

RF Test Report

For

Applicant Name: GoPlus Corp

Address: 11250 Poplar Ave, Fontana, CA 92337

EUT Name: Active plastic speaker

Brand Name: IIIISONART

Model Number: EP23879

Series Model Number: P0650A, PP-0650A, PP-0650

Issued By

Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park,

Address: Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen,

China

Report Number: BTF240416R00501 Test Standards: 47 CFR Part 15.247

Test Conclusion: Pass

FCC ID: 2BE5D-EP23879

Test Date: 2024-04-17 to 2024-05-09

Date of Issue: 2024-05-10

Prepared By: Aria Zhang

Aria Zhang / Project Engineer

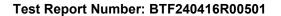
Date: 2024-05-10

Approved By:

Ryan.CJ / EMC Manage

2024-05-08 2024-05-10

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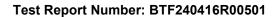


Revision History			
Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content	
R_V0	2024-05-10	Original	
Note: Once the i	revision has been made, then pre	vious versions reports are invalid.	



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Test Report Number: BTF240416R00501



1 Introduction

1.1 Identification of Testing Laboratory

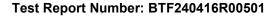
Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	
	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130
FCC Registration Number:	518915
Designation Number:	CN1330

1.3 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BTF and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.





2 Product Information

2.1 Application Information

Company Name:	GoPlus Corp
Address:	11250 Poplar Ave, Fontana, CA 92337

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Ningbo Polinata Electronics Co., Ltd.
Address:	9#, Xinrui Rd,Longxing Village, Wuxiang Town, Yinzhou District, Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province, China.

2.3 Factory Information

Company Name:	GoPlus Corp
Address:	11250 Poplar Ave, Fontana, CA 92337

2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

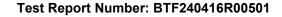
EUT Name:	Active plastic speaker
Test Model Number:	EP23879
Series Model Number:	P0650A, PP-0650A, PP-0650
Description of Model name differentiation:	Only the model name is different, the others are the same.

2.5 Technical Information

Power Supply:	DC 3.3V
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz to 2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79
Modulation Type:	GFSK, π/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain#:	2.499dBi
N1-4	·

Note:

^{#:} The antenna gain provided by the applicant, and the laboratory will not be responsible for the accumulated calculation results which covers the information provided by the applicant.





3 Summary of Test Results

3.1 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards: 47 CFR Part 15.247: Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz

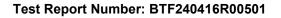
3.2 Uncertainty of Test

Item	Measurement Uncertainty
Conducted Emission (150 kHz-30 MHz)	±2.64dB
Occupied Bandwidth	±69kHz
Transmitter Power, Conducted	±0.87dB
Conducted Spurious Emissions	±0.95dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions (above 1GHz)	1-6GHz: ±3.94dB 6-18GHz: ±4.16dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions (30M - 1GHz)	±4.12dB

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

3.3 Summary of Test Result

Item	Standard	Requirement	Result
Antenna requirement	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.203	Pass
Conducted Emission at AC power line	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.207(a)	Pass
Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.215(c)	Pass
Maximum Conducted Output Power	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(b)(1)	Pass
Channel Separation	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequencies	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Dwell Time	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass
Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205	Pass
Band edge emissions (Radiated)	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205	Pass
Emissions in frequency bands (below 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205	Pass
Emissions in frequency bands (above 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15.247	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205	Pass





Test Configuration

Test Equipment List

Conducted Emission at AC power line									
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date				
Pulse Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	00953	1	/				
Coaxial Switcher	SCHWARZBECK	CX210	CX210	1	/				
V-LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	01073	2023-11-16	2024-11-15				
LISN	AFJ	LS16/110VAC	16010020076	2023-11-26	2024-11-15				
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI3	101422	2023-11-15	2024-11-14				

Occupied Bandwidth

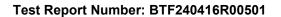
Maximum Conducted Output Power

Channel Separation

Number of Hopping Frequencies

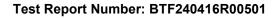
Dwell Time

Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands										
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date					
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	/					
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	/	/					
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	1	1					
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15					
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	1	/					
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15					
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15					





Band edge emissions					
Emissions in frequen Emissions in frequen					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	1	1
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	1	1
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 0m	21101566	1	1
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	1	1
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 m	21101568	1	1
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	1	1
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	1	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	/
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2023-11-13	2024-11-12
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI7	101032	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	FSQ40	100010	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Broadband Preamplilifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	80000	1	1
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ_EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	1	1	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2023-11-13	2024-11-12



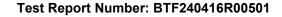


4.2 Test Auxiliary Equipment

The EUT was tested as an independent device.

4.3 Test Modes

No.	Test Modes	Description
TM1	TX-GFSK (Non-Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (non-hopping) with GFSK modulation.
TM2	TX-Pi/4DQPSK (Non-Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (non-hopping) with Pi/4DQPSK modulation.
ТМ3	TX-8DPSK (Non-Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (non-hopping) with 8DPSK modulation.
TM4	TX-GFSK (Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (hopping) with GFSK modulation,.
TM5	TX-Pi/4DQPSK (Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (hopping) with Pi/4DQPSK modulation.
TM6	TX-8DPSK (Hopping)	Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode (hopping) with 8DPSK modulation.





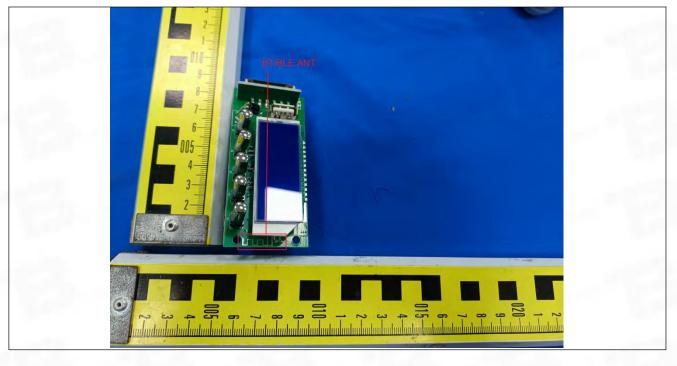
5 Evaluation Results (Evaluation)

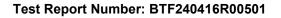
5.1 Antenna requirement

Test Requirement:

Refer to 47 CFR Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

5.1.1 Conclusion:







Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF) 6

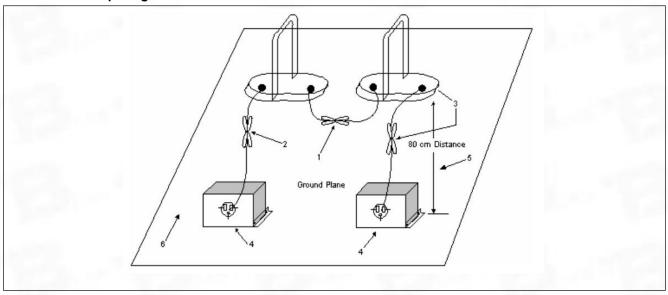
Conducted Emission at AC power line

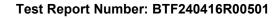
Test Requirement:	section, for an intentional radiator utility (AC) power line, the radio from AC power line on any frequency of MHz, shall not exceed the limits in	Refer to 47 CFR 15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b)and (c)of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu\text{H}/50$ ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).					
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2 ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.2						
	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)					
		Quasi-peak	Average				
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*				
Test Limit:	0.5-5	56	46				
	5-30	60	50				
	*Decreases with the logarithm of t	he frequency.					
Procedure:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section conducted emissions from unlicented Refer to ANSI C63.10-2020 section conducted emissions from unlicented emissions	sed wireless devices in 6.2, standard test me					

6.1.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	24.7 °C
Humidity:	52 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.1.2 Test Setup Diagram:

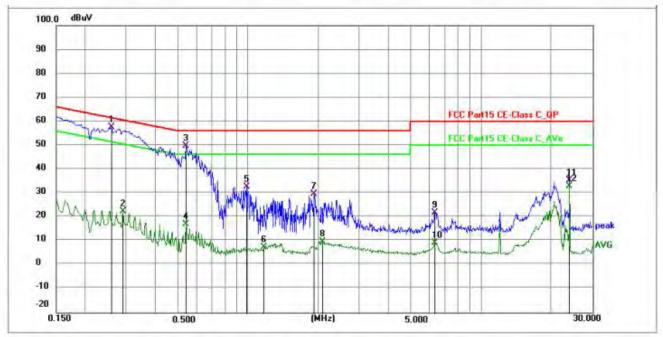






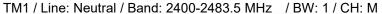
6.1.3 Test Data:

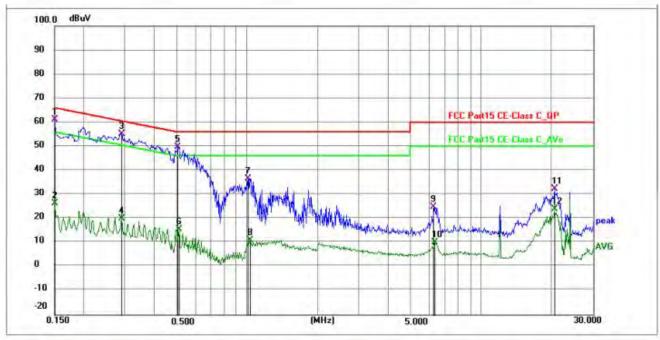
TM1 / Line: Line / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: M



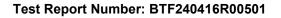
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1 *	0.2580	46.87	10.56	57.43	61.50	-4.07	QP	P	
2	0.2893	11.75	10.56	22.31	50.54	-28.23	AVG	P	
3	0.5413	39.22	10.60	49.82	56.00	-6.18	QP	P	
4	0.5413	6.60	10.60	17.20	46.00	-28.80	AVG	P	
5	0.9870	22.06	10.66	32.72	56.00	-23.28	QP	Р	
6	1.1670	-3.08	10.66	7.58	46.00	-38.42	AVG	P	
7	1.9185	18.98	10.68	29.66	56.00	-26.34	QP	Р	
8	2.0850	-0.76	10.68	9.92	46.00	-36.08	AVG	Р	
9	6.3510	11.00	10.78	21.78	60.00	-38.22	QP	Р	
10	6.3510	-1.49	10.78	9.29	50.00	-40.71	AVG	P	
11	24.0000	24.15	11.17	35.32	60.00	-24.68	QP	Р	
12	24.0000	21.80	11.17	32.97	50.00	-17.03	AVG	P	







No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1 *	0.1500	50.77	10.45	61.22	66.00	-4.78	QP	P	
2	0.1500	16.04	10.45	26.49	56.00	-29.51	AVG	P	
3	0.2893	44.66	10.56	55.22	60.54	-5.32	QP	P	
4	0.2893	9.46	10.56	20.02	50.54	-30.52	AVG	P	
5	0.5052	39.12	10.58	49.70	56.00	-6.30	QP	Р	
6	0.5100	5.06	10.58	15.64	46.00	-30.36	AVG	P	
7	1.0050	25.80	10.66	36.46	56.00	-19.54	QP	Р	
8	1.0275	0.31	10.66	10.97	46.00	-35.03	AVG	Р	
9	6.2609	14.07	10.78	24.85	60.00	-35.15	QP	P	
10	6.3193	-0.49	10.78	10.29	50.00	-39.71	AVG	P	
11	20.5665	21.14	11.06	32.20	60.00	-27.80	QP	Р	
12	20.5665	13.01	11.06	24.07	50.00	-25.93	AVG	P	





6.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.215(c)
	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.7, For occupied bandwidth measurements, use the procedure in 6.9.2.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020, section 7.8.6, For occupied bandwidth measurements, use the procedure in 6.9.3. Frequency hopping shall be disabled for this test. KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.215(c), intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.
Procedure:	a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances. e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target "-xx dB down" requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value. f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold. g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value). h) Determine the "-xx dB down amplitude" using [(reference value) - xx]. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument. i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j). j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the "-xx dB dow
	same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth. k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring





instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

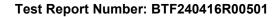
The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be at least three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.6.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max-hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing spectral plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

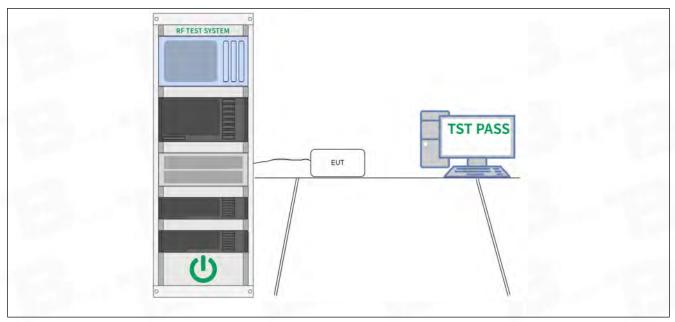
6.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.2 °C
Humidity:	51.4 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.2.2 Test Setup Diagram:

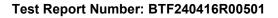






6.2.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.



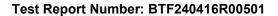


6.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power

	aucted Output Power
Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(b)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.5 ANSI C63.10-2020, section 7.8.5 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(b)(1), For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.
Procedure:	This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test: a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel. 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured. 3) VBW >= RBW. 4) Sweep: Auto. 5) Detector function: Peak. 6) Trace: Max hold. b) Allow trace to stabilize. c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables. e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report. NOTE—A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer. This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. Frequency hopping shall be disabled for this test. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel. b) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured. c) VBW ≥ RBW. d) Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max-hold. g) Allow trace to stabilize. h) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. i) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables. j) A spectral plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report. NOTE—A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth

6.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

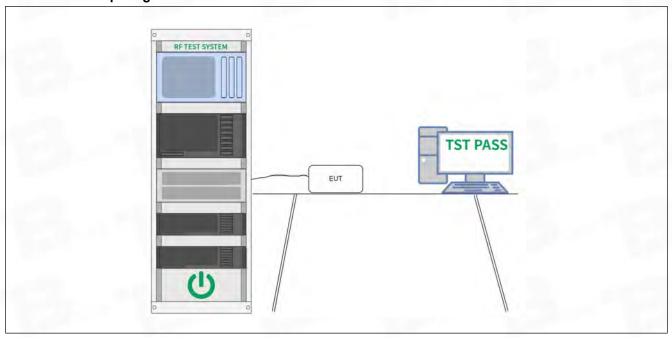
Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	25.2 °C		





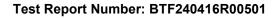
Humidity:	51.4 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.3.2 Test Setup Diagram:



6.3.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





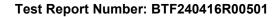
6.4 Channel Separation

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.2 ANSI C63.10-2020, section 7.8.2 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels. b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel. c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW. d) Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.
Procedure:	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels. b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel. c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW. d) Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max-hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize.
	Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A spectral plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

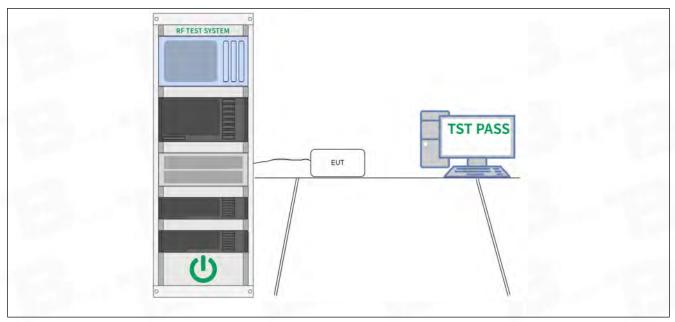
6.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	25.2 °C	
Humidity:	51.4 %	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar	

6.4.2 Test Setup Diagram:

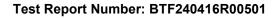






6.4.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





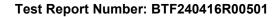
6.5 Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.3 ANSI C63.10-2020, section 7.8.3 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02				
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Fequency hopping systems in the 2400-24 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy or channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency frequency details that a minimum of 15 channels are used. The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of chat the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly				
	 a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen. b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller. c) VBW ≥ RBW. d) Sweep: Auto. e) Detector function: Peak. 				
Procedure:	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it could be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen. b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller. c) VBW ≥ RBW. d) Sweep: No faster than coupled (auto) time. e) Detector function: Peak. f) Trace: Max-hold. g) Allow the trace to stabilize. It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A spectral plot of the data shall be included in the test report.				

