

RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency(RF) Radiation as specified in §1.1307(b)

EUT Specification

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| EUT | WIFI Sports Camera |
| Frequency band (Operating) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz <input type="checkbox"/> Others BT:2402-2480MHz |
| Device category | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portable (<20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Mobile (>20cm separation) <input type="checkbox"/> Others |
| Exposure classification | <input type="checkbox"/> Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²) |
| Antenna diversity | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single antenna <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple antennas <input type="checkbox"/> Tx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Rx diversity <input type="checkbox"/> Tx/Rx diversity |
| Max. output power | 5.632dBm (0.0037W) |
| Antenna gain (Max) | 1.59dBi |
| Evaluation applied | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MPE Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> SAR Evaluation |

RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION METHOD**SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm**

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

| MHz | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | mm |
|------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| 150 | 39 | 77 | 116 | 155 | 194 | SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW) |
| 300 | 27 | 55 | 82 | 110 | 137 | |
| 450 | 22 | 45 | 67 | 89 | 112 | |
| 835 | 16 | 33 | 49 | 66 | 82 | |
| 900 | 16 | 32 | 47 | 63 | 79 | |
| 1500 | 12 | 24 | 37 | 49 | 61 | |
| 1900 | 11 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 54 | |
| 2450 | 10 | 19 | 29 | 38 | 48 | |
| 3600 | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | |
| 5200 | 7 | 13 | 20 | 26 | 33 | |
| 5400 | 6 | 13 | 19 | 26 | 32 | |
| 5800 | 6 | 12 | 19 | 25 | 31 | |

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Maximum measured transmitter power.

| Operating Mode | Frequency | Measured Power | max. power | Antenna Gain | min. test separation distance | [$\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}$] | Result | Limit |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|
| | (MHz) | (dBm) | (mW) | (dBi) | (mm) | | | |
| 802.11b | 2412 | 5.632 | 3.66 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.553 | 1.6384 | 3 |
| | 2437 | 5.246 | 3.35 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.561 | 1.5068 | 3 |
| | 2462 | 5.012 | 3.17 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.569 | 1.4351 | 3 |
| 802.11g | 2412 | 3.354 | 2.16 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.553 | 0.9697 | 3 |
| | 2437 | 3.241 | 2.11 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.561 | 0.9496 | 3 |
| | 2462 | 3.021 | 2.00 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.569 | 0.9073 | 3 |
| 802.11n (HT20) | 2412 | 1.635 | 1.46 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.553 | 0.4526 | 3 |
| | 2437 | 1.354 | 1.37 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.561 | 0.4264 | 3 |
| | 2462 | 1.027 | 1.27 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.569 | 0.3975 | 3 |
| 802.11n (HT40) | 2422 | 0.852 | 1.22 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.556 | 0.3779 | 3 |
| | 2437 | 0.965 | 1.25 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.561 | 0.3899 | 3 |
| | 2452 | 0.245 | 1.06 | 1.59 | 5 | 1.566 | 0.3314 | 3 |

Remark: The best case gain of the antenna is 1.59dBi.

1.59dBi logarithmic terms convert to numeric result is nearly 1.44

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\frac{[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$$

The test Result is less than 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR.

Conclusion: No SAR is required.