



Prüfbericht-Nr.: <i>Test report no.:</i>	CN2428MM 001	Auftrags-Nr.: <i>Order no.:</i>	48246439	Seite 1 von 39 <i>Page 1 of 39</i>
Kunden-Referenz-Nr.: <i>Client reference no.:</i>	N/A	Auftragsdatum: <i>Order date:</i>	2024-04-15	
Auftraggeber: <i>Client:</i>	BSIZE INC. 2-12-11-9F, SHIN-YOKOHAMA KOUHOKU-KU, Yokohama, Kanagawa, Japan			
Prüfgegenstand: <i>Test item:</i>	Cellular Wireless Module			
Bezeichnung / Typ-Nr.: <i>Identification / Type no.:</i>	nRF9160			
Auftrags-Inhalt: <i>Order content:</i>	Test Report for FCC SAR			
Prüfgrundlage: <i>Test specification:</i>	FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Published RF exposure KDB procedures			
Wareneingangsdatum: <i>Date of sample receipt:</i>	2024-01-25			
Prüfmuster-Nr.: <i>Test sample no.:</i>	A003694723-007			
Prüfzeitraum: <i>Testing period:</i>	2024-04-30 - 2024-05-02			
Ort der Prüfung: <i>Place of testing:</i>	EMC/RF Taipei Testing Site			
Prüflaboratorium: <i>Testing laboratory:</i>	Taipei Testing Laboratories			
Prüfergebnis*: <i>Test result*:</i>	Pass			
überprüft von: <i>compiled by:</i>	genehmigt von: <i>authorized by:</i>			
Datum: <i>Date:</i>	2024-06-20	Ausstellungsdatum: <i>Issue date:</i>	2024-06-20	
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Sonstiges / Other:				
Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: <i>Condition of the test item at delivery:</i>		Prüfmuster vollständig und unbeschädigt <i>Test item complete and undamaged</i>		
* Legende: 1 = sehr gut 2 = gut 3 = befriedigend 4 = ausreichend 5 = mangelhaft P(ass) = entspricht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) F(ail) = entspricht nicht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n) N/A = nicht anwendbar N/T = nicht getestet				
* Legend: 1 = very good 2 = good 3 = satisfactory 4 = sufficient 5 = poor P(ass) = passed a.m. test specification(s) F(ail) = failed a.m. test specification(s) N/A = not applicable N/T = not tested				
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Anmerkungen
Remarks

1	Alle eingesetzten Prüfmittel waren zum angegebenen Prüfzeitraum gemäß eines festgelegten Kalibrierungsprogramms unseres Prüfhauses kalibriert. Sie entsprechen den in den Prüfprogrammen hinterlegten Anforderungen. Die Rückverfolgbarkeit der eingesetzten Prüfmittel ist durch die Einhaltung der Regelungen unseres Managementsystems gegeben. Detaillierte Informationen bezüglich Prüfkonditionen, Prüfequipment und Messunsicherheiten sind im Prüflabor vorhanden und können auf Wunsch bereitgestellt werden. <i>The equipment used during the specified testing period was calibrated according to our test laboratory calibration program. The equipment fulfils the requirements included in the relevant standards. The traceability of the test equipment used is ensured by compliance with the regulations of our management system. Detailed information regarding test conditions, equipment and measurement uncertainty is available in the test laboratory and could be provided on request.</i>
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4	Die Entscheidungsregel für Konformitätserklärungen basierend auf numerischen Messergebnissen in diesem Prüfbericht basiert auf der "Null-Grenzwert-Regel" und der "Einfachen Akzeptanz" gemäß ILAC G8:2019 und IEC Guide 115:2021, es sei denn, in der auf Seite 1 dieses Berichts genannten angewandten Norm ist etwas anderes festgelegt oder vom Kunden gewünscht. Dies bedeutet, dass die Messunsicherheit nicht berücksichtigt wird und daher auch nicht im Prüfbericht angegeben wird. Zu weiteren Informationen bezüglich des Risikos durch diese Entscheidungsregel siehe ILAC G8:2019. <i>The decision rule for statements of conformity, based on numerical measurement results, in this test report is based on the "Zero Guard Band Rule" and "Simple Acceptance" in accordance with ILAC G8:2019 and IEC Guide 115:2021, unless otherwise specified in the applied standard mentioned on Page 1 of this report or requested by the customer. This means that measurement uncertainty is not taken in account and hence also not declared in the test report. For additional information to the resulting risk based of this decision rule please refer to ILAC G8:2019.</i>

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HISTORY OF THIS TEST REPORT

Revision	Description	Date Issued
R01	Original Release	2024-06-20

1. General Information

1.1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Equipment Class	Operating Mode	Highest Reported Body SAR _{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
PCB	eMTC Band 2	0.986
	eMTC Band 12	0.321
	eMTC Band 26	0.223
	eMTC Band 66	0.970

Note:

1. The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:
This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 10-gram SAR for Product Specific 10g SAR, limit: 4.0W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.
2. This device supports both eMTC band 26 and band 5. The frequency span of eMTC band 26 can completely cover eMTC band 5, and they have the same tune-up power. SAR was tested for eMTC band 26 only.
3. This device supports both eMTC band 66 and band 4. The frequency span of eMTC band 66 can completely cover eMTC band 4, and they have the same tune-up power. SAR was tested for eMTC band 66 only.

1.2 Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

1.2.1 General Information

EUT Type	Cellular Wireless Module
Model Name	nRF9160
FCC ID	2BFDZBLM-GTNU
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	Band 2: -2.36 dBi Band 4: -5.41 dBi Band 5: -14.14 dBi Band 12: -12.46 dBi Band 26: -14.14 dBi Band 66: -5.41 dBi
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Host Information	Product Name: BoT Talk Brand: Bsize Model: BLM-GTN

Note: The EUT is installed into the host during the test.

1.2.2 Wireless Technologies

Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	eMTC Band 2: 1850 ~ 1910 eMTC Band 4: 1710 ~ 1755 eMTC Band 5: 824 ~ 849 eMTC Band 12: 699 ~ 716 eMTC Band 26: 814 ~ 849 eMTC Band 66: 1710 ~ 1780
Uplink Modulations	QPSK, 16QAM

1.3 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	eMTC 2	eMTC 4	eMTC 5
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0	23.0	23.0

Mode	eMTC 12	eMTC 26	eMTC 66
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0	23.0	23.0

2. Test Sites

2.1 Test Laboratory

Taipei Testing Laboratories

11F., No. 758, Sec. 4, Bade Rd., Songshan Dist., Taipei City 105 Taiwan (R.O.C.)