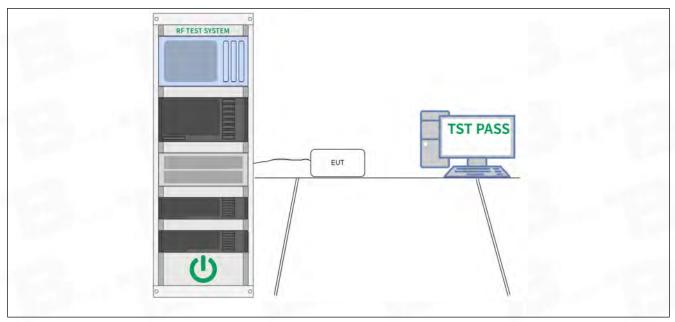
6.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.2 °C
Humidity:	51.4 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.5.2 Test Setup Diagram:







6.5.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





6.6 Dwell Time

	17 07D 17 047()(1)(iii)
Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 7.8.4 ANSI C63.10-2020, section 7.8.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02
Test Limit:	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(a)(1)(iii), Fequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.
Procedure:	The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel. b) RBW shall be <= channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel. c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel. d) Detector function: Peak. e) Trace: Max hold. Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time. Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation: (Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) = (number of hops on spectrum analyzer) × (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time) The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation. The dwell time per hop on a channel is the time from the start of the first transmission to the end of the last transmission for that hop. If the device h



a given period.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Compliance with the requirements shall be made with the minimum and with the maximum number of channels enabled. If the dwell time per channel does not vary with the number of channels than compliance with the requirements may be based on the minimum number of channels. If the device supports different dwell times per channel (example Bluetooth devices can dwell on a channel for 1, 3 or 5 time slots) then measurements can be limited to the longest dwell time with the minimum number of channels.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings to determine the dwell time per hop:

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T where T is the expected transmission time per her
- $\mathsf{T},$ where T is the expected transmission time per hop.
- c) Sweep time: Set so that the start of the first transmission and end of the last transmission for the hop are clearly captured. Setting the sweep time to be slightly longer than the hopping period per channel (hopping period = 1/hopping rate) should achieve this.
- d) Use a video trigger, where possible with a trigger delay, so that the start of the transmission is clearly observed. The trigger level might need adjustment to reduce the chance of triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Clear-write, single sweep.
- g) Place markers at the start of the first transmission on the channel and at the end of the last transmission. The dwell time per hop is the time between these two markers.

To determine the number of hops on a channel in the regulatory observation period repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time. When the device uses a single hopping sequence the period of measurement should be sufficient to capture at least 2 hops. When the device uses a dynamic hopping sequence, or the sequence varies, the period of measurement may need to capture multiple hops to better determine the average time of occupancy. Count the number of hops on the channel across the sweep time.

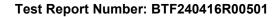
The average number of hops on the same channel within the regulatory observation period is calculated from the number of hops on the channel divided by the spectrum analyzer sweep time multiplied by the regulatory observation period. For example, if three hops are counted with an analyzer sweep time of 500 ms and the regulatory observation period is 10 s, then the number of hops in that ten seconds is $3/0.5 \times 10$, or 60 hops.

The average time of occupancy is calculated by multiplying the dwell time per hop by the number of hops in the observation period.

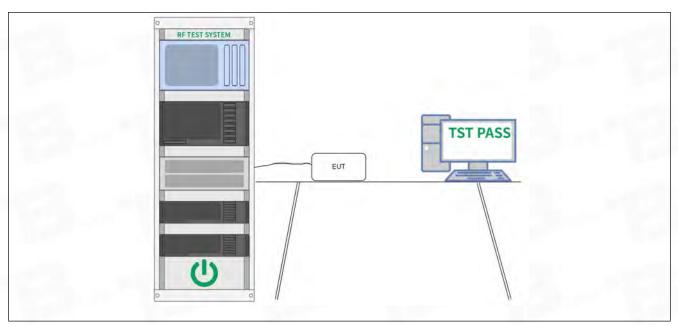
6.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

· ·	
Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.2 °C
Humidity:	51.4 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.6.2 Test Setup Diagram:







6.6.3 Test Data:

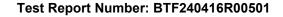
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





6.7 Emissions in non-restricted frequency bands

Test Requirement:	47 CFR 15.247(d), 15.209, 15.205					
Test Method:	in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, a permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under thi paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers. Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered. 7.8.7.1 General considerations To demonstrate compliance with the relative out-of-band emissions requirements conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequencies, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers. Frequency hopping shall be disabled for this test with the exception of measurements at the allocated band-edges which shall be repeated with hopping enabled. Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The frequency range of testing shall span 30 MHz					
Test Limit:	operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits					
	5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers. Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the					
	To demonstrate compliance with the relative out-of-band emissions requirements conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequencies, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers. Frequency hopping shall be disabled for this test with the exception of measurements at the allocated					
Procedure:						
	The limit is based on the highest in-band level across all channels measured using the same instrument settings (resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector). To help clearly demonstrate compliance a display line may be set at the required offset (typically 20 dB) below the highest in-band level. Where the highest in-band level is not clearly identified in the out-of-band measurements a separate spectral plot showing the in-band level shall be provided.					
	When conducted measurements cannot be made (for example a device with integrated, non-removable antenna) radiated measurements shall be used. The reference level for determining the limit shall be established by maximizing the field strength from the highest power channel and measuring using the resolution and video bandwidth settings and peak detector as described above. The field strength limit for spurious emissions outside of restricted-bands shall then be set at the					





required offset (typically 20 dB) below the highest in-band level. Radiated measurements will follow the standards measurement procedures described in Clause 6 with the exception that the resolution bandwidth shall be 100 kHz, video bandwidth 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. Note that use of wider measurement bandwidths are acceptable for measuring the spurious emissions provided that the peak detector is used and that the measured value of spurious emissions are compared to the highest in-band level measured with the 100 kHz / 300 kHz bandwidth settings to determine compliance.

7.8.7.2 Band-edges

Compliance with a relative limit at the band-edges (e.g., -20 dBc) shall be made on the lowest and on the highest channels with frequency hopping disabled and repeated with frequency hopping enabled. For the latter test the hopping sequence shall include the lowest and highest channels.

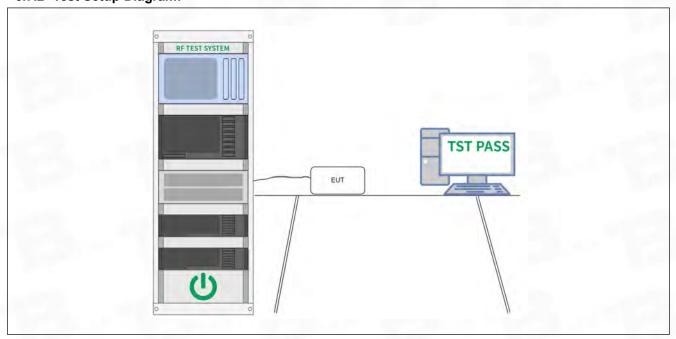
For measurements with the hopping disabled the analyzer screen shall clearly show compliance with the requirement within 10 MHz of the allocated band-edge.

For measurements with the hopping enabled the analyzer screen shall clearly show compliance with the requirement within 10 MHz of both of the allocated band-edges. This could require separate spectral plots for each band-edge.

6.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

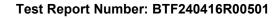
Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	25.2 °C		
Humidity:	51.4 %		
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar		

6.7.2 Test Setup Diagram:



6.7.3 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





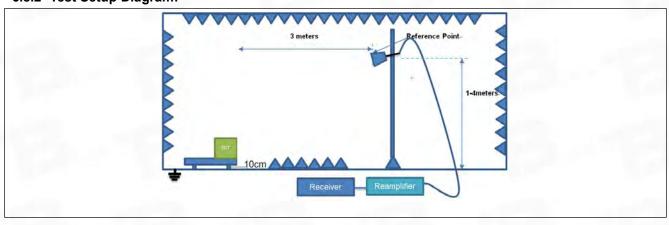
6.8 Band edge emissions (Radiated)

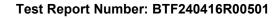
Test Requirement:	restricted bands, as defin	Refer to 47 CFR 15.247(d), In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)).`				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2020 section	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.10 ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.10 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02				
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)			
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300			
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30			
	1.705-30.0	30	30			
	30-88	100 **	3			
	88-216	150 **	3			
	216-960	200 **	3			
Toot Limits	Above 960	500	3			
Test Limit:	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.					
	ANSI C63.10-2013 section	on 6 10 5 2				
Procedure:	ANSI C63.10-2020 section					

6.8.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	23.5°C		
Humidity:	47 %		
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar		

6.8.2 Test Setup Diagram:







6.8.3 Test Data:

Note: All the mode have been tested, and only the worst case of mode are in the report

TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	2310.000	72.70	-30.59	42.11	74.00	-31.89	peak	P
2 *	2390.000	75.15	-30.49	44.66	74.00	-29.34	peak	Р

TM1 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L

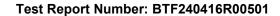
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	2310.000	71.67	-30.59	41.08	74.00	-32.92	peak	Р
2	2390.000	71.47	-30.49	40.98	74.00	-33.02	peak	Р

TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	2483.500	73.48	-30.39	43.09	74.00	-30.91	peak	Р
2	2500.000	73.27	-30.37	42.90	74.00	-31.10	peak	Р

TM1 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	2483.500	73.90	-30.39	43.51	74.00	-30.49	peak	Р
2	2500.000	73.27	-30.37	42.90	74.00	-31.10	peak	Р





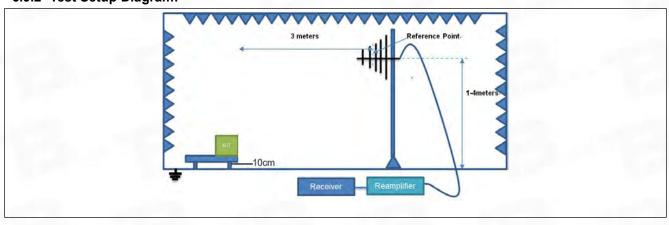
6.9 Emissions in frequency bands (below 1GHz)

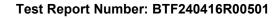
Test Requirement:	restricted bands, as defi	(d), In addition, radiated emission ned in § 15.205(a), must also co in § 15.209(a)(see § 15.205(c)	omply with the radiated				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.6.4 ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.6.4 KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02						
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)				
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300				
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30				
	1.705-30.0	30	30				
	30-88	100 **	3				
	88-216	150 **	3				
	216-960	200 **	3				
Test Limit:	Above 960	500	3				
	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.						
Dragadura	ANSI C63.10-2013 secti	on 6.6.4					
Procedure:	ANSI C63.10-2020 secti	on 6.6.4					

6.9.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	24.6 °C		
Humidity:	52 %		
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar		

6.9.2 Test Setup Diagram:

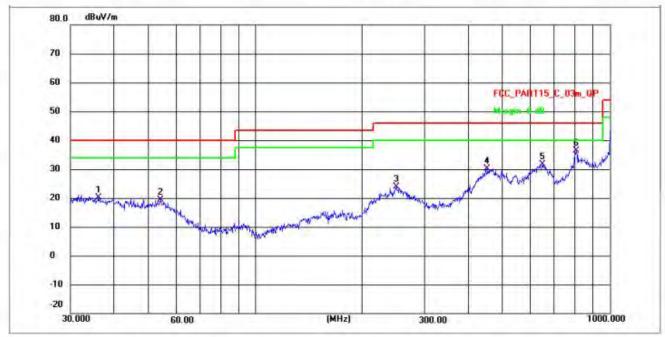






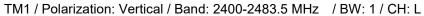
6.9.3 Test Data:

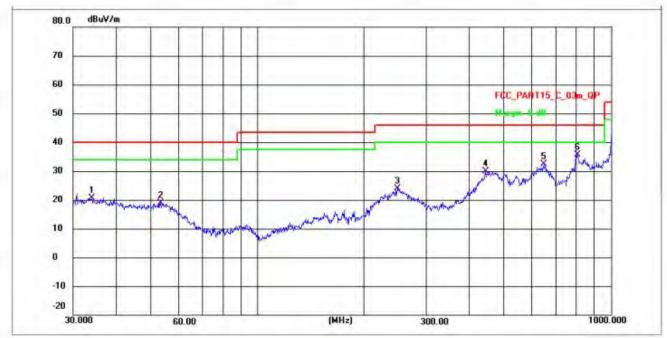
TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L



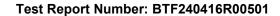
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	36.0007	19.63	0.51	20.14	40.00	-19.86	QP	Р
2	54.0711	20.72	-1.28	19.44	40.00	-20.56	QP	Р
3	249.8627	32.59	-8.63	23.96	46.00	-22.04	QP	Р
4	452.7197	35.90	-5.76	30.14	46.00	-15.86	QP	P
5	647.3856	40.29	-8.60	31.69	46.00	-14.31	QP	Р
6 *	807.4291	45.27	-8.92	36.35	46.00	-9.65	QP	Р







No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	33.9769	22.02	-1.40	20.62	40.00	-19.38	QP	P
2	53.1313	22.40	-3.46	18.94	40.00	-21.06	QP	Р
3	248.9881	20.72	3.07	23.79	46.00	-22.21	QP	Р
4	442.5177	26.39	3.61	30.00	46.00	-16.00	QP	Р
5	647.3856	40.89	-8.60	32.29	46.00	-13.71	QP	P
6 *	804.6028	44.50	-8.91	35.59	46.00	-10.41	QP	P





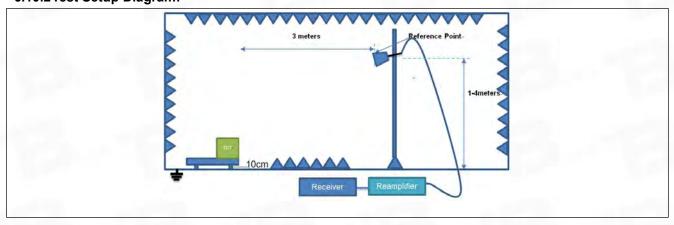
6.10 Emissions in frequency bands (above 1GHz)

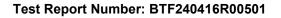
Test Requirement:	·	ssions which fall in the restricte nply with the radiated emission c)).`	,				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 secti ANSI C63.10-2020 secti KDB 558074 D01 15.24						
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)				
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300				
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30				
	1.705-30.0	30	30				
	30-88	100 **	3				
	88-216	150 **	3				
	216-960	200 **	3				
Test Limit:	Above 960	500	3				
	** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§ 15.231 and 15.241. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges. The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.						
	ANSI C63.10-2013 secti	on 6.6.4					
Procedure:	ANSI C63.10-2020 secti	on 6.6.4					

6.10.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:			
Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	24.1°C		
Humidity:	51 %		
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar		

6.10.2Test Setup Diagram:







6.10.3 Test Data:

Note: All the mode have been tested, and only the worst case of mode are in the report

TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1039.461	64.58	-29.19	35.39	74.00	-38.61	peak	Р
2	1454.232	65.61	-31.46	34.15	74.00	-39.85	peak	Р
3	2542.957	70.31	-30.30	40.01	74.00	-33.99	peak	Р
4	3063.844	73.42	-29.45	43.97	74.00	-30.03	peak	Р
5	3551.928	75.44	-29.05	46.39	74.00	-27.61	peak	P
6 *	5238.961	78.95	-27.17	51.78	74.00	-22.22	peak	Р

TM1 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: L

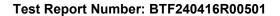
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1052.203	62.47	-29.26	33.21	74.00	-40.79	peak	Р
2	1258.452	63.49	-30.38	33.11	74.00	-40.89	peak	Р
3	2141.098	68.20	-30.77	37.43	74.00	-36.57	peak	Р
4	2916.537	75.15	-29.65	45.50	74.00	-28.50	peak	Р
5	4304.868	75.98	-28.87	47.11	74.00	-26.89	peak	Р
6 *	5238.961	79.45	-27.17	52.28	74.00	-21.72	peak	Р

TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: M

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1113.896	63.11	-29.60	33.51	74.00	-40.49	peak	Р
2	1258.452	63.99	-30.38	33.61	74.00	-40.39	peak	Р
3	2916.537	74.15	-29.65	44.50	74.00	-29.50	peak	Р
4	3572.992	74.96	-29.04	45.92	74.00	-28.08	peak	Р
5	4431.654	76.41	-28.82	47.59	74.00	-26.41	peak	Р
6 *	5209.943	79.30	-27.20	52.10	74.00	-21.90	peak	Р
		4						

