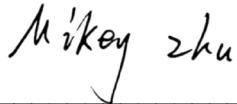


# TEST REPORT

<b>Report No.:</b>	8225EU122202W
<b>Applicant:</b>	Shenzhen Xiangchuangye Intelligent Industry Co., Ltd
<b>Address:</b>	4th Floor, Building C, Block B, Baoying Industrial Park, No.21 Wulian Road, Longxi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.
<b>Product Name:</b>	Smart Device
<b>Model No.:</b>	YXZBRB58 (refer to clause 2.4)
<b>Trademark:</b>	N/A
<b>FCC ID:</b>	2BFFD-YXZBRB58
<b>Test Standard(s):</b>	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
<b>Date of Receipt:</b>	Jan. 22, 2024
<b>Test Date:</b>	Jan. 22, 2024 – Feb. 21, 2024
<b>Date of Issue:</b>	Mar. 20, 2024

**ISSUED BY:**

SHENZHEN EU TESTING LABORATORY LIMITED

**Prepared by:**

Mikey Zhu/ Engineer

**Reviewed and Approved by:**

Sally Zhang/ Manager

**Revision Record**

Report Version	Issued Date	Description	Status
V0	Mar. 20, 2024	Original	Valid



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## 2 General Information

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Shenzhen Xiangchuangye Intelligent Industry Co., Ltd
Address	4th Floor, Building C, Block B, Baoying Industrial Park, No.21 Wulian Road, Longxi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Shenzhen Xiangchuangye Intelligent Industry Co., Ltd
Address	4th Floor, Building C, Block B, Baoying Industrial Park, No.21 Wulian Road, Longxi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

### 2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Shenzhen Xiangchuangye Intelligent Industry Co., Ltd
Address	4th Floor, Building C, Block B, Baoying Industrial Park, No.21 Wulian Road, Longxi Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

### 2.4 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name	Smart Device
Model No. Under Test	YXZBRB58
List Model No.	YXZBCI, YXMNSW-01, YXZBTHP-1, YXZNWH, YXZBSL, YXNETIR-1, YXHUBZM-1, YXZBPIR-01, YXZBD-1, YXZBW-1
Description of Model differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only differ in the model name. (this information provided by the customer)
Rating(s)	Input: 5VDC
Product Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable <input type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Test Sample No.	-1/1(Normal Sample)
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Remark	For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.



## 2.5 Technical Information of E.U.T.

Technology Used	Zigbee
-----------------	--------

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Technology	<b>Zigbee</b>
Operation Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Zigbee
Modulation Type	GFSK
Operating Frequency	2405-2480MHz
Number of Channel	16 Channels
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain(Peak)	-0.68 dBi

All channel was listed on the following table:

Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
<b>11</b>	2405	15	2425	19	2445	23	2465
12	2410	16	2430	20	2450	24	2470
13	2415	17	2435	21	2455	25	2475
14	2420	<b>18</b>	2440	22	2460	<b>26</b>	2480



### 3 Test Summary

#### 3.1 Test Standard

The tests were performed according to following standards:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	ANSI C63.10-2020	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
3	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

Remark:

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product maybe which result in lowering the emission/immunity should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

#### 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A	Pass	Note <sup>1</sup>
2	Conducted Emission at AC Power Line	15.207	Low/Middle/High	N/A	--
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	Low/Middle/High	Pass	--
4	Maximum Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(3)	Low/Middle/High	Pass	--
5	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	Low/Middle/High	Pass	--
6	Emissions in Non-restricted Frequency Bands (Conducted)	15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	Pass	--
7	Band Edge Emissions (Restricted frequency bands)	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/High	Pass	--
8	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	Pass	--

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

#### 3.3 Test Laboratory

Test Laboratory	Shenzhen EU Testing Laboratory Limited
Address	1/F, Bldg. B1, Fuqiao Fourth Industrial Area, Fuhai Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1368
Test Firm Registration Number	952583



## 4 Test Configuration

### 4.1 Test Environment

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	30% to 60%		
Atmospheric Pressure	86 kPa to 106 kPa		
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)		+15°C to +35°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)		120VAC, 60Hz for adapter

### 4.2 Test Equipment

#### Conducted Emission at AC power line

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
L.I.S.N. Artificial Mains Network	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	EE-004	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	EE-005	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC	EE-014	N.C.R	N.C.R

#### Radiated Emission and RF Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESPI	EE-006	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
Bilog Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	EE-007	2023/01/14	2026/01/09
Double Ridged Horn Antenna	A-INFOMW	LB-10180-NF	EE-008	2023/01/12	2026/01/09
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8447D	EE-009	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
Pre-amplifier	Agilent	8449B	EE-010	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	EE-011	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
MXG RF Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	EE-012	2024/01/09	2025/01/08
Test Software	Farad	EZ-EMC	EE-015	N.C.R	N.C.R
MIMO Power Measurement Module	TSTPASS	TSPS 2023R	EE-016	2023/05/17	2024/05/16
RF Test Software	TSTPASS	TS32893 V2.0	EE-017	N.C.R	N.C.R
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMW500	EE-402	2023/02/16	2024/02/15
Loop Antenna	TESEQ	HLA6121	EE-403	2023/02/16	2024/02/15
MXG RF Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EE-406	2023/02/16	2024/02/15
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	EE-416	2023/06/07	2024/06/06
Constant Temperature Humidity Chamber	Guangxin	GXP-401	ES-002	2023/07/31	2024/07/30



#### 4.3 Description of Support Unit

No.	Title	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
1	Adapter	Apple	A1443	EMC-PJ-001

#### 4.4 Test Mode

No.	Test Modes	Description
TM1	TX-GFSK	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with GFSK modulation.

#### 4.5 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test Item	Measurement Uncertainty
Conducted Emission	2.64 dB
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8 %
RF output power, conducted	0.68 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.37 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
Radiated Emission (30MHz- 1GHz)	Ur = 2.70 dB (Horizontal) Ur = 2.70 dB (Vertical)
Radiated Emission (1GHz- 18GHz)	Ur = 3.50 dB (Horizontal) Ur = 3.50 dB (Vertical)
Radiated Emission (18GHz- 40GHz)	Ur = 5.15 dB (Horizontal) Ur = 5.24 dB (Vertical)
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

#### 4.6 Deviation from Standards

None.

#### 4.7 Abnormalities from Standard Condition

None.

