



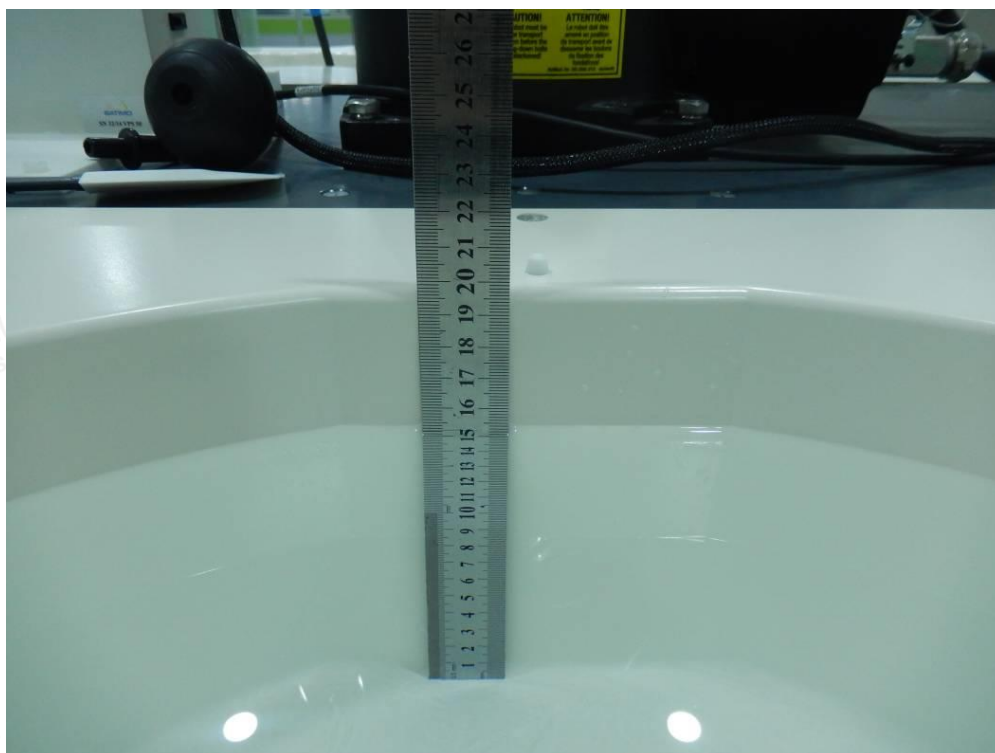
## 11. Test Setup Photo

Inside of left ear ( Head)





Liquid depth (15 cm)





## 12. SAR Result Summary

### 12.1 Body-worn SAR

| Band | Model | Test Position      | Freq. | SAR<br>(1g)<br>(W/kg) | Power<br>Drift(%) | Max.Turn-up<br>Power(dBm) | Meas.Output<br>Power(dBm) | Scaled<br>SAR<br>(W/Kg) | Meas.No. |
|------|-------|--------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| BT   | GFSK  | Inside of left ear | 2402  | 0.322                 | 3.69              | 3.00                      | 2.6                       | <b>0.353</b>            | <b>1</b> |
|      |       | Inside of left ear | 2441  | 0.258                 | 4.00              | 3.00                      | 2.05                      | 0.321                   | /        |
|      |       | Inside of left ear | 2480  | 0.215                 | 2.71              | 3.00                      | 1.15                      | 0.329                   | /        |

Note:

1. The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
2. Per KDB 447498 D04, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.



