

# TEST REPORT

Report No.: BCTC2504363204E

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Applicant: Shenzhen Feiyufei Digital Technology Co., Ltd

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Product Name: Tablet PC

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Test Model: NET Z2

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Tested Date: 2025-04-27 to 2025-05-29

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Issued Date: 2025-05-29

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**Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.**



## FCC ID: 2BCOA-NETZ2

Product Name: Tablet PC

Trademark: Krono

Model/Type Reference: NET Z2

Prepared For: Shenzhen Feiyufei Digital Technology Co., Ltd

Address: 3A18, Bldg. A2, Fuhai Technology Industrial Park, Fuyong Community, Baoan, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Feiyufei Digital Technology Co., Ltd

Address: 3A18, Bldg. A2, Fuhai Technology Industrial Park, Fuyong Community, Baoan, Shenzhen, China

Prepared By: Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Sample Received Date: 2025-04-27

Sample tested Date: 2025-04-27 to 2025-05-29

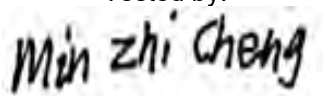
Issue Date: 2025-05-29

Test Standards: IEEE Std C95.1-2019  
IEEE Std 1528-2013  
FCC Part 2.1093

Test Results: PASS

Remark: This is SAR test report

Tested by:



Min Zhi Cheng / Project Handler

Approved by:



Zero Zhou / Reviewer

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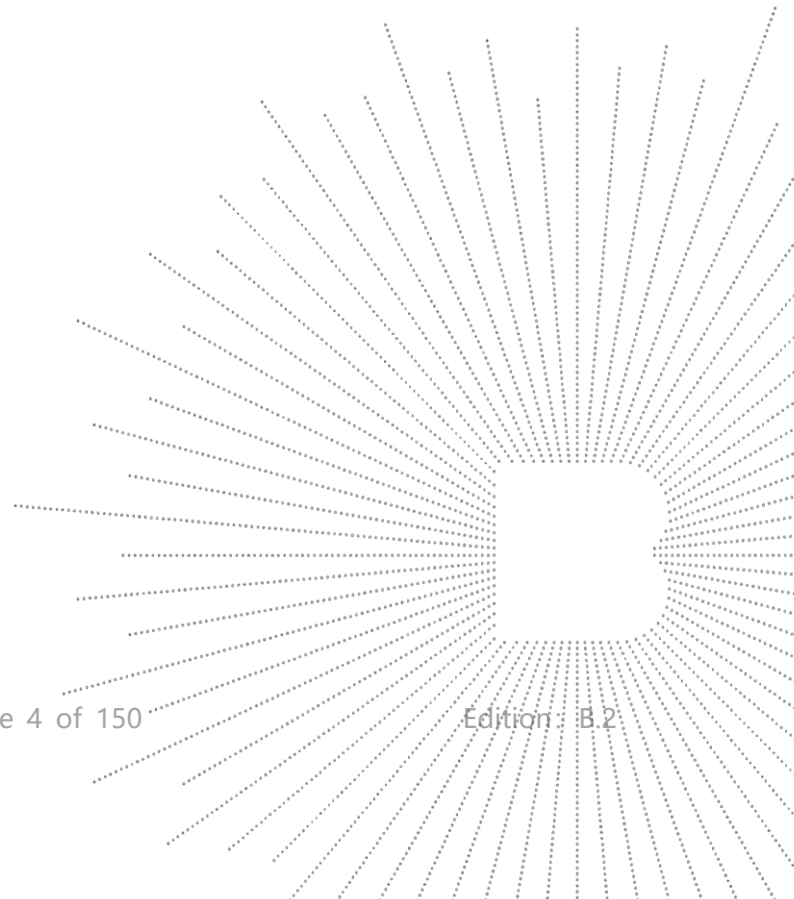
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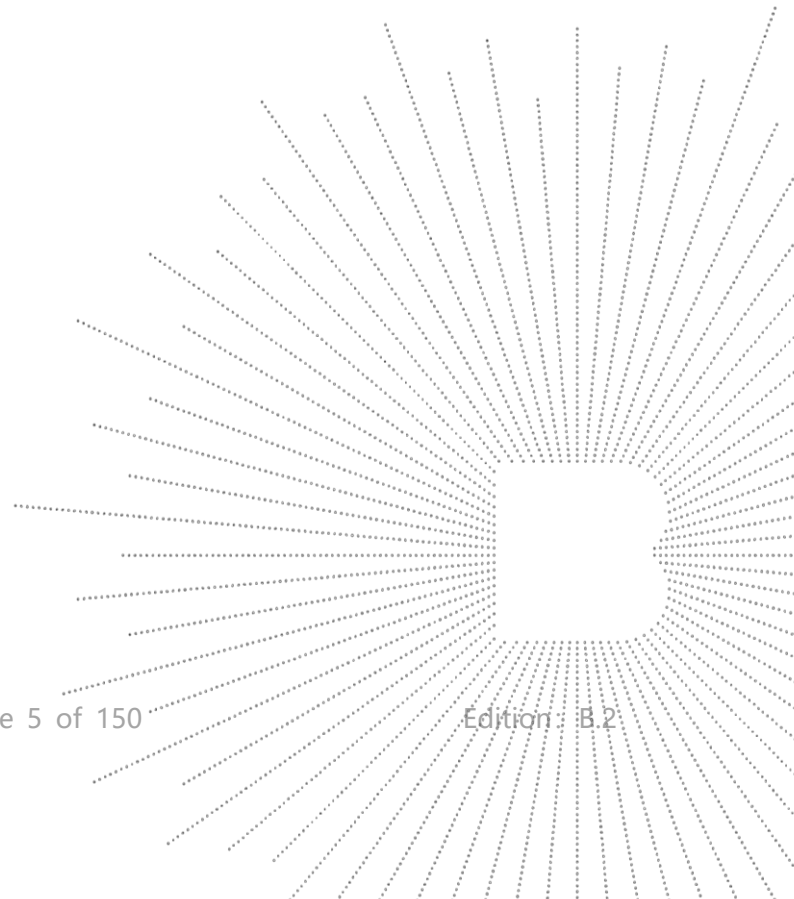
(Note: N/A Means Not Applicable)

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**1. Version**

| Report No.      | Issue Date | Description | Approved |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| BCTC2504363204E | 2025-05-29 | Original    | Valid    |
|                 |            |             |          |



## 2. Test Standards

IEEE Std C95.1-2019: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0Hz to 300GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

IEEE Std 1528-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz.

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS.

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES.

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01: SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS.

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### 3. Test Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

| Frequency Band            | Report SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |                   | Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
|                           | Body (0mm Gap)                  | Hotspot (0mm Gap) |                                |
| Bluetooth                 | 0.334                           | /                 | 1.6                            |
| WIFI 2.4G                 | 0.411                           | 0.262             | 1.6                            |
| GSM                       | 1.186                           | 0.874             | 1.6                            |
| WCDMA                     | 1.217                           | 1.011             | 1.6                            |
| LTE                       | 1.163                           | 0.823             | 1.6                            |
| Simultaneous Transmission | 1.459                           | 1.176             | 1.6                            |

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



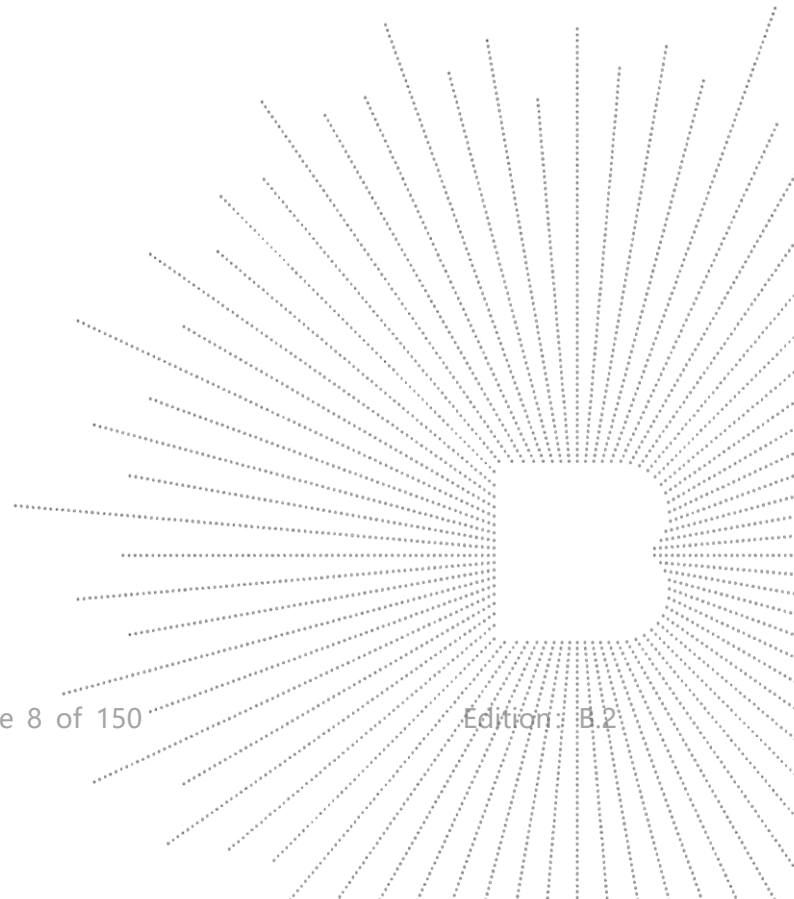
#### 4. SAR Limits

**FCC Limit (1g Tissue)**

| EXPOSURE LIMITS                                              | SAR (W/kg)                                                   |                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                              | General Population /<br>Uncontrolled Exposure<br>Environment | Occupational /<br>Controlled Exposure<br>Environment |
| Spatial Average<br>(averaged over the whole body)            | 0.08                                                         | 0.4                                                  |
| Spatial Peak<br>(averaged over any 1g of tissue)             | 1.6                                                          | 8.0                                                  |
| Spatial Peak<br>(hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10g) | 4.0                                                          | 20.0                                                 |

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

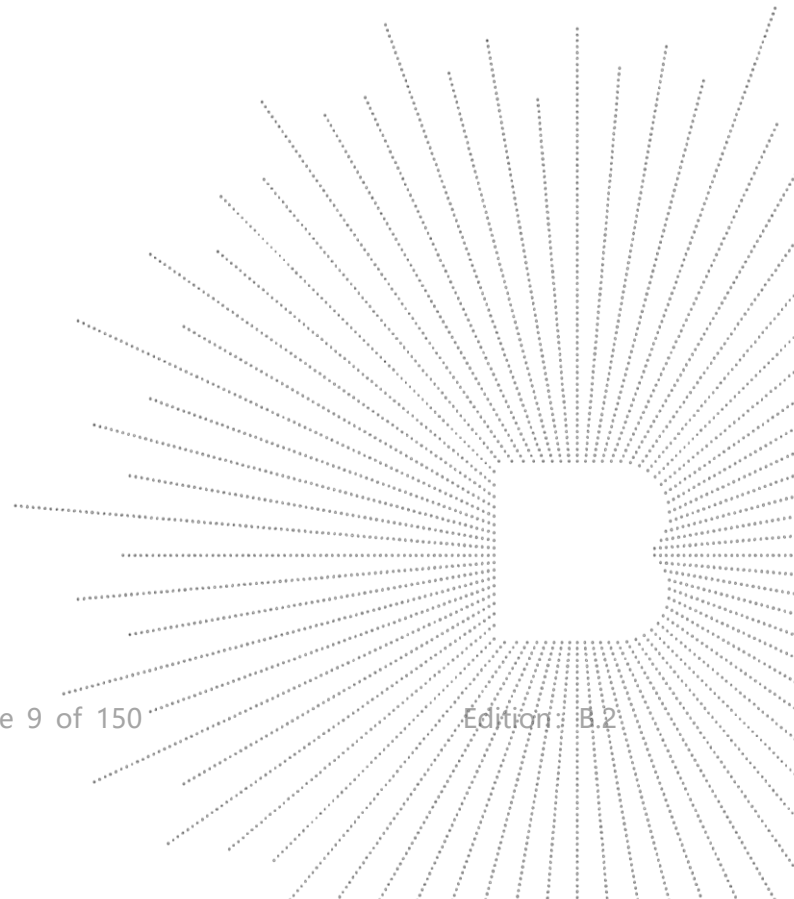




## 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 3.75$  W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq 30\%$ , for a confidence interval of  $k=2$ . If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.



## 6. Product Information and Test Setup

### 6.1 Product Information

Model/Type reference: NET Z2  
Model differences: N/A  
Hardware Version: N/A  
Software Version: N/A  
Ratings: Input: AC100-240V,50/60HZ,0.3A  
Output: DC 5V/2A  
Battery: DC 3.7V, 3000mAh

#### Bluetooth

Operation Frequency: 2402-2480MHz  
Type of Modulation: GFSK,  $\pi/4$  DQPSK, 8DPSK  
Number Of Channel: 79CH  
Antenna installation: Internal antenna

Antenna Gain: -2.56dBi  
Remark:  
☒ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.  
☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

#### BLE

Operation Frequency: 2402-2480MHz  
Type of Modulation: GFSK 1Mbps  
Number Of Channel: 40CH  
Antenna installation: Internal antenna

Antenna Gain: -2.56dBi  
Remark:  
☒ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.  
☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

**WIFI 2.4G**

|                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operation Frequency:    | 802.11b/g/n20:2412~2462MHz<br>802.11n40:2422~2452MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Bit Rate of Transmitter | 802.11b:11/5.5/2/1 Mbps<br>802.11g:54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6 Mbps<br>802.11n Up to 150 Mbps                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Type of Modulation:     | DSSS with DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK for 802.11b;<br>OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM for 802.11g/n;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Number Of Channel       | 11 channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20);<br>7 Channels for 802.11n(HT40);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Antenna installation:   | Internal antenna<br>-2.56dBi                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Antenna Gain:           | Remark:<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.<br><input type="checkbox"/> The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. |

**2G, 3G**

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operation Frequency:  | GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: TX: 824~849MHz; RX: 869~894MHz;<br>GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900: TX:1850~1910MHz; RX:1930~1990MHz;<br>WCDMA Band II: TX: 1850~1910MHz; Rx: 1930~1990MHz;<br>WCDMA Band V: TX: 824~849MHz; RX: 869~ 894MHz;                                                                                                                                 |
| GPRS Class:           | Class 12                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Max RF Output Power:  | GSM/ GPRS/ EGPRS 850:32.16dBm,<br>GSM/ GPRS/ EGPRS 1900: 29.05dBm<br>WCDMA Band II: 23.60dBm<br>WCDMA Band V: 24.02dBm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Type of Modulation:   | GSM with GMSK Modulation<br>WCDMA Mode with BPSK Modulation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Type of Emission:     | GSM/GPRS 850: 255KGXW<br>GSM/GPRS 1900: 245KGXW<br>WCDMA Band II: 4M18F9W<br>WCDMA Band V: 4M17F9W                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Antenna installation: | Internal antenna<br>GSM850: -0.24dBi<br>GSM1900: 1.87dBi<br>WCDMA Band II: 1.87dBi<br>WCDMA Band V: -0.24dBi                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Antenna Gain:         | Remark:<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.<br><input type="checkbox"/> The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. |

**4G**

Tx Frequency:

LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz  
 LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz  
 LTE Band 7: 2500MHz-2570MHz

Rx Frequency:

LTE Band 2: 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz  
 LTE Band 4: 2110 MHz ~ 2155 MHz  
 LTE Band 7: 2620MHz-2690MHz

Bandwidth:

LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz  
 LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz  
 LTE Band 7: 5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz

The Max RF Output  
Power (EIRP/ERP)

LTE Band 2: 24.24dBm  
 LTE Band 4: 24.15dBm  
 LTE Band 7: 23.14dBm

99% Occupied Bandwidth:

LTE Band 2: 18M2G7D  
 LTE Band 4: 19M7G7D  
 LTE Band 7: 18M3G7D

Type of Modulation:

QPSK/16QAM

Antenna Type:

Internal Antenna

LTE Band 2: 1.87dBi  
 LTE Band 4: 0.62dBi  
 LTE Band 7: 0.49dBi

Antenna Gain:

Remark:

☒ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

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## 6.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

## 6.3 Support Equipment

Cable of Product

| No. | Cable Type | Quantity | Provider  | Length (m) | Shielded | Note |
|-----|------------|----------|-----------|------------|----------|------|
| 1   | --         | --       | Applicant | ---        | Yes/No   | --   |
| 2   | --         | --       | BCTC      | --         | Yes/No   | --   |

| No. | Device Type | Brand | Model | Series No. | Note |
|-----|-------------|-------|-------|------------|------|
| 1.  | ---         | ---   | ---   | ---        | ---  |
| 2.  | --          | --    | --    | --         | --   |

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

## 6.4 Test Environment

### 1. Normal Test Conditions:

|                            |        |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Humidity(%):               | 35-75  |
| Atmospheric Pressure(kPa): | 95-105 |
| Temperature(°C):           | 18-25  |

### 2. Extreme Test Conditions:

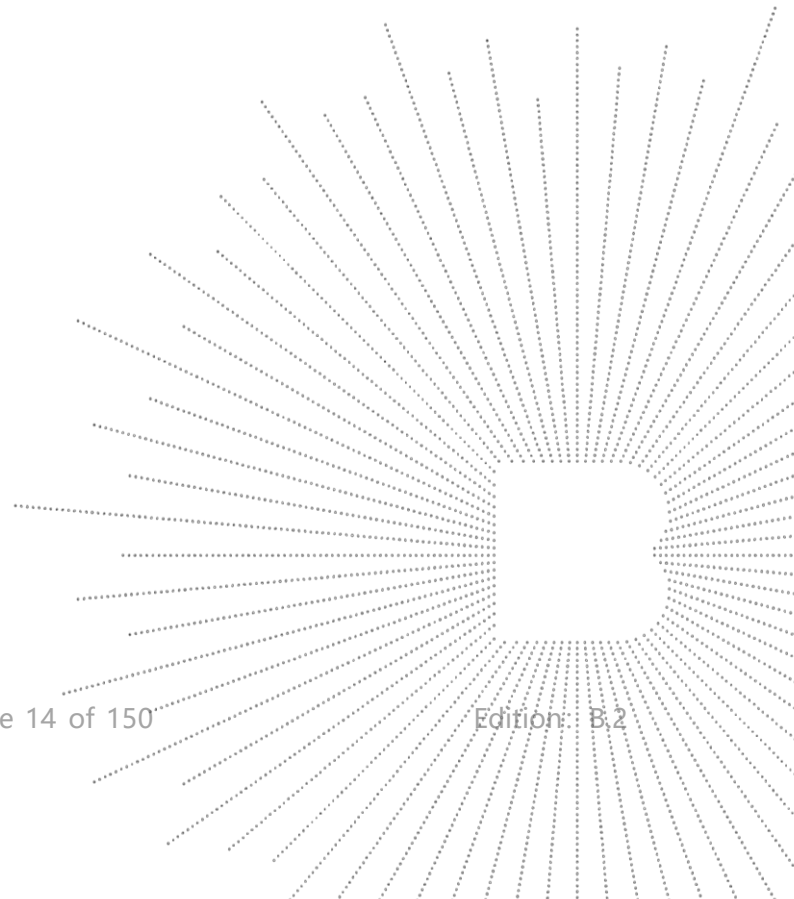
N/A

## 7. Test Facility and Test Instrument Used

### 7.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 712850  
A2LA certificate registration number is: CN1212  
ISED Registered No.: 23583  
ISED CAB identifier: CN0017



## 7.2 Test Instrument Used

| Equipment                           | Manufacturer  | Model#   | Serial#                | Last Cal.     | Next Cal.     |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| PC                                  | DELL          | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| SAR Measurement system              | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| Signal Generator                    | Keysight      | 83711B   | US37100131             | May 14, 2025  | May 13, 2026  |
| Multimeter                          | Keithley      | 1160271  | \                      | Nov. 10, 2024 | Nov 09, 2025  |
| S-parameter Network Analyzer        | R&S           | ZVB 8    | 101353                 | Dec. 07, 2024 | Dec. 06, 2025 |
| Communication test set              | R&S           | CMW500   | 126173                 | Nov. 11, 2024 | Nov. 10, 2025 |
| E SAR PROBE 6GHz                    | MVG           | SSE2     | 2623-EPGO-420          | July 18, 2024 | July 17, 2025 |
| DIPOLE 835                          | SATIMO        | SID 835  | SN 47/21 DIP 0G835-621 | Nov. 25, 2024 | Nov. 24, 2027 |
| DIPOLE 1800                         | SATIMO        | SID 1800 | SN 47/21 DIP 1G800-623 | Nov. 25, 2024 | Nov. 24, 2027 |
| DIPOLE 1900                         | SATIMO        | SID 1900 | SN 47/21 DIP 1G900-624 | Nov. 25, 2024 | Nov. 24, 2027 |
| DIPOLE 2450                         | SATIMO        | SID 2450 | SN 47/21 DIP 2G450-627 | Nov. 25, 2024 | Nov. 24, 2027 |
| DIPOLE 2600                         | SATIMO        | SID 2600 | SN 47/21 DIP 2G600-628 | Nov. 25, 2024 | Nov. 24, 2027 |
| COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe          | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | Nov. 18, 2024 | Nov. 17, 2025 |
| SAR Locator                         | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | Nov. 18, 2024 | Nov. 17, 2025 |
| Communication Antenna               | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | Nov. 18, 2024 | Nov. 17, 2025 |
| FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE     | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| DUMMY PROBE                         | SATIMO        | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| SAM Phantom                         | MVG           | \        | SN 13/09 SAM68         | N/A           | N/A           |
| Liquid measurement Kit              | HP            | 85033D   | 3423A08186             | N/A           | N/A           |
| Power meter                         | Keysight      | E4419    | A00065                 | May 14, 2025  | May 13, 2026  |
| Power sensor                        | Keysight      | E9300A   | US39211659             | May 14, 2025  | May 13, 2026  |
| Power sensor                        | Keysight      | E9300A   | US39211305             | May 14, 2025  | May 13, 2026  |
| Directional Coupler                 | Krytar 158020 | 131467   | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| Thermometer                         | BTE           | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |
| Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquid | Schmid        | \        | \                      | N/A           | N/A           |

Note:

Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with following criteria at least on annual interval.