## 5 Test Items

### 5.1 Antenna requirement

#### 5.1.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	<p>According to FCC §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.</p> <p>If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.</p>
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#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

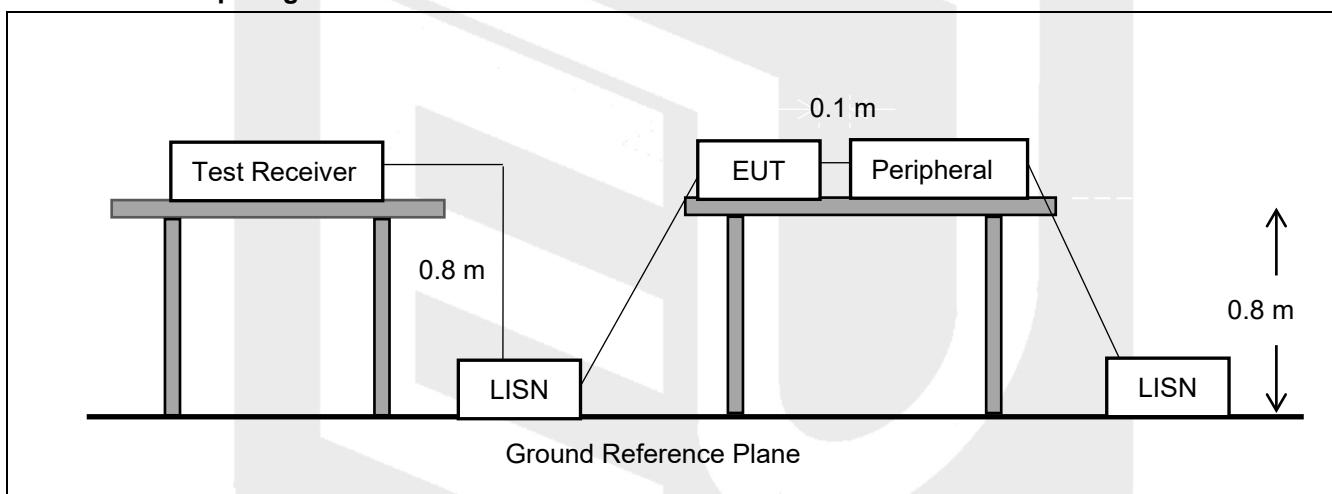
The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

## 5.2 Conducted Emission at AC Power Line

### 5.2.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).		
Test Limit	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average	
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.			
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.2		

### 5.2.2 Test Setup Diagram



### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

The EUT is put on the plane 0.8 m high above the ground by insulating support and connected to the AC mains through Line Impedance Stability Network (L.I.S.N). This provided a 50ohm coupling impedance for the tested equipment. Both sides of AC line are investigated to find out the maximum conducted emission according to the test standard regulations during conducted emission measurement.

The bandwidth of the field strength meter (R&S Test Receiver ESCI) is set at 9kHz in 150kHz~30MHz.

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

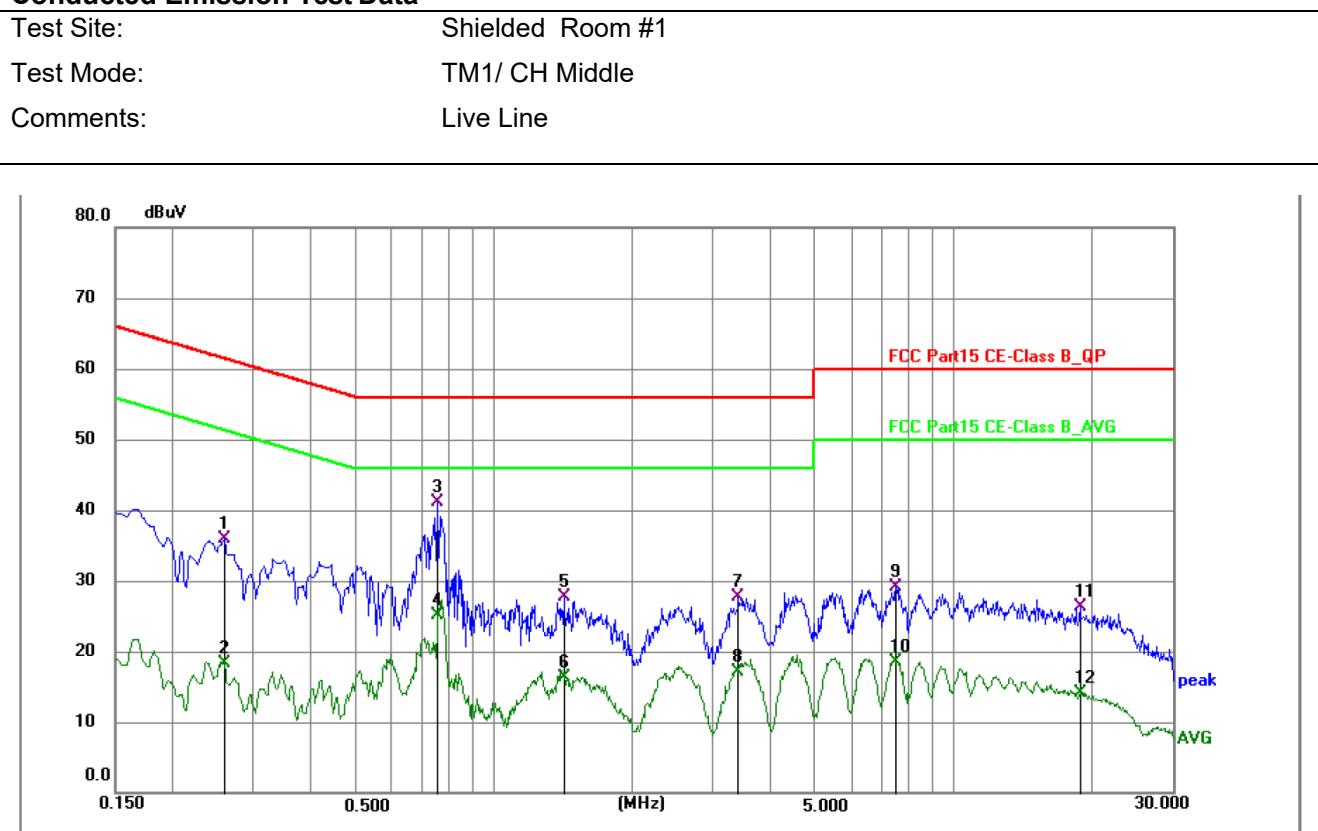
Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

### 5.2.4 Test Data

PASS.