### 13. Equipment List

| Item | Equipment                             | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No.                | Cal Date   | Due Date   |
|------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| 1    | PC                                    | Lenovo       | G5005     | MY42081102                | N/A        | N/A        |
| 2    | SAR Measurement system                | SATIMO       | 4014_01   | SAR_4014_01               | N/A        | N/A        |
| 3    | Signal Generator                      | Agilent      | E4438C    | MY49072627                | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 4    | S-parameter Network Analyzer          | Agilent      | 8753ES    | US38432944                | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 5    | Wideband Radio Communication Tester   | R&S          | CMW500    | 103818-1                  | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 6    | E-Field PROBE                         | MVG          | SSE2      | SN 25/22<br>EPOG376       | 2023-06-22 | 2024-06-21 |
| 7    | DIPOLE 2450                           | SATIMO       | SID 2450  | SN 07/14 DIP<br>2G450-306 | 2021-09-29 | 2024-09-28 |
| 8    | DIPOLE 5000-6000                      | MVG          | SWG5500   | SN 49/16 WGA 43           | 2021-09-22 | 2024-09-21 |
| 9    | COMOSAR<br>OPENCoaxial Probe          | SATIMO       | OCPG 68   | SN 40/14<br>OCPG68        | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 10   | Communication Antenna                 | SATIMO       | ANTA57    | SN 39/14 ANTA57           | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 11   | FEATURE<br>PHONEPOSITIONING<br>DEVICE | SATIMO       | MSH98     | SN 40/14 MSH98            | N/A        | N/A        |
| 12   | DUMMY PROBE                           | SATIMO       | DP60      | SN 03/14 DP60             | N/A        | N/A        |
| 12   | SAM PHANTOM                           | SATIMO       | SAM117    | SN 40/14 SAM117           | N/A        | N/A        |
| 14   | Liquid measurement Kit                | HP           | 85033D    | 3423A03482                | N/A        | N/A        |
| 15   | Power meter                           | Agilent      | E4419B    | MY45104493                | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 16   | Power meter                           | Agilent      | E4419B    | MY45100308                | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 17   | Power sensor                          | Agilent      | E9301H    | MY41495616                | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 18   | Power sensor                          | Agilent      | E9301H    | MY41495234                | 2023-10-25 | 2024-10-24 |
| 19   | Directional Coupler                   | MCLI/USA     | 4426-20   | 03746                     | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |



## Appendix A. System Validation Plots

### System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

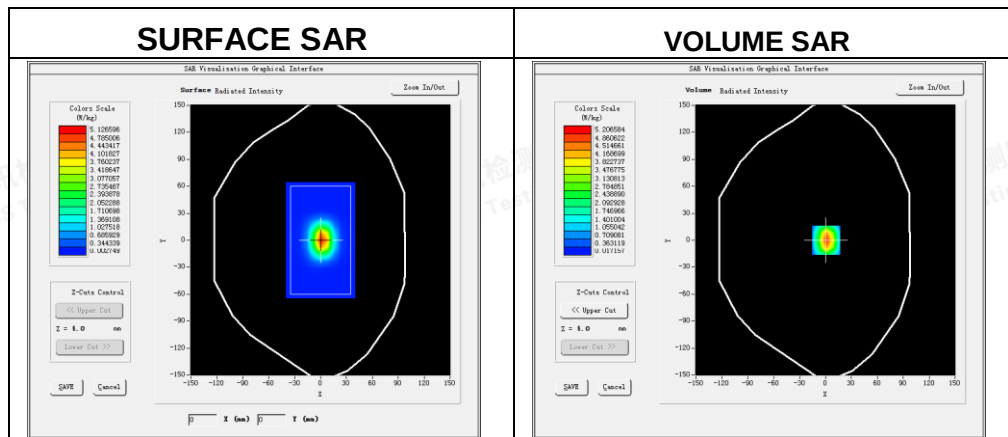
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-07-25

### Experimental conditions.

|                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Device Position       | Validation plane |
| Band                  | 2450 MHz         |
| Channels              | -                |
| Signal                | CW               |
| Frequency (MHz)       | 2450             |
| Relative permittivity | 39.46            |
| Conductivity (S/m)    | 1.78             |
| Probe                 | SN 25/22 EPGO376 |
| ConvF                 | 2.60             |
| Crest factor:         | 1:1              |