TM1 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: M

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1113.896	65.61	-29.60	36.01	74.00	-37.99	peak	Р
2	2283.757	72.70	-30.62	42.08	74.00	-31.92	peak	Р
3	3171.080	76.48	-29.36	47.12	74.00	-26.88	peak	P
4	3572.992	77.46	-29.04	48.42	74.00	-25.58	peak	Р
5	4431.654	76.91	-28.82	48.09	74.00	-25.91	peak	Р
6 *	5238.961	80.45	-27.17	53.28	74.00	-20.72	peak	Р
			1					



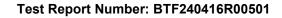


TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1113.896	65.11	-29.60	35.51	74.00	-38.49	peak	Р
2	2812.361	74.73	-29.84	44.89	74.00	-29.11	peak	Р
3	3333.035	76.02	-29.20	46.82	74.00	-27.18	peak	Р
4	3796.745	76.73	-29.02	47.71	74.00	-26.29	peak	Р
5	4882.743	78.61	-27.70	50.91	74.00	-23.09	peak	Р
6 *	5209.943	79.80	-27.20	52.60	74.00	-21.40	peak	P

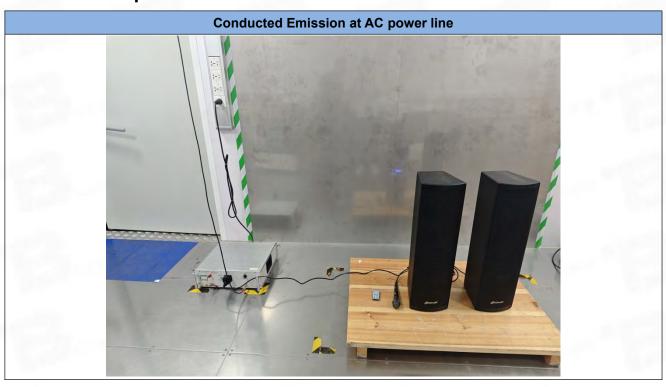
TM1 / Polarization: Vertical / Band: 2400-2483.5 MHz / BW: 1 / CH: H

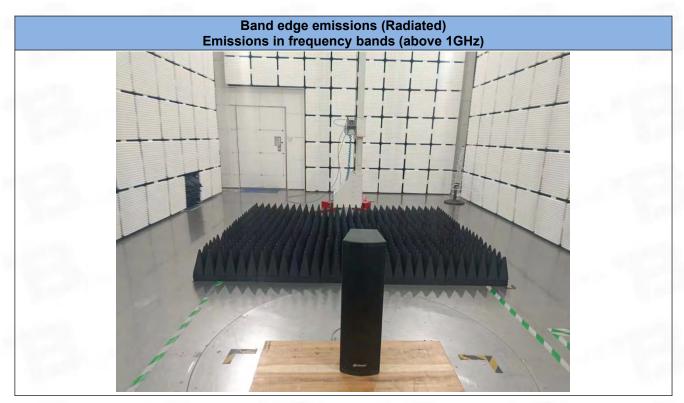
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1	1039.461	65.58	-29.19	36.39	74.00	-37.61	peak	P
2	1258.452	65.99	-30.38	35.61	74.00	-38.39	peak	Р
3	2916.537	77.15	-29.65	47.50	74.00	-26.50	peak	Р
4	3392.685	77.25	-29.15	48.10	74.00	-25.90	peak	Р
5	4431.654	76.91	-28.82	48.09	74.00	-25.91	peak	Р
6 *	5209.943	79.80	-27.20	52.60	74.00	-21.40	peak	Р

