

RF Exposure Compliance Requirement

Calculation formula:

$$E (V/m) = (30 \cdot P \cdot G) / d$$

E = Electric Field (V/m)

P = Peak RF output Power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between EUT and antenna (m)

Remark: $E(V/m) = 10^{(dB_{UV}/m)/20} \times 10^{-6}$

$$P = (E \cdot d)^2 / 30G$$

in the formula above, d=3m, field strength= 95.2 dBuV/m (max described by client),
so EIRP= 1 mW

The worst case test separation distance is **5mm**.

The product belongs to **standalone portable device** base the FCC rule part 2.1091&2.1093. The transmission frequencies of the device are between 100 MHz and 6 GHz.

In KDB 447498 D01 v06: 4.3.1 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations:

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold is calculated from:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [f(\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The Max Conducted Output Power and SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW) are listed below:

Transmit Frequency (MHz)	Output power (mW)	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW)
2405, 2450, 2470	1	9.53

According to SAR Exclusion Threshold in KDB 447498 (D01) General RF Exposure Guidance v06, the SAR report is not required.

Test Location:

Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

All tests were performed at:

Room102/104, No 203, KeZhu Road, Science City, GETDD Guangzhou, China