2.2 Test Facilities

Taipei Testing Laboratories

No. 458-18, Sec. 2, Fenliao Rd., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244 Taiwan (R.O.C.)

The tests at the test sites have been conducted under the supervision of a TÜV engineer.

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2.3 List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
E-field probes	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7350	2023/12/13	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	917	2024/3/11	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1199	2024/3/20	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d058	2024/3/20	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2d156	2024/3/15	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d090	2024/3/13	1 Year
ENA	Agilent	E5080A	MY55200677	2024/1/17	1 Year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1901008	2024/3/12	1 Year
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1725269	2024/3/12	1 Year
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP33S	101622	2024/3/21	1 Year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101512	2024/2/22	1 Year
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A03	181248	2023/11/16	1 Year
Wireless Tester	Anritsu	MT8821C	6262044753	2023/6/14	1 Year
Wireless Tester	Anritsu	MT8000A	6262036825	2024/4/17	1 Year
Wireless Tester	R&S	CMW500	166923	2024/4/9	1 Year
Digital Thermometer	Testo	608-H1	45207430	2023/11/24	1 Year
Directional coupler	Fairview Microwave	FMCP1025-20	A000553136-001	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1292	N/A	N/A
Twin Sam Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CC	TP-1467	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	EMCI	EMC2830P	980352	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	SN002101809	N/A	N/A

3. Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor(a)	$1/k(b)$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) k is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

SAR Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (Frequency band: 4MHz - 10GHz range)								
Symbol	Input quantity X_i (source of uncertainty)	Unc. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i (1g)	c_i (10g)	Std.Unc. (1g) ($\pm\%$)	Std.Unc. (10g) ($\pm\%$)
Measurement system errors								
CF	Probe calibration ($\pm\%$)	18.6	N	2	1	1	9.3	9.3
CFdrift	Probe calibration drift ($\pm\%$)	1.0	N	1	1	1	0.6	0.6
LIN	Probe linearity and detection limit ($\pm\%$)	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
BBS	Broadband signal ($\pm\%$)	3.0	N	1	1	1	1.7	1.7
ISO	Probe isotropy ($\pm\%$)	7.6	R	2	1	1	4.4	4.4
DAE	Other probe and data acquisition errors ($\pm\%$)	0.3	N	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMB	RF ambient and noise ($\pm\%$)	1.8	N	1	1	1	1.8	1.8
Δ_{xyz}	Probe positioning errors ($\pm\text{mm}$)	0.20	N	1	0.33	0.33	0.07	0.07
DAT	Data processing errors ($\pm\%$)	3.5	N	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Phantom and device (DUT or validation antenna) errors								
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.) DAK ($\pm\%$)	2.5	N	1	0.78	0.71	2.0	1.8
LIQ(T_c)	Conductivity (temp.) ($\pm\%$)	5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
EPS	Phantom Permittivity ($\pm\%$)	14	R	1.732	0.5	0.5	4.0	4.0
DIS	Distance DUT – TSL ($\pm\%$)	2	N	1	2	2	4.0	4.0
Dxyz	Device Positioning ($\pm\%$)	2	N	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
H	Device Holder ($\pm\%$)	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4
MOD	DUT Modulationm ($\pm\%$)	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
TAS	Time-average SAR ($\pm\%$)	2.4	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
RFdrift	DUT drift ($\pm\%$)	5	N	1	1	1	5.0	5.0
VAL	Val Antenna Unc. ($\pm\%$)	0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Pin	Unc. Input Power ($\pm\%$)	0	N	1	1	1	0.0	0.0
Corrections to the SAR result								
C(ϵ', σ)	Deviation to Target ($\pm\%$)	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.9	1.6
C(R)	SAR scaling ($\pm\%$)	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
$u(\Delta\text{SAR})$	Combined uncertainty						14.9	14.8
	Coverage Factor for 95%						K=2	K=2
U	Expanded uncertainty					$U =$	± 29.7	± 29.6

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 4 MHz to 10 GHz

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

4. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR §2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures & manufacturer KDB inquiries:

- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06r04
- KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- [TCB workshop](#) October, 2014; Page 36, RF Exposure Procedures Update (Overlapping LTE Bands)
- [TCB workshop](#) October, 2014; Page 37, LTE Considerations (LTE Band 41 Test Channels)

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is average over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. SAR Measurement System

6.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

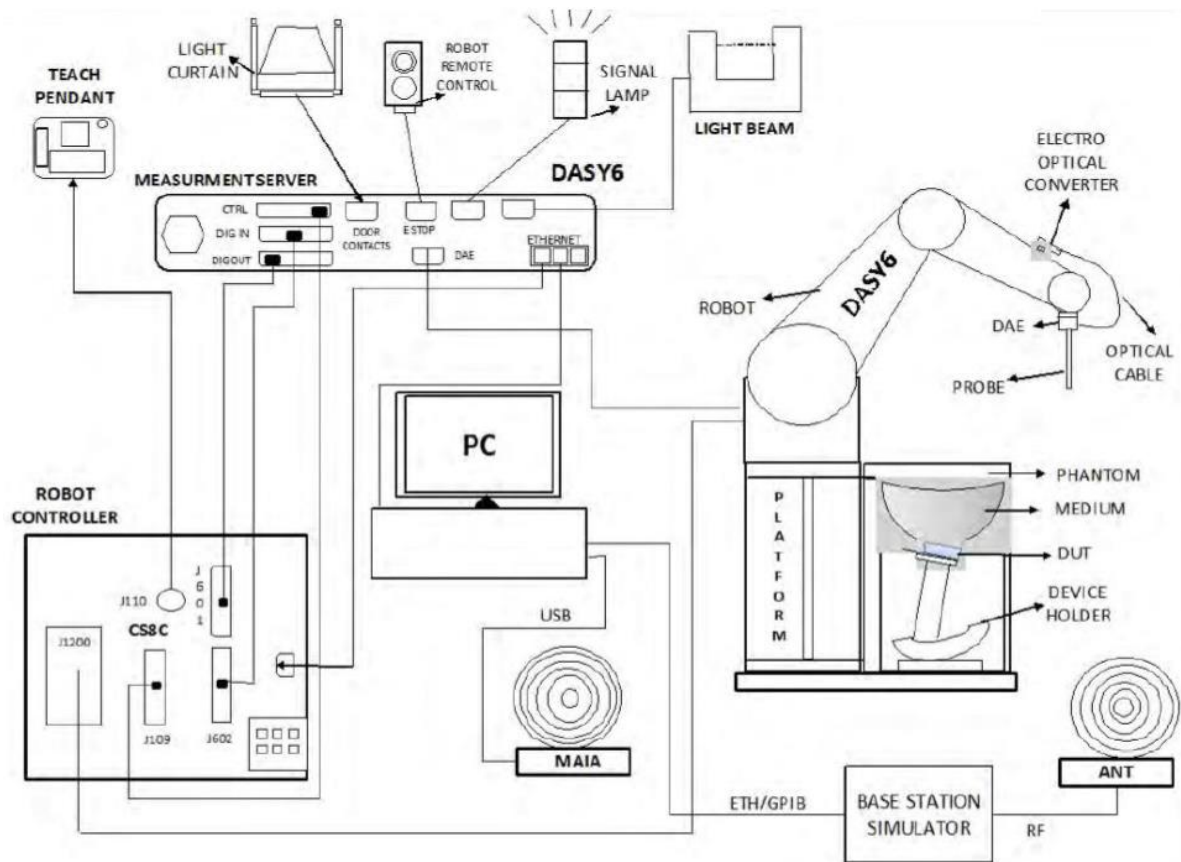
SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