Only the worst case data was showed in the report, please to see the following pages.

## Conducted Emission Test Data



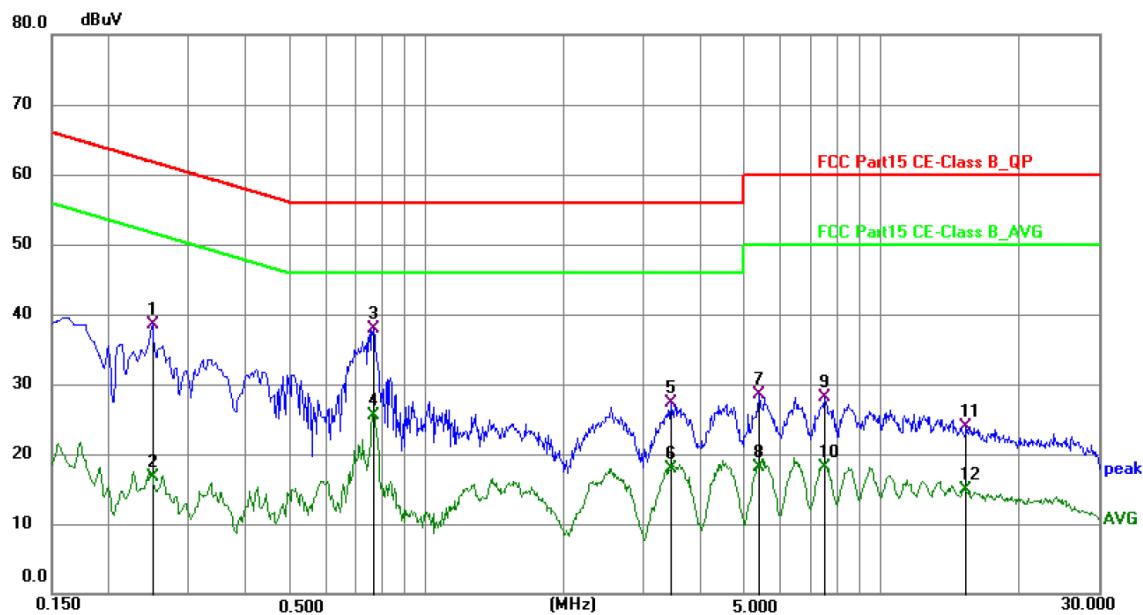
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.2589	25.92	9.93	35.85	61.47	-25.62	QP	P	
2	0.2589	8.34	9.93	18.27	51.47	-33.20	AVG	P	
3 *	0.7549	31.05	9.99	41.04	56.00	-14.96	QP	P	
4	0.7549	15.20	9.99	25.19	46.00	-20.81	AVG	P	
5	1.4182	17.62	10.00	27.62	56.00	-28.38	QP	P	
6	1.4182	6.38	10.00	16.38	46.00	-29.62	AVG	P	
7	3.3994	17.61	10.02	27.63	56.00	-28.37	QP	P	
8	3.3994	7.08	10.02	17.10	46.00	-28.90	AVG	P	
9	7.4860	19.08	10.00	29.08	60.00	-30.92	QP	P	
10	7.4860	8.56	10.00	18.56	50.00	-31.44	AVG	P	
11	18.8205	16.23	10.10	26.33	60.00	-33.67	QP	P	
12	18.8205	4.08	10.10	14.18	50.00	-35.82	AVG	P	

Note: Level = Reading + Factor

Margin = Level - Limit

## Conducted Emission Test Data

Test Site:	Shielded Room #1
Test Mode:	TM1/ CH Middle
Comments:	Neutral Line



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.2490	28.59	9.95	38.54	61.79	-23.25	QP	P	
2	0.2490	6.77	9.95	16.72	51.79	-35.07	AVG	P	
3 *	0.7665	27.86	10.02	37.88	56.00	-18.12	QP	P	
4	0.7665	15.53	10.02	25.55	46.00	-20.45	AVG	P	
5	3.4530	17.30	10.01	27.31	56.00	-28.69	QP	P	
6	3.4530	7.82	10.01	17.83	46.00	-28.17	AVG	P	
7	5.3835	18.40	10.01	28.41	60.00	-31.59	QP	P	
8	5.3835	8.16	10.01	18.17	50.00	-31.83	AVG	P	
9	7.4985	18.08	10.03	28.11	60.00	-31.89	QP	P	
10	7.4985	8.03	10.03	18.06	50.00	-31.94	AVG	P	
11	15.3735	13.92	10.05	23.97	60.00	-36.03	QP	P	
12	15.3735	4.94	10.05	14.99	50.00	-35.01	AVG	P	

Note: Level = Reading + Factor

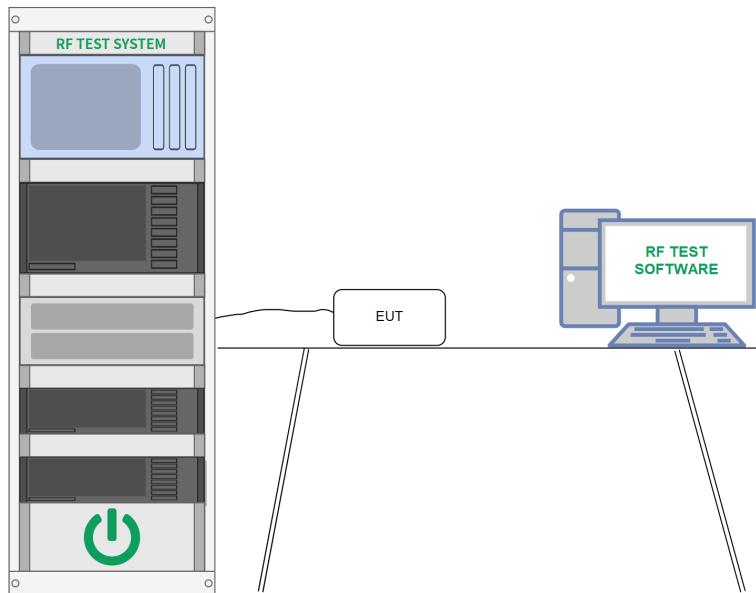
Margin = Level - Limit

### 5.3 DTS Bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 11.8

#### 5.3.2 Test Setup Diagram



#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$ .
- c) Detector = peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 5.3.4 Test Data