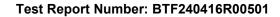




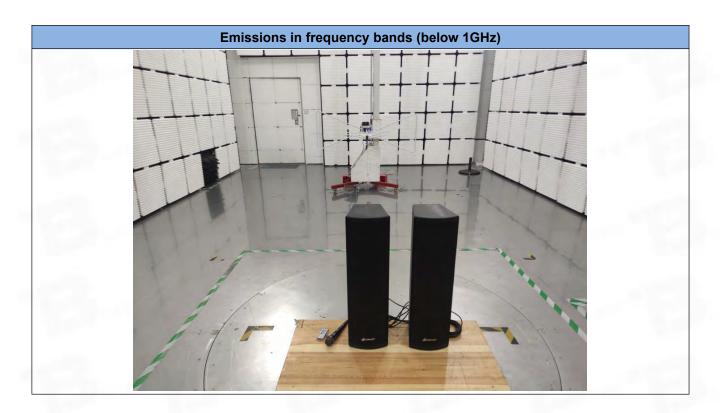
Test Setup Photos

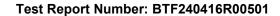










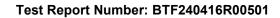




8 **EUT Constructional Details (EUT Photos)**

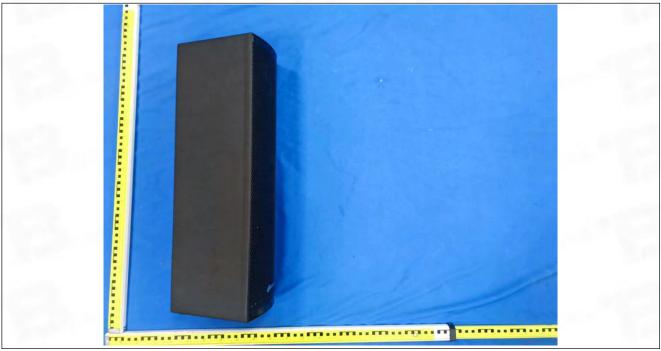


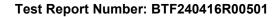




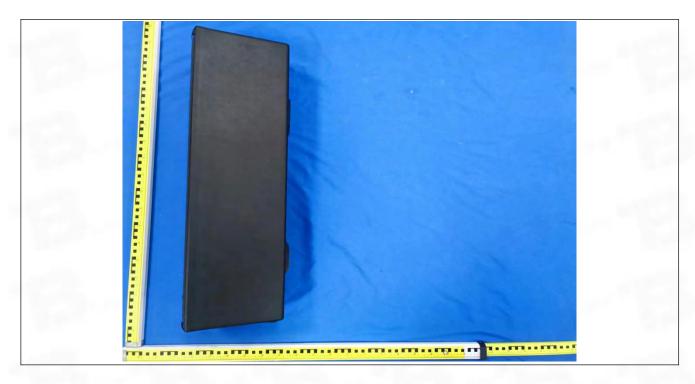


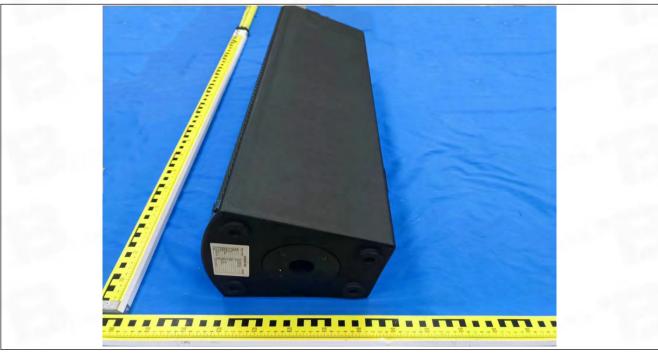


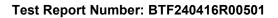




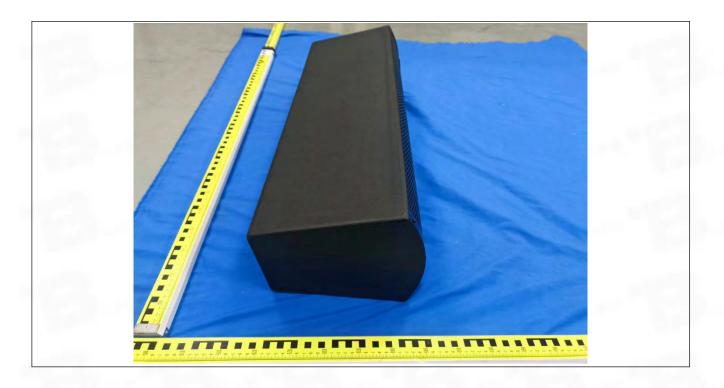


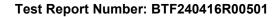




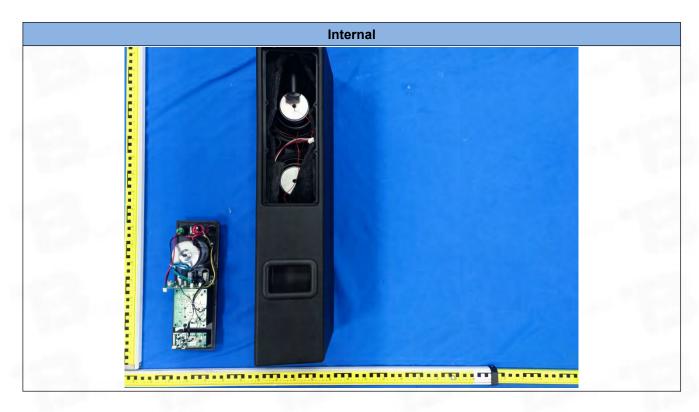


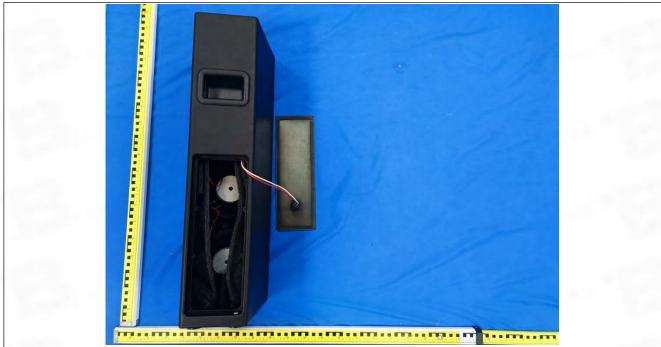


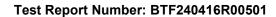




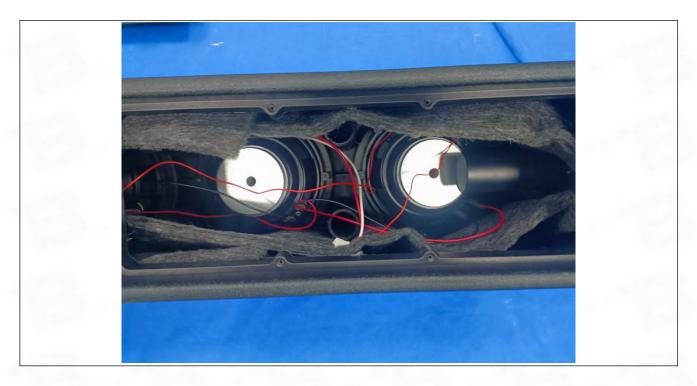




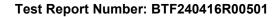




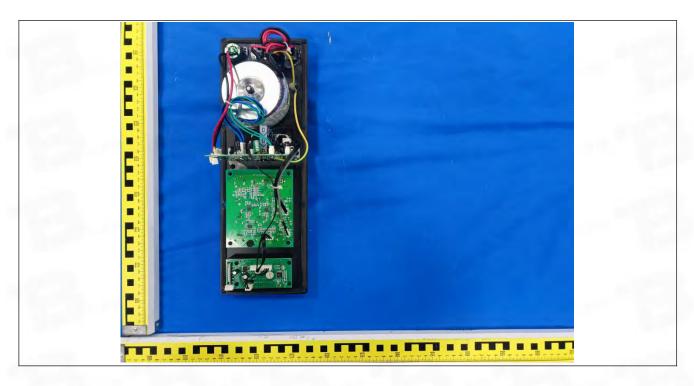


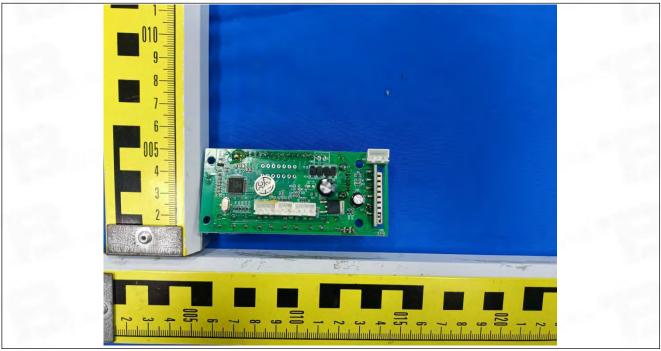






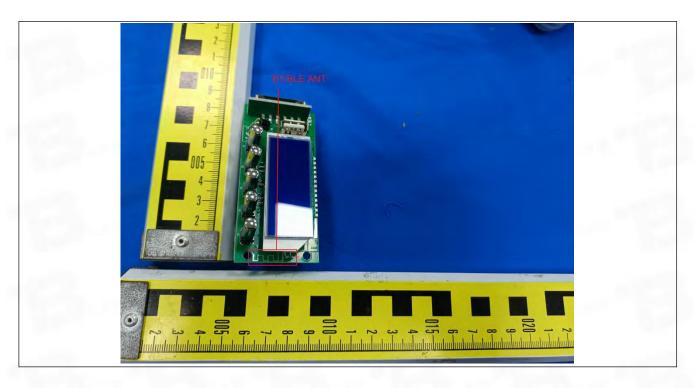


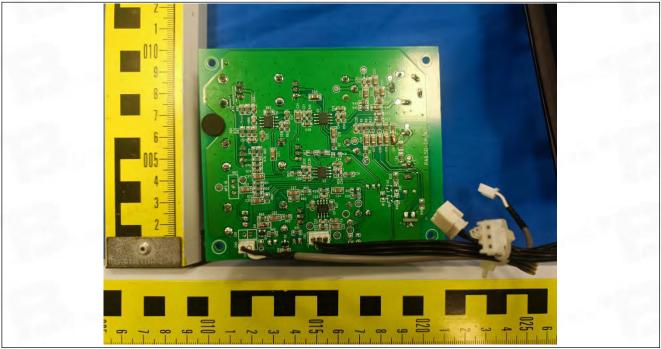


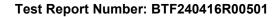




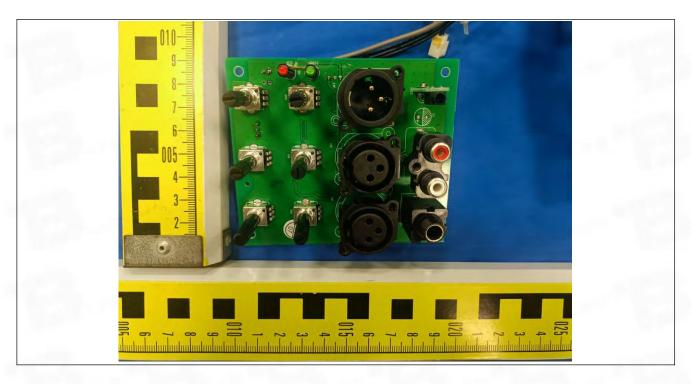


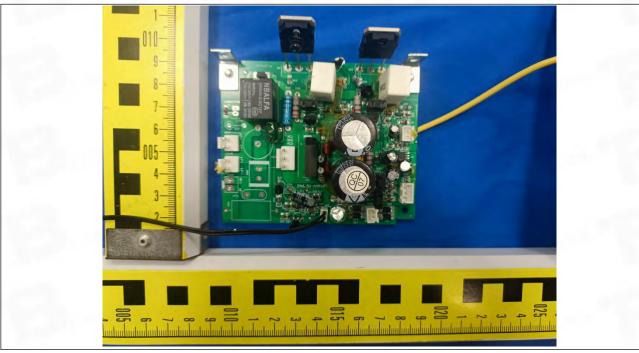


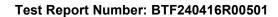




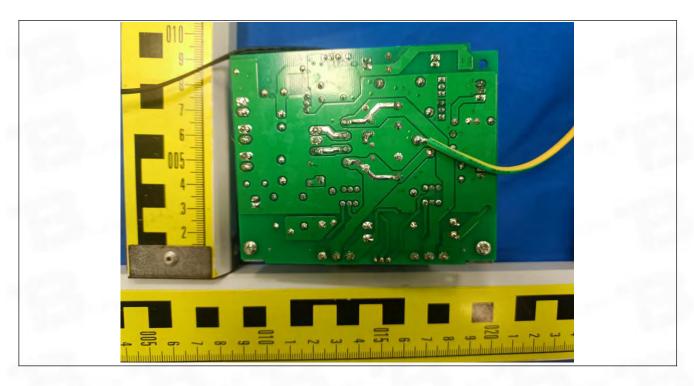


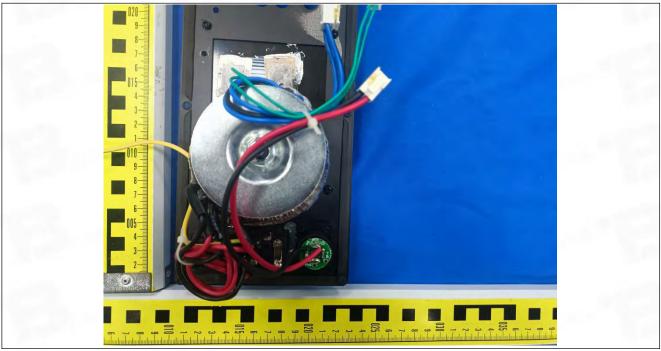


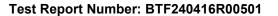






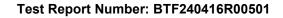








Appendix



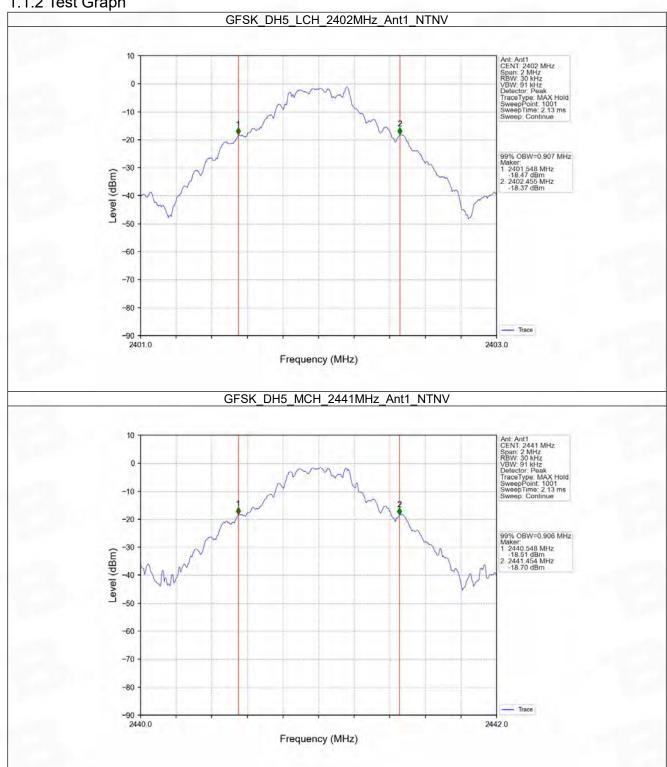


1. Bandwidth

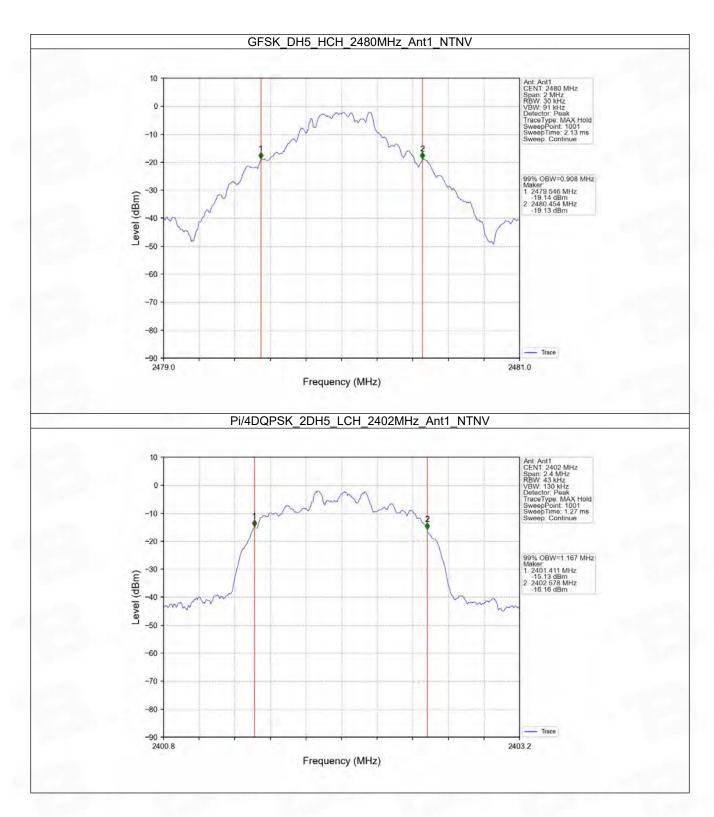
1.1 OBW

Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	ANT	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		Vardiet	
	Type	(MHz)	Type		Result	Limit	Verdict	
GFSK	SISO	2402	DH5	1	0.907	1	Pass	
		2441	DH5	1	0.906	1	Pass	
		2480	DH5	1	0.908	1	Pass	
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2402	2DH5	1	1.167	1	Pass	
		2441	2DH5	1	1.177	1	Pass	
		2480	2DH5	1	1.167	1	Pass	
8DPSK	SISO		2402	3DH5	1	1.180	1	Pass
		2441	3DH5	1	1.179	1	Pass	
		2480	3DH5	1	1.188	1	Pass	

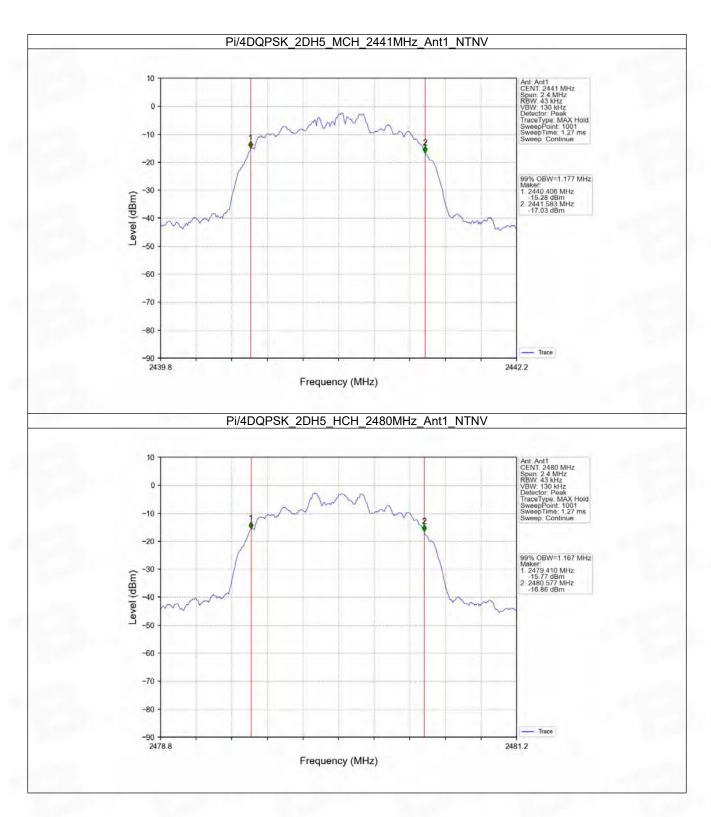




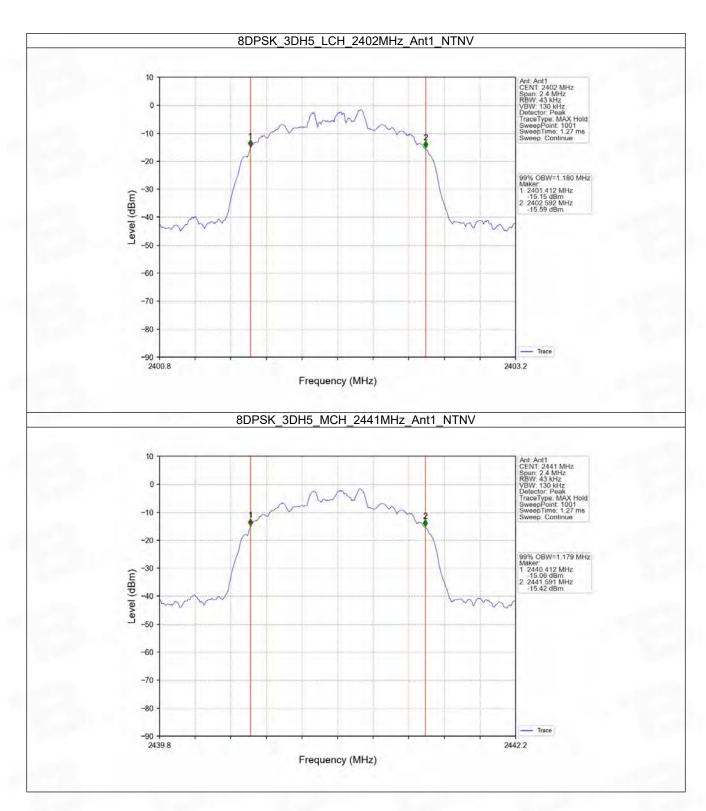




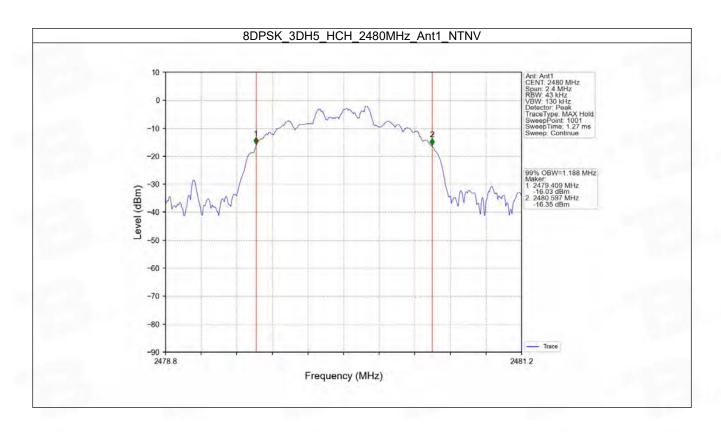


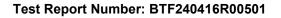










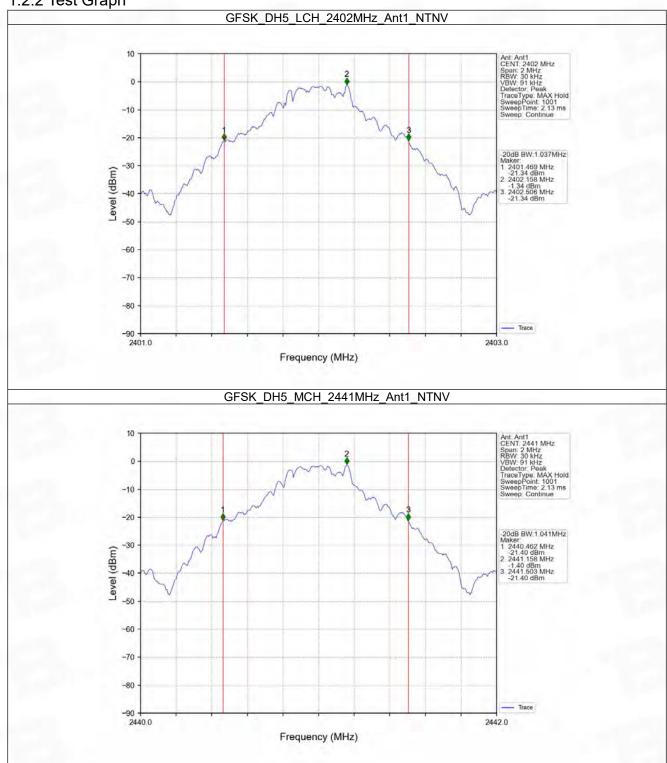




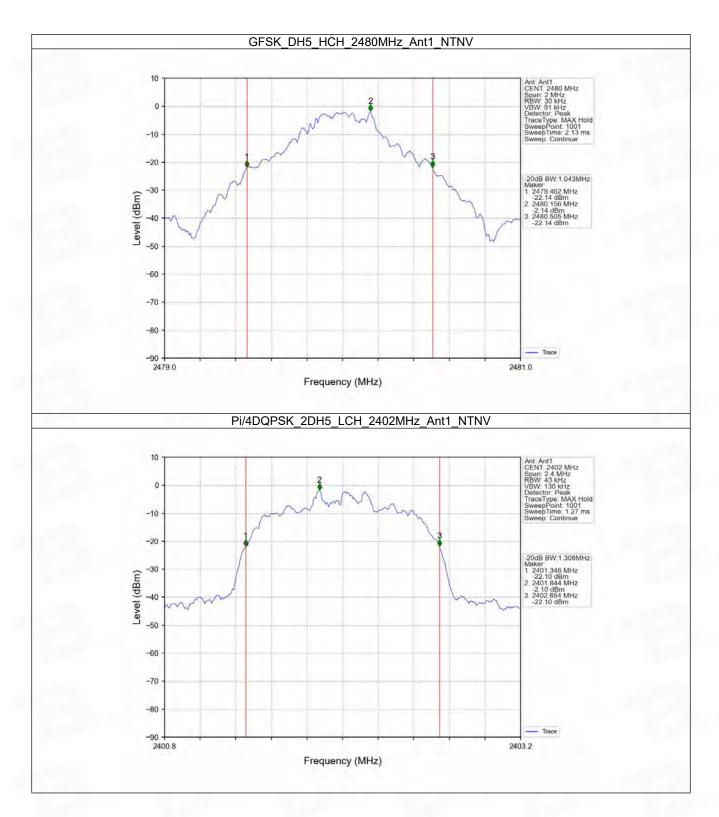
1.2 20dB BW

Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	ANT	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)		Vardiat
	Type	(MHz)	Type	AINI	Result	Limit	Verdict
GFSK	SISO	2402	DH5	1	1.037	1	Pass
		2441	DH5	1	1.041	1	Pass
		2480	DH5	1	1.043	1	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2402	2DH5	1	1.308	1	Pass
		2441	2DH5	1	1.318	1	Pass
		2480	2DH5	1	1.315	1	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	2402	3DH5	1	1.313	1	Pass
		2441	3DH5	1	1.313	1	Pass
		2480	3DH5	1	1.317	1	Pass

