

FCC ID: 2BFDF-ML7

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

SRD 2.4G

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conducted power (dBm)	Conducted power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
GFSK	2.402	0.74	1.19	1 \pm 1	2	1.58	<5	0.49127	3.00	YES
	2.440	1.57	1.44	1 \pm 1	2	1.58	<5	0.49514	3.00	YES
	2.480	2.3	1.70	2 \pm 1	3	2.00	<5	0.62843	3.00	YES

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.62843 \leq 3.0$ for 1g SAR, SAR is not required.

**Signature:****Date:** 4/14/2025**NAME AND TITLE** (Please print or type): Alex li /Manager**COMPANY** (Please print or type): No. 24 Xinfu East Road, Xiangshan Community, Xinqiao Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China.