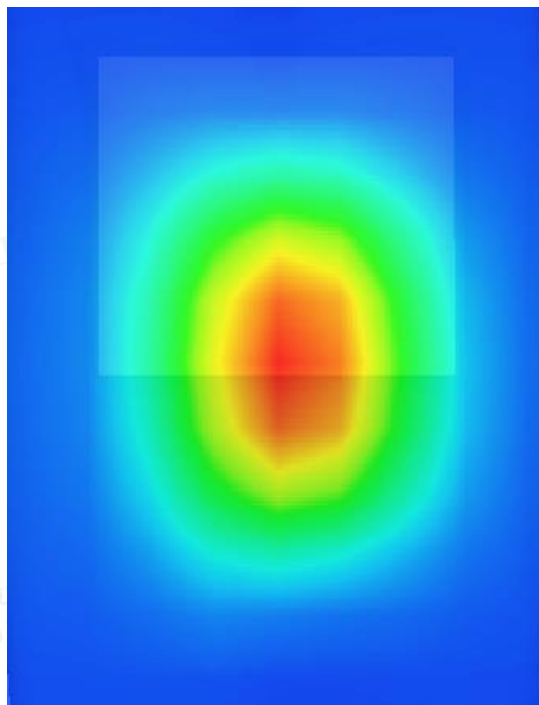
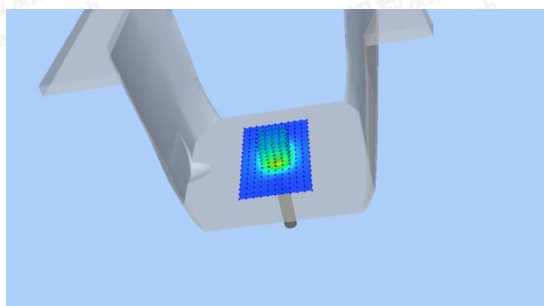
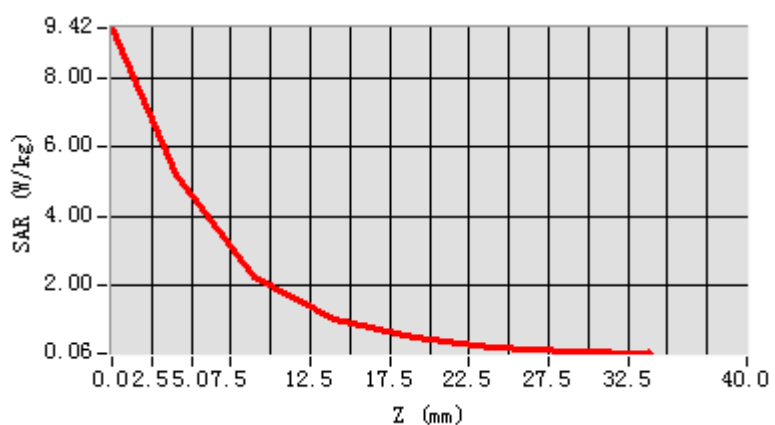


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

|                |          |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.417241 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 5.354458 |



