the 20dB bandwidth of the emission being measured, VBW ≥ RBW,  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power and record the results in the test report.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### Limits

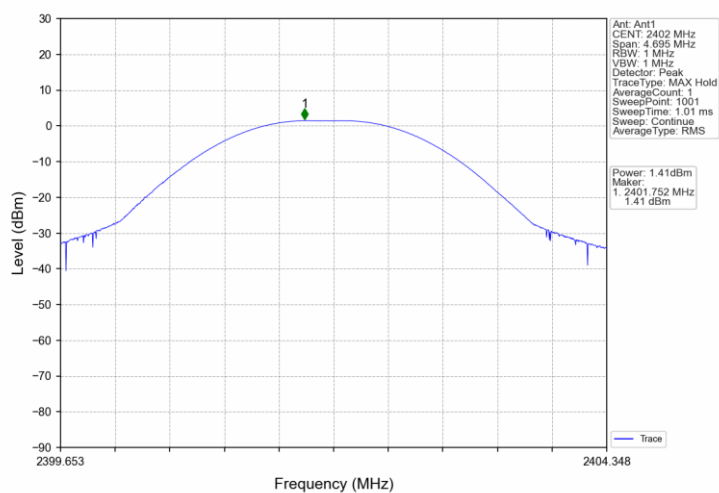
According to §15.247 (b) (1), conducted peak output power limit as below:

Frequency Range MHz	Limit W	Limit dBm
2400-2483.5	≤1	≤30

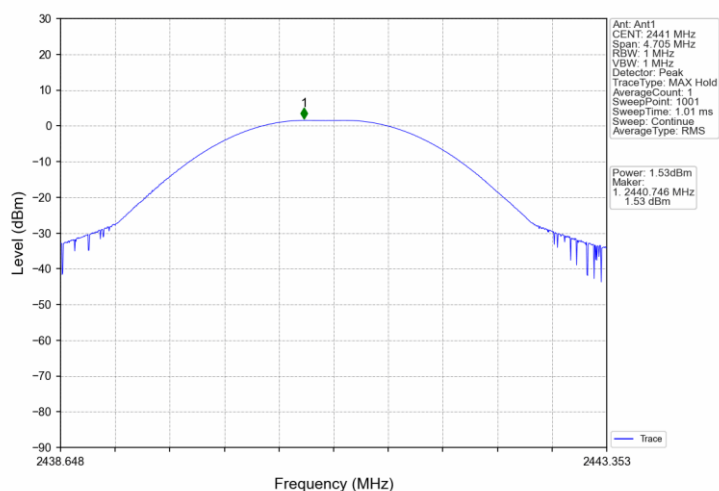
## Conducted Peak Output Power

Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)		Verdict
				ANT1	Limit	
GFSK	SISO	2402	DH5	1.41	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2441	DH5	1.53	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2480	DH5	1.28	$\leq 30$	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2402	2DH5	3.13	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2441	2DH5	3.19	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2480	2DH5	2.89	$\leq 30$	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	2402	3DH5	3.75	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2441	3DH5	<b>3.83</b>	$\leq 30$	Pass
		2480	3DH5	3.51	$\leq 30$	Pass

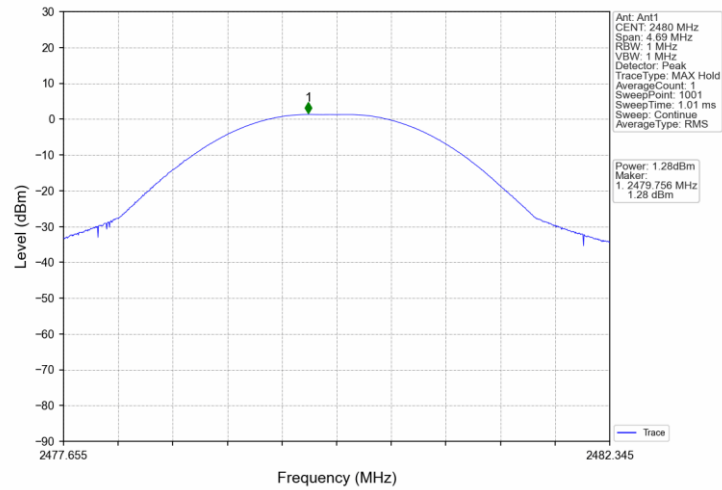
GFSK\_DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



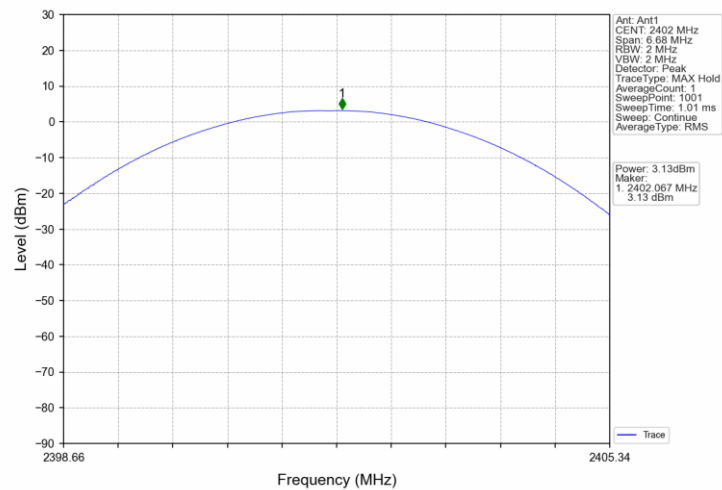
GFSK\_DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



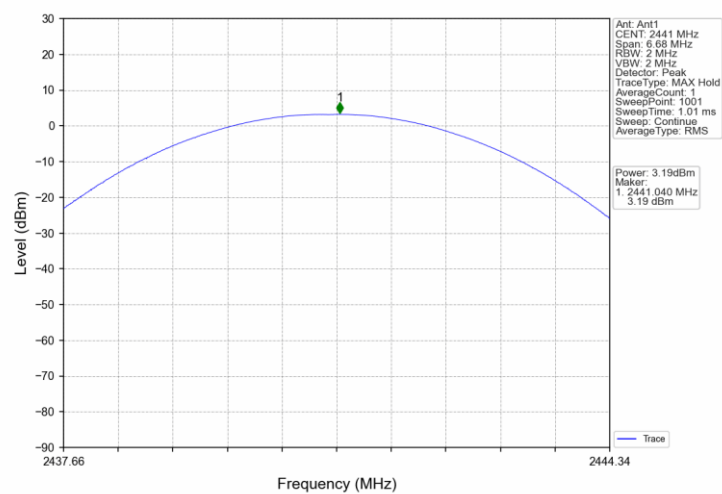
GFSK\_DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



