



RF Exposure evaluation

TEST STANDARDS

Follow the maximum permissible exposure (MPE) limits specified in 447498 D04 Interim General Radio Frequency Exposure Guidelines v01. The gain of the antenna used in the product was extracted from the supplied antenna data sheet and the maximum total power input to the antenna was also measured. Calculate the distance from the product to the MPE limit by the formula.

According to 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

1-mW Test Exemption

A single RF source is exempt RF device (from the requirement to show data demonstrating compliance to RF exposure limits, as previously mentioned) if the available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1 mW, regardless of separation distance.

This exemption applies to all operating configurations and exposure conditions, for the frequency range 100 kHz to 100 GHz, regardless of fixed, mobile, or portable device exposure conditions. This is a standalone exemption, and it cannot be applied in conjunction with any other test exemption.

1-mW Test Exemption for Multiple Sources

The 1-mW exemption intended for single transmitters may be also applied to simultaneous transmission conditions, within the same host device, according one of the following criteria:

a) When maximum available power each individual transmitting antenna within the same time averaging period is ≤ 1 mW, and the nearest parts of the antenna structures of the simultaneously operating transmitters are separated by at least 2 cm.

b) When the aggregate maximum available power of all transmitting antennas is ≤ 1 mW in the same time-averaging period.

This exemption may not be combined with any other exemption.

SAR-Based Exemption

This exemption is applicable to the frequency range between 300 MHz and 6 GHz, with test separation distances between 0.5 cm and 40 cm, and for all RF sources in fixed, mobile, and portable device exposure conditions.

Accordingly, a RF source is considered an RF exempt device if its available maximum time-averaged (matched conducted) power or its effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, are below a specified threshold. This exemption threshold was derived based on general population 1-g SAR requirements.

This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). P_{th} is given by follow Formulas



$$ERP_{20\text{ cm}}(\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5\text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5\text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6\text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

$$P_{\text{th}}(\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20\text{ cm}}(d/20\text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20\text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20\text{ cm}} & 20\text{ cm} < d \leq 40\text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

“ f ” is in GHz, “ d ” is the separation distance (cm)

(SAR-Based Exemption)

Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

As this equipment:

Max. Antenna Gain: -6dBi.

Max. Conducted Power: 3.17dBm

Mode	Output power (dBm)	Max Output power (mW)	Separation distance (cm)	Limit (mW)	Result
2.4G WiFi	3.17	2.075	0.5	2.73	PASS

Conclusion: No SAR is required.

Note:

1. This device is mobile device.
2. The source of the evaluation data results is based on the test report psi2312087-C01-R01.
3. The Maximum power is less than the limit, complies with the exemption requirements.

-----The End-----