

RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION FCC ID:2BFFY-01

Product Name	:	Sage Button		
Model Name	:	LB01		
Operating frequency	:	902.3MHz to 927.5MHz		
Type of Modulation	:	FSK		
Antenna Type	:	Ceramic antenna		
Antenna Gain(dBi)	:	5.6 dBi		
Power supply	:	DC 3.6V		
Hardware Version	:	01		
Software Version	:	01		



Standard Requirement

According to § 15.247(i) and § 1.1307b(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, section 4. 3. 1.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances \leq 50mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]*[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] \leq 3.0 for 1-g SAR and \leq 7.5 for 10-g SAR extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50mm and for transmission frequencies between 100MHz and 6GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to quality for TCB approval.

$$\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 E (V/m) = $\frac{E^2}{377}$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2} \theta_{\varphi}$$

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained



RF Output power

Freq. (MHz)	Field strength(max)(dBuV/m)	EIRP (max) (dBm)
902.3	90.17	-5.03
915	90.19	-5.01
927.5	90.08	-5.12

Note: EIRP=E-104.8+20logD,

Where

E is the electric field strength in dBμV/m. EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm.

d is the specified measurement distance in m. where D=3, EIRP=E-95.2.

Channel (MHz)	Maximum output power (dBm)	Tune up tolerance (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculation results	Limit	Result
902.30MH	-5.03	-5.00 \pm 1	0.398107	5	0.075632	3	Pass
915MH	-5.01	-5.00±1	0.398107	5	0.076162	3	Pass
927.5MH	-5.12	-5.00±1	0.398107	5	0.076681	3	Pass

According to KDB 447498, no stand-alone required for the antenna, and no simultaneous SAR measurement is required.

Signature

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