**PASS.**

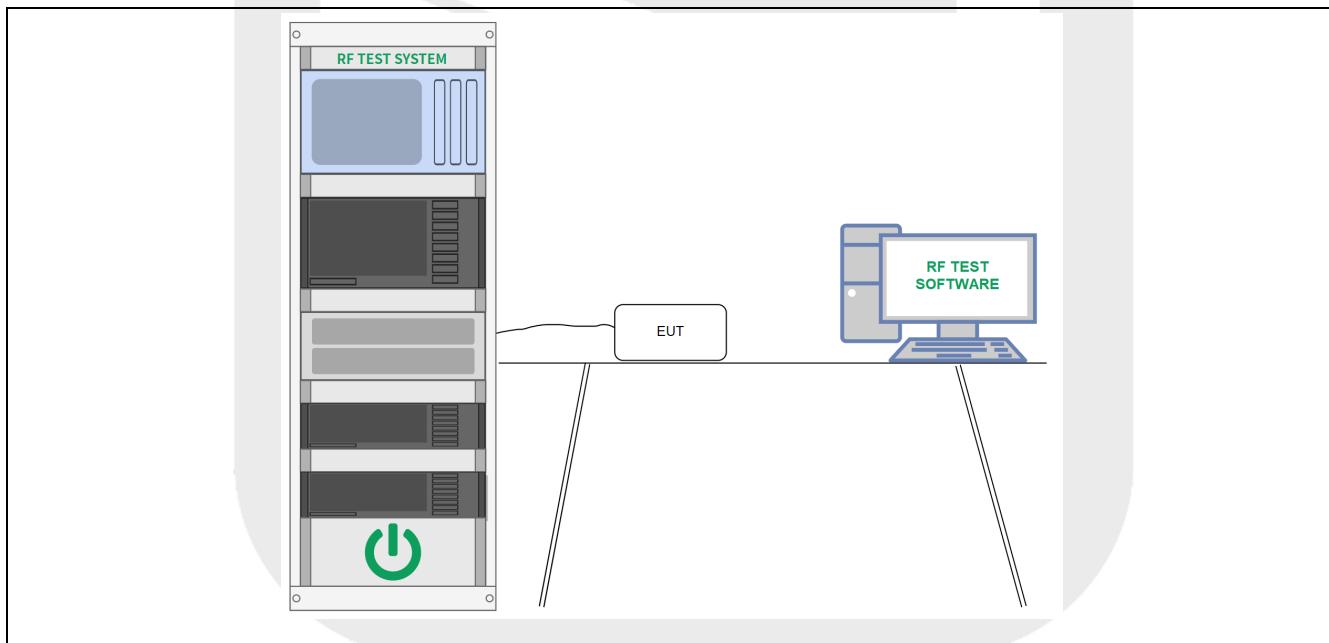
Please refer to Annex D for details.

## 5.4 Maximum Conducted Output Power

### 5.4.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 11.9

### 5.4.2 Test Setup Diagram





#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

##### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

##### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.

c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

##### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW  $\geq$  RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### 5.4.4 Test Data

**PASS.**

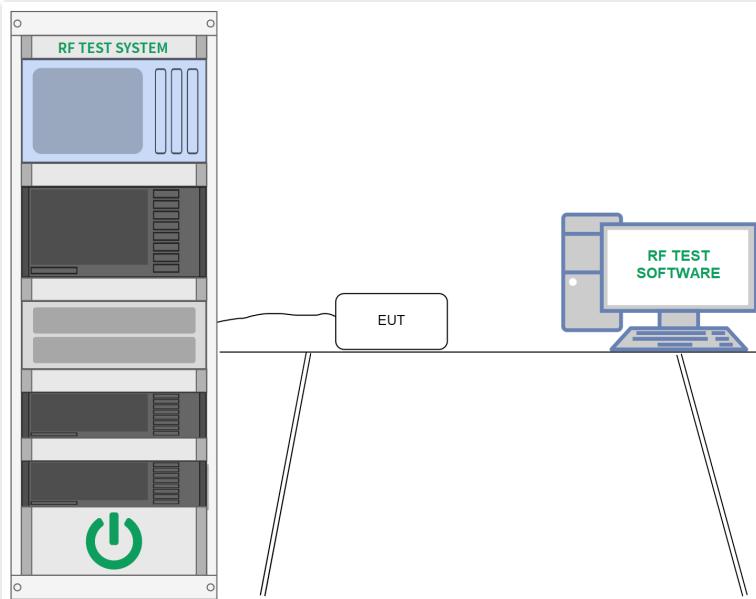
Please refer to Annex D for details.

## 5.5 Power Spectral Density

### 5.5.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 11.10

### 5.5.2 Test Setup Diagram



### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.  
Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.  
Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .  
Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .  
Detector = peak.  
Sweep time = auto couple.  
Trace mode = max hold.  
Allow trace to fully stabilize.  
Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.  
If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 5.5.4 Test Data

PASS.

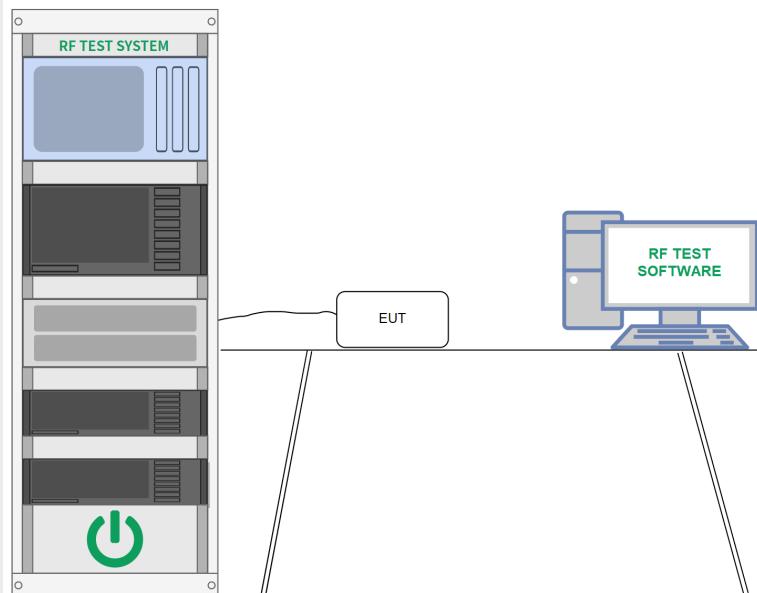
Please refer to Annex D for details.

