



**FCC ID: 2BDLV-RSKUSU016**

## RF Exposure evaluation

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$   
 $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

### **BT EDR**

Worse case output power is as below: [2480MHz: 5.73dBm]

Antenna Gain is -0.68dBi

Maximum output power is 5.73dBm (3.74mW).

$(6.223\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.480(\text{GHz})}] = 1.18 < 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

### **BT LE**

Worse case output power is as below: [2441MHz: 3.85dBm]

Antenna Gain is -0.68dBi

Maximum output power is 3.85dBm (2.43mW).

$(6.223\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{2.441(\text{GHz})}] = 0.76 < 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

Then SAR evaluation is not required