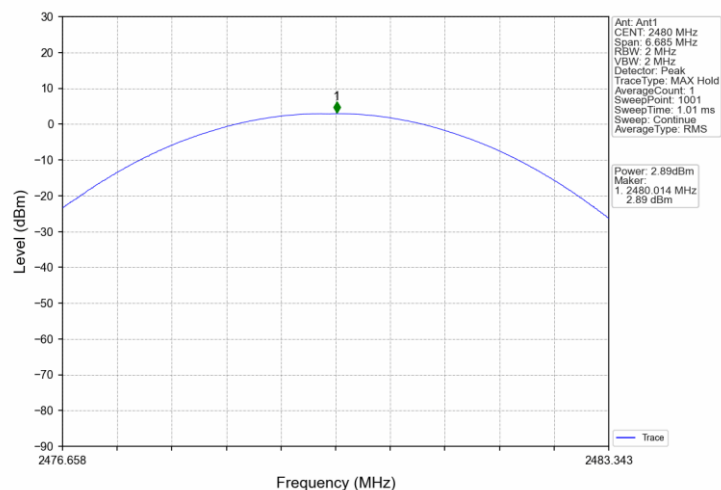
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



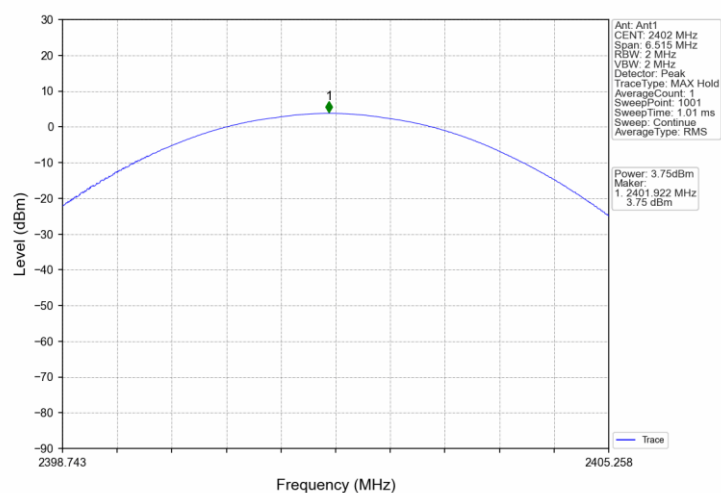
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



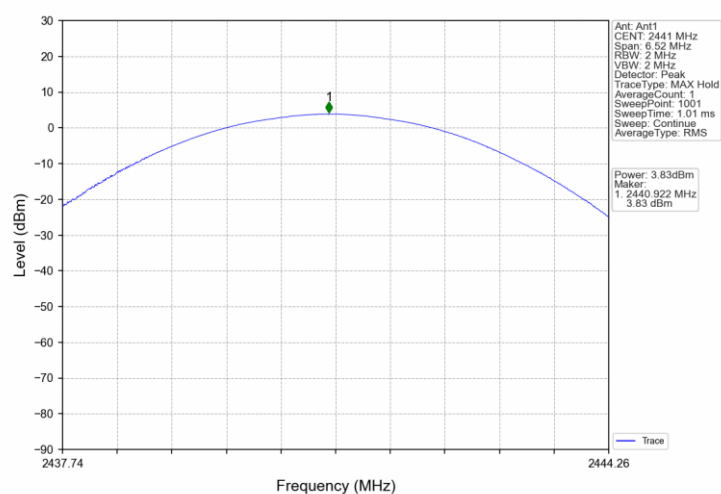
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



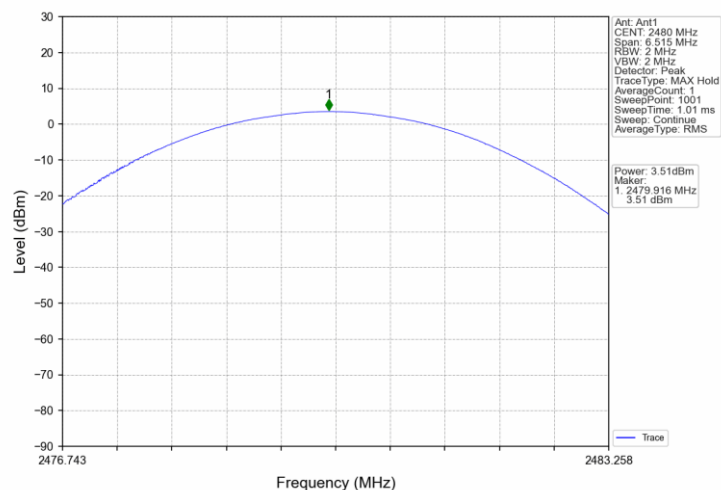
8DPSK\_3DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



## 9.2 20 dB Bandwidth

### Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Use the following test receiver settings:  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
RBW  $\geq$  1% to 5% of the 20 dB bandwidth/99% OBW, VBW  $\geq$  3RBW,  
Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth. Record the results.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1), 20 dB Bandwidth limit as below:

**Limit [kHz]**

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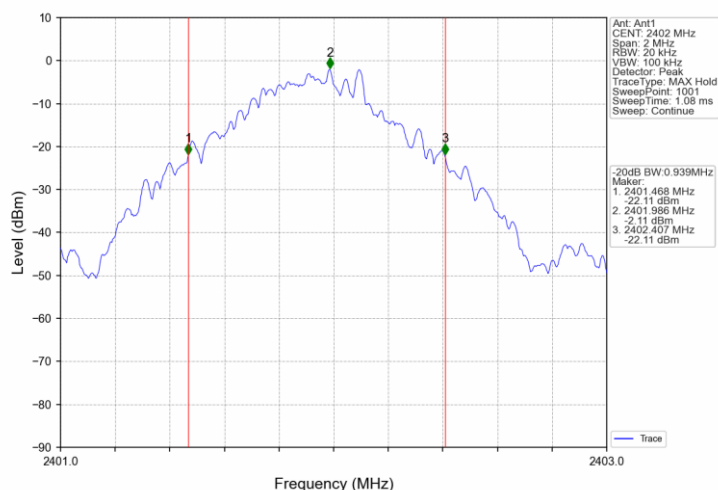
N/A