## 5.6 Emissions in Non-restricted Frequency Bands (Conducted)

### 5.6.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required.
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 11.11

### 5.6.2 Test Setup Diagram





### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency ( $f_{\text{emission}}$ )  $\pm 0.5$  MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by  $f_{\text{emission}} \pm 0.5$  MHz.

Standard method (The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

### 5.6.4 Test Data

**PASS.**

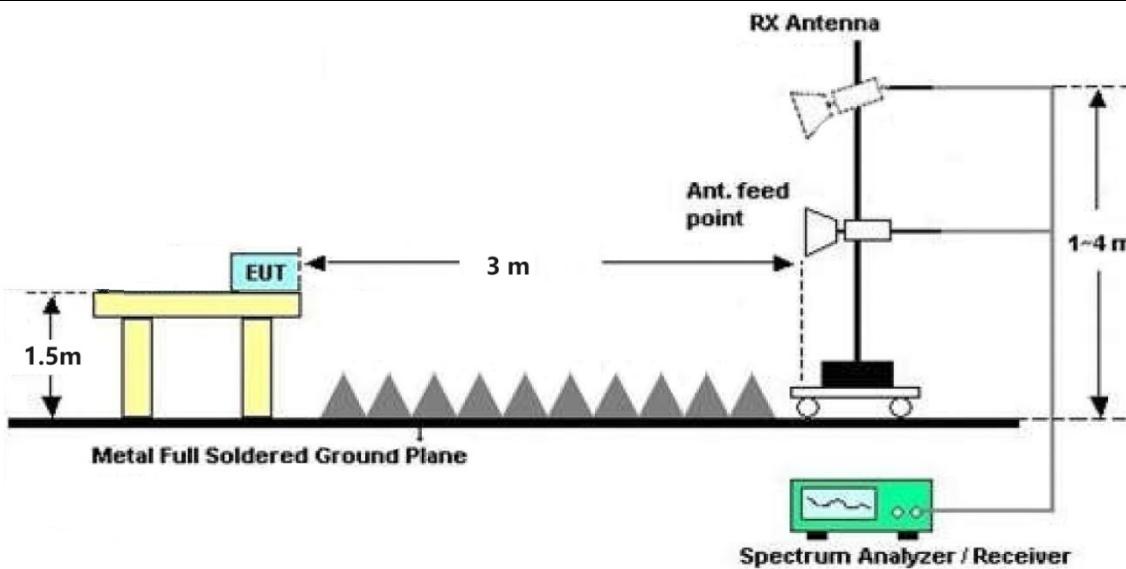
Please refer to Annex D for details.

## 5.7 Band Edge Emissions (Restricted frequency bands)

### 5.7.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).		
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.			
Test Limit	Restricted frequency bands:		
	MHz	MHz	GHz
	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	4.5-5.15
	0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	5.35-5.46
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	7.25-7.75
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	8.025-8.5
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	9.0-9.2
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	9.3-9.5
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	10.6-12.7
	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	13.25-13.4
	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	14.47-14.5
	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	15.35-16.2
	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	17.7-21.4
	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	22.01-23.12
	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	23.6-24.0
	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	31.2-31.8
	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	36.43-36.5
	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400
	13.36-13.41		
Note:			
1) Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20*log[Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)].			
2) In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.			
3) For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.			
4) For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dB $\mu$ V/m@3m (AV) and 74dB $\mu$ V/m@3m (PK).			
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.6.4		

### 5.7.2 Test Setup Diagram



### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold.

### 5.7.4 Test Data

**PASS.**

Please refer to the following pages.

**Band Edge Emissions (Restricted frequency bands):**

Test Mode: TX-GFSK					CH Low: 2405 MHz			
Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Result
H	2310.00	45.25	-2.81	42.44	74.00	-31.56	PK	PASS
H	2390.00	46.78	-2.69	44.09	74.00	-29.91	PK	PASS
H	**2400.00	62.93	-2.68	60.25	74.00	-13.75	PK	PASS
V	2310.00	44.02	-2.81	41.21	74.00	-32.79	PK	PASS
V	2390.00	49.51	-2.69	46.82	74.00	-27.18	PK	PASS
V	**2400.00	63.03	-2.68	60.35	74.00	-13.65	PK	PASS
H	2310.00	31.67	-2.81	28.86	54.00	-25.14	AV	PASS
H	2390.00	38.60	-2.69	35.91	54.00	-18.09	AV	PASS
H	**2400.00	48.36	-2.68	45.68	54.00	-8.32	AV	PASS
V	2310.00	35.01	-2.81	32.20	54.00	-21.80	AV	PASS
V	2390.00	34.95	-2.69	32.26	54.00	-21.74	AV	PASS
V	**2400.00	47.24	-2.68	44.56	54.00	-9.44	AV	PASS

Test Mode: TX-GFSK					CH High: 2480 MHz			
Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Result
H	**2483.50	47.13	-2.56	44.57	74.00	-29.43	PK	PASS
H	2500.00	49.79	-2.54	47.25	74.00	-26.75	PK	PASS
V	**2483.50	47.59	-2.56	45.03	74.00	-28.97	PK	PASS
V	2500.00	48.66	-2.54	46.12	74.00	-27.88	PK	PASS
H	**2483.50	39.27	-2.56	36.71	54.00	-17.29	AV	PASS
H	2500.00	38.62	-2.54	36.08	54.00	-17.92	AV	PASS
V	**2483.50	39.78	-2.56	37.22	54.00	-16.78	AV	PASS
V	2500.00	41.60	-2.54	39.06	54.00	-14.94	AV	PASS

**Remark:**

1. Emission Level = Reading + Factor, Margin= Emission Level – Limit.

## 5.8 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.8.1 Test Requirement

Test Requirement	In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).		
Test Limit	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241.		
	Note: 1) Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m) = 20*log[Field Strength ( $\mu$ V/m)]. 2) In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. 3) For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit. 4) For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dB $\mu$ V/m@3m (AV) and 74dB $\mu$ V/m@3m (PK).		
Test Method	ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.6.4		