6.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY6 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



DASY System Setup

6.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

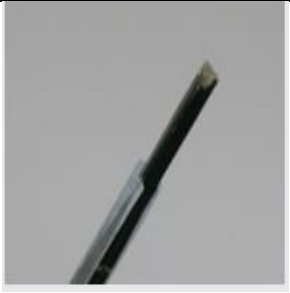
- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



DASY6

6.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

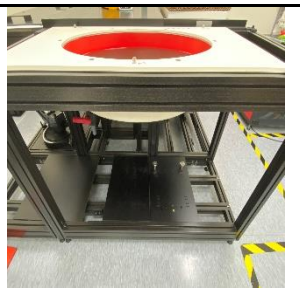
Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

6.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5 μ V (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

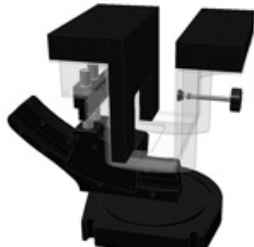
6.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

6.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

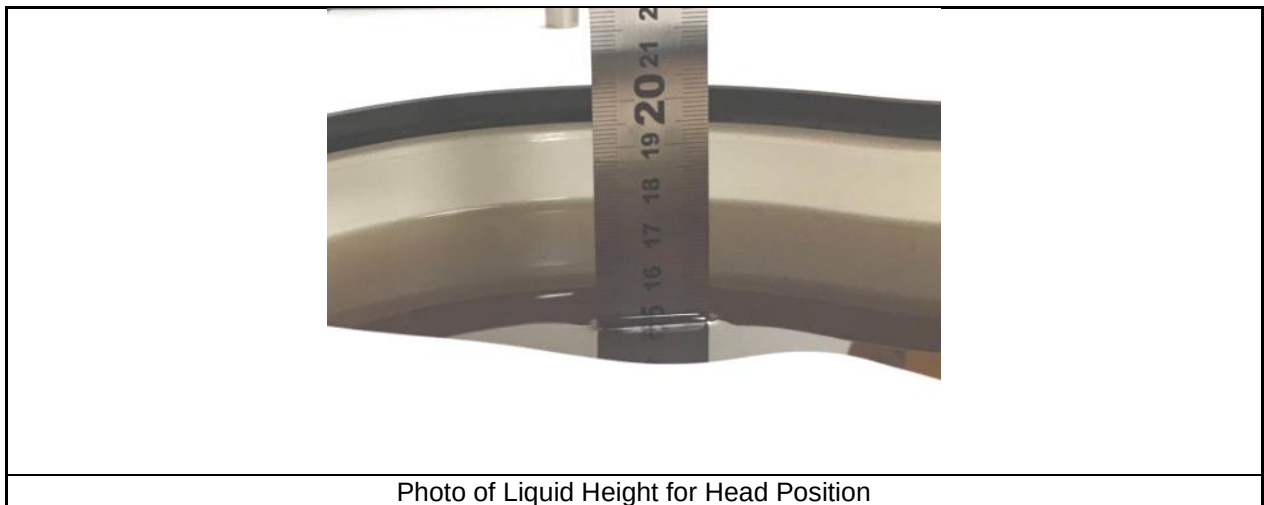
Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

6.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	300 MHz to 10 GHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

6.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528 Appendix A.

The workshop effective February 19, 2019, FCC has permitted the use of single head tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209 1 for all SAR tests.

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
6500	34.5	32.8 ~ 36.2	6.07	6.04 ~ 6.11

7. SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

7.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	≤ 2GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	≤ 15mm	≤ 12 mm	≤ 12 mm	≤ 10 mm	≤ 10 mm
Zoom Scan ($\Delta x, \Delta y$)	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≤ 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≤ 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	≥ 30 mm	≥ 30 mm	≥ 28 mm	≥ 25 mm	≥ 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3 GHz): ≤ 8 mm, 3-4 GHz: ≤ 7 mm, 4-6 GHz: ≤ 5 mm) may be applied.

7.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

7.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

8.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Connections between EUT and System Simulator>

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (R&S_CMW500). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

<Considerations Related to LTE for Setup and Testing>

This device contains LTE transmitter which follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, supports both QPSK and 16QAM modulations, and supported LTE band and channel bandwidth is listed in below. The output power was tested per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK and 16QAM modulation. The results please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

EUT Supported LTE Band and Channel Bandwidth						
LTE Band	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz
2	V	V	V	V	V	V
4	V	V	V	V	V	V
5	V	V	V	V		
12	V	V	V	V		
26	V	V	V	V	V	
66	V	V	V	V	V	V

The LTE maximum power reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is active all times during LTE operation. The allowed MPR for the maximum output power is specified in below.