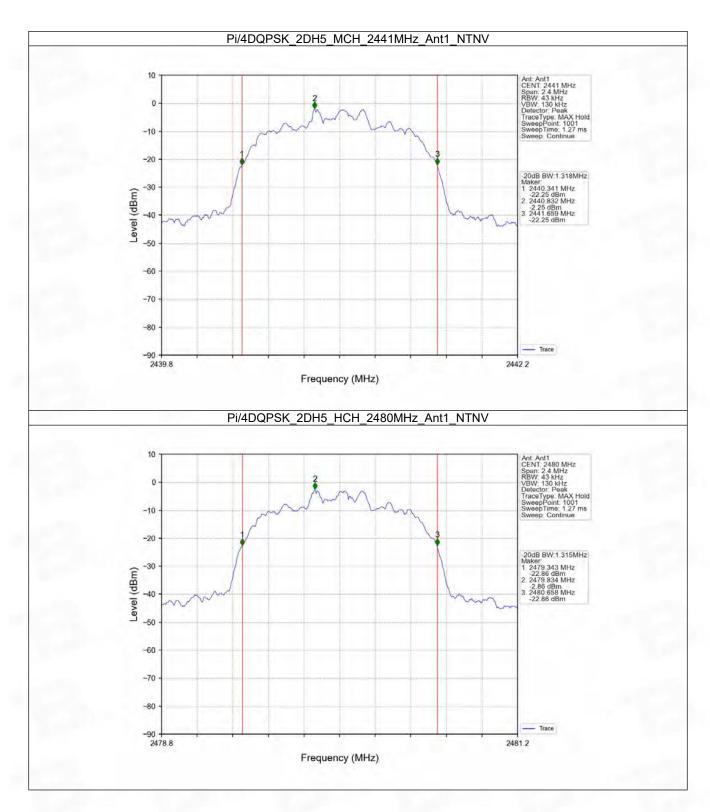




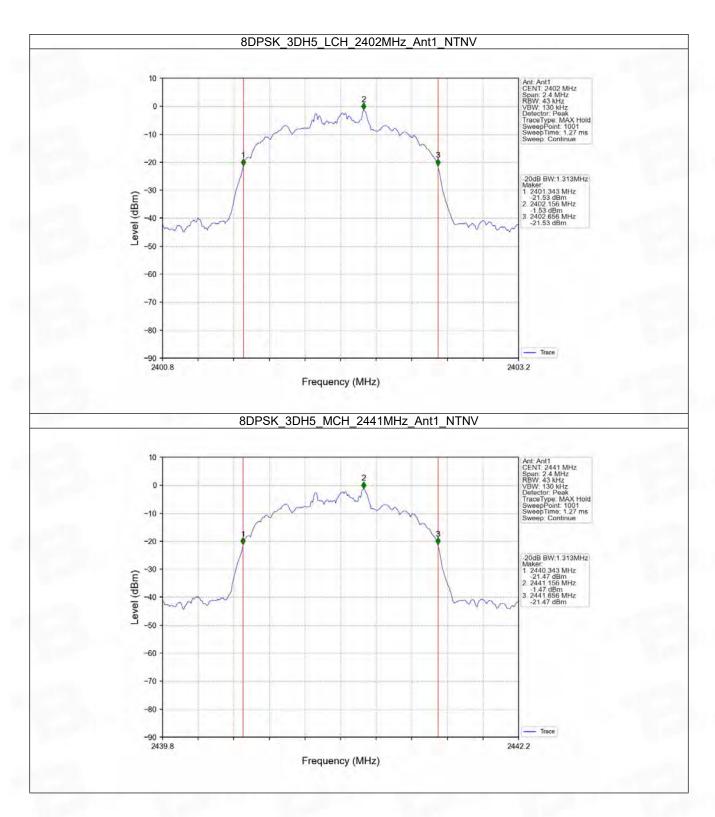




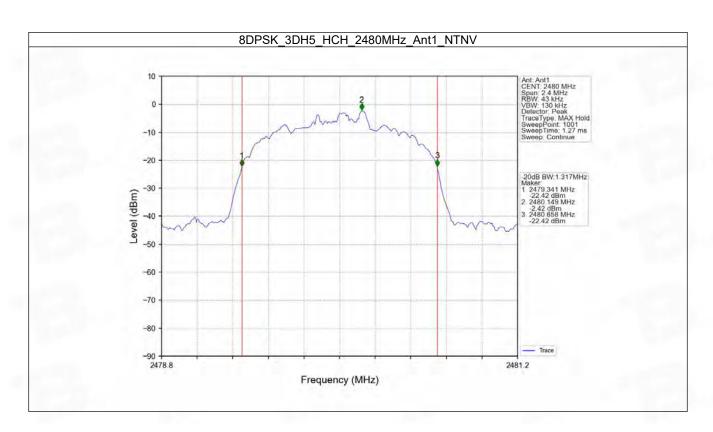


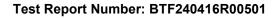












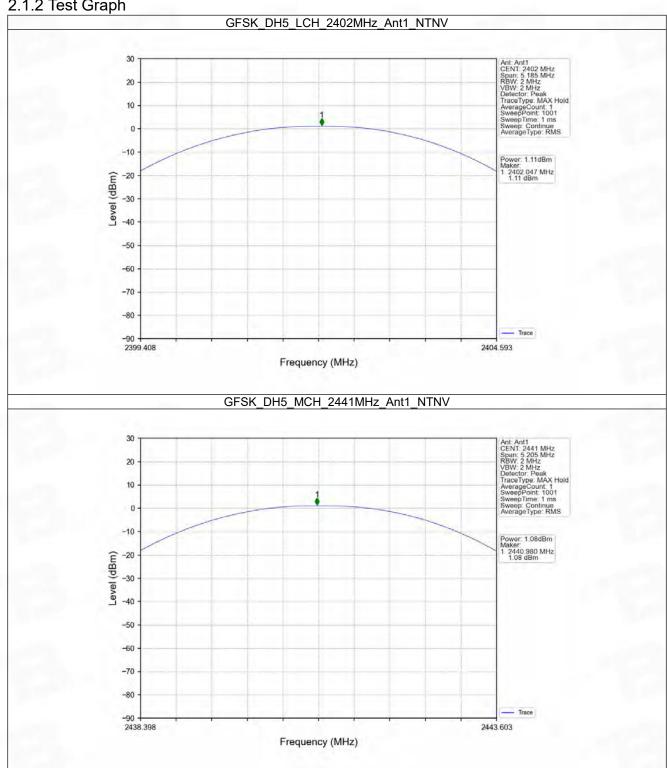


2. Maximum Conducted Output Power

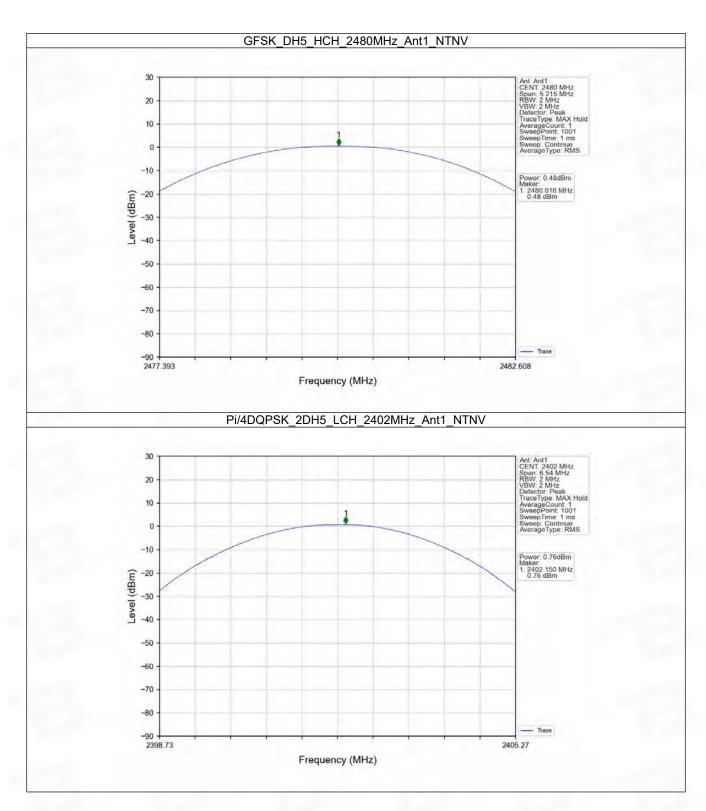
2.1 Power

Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	Maximum Peak Conduc	um Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	
	Type	(MHz)	Type	ANT1	Limit	Verdict
GFSK	SISO	2402	DH5	1.11	<=20.97	Pass
		2441	DH5	1.08	<=20.97	Pass
		2480	DH5	0.48	<=20.97	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2402	2DH5	0.76	<=20.97	Pass
		2441	2DH5	0.70	<=20.97	Pass
		2480	2DH5	0.08	<=20.97	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	2402	3DH5	0.89	<=20.97	Pass
		2441	3DH5	0.88	<=20.97	Pass
		2480	3DH5	0.29	<=20.97	Pass
Note1: Antenna	Gain: Ant1	: 2.499dBi;				

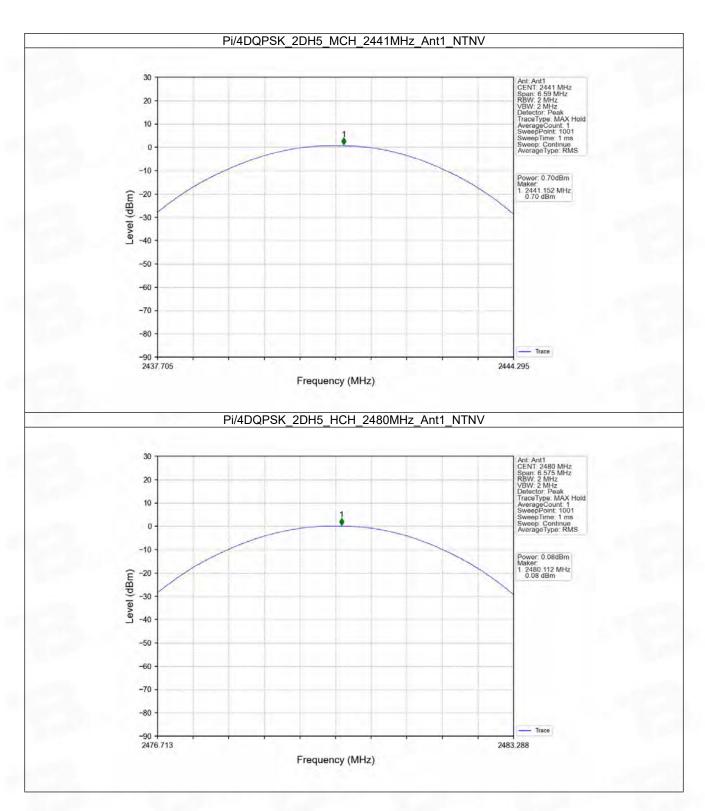




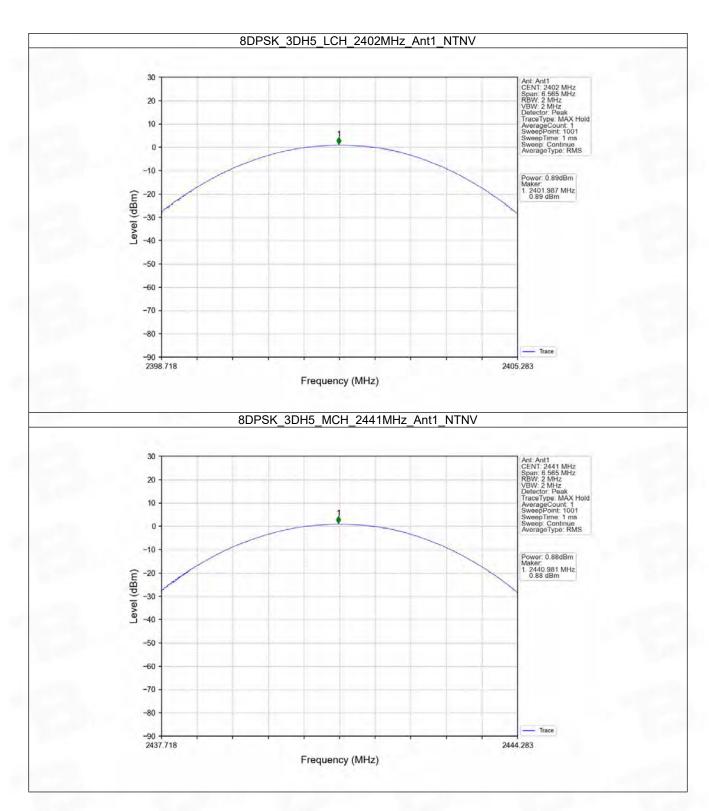




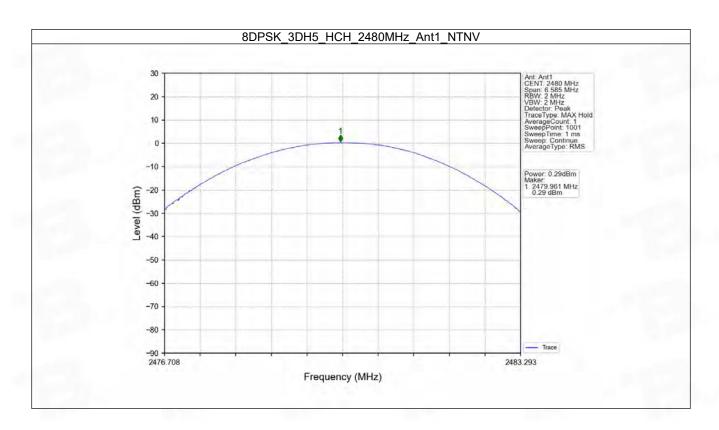


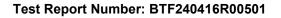












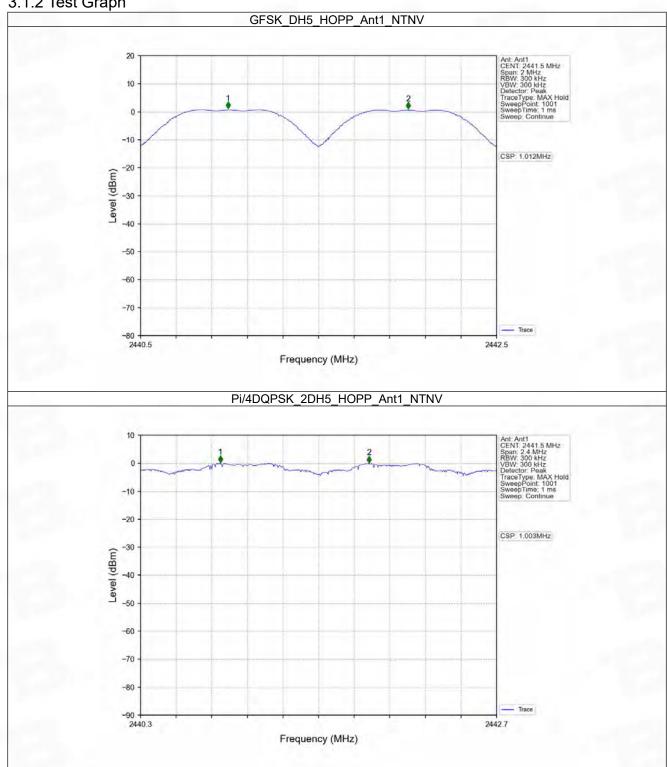


3. Carrier Frequency Separation

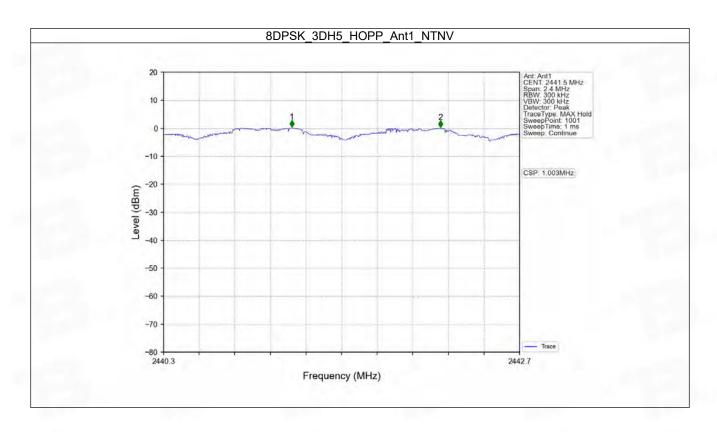
3.1 Ant1

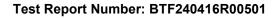
Ant1										
Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	Channel Separation	20dB Bandwidth	Limit	Verdict			
	Type	(MHz)	Type	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)	verdict			
GFSK	SISO	HOPP	DH5	1.012	1.043	>=0.695	Pass			
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	HOPP	2DH5	1.003	1.318	>=0.879	Pass			
8DPSK	SISO	HOPP	3DH5	1.003	1.317	>=0.878	Pass			











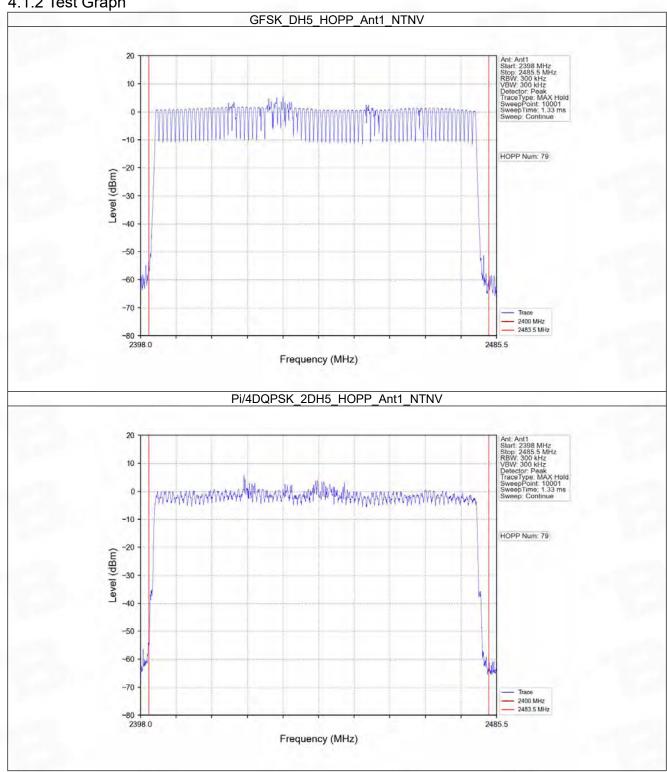


4. Number of Hopping Frequencies

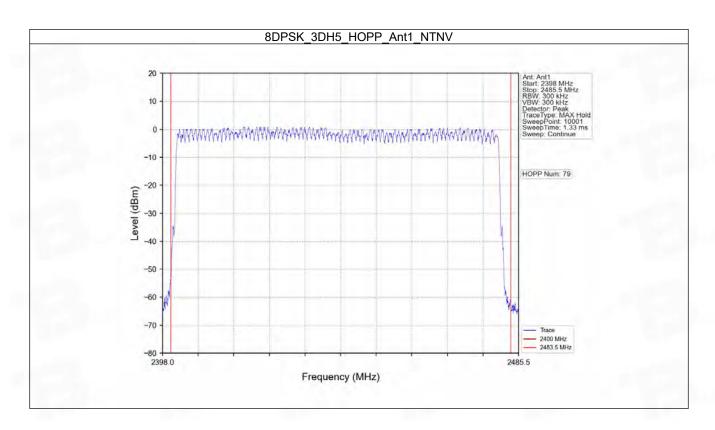
4.1 HoppNum

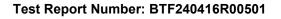
Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	Num of Hoppin	Verdict	
	Type	(MHz)	Type	ANT1	Limit	verdict
GFSK	SISO	HOPP	DH5	79	>=15	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	HOPP	2DH5	79	>=15	Pass
8DPSK	SISO	HOPP	3DH5	79	>=15	Pass













5. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

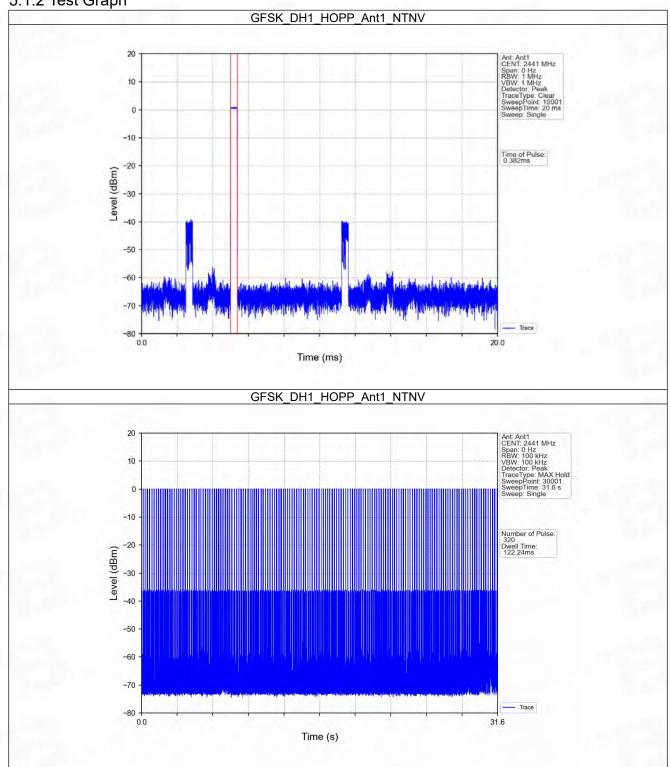
5.1 Ant1

5.1.1 Test Result

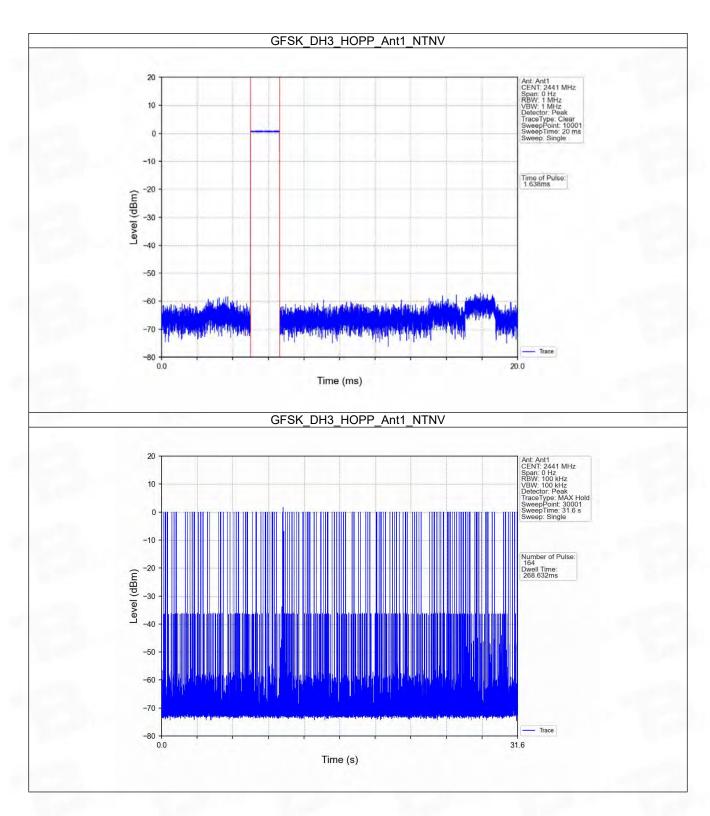
Ant1									
Mode	TX	Frequency	Packet	Duration of	Observation	Num of Pulse in	Dwell	Limit	Verdict
Mode	Type	(MHz)	Type	Single Pulse (ms)	Period (s)	Observation Period	Time (ms)	(ms)	verdict
		HOPP	DH1	0.382	31.600	320	122.240	<=400	Pass
GFSK	SISO		DH3	1.638	31.600	164	268.632	<=400	Pass
			DH5	2.886	31.600	111	320.346	<=400	Pass
	SISO	НОРР	2DH1	0.392	31.600	320	125.440	<=400	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK			2DH3	1.642	31.600	160	262.720	<=400	Pass
			2DH5	2.890	31.600	100	289.000	<=400	Pass
	SISO	SO HOPP	3DH1	0.390	31.600	320	124.800	<=400	Pass
8DPSK			3DH3	1.642	31.600	166	272.572	<=400	Pass
			3DH5	2.892	31.600	102	294.984	<=400	Pass