## 20 dB bandwidth

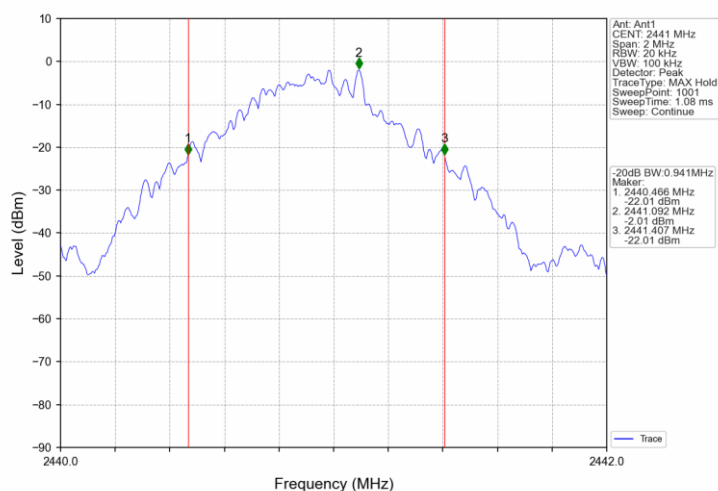
### Test result

Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	ANT	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Verdict
					Result	Limit	
GFSK	SISO	2402	DH5	1	0.939	/	Pass
		2441	DH5	1	0.941	/	Pass
		2480	DH5	1	0.938	/	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2402	2DH5	1	1.336	/	Pass
		2441	2DH5	1	1.336	/	Pass
		2480	2DH5	1	1.337	/	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	2402	3DH5	1	1.303	/	Pass
		2441	3DH5	1	1.304	/	Pass
		2480	3DH5	1	1.303	/	Pass

GFSK\_DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV

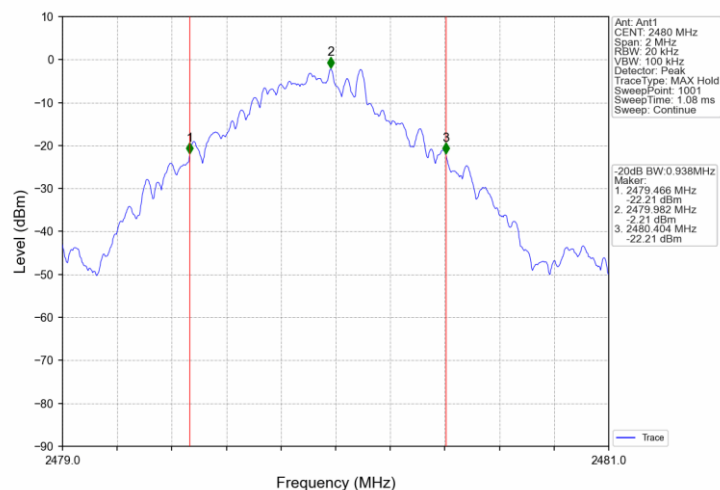


GFSK\_DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV

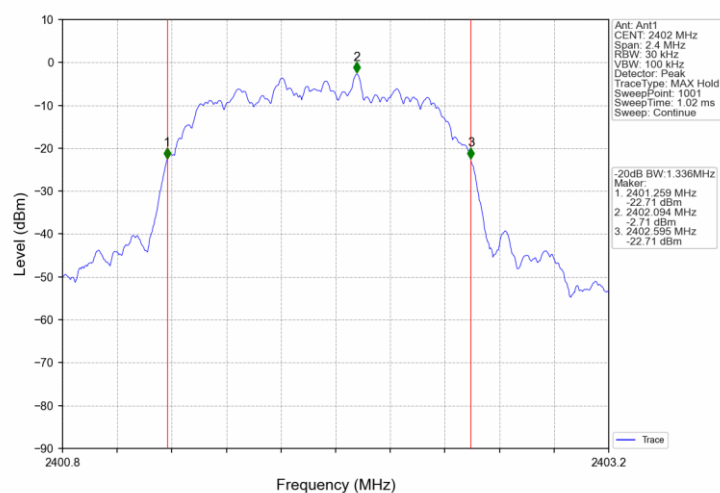


GFSK\_DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV

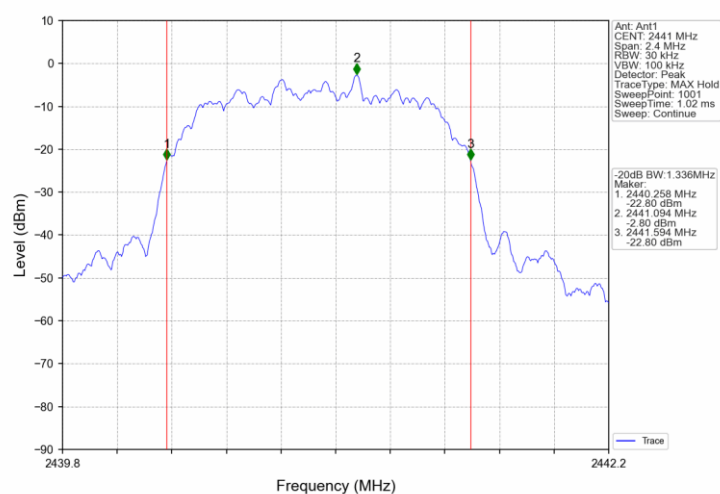




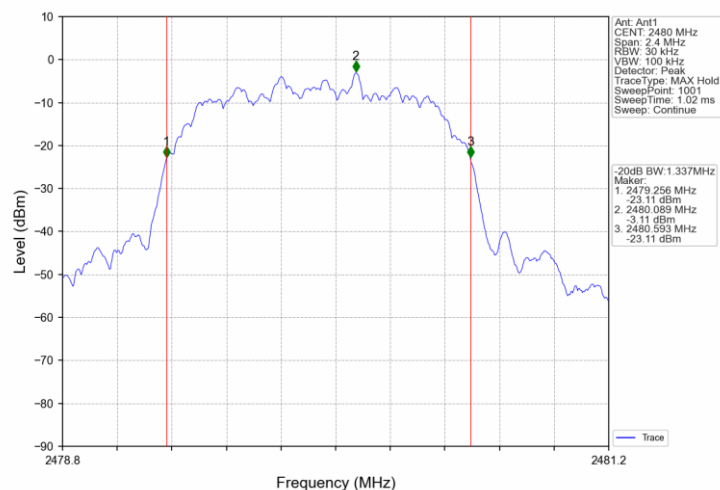
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



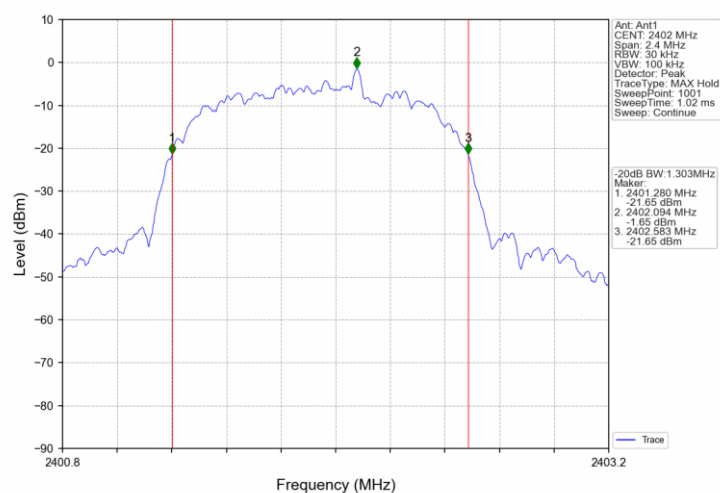
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