### 5.8.2 Test Setup Diagram

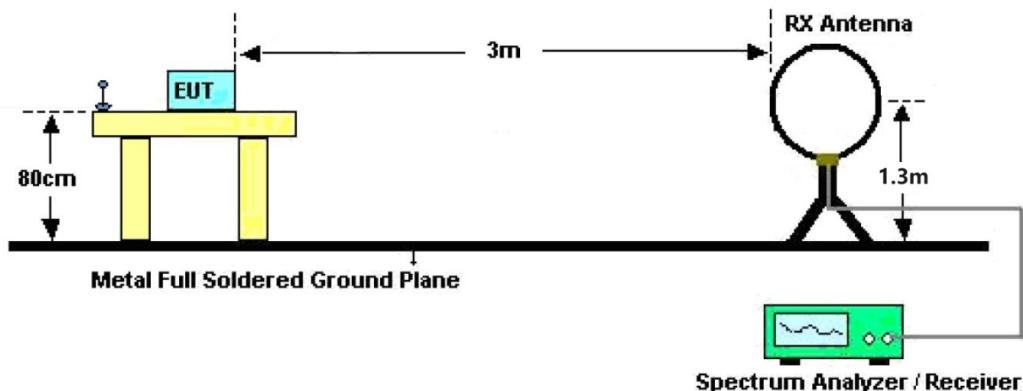


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

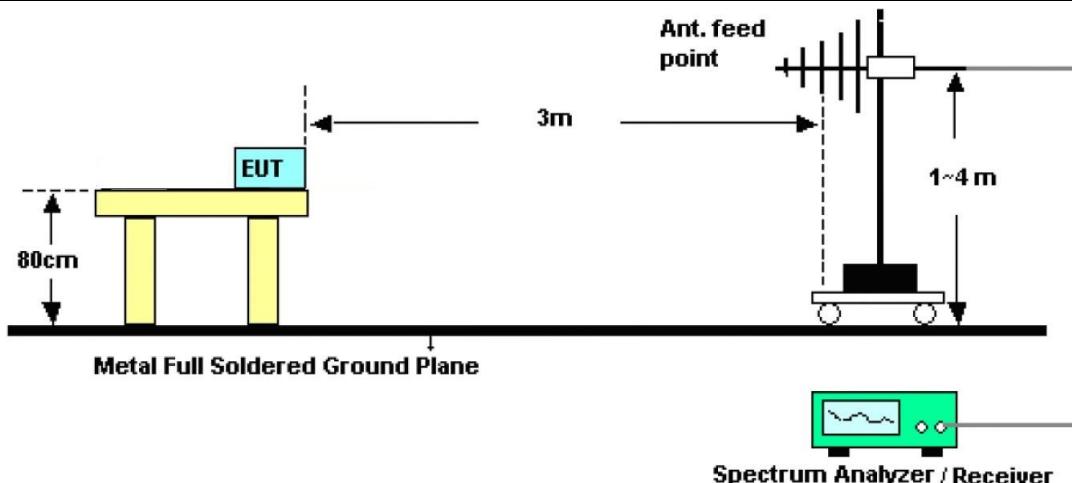


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

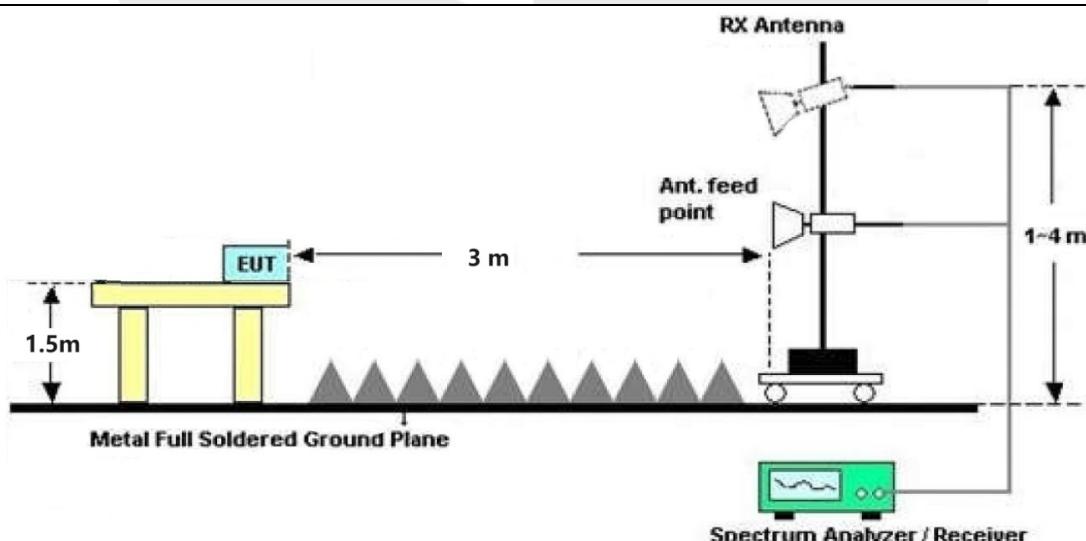


Figure 3. Above 1 GHz



### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power.

Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

For 9kHz to 150kHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as:

RBW = 200Hz, VBW =1kHz, Detector= Quasi-Peak, Trace mode= Max hold, Sweep- auto couple.

For 150kHz to 30MHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as:

RBW = 9KHz, VBW =30kHz, Detector= Quasi-Peak, Trace mode= Max hold, Sweep- auto couple.

For 30MHz to 1000MHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as:

RBW = 100kHz, VBW =300kHz, Detector= Quasi-Peak, Trace mode= Max hold, Sweep- auto couple.

For above 1GHz, Set the spectrum analyzer as:

RBW =1MHz, VBW =1MHz, Detector= Peak, Trace mode= Max hold, Sweep- auto couple.

RBW =1MHz, VBW =10Hz, Detector= Average, Trace mode= Max hold, Sweep- auto couple.