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
3. The most recent return-loss results, measured at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
4. The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.



## 8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### 8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

## 9. SAR Measurement System

### 9.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

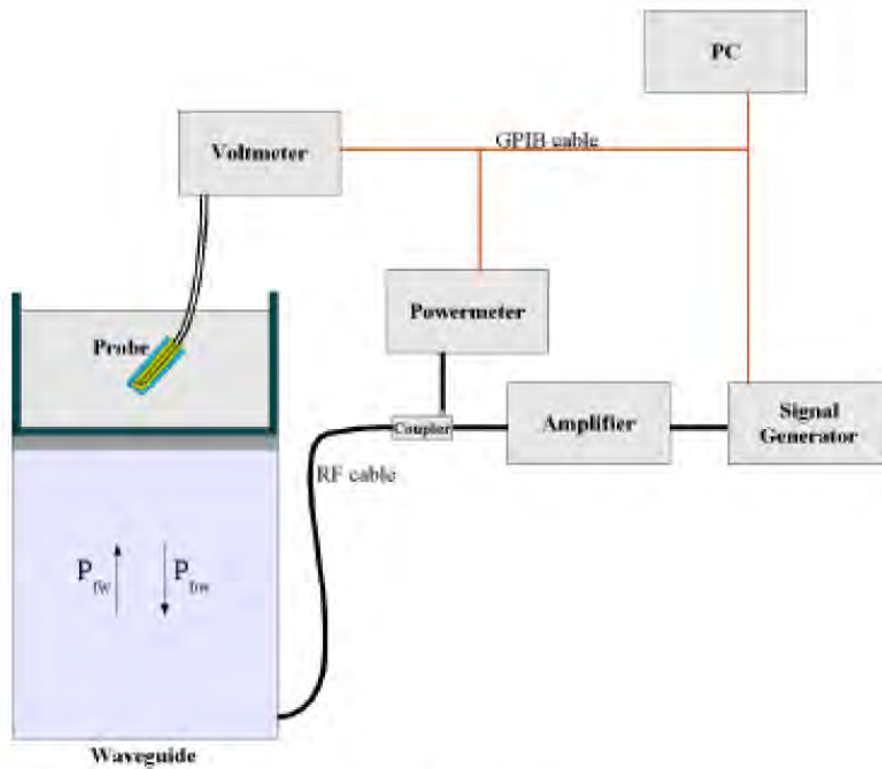
### 9.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 46/21 EPGO362 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.10mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 835 to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annex technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(p_{fw} - p_{pbw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2 \left( \pi \frac{y}{a} \right) e^{(2\pi/\delta)}$$

Where :

$P_{fw}$  = Forward Power

$P_{bw}$  = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

$\delta$  = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N) = SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage  $V_{lin}(N)$  is obtained from the displayed output voltage  $V(N)$  using

$$V_{lin}(N) = V(N) * (1 + V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

### 9.3 Probe Calibration Process

#### Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

$C$  = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

$\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

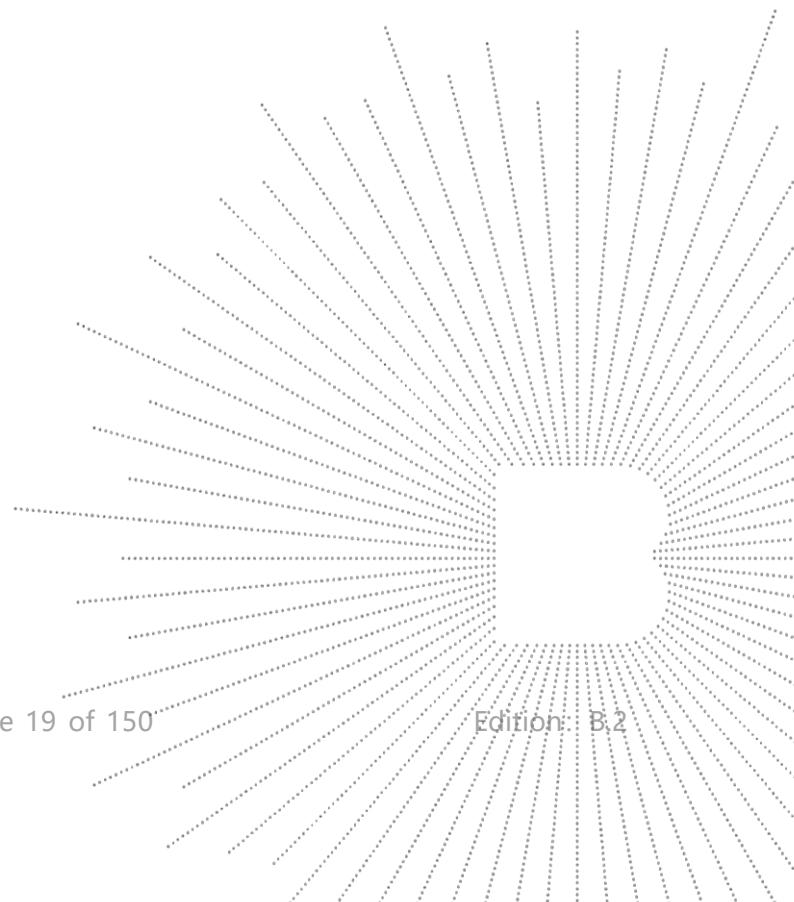
SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

$\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

$\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

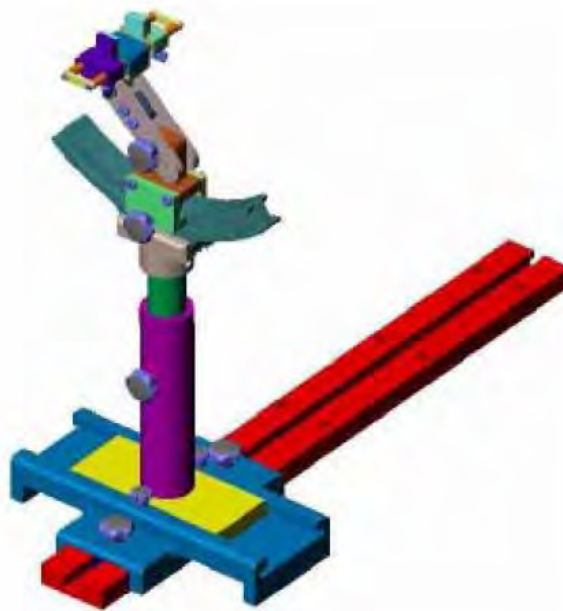


#### 9.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

#### 9.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



| System Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Delrin          | 3.7          | 0.005        |



## 10. Tissue Simulating Liquids

### 10.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency (MHz)  | Water (%) | Salt (%) | 1,2-Propane diol (%) | HEC (%) | Preventol (%) | DGBE (%) |
|------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|---------|---------------|----------|
| <b>Head/Body</b> |           |          |                      |         |               |          |
| 835              | 40.3      | 1.4      | 57.9                 | 0.2     | 0.2           | 0        |
| 900              | 40.3      | 1.4      | 57.9                 | 0.2     | 0.2           | 0        |
| 1800-2000        | 55.2      | 0.3      | 0                    | 0       | 0             | 44.5     |
| 2450             | 55.0      | 0.1      | 0                    | 0       | 0             | 44.9     |
| 2600             | 54.9      | 0.1      | 0                    | 0       | 0             | 45.0     |

| Frequency (MHz)  | Water (%) | Hexyl Carbitol (%) | Triton X-100 (%) |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| <b>Head/Body</b> |           |                    |                  |
| 5000-6000        | 65.52     | 17.24              | 17.24            |

## 10.2 Limit

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters

computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head                      |                               |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                        | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) | Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |
| 150                    | 0.76                      | 52.3                          |
| 300                    | 0.87                      | 45.3                          |
| 450                    | 0.87                      | 43.5                          |
| 750                    | 0.89                      | 41.9                          |
| 835                    | 0.90                      | 41.5                          |
| 900                    | 0.97                      | 41.5                          |
| 915                    | 0.98                      | 41.5                          |
| 1450                   | 1.20                      | 40.5                          |
| 1610                   | 1.29                      | 40.3                          |
| 1800-2000              | 1.40                      | 40.0                          |
| 2450                   | 1.80                      | 39.2                          |
| 2600                   | 1.96                      | 39.0                          |
| 3000                   | 2.40                      | 38.5                          |
| 5200                   | 4.66                      | 36.0                          |
| 5400                   | 4.86                      | 35.8                          |
| 5600                   | 5.07                      | 35.5                          |
| 5800                   | 5.27                      | 35.3                          |



### 10.3 Tissue Calibration Result

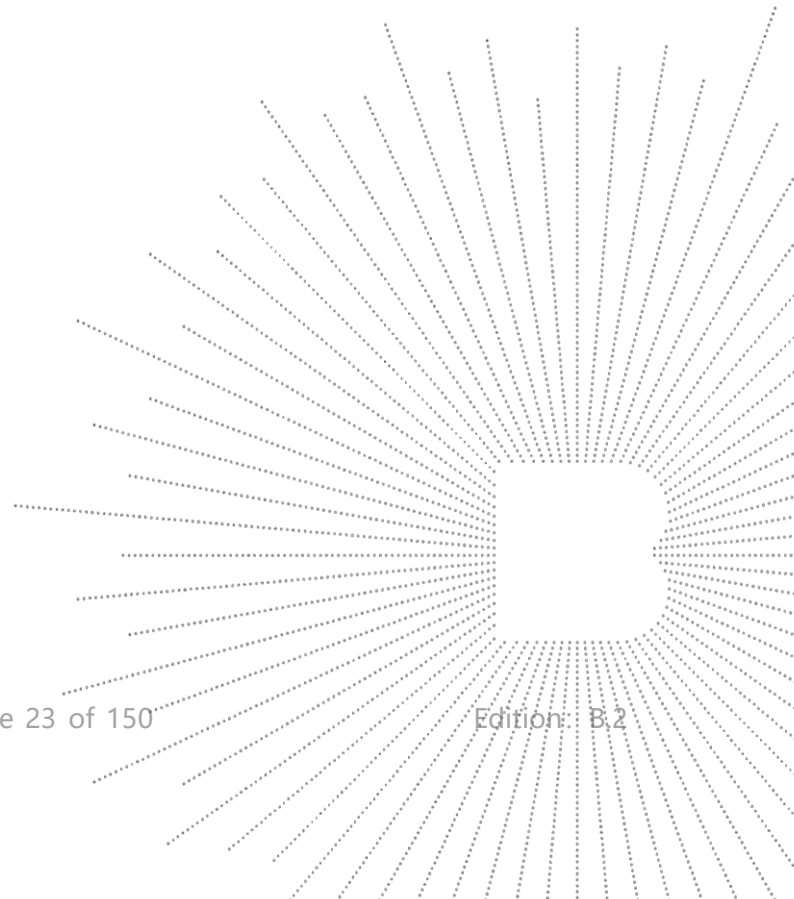
The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an R&S ZVB 8. Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| Frequency (MHz) | Liquid | Target ( $\sigma$ ) | Target ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Measured ( $\sigma$ ) | Measured ( $\epsilon_r$ ) | Delta ( $\sigma$ )% | Delta ( $\epsilon_r$ )% | Limit (%) | Air (°C) | Date      |
|-----------------|--------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 835             | Head   | 0.90                | 41.50                   | 0.881                 | 40.967                    | -2.11               | -1.28                   | $\pm 5$   | 23.1     | 24/5/2025 |
| 1800            | Head   | 1.40                | 40.00                   | 1.407                 | 41.046                    | 0.50                | 2.62                    | $\pm 5$   | 23.1     | 24/5/2025 |
| 1900            | Head   | 1.40                | 40.00                   | 1.418                 | 38.565                    | 1.29                | -3.59                   | $\pm 5$   | 23.1     | 24/5/2025 |
| 2450            | Head   | 1.80                | 39.20                   | 1.760                 | 38.406                    | -2.22               | -2.03                   | $\pm 5$   | 23.1     | 24/5/2025 |
| 2600            | Head   | 1.96                | 39.00                   | 1.956                 | 37.960                    | -0.20               | -2.67                   | $\pm 5$   | 23.1     | 24/5/2025 |

**Remark:**

1. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.
2. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.



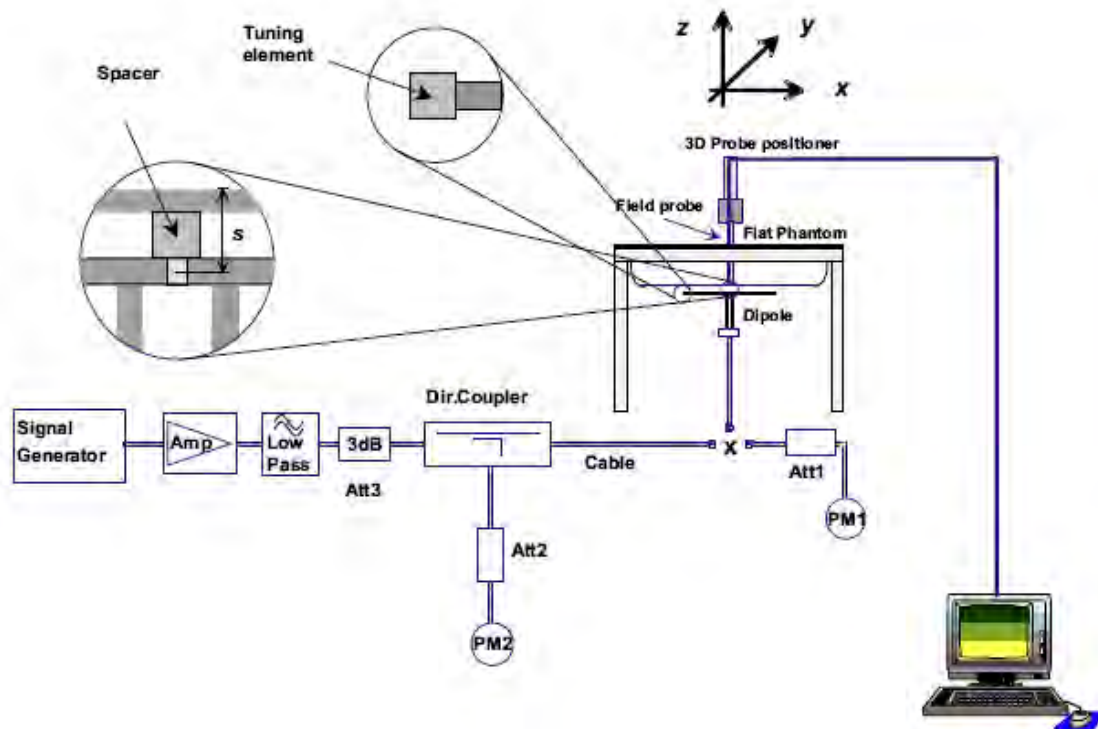
## 11. System Check

### 11.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

At the device test frequencies. System check verifies the measurement repeatability of a SAR system before compliance testing and is not a validation of all system specifications. The latter is not required for testing a device but is mandatory before the system is deployed. The system check detects possible short-term drift and unacceptable measurement errors or uncertainties in the system.

### 11.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 600MHz-6000MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100 mW) before dipole is connected.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

### 11.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The following table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

| Frequency (MHz) | Power | Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg) | Normalize to 1 Watt | Drift (%) | 1W Target                | Difference Percentage (%) | Limit (%) | Liquid (°C) | Date      |
|-----------------|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
|                 |       |                                   |                     |           | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg) |                           |           |             |           |
| 835             | 250mW | 2.554                             | 10.215              | -3.066    | 10.01                    | 2.048                     | ±10       | 22.9        | 24/5/2025 |
| 1800            | 250mW | 9.690                             | 38.758              | 2.938     | 39.74                    | -2.471                    | ±10       | 22.9        | 24/5/2025 |
| 1900            | 250mW | 10.258                            | 41.030              | 0.319     | 41.26                    | -0.557                    | ±10       | 22.9        | 24/5/2025 |
| 2450            | 250mW | 14.396                            | 57.584              | -0.541    | 55.16                    | 4.394                     | ±10       | 22.9        | 24/5/2025 |
| 2600            | 250mW | 13.512                            | 54.047              | -1.055    | 56.50                    | -4.342                    | ±10       | 22.9        | 24/5/2025 |

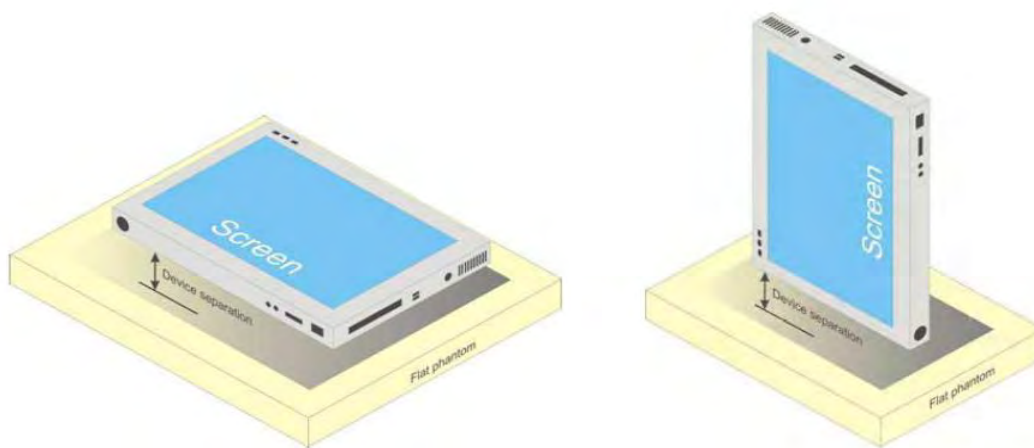
## 12. EUT Testing Position

### Body Position

A typical example of a body supported device is a wireless enabled laptop device that among other orientations may be supported on the thighs of a sitting user. To represent this orientation, the device shall be positioned with its base against the flat phantom. Other orientations may be specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, the device shall be tested directly against the flat phantom in all usable orientations.