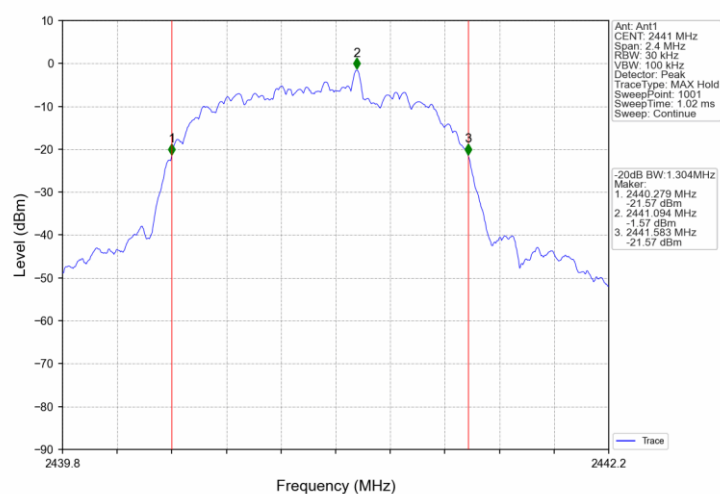
Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



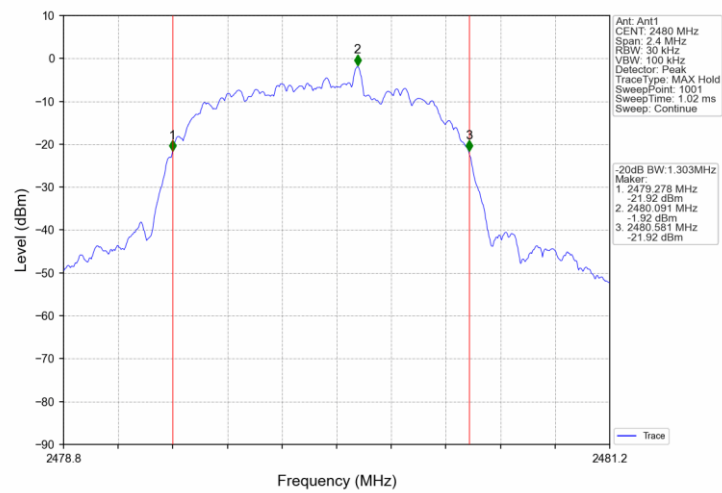
8DPSK\_3DH5\_LCH\_2402MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH5\_MCH\_2441MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



## 8DPSK\_3DH5\_HCH\_2480MHz\_Ant1\_NTNV



### 9.3 Carrier Frequency Separation

#### Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit to hopping mode.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels, RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel. VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak.
4. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
5. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by spectrum analyzer marker function. Record the results.
6. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

#### Limit

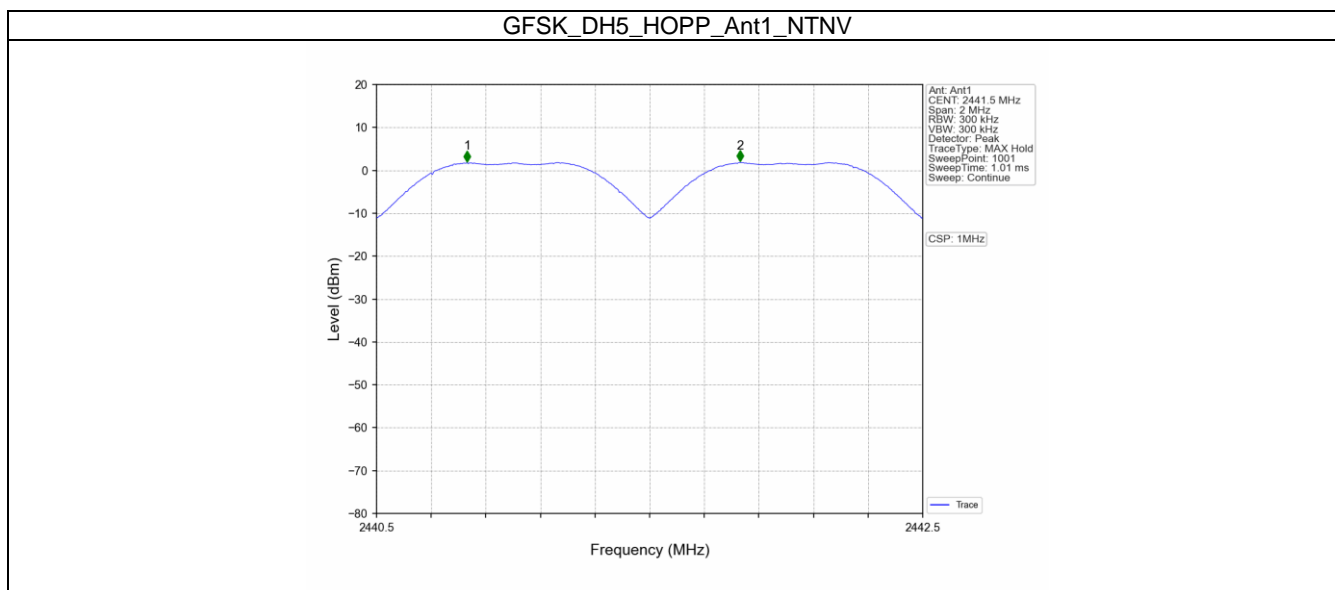
According to §15.247(a)(1), Carrier Frequency Separation limit as below:

**Limit  
kHz**

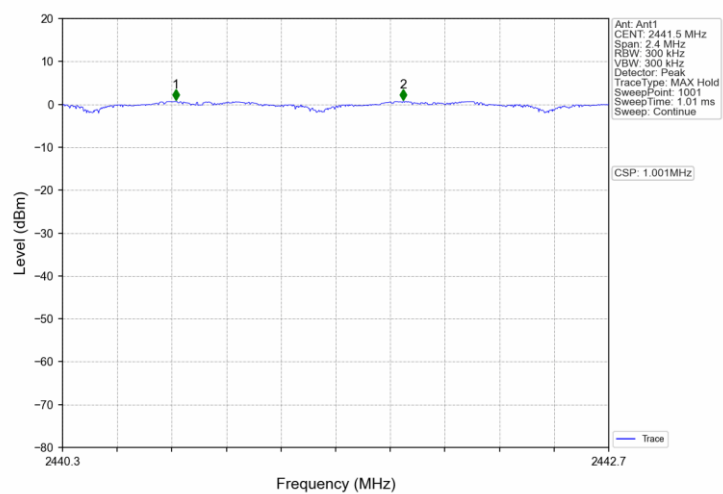
$\geq 25\text{kHz}$  or  $2/3$  of the 20 dB bandwidth which is greater

Test result: The measurement was performed with the typical configuration (normal hopping status).