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

### 5.8.4 Test Data

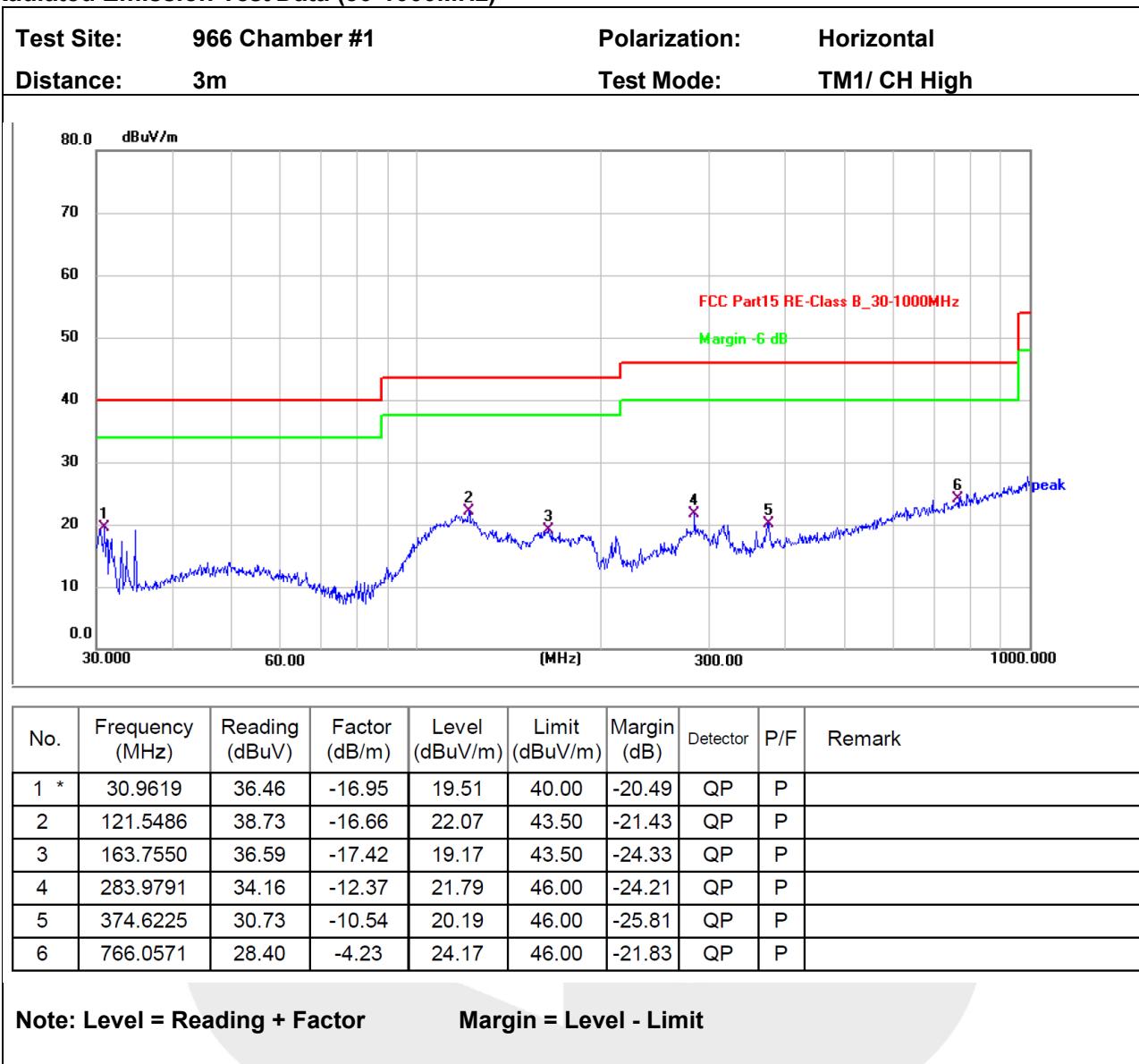
**PASS.**

Please to see the following pages.

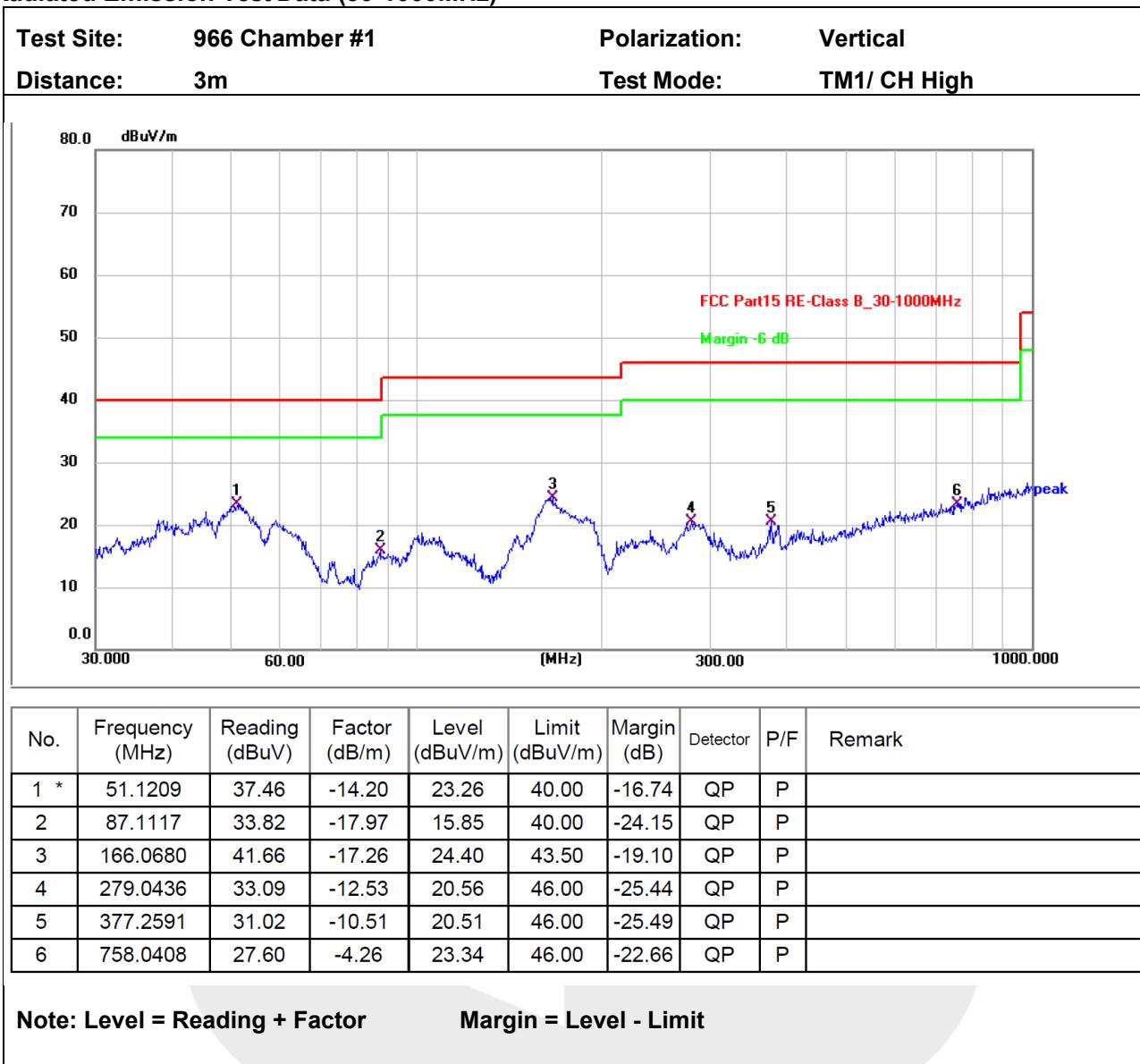
The test results of 9kHz-30MHz was attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits, so the results don't record in the report.

For test of 30MHz-1GHz, during the test, pre-scan all modes, only the worst case is recorded in the report.

## Radiated Emission Test Data (30-1000MHz)



## Radiated Emission Test Data (30-1000MHz)





## Radiated Spurious Emission (1GHz-25GHz)

Test Mode: TX-GFSK					CH Low: 2405 MHz			
Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Result
V	4810.75	40.62	4.68	45.30	74.00	-28.71	PK	PASS
V	7215.36	34.64	9.84	44.48	74.00	-29.52	PK	PASS
V	9620.06	30.45	13.17	43.62	74.00	-30.38	PK	PASS
V	12025.22	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	14430.65	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	16835.86	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	4810.75	40.85	4.68	45.53	74.00	-28.48	PK	PASS
H	7215.36	34.26	9.84	44.10	74.00	-29.91	PK	PASS
H	9620.06	30.10	13.17	43.27	74.00	-30.74	PK	PASS
H	12025.22	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	14430.65	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	16835.86	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	4810.75	31.43	4.68	36.11	54.00	-17.90	AV	PASS
V	7215.36	23.80	9.84	33.64	54.00	-20.37	AV	PASS
V	9620.06	19.32	13.17	32.49	54.00	-21.51	AV	PASS
V	12025.22	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	14430.65	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	16835.86	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	4810.75	32.27	4.68	36.95	54.00	-17.06	AV	PASS
H	7215.36	25.00	9.84	34.84	54.00	-19.17	AV	PASS
H	9620.06	18.12	13.17	31.29	54.00	-22.71	AV	PASS
H	12025.22	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	14430.65	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	16835.86	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS

## Remark:

1. Emission Level = Reading + Factor, Margin= Emission Level – Limit.
2. “\*” means the test results were attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits, so the results don't record in the report.



## Radiated Spurious Emission (1GHz-25GHz)

Test Mode: TX-GFSK					CH Middle: 2440 MHz			
Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Result
V	4880.40	41.43	4.92	46.35	74.00	-27.65	PK	PASS
V	7320.41	34.74	9.83	44.57	74.00	-29.44	PK	PASS
V	9760.95	29.19	13.22	42.41	74.00	-31.60	PK	PASS
V	12200.97	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	14640.25	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	17080.59	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	4880.02	41.75	4.92	46.67	74.00	-27.33	PK	PASS
H	7320.32	34.01	9.83	43.84	74.00	-30.16	PK	PASS
H	9760.01	29.37	13.22	42.59	74.00	-31.41	PK	PASS
H	12200.37	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	14640.95	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	17080.45	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	4880.73	30.22	4.92	35.14	54.00	-18.86	AV	PASS
V	7320.88	24.81	9.83	34.64	54.00	-19.37	AV	PASS
V	9760.64	18.95	13.22	32.17	54.00	-21.84	AV	PASS
V	12200.58	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	14640.66	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	17080.91	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	4880.02	30.76	4.92	35.68	54.00	-18.32	AV	PASS
H	7320.32	24.89	9.83	34.72	54.00	-19.29	AV	PASS
H	9760.01	18.77	13.22	31.99	54.00	-22.01	AV	PASS
H	12200.37	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	14640.95	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	17080.45	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS

## Remark:

1. Emission Level = Reading + Factor, Margin= Emission Level – Limit.
2. \*\* means the test results were attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits, so the results don't record in the report.



## Radiated Spurious Emission (1GHz-25GHz)

Test Mode: TX-GFSK					CH High: 2480 MHz			
Pol.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Emission level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector Type	Result
V	4960.92	41.72	5.17	46.89	74.00	-27.11	PK	PASS
V	7440.24	35.61	9.83	45.44	74.00	-28.57	PK	PASS
V	9920.32	30.00	13.27	43.27	74.00	-30.74	PK	PASS
V	12400.88	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	14880.68	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	17360.80	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	4960.79	40.09	5.17	45.26	74.00	-28.74	PK	PASS
H	7440.64	35.76	9.83	45.59	74.00	-28.41	PK	PASS
H	9920.11	28.66	13.27	41.93	74.00	-32.07	PK	PASS
H	12400.31	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	14880.22	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
H	17360.42	*	*	*	74.00	*	PK	PASS
V	4960.36	31.97	5.17	37.14	54.00	-16.87	AV	PASS
V	7440.78	23.25	9.83	33.08	54.00	-20.92	AV	PASS
V	9920.62	17.72	13.27	30.99	54.00	-23.01	AV	PASS
V	12400.23	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	14880.14	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
V	17360.62	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	4960.79	31.67	5.17	36.84	54.00	-17.16	AV	PASS
H	7440.64	22.24	9.83	32.07	54.00	-21.93	AV	PASS
H	9920.11	18.10	13.27	31.37	54.00	-22.63	AV	PASS
H	12400.31	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	14880.22	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS
H	17360.42	*	*	*	54.00	*	AV	PASS

## Remark:

1. Emission Level = Reading + Factor, Margin= Emission Level – Limit.
2. \*\* means the test results were attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits, so the results don't record in the report.

## ANNEX A TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer to the document "8225EU122202W-AA.PDF"

## ANNEX B EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer to the document "8225EU122202W-AB.PDF"

## ANNEX C INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer to the document "8225EU122202W-AC.PDF"

## ANNEX D TEST DATA

Please refer to the document "8225EU122202W-AD.PDF"

## STATEMENT

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.
2. The report without China inspection body and laboratory Mandatory Approval (CMA) mark has no effect of proving to the society.
3. For the report with CNAS mark or A2LA mark, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.
4. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the "inspection and testing dedicated stamp" or test report stamp.
5. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.
6. This report shall not be partially reproduced without the written permission of the laboratory.
7. Any objection shall be raised to the laboratory within 30 days after receiving the report.

--- End of Report ---