Modulation	Channel Bandwidth / RB Configurations						LTE MPR Setting (dB)
	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

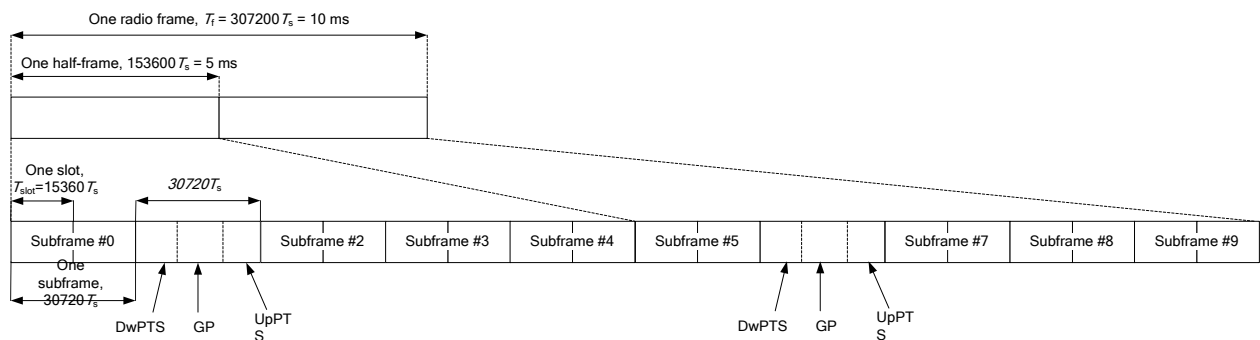
Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

During LTE SAR testing, the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB was set in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, the simulator set to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power.

TDD-LTE Setup Configurations

According to KDB 941225 D05, SAR testing for TDD-LTE device must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP TDD-LTE configurations. The TDD-LTE of this device supports frame structure type 2 defined in 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2, and the frame structure configuration can be referred to below.



3GPP TS 36.211 Frame Structure Type 2

Special Subframe Configuration	Normal Cyclic Prefix in Downlink			Extended Cyclic Prefix in Downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal Cyclic Prefix in Uplink	Extended Cyclic Prefix in Uplink		Normal Cyclic Prefix in Uplink	Extended Cyclic Prefix in Uplink
0	6592 - Ts	2192·Ts	2560·Ts	7680 - Ts	2192·Ts	2560·Ts
1	19760 - Ts			20480 - Ts		
2	21952 - Ts			23040 - Ts		
3	24144 - Ts			25600 - Ts		
4	26336 - Ts	4384·Ts	5120·Ts	7680 - Ts	4384·Ts	5120·Ts
5	6592 - Ts			20480 - Ts		
6	19760 - Ts			23040 - Ts		
7	21952 - Ts			12800 - Ts		
8	24144 - Ts			-	-	-
9	13168 - Ts			-	-	-

3GPP TS 36.211 Configuration of Special Subframe

Uplink-Downlink Configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-Point Periodicity	Subframe Number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

3GPP TS 36.211 Uplink-Downlink Configurations

The variety of different TD-LTE uplink-downlink configurations allows a network operator to allocate the network's capacity between uplink and downlink traffic to meet the needs of the network. The uplink duty cycle of these seven configurations can readily be computed and shown in below.

UL-DL Configuration	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Highest Duty-Cycle	63.33%	43.33%	23.33%	31.67%	21.67%	11.67%	53.33%

Considering the highest transmission duty cycle, TDD-LTE was tested using Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0 with 6 uplink subframe and 2 special subframe. The special subframe was set to special subframe configuration 7 using extended cyclic prefix uplink. Therefore, SAR testing for TDD-LTE was performed at the maximum output power with highest transmission duty cycle of 63.33%.

8.2 EUT Testing Position

According to technical standards, the EUT is tested for SAR compliance in use of configurations described in the following subsections.

8.2.1 Body Exposure Conditions

The EUT was tested for all six surfaces of the EUT as Front Face, Back Face, Left Side, Right Side, Top Side, and Bottom Side. The separation distance between the EUT and phantom is 0 mm.

8.2.2 Antenna Location



8.3 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

There is no simultaneous transmission configuration in this device.

8.4 Tissue Verification

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	44	-	0.2	-	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	44	48.4	0.2	1.3	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	44	48.4	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	44	-	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	44	-	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	44	45.3	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	44	45.3	-	0.5	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	44	45.3	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	44	45.3	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	44	-	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	44	-	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	44	-	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	44	-	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H4000	44	-	-	-	-	-	56.0	-
H5G	44	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.2
H6G	44	-	-	-	-	-	56.0	-

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride; Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose; Water: De-ionized, 16M +resistivity
HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose; Sorbitan monolaurate (Tween 20); Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]; Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether.

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
2024/5/2	Head	750	0.886	42.637	0.89	41.9	-0.45	1.76
2024/5/2	Head	835	0.913	42.374	0.9	41.5	1.44	2.11
2024/4/30	Head	1800	1.341	39.906	1.4	40	-4.21	-0.24
2024/4/30	Head	1900	1.4	39.742	1.4	40	0.00	-0.65

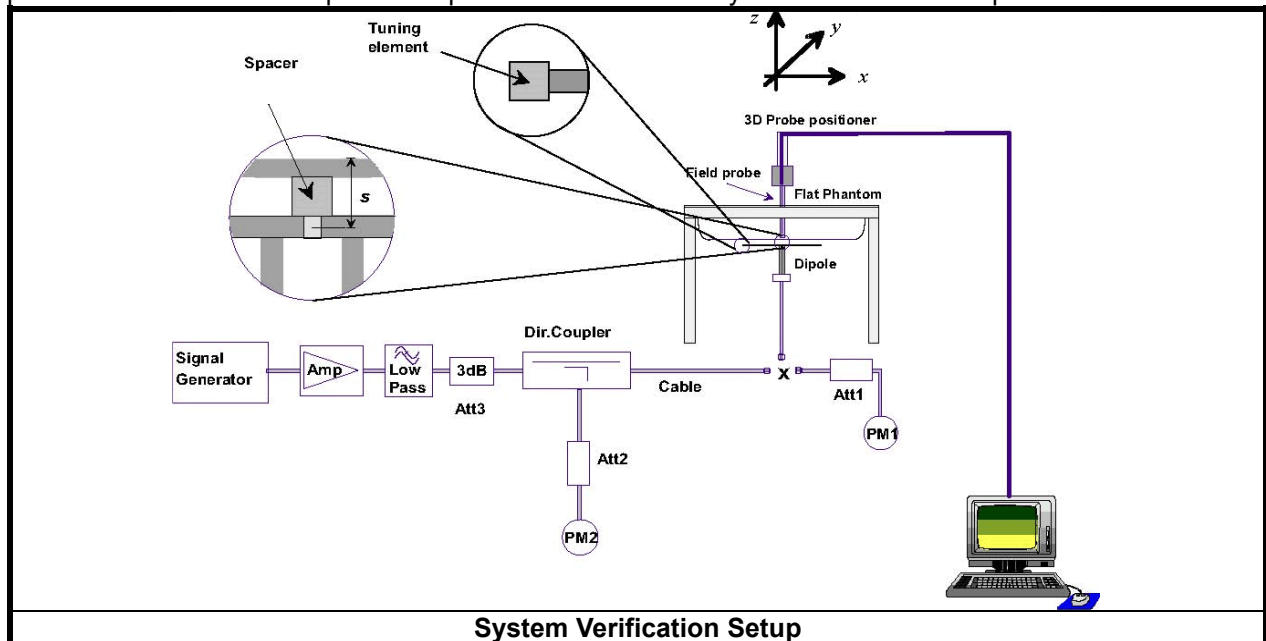
Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.