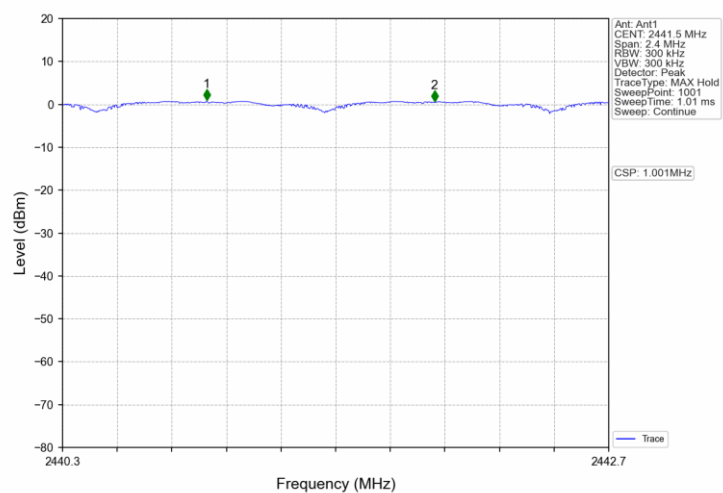
Ant1							
Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Channel Separation (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Verdict
GFSK	SISO	HOPP	DH5	1.000	0.941	$\geq 0.628$	Pass
PI/4DQPSK	SISO	HOPP	2DH5	1.001	1.337	$\geq 0.892$	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	HOPP	3DH5	1.001	1.304	$\geq 0.870$	Pass



## Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



## 8DPSK\_3DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



## 9.4 Number of Hopping Frequencies

### Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit to hopping mode.
3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = the frequency band of operation, RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller, VBW  $\geq$  RBW, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace=Max hold.
4. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

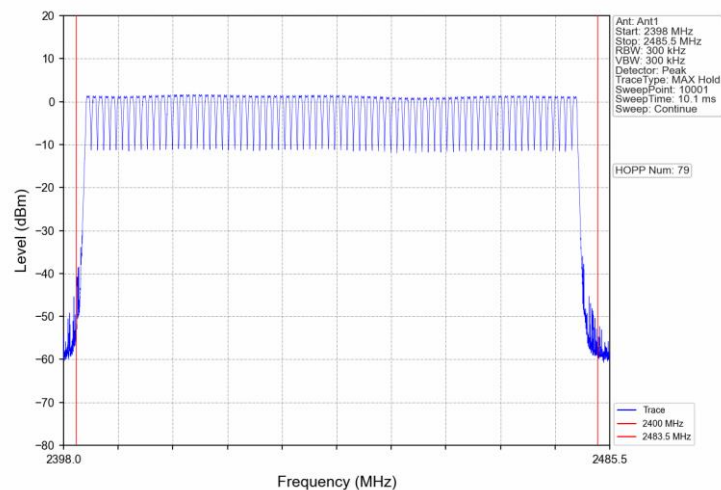
### Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Number of Hopping Frequencies limit as below:

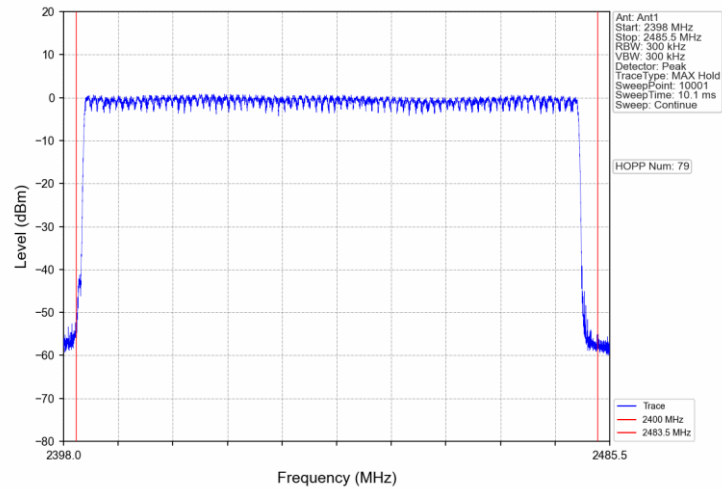
$$\frac{\text{Limit number}}{\geq 15}$$

Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Num of Hopping Frequencies		Verdict
				ANT1	Limit	
GFSK	SISO	HOPP	DH5	79	$\geq 15$	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	HOPP	2DH5	79	$\geq 15$	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	HOPP	3DH5	79	$\geq 15$	Pass

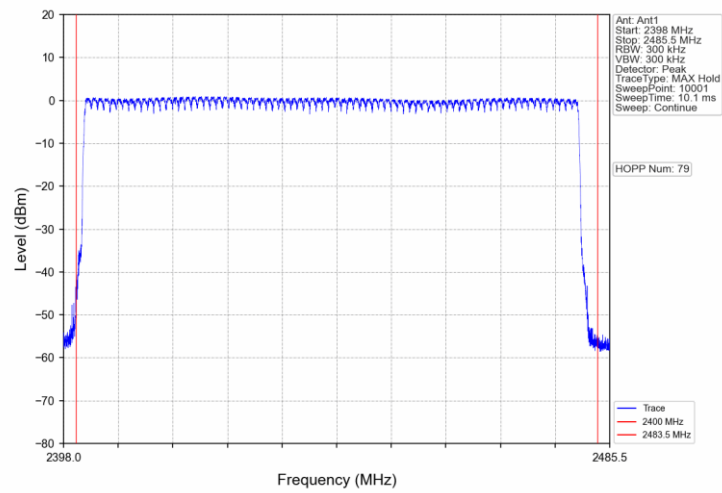
GFSK\_DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



Pi/4DQPSK\_2DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



## 9.5 Dwell Time

### Test Method

1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit to hopping mode.
3. Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
4. RBW shall be  $\leq$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $\gg 1 / T$ , where  $T$  is the expected dwell time per channel.
5. Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
6. Detector function: Peak.
7. Trace: Max hold. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

### Limit

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Dwell Time limit as below:

The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.



## Dwell Time

### Dwell time

The maximum dwell time shall be 0.4 s.

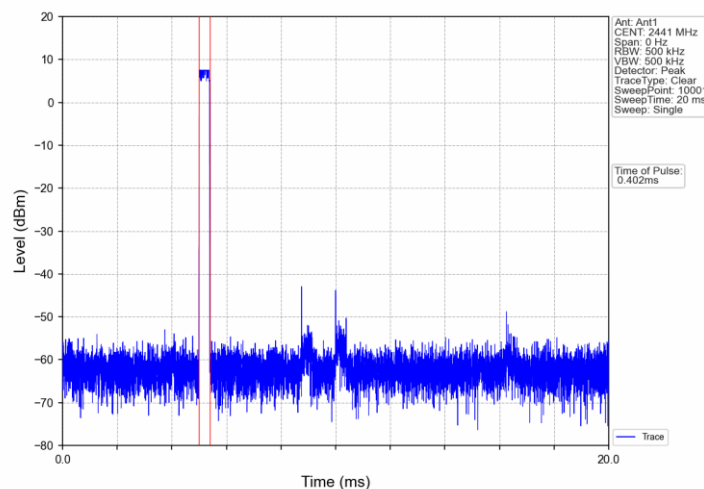
According to the Bluetooth Core Specification,

The duration for dwell time calculation:  $0.4 \text{ [s]} * \text{hopping number} = 0.4 \text{ [s]} * 79 \text{ [ch]} = 31.6 \text{ [s]}$

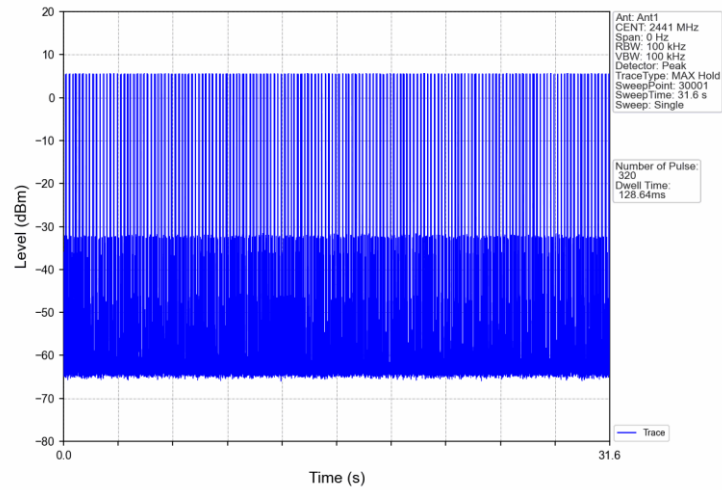
The Dwell Time = Burst Width \* Total Hops.

Ant1									
Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Duration of Single Pulse (ms)	Observation Period (s)	Num of Pulse in Observation Period	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
GFSK	SISO	HOPP	DH1	0.402	31.600	320	128.640	<=400	Pass
			DH3	1.658	31.600	144	238.752	<=400	Pass
			DH5	2.906	31.600	93	270.258	<=400	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	HOPP	2DH1	0.404	31.600	320	129.280	<=400	Pass
			2DH3	1.656	31.600	153	253.368	<=400	Pass
			2DH5	2.904	31.600	107	310.728	<=400	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	HOPP	3DH1	0.390	31.600	320	124.800	<=400	Pass
			3DH3	1.642	31.600	159	261.078	<=400	Pass
			3DH5	2.908	31.600	117	340.236	<=400	Pass

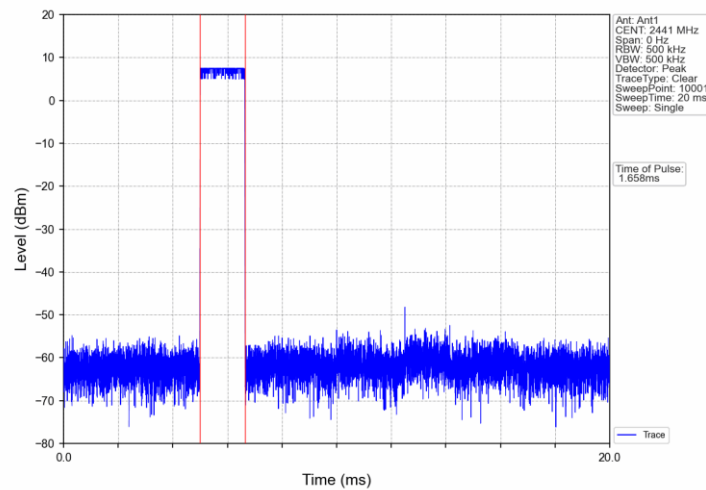
GFSK\_DH1\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



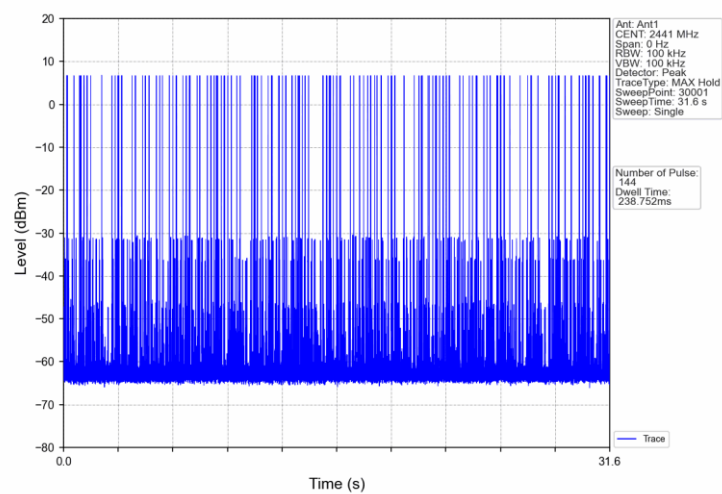
GFSK\_DH1\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



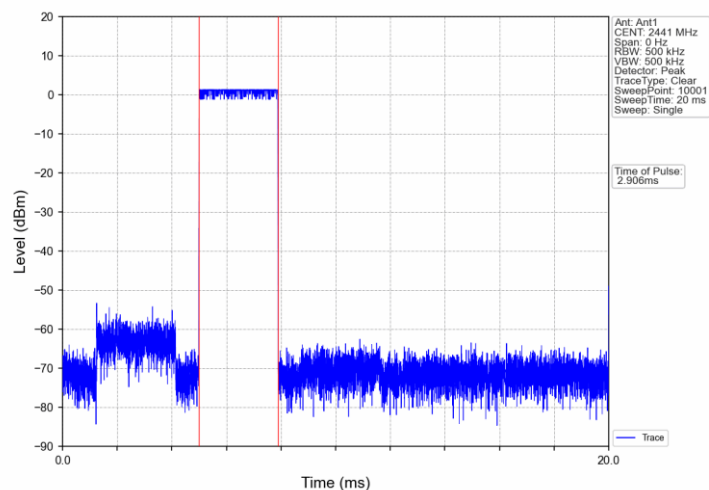
GFSK\_DH3\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