## Z Axis Scan





## Appendix B. SAR Test Plots

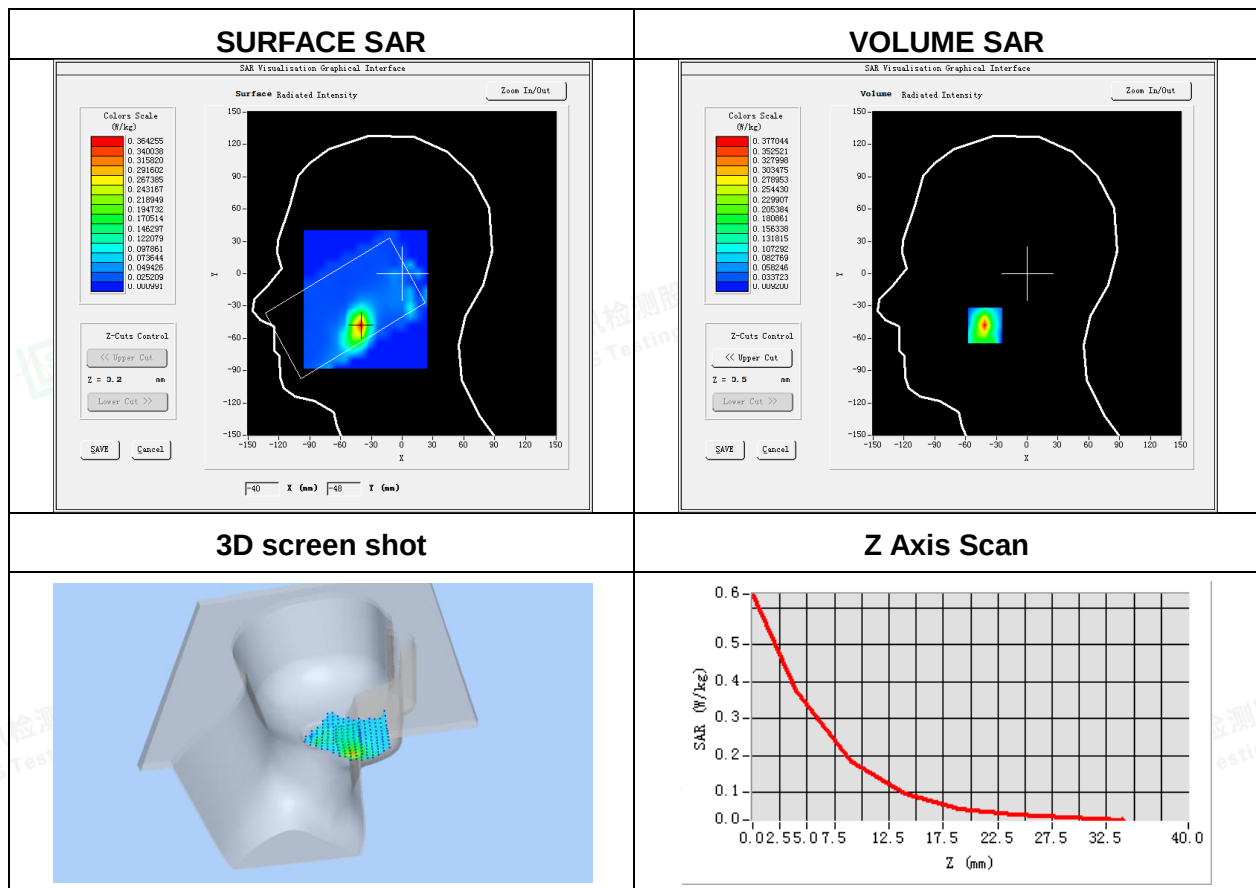
### Plot 1: DUT: Open-Ear Wireless Headset; EUT Model: Blue Air-OP10

|                                   |                              |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Test Date                         | 2022-07-25                   |
| Probe                             | SN 25/22 EPGO376             |
| ConvF                             | 1.75                         |
| Area Scan                         | dx=8mm, dy=8mm               |
| Zoom Scan                         | 7x7x7,dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm |
| Phantom                           | Validation plane             |
| Device Position                   | Inside of left ear           |
| Band                              | BT                           |
| Signal                            | GFSK (Crest factor: 1.0)     |
| Frequency (MHz)                   | 2402                         |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 39.56                        |
| Conductivity (S/m)                | 1.69                         |

Maximum location: X=-41.00, Y=-48.00

SAR Peak: 0.64 W/kg

|                |          |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.137729 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)  | 0.322033 |





## Appendix C. Probe Calibration And Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

※※※※END OF THE REPORT※※※※





## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

### Probe-EPGO376 Calibration Certificate



#### COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

##### SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

1F., XINGYUAN INDUSTRIAL PARK, TONGDA ROAD, BAO'AN  
BLVD

BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA

MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/22 EPGO376

##### Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 06/29/2022



Accreditations #2-6789  
Scope available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr)

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##### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

|                        | Name           | Function                | Date      | Signature |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Prepared by :          | Jérôme Le Gall | Measurement Responsible | 6/30/2022 |           |
| Checked & approved by: | Jérôme Luc     | Technical Manager       | 6/30/2022 |           |
| Authorized by:         | Yann Toutain   | Laboratory Director     | 6/30/2022 |           |

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|                | Customer Name                                         |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Distribution : | Shenzhen LCS<br>Compliance Testing<br>Laboratory Ltd. |

| Issue | Name           | Date      | Modifications   |
|-------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| A     | Jérôme Le Gall | 6/30/2022 | Initial release |
|       |                |           |                 |
|       |                |           |                 |
|       |                |           |                 |



## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

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## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test                        |                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Device Type                              | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE                                        |
| Manufacturer                             | MVG                                                                     |
| Model                                    | SSE2                                                                    |
| Serial Number                            | SN 25/22 EPG0376                                                        |
| Product Condition (new / used)           | New                                                                     |
| Frequency Range of Probe                 | 0.15 GHz-6GHz                                                           |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.193 MΩ<br>Dipole 2: R2=0.188 MΩ<br>Dipole 3: R3=0.198 MΩ |

## 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

|                                            |        |
|--------------------------------------------|--------|
| Probe Length                               | 330 mm |
| Length of Individual Dipoles               | 2 mm   |
| Maximum external diameter                  | 8 mm   |
| Probe Tip External Diameter                | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm   |

## 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

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### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

### 3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{be} + d_{step}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta/2})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $SAR_{uncertainty}$ | is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect                                                                                                                                           |
| $d_{be}$            | is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre                                                                                                |
| $\Delta_{step}$     | is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible |
| $\delta$            | is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;                                               |
| $\Delta SAR_{be}$   | in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance $d_{be}$ from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.                                                         |

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR uncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).



## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide |                       |                          |         |    |                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------|----|--------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES                                              | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Expanded uncertainty<br>95 % confidence level $k = 2$      |                       |                          |         |    | 14 %                     |

#### 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Calibration Parameters |             |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Liquid Temperature     | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature        | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity           | 30-70 %     |

##### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

|                                                           |                                                           |                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Normx dipole<br>1 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normy dipole<br>2 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normz dipole<br>3 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) |
| 0.76                                                      | 0.78                                                      | 0.76                                                      |

|                      |                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| DCP dipole 1<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 2<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 3<br>(mV) |
| 106                  | 107                  | 108                  |

Calibration curves  $e_i=f(V)$  ( $i=1,2,3$ ) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

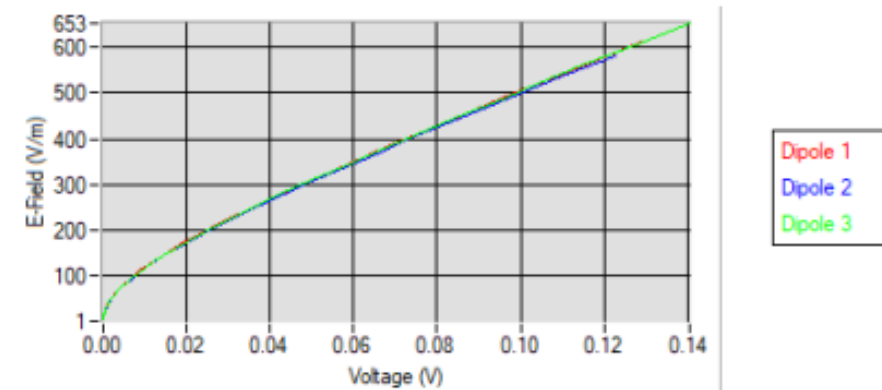
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



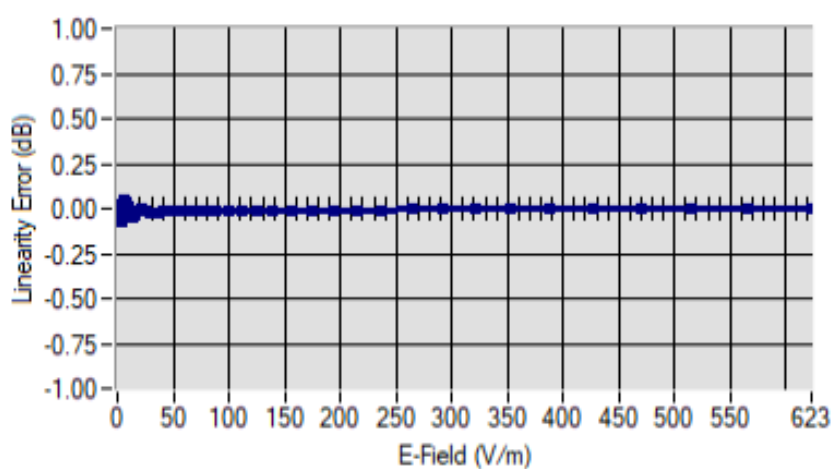
## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.180.4.22.BES.A

## Calibration curves

5.2 LINEARITY

## Linearity

Linearity:  $\pm 1.81\%$  ( $\pm 0.08\text{dB}$ )