The example shows a tablet form factor portable computer for which SAR should be separately assessed with

- each surface and
- the separation distances



Tablet form factor portable computer

## 13. SAR Measurement Procedures

### 13.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 13.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



### 13.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                    |                                                                                      | $\leq 3$ GHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $> 3$ GHz                                                                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |                                                                                      | 5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm                       |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                    |                                                                                      | 30° $\pm$ 1°                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 20° $\pm$ 1°                                                                  |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                    |                                                                                      | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm<br>4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm                            |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                    |                                                                                      | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |                                                                               |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                    |                                                                                      | $\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm<br>2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*<br>4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*                            |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$ |                                                                                      | $\leq 5$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | graded grid                        | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface | $\leq 4$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                    | $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points                                   | $\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                               |
| Minimum zoom scan volume                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | x, y, z                            |                                                                                      | $\geq 30$ mm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm<br>4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm<br>5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm |
| Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                               |
| * When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. |                                    |                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                               |



### 13.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

### 13.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

### 13.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 14. SAR Test Result

### 14.1 Conducted RF Output Power

| Bluetooth  |                 |                    |                     |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Modulation | Frequency (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) |
| 1-DH1      | 2402            | 8.03               | 9.0                 |
|            | 2441            | 8.70               |                     |
|            | 2480            | 7.09               |                     |
| 2-DH1      | 2402            | 7.34               | 8.0                 |
|            | 2441            | 7.91               |                     |
|            | 2480            | 6.35               |                     |
| 3-DH1      | 2402            | 7.48               | 8.5                 |
|            | 2441            | 8.13               |                     |
|            | 2480            | 6.48               |                     |

| BLE    |                 |                    |                     |
|--------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Mode   | Frequency (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) |
| BLE 1M | 2402            | 6.33               | 7.5                 |
|        | 2440            | 7.16               |                     |
|        | 2480            | 5.96               |                     |

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

| Turn up Power (dBm) | Turn up Power (mW) | Separation Distance (mm) | Frequency (MHz) | Result | Exclusion Thresholds |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|
| 9.0                 | 7.94               | $\leq 5.0$               | 2480            | 2.50   | 3.0                  |

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

According to the calculation results in the table above, Bluetooth SAR does not need to be tested.

| WIFI 2.4G |                 |                    |                     |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Mode      | Frequency (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) |
| b         | 2412            | 16.81              | 17.0                |
| b         | 2437            | 16.07              |                     |
| b         | 2462            | 16.57              |                     |
| g         | 2412            | 15.22              | 15.5                |
| g         | 2437            | 15.31              |                     |
| g         | 2462            | 15.31              |                     |
| n20       | 2412            | 15.05              | 15.5                |
| n20       | 2437            | 15.40              |                     |
| n20       | 2462            | 15.37              |                     |
| n40       | 2422            | 14.62              | 15.0                |
| n40       | 2437            | 14.64              |                     |
| n40       | 2452            | 14.31              |                     |

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| GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm) |        |       |       |         |         |       |        |         |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|--------|---------|
| Band                            | GSM850 |       |       | Tune-up | GSM1900 |       |        | Tune-up |
| Channel                         | 128    | 190   | 251   |         | 512     | 661   | 810    |         |
| Frequency (MHz)                 | 824.2  | 836.6 | 848.8 |         | 1850.2  | 1880  | 1909.8 |         |
| GSM                             | 31.66  | 31.85 | 32.16 | 32.5    | 27.53   | 28.25 | 28.90  | 29.0    |
| GPRS Slot -1                    | 31.57  | 31.75 | 32.05 | 32.5    | 27.61   | 28.37 | 29.05  | 29.5    |
| GPRS Slot -2                    | 30.85  | 30.97 | 31.27 | 31.5    | 26.85   | 27.58 | 28.24  | 28.5    |
| GPRS Slot -3                    | 29.07  | 29.18 | 29.51 | 30.0    | 24.97   | 25.65 | 26.31  | 26.5    |
| GPRS Slot -4                    | 27.90  | 27.99 | 28.31 | 28.5    | 23.92   | 24.60 | 25.21  | 25.5    |
| EGPRS Slot -1                   | 25.32  | 25.52 | 25.66 | 26.0    | 24.45   | 24.77 | 24.22  | 25.0    |
| EGPRS Slot -2                   | 24.83  | 24.36 | 24.00 | 25.0    | 22.45   | 22.88 | 22.85  | 23.0    |
| EGPRS Slot -3                   | 22.27  | 21.79 | 21.37 | 22.5    | 19.78   | 20.26 | 20.25  | 20.5    |
| EGPRS Slot -4                   | 20.21  | 19.86 | 20.30 | 20.5    | 18.21   | 18.50 | 18.31  | 19.0    |

| GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm) |        |       |              |         |       |              |
|---------------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------|---------|-------|--------------|
| Band                                        | GSM850 |       |              | GSM1900 |       |              |
| Channel                                     | 128    | 190   | 251          | 512     | 661   | 810          |
| Frequency (MHz)                             | 824.2  | 836.6 | 848.8        | 1850.2  | 1880  | 1909.8       |
| GSM                                         | 22.66  | 22.85 | 23.16        | 18.53   | 19.25 | 19.90        |
| GPRS Slot -1                                | 22.57  | 22.75 | 23.05        | 18.61   | 19.37 | 20.05        |
| GPRS Slot -2                                | 24.85  | 24.97 | 25.27        | 20.85   | 21.58 | <b>22.24</b> |
| GPRS Slot -3                                | 24.82  | 24.93 | 25.26        | 20.72   | 21.40 | 22.06        |
| GPRS Slot -4                                | 24.90  | 24.99 | <b>25.31</b> | 20.92   | 21.60 | 22.21        |
| EGPRS Slot -1                               | 16.32  | 16.52 | 16.66        | 15.45   | 15.77 | 15.22        |
| EGPRS Slot -2                               | 18.83  | 18.36 | 18.00        | 16.45   | 16.88 | 16.85        |
| EGPRS Slot -3                               | 18.02  | 17.54 | 17.12        | 15.53   | 16.01 | 16.00        |
| EGPRS Slot -4                               | 17.21  | 16.86 | 17.30        | 15.21   | 15.50 | 15.31        |

#### Notes:

##### 1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slot = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slot = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slot = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

| Band            | WCDMA Band II |              |        |         | WCDMA Band V |       |       |         |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Channel         | 9262          | 9400         | 9538   | Tune-up | 4132         | 4182  | 4233  | Tune-up |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1852.4        | 1880.0       | 1907.6 |         | 826.4        | 836.4 | 846.6 |         |
| WCDMA RMC 12.2K | 23.40         | <b>23.60</b> | 23.31  | 24.0    | 24.02        | 23.24 | 23.39 | 24.5    |
| HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.50         | 22.73        | 22.45  | 23.0    | 23.06        | 22.27 | 22.39 | 23.5    |
| HSDPA Subtest-2 | 21.92         | 21.25        | 21.03  |         | 22.59        | 21.85 | 21.77 |         |
| HSDPA Subtest-3 | 21.91         | 21.34        | 21.18  |         | 21.70        | 20.77 | 20.83 |         |
| HSDPA Subtest-4 | 21.95         | 21.34        | 21.12  |         | 21.70        | 20.67 | 20.47 |         |
| HSUPA Subtest-1 | 21.38         | 21.52        | 22.22  | 23.0    | 21.72        | 22.11 | 22.21 | 23.5    |
| HSUPA Subtest-2 | 22.35         | 22.59        | 22.40  |         | 22.97        | 22.17 | 22.24 |         |
| HSUPA Subtest-3 | 21.50         | 21.51        | 21.07  |         | 21.47        | 20.90 | 21.08 |         |
| HSUPA Subtest-4 | 21.47         | 21.71        | 21.45  |         | 23.07        | 22.29 | 22.41 |         |
| HSUPA Subtest-5 | 21.92         | 21.09        | 21.93  |         | 21.67        | 21.66 | 21.82 |         |

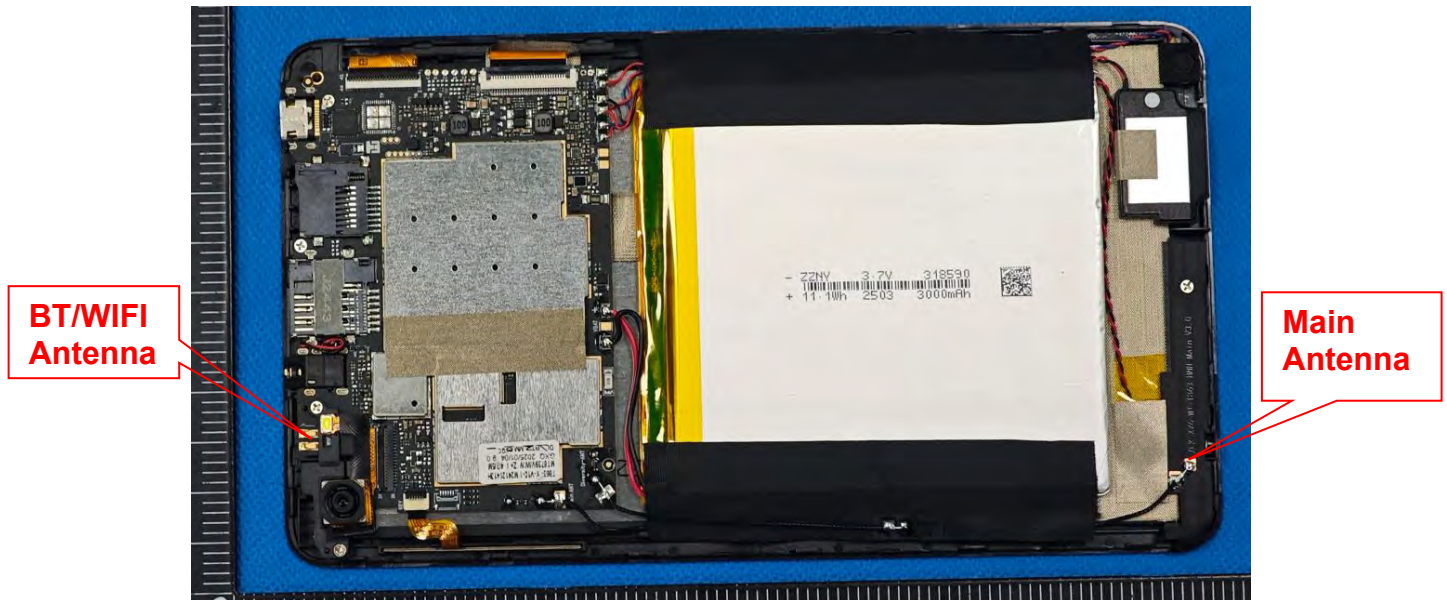
See Appendix 1 for RF conduction data for LTE.

BCTC  
3C  
PPR  
Report



## 14.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position

### EUT Antenna Location:



| Antennas | Support Band                                   |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|
| WWAN     | GSM 850/1900 + WCDMA Band 2/5 + LTE Band 2/4/7 |
| BT/WIFI  | Bluetooth + WIFI                               |

| Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm) |       |      |          |             |           |            |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|----------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Antennas                                                 | Front | Back | Top Side | Bottom Side | Left Side | Right Side |
| WWAN                                                     | <25   | <25  | 175      | <25         | 53        | <25        |
| BT/WIFI                                                  | <25   | <25  | <25      | 172         | 70        | <25        |

| Body mode: Positions for SAR tests |       |      |          |             |           |            |
|------------------------------------|-------|------|----------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| Antennas                           | Front | Back | Top Side | Bottom Side | Left Side | Right Side |
| WWAN                               | Yes   | Yes  | No       | Yes         | No        | Yes        |
| BT/WIFI                            | Yes   | Yes  | Yes      | No          | No        | Yes        |



### 14.3 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

1. Reported SAR for WWAN=Measured SAR \* Tune-up Scaling factor
2. Reported SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth=Measured SAR \* Tune-up Scaling factor \* Duty Cycle Scaling factor
3. Duty Cycle Scaling factor=1/ Duty Cycle (%)

#### **KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:**

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or  $2.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
- $\leq 0.6$  W/kg or  $1.5$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- $\leq 0.4$  W/kg or  $1.0$  W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz

#### **KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03:**

1. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is  $> 1.2$  W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
2. when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
3. For Smart phones with a display diagonal dimension  $> 15.0$  cm or an overall diagonal dimension  $> 16.0$  cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR  $> 1.2$  W/kg.

#### **KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures:**

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/4$  dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### **KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:**

1. Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. When the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.
3. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are  $> 0.8$  W/kg. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation  $< 1.45$  W/kg.
4. SAR measurement is not required for the 16QAM and 64QAM. When the highest maximum output power for 16QAM and 64QAM is  $\leq 1/2$  dB higher than the QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg.
5. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is  $< 1.45$  W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

### KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements.

For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions.

DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.16 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:

- When the *reported* SAR of the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band. SAR is also not required for that exposure configuration in the subsequent test configuration(s).
- When the *reported* SAR of the initial test position is  $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position using subsequent highest extrapolated or estimated 1-g SAR conditions determined by area scans or next closest/smallest test separation distance and maximum RF coupling test positions based on manufacturer justification, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported* SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test positions (left, right, touch, tilt or subsequent surfaces and edges) are tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required channels are tested.

Additional power measurements may be required for this step, which should be limited to those necessary for identifying the subsequent highest output power channels.

When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.

When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR

| WIFI 2.4G              |         |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------|---------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions | Mode    | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                        |         |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot         | 802.11b | Front Face    | 2412        | 16.81              | 17.0    | 0.393                    | <b>0.411</b> | <b>1</b> |
|                        |         | Back Face     | 2412        | 16.81              | 17.0    | 0.163                    | 0.170        |          |
| Hotspot                | 802.11b | Right Side    | 2412        | 16.81              | 17.0    | 0.175                    | 0.183        |          |
|                        |         | Top Side      | 2412        | 16.81              | 17.0    | 0.251                    | 0.262        |          |

| GSM 850                |             |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions | Mode        | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                        |             |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot         | GSM         | Front Face    | 848.8       | 32.16              | 32.5    | 0.722                    | 0.781        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 848.8       | 32.16              | 32.5    | 0.698                    | 0.755        |          |
|                        | GPRS Slot-4 | Front Face    | 836.6       | 28.31              | 28.5    | 1.003                    | 1.048        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 836.6       | 28.31              | 28.5    | 1.101                    | <b>1.150</b> | <b>2</b> |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 824.2       | 27.90              | 28.5    | 0.903                    | 1.037        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 836.6       | 27.99              | 28.5    | 0.959                    | 1.078        |          |
| Hotspot                | GPRS Slot-4 | Right Side    | 836.6       | 28.31              | 28.5    | 0.668                    | 0.698        |          |
|                        |             | Bottom Side   | 836.6       | 28.31              | 28.5    | 0.837                    | 0.874        |          |

| GSM 1900               |             |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions | Mode        | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                        |             |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot         | GSM         | Front Face    | 1909.8      | 28.90              | 29.0    | 0.338                    | 0.346        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 1909.8      | 28.90              | 29.0    | 0.698                    | 0.714        |          |
|                        | GPRS Slot-2 | Front Face    | 1909.8      | 28.24              | 28.5    | 0.426                    | 0.452        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 1909.8      | 28.24              | 28.5    | 0.849                    | 0.901        |          |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 1850.2      | 26.85              | 28.5    | 0.811                    | <b>1.186</b> | <b>3</b> |
|                        |             | Back Face     | 1880        | 27.58              | 28.5    | 0.807                    | 0.997        |          |
| Hotspot                | GPRS Slot-2 | Right Side    | 1909.8      | 28.24              | 28.5    | 0.528                    | 0.561        |          |
|                        |             | Bottom Side   | 1909.8      | 28.24              | 28.5    | 0.601                    | 0.638        |          |

| WCDMA Band 2           |      |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------|------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions | Mode | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                        |      |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot         | RMC  | Front Face    | 1880        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.928                    | 1.018        |          |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 1880        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 1.110                    | <b>1.217</b> | <b>4</b> |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 1852.4      | 23.40              | 24.0    | 1.037                    | 1.191        |          |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 1907.6      | 23.31              | 24.0    | 0.989                    | 1.159        |          |
| Hotspot                | RMC  | Right Side    | 1880        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.906                    | 0.993        |          |
|                        |      | Bottom Side   | 1880        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.922                    | 1.011        |          |

| WCDMA Band 5           |      |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------|------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions | Mode | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                        |      |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot         | RMC  | Front Face    | 826.4       | 24.02              | 24.5    | 0.725                    | 0.810        |          |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 826.4       | 24.02              | 24.5    | 0.833                    | 0.930        |          |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 836.4       | 23.24              | 24.5    | 0.869                    | 1.162        |          |
|                        |      | Back Face     | 846.6       | 23.39              | 24.5    | 0.911                    | <b>1.176</b> | <b>5</b> |
| Hotspot                | RMC  | Right Side    | 826.4       | 24.02              | 24.5    | 0.515                    | 0.575        |          |
|                        |      | Bottom Side   | 826.4       | 24.02              | 24.5    | 0.693                    | 0.774        |          |

| LTE Band 2 (20MHz Bandwidth) |             |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions       | Mode        | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                              |             |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot               | QPSK, 1RB   | Front Face    | 1880        | 24.24              | 24.5    | 0.523                    | 0.555        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1880        | 24.24              | 24.5    | 0.995                    | 1.056        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1860        | 24.16              | 24.5    | 1.028                    | 1.112        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1900        | 23.86              | 24.5    | 1.004                    | <b>1.163</b> | <b>6</b> |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Front Face    | 1860        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.401                    | 0.440        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1860        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.637                    | 0.698        |          |
| Body                         | QPSK, 1RB   | Right Side    | 1880        | 24.24              | 24.5    | 0.775                    | 0.823        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 1880        | 24.24              | 24.5    | 0.683                    | 0.725        |          |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Right Side    | 1860        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.328                    | 0.360        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 1860        | 23.60              | 24.0    | 0.300                    | 0.329        |          |

| LTE Band 4 (20MHz Bandwidth) |             |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions       | Mode        | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                              |             |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot               | QPSK, 1RB   | Front Face    | 1732.5      | 24.01              | 24.5    | 0.522                    | 0.584        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1732.5      | 24.01              | 24.5    | 0.791                    | <b>0.885</b> | <b>7</b> |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Front Face    | 1745        | 23.30              | 23.5    | 0.312                    | 0.327        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 1745        | 23.30              | 23.5    | 0.667                    | 0.698        |          |
| Body                         | QPSK, 1RB   | Right Side    | 1732.5      | 24.01              | 24.5    | 0.527                    | 0.590        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 1732.5      | 24.01              | 24.5    | 0.504                    | 0.564        |          |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Right Side    | 1745        | 23.30              | 23.5    | 0.369                    | 0.386        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 1745        | 23.30              | 23.5    | 0.338                    | 0.354        |          |

| LTE Band 7 (20MHz Bandwidth) |             |               |             |                    |         |                          |              |          |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|----------|
| RF Exposure Conditions       | Mode        | Test Position | Freq. (MHz) | Output Power (dBm) |         | SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |              | Plot No. |
|                              |             |               |             | Meas.              | Turn-up | Meas.                    | Scaled       |          |
| Body & Hotspot               | QPSK, 1RB   | Front Face    | 2535        | 23.14              | 23.5    | 0.813                    | 0.883        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 2535        | 23.14              | 23.5    | 0.825                    | 0.896        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 2510        | 23.05              | 23.5    | 0.829                    | <b>0.920</b> | <b>8</b> |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 2560        | 22.91              | 23.5    | 0.801                    | 0.918        |          |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Front Face    | 2535        | 22.64              | 23.0    | 0.764                    | 0.830        |          |
|                              |             | Back Face     | 2535        | 22.64              | 23.0    | 0.638                    | 0.693        |          |
| Body                         | QPSK, 1RB   | Right Side    | 2535        | 23.14              | 23.5    | 0.646                    | 0.702        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 2535        | 23.14              | 23.5    | 0.430                    | 0.467        |          |
|                              | QPSK, 50%RB | Right Side    | 2535        | 22.64              | 23.0    | 0.501                    | 0.544        |          |
|                              |             | Bottom Side   | 2535        | 22.64              | 23.0    | 0.307                    | 0.334        |          |



## 14.4 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is  $< 1.45$  W/kg with  $\leq 20\%$  variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.<sup>19</sup> The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783. Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

| Test Mode    | Frequency (MHz) | RF Exposure Configuration | Test Position | Repeated SAR (yes/no) | Highest Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg) | First Repeated                    |                               |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|              |                 |                           |               |                       |                                           | Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg) | Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio |
| GSM850       | 836.6           | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 1.101                                     | 1.037                             | 1.062                         |
| GSM1900      | 1909.8          | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 0.849                                     | 0.817                             | 1.039                         |
| WCDMA Band 2 | 1880            | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 1.110                                     | 1.060                             | 1.047                         |
| WCDMA Band 5 | 846.6           | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 0.911                                     | 0.869                             | 1.048                         |
| LTE Band 2   | 1860            | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 1.028                                     | 0.981                             | 1.048                         |
| LTE Band 7   | 2510            | Body&Hotspot              | Back          | yes                   | 0.829                                     | 0.796                             | 1.041                         |

## 14.5 Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

| No. | Configurations      | Body SAR |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 1   | WWAN + WIFI         | Yes      |
| 2   | WWAN + Bluetooth    | Yes      |
| 3   | WIFI 2.4G + WIFI 5G | No       |
| 4   | WIFI + Bluetooth    | No       |

**Remark:**

- Wi-Fi 2.4GHz and Wi-Fi 5GHz cannot transmit simultaneously.
- WIFI2.4G and Bluetooth are the same antenna and cannot be sent at the same time.
- According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
  - (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
  - 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

| Estimated stand alone SAR |                     |                    |                          |     |                         |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|-------------------------|
| Mode                      | Maximum Power (dBm) | Maximum Power (mW) | Separation Distance (mm) | X   | Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg) |
| Bluetooth                 | 9.0                 | 7.94               | 5                        | 3.0 | 0.334                   |

Note:

- Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion

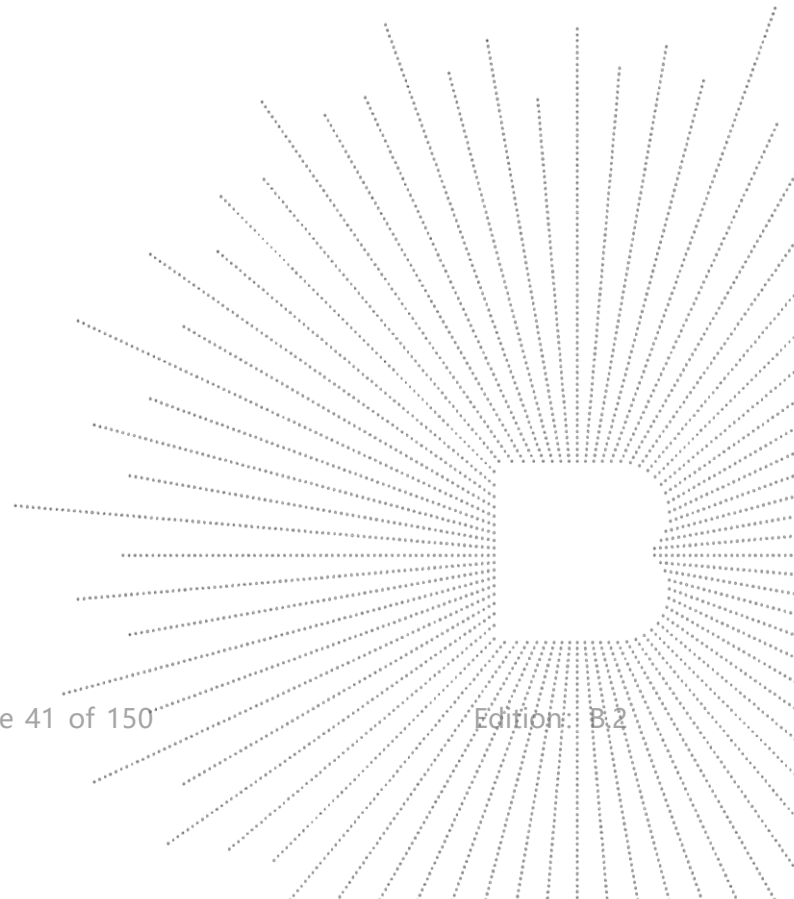
4. Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5}}{(\text{peak location separation, mm})} < 0.04$$



## 5. Simultaneous transmission of maximum SAR sum calculation.

| RF Exposure Conditions | Test Position | Standalone SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |         | Summed SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) | Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg) |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                        |               | WWAN                                | BT/WIFI |                                 |                                |
| Body & Hotspot         | Front Face    | 1.048                               | 0.411   | <b>1.459</b>                    | 1.6                            |
|                        | Back Face     | 1.217                               | 0.170   | 1.387                           |                                |
| Body                   | Left Side     | /                                   | /       | /                               |                                |
|                        | Right Side    | 0.993                               | 0.183   | <b>1.176</b>                    |                                |
|                        | Top Side      | /                                   | 0.262   | 0.262                           |                                |
|                        | Bottom Side   | 1.011                               | /       | 1.011                           |                                |



## 15. Test Plots

### 15.1 System Performance Check

#### System check at 835 MHz

Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

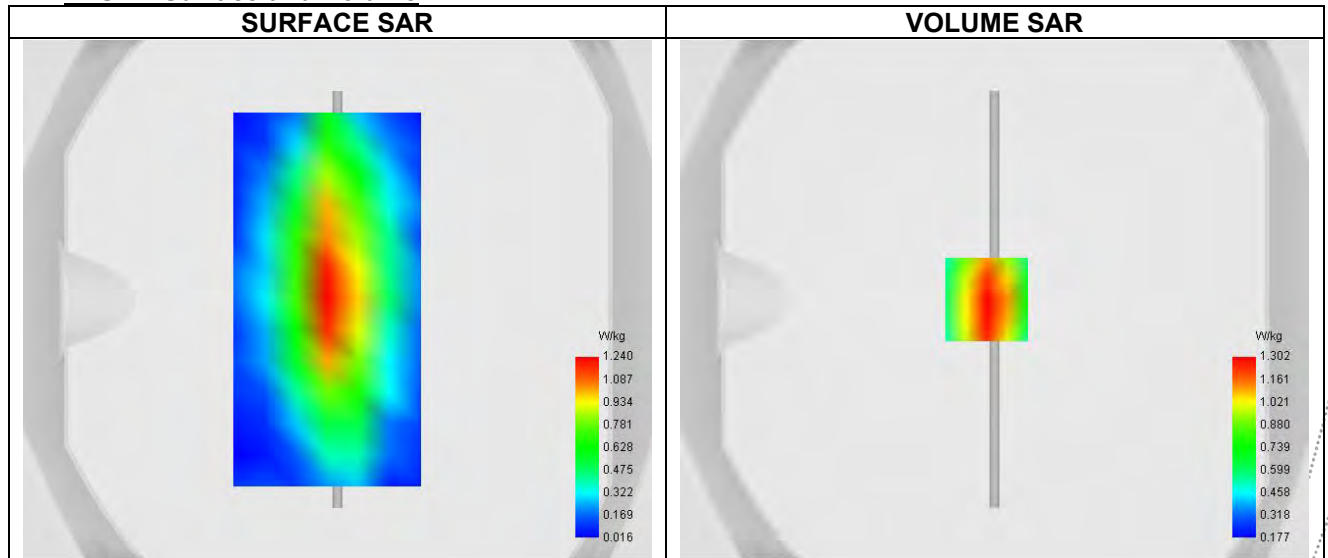
##### A. Experimental conditions.

|                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420           |
| ConvF           | 0.80                       |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt          |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane           |
| Device Position | Dipole                     |
| Band            | CW835                      |
| Signal          | CW                         |

##### B. Permittivity

|                                        |         |
|----------------------------------------|---------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 835.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 40.967  |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 20.910  |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 0.881   |

##### C. SAR Surface and Volume



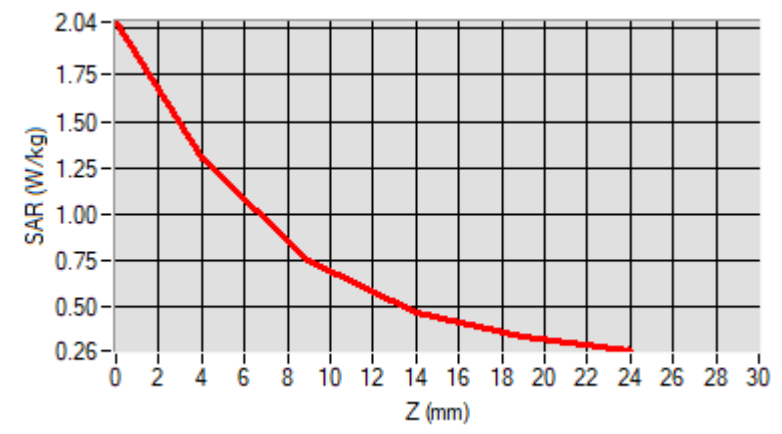
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.06 W/kg

##### D. SAR 1g & 10g

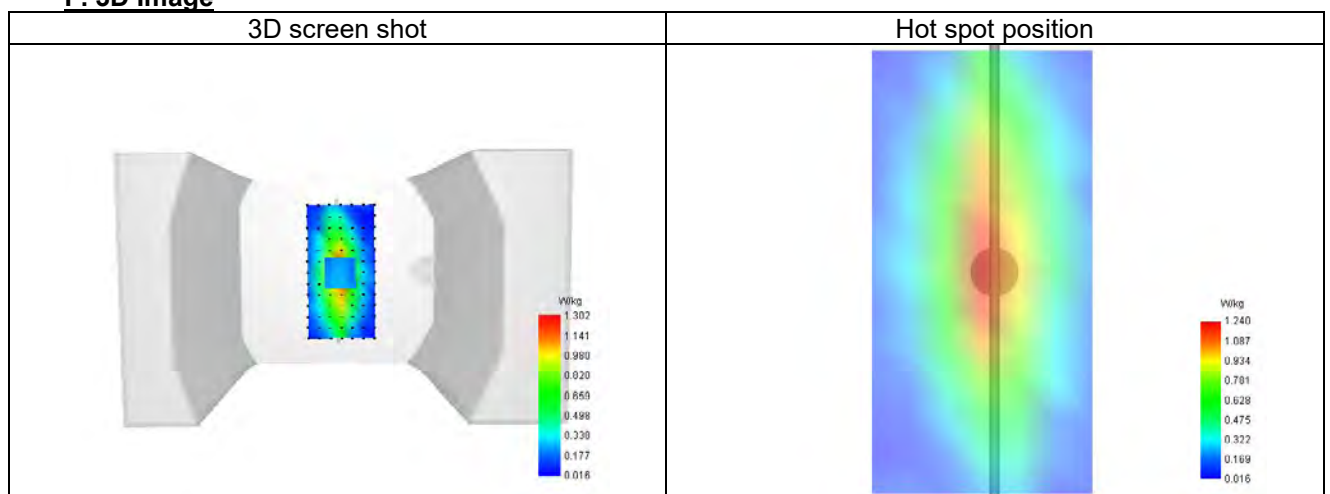
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 1.647    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 2.554    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -3.066   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

##### E. Z Axis Scan

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 2.036 | 1.302 | 0.747 | 0.462 | 0.331 |



### F. 3D Image



SHENZHEN

**System check at 1800 MHz**

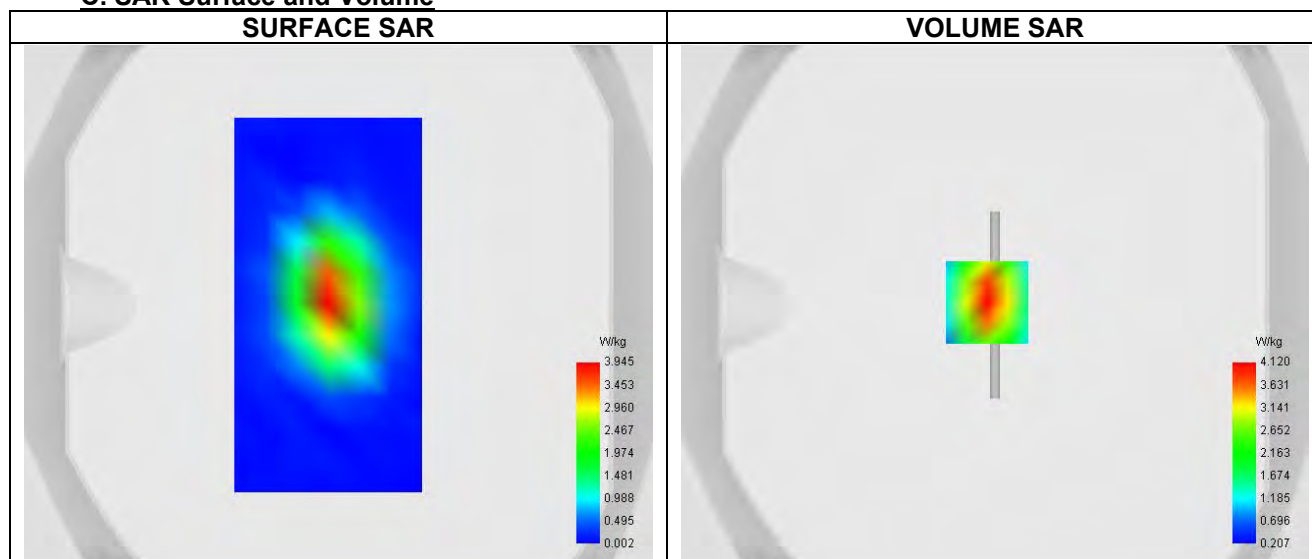
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420           |
| ConvF           | 1.01                       |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt          |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane           |
| Device Position | Dipole                     |
| Band            | CW1800                     |
| Signal          | CW                         |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1800.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 41.046   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 15.200   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.407    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


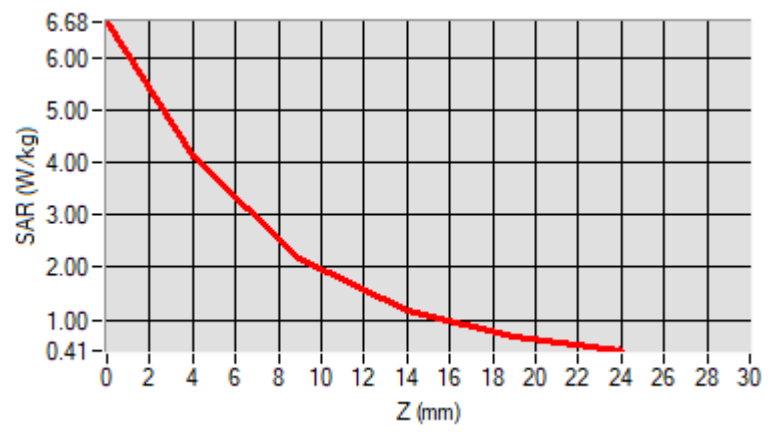
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=1.00 ; SAR Peak: 6.69 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

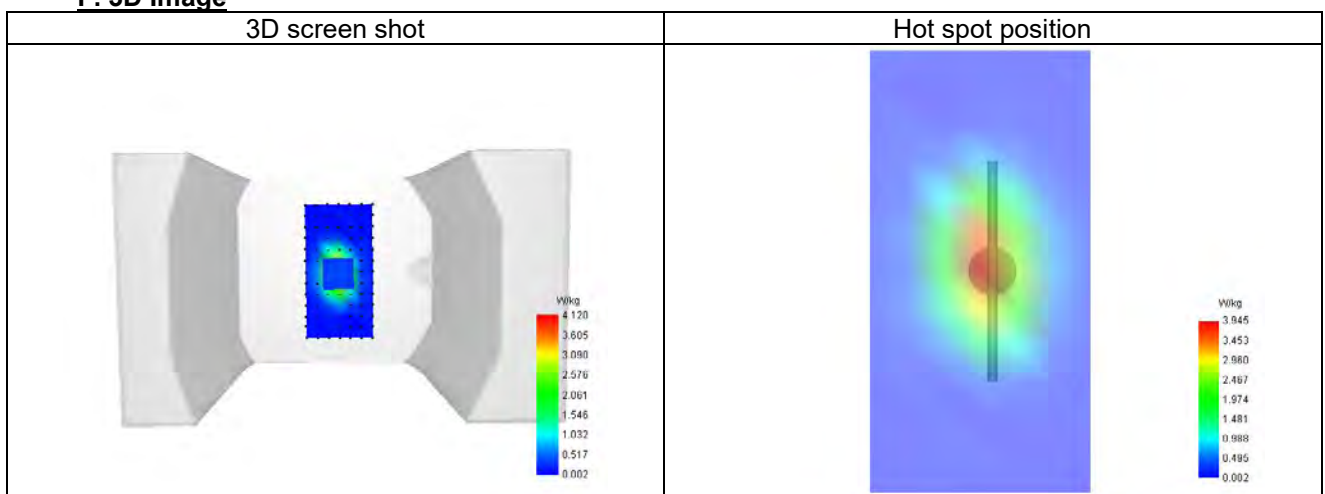
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 5.151    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 9.690    |
| Variation (%)                                         | 2.938    |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 6.684 | 4.120 | 2.184 | 1.177 | 0.685 |



### F. 3D Image



BCTC  
 BCTC  
 PPR  
 Report

**System check at 1900 MHz**

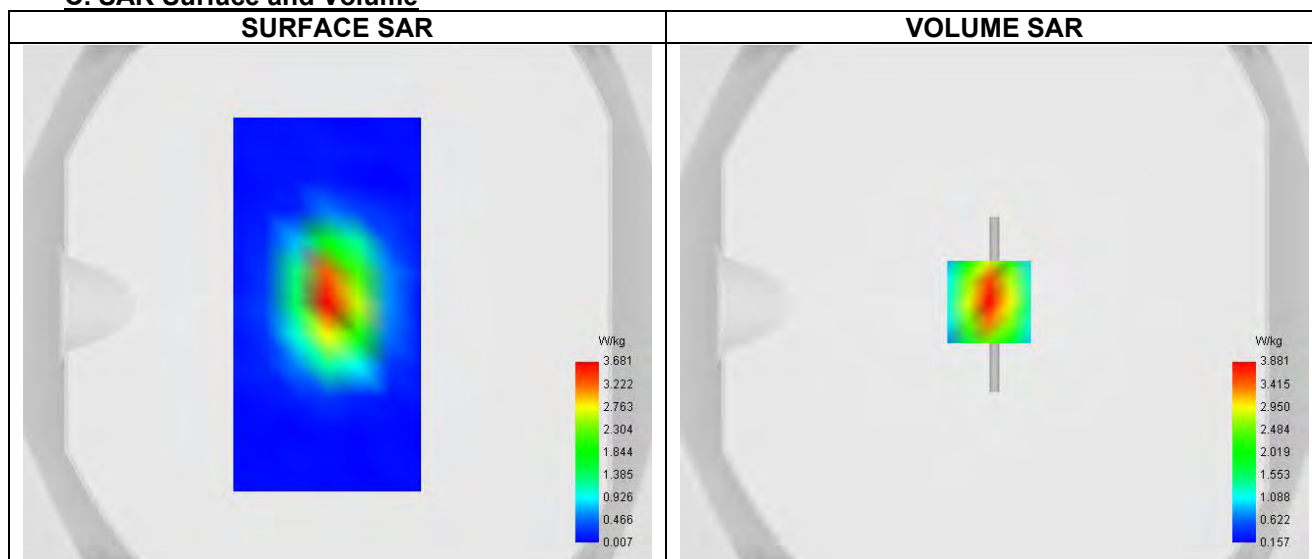
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420           |
| ConvF           | 1.11                       |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt          |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane           |
| Device Position | Dipole                     |
| Band            | CW1900                     |
| Signal          | CW                         |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1900.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.565   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 14.400   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.418    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=1.00 ; SAR Peak: 6.27 W/kg

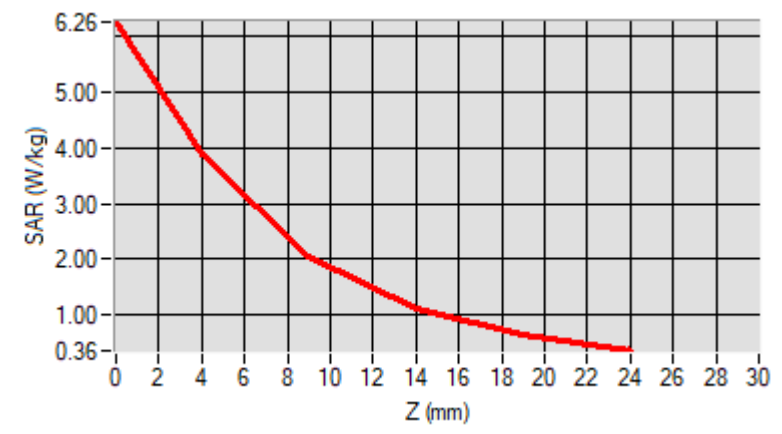
**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 5.179    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 10.258   |
| Variation (%)                                         | 0.319    |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

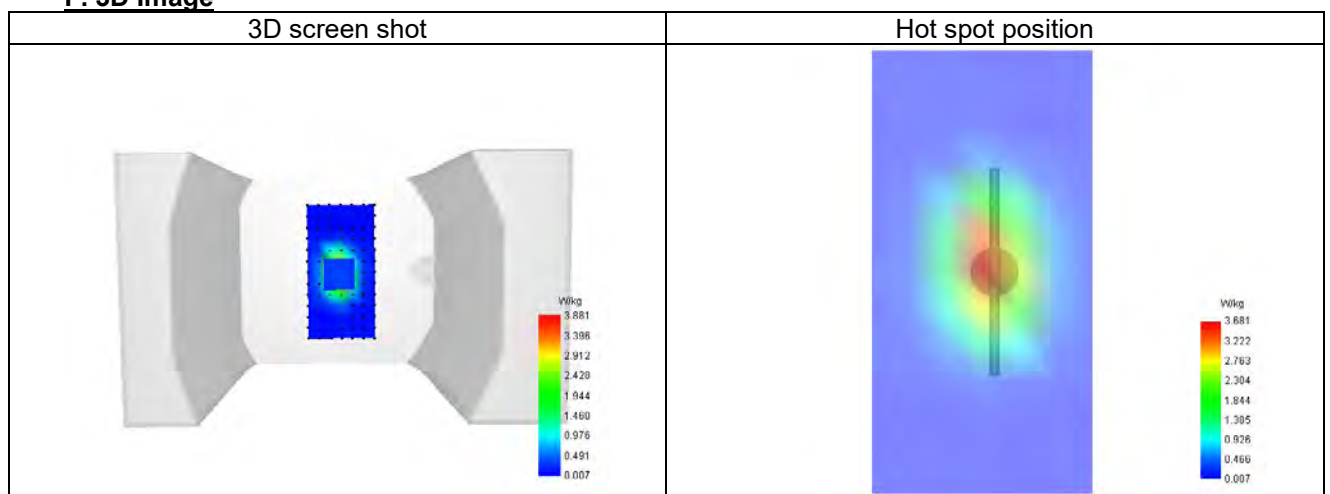
**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 6.259 | 3.881 | 2.069 | 1.111 | 0.634 |





### F. 3D Image



**System check at 2450MHz**

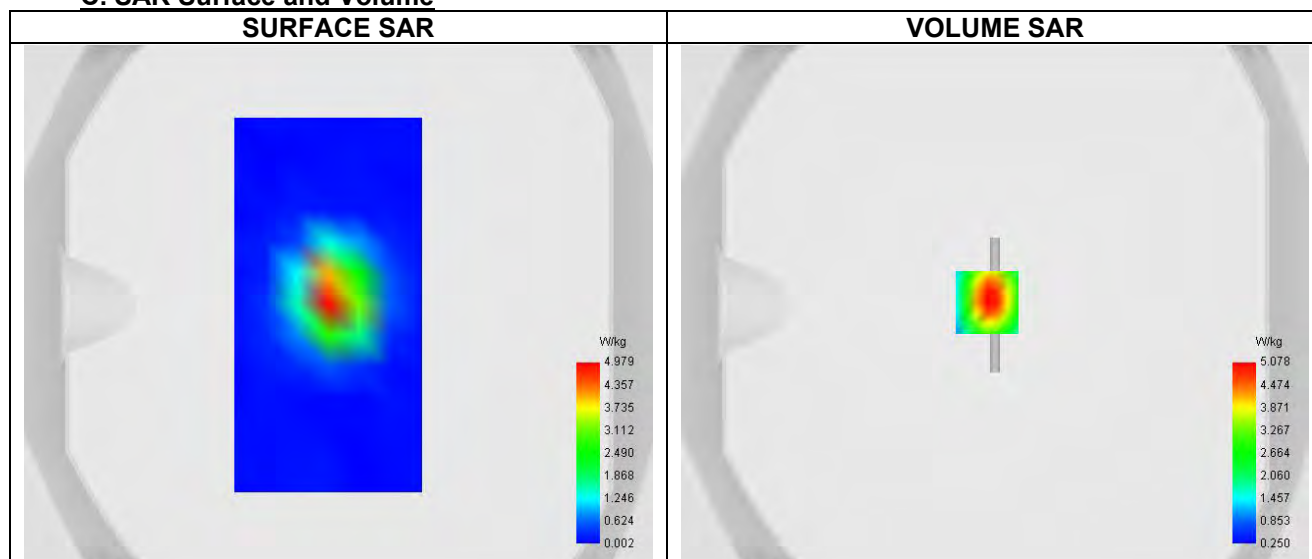
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                             |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPG0420            |
| ConvF           | 1.32                        |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt           |
| Zoom Scan       | 7x7x12,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane            |
| Device Position | Dipole                      |
| Band            | CW2450                      |
| Signal          | CW                          |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 2450.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.406   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 14.330   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.760    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


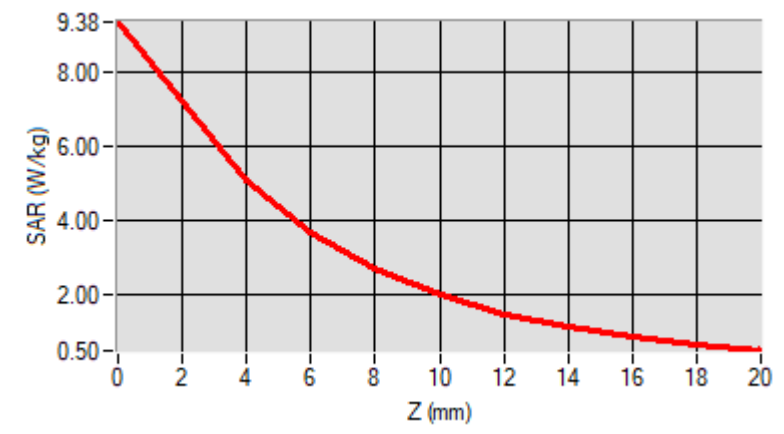
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=1.00 ; SAR Peak: 9.50 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

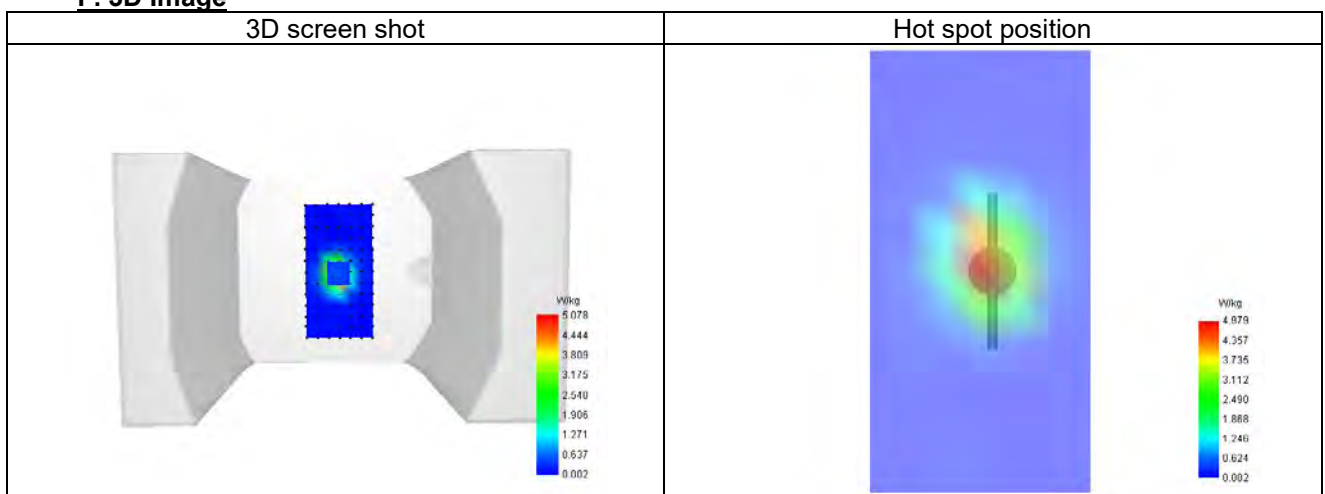
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 5.966    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 14.396   |
| Variation (%)                                         | -0.541   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 6.00  | 8.00  | 10.00 | 12.00 | 14.00 | 16.00 | 18.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 9.380 | 5.078 | 3.712 | 2.709 | 2.001 | 1.499 | 1.138 | 0.871 | 0.667 |



### F. 3D Image



**System check at 2600MHz**

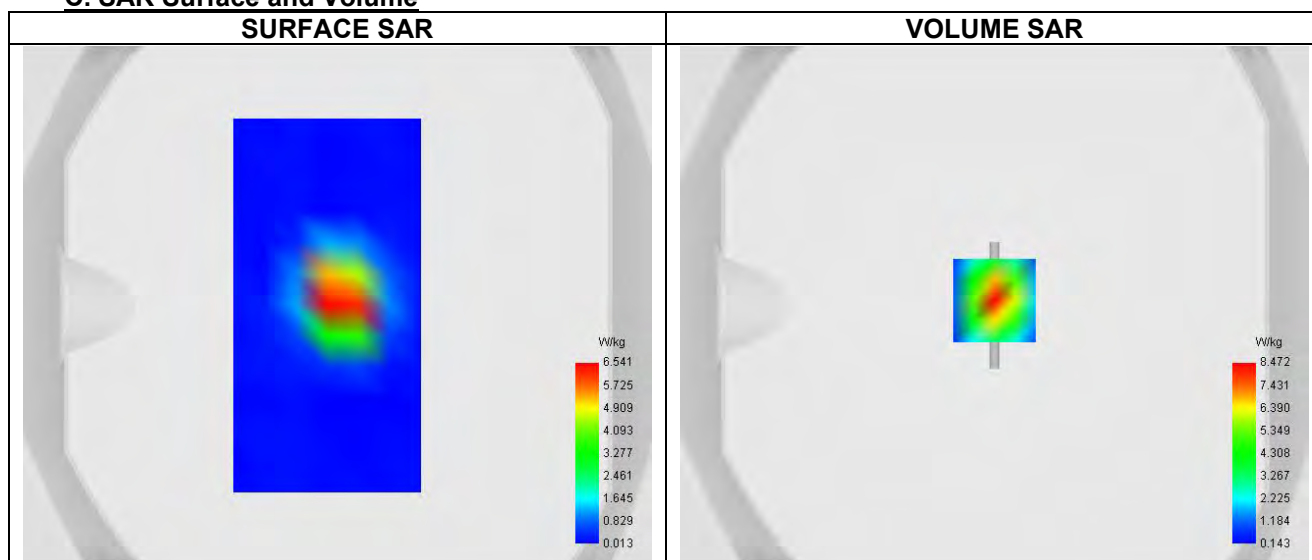
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                            |
|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPG0420           |
| ConvF           | 1.19                       |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt          |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane           |
| Device Position | Dipole                     |
| Band            | CW2600                     |
| Signal          | CW                         |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 2600.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 37.960   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 14.889   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.956    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


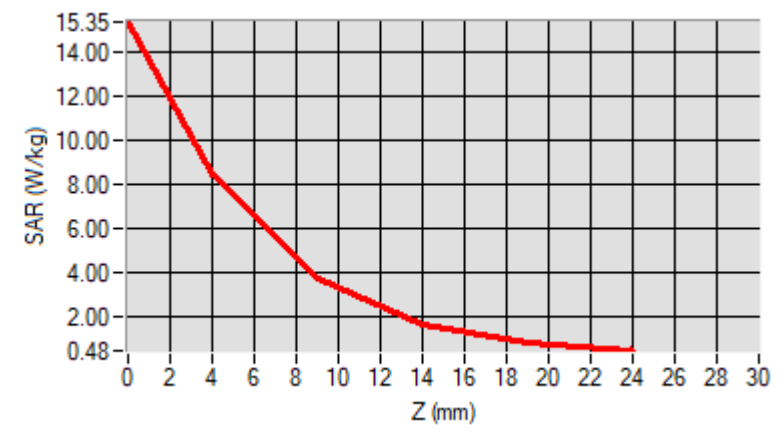
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 15.35 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

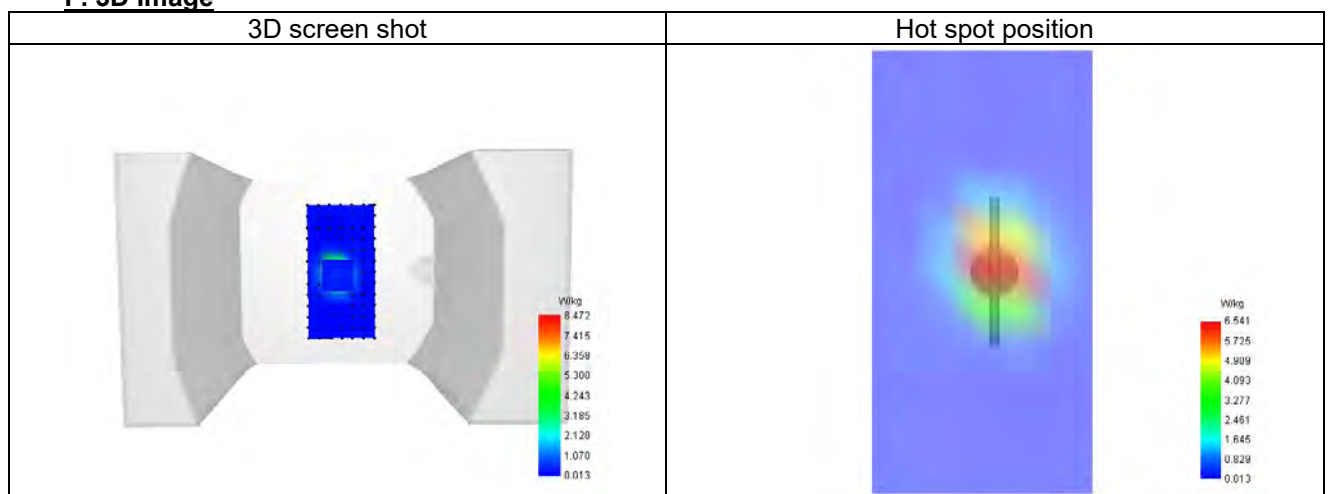
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 5.771    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 13.512   |
| Variation (%)                                         | -1.055   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |        |       |       |       |       |
|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00   | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 15.347 | 8.472 | 3.768 | 1.677 | 0.856 |



### F. 3D Image



BCTC  
3C  
PPR  
Report

## 15.2 SAR Test Graph Results

### Plot 1

Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

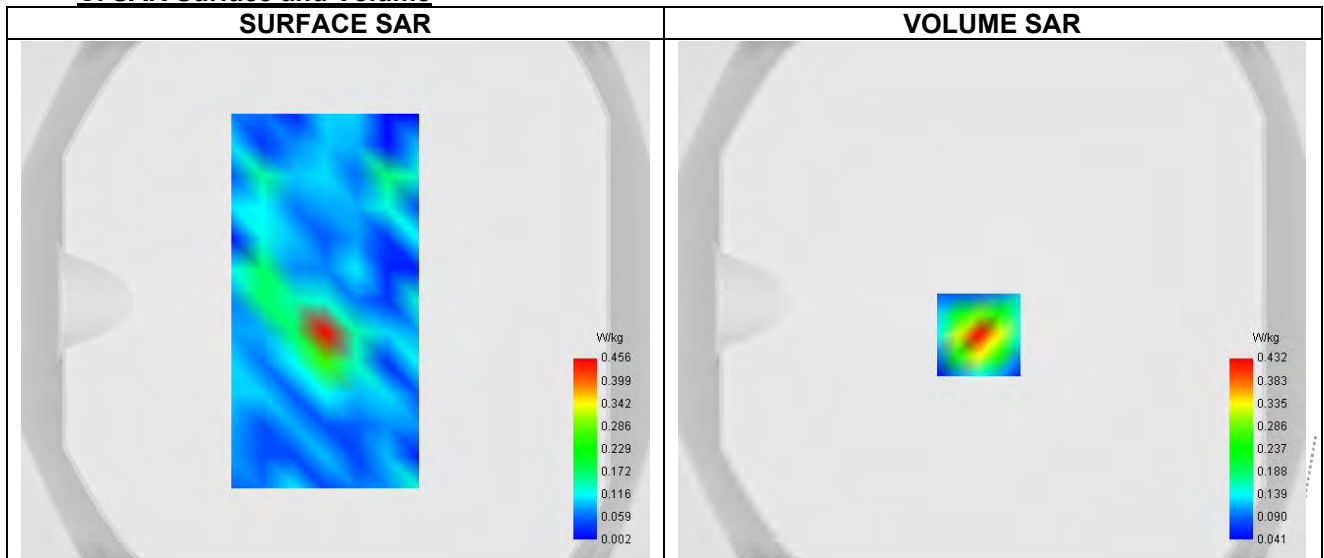
#### A. Experimental conditions.

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 1.11                         |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | ISM                          |
| Signal          | IEEE 802.11 b                |

#### B. Permittivity

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 2412.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.406   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.207   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.760    |

#### C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-13.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.59 W/kg

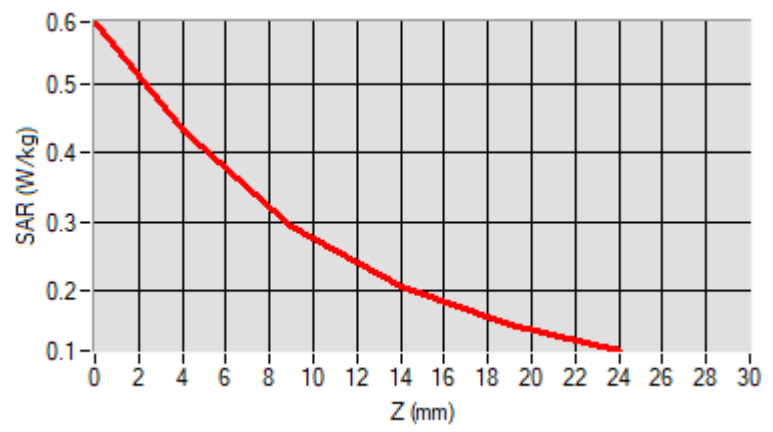
#### D. SAR 1g & 10g

|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.218    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 0.393    |
| Variation (%)                                         | 1.440    |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

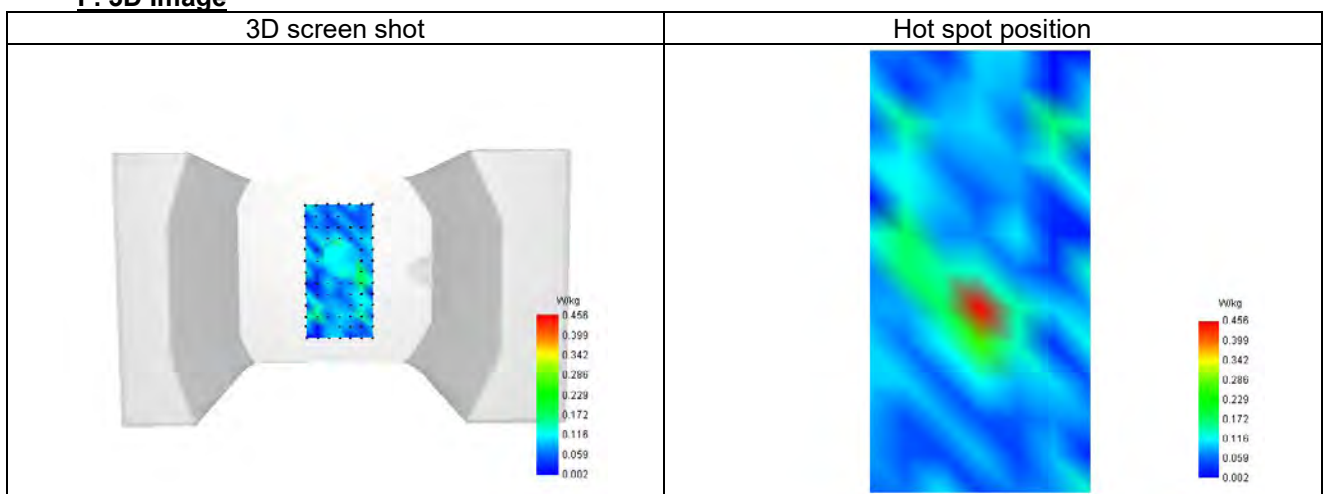
#### E. Z Axis Scan

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 0.591 | 0.432 | 0.294 | 0.206 | 0.151 |





### F. 3D Image



STING  
C  
ED  
B

**Plot 2**

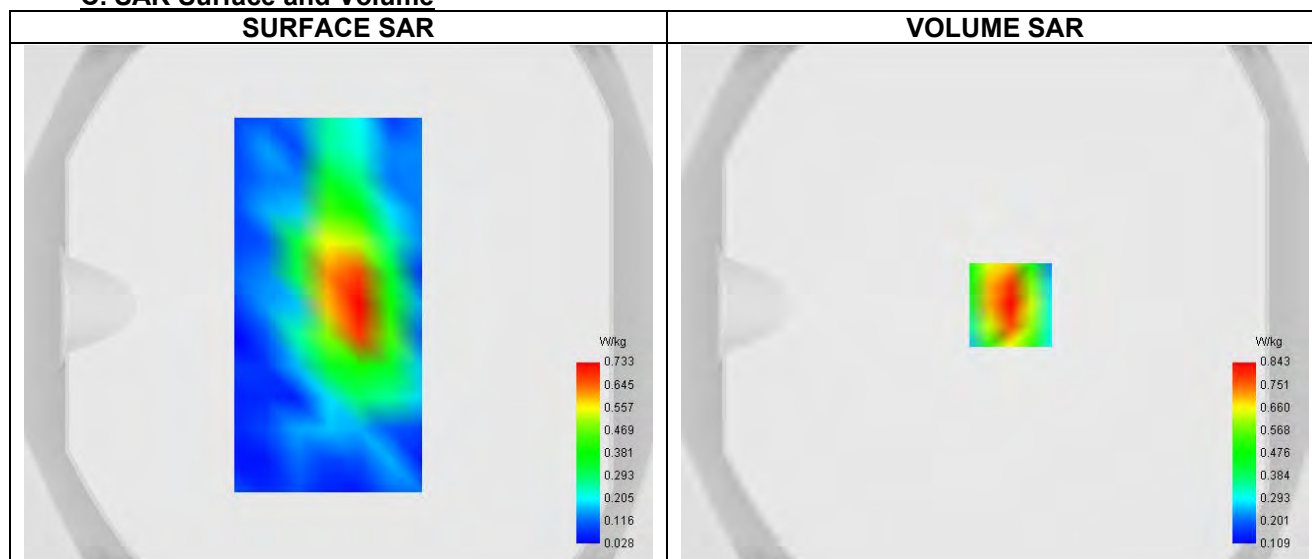
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 0.81                         |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | GPRS850                      |
| Signal          | TDMA (GPRS)                  |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |         |
|----------------------------------------|---------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 836.600 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 40.967  |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 19.400  |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 0.881   |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


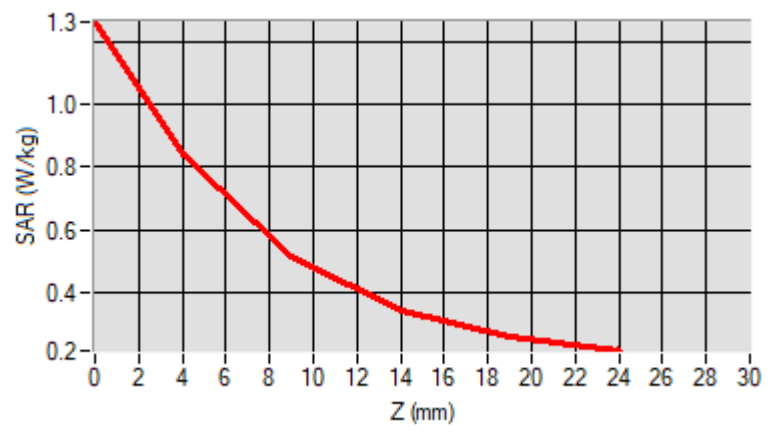
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.27 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

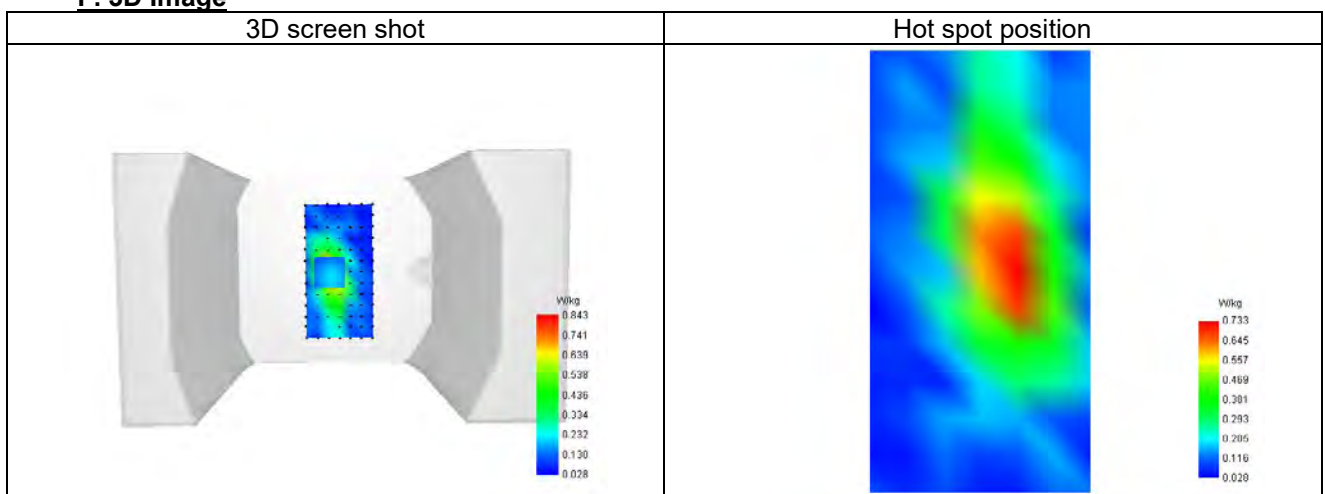
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.679    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 1.101    |
| Variation (%)                                         | 0.050    |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 1.266 | 0.843 | 0.515 | 0.341 | 0.257 |



### F. 3D Image



**Plot 3**

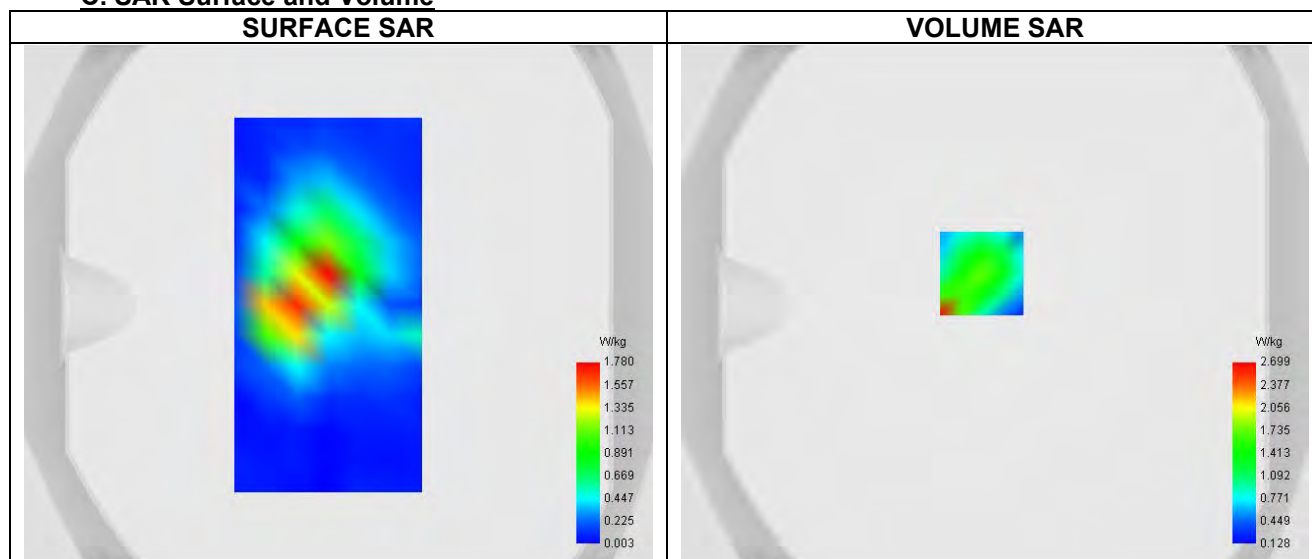
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPG0420             |
| ConvF           | 1.04                         |
| Area Scan       | surf sam plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | GPRS1900                     |
| Signal          | TDMA (GPRS)                  |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1850.200 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.565   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.408   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.418    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


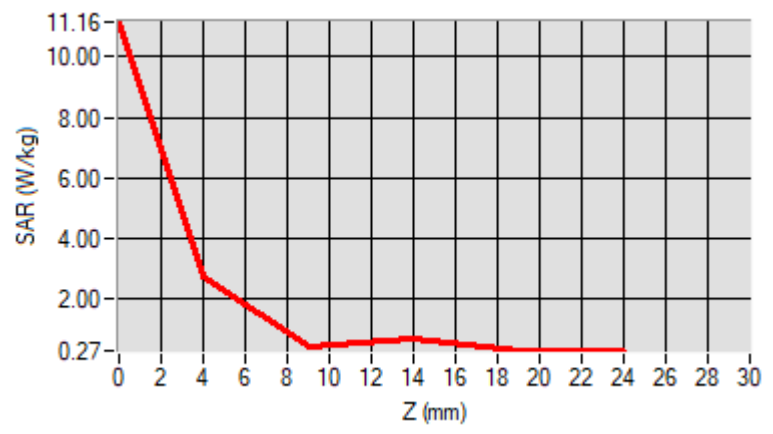
Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=12.00 ; SAR Peak: 4.69 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

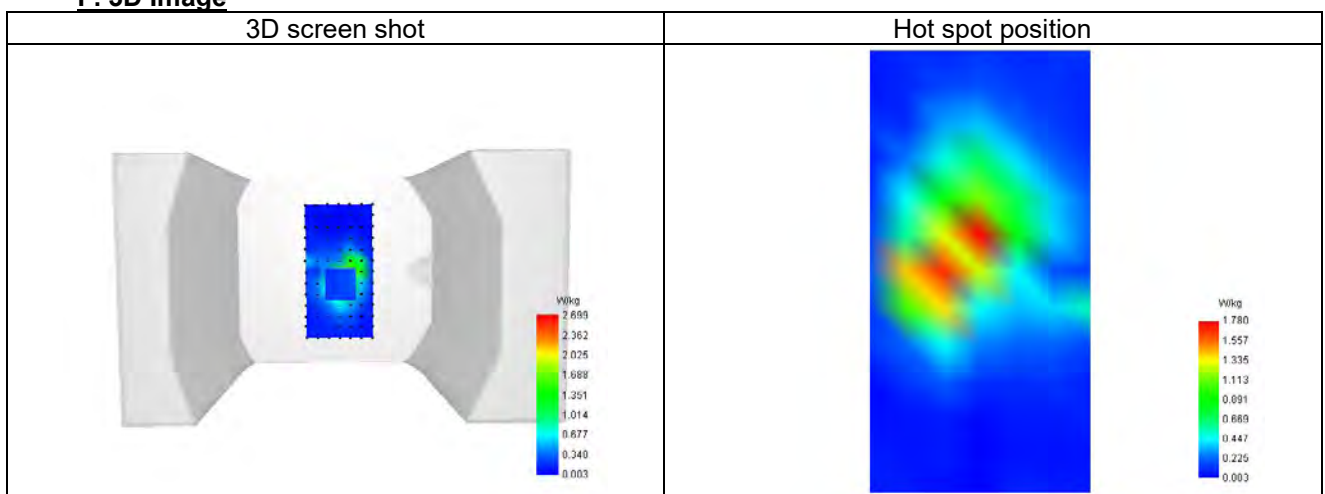
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.367    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 0.811    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -1.060   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |        |       |       |       |       |
|------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00   | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 11.159 | 2.699 | 0.422 | 0.666 | 0.270 |



### F. 3D Image



TC  
3C  
PPR  
Report

**Plot 4**

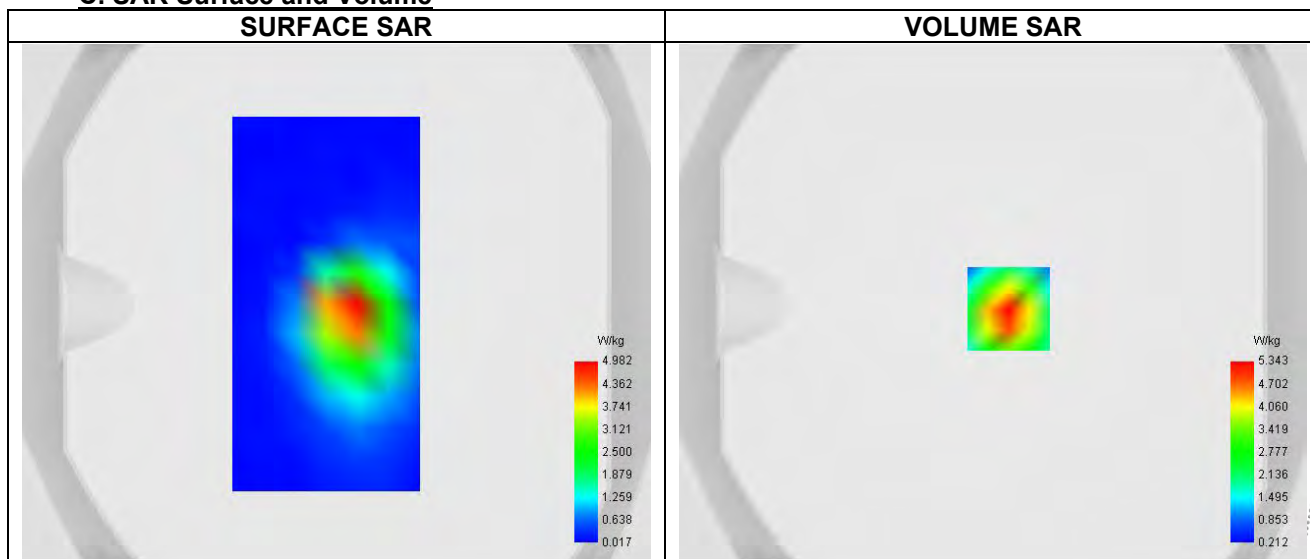
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 1.04                         |
| Area Scan       | surf sam plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | Band 2 (1900)                |
| Signal          | WCDMA                        |
| Mode            | Release 99                   |
| Connection Type | RMC, 12.2 kbps               |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1880.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.565   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.408   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.418    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-2.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.03 W/kg

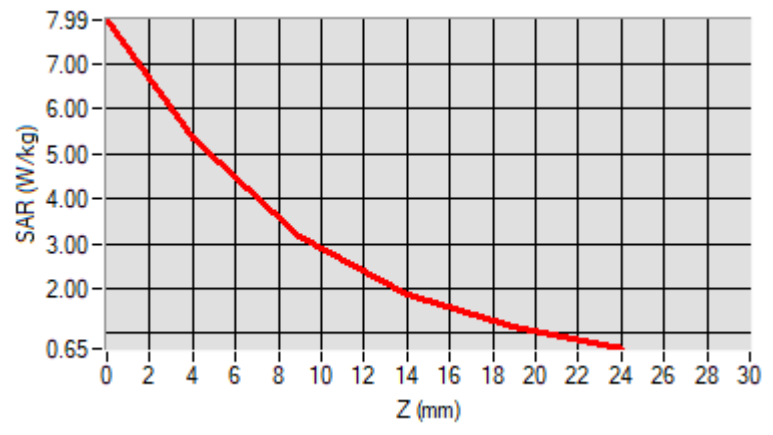
**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.573    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 1.110    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -0.970   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

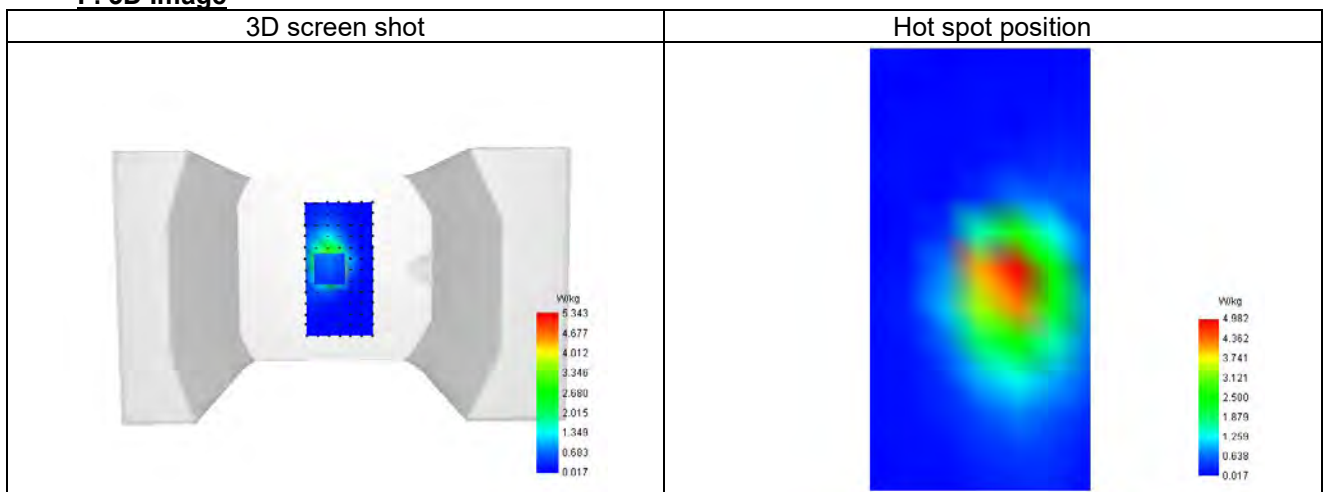
**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 7.989 | 5.343 | 3.164 | 1.872 | 1.128 |





### F. 3D Image



**Plot 5**

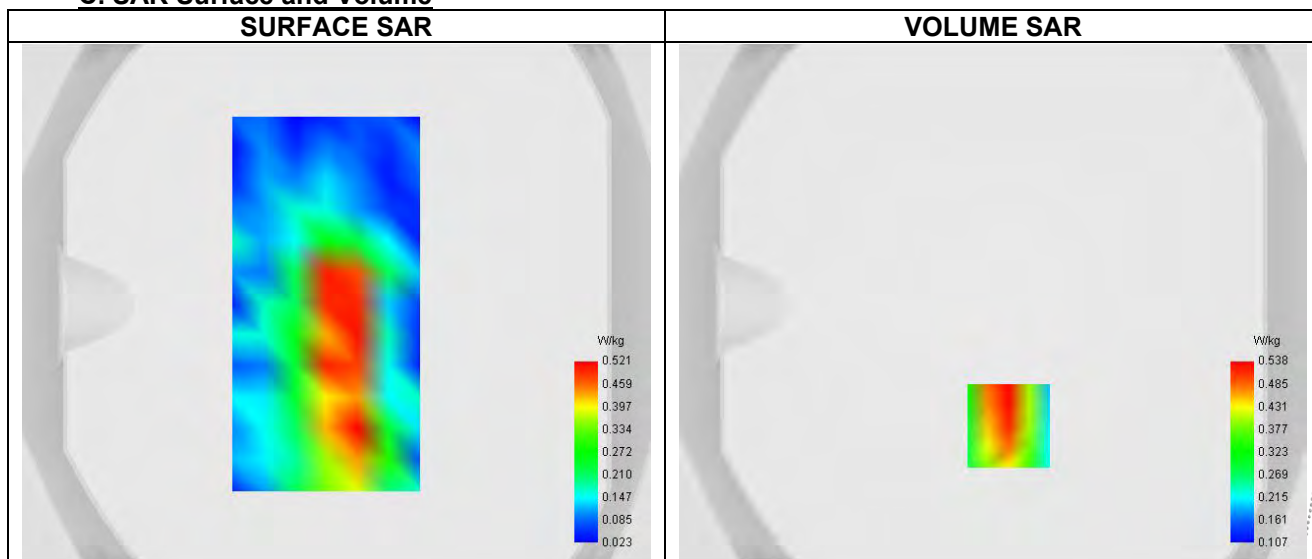
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 0.81                         |
| Area Scan       | surf_sam_plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | Band 5 (850)                 |
| Signal          | WCDMA                        |
| Mode            | Release 99                   |
| Connection Type | RMC, 12.2 kbps               |

**B. Permittivity**

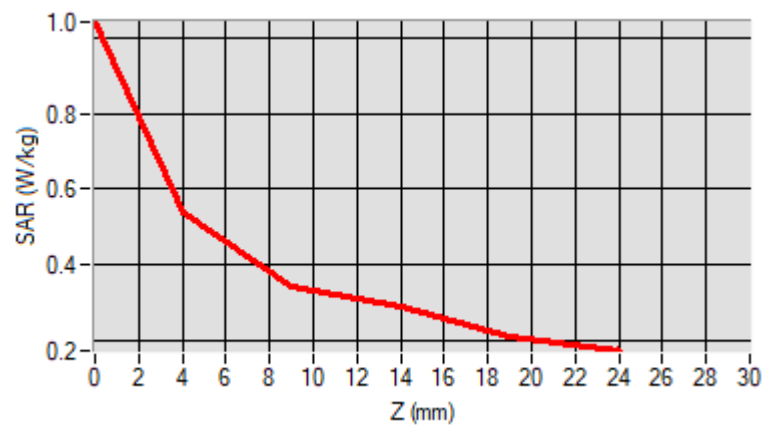
|                                        |         |
|----------------------------------------|---------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 846.600 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 40.967  |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 19.400  |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 0.881   |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

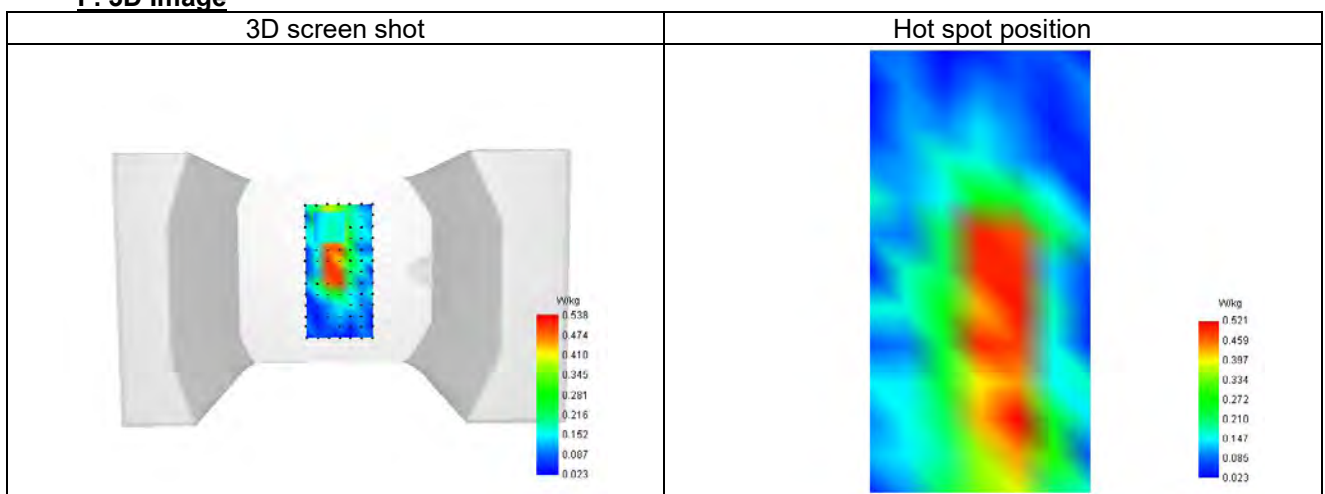
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.380    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 0.911    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -2.030   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 1.041 | 0.538 | 0.345 | 0.289 | 0.211 |



### F. 3D Image



**Plot 6**

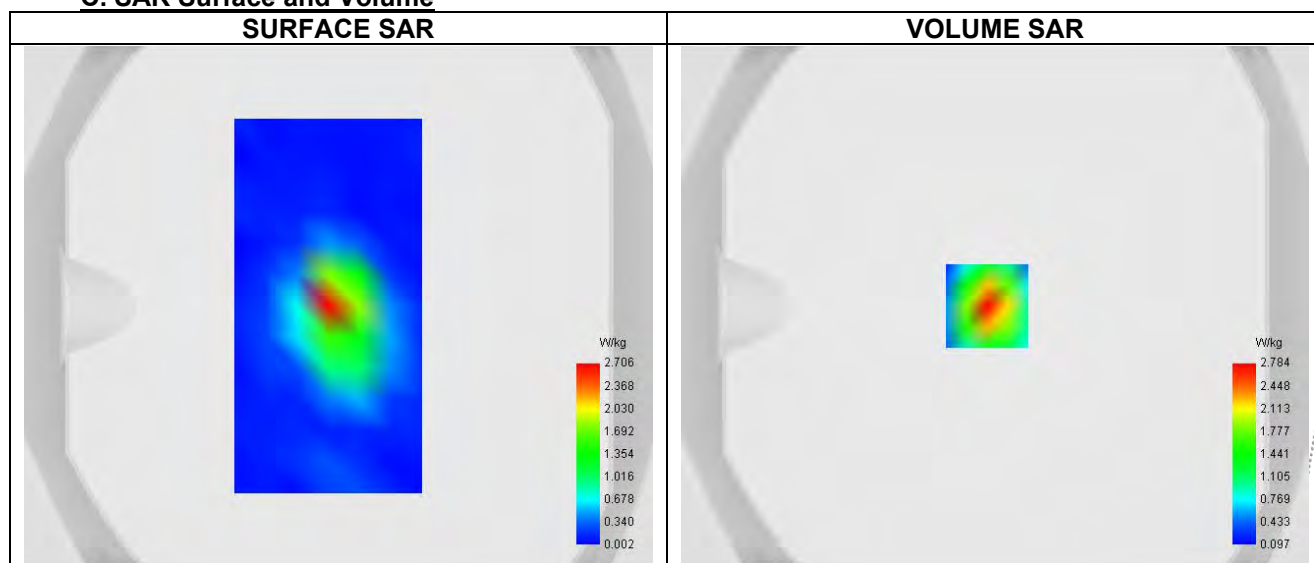
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 1.04                         |
| Area Scan       | surf sam plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | LTE band 2                   |
| Signal          | LTE FDD                      |
| Cell Bandwidth  | 20 Mhz                       |
| Modulation      | SC-OFDM - QPSK               |
| RB offset       | 5                            |
| RB size         | 20                           |

**B. Permittivity**

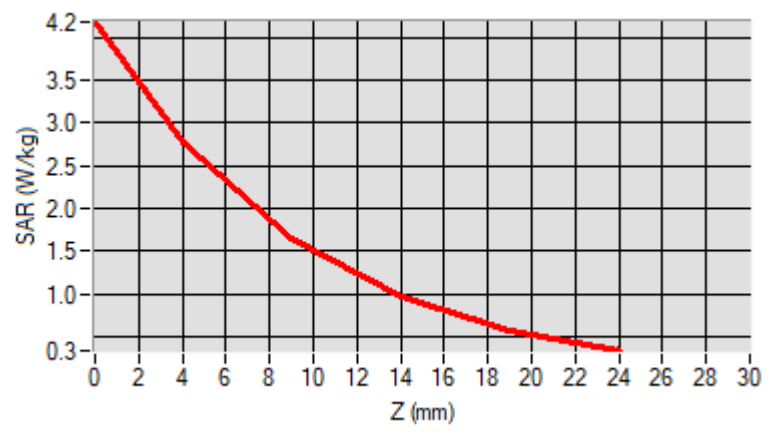
|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1900.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 38.565   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.455   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.418    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

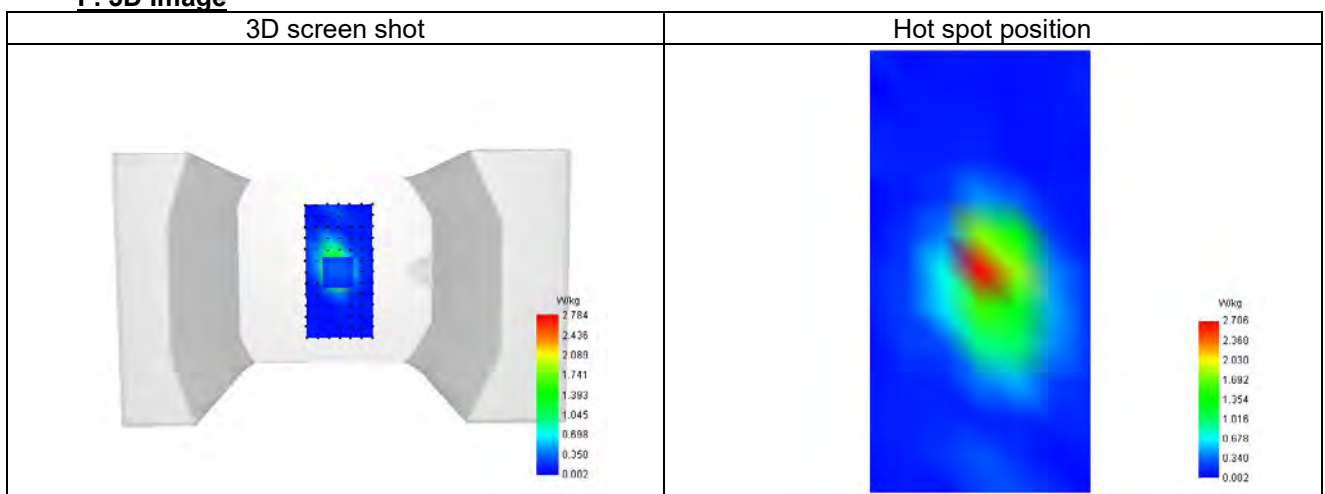
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.608    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 1.004    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -1.200   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 4.183 | 2.784 | 1.638 | 0.962 | 0.575 |



### F. 3D Image



**Plot 7**

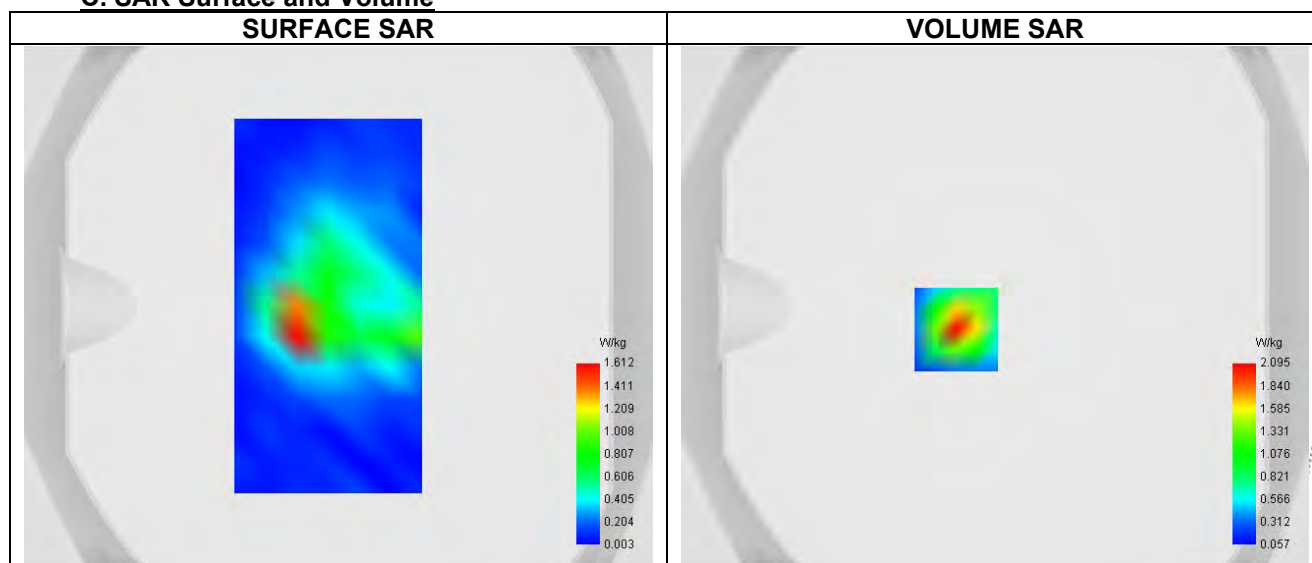
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 0.96                         |
| Area Scan       | surf sam plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | LTE band 4                   |
| Signal          | LTE FDD                      |
| Cell Bandwidth  | 20 Mhz                       |
| Modulation      | SC-OFDM - QPSK               |
| RB offset       | 5                            |
| RB size         | 20                           |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 1732.500 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 41.046   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 14.153   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.407    |

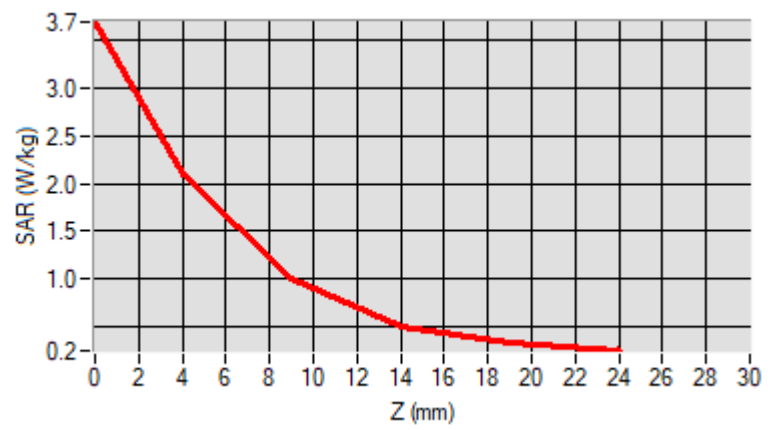
**C. SAR Surface and Volume**

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.374    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 0.791    |
| Variation (%)                                         | 3.210    |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

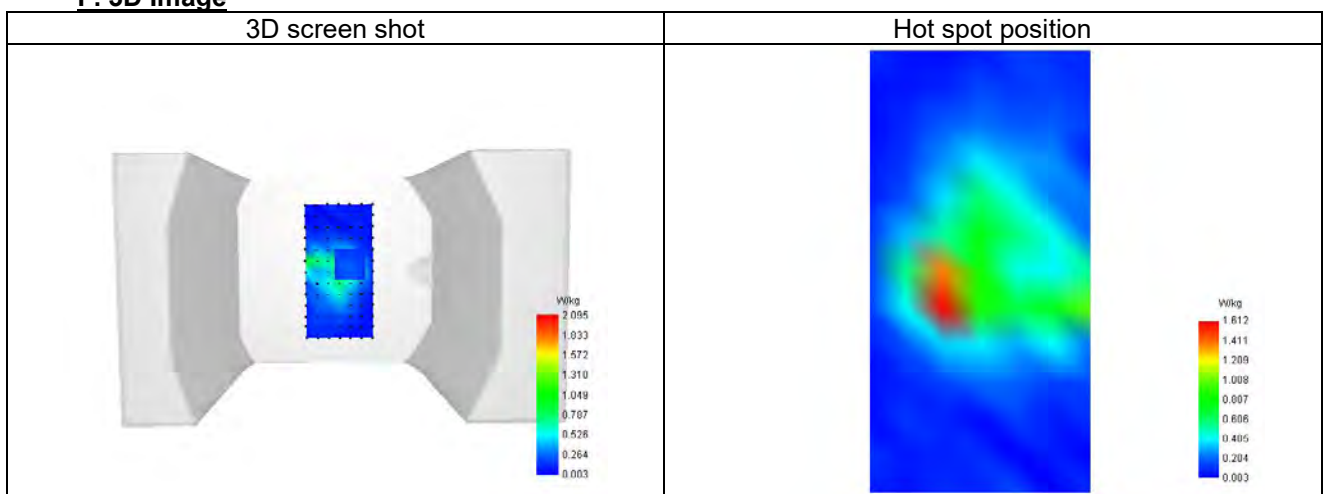
**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 3.699 | 2.095 | 0.993 | 0.505 | 0.321 |





### F. 3D Image



**Plot 8**

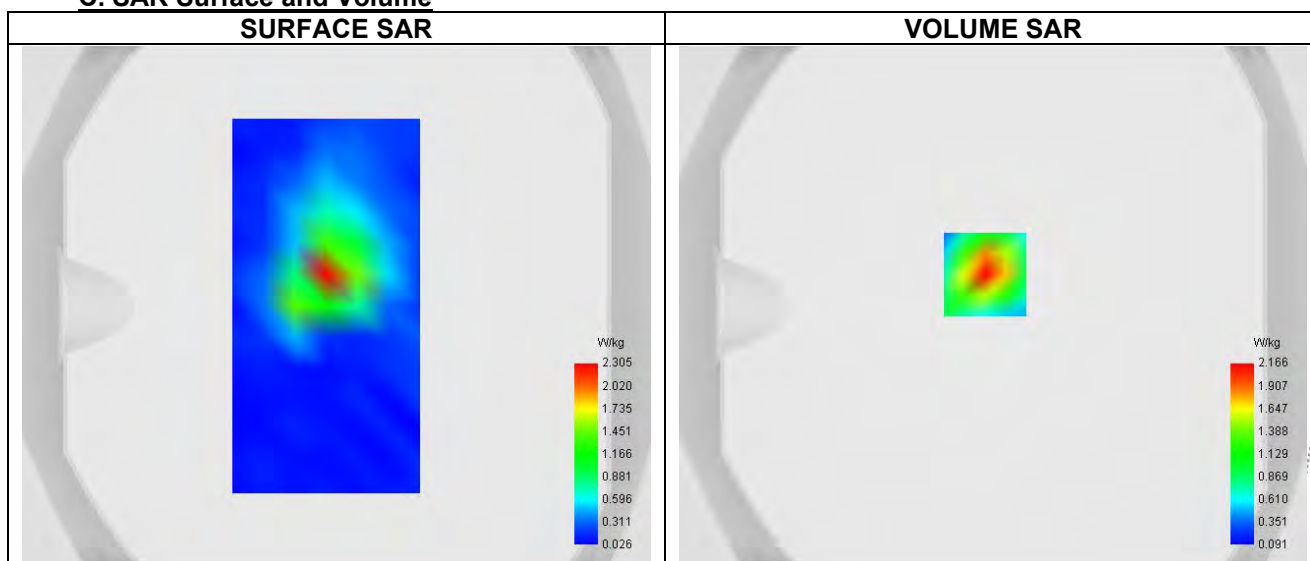
Date of measurement: 24/5/2025

**A. Experimental conditions.**

|                 |                              |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Probe           | SN 26/23 EPGO420             |
| ConvF           | 1.03                         |
| Area Scan       | surf sam plan.txt            |
| Zoom Scan       | 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm |
| Phantom         | Validation plane             |
| Device Position | Body                         |
| Band            | LTE band 7                   |
| Signal          | LTE FDD                      |
| Cell Bandwidth  | 20 Mhz                       |
| Modulation      | SC-OFDM - QPSK               |
| RB offset       | 5                            |
| RB size         | 20                           |

**B. Permittivity**

|                                        |          |
|----------------------------------------|----------|
| Frequency (MHz)                        | 2510.000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part)      | 37.960   |
| Relative permittivity (imaginary part) | 13.404   |
| Conductivity (S/m)                     | 1.956    |

**C. SAR Surface and Volume**


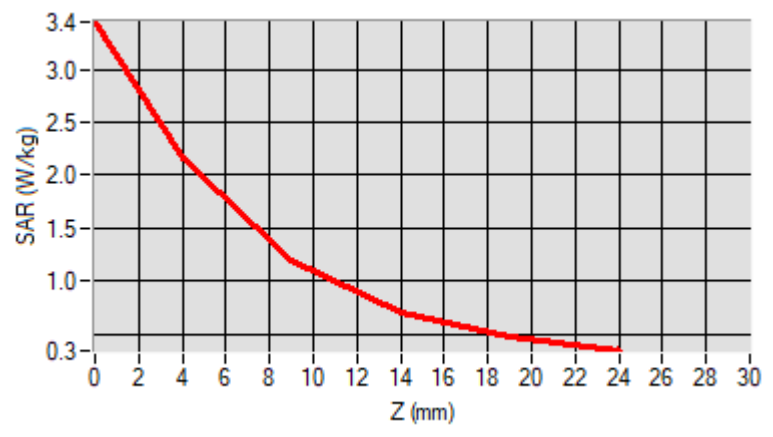
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=12.00 ; SAR Peak: 3.45 W/kg

**D. SAR 1g & 10g**

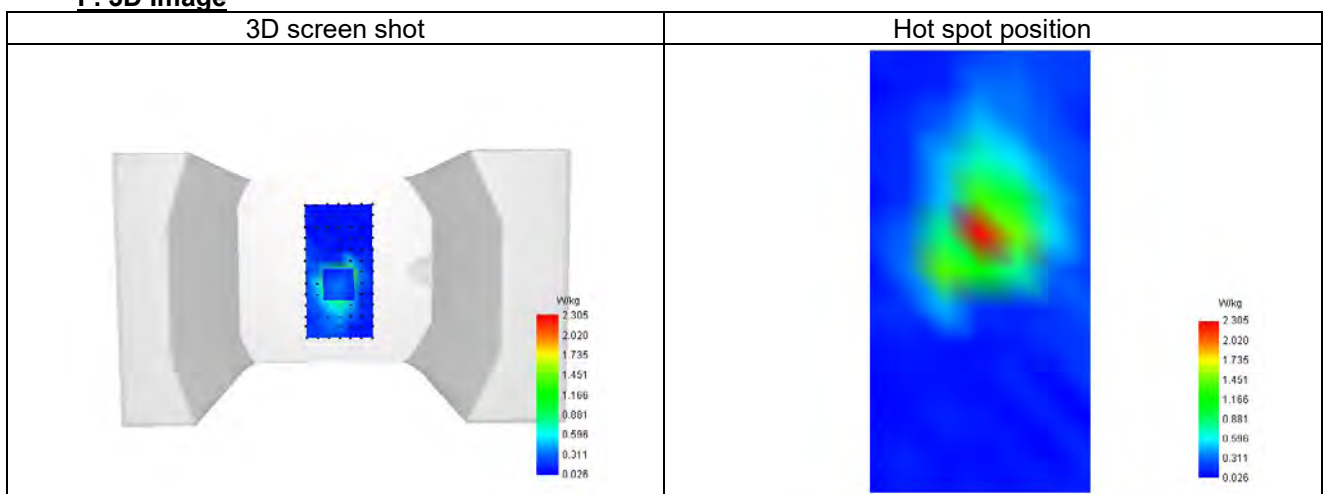
|                                                       |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg)                                        | 0.540    |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg)                                         | 0.829    |
| Variation (%)                                         | -4.660   |
| Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm) | 0.000000 |
| Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)     | 0.000000 |

**E. Z Axis Scan**

|            |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Z (mm)     | 0.00  | 4.00  | 9.00  | 14.00 | 19.00 |
| SAR (W/Kg) | 3.444 | 2.166 | 1.204 | 0.709 | 0.476 |

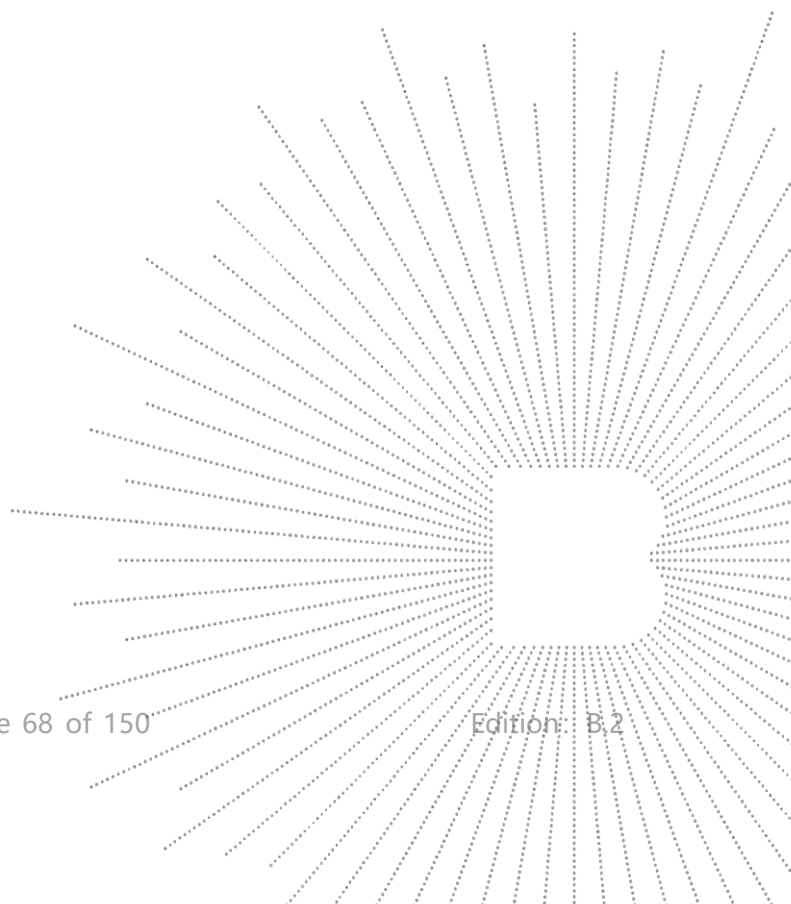


### F. 3D Image



**16 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

**Probe-EPGO420 Calibration Certificate**  
**SID835Dipole Calibration Certificate**  
**SID1800Dipole Calibration Certificate**  
**SID1900Dipole Calibration Certificate**  
**SID2600Dipole Calibration Certificate**





## COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.199.1.24.BES.A

**SHENZHEN BCTC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**  
**1 ~2/ F, NO. B FACTORY BUILDING, PENGZHOU**  
**INDUSTRIAL PARK, FUYUAN 1ST ROAD,**  
**TANGWEI COMMUNITY, FUHAI STREET, BAO'AN**  
**DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA**  
**MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE**  
**SERIAL NO.: 2623-EPGO-420**

**Calibrated at MVG**  
**Z.I. de la pointe du diable**  
**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon**  
**29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

**Calibration date: 7/18/2024**



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### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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**COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR.199.1.24.BES.A

|                                   | <i>Name</i>   | <i>Function</i>         | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Prepared by :</i>              | Cyrille ONNEE | Measurement Responsible | 7/18/2024   |  |
| <i>Checked &amp; approved by:</i> | Jérôme Luc    | Technical Manager       | 7/18/2024   |  |
| <i>Authorized by:</i>             | Yann Toutain  | Laboratory Director     | 7/18/2024   |  |

Yann  
Toutain ID

Signature numérique  
de Yann Toutain ID  
Date : 2024.07.18  
10:38:49 +02'00'

|                       | <i>Customer Name</i>                     |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <i>Distribution :</i> | Shenzhen BCTC<br>Technology Co.,<br>Ltd. |

| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Name</i>   | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|
| A            | Cyrille ONNEE | 7/18/2024   | Initial release      |
|              |               |             |                      |
|              |               |             |                      |
|              |               |             |                      |

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## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test                        |                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Device Type                              | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE                                        |
| Manufacturer                             | MVG                                                                     |
| Model                                    | SSE2                                                                    |
| Serial Number                            | 2623-EPGO-420                                                           |
| Product Condition (new / used)           | New                                                                     |
| Frequency Range of Probe                 | 0.15 GHz-7.5GHz                                                         |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.228 MΩ<br>Dipole 2: R2=0.238 MΩ<br>Dipole 3: R3=0.230 MΩ |

## 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



**Figure 1** – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

|                                            |         |
|--------------------------------------------|---------|
| Probe Length                               | 330 mm  |
| Length of Individual Dipoles               | 24.5 mm |
| Maximum external diameter                  | 8 mm    |
| Probe Tip External Diameter                | 2.55 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 12.7 mm |

## 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

### 3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.



### 3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.

### 3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

### 3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and  $d_{be} + d_{step}$  along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-\alpha_e(d_{be})})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $SAR_{uncertainty}$ | is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect                                                                                                                                           |
| $d_{be}$            | is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre                                                                                                |
| $\Delta_{step}$     | is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible |
| $\delta$            | is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14 \text{ mm}$ at 3 GHz;                                       |
| $\Delta SAR_{be}$   | in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance $d_{be}$ from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.                                                         |

The measured worst case boundary effect  $SAR_{uncertainty}[\%]$  for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).





#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

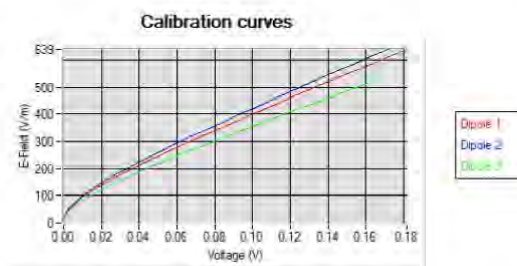
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

#### 5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

| Ambient condition  |             |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Liquid Temperature | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Temperature    | 20 +/- 1 °C |
| Lab Humidity       | 30-70 %     |

##### 5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{V_i (1 + V_i / DCP_i)}{Norm_i}$$

where

$V_i$ =voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

$DCP_i$ =diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

$Norm_i$ =dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe


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Ref. ACR.199.1.24.BES.A

| Normx dipole<br>1 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normy dipole<br>2 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) | Normz dipole<br>3 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.21                                                      | 1.09                                                      | 1.56                                                      |

| DCP dipole 1<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 2<br>(mV) | DCP dipole 3<br>(mV) |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 106                  | 109                  | 103                  |

## 5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

$\sigma$ =the conductivity of the liquid

$\rho$ =the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

$c$ =the specific heat for the liquid

$dT/dt$ =the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4P_W}{ab\delta} e^{-\frac{2z}{\delta}}$$

where

$a$ =the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide

$b$ =the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide

$\delta$ =the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

$P_W$ =the power delivered to the liquid

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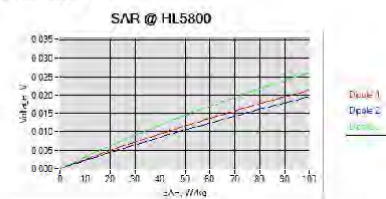

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Ref: ACR.199.1.24.BES.A

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

| Liquid | Frequenc<br>y (MHz*) | ConvF |
|--------|----------------------|-------|
| HL450  | 450                  | 0.86  |
| BL450  | 450                  | 0.78  |
| HL750  | 750                  | 0.80  |
| BL750  | 750                  | 0.87  |
| HL850  | 835                  | 0.81  |
| BL850  | 835                  | 0.80  |
| HL900  | 900                  | 0.76  |
| BL900  | 900                  | 0.87  |
| HL1800 | 1800                 | 0.96  |
| BL1800 | 1800                 | 1.01  |
| HL1900 | 1900                 | 1.04  |
| BL1900 | 1900                 | 1.11  |
| HL2100 | 2100                 | 1.00  |
| BL2100 | 2100                 | 1.16  |
| HL2300 | 2300                 | 1.11  |
| BL2300 | 2300                 | 1.23  |
| HL2450 | 2450                 | 1.11  |
| BL2450 | 2450                 | 1.32  |
| HL2600 | 2600                 | 1.03  |
| BL2600 | 2600                 | 1.19  |
| HL5200 | 5200                 | 1.18  |
| BL5200 | 5200                 | 0.97  |
| HL5400 | 5400                 | 1.17  |
| BL5400 | 5400                 | 1.00  |
| HL5600 | 5600                 | 1.20  |
| BL5600 | 5600                 | 0.95  |
| HL5800 | 5800                 | 1.15  |
| BL5800 | 5800                 | 1.05  |

(\*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz



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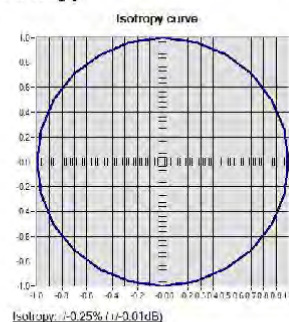
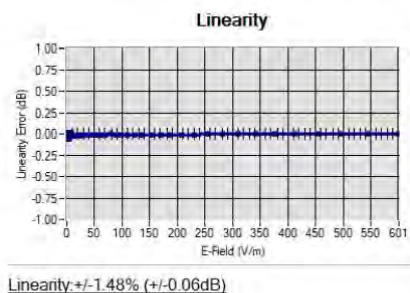
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## 6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is  $\pm 0.2$  dB for linearity and  $\pm 0.15$  dB for axial isotropy.





## 7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet            |                         |                       |                                               |                                               |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Equipment Descriptio               | Manufacturer / Model    | Identification No.    | Current Calibration Date                      | Next Calibration Date                         |
| CALIPROBE Test Bench               | Version 2               | NA                    | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Network Analyzer                   | Rohde & Schwarz ZVM     | 100203                | 08/2024                                       | 08/2027                                       |
| Network Analyzer                   | Agilent 8753ES          | MY40003210            | 10/2023                                       | 10/2027                                       |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | HP 85033D               | 3423A08186            | 06/2021                                       | 06/2027                                       |
| Network Analyzer – Calibration kit | Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235 | 101223                | 07/2022                                       | 07/2025                                       |
| Multimeter                         | Keithley 2000           | 4013982               | 02/2023                                       | 02/2026                                       |
| Signal Generator                   | Rohde & Schwarz SMB     | 106589                | 03/2022                                       | 03/2025                                       |
| Amplifier                          | MVG                     | MODU-023-C-0002       | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter                        | NI-USB 5680             | 170100013             | 06/2024                                       | 06/2027                                       |
| Power Meter                        | Keysight U2000A         | SN: MY62340002        | 10/2022                                       | 10/2025                                       |
| Directional Coupler                | Krytar 158020           | 131467                | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Fluoroptic Thermometer             | LumaSense Luxtron 812   | 94264                 | 09/2022                                       | 09/2025                                       |
| Coaxial cell                       | MVG                     | SN 32/16 COAXCELL_    | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide                          | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WG2_1        | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Liquid transition                  | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_ | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide                          | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WG4_1        | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Liquid transition                  | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_ | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide                          | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WG6_1        | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Liquid transition                  | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_ | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |
| Waveguide                          | MVG                     | SN 32/16 WG8_1        | Validated. No cal required.                   | Validated. No cal required.                   |

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Ref: ACR.199.1.24.BES.A

|                                  |              |                            |                                |                                |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Liquid transition                | MVG          | SN 32/16<br>WGLIQ_1G800B_1 | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Liquid transition                | MVG          | SN 32/16<br>WGLIQ_1G800H_  | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Waveguide                        | MVG          | SN 32/16 WG10_1            | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Liquid transition                | MVG          | SN 32/16<br>WGLIQ_3G500_   | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Waveguide                        | MVG          | SN 32/16 WG12_1            | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Liquid transition                | MVG          | SN 32/16<br>WGLIQ_5G000_   | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Waveguide                        | MVG          | SN 32/16 WG14_1            | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Liquid transition                | MVG          | SN 32/16<br>WGLIQ_7G000_1  | Validated. No cal<br>required. | Validated. No cal<br>required. |
| Temperature / Humidity<br>Sensor | Testo 184 H1 | 44225320                   | 06/2024                        | 06/2027                        |

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## SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.329.9.24.BES.A

### **SHENZHEN BCTC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.**

**1 ~2/ F, NO. B FACTORY BUILDING, PENGZHOU  
INDUSTRIAL PARK, FUYUAN 1ST ROAD,  
TANGWEI COMMUNITY, FUHAI STREET, BAO'AN  
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA**

### **MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 47/21 DIP 0G835-621**

**Calibrated at MVG**

**Z.I. de la pointe du diable**

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon**

**29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

**Calibration date: 11/25/2024**



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#### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

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**SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT**

Ref: ACR-329.9.24.BES.A

|                      | <i>Name</i>  | <i>Function</i>     | <i>Date</i> | <i>Signature</i>    |
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| <i>Issue</i> | <i>Name</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Modifications</i> |
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| A            | Jérôme Luc  | 11/25/2024  | Initial release      |
|              |             |             |                      |
|              |             |             |                      |
|              |             |             |                      |

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test              |                                  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Device Type                    | COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE |
| Manufacturer                   | MVG                              |
| Model                          | SID835                           |
| Serial Number                  | SN 47/21 DIP 0G835-621           |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New                              |

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole**



#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

##### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

##### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

#### 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

##### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz    | 0.08 LIN                            |

##### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 - 300     | 0.20 mm                        |
| 300 - 450   | 0.44 mm                        |

##### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.



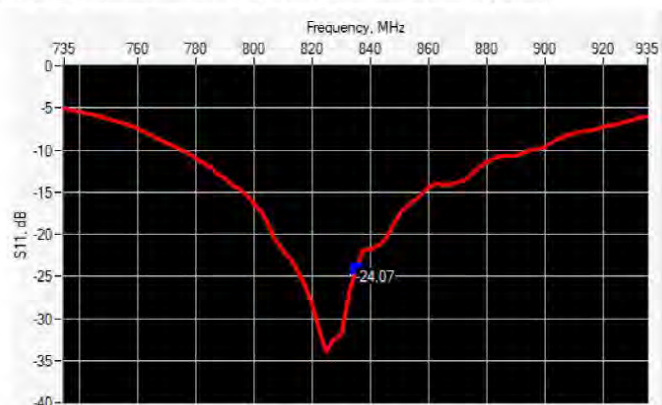

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| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g         | 19 % (SAR)           |
| 10 g        | 19 % (SAR)           |

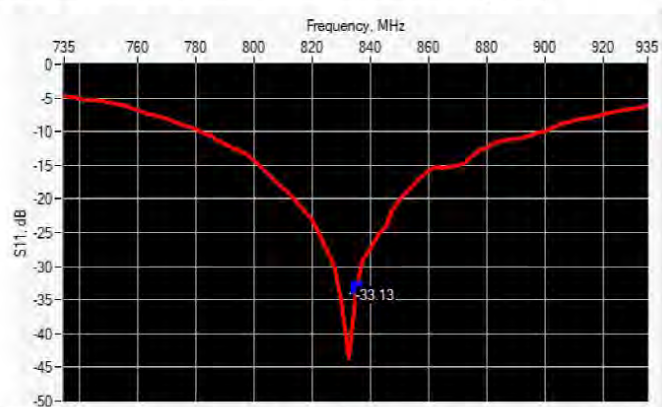
## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance                      |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 835             | -24.07           | -20              | 55.3 $\Omega$ - 3.3 j $\Omega$ |

### 6.2 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) | Impedance                      |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 835             | -33.13           | -20              | 52.2 $\Omega$ - 0.4 j $\Omega$ |



### 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | L mm       |          | h mm       |          | d mm      |          |
|---------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|               | required   | measured | required   | measured | required  | measured |
| 300           | 420.0 ±1 % |          | 250.0 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 450           | 290.0 ±1 % |          | 166.7 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 750           | 176.0 ±1 % |          | 100.0 ±1 % |          | 6.35 ±1 % |          |
| 835           | 161.0 ±1 % | 161.47   | 89.8 ±1 %  | 89.78    | 3.6 ±1 %  | 3.61     |
| 900           | 149.0 ±1 % |          | 83.3 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1450          | 89.1 ±1 %  |          | 51.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1500          | 86.2 ±1 %  |          | 50.0 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1640          | 79.0 ±1 %  |          | 45.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1750          | 75.2 ±1 %  |          | 42.9 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1800          | 72.0 ±1 %  |          | 41.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1900          | 68.0 ±1 %  |          | 39.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 1950          | 66.3 ±1 %  |          | 38.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2000          | 64.5 ±1 %  |          | 37.5 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2100          | 61.0 ±1 %  |          | 35.7 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2300          | 55.5 ±1 %  |          | 32.6 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2450          | 51.5 ±1 %  |          | 30.4 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 2600          | 48.5 ±1 %  |          | 28.8 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3000          | 41.5 ±1 %  |          | 25.0 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3300          | -          |          | -          |          | -         |          |
| 3500          | 37.0 ±1 %  |          | 26.4 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3700          | 34.7 ±1 %  |          | 26.4 ±1 %  |          | 3.6 ±1 %  |          |
| 3900          | -          |          | -          |          | -         |          |
| 4200          | -          |          | -          |          | -         |          |
| 4600          | -          |          | -          |          | -         |          |
| 4900          | -          |          | -          |          | -         |          |

### 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

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## 7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |          | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m |          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                  | required                               | measured | required                      | measured |
| 300              | 45.3 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 0.87 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 450              | 43.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 0.87 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 750              | 41.9 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 0.89 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 835              | 41.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        | 39.9     | 0.90 $\pm$ 10 %               | 0.91     |
| 900              | 41.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 0.97 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1450             | 40.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.20 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1500             | 40.4 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.23 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1640             | 40.2 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.31 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1750             | 40.1 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.37 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1800             | 40.0 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1900             | 40.0 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 1950             | 40.0 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 2000             | 40.0 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.40 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 2100             | 39.8 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.49 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 2300             | 39.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.67 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 2450             | 39.2 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.80 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 2600             | 39.0 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 1.96 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 3000             | 38.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 2.40 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 3300             | 38.2 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 2.71 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 3500             | 37.9 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 2.91 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 3700             | 37.7 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 3.12 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 3900             | 37.5 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 3.32 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 4200             | 37.1 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 3.63 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 4600             | 36.7 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 4.04 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |
| 4900             | 36.3 $\pm$ 10 %                        |          | 4.35 $\pm$ 10 %               |          |

## 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.


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|                                           |                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Software                                  | OPENSAR V5                                                   |
| Phantom                                   | SN 13/09 SAM68                                               |
| Probe                                     | SN 41/18 EPG0333                                             |
| Liquid                                    | Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}^*$ : 39.9 $\sigma$ : 0.91 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 15.0 mm                                                      |
| Area scan resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm$                                              |
| Zoon Scan Resolution                      | $dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$                                       |
| Frequency                                 | 835 MHz                                                      |
| Input power                               | 20 dBm                                                       |
| Liquid Temperature                        | 20 +/- 1 °C                                                  |
| Lab Temperature                           | 20 +/- 1 °C                                                  |
| Lab Humidity                              | 30-70 %                                                      |

| Frequency<br>MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) |              | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |             |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|
|                  | required         | measured     | required          | measured    |
| 300              | 2.85             |              | 1.94              |             |
| 450              | 4.58             |              | 3.06              |             |
| 750              | 8.49             |              | 5.55              |             |
| 835              | 9.56             | 10.01 (1.00) | 6.22              | 6.32 (0.63) |
| 900              | 10.9             |              | 6.99              |             |
| 1450             | 29               |              | 16                |             |
| 1500             | 30.5             |              | 16.8              |             |
| 1640             | 34.2             |              | 18.4              |             |
| 1750             | 36.4             |              | 19.3              |             |
| 1800             | 38.4             |              | 20.1              |             |
| 1900             | 39.7             |              | 20.5              |             |
| 1950             | 40.5             |              | 20.9              |             |
| 2000             | 41.1             |              | 21.1              |             |
| 2100             | 43.6             |              | 21.9              |             |
| 2300             | 48.7             |              | 23.3              |             |
| 2450             | 52.4             |              | 24                |             |
| 2600             | 55.3             |              | 24.6              |             |
| 3000             | 63.8             |              | 25.7              |             |
| 3300             | -                |              | -                 |             |
| 3500             | 67.1             |              | 25                |             |
| 3700             | 67.4             |              | 24.2              |             |
| 3900             | -                |              | -                 |             |
| 4200             | -                |              | -                 |             |
| 4600             | -                |              | -                 |             |
| 4900             | -                |              | -                 |             |

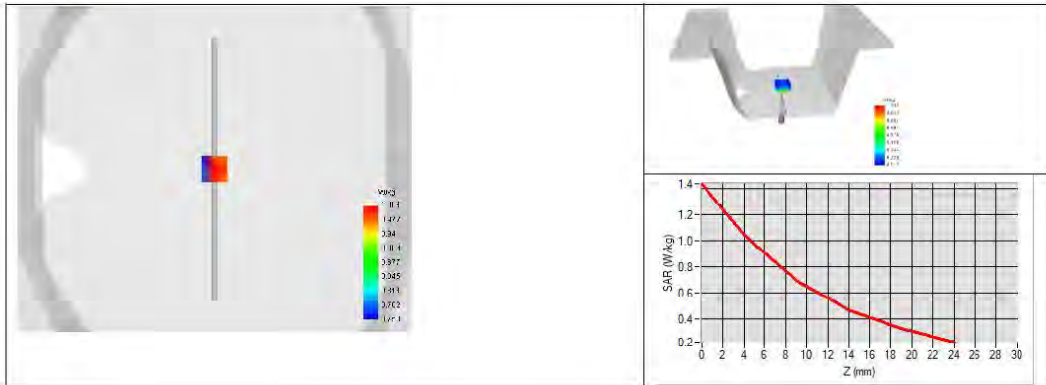
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### 7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency<br>MHz | Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ) |          | Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m    |          |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|
|                  | required                               | measured | required                         | measured |
| 150              | <b>61.9 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>0.80 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 300              | <b>58.2 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>0.92 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 450              | <b>56.7 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>0.94 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 750              | <b>55.5 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>0.96 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 835              | <b>55.2 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       | 52.3     | <b>0.97 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> | 0.94     |
| 900              | <b>55.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.05 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 915              | <b>55.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.06 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 1450             | <b>54.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.30 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 1610             | <b>53.8 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.40 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 1800             | <b>53.3 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.52 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 1900             | <b>53.3 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.52 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 2000             | <b>53.3 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.52 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 2100             | <b>53.2 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.62 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 2300             | <b>52.9 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.81 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 2450             | <b>52.7 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>1.95 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 2600             | <b>52.5 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>2.16 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 3000             | <b>52.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>2.73 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 3300             | <b>51.6 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>3.08 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 3500             | <b>51.3 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>3.31 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 3700             | <b>51.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>3.55 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 3900             | <b>50.8 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>3.78 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 4200             | <b>50.4 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>4.13 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 4600             | <b>49.8 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>4.60 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 4900             | <b>49.4 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>4.95 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5200             | <b>49.0 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>5.30 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5300             | <b>48.9 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>5.42 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5400             | <b>48.7 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>5.53 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5500             | <b>48.6 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>5.65 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5600             | <b>48.5 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>5.77 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |
| 5800             | <b>48.2 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b>       |          | <b>6.00 <math>\pm</math>10 %</b> |          |

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