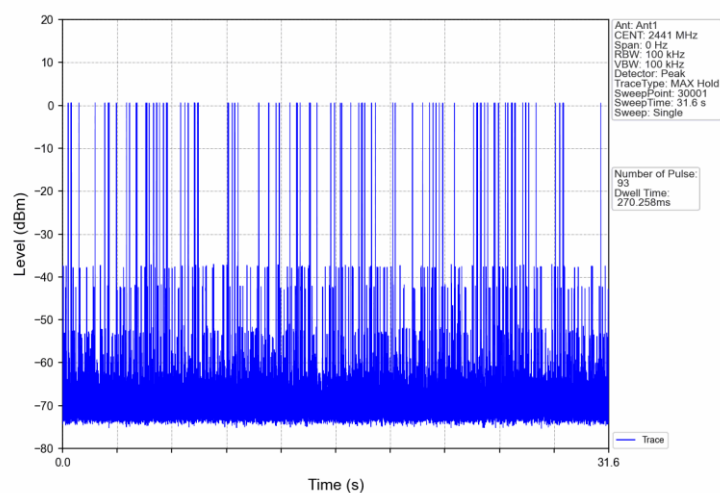
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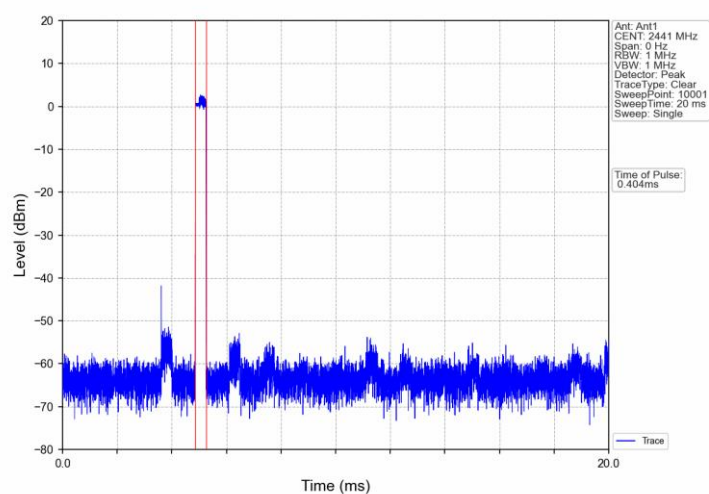
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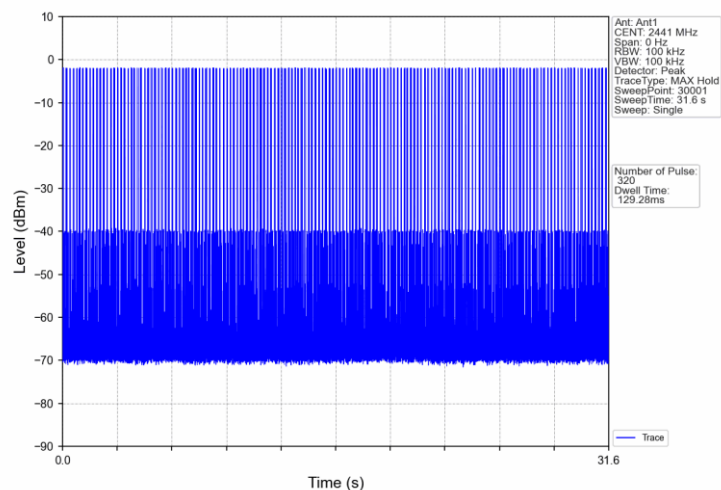
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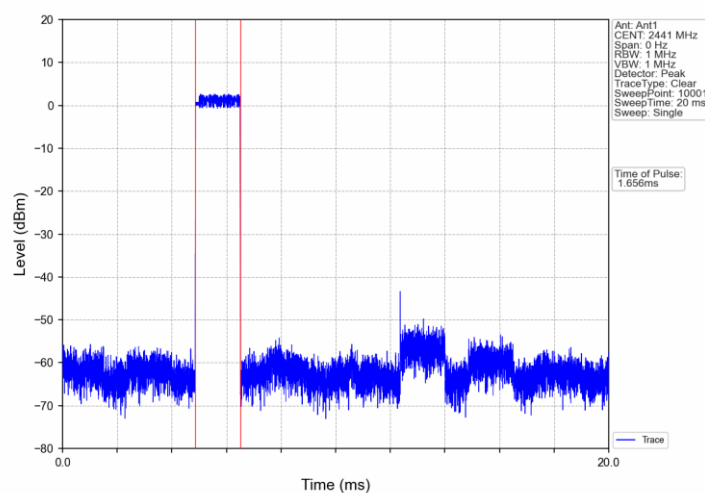
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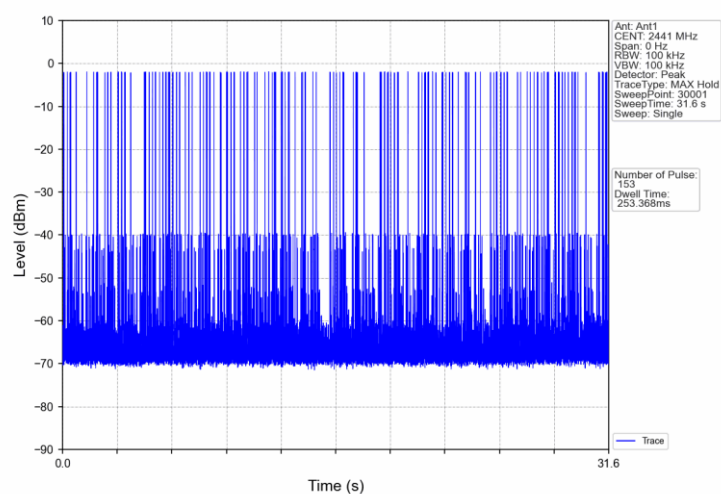
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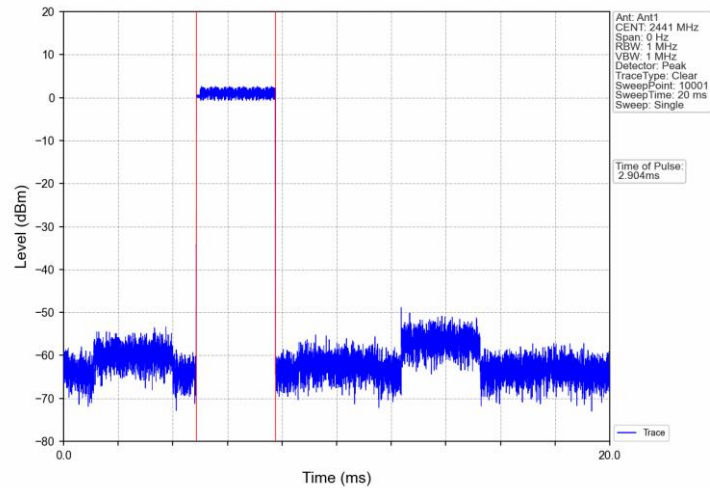
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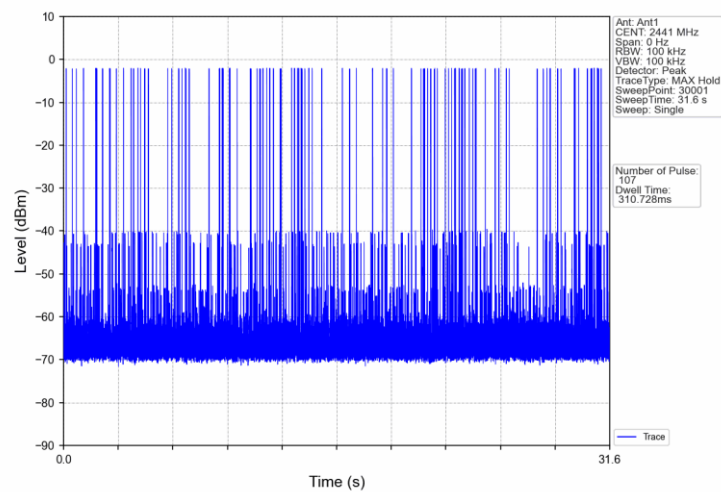
