

# FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: Microphone

Model No.: Y5

FCC ID: 2BF8Y-Y5

## 1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D04 General RF Exposure Guidance v01 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,

Where:

Result =  $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

## 2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

2402MHz:

EIRP(dBm) = 79.39(dBuV/m) - 95.2 = -15.81(dBm)

	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power dBm/mW	Min test separation distance mm	Result	Limit	SAR Test Exclusion
2.4GTX	-15.81	-15 $\pm$ 1(-14)	0.040	5	0.012	3.0	Pass

Note:

PK Output power = conducted power.

Conducted power see the test report HK2404161811-E, antenna gain = -0.58dBi

Per KDB 447498 D04, when the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.012 which is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results =  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm