FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

SAR TEST REPORT

For

Zhuhai SHIXI Technology Co.,Ltd

Ai dual camera device

Test Model: AiBoo-V188

Additional Model No.: Please Refer to Page 8

Prepared for Zhuhai SHIXI Technology Co.,Ltd

Room 601-1, Building 4, Tech Bay, 1 Jintang Road Hi-tech Zone, Address

Zhuhai, Guangdong, China

Prepared by Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

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Date of receipt of test sample January 17, 2024

Number of tested samples

Sample number A12043052-1 Date of Test Prototype

January 17, 2024 ~ February 04, 2024

Date of Report February 04, 2024





Report No.: LCSA01164146EB



Page 2 of 44 FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

SAR TEST REPORT Report Reference No...... LCSA01164146EB Date Of Issue February 04, 2024 Testing Laboratory Name....:: **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.** Address: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China Testing Location/ Procedure: Full application of Harmonised standards Partial application of Harmonised standards Other standard testing method Zhuhai SHIXI Technology Co.,Ltd Applicant's Name: Room 601-1, Building 4, Tech Bay, 1 Jintang Road Hi-tech Zone, Address Zhuhai, Guangdong, China **Test Specification:** Standard...... FCC 47CFR §2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, IEEE 1528-2013 Test Report Form No...... LCSEMC-1.0 TRF Originator....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

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Test Item Description.: Ai dual camera device

Trade Mark: N/A

Model/Type Reference AiBoo-V188

Master TRF Dated 2014-09

Ratings Input: 5V-3A, 9V-2A, 12V-1.5A

DC 3.87V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 10020mAh

Result: Positive

Compiled by:

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

Jayzhan

Jay Zhan/ File administrators

Cary Luo / Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager











FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

SAR -- TEST REPORT

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Address.....: 401, ZONE 101A, WORKSHOP 15, ZHONGFU ROAD,

TANGXIAYONG COMMUNITY, YANLUO STREET, BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN CITY, GUANGDONG PROVINCE,

P.R.C.

Telephone...... : / Fax...... : /

| Test Result | Positive |
|-------------|----------|
| | |

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

Revison History

| | Revision | Issue Date | Revision Content | Revised By |
|---|----------|-------------------|------------------|------------|
| ĺ | 000 | February 04, 2024 | Initial Issue | |
| ĺ | | | | |
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五式混炼测度份 LCS Testing Lab

NST 工讯检测股份 LCS Testing Lab 上 立讯检测股份 LCS Testing Lab

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TET 立语检测股份 LCS Testing Lab

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化多丁式形检测股份 LCS Testing Lab

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LET 立语检测度份

TH检测股份 Los Testing Lab 上CS Testing Lab



TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1. TES | ST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION | 6 |
|---------------|---|------------|
| 1.1. | STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE | 6 |
| 1.2. | TEST LOCATION | |
| 1.3. | TEST FACILITY | |
| 1.4. | TEST LABORATORY ENVIRONMENT | |
| 1.5. | PRODUCT DESCRIPTION | |
| 1.6. 1.7. | DUT ANTENNA LOCATIONS | |
| 1.7. | TEST SPECIFICATIONRF EXPOSURE LIMITS | |
| 1.9. | EQUIPMENT LIST | |
| 2. SAF | R MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION | 14 |
| 2.1. | SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM | 14 |
| 2.2. | ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE EX3DV4 | |
| 2.3. | DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS (DAE) | |
| 2.4. | | |
| 2.5. | ELI PHANTOM | |
| 2.6. | DEVICE HOLDER FOR TRANSMITTERS. | |
| 2.7. | | |
| | R MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY | |
| 3.1. | | |
| | SAR MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY | |
| | SCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION | |
| | BODY EXPOSURE CONDITION | |
| | EXTREMITY EXPOSURE CONDITIONS | |
| | R SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE | |
| | TISSUE SIMULATE LIQUID | |
| 5.2. | SAR SYSTEM CHECK | 29 |
| 6. SAF | R MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE | 31 |
| 6.1. | CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT | 31 |
| | WIFI TEST CONFIGURATION | |
| | POWER REDUCTION | |
| | Power Drift | |
| 7. TES | T CONDITIONS AND RESULTS | |
| 7.1. | | |
| | STAND-ALONE SAR TEST EVALUATION | |
| | SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS | |
| | MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION | |
| | NDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS | |
| APPE | NDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS | 4 |
| APPE | NDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE | 4 |
| APPE | NDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS | 4 4 |











FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for AiBoo-V188 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

| Classment Class | Frequency Band | Body-worn (Report SAR1-g (W/kg) | |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Class | Danu | (Separation Distance 5mm) | |
| DTS | WIFI2.4G | 0.359 | |
| | WIFI5.2G | 0.209 | |
| NIII | WIFI5.3G | 0.233 | |
| NII | WIFI5.5G | 0.161 | |
| | WIFI5.8G | 0.181 | |

Note

- 1) This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
- 2) Body worn only Front side, Rear side
- 3) Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.





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Page 7 of 44 FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

1.2. Test Location

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District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

Telephone: (86)755-82591330 Fax: (86)755-82591330 Web: www.LCS-cert.com

webmaster@LCS-cert.com E-mail:

1.3. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description

SAR Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595. Test Firm Registration Number: 254912.

1.4. Test Laboratory Environment

| Temperature | WST ICS Testing | Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C | MS I CS Testing |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Relative humidity | | Min. = 30%, Max. = 70% | 1 |
| Ground system resistance | | < 0.5 Ω | |
| Atmospheric pressure: | | 950-1050mbar | |



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FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

1.5. Product Description

The Zhuhai SHIXI Technology Co., Ltd 's Model: AiBoo-V188 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

| General Description | |
|----------------------|---|
| Product Name: | Ai dual camera device |
| Test Model: | AiBoo-V188 |
| Additional Model No. | AiBoo-V168, AiBoo-V168Pro, AiBoo-V188Pro |
| Model Declaration | PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested |
| Power supply: | Input: 5V-3A, 9V-2A, 12V-1.5A DC 3.87V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 10020mAh |
| Hardware Version: | 1 Titlesting Lab |
| Software Version: | 1 Ce in |

| Technical Characteristics | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Bluetooth | | | |
| Frequency Range: | 2402MHz~2480MHz | | |
| Bluetooth Channel Number: | 79 channels for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS) | | |
| Bluetooth Channel Spacing: | 1MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS) | | |
| Bluetooth Modulation Type: | GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.0 (DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V5.0 (DTS) | | |
| Bluetooth Version: | V5.0 | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 2.6dBi(Max.) | | |
| WIFI(2.4G Band) | | | |
| Frequency Range: | 2412MHz~2462MHz | | |
| Channel Spacing: | 5MHz | | |
| Channel Number: | 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz) | | |
| Modulation Type | IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 2.6dBi(Max.) | | |
| WIFI(5.2G Band) | | | |
| Frequency Range: | 5180MHz~5240MHz | | |
| Channel Number: | 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz~5240MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz) | | |
| Modulation Type: | IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 3.1dBi(Max.) | | |
| WIFI(5.3G Band) | | | |
| Frequency Range: | 5260MHz~5320MHz | | |
| Channel Number: | 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5260MHz~5320MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5270MHz~5310MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5290MHz) | | |
| Modulation Type: | IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 3.5dBi(Max.) | | |



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Page 9 of 44 FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

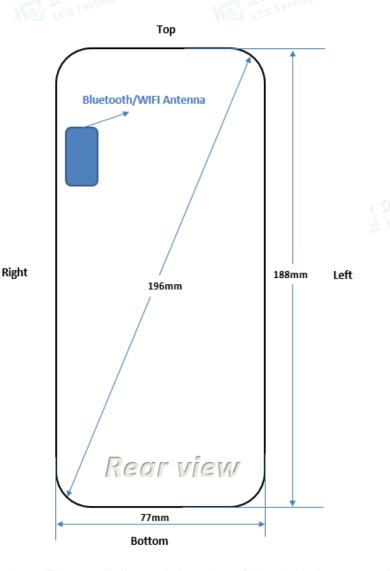
| WIFI(5.5G Band) | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Frequency Range: | 5500MHz~5700MHz | | |
| Channel Number: | 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5500MHz~5700MHz) 5 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5510MHz~5670MHz) 2 Channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5530MHz, 5610MHz) | | |
| Modulation Type: | IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 3.9dBi(Max.) | | |
| WIFI(5.8G Band) | | | |
| Frequency Range: 5745MHz~5825MHz | | | |
| Channel Number: | 5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745MHz~5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755MHz~5795MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5775MHz) | | |
| Modulation Type: | IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) | | |
| Antenna Description: | FPC Antenna, 3.8dBi(Max.) | | |
| Exposure category: | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | | |







1.6. DUT Antenna Locations



Note:

The test device is a smart phone. The overall diagonal dimension of this device is 170 mm. Per KDB 648474 D04, because the diagonal distance of this device is ≥160mm, so it is a phablet.
 2)

| - / | 41.124 | | the state of the same | 1.32 | See a | GM 124 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 |
|---|--------|------|-----------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Distance from the antenna to the EUT edge(mm) | | | | | | |
| Mode | Front | Back | Left | Right | Тор | Bottom |
| Bluetooth/WIFI Antenna | 5 | 5 | 55 | 6 | 40 | 123 |

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

According to the distance between WIFI&BT antennas and the sides of the EUT we can draw the conclusion that:

| EUT Sides for SAR Testing | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|----|
| Mode Exposure Condition Front Back Left Right Top Bottom | | | | | | | |
| Bluetooth/WIFI Antenna | Body 1g SAR | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | No |

Table 1: EUT Sides for SAR Testing Note:

When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.





1.7. Test Specification

| 1.7. Test Specifica | ation 艾语检测股份 |
|----------------------|---|
| Identity | Document Title |
| FCC 47CFR §2.1093 | Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices |
| ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz. |
| IEEE 1528-2013 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| KDB 248227 D01 | SAR Guidance for IEEE 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 |
| KDB 648474 D04 | Handset SAR v01r03 |
| KDB 447498 D01 | General RF Exposure Guidance v06 |
| KDB 865664 D01 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 |
| KDB 865664 D02 | RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 |
| KDB 690783 D01 | SAR Listings on Grants v01r03 |
| KDB 941225 D07 | UMPC Mini Tablet v01r02 |



Report No.: LCSA01164146EB











1.8. RF exposure limits

| I.8. RF exposure limits | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational | | | |
| Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk) | 1.60 mW/g | 8.00 mW/g | | | |
| Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body) | 0.08 mW/g | 0.40 mW/g | | | |
| Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 mW/g | 20.00 mW/g | | | |

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)



















^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



1.9. Equipment list

| Test Platform | SPEAG DASY5 Professional | Tes res |
|--------------------|---|---------|
| Description | SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz) | |
| Software Reference | DASY52; SEMCAD X | |

Hardware Reference

| | Haldware Neiereille | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Equipment | Manufacturer | Model | Serial Number | Calibration Date | Due date of calibration | | | |
| | PC | Lenovo | NA | NA | NA | NA | | | |
| | Twin Phantom | SPEAG | SAM V5.0 | 1850 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | ELI Phantom | SPEAG | ELI V6.0 | 2010 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | DAE | SPEAG | DAE3 | 373 | 2024/1/3 | 2025/1/2 | | | |
| | E-Field Probe | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 3805 | 2023/11/23 | 2024/11/22 | | | |
| | Validation Kits | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 965 | 2023/10/23 | 2026/10/22 | | | |
| | Validation Kits | SPEAG | D5GHzV2 | 1046 | 2023/10/23 | 2026/10/22 | | | |
| | Agilent Network Analyzer | Agilent | 8753E | SU38432944 | 2023/6/9 | 2024/6/8 | | | |
| | Dielectric Probe Kit | SPEAG | DAK3.5 | 1425 | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | Universal Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMW500 | 42115 | 2023/10/29 | 2024/10/28 | | | |
| | Directional Coupler | MCLI/USA | 4426-20 | 03746 | 2023/6/9 | 2024/6/8 | | | |
| | Power meter | Agilent | E4419B | MY45104493 | 2023/10/29 | 2024/10/28 | | | |
| | Power meter | Agilent | E4419B | MY45100308 | 2023/10/29 | 2024/10/28 | | | |
| | Power sensor | Agilent | E9301H | MY41495616 | 2023/10/29 | 2024/10/28 | | | |
| | Power sensor | Agilent | E9301H | MY41495234 | 2023/10/29 | 2024/10/28 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Signal Generator | Agilent | E4438C | MY49072627 | 2023/6/9 | 2024/6/8 | | | |
| \boxtimes | Broadband Preamplifier | / | BP-01M18G | P190501 | 2023/6/15 | 2024/6/14 | | | |
| | DC POWER SUPPLY | I-SHENG | SP-504 | NA | NCR | NCR | | | |
| \boxtimes | Speed reading thermometer | HTC-1 | NA | LCS-E-138 | 2023/6/13 | 2024/6/12 | | | |

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



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2. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

2.1. SAR Measurement System

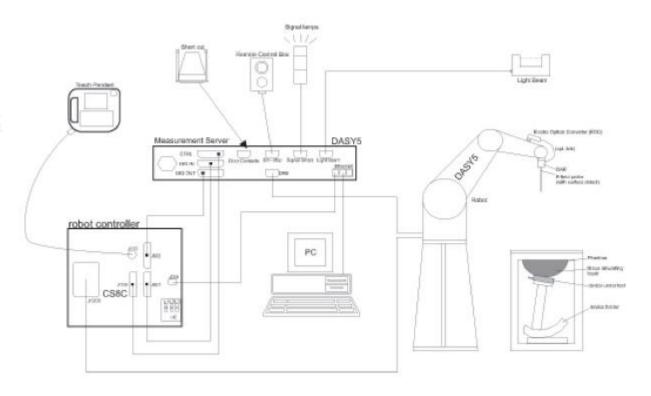
This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \sigma (|Ei|2)/\rho$ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:
A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration













Page **15** of **44**

FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

- Report No.: LCSA01164146EB
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.





2.2. Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

| | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
|---------------|---|
| Calibration | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available. |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |
| Compatibility | DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI |







Report No.: LCSA01164146EB







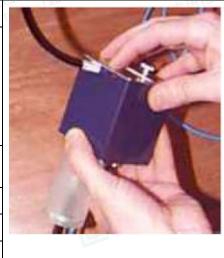






2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model | DAE |
|----------------------|--|
| Construction | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. |
| Measurement Range | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV) |
| Input Offset Voltage | < 5µV (with auto zero) |
| Input Bias Current | < 50 f A |
| Dimensions | 60 x 60 x 68 mm |



Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

2.4. SAM Twin Phantom

| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) |
|---|---|
| Liquid Compatibility | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point) |
| Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support) | Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet |
| Filling Volume | approx. 25 liters |
| Wooden Support | SPEAG standard phantom table |



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.







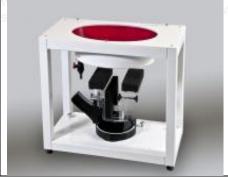






2.5. ELI Phantom

| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) |
|-----------------|--|
| Liquid | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue |
| Compatibility | simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type) |
| Shell Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) |
| Dimensions | Major axis: 600 mm |
| | Minor axis: 400 mm |
| Filling Volume | approx. 30 liters |
| Wooden Support | SPEAG standard phantom table |



Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.

























2.6. Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





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2.7. Measurement procedure

2.7.1. Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm*32mm*30mm (f≤2GHz), 30mm*30mm*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm*24mm*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (f≤2GHz), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.





| | | | ≤ 3 GHz | > 3 GHz | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|------|
| Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr | | | 5 ± 1 mm | ½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm | ٠.٠ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | | | 30° ± 1° | 20° ± 1° | T TO |
| | | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 − 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm | |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area} | | | When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test. | on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom} | | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm* | 股份 |
| | uniform grid: Δz _{Z∞m} (n) | | ≤ 5 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | ng |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface | graded | Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface | ≤ 4 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | |
| | grid | Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ | | |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | • | ≥ 30 mm | 3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | TI |

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %

2.7.2. Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.











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The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

- Conversion factor ConvFi - Diode compression point Dcpi Device parameters: - Frequency - Crest factor Media parameters: - Conductivity - Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

٤

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$



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FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

Report No.: LCSA01164146EB



$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2)/f$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I (i = x, y, z)

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770_{or} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



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3. SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

3.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through
- 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

3.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.







4. Description of Test Position

4.1. Body Exposure Condition

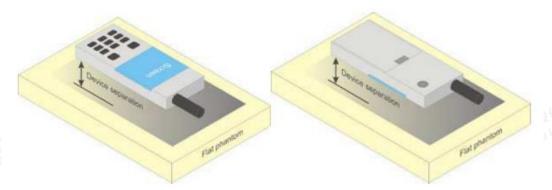
4.1.1. Body-worn accessory exposure conditions

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chestworn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



F-1. Test positions for body-worn devices













4.1.2. Wireless Router exposure conditions

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. For devices with form factors smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm is required.

4.2. Extremity exposure conditions

Per FCC KDB 648474D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the device is marketed as "Phablet".

The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for Product Specific 10-g SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, Product Specific 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg; however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.

Due to the SAR result, the Main antenna frequency bands are not required to test with 0mm for the Product Specific 10 g SAR.









FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

SAR System Verification Procedure

5.1. Tissue Simulate Liquid

5.1.1. Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

| Ingredients | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| (% by weight) | 450 | 700-900 | 1750-2000 | 2300-2500 | 2500-2700 | | | | |
| Water | 38.56 | 40.30 | 55.24 | 55.00 | 54.92 | | | | |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.38 | 0.31 | 0.2 | 0.23 | | | | |
| Sucrose | 56.32 | 57.90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| HEC | 0.98 | 0.24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Tween | 0 | 0 | 44.45 | 44.80 | 44.85 | | | | |

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ⁺ resistivity Sucrose: 98+% Pure Sucrose HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:

Water: 50-65% Mineral oil: 10-30% Emulsifiers: 8-25% Sodium salt: 0-1.5%

Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid





5.1.2. Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the DAKS. The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±2°C.

| Tissue Type | Measured | Target Tissue (±5%) | | Measured Tissue | | Liquid | Measured | |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|--------------|-------------------|--|
| | Frequency (MHz) | ε _r | σ(S/m) | ε _r | σ(S/m) | Temp. (℃) | Date | |
| 2450 Head | 2450 | 39.2 (37.24~41.16) | 1.8 (1.71~1.89) | 38.825 | 1.789 | 22.0 | January 31, 2024 | |
| 5250Head | 5250 | 36.0 (34.20~37.80) | 4.66 (4.43~4.89) | 35.730 | 4.767 | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 | |
| 5600 Head | 5600 | 35.5 (33.73~37.28) | 5.07 (4.82~5.32) | 35.709 | 5.061 | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 | |
| 5750 Head | 5750 | 35.3 (33.54~37.07) | 5.27 (5.01~5.53) | 35.327 | 5.180 | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 | |

Table 3: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters















Report No.: LCSA01164146EB









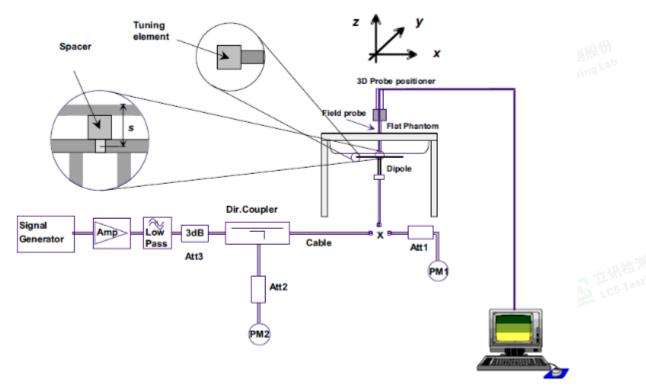


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5.2. SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range 22±2°C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15±0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check

5.2.1. Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

- 1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.
 - a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
 - b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
 - c) Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
 - d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



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FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

5.2.2. Summary System Check Result(s)

| | wall Bel 173 | | | wetth litter 1177 | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Validation Kit | | Measured SAR 250mW | Measured SAR 250mW | Measured SAR (normalized to 1W) | Measured SAR (normalized to 1W) | Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%) | Target SAR (normalized to 1W (±10%) | Liquid Temp. (℃) | Measured Date |
| | | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1-g(W/kg) | 10-g(W/kg) | | |
| D2450V2 | Head | 12.60 | 5.79 | 50.40 | 23.16 | 53.5 (48.15~58.85) | 24.8 (22.50~27.50) | 22.0 | January 31, 2024 |
| Valida | Validation Kit | | Measured SAR 100mW | Measured SAR (normalized to 1W) | Measured SAR (normalized to 1W) | Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%) | Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%) | Liquid Temp. (°C) | Measured Date |
| | | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1g (W/kg) | 10g (W/kg) | 1-g(W/kg) | 10-g(W/kg) | | |
| | Head (5.25GHz) | 8.06 | 2.25 | 80.60 | 22.50 | 78.1 (69.21~84.59) | 22.2 (19.44~23.76) | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 |
| D5GHzV2 | Head (5.6GHz) | 8.21 | 2.28 | 82.10 | 22.80 | 81.9 (72.27~88.33) | 23.1 (20.25~24.75) | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 |
| 1 | Head (5.75GHz) | 8.10 | 2.25 | 81.00 | 22.50 | 77.4 (69.12~84.48) | 21.6 (19.17~23.43) | 21.7 | February 04, 2024 |

Table 4: Please see the Appendx A









Report No.: LCSA01164146EB











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Page **31** of **44** FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188 Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

6. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

6.1. Conducted power measurement

a. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band. b. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

6.2. WIFI Test Configuration

For WiFi SAR testing, a communication link is set up with the testing software for WiFi mode test. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Per KDB 248227D01, a minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The repotted SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

6.2.1. Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure condition with multiple test position, such as handsets operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or IJMPC mini-tablet , procedures for <u>initial test position</u> can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or <u>initial test configuration</u>, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated(peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the <u>initial test position</u> is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured. For all positions/configurations tested using the <u>initial test position</u> and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.2.2. Initial Test Configuration Procedure

An <u>initial test configuration</u> is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2 of KDB 248227D01). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and CIMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the <u>initial test position</u> procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the <u>initial test configuration</u> transmission mode. For fixed exposure conditions that do not have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the <u>initial test configuration</u>. When the reported SAR of the <u>initial test configuration</u> is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the <u>initial test configuration</u> until the repotted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

6.2.3. Sub Test Configuration Procedure

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802 11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the <u>initial test configuration</u> are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units.

When the highest reported SAR for the <u>initial test configuration</u>, according to the <u>initial test position</u> or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to <u>initial test configuration</u> specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.





6.2.4. WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

a) 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KD8 248227D01) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.

FCC ID: 2BEP3-AIBOO-V188

Report No.: LCSA01164146EB

2) When the reported SAR is > 0 8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

b) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KD8 248227D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

c) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-I and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

6.3. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

6.4. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within ± 0.2 dB.



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TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

7.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

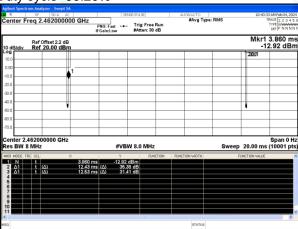
7.1.1. Maximum Peak Conducted Power Measurement Results (WIFI 2.4G)

| Condition | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune up |
|-----------|-------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|---------|
| NVNT | b | 2412 | Ant1 | 18.84 | 19.00 |
| NVNT | b | 2437 | Ant1 | 18.95 | 19.00 |
| NVNT | cs Tb | 2462 | Ant1 | 19.52 | 20.00 |
| NVNT | g | 2412 | Ant1 | 14.26 | 15.00 |
| NVNT | g | 2437 | Ant1 | 14.27 | 15.00 |
| NVNT | g | 2462 | Ant1 | 14.76 | 15.50 |
| NVNT | n20 | 2412 | Ant1 | 13.31 | 14.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 2437 | Ant1 | 13.11 | 13.50 |
| NVNT | n20 | 2462 | Ant1 | 13.78 | 14.50 |
| NVNT | n40 | 2422 | Ant1 | 12.10 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | n40 | 2437 | Ant1 | 12.60 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 2452 | Ant1 | 12.55 | 13.00 |

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due 五 立语检测股化 LCS Testing Li to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 2.4G (802.11b):

Duty cycle=99.20%





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7.1.2. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.2G)

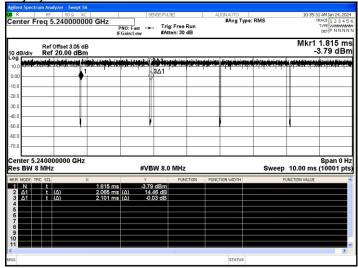
| Condition | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Conducted Power (dBm) | Duty Factor (dB) | Total Power (dBm) | Tune up |
|-----------|------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| NVNT | а | 5180 | Ant1 | 12.35 | 0.00 | 12.35 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5200 | Ant1 | 12.43 | 0.00 | 12.43 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5240 | Ant1 | 12.55 | 0.00 | 12.55 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5180 | Ant1 | 12.59 | 0.00 | 12.59 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5200 | Ant1 | 12.36 | 0.00 | 12.36 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5240 | Ant1 | 12.46 | 0.00 | 12.46 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5190 | Ant1 | 11.59 | 0.15 | 11.74 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5230 | Ant1 | 11.63 | 0.15 | 11.78 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5180 | Ant1 | 12.63 | 0.00 | 12.63 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5200 | Ant1 | 12.29 | 0.00 | 12.29 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5240 | Ant1 | 12.43 | 0.00 | 12.43 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5190 | Ant1 | 11.62 | 0.16 | 11.78 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5230 | Ant1 | 11.66 | 0.15 | 11.81 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac80 | 5210 | Ant1 | 10.20 | 0.32 | 10.52 | 11.00 |

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.2G (802.11a):

Duty cycle=98.29%











Report No.: LCSA01164146EB



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7.1.3. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.3G)

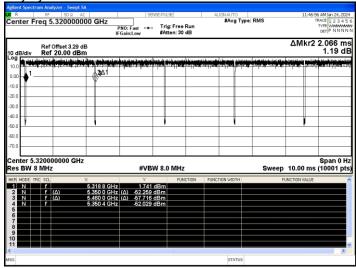
| Condition | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Conducted Power (dBm) | Duty Factor (dB) | Total Power (dBm) | Tune up |
|-----------|------|-----------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| NVNT | а | 5260 | Ant1 | 12.30 | 0.00 | 12.30 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5300 | Ant1 | 12.24 | 0.00 | 12.24 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | а | 5320 | Ant1 | 12.37 | 0.00 | 12.37 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5260 | Ant1 | 12.13 | 0.00 | 12.13 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5300 | Ant1 | 12.36 | 0.00 | 12.36 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5320 | Ant1 | 12.23 | 0.00 | 12.23 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5270 | Ant1 | 11.31 | 0.15 | 11.46 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5310 | Ant1 | 11.55 | 0.15 | 11.70 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5260 | Ant1 | 12.19 | 0.00 | 12.19 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5300 | Ant1 | 12.61 | 0.00 | 12.61 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5320 | Ant1 | 12.19 | 0.00 | 12.19 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5270 | Ant1 | 11.12 | 0.16 | 11.28 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5310 | Ant1 | 11.24 | 0.15 | 11.39 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac80 | 5290 | Ant1 | 10.29 | 0.32 | 10.61 | 11.00 |

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.3G (802.11a):

Duty cycle=98.33%













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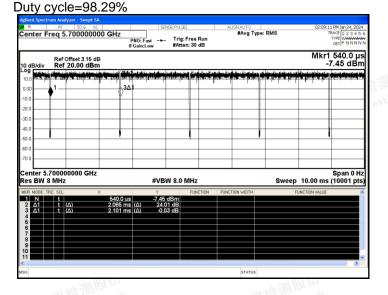
7.1.4. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.5G)

| Condition | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Conducted Power (dBm) | Duty Factor (dB) | Total Power (dBm) | Tune up |
|-----------|------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| NVNT | а | 5500 | Ant1 | 12.62 | 0.00 | 12.62 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5580 | Ant1 | 12.50 | 0.00 | 12.50 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5700 | Ant1 | 12.72 | 0.00 | 12.72 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5500 | Ant1 | 12.40 | 0.00 | 12.40 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5580 | Ant1 | 12.35 | 0.00 | 12.35 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5700 | Ant1 | 12.56 | 0.00 | 12.56 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5510 | Ant1 | 11.16 | 0.15 | 11.31 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5550 | Ant1 | 11.26 | 0.16 | 11.42 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5670 | Ant1 | 11.42 | 0.16 | 11.58 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5500 | Ant1 | 12.47 | 0.00 | 12.47 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5580 | Ant1 | 12.37 | 0.00 | 12.37 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5700 | Ant1 | 12.52 | 0.00 | 12.52 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5510 | Ant1 | 11.08 | 0.16 | 11.24 | 11.50 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5550 | Ant1 | 11.27 | 0.15 | 11.42 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5670 | Ant1 | 11.36 | 0.16 | 11.52 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac80 | 5530 | Ant1 | 10.36 | 0.32 | 10.68 | 11.00 |
| NVNT | ac80 | 5610 | Ant1 | 10.10 | 0.32 | 10.42 | 11.00 |

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.5G (802.11a):







Report No.: LCSA01164146EB



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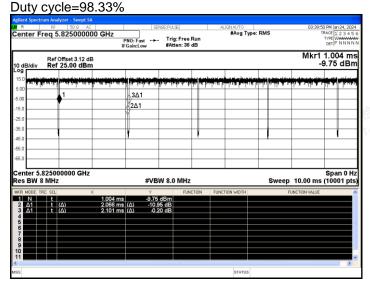
7.1.5. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI 5.8G)

| .5. Condi | ucted Power | Measureme | nt Results(| WIFI 5.8G) | -mi 85 43 | | -mil P |
|-----------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------|
| Condition | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Antenna | Conducted Power (dBm) | Duty Factor (dB) | Total Power (dBm) | Tune up |
| NVNT | а | 5745 | Ant1 | 12.27 | 0.00 | 12.27 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5785 | Ant1 | 12.46 | 0.00 | 12.46 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | а | 5825 | Ant1 | 12.57 | 0.00 | 12.57 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5745 | Ant1 | 12.05 | 0.00 | 12.05 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5785 | Ant1 | 12.24 | 0.00 | 12.24 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | n20 | 5825 | Ant1 | 12.42 | 0.00 | 12.42 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5755 | Ant1 | 11.55 | 0.15 | 11.70 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | n40 | 5795 | Ant1 | 11.39 | 0.16 | 11.55 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5745 | Ant1 | 12.08 | 0.00 | 12.08 | 12.50 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5785 | Ant1 | 12.29 | 0.00 | 12.29 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac20 | 5825 | Ant1 | 12.45 | 0.00 | 12.45 | 13.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5755 | Ant1 | 11.55 | 0.16 | 11.71 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac40 | 5795 | Ant1 | 11.35 | 0.16 | 11.51 | 12.00 |
| NVNT | ac80 | 5775 | Ant1 | 10.31 | 0.32 | 10.63 | 11.00 |

Note:

- a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- 1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
- 2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.8G (802.11a):









7.1.6. Maximum Peak Conducted Power Measurement Results (Bluetooth)

| 6. Max | kimum Peak Co | onducted Powe | r Measurement Results (Bluetooth) | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Test Mode | Antenna | Frequency [MHz] | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune up |
| | | 2402 | -0.02 | 0.50 |
| DH5 | Ant1 | 2441 | -0.48 | 0.00 |
| | | 2480 | 1.04 | 1.50 |
| | | 2402 | -0.91 | -0.50 |
| 2DH5 | Ant1 | 2441 | -1.52 | -1.00 |
| | | 2480 | 0.34 | 1.00 |
| | - 112 | 2402 | -0.53 | 0.00 |
| 3DH5 | Ant1 | 2441 | -1.02 | -0.50 |
| | T Trong La | 2480 | 0.61 | 1.00 |

| Test Mode | Antenna | Frequency [MHz] | Conducted Power (dBm) | Tune up |
|--------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | | 2402 | 5.22 | 5.50 |
| BLE-1M | Ant1 | 2440 | 4.70 | 5.00 |
| | | 2480 | 6.79 | 7.50 |
| | | 2402 | 5.20 | 5.50 |
| BLE-1M | Ant1 | 2440 | 4.75 | 5.00 |
| - 44 - 111 | 股份 | 2480 | 6.80 | 7.50 |
| LCS Test | ing Lab | LCS Testing L | LCS Testing Lab | LCS Testing L |







Report No.: LCSA01164146EB











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7.2. Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and Product specific 10g SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Test Exclusion Threshold condition is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

| Freq. | Frequency | Position | Average Power | | Test Separation | Calculate | Exclusion | Exclusion | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Band | (GHz) | Fosition | dBm | mW | (mm) | Value | Threshold | (Y/N) | |
| Bluetooth | 2.48 | Body-worn | 7.5 | 5.62 | 5 | 1.771 | 3 | th Y | |

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

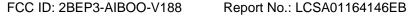
The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.





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The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10

Scaling factor=10(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

Ptarget is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

7.3.1. SAR Results [WIFI 2.4G]

| | time . | FG 112 | - | | -mil Bee 133 | | | -mil Beg. 133 | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| | SAR Values [WIFI 2.4G] | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ch/ Channal | Channel | Test | | Conducted | Maximum Allowed | Power | Caalina | SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg) | | | | |
| Ch/ Freq. (MHz) | Type | Position | Duty Cycle | Power (dBm) | Power (dBm) | Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Measured | Reported | | | |
| | | mea | asured / reporte | ed SAR number | s - Body (Test o | data distance 5r | mm) | | | | | |
| 11/2462 | 802.11b | Front side | 1.008 | 19.52 | 20.00 | 0.20 | 1.117 | 0.184 | 0.207 | | | |
| 11/2462 | 802.11b | Rear side | 1.008 | 19.52 | 20.00 | -0.13 | 1.117 | 0.319 | 0.359 | | | |
| 11/2462 | 802.11b | Right side | 1.008 | 19.52 | 20.00 | -0.05 | 1.117 | 0.110 | 0.124 | | | |

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per KDB 648474 D04, Product Specific 10-g SAR test is not required for this frequency band since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.















7.3.2. SAR Results [WIFI 5.2G]

| 7.3.2. SAI | 3.2. SAR Results [WIFI 5.2G] | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| SAR Values [WIFI 5.2G] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ch/ | Channel | Test | Duty Cycle | Conducted | Maximum Allowed | Power | Scaling | SAR _{1-g} res | sults(W/kg) | | | |
| Freq. (MHz) | Туре | Position | Factor | Power (dBm) | Power (dBm) | Drift (dB) | Factor | Measured | Reported | | | |
| | | mea | asured / reporte | ed SAR number | s - Body (Test o | data distance 5r | nm) | | | | | |
| 48/5240 | 802.11a | Front side | 1.017 | 12.55 | 13.00 | 0.11 | 1.109 | 0.112 | 0.126 | | | |
| 48/5240 | 802.11a | Rear side | 1.017 | 12.55 | 13.00 | 0.16 | 1.109 | 0.185 | 0.209 | | | |
| 48/5240 | 802.11a | Right side | 1.017 | 12.55 | 13.00 | -0.13 | 1.109 | 0.078 | 0.088 | | | |

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per KDB 648474 D04, Product Specific 10-g SAR test is not required for this frequency band since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 4) Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.

7.3.3. SAR Results [WIFI 5.3G]

| | SAR Values [WIFI 5.3G] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Ch/ Channe | Channel | Channel Test | Duty Cycle | Conducted | Maximum Allowed | Power | Scaling Factor | SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg) | | | | | |
| Freq. (MHz) | | Position | Factor | Power (dBm) | Power (dBm) | Drift (dB) | | Measured | Reported | | | | |
| | | mea | asured / reporte | ed SAR number | s - Body (Test o | data distance 5 | mm) | | | | | | |
| 64/5320 | 802.11a | Front side | 1.017 | 12.37 | 13.00 | 0.06 | 1.156 | 0.124 | 0.146 | | | | |
| 64/5320 | 802.11a | Rear side | 1.017 | 12.37 | 13.00 | 0.20 | 1.156 | 0.198 | 0.233 | | | | |
| 64/5320 | 802.11a | Right side | 1.017 | 12.37 | 13.00 | -0.15 | 1.156 | 0.090 | 0.106 | | | | |

Note:

- The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B. 1)
- Per KDB 648474 D04, Product Specific 10-g SAR test is not required for this frequency band since hotspot 2) mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 4) Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.















| 7.3.4. SAI | R Results | [WIFI 5.5 | G] | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------|--|--|--|
| SAR Values [WIFI 5.5G] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ch/ Channel | Test | Duty Cycle | Conducted | Maximum Allowed | Power | Scaling | SAR _{1-g} res | sults(W/kg) | | | | |
| Freq. (MHz) | Туре | Position | Factor | Power (dBm) | Power (dBm) | Drift (dB) | Scaling Factor | Measured | Reported | | | |
| | | mea | asured / reporte | ed SAR number | s - Body (Test o | data distance 5r | nm) | | | | | |
| 140/5700 | 802.11a | Front side | 1.017 | 12.72 | 13.00 | 0.11 | 1.067 | 0.096 | 0.104 | | | |
| 140/5700 | 802.11a | Rear side | 1.017 | 12.72 | 13.00 | 0.06 | 1.067 | 0.148 | 0.161 | | | |
| 140/5700 | 802.11a | Right side | 1.017 | 12.72 | 13.00 | -0.02 | 1.067 | 0.060 | 0.065 | | | |

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per KDB 648474 D04, Product Specific 10-g SAR test is not required for this frequency band since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 4) Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.

7.3.5. SAR Results [WIFI 5.8G]

| | SAR Values [WIFI 5.8G] | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------|----------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Ch/ Channel | Channel | Channel Test | | Conducted | Maximum Allowed | Power | Scaling | SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg) | | | | |
| Freq. (MHz) | | | Duty Cycle Factor | Power (dBm) | Power (dBm) | Drift (dB) | Factor | Measured | Reported | | | |
| | | mea | asured / reporte | ed SAR numbers | s - Body (Test o | data distance 5r | mm) | | | | | |
| 165/5825 | 802.11a | Front side | 1.017 | 12.57 | 13.00 | -0.15 | 1.104 | 0.106 | 0.119 | | | |
| 165/5825 | 802.11a | Rear side | 1.017 | 12.57 | 13.00 | 0.12 | 1.104 | 0.161 | 0.181 | | | |
| 165/5825 | 802.11a | Right side | 1.017 | 12.57 | 13.00 | -0.19 | 1.104 | 0.072 | 0.081 | | | |

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) Per KDB 648474 D04, Product Specific 10-g SAR test is not required for this frequency band since hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 4) Body worn mode the test distance for 5mm.











7.4. Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

7.4.1. Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

Note:

1) Wi-Fi and Bluetooth share the same Tx antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.



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APPENDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS

APPENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS



