

1. RF Exposure Requirements

1.1 General Information

Client Information

Applicant: Shelly Europe Ltd.
Address of applicant: 51 Cherni Vrah Blvd., building 3, floor 2 and 3, Lozenetz Region, Sofia 1407, Republic of Bulgaria

Manufacturer: Shelly Europe Ltd.
Address of manufacturer: 51 Cherni Vrah Blvd., building 3, floor 2 and 3, Lozenetz Region, Sofia 1407, Republic of Bulgaria

General Description of EUT:

Product Name: Matter-compatible smart switch with potential-free contacts

Trade Name: 

Model No.: Shelly 1 Mini Gen4

Adding Model(s): S4SW-001X8EU

Rated Voltage: AC 120V

Power Adapter Model: /

FCC ID: 2BDC6-SHELLY1MINI

Equipment Type: Fixed device

Technical Characteristics of EUT:

Wi-Fi

Support Standards: 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ax

Frequency Range: 2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n/ax(HT/HE20)

2422-2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40)

RF Output Power: 15.40dBm (Conducted)

Type of Modulation: CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM

Quantity of Channels: 11 for 802.11b/g/n/ax(HT/HE20); 7 for 802.11n(HT40)

Channel Separation: 5MHz

Type of Antenna: PCB Antenna

Antenna Gain: 3.73dBi

Bluetooth

Bluetooth Version: V5.0 (BLE mode)

Frequency Range: 2402-2480MHz

RF Output Power: 1Mbps:2.81dBm (Conducted)

2Mbps:2.24dBm (Conducted)

Data Rate: 1Mbps, 2Mbps

Modulation: GFSK

Quantity of Channels: 40

Channel Separation: 2MHz

Type of Antenna:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	3.73dBi
Zigbee	
Support Standards:	IEEE802.15.4
Frequency Range:	2405-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	2.63dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	QPSK
Quantity of Channels:	16
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Type of Antenna:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	3.73dBi

1.2 RF Exposure Exemption

According to §1.1307(b)(3) and KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, system operating under the provisions of this section shall be operating in a manner that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure.

Option A: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(A): The available maximum time-averaged power is no more than 1mW, regardless of separation distance.

Option B: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(B): The available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW) described in the following formula. P_{th} is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}(d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

$d = \text{the separation distance (cm);}$

Option C: FCC Rule Part 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating

wavelength in meters.

Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation	
RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	1,920 R ²
1.34-30	3,450 R ² /f ²
30-300	3.83 R ²
300-1,500	0.0128 R ² f
1,500-100,000	19.2R ²

For Multiple RF sources: FCC Rule Part 1.1307(b)(3)(ii):

(A) The available maximum time-averaged power of each source is no more than 1 mW and there is a separation distance of two centimeters between any portion of a radiating structure operating and the nearest portion of any other radiating structure in the same device, except if the sum of multiple sources is less than 1 mW during the time-averaging period, in which case they may be treated as a single source (separation is not required).

(B) In the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure\ Limit_k} \leq 1$$

1.3 Calculated Result

Radio Access Technology	Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Antenna Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle (%)	Tune-Up Time-Averaged Power (dBm)	ERP (dBm)
					ERP	
Wi-Fi	2412	15.40	3.73	100	16.00	17.58
Bluetooth	2402	2.81	3.73	100	3.00	4.58
Zigbee	2405	2.63	3.73	100	3.00	4.58

Frequency (MHz)	Option	Min. Distance (cm)	Max. Power (dBm) (mW)		Exposure Limit (mW)	Ratio	Result
			(dBm)	(mW)			
2412	C	20.00	17.58	57.28	768.00	0.07	Pass
2402	C	20.00	4.58	2.87	768.00	0.01	Pass
2405	C	20.00	4.58	2.87	768.00	0.01	Pass

Note: 1. Time-Averaged Power=Output Power * Duty Cycle; ERP= Time-Averaged Power+ Antenna gain-2.15dB

2. Option A, B and C refers as clause 1.2.

3. For option B, Max (time-averaged power, effective radiated power (ERP)) converts to Max. Power. For option C, ERP converts to Max. Power;

4. For option B, P_{th} (mW) converts to Exposure Limit (mW); For option C, ERP (W) converts to Exposure

Limit (mW).

5. *Ratio= Tune-Up ERP (mW)/ Exposure Limit (mW)*

Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission:

Radio Access Technology	Ratio 1	Ratio 2	Simultaneous Ratio	Limit	Result
					Pass/Fail
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Note: Bluetooth, Zigbee and Wi-Fi can't transmit at the same time.

Result: Pass