8.5 System Validation

System check Procedure

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

8.6 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

Test Date	Frequency (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g(W/kg)	Normalized SAR 1g(W/kg)	Targeted SAR 1g(W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
2024/5/2	750	2.26	9.04	8.48	6.60	1199	7350	917
2024/5/2	835	2.63	10.52	9.94	5.84	4d058	7350	917
2024/4/30	1800	9.14	36.56	39.5	-7.44	2d156	7350	917
2024/4/30	1900	10.30	41.2	39.7	3.78	5d090	7350	917

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

8.7 Maximum Output Power

8.7.1 Measured Conducted Power Result

All Rate have been tested, the Worst average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

eMTC Band 2																	
BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						18607 / 1850.7	18900 / 1880	19193 / 1909.3							18615 / 1851.5	18900 / 1880	19185 / 1908.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.27	22.13	22.22	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.24	22.18	22.12
	1	5	0	0	0	22.22	22.11	22.22		1	5	0	0	1	22.25	22.22	22.13
	3	0	0	0	0	21.40	21.28	21.18		3	0	0	0	1	21.62	21.51	21.53
	3	3	0	0	0	21.38	21.35	21.27		3	3	0	0	1	21.43	21.52	21.29
16QAM	6	0	0	0	0	20.40	20.31	20.27	16QAM	6	0	0	0	1	20.40	20.49	20.28
	1	0	0	0	0	21.29	21.23	21.29		1	0	0	0	1	21.24	21.30	21.16
	1	5	0	0	0	21.20	21.28	21.26		1	5	0	0	1	21.12	21.18	21.17
	3	0	0	0	0	20.27	20.21	20.29		3	0	0	0	1	20.37	20.33	20.15
16QAM	3	3	0	0	0	20.25	20.21	20.29	16QAM	3	3	0	0	1	20.39	20.35	20.29
	5	0	0	0	0	20.25	20.28	20.26		5	0	0	0	1	20.47	20.42	20.24
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						18625 / 1852.5	18900 / 1880	19175 / 1907.5							18650 / 1855	18900 / 1880	19150 / 1905
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.27	22.19	22.10	QPSK	1	0	0	3	7	22.29	22.20	22.23
	1	5	0	1	3	22.33	22.21	22.12		1	5	0	3	7	22.25	22.23	22.14
	3	0	0	1	3	21.44	21.31	21.28		3	0	0	3	7	22.38	22.29	22.33
	3	3	0	1	3	21.46	21.33	21.30		3	3	0	3	7	22.40	22.43	22.33
16QAM	6	0	0	1	3	21.47	21.34	21.33	16QAM	6	0	0	3	7	21.44	21.36	21.34
	1	0	0	1	3	21.71	21.72	21.55		1	0	0	3	7	21.68	21.71	21.56
	1	5	0	1	3	21.74	21.61	21.57		1	5	0	3	7	21.71	21.62	21.57
	3	0	0	1	3	21.57	21.59	21.54		3	0	0	3	7	21.66	21.59	21.44
16QAM	3	3	0	1	3	21.59	21.60	21.56	16QAM	3	3	0	3	7	21.69	21.62	21.57
	5	0	0	1	3	20.60	20.30	20.49		5	0	0	3	7	21.47	21.51	21.36
BW=15M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=20M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						18675 / 1857.5	18900 / 1880	19125 / 1902.5							18700 / 1860	18900 / 1880	19100 / 1900
QPSK	1	0	0	5	11	22.43	22.26	22.13	QPSK	1	0	0	7	15	22.32	22.20	22.24
	1	5	0	5	11	22.18	22.26	22.29		1	5	0	7	15	22.14	22.22	22.27
	3	0	0	5	11	22.41	22.38	22.30		3	0	0	7	15	22.40	22.35	22.28
	3	3	0	5	11	22.42	22.38	22.42		3	3	0	7	15	22.45	22.36	22.30
16QAM	6	0	0	5	11	22.44	22.40	22.35	16QAM	6	0	0	7	15	22.41	22.36	22.37
	1	0	0	5	11	21.77	21.63	21.69		1	0	0	7	15	21.76	21.62	21.68
	1	5	0	5	11	21.70	21.65	21.61		1	5	0	7	15	21.66	21.64	21.58
	3	0	0	5	11	21.68	21.51	21.58		3	0	0	7	15	21.61	21.50	21.72
16QAM	3	3	0	5	11	21.69	21.53	21.61	16QAM	3	3	0	7	15	21.63	21.52	21.63
	5	0	0	5	11	21.59	21.43	21.51		5	0	0	7	15	21.53	21.48	21.53

eMTC Band 4																	
BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						19957 / 1710.7	20175 / 1732.5	20393 / 1754.3							19965 / 1711.5	20175 / 1732.5	20385 / 1753.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.37	22.44	22.51	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.46	22.49	22.44
	1	5	0	0	0	22.38	22.39	22.51		1	5	0	0	1	22.47	22.49	22.46
	3	0	0	0	0	21.55	21.53	21.72		3	0	0	0	1	21.71	21.73	21.69
	3	3	0	0	0	21.58	21.62	21.61		3	3	0	0	1	21.51	21.74	21.60
16QAM	6	0	0	0	0	20.55	20.61	20.57	16QAM	6	0	0	0	1	20.57	20.69	20.54
	1	0	0	0	0	21.25	21.25	21.18		1	0	0	0	1	21.29	21.52	21.39
	1	5	0	0	0	21.23	21.24	21.24		1	5	0	0	1	21.30	21.42	21.41
	3	0	0	0	0	20.19	20.23	20.21		3	0	0	0	1	20.44	20.44	20.52
16QAM	3	3	0	0	0	20.27	20.24	20.27	16QAM	3	3	0	0	1	20.47	20.46	20.44
	5	0	0	0	0	20.19	20.21	20.18		5	0	0	0	1	20.55	20.54	20.52
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						19975 / 1712.5	20175 / 1732.5	20375 / 1752.5							20000 / 1715	20175 / 1732.5	20350 / 1750
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.51	22.51	22.46	QPSK	1	0	0	3	7	22.47	22.51	22.47
	1	5	0	1	3	22.53	22.53	22.47		1	5	0	3	7	22.52	22.55	22.50
	3	0	0	1	3	21.60	21.61	21.58		3	0	0	3	7	22.48	22.62	22.71
	3	3	0	1	3	21.62	21.68	21.61		3	3	0	3	7	22.61	22.64	22.73
16QAM	6	0	0	1	3	21.50	21.70	21.63	16QAM	6	0	0	3	7	21.50	21.67	21.64
	1	0	0	1	3	21.73	21.93	21.97		1	0	0	3	7	21.85	21.88	21.99
	1	5	0	1	3	21.89	21.96	21.89		1	5	0	3	7	21.77	21.79	21.91
	3	0	0	1	3	21.74	21.66	21.75		3	0	0	3	7	21.74	21.81	21.76
16QAM	3	3	0	1	3	21.82	21.82	21.87	16QAM	3	3	0	3	7	21.78	21.84	21.88
	5	0	0	1	3	20.76	20.84	20.77		5	0	0	3	7	21.67	21.73	21.81
BW=15M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=20M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						20025 / 1717.5	20175 / 1732.5	20325 / 1747.5							20050 / 1720	20175 / 1732.5	20300 / 1745
QPSK	1	0	0	5	11	22.49	22.49	22.52	QPSK	1	0	0	7	15	22.40	22.49	22.51
	1	5	0	5	11	22.52	22.51	22.57		1	5	0	7	15	22.46	22.52	22.54
	3	0	0	5	11	22.62	22.65	22.75		3	0	0	7	15	22.55	22.60	22.77
	3	3	0	5	11	22.63	22.66	22.67		3	3	0	7	15	22.58	22.63	22.64
16QAM	6	0	0	5	11	22.66	22.68	22.70	16QAM	6	0	0	7	15	22.60	22.64	22.67
	1	0	0	5	11	21.88	21.90	22.03		1	0	0	7	15	21.83	21.87	22.00
	1	5	0	5	11	21.80	21.93	21.95		1	5	0	7	15	21.87	21.90	21.93
	3	0	0	5	11	21.88	21.78	22.02		3	0	0	7	15	21.82	21.75	22.00
16QAM	3	3	0	5	11	21.89	21.80	21.96	16QAM	3	3	0	7	15	21.85	21.77	21.93
	5	0	0	5	11	21.79	21.70	21.85		5	0	0	7	15	21.75	21.67	21.83

eMTC Band 5																	
BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						20407 / 824.7	20525 / 836.5	20643 / 848.3							20415 / 825.5	20525 / 836.5	20635 / 847.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.46	22.54	22.52	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.58	22.58	22.59
	1	5	0	0	0	22.44	22.50	22.56		1	5	0	0	1	22.45	22.56	22.49
	3	0	0	0	0	21.57	21.49	21.56		3	0	0	0	1	21.81	21.81	21.84
	3	3	0	0	0	21.58	21.56	21.54		3	3	0	0	1	21.60	21.70	21.63
	6	0	0	0	0	19.65	19.64	19.76		6	0	0	0	1	20.54	20.87	20.69
16QAM	1	0	0	0	0	21.24	21.21	21.29	16QAM	1	0	0	0	1	21.50	21.57	21.54
	1	5	0	0	0	21.20	21.25	21.23		1	5	0	0	1	21.50	21.42	21.54
	3	0	0	0	0	20.24	20.21	20.22		3	0	0	0	1	20.54	20.52	20.58
	3	3	0	0	0	20.20	20.27	20.28		3	3	0	0	1	20.56	20.53	20.59
	5	0	0	0	0	20.21	20.27	20.25		5	0	0	0	1	20.64	20.62	20.68
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						20425 / 826.5	20525 / 836.5	20625 / 846.5							20450 / 829	20525 / 836.5	20600 / 844
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	21.72	22.56	22.51	QPSK	1	0	0	3	7	22.48	22.58	22.56
	1	5	0	1	3	22.48	22.72	22.63		1	5	0	3	7	22.61	22.75	22.62
	3	0	0	1	3	21.69	21.65	21.61		3	0	0	3	7	22.62	22.59	22.62
	3	3	0	1	3	21.70	21.66	21.74		3	3	0	3	7	22.63	22.60	22.63
	6	0	0	1	3	21.72	21.73	21.77		6	0	0	3	7	21.74	21.73	21.76
16QAM	1	0	0	1	3	22.64	22.69	22.69	16QAM	1	0	0	3	7	22.65	22.67	22.69
	1	5	0	1	3	22.67	22.67	22.71		1	5	0	3	7	22.64	22.66	22.70
	3	0	0	1	3	21.72	21.95	21.99		3	0	0	3	7	22.69	22.52	22.57
	3	3	0	1	3	21.72	21.97	21.91		3	3	0	3	7	22.71	22.63	22.58
	5	0	0	1	3	20.85	20.86	20.79		5	0	0	3	7	21.93	21.91	21.83

eMTC Band 12																	
BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						23017 / 699.7	23095 / 707.5	23173 / 715.3							23025 / 700.5	23095 / 707.5	23165 / 714.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.39	22.48	22.53	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.56	22.65	22.41
	1	5	0	0	0	22.42	22.52	22.51		1	5	0	0	1	22.56	22.63	22.39
	3	0	0	0	0	21.50	21.53	21.58		3	0	0	0	1	21.81	21.77	21.77
	3	3	0	0	0	21.58	21.51	21.53		3	3	0	0	1	21.72	21.66	21.50
	6	0	0	0	0	19.66	19.70	19.68		6	0	0	0	1	20.69	20.87	20.47
16QAM	1	0	0	0	0	21.24	21.21	21.25	16QAM	1	0	0	0	1	21.58	21.53	21.43
	1	5	0	0	0	21.26	21.18	21.18		1	5	0	0	1	21.47	21.51	21.41
	3	0	0	0	0	20.24	20.17	20.17		3	0	0	0	1	20.60	20.52	20.48
	3	3	0	0	0	20.22	20.23	20.23		3	3	0	0	1	20.54	20.53	20.48
	5	0	0	0	0	20.20	20.26	20.17		5	0	0	0	1	20.62	20.61	20.58
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						23035 / 701.5	23095 / 707.5	23155 / 713.5							23060 / 704	23095 / 707.5	23130 / 711
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.54	22.54	22.49	QPSK	1	0	0	3	7	22.58	22.50	22.47
	1	5	0	1	3	22.66	22.54	22.49		1	5	0	3	7	22.61	22.52	22.46
	3	0	0	1	3	21.67	21.55	21.51		3	0	0	3	7	22.62	22.63	22.62
	3	3	0	1	3	21.69	21.55	21.51		3	3	0	3	7	22.63	22.75	22.61
	6	0	0	1	3	21.71	21.57	21.54		6	0	0	3	7	21.76	21.77	21.62
16QAM	1	0	0	1	3	22.61	22.63	22.59	16QAM	1	0	0	3	7	22.70	22.61	22.57
	1	5	0	1	3	22.65	22.64	22.48		1	5	0	3	7	22.62	22.61	22.56
	3	0	0	1	3	21.93	21.85	21.71		3	0	0	3	7	22.70	22.53	22.45
	3	3	0	1	3	21.94	21.85	21.71		3	3	0	3	7	22.61	22.54	22.43
	5	0	0	1	3	20.85	20.83	20.69		5	0	0	3	7	21.84	21.73	21.71

BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						26697 / 814.7	26865 / 831.5	27033 / 848.3							26705 / 815.5	26865 / 831.5	27025 / 847.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.60	22.58	22.51	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.59	22.54	22.62
	1	5	0	0	0	22.50	22.60	22.53		1	5	0	0	1	22.59	22.53	22.62
	3	0	0	0	0	21.55	21.57	21.56		3	0	0	0	1	21.81	21.77	21.87
	3	3	0	0	0	21.58	21.60	21.60		3	3	0	0	1	21.72	21.78	21.66
	6	0	0	0	0	20.55	20.50	20.50		6	0	0	0	1	20.81	20.84	20.72
16QAM	1	0	0	0	0	21.55	21.55	21.52	16QAM	1	0	0	0	1	21.53	21.57	21.57
	1	5	0	0	0	21.54	21.57	21.52		1	5	0	0	1	21.53	21.45	21.44
	3	0	0	0	0	20.51	20.54	20.55		3	0	0	0	1	20.55	20.49	20.60
	3	3	0	0	0	20.53	20.58	20.51		3	3	0	0	1	20.57	20.51	20.62
	5	0	0	0	0	20.59	20.57	20.51		5	0	0	0	1	20.77	20.70	20.71
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						26715 / 816.5	26865 / 831.5	27015 / 846.5							26740 / 819	26865 / 831.5	26990 / 844
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.54	22.50	22.63	QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.54	22.50	22.63
	1	5	0	1	3	22.56	22.50	22.65		1	5	0	1	3	22.56	22.50	22.65
	3	0	0	1	3	21.74	21.60	21.69		3	0	0	1	3	21.74	21.60	21.69
	3	3	0	1	3	21.76	21.61	21.71		3	3	0	1	3	21.76	21.61	21.71
	6	0	0	1	3	21.78	21.69	21.74		6	0	0	1	3	21.78	21.69	21.74
16QAM	1	0	0	1	3	22.73	22.72	22.77	16QAM	1	0	0	1	3	22.73	22.72	22.77
	1	5	0	1	3	22.76	22.74	22.68		1	5	0	1	3	22.76	22.74	22.68
	3	0	0	1	3	21.98	21.92	21.94		3	0	0	1	3	21.98	21.92	21.94
	3	3	0	1	3	21.91	21.93	21.93		3	3	0	1	3	21.91	21.93	21.93
	5	0	0	1	3	20.83	20.81	20.88		5	0	0	1	3	20.83	20.81	20.88
BW=15M			Index			Average Power (dBm)											
Modula- -tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)											
						26765 / 821.5	26865 / 831.5	26965 / 841.5									
QPSK	1	0	0	5	11	22.60	22.49	22.64									
	1	5	0	5	11	22.60	22.50	22.67									
	3	0	0	5	11	22.72	22.76	22.87									
	3	3	0	5	11	22.73	22.76	22.79									
	6	0	0	5	11	22.76	22.78	22.70									
16QAM	1	0	0	5	11	22.78	22.64	22.78									
	1	5	0	5	11	22.80	22.72	22.68									
	3	0	0	5	11	22.67	22.58	22.67									
	3	3	0	5	11	22.68	22.69	22.69									
	5	0	0	5	11	22.59	22.50	22.59									

eMTC Band 66																	
BW=1.4M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=3M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						131979/ 1710.7	132322/ 1745	132665/ 1779.3							131987/ 1711.5	132322/ 1745	132657/ 1778.5
QPSK	1	0	0	0	0	22.48	22.41	22.42	QPSK	1	0	0	0	1	22.50	22.49	22.24
	1	5	0	0	0	22.51	22.44	22.51		1	5	0	0	1	22.52	22.54	22.30
	3	0	0	0	0	21.70	21.60	21.65		3	0	0	0	1	21.70	21.78	21.53
	3	3	0	0	0	21.51	21.43	21.44		3	3	0	0	1	21.61	21.69	21.42
	6	0	0	0	0	20.37	20.25	20.33		6	0	0	0	1	20.55	20.57	20.37
16QAM	1	0	0	0	0	21.46	21.45	21.43	16QAM	1	0	0	0	1	21.32	21.47	21.23
	1	5	0	0	0	21.44	21.41	21.38		1	5	0	0	1	21.34	21.36	21.12
	3	0	0	0	0	20.65	20.65	20.58		3	0	0	0	1	20.48	20.49	20.36
	3	3	0	0	0	20.46	20.36	20.36		3	3	0	0	1	20.45	20.53	20.38
	5	0	0	0	0	20.29	20.24	20.29		5	0	0	0	1	20.52	20.60	20.46
BW=5M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=10M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						131997/ 1712.5	132322/ 1745	132647/ 1777.5							132022/ 1715	132322/ 1745	132622/ 1775
QPSK	1	0	0	1	3	22.48	22.50	22.27	QPSK	1	0	0	3	7	22.48	22.50	22.30
	1	5	0	1	3	22.46	22.53	22.29		1	5	0	3	7	22.51	22.53	22.45
	3	0	0	1	3	21.57	21.60	21.35		3	0	0	3	7	22.48	22.58	22.42
	3	3	0	1	3	21.48	21.63	21.37		3	3	0	3	7	22.51	22.63	22.44
	6	0	0	1	3	21.50	21.65	21.39		6	0	0	3	7	21.52	21.65	21.42
16QAM	1	0	0	1	3	21.84	21.88	21.77	16QAM	1	0	0	3	7	21.85	21.88	21.80
	1	5	0	1	3	21.89	21.80	21.69		1	5	0	3	7	21.77	21.79	21.71
	3	0	0	1	3	21.62	21.75	21.65		3	0	0	3	7	21.73	21.75	21.69
	3	3	0	1	3	21.75	21.78	21.68		3	3	0	3	7	21.76	21.78	21.70
	5	0	0	1	3	20.77	20.80	20.65		5	0	0	3	7	21.66	21.67	21.60
BW=15M			Index			Average Power (dBm)			BW=20M			Index			Average Power (dBm)		
Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			Modula- tion	RB Size	RB Offset	L	M	H	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
						132047/ 1717.5	132322/ 1745	132597/ 1772.5							132072/ 1720	132322/ 1745	132572/ 1770
QPSK	1	0	0	5	11	22.48	22.50	22.32	QPSK	1	0	0	7	15	22.43	22.47	22.41
	1	5	0	5	11	22.50	22.52	22.48		1	5	0	7	15	22.47	22.49	22.43
	3	0	0	5	11	22.59	22.61	22.56		3	0	0	7	15	22.71	22.63	22.60
	3	3	0	5	11	22.61	22.69	22.58		3	3	0	7	15	22.62	22.64	22.50
	6	0	0	5	11	22.63	22.64	22.61		6	0	0	7	15	22.64	22.67	22.52
16QAM	1	0	0	5	11	21.85	21.87	21.82	16QAM	1	0	0	7	15	21.87	21.89	21.85
	1	5	0	5	11	21.89	21.90	21.73		1	5	0	7	15	21.78	21.80	21.77
	3	0	0	5	11	21.73	21.97	21.83		3	0	0	7	15	21.97	21.87	21.86
	3	3	0	5	11	21.75	21.87	21.73		3	3	0	7	15	21.88	21.89	21.76
	5	0	0	5	11	21.76	21.77	21.62		5	0	0	7	15	21.77	21.79	21.66

8.8 SAR Testing Results

8.8.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices>

- (1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

- (2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

- (3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> 1/2$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

- (4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is $> 1/2$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

8.8.2 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 mm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Center Freq. (MHz)	Index	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR-1g (W/kg)
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	-0.16	0.493	0.577
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Front	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	-0.15	0.514	0.583
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	0.19	0.598	0.699
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Back	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	0.15	0.617	0.700
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	-0.03	0.797	0.932
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	18900	1880	7	22.20	1.202	-0.02	0.797	0.958
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	19100	1900	15	22.24	1.191	0.01	0.763	0.909
9	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Left Side	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	-0.01	0.869	0.986
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Left Side	18900	1880	7	22.36	1.159	0.01	0.821	0.952
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Left Side	19100	1900	15	22.30	1.175	0.03	0.792	0.931
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	6	0	Left Side	18700	1860	0	22.41	1.146	0.03	0.855	0.979
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	0.07	0.056	0.066
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Right Side	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	0.15	0.058	0.066
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Top Side	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	0.03	0.543	0.635
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Top Side	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	-0.01	0.567	0.644
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	18700	1860	0	22.32	1.169	-0.12	0.197	0.230
	eMTC B2	20M	QPSK	3	3	Bottom Side	18700	1860	0	22.45	1.135	-0.14	0.199	0.226
40	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Front	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	-0.07	0.287	0.321
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Front	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	-0.02	0.286	0.303
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Back	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	-0.06	0.129	0.144
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Back	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	-0.03	0.121	0.128
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Left Side	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	-0.19	0.276	0.308
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Left Side	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	-0.12	0.272	0.288
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Right Side	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	0.08	0.035	0.039
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Right Side	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	0.04	0.036	0.038
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Top Side	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	0.09	0.097	0.108
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Top Side	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	-0.01	0.099	0.105
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	1	5	Bottom Side	23095	707.5	3	22.52	1.117	-0.12	0.029	0.032
	eMTC B12	10M	QPSK	3	3	Bottom Side	23095	707.5	3	22.75	1.059	-0.13	0.030	0.032
38	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Front	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	-0.08	0.199	0.223
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Front	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	-0.04	0.193	0.204
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Back	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	-0.02	0.073	0.082
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Back	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	0.03	0.075	0.079
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Left Side	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	-0.18	0.190	0.213
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	-0.13	0.196	0.220
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Right Side	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	-0.08	0.025	0.026
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Right Side	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	-0.16	0.025	0.026
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Top Side	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	0.14	0.026	0.029
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Top Side	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	0.13	0.027	0.029
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	1	5	Bottom Side	26865	831.5	5	22.50	1.122	-0.18	0.008	0.009
	eMTC B26	15M	QPSK	3	0	Bottom Side	26865	831.5	5	22.76	1.057	-0.17	0.008	0.008
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Front	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	-0.16	0.491	0.552
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Front	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	-0.17	0.440	0.470
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Back	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	0.05	0.698	0.785
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Back	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	0.08	0.659	0.705
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Left Side	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	-0.04	0.822	0.924
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Left Side	132072	1720	0	22.47	1.130	0	0.753	0.851
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Left Side	132572	1770	15	22.43	1.140	0.02	0.837	0.954
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	0.04	0.785	0.839
13	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	132322	1745	7	22.63	1.089	0.12	0.891	0.970
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	132322	1745	7	22.63	1.089	0	0.850	0.926
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Left Side	132572	1770	15	22.60	1.096	0.14	0.872	0.956
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	6	0	Left Side	132322	1745	7	22.67	1.079	0.03	0.873	0.942
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Right Side	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	0.19	0.047	0.053
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Right Side	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	0.14	0.044	0.047
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Top Side	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	0.03	0.723	0.813
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Top Side	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	0.02	0.701	0.749
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	1	5	Bottom Side	132322	1745	7	22.49	1.125	-0.08	0.216	0.243
	eMTC B66	20M	QPSK	3	0	Bottom Side	132072	1720	0	22.71	1.069	-0.11	0.235	0.251

8.8.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
eMTC B2	Left Side	18700	0.869	0.863	-1.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
eMTC B66	Left Side	132322	0.891	0.850	-1.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

8.8.4 DUT Holder Perturbations

Depending on antenna locations, buttons locations on phones or device, form factor (e.g. dongles etc.), the measured SAR could be influenced by the relative positions of the test device and its holder.

When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands with and without the device holder.

All the measured SAR are less than 1.2 W/kg, so the holder perturbation verification is not required.

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9. Appendixes

Appendix A – SAR Plots of System Verification

Appendix B – SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

Appendix C – Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

Appendix D – Photographs of the Test Set-Up

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