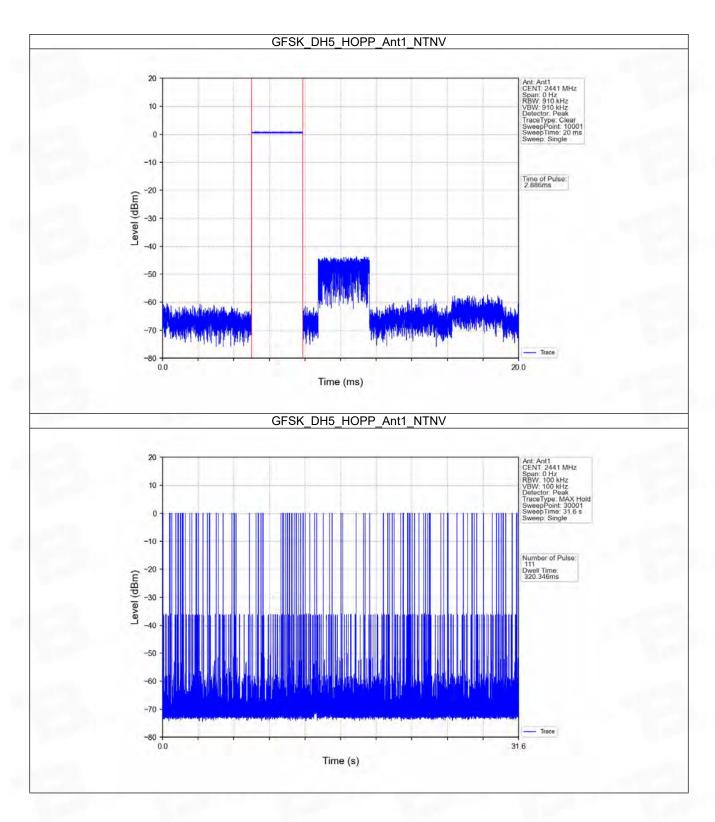
5.1.2 Test Graph



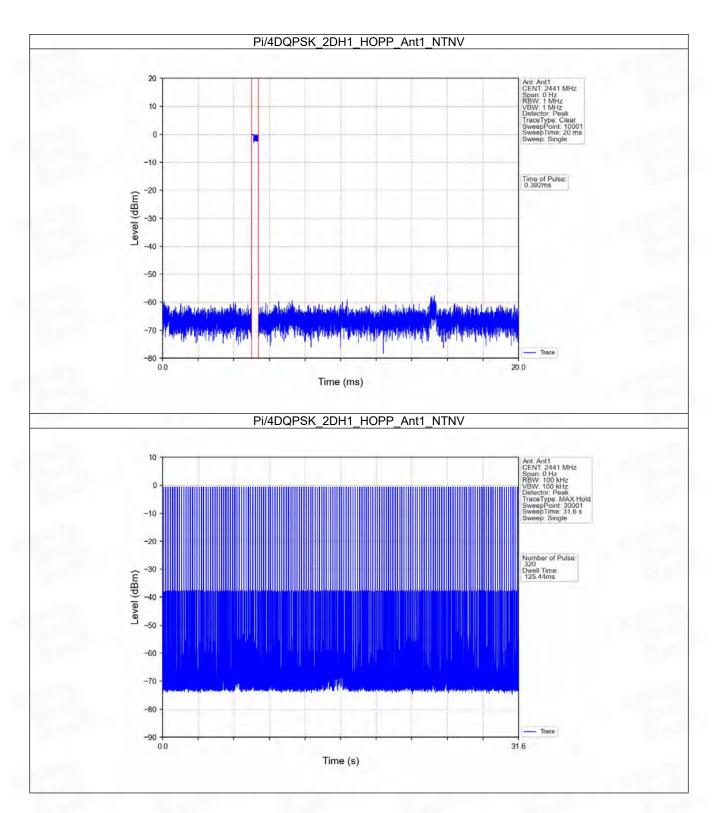




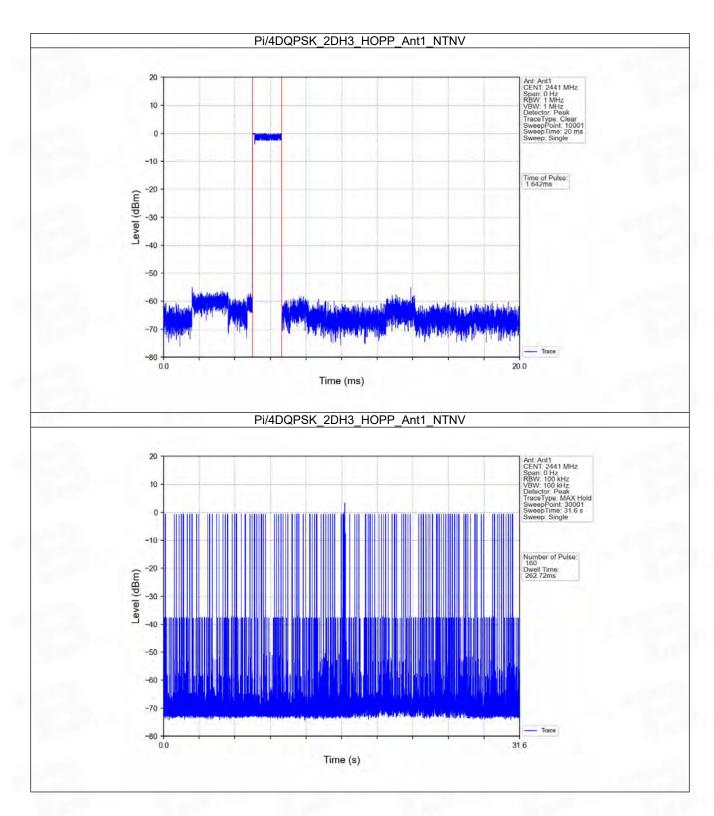




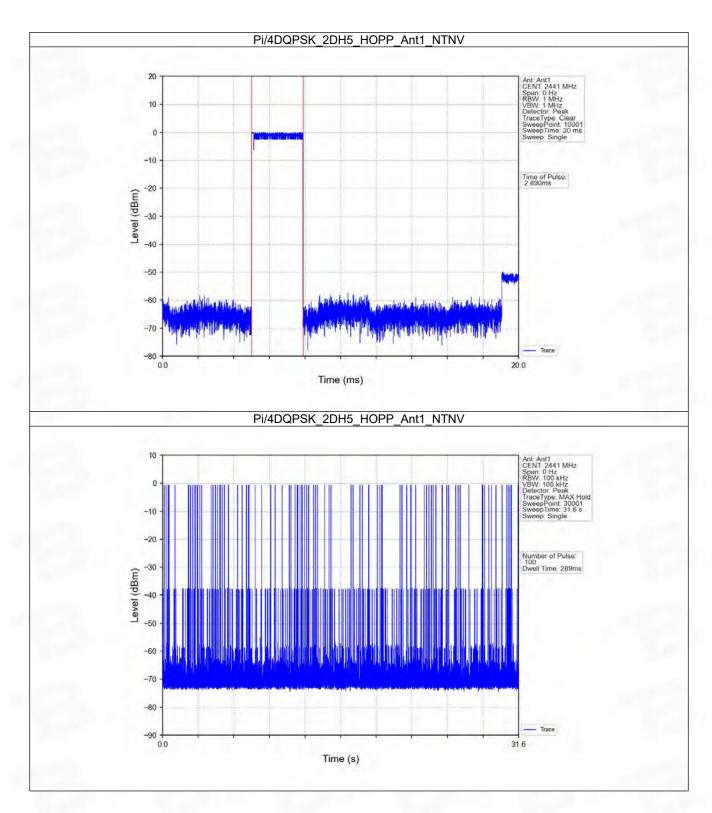




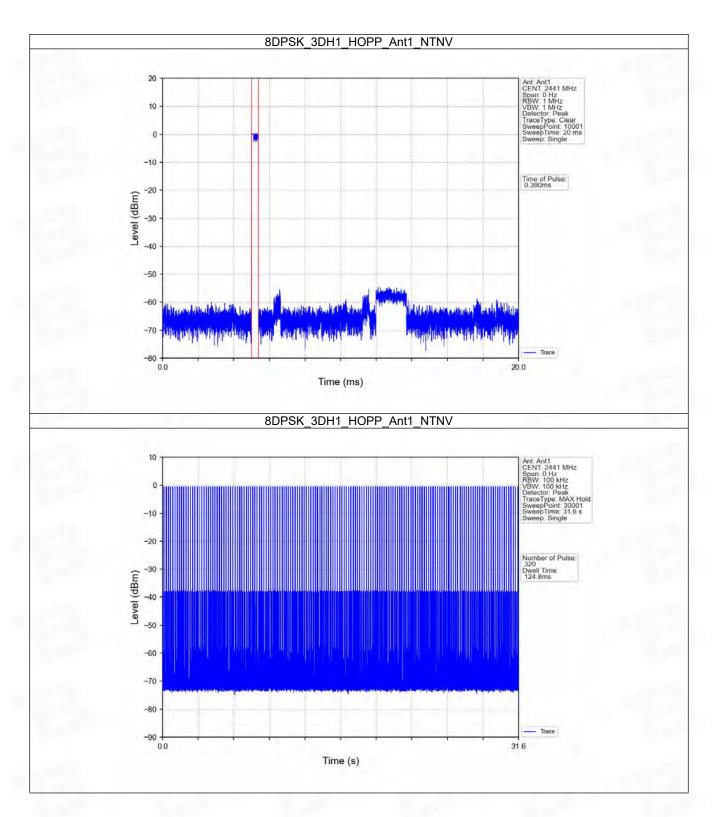




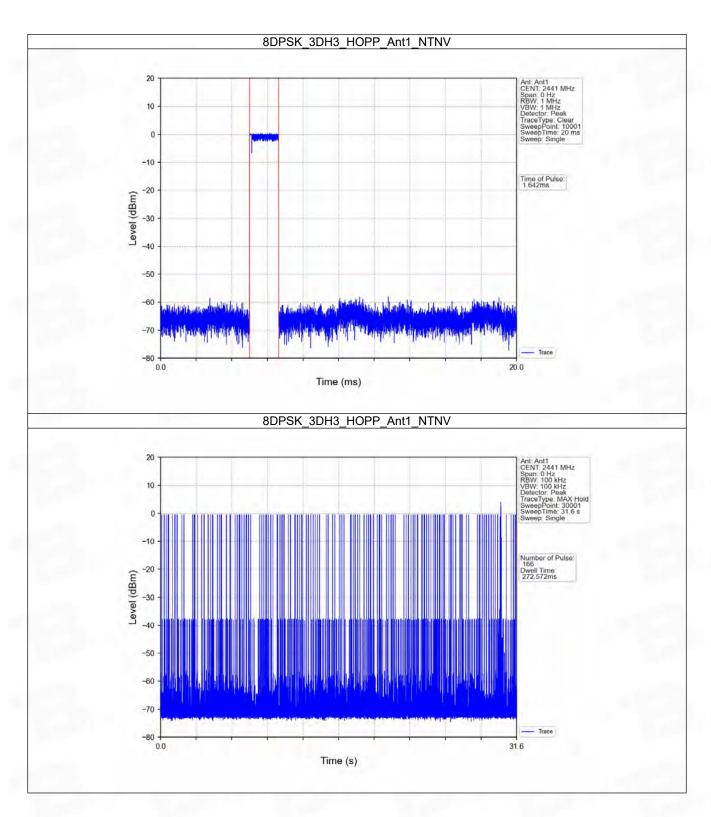




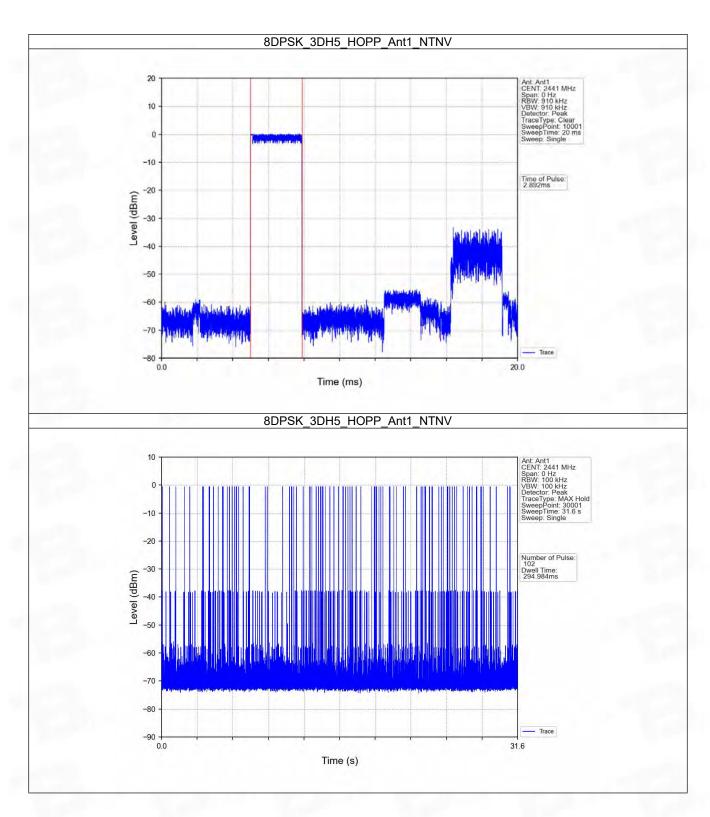


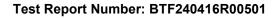














6. Unwanted Emissions In Non-restricted Frequency Bands

6.1 Ref

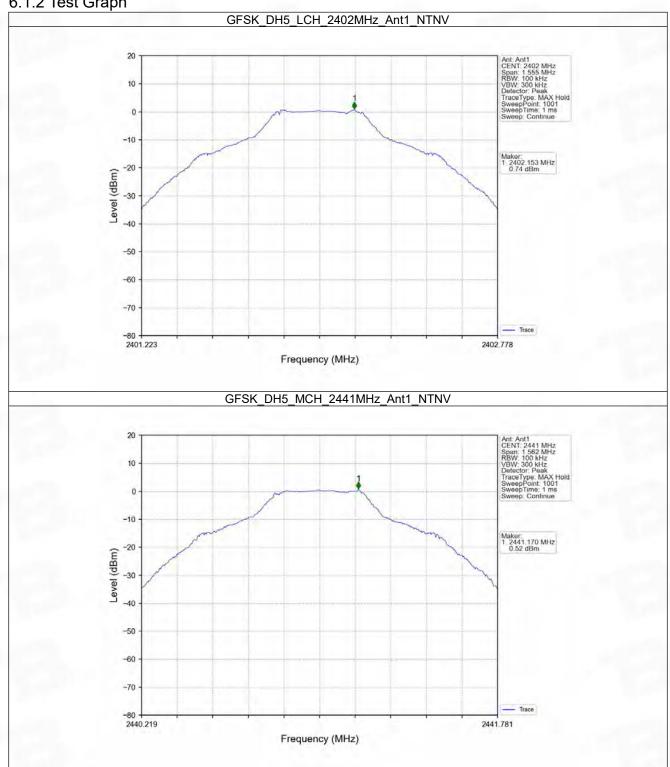
6.1.1 Test Result

Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	ANT	Level of Reference (dBm)
GFSK		2402	DH5	1	0.74
	SISO	2441	DH5	1	0.52
		2480	DH5	1	0.08
		2402	2DH5	1	-0.17
Pi/4DQPSK	SISO	2441	2DH5	1	-0.14
		2480	2DH5	1	-1.02
		2402	3DH5	1	-0.12
8DPSK	SISO	2441	3DH5	1	-0.11
		2480	3DH5	1	-0.89

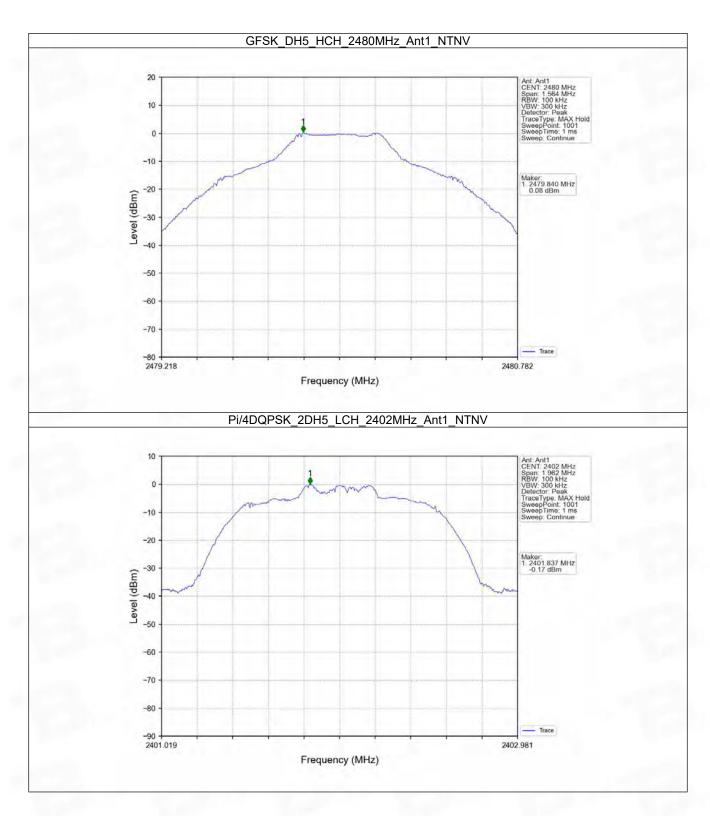
Note1: Refer to FCC Part 15.247 (d) and ANSI C63.10-2013, the channel contains the maximum PSD level was used to establish the reference level.



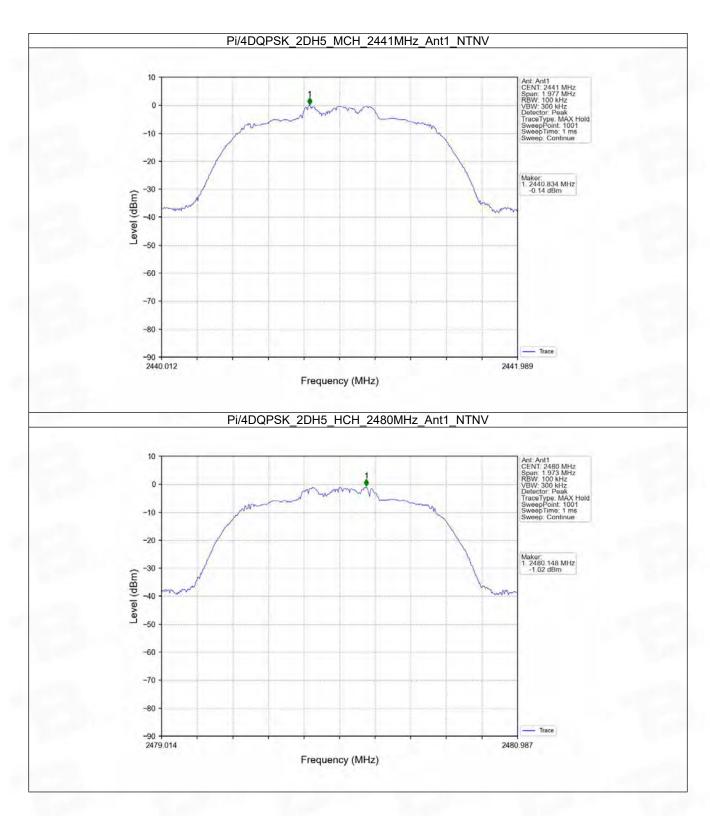
6.1.2 Test Graph



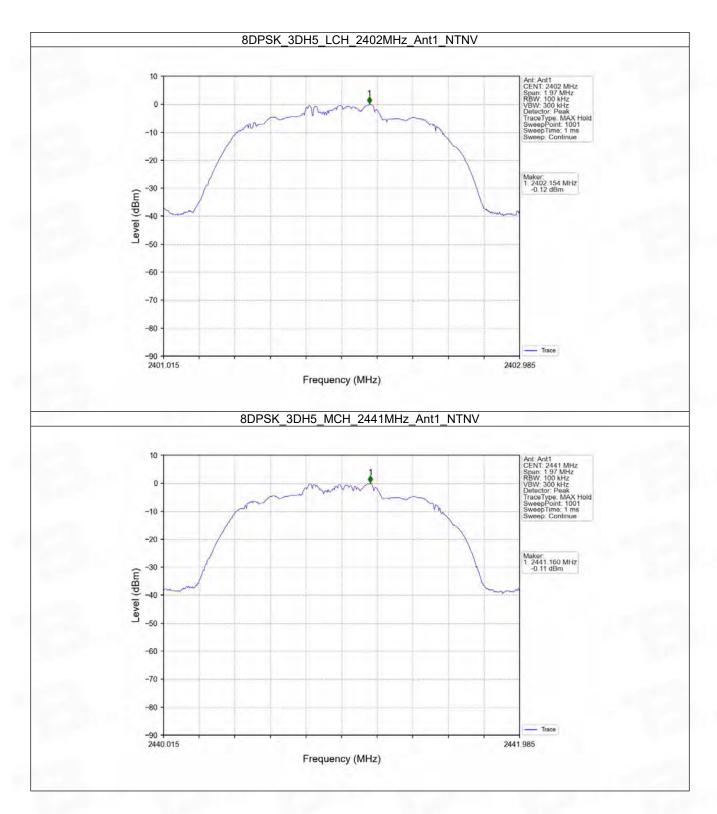






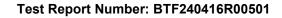














6.2 CSE

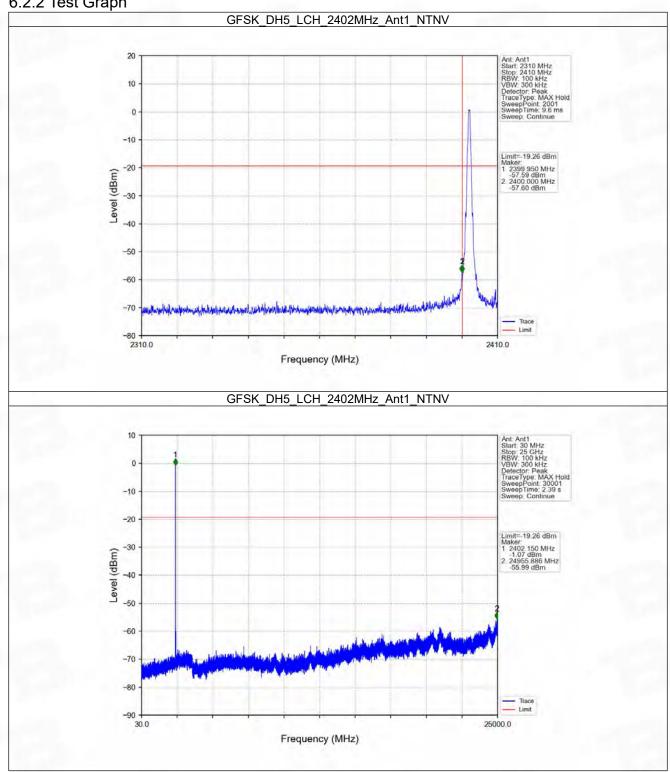
6.2.1 Test Result

Mode	TX Type	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	ANT	Level of Reference (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict	
	siso	2402	DH5	1	0.74	-19.26	Pass	
		2441	DH5	1	0.74	-19.26	Pass	
GFSK		2480	DH5	1	0.74	-19.26	Pass	
		HOPP	DH5	1	0.74	-19.26	Pass	
					0.74	-19.26	Pass	
	SISO	2402	2DH5	1	-0.14	-20.14	Pass	
			2441	2DH5	1	-0.14	-20.14	Pass
Pi/4DQPSK		2480	2DH5	1	-0.14	-20.14	Pass	
		HOPP	2DH5	1	-0.14	-20.14	Pass	
					-0.14	-20.14	Pass	
		2402	3DH5	1	-0.11	-20.11	Pass	
		2441	3DH5	1	-0.11	-20.11	Pass	
8DPSK	SISO	2480	3DH5	1	-0.11	-20.11	Pass	
		HOPP	3DH5	1	-0.11	-20.11	Pass	
					-0.11	-20.11	Pass	

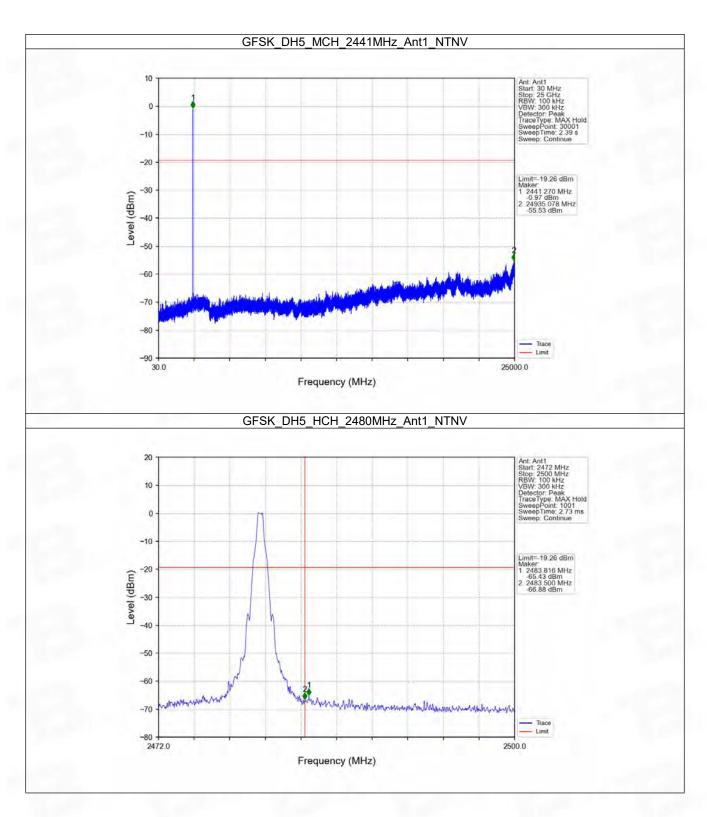
Note1: Refer to FCC Part 15.247 (d) and ANSI C63.10-2013, the channel contains the maximum PSD level was used to establish the reference level.