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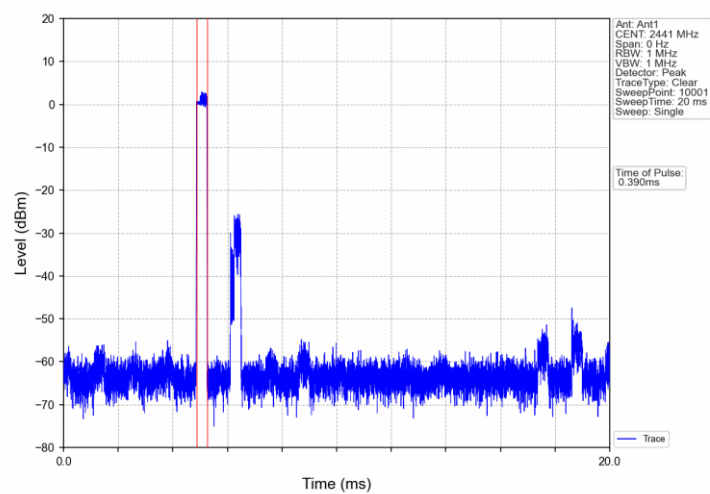
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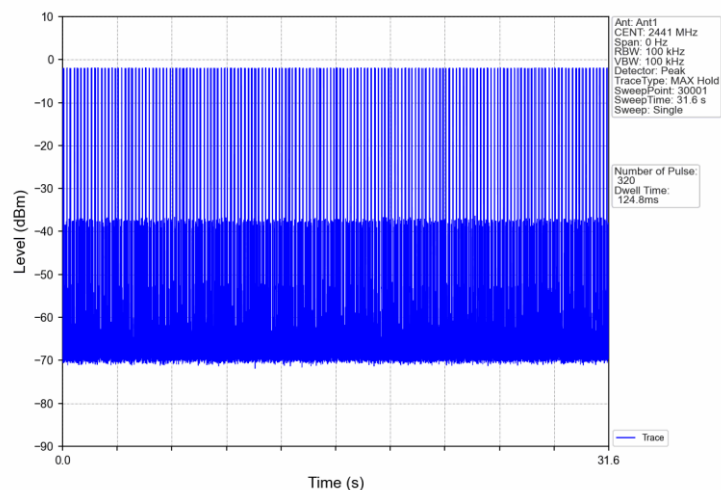
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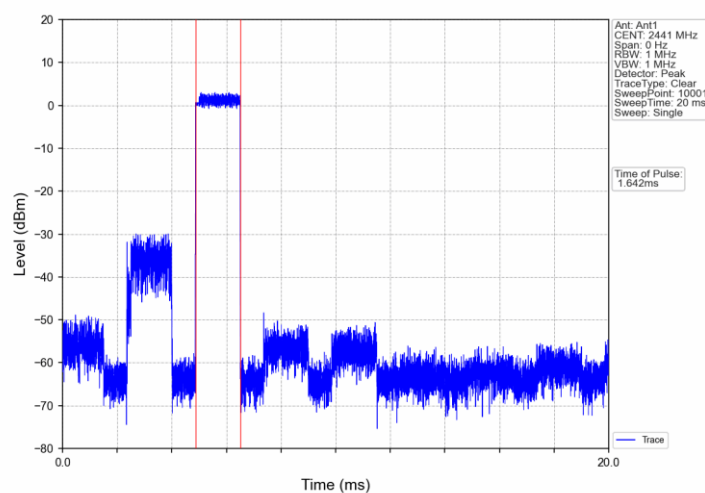
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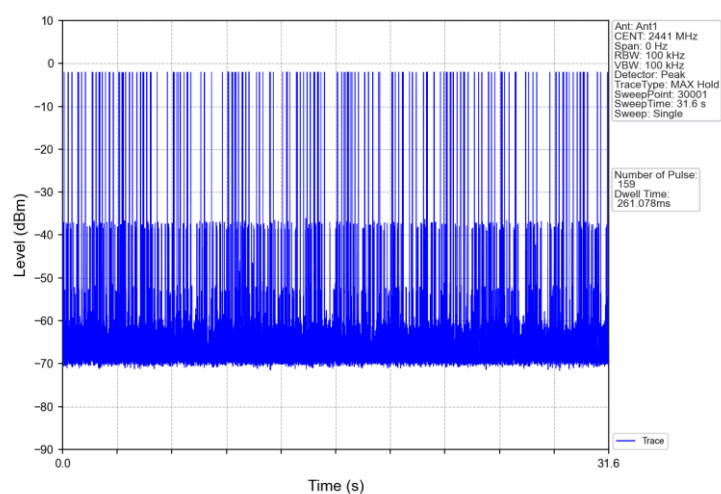
8DPSK\_3DH1\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH3\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH3\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV



8DPSK\_3DH5\_HOPP\_Ant1\_NTNV