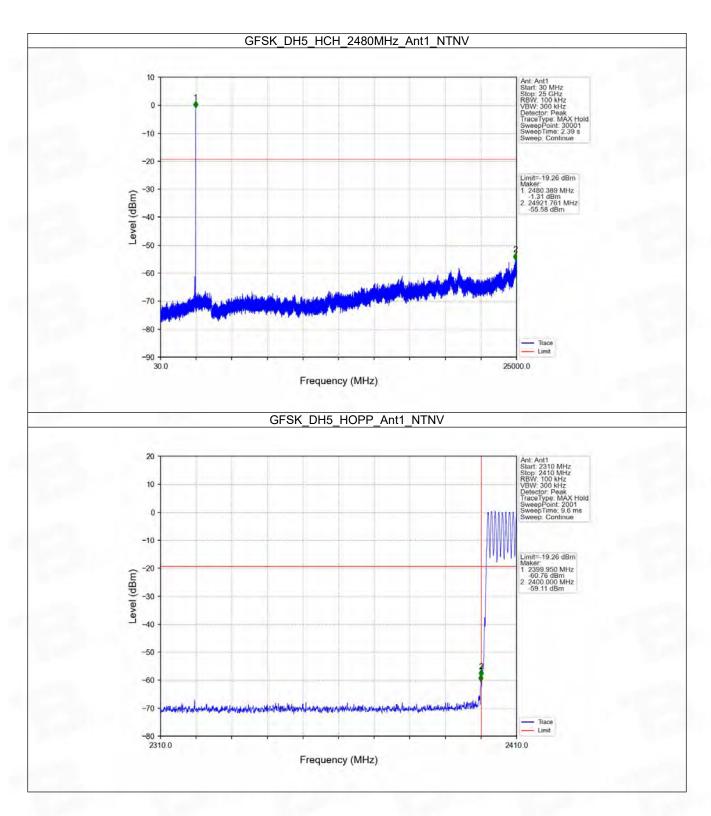
6.2.2 Test Graph



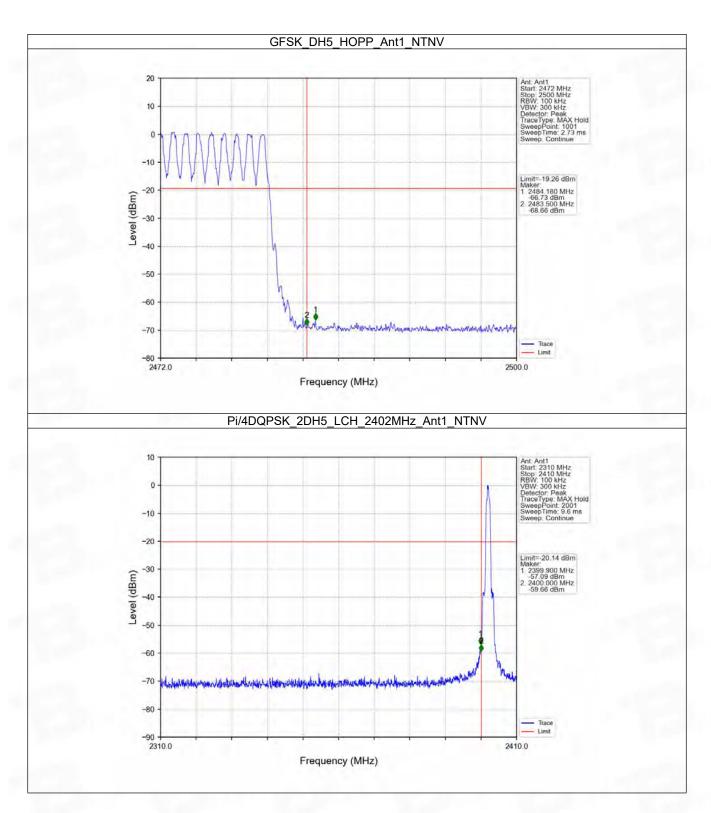




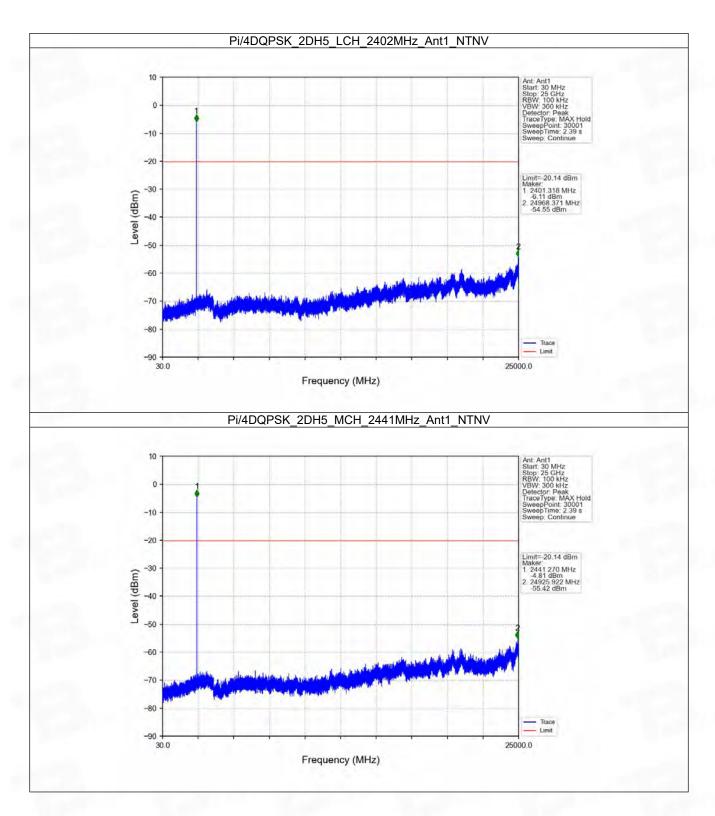




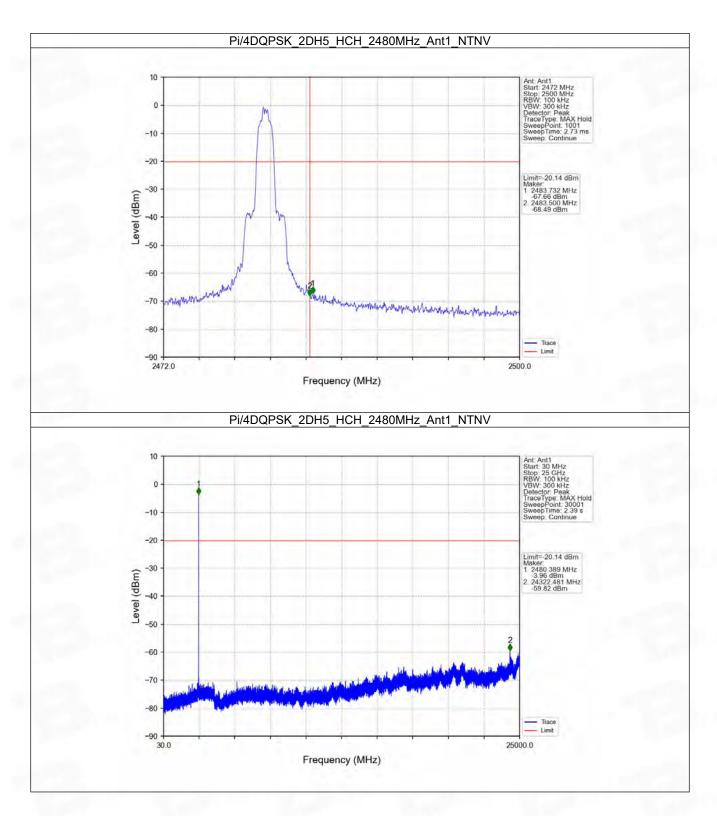




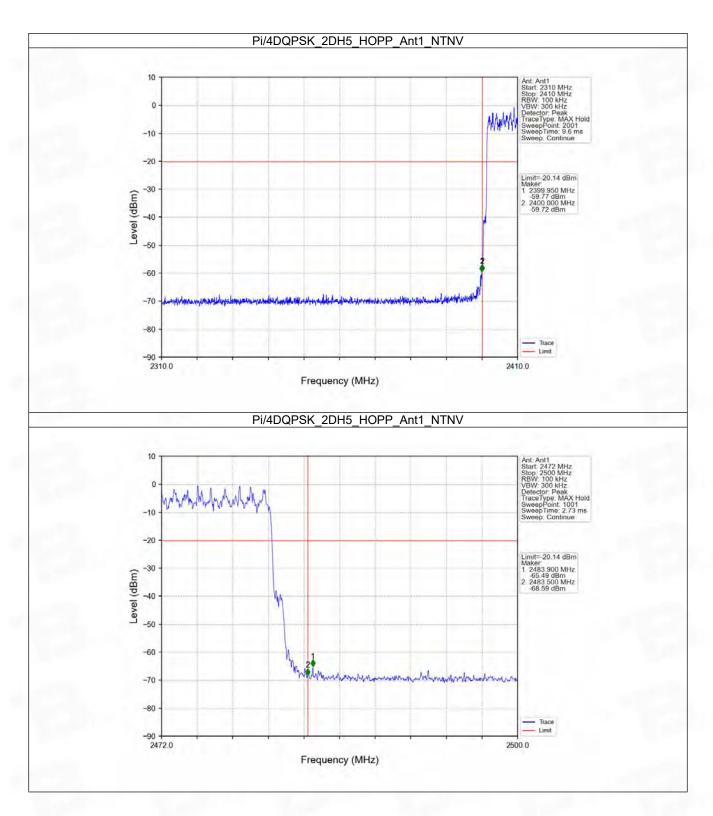




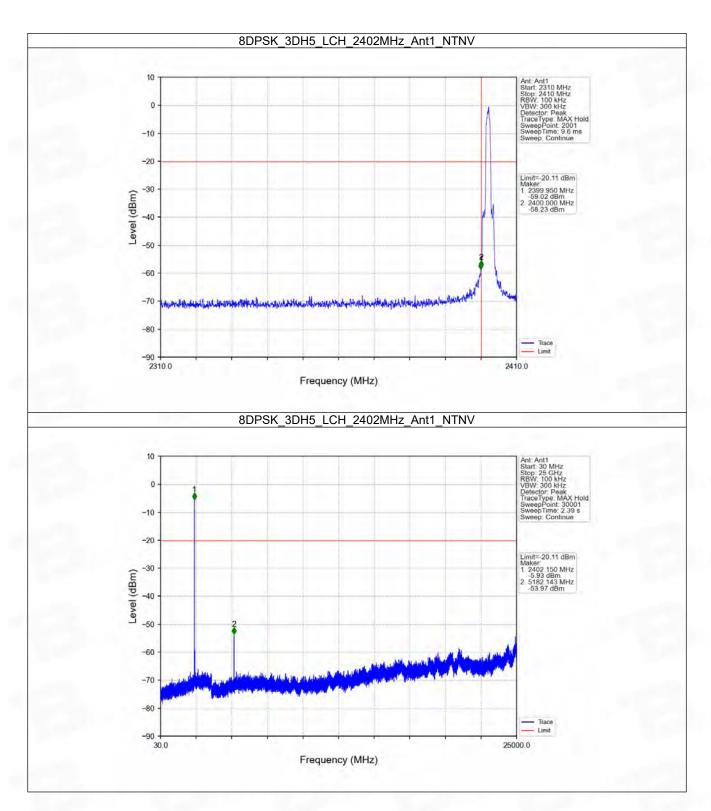




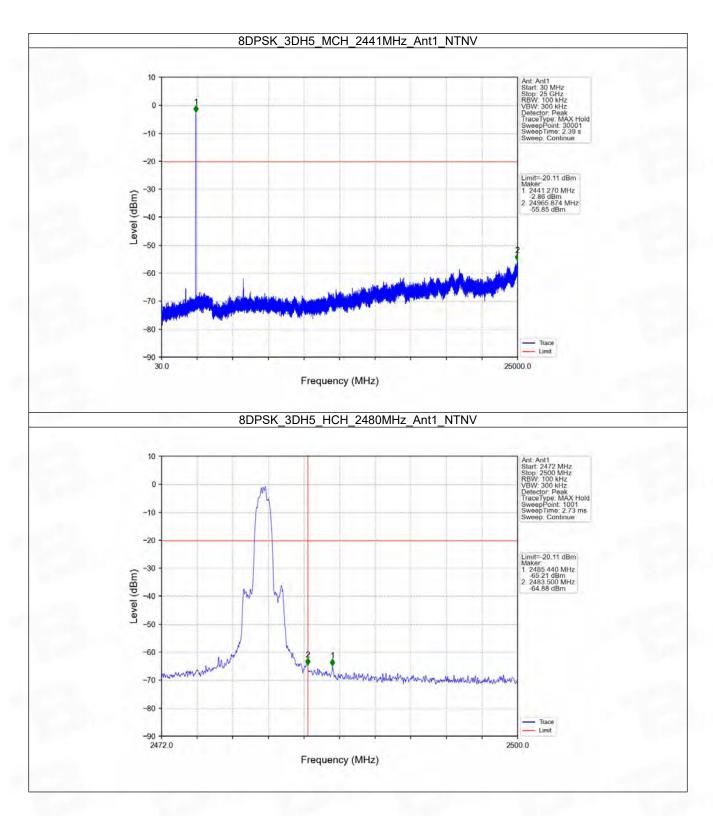




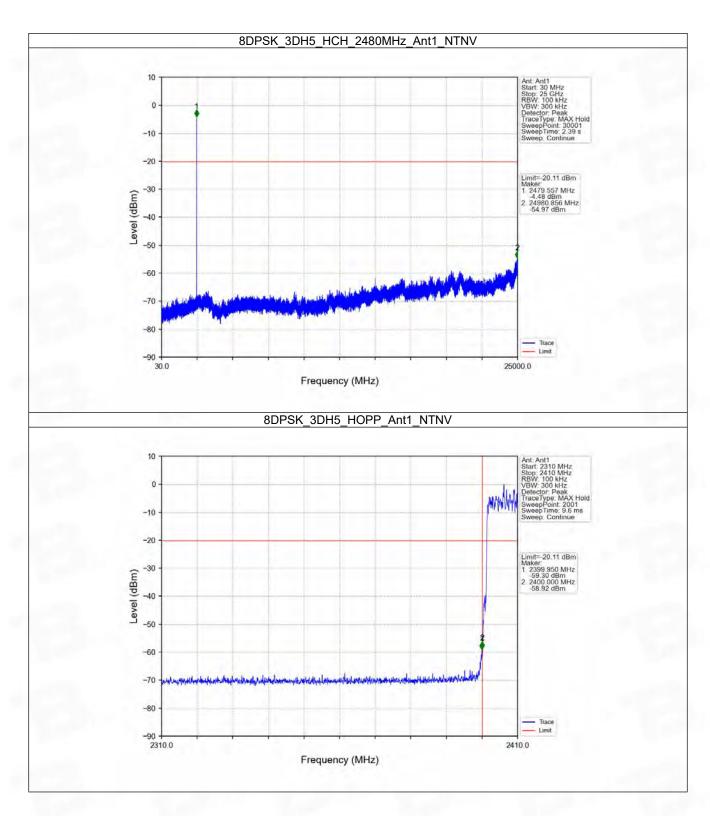


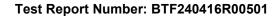




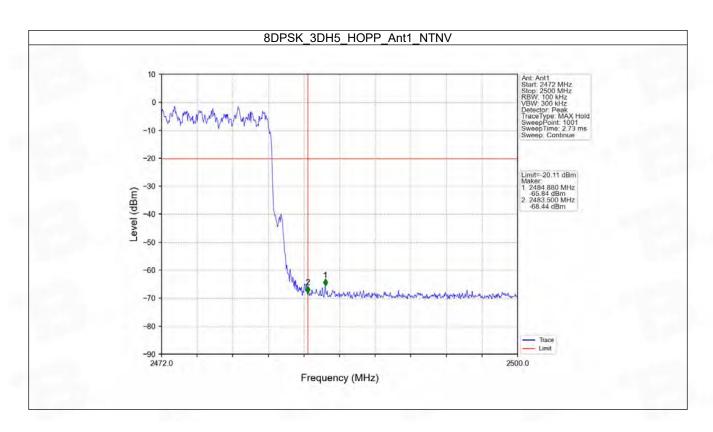


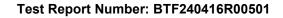












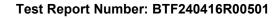


7. Form731

7.1 Form731

7.1.1 Test Result

. – /	()	(140)	14434 D (1D)		
Lower Freq (MHz)	High Freq (MHz)	MAX Power (W)	MAX Power (dBm)		
2402	2480	0.0013	1.11		







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-- END OF REPORT --