



## RF Exposure Evaluation

### Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f <sup>2</sup> )	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula:  $Pd = (Pout * G) / (4 * pi * r^2)$

Where

**Pd** = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

**G** = gain of antenna in linear scale, **Pi** = 3.1416;

**R** = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

### Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

**Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation**

The source of the evaluation data results is based on the test report ET-23070783E01/02/03

BT Antenna gain=4.07dBi, 2.4G WIFI Antenna gain=4.07dBi, 5G WIFI Antenna gain=2.36dBi

**FOR BLE**

Mode	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Numeric antenna gain	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
GFSK	2.64	1.84	2.55	0.0009	1.0	PASS

**FOR 2.4GWIFI**

Mode	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Numeric antenna gain	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
802.11b	13.07	20.28	2.55	0.0103	1.0	PASS
802.11g	16.61	45.81	2.55	0.0233	1.0	PASS
802.11n20	15.60	36.31	2.55	0.0184	1.0	PASS
802.11n40	13.25	21.13	2.55	0.0107	1.0	PASS

**FOR 5.2GWIFI**

Mode	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Numeric antenna gain	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
802.11a	13.34	21.58	1.72	0.0074	1.0	PASS
802.11 n20	13.46	22.18	1.72	0.0076	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac20	13.47	22.23	1.72	0.0076	1.0	PASS
802.11 n40	11.70	14.79	1.72	0.0051	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac40	11.66	14.66	1.72	0.0050	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac80	9.15	8.22	1.72	0.0028	1.0	PASS

**FOR 5.8GWIFI**

Mode	Output power (dBm)	Output power (mW)	Numeric antenna gain	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Result
802.11a	12.80	19.05	1.72	0.0065	1.0	PASS
802.11 n20	12.63	18.32	1.72	0.0063	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac20	12.58	18.11	1.72	0.0062	1.0	PASS
802.11 n40	11.38	13.74	1.72	0.0047	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac40	11.35	13.65	1.72	0.0047	1.0	PASS
802.11 ac80	9.71	9.35	1.72	0.0032	1.0	PASS

If BLE and 2.4G WIFI operate simultaneously, Total power density=0.0009/1+0.0233/1=0.0242<1.

If BLE and 5.2G WIFI operate simultaneously, Total power density=0.0009/1+0.0076/1=0.0085<1.

If BLE and 5.8G WIFI operate simultaneously, Total power density=0.0009/1+0.0065/1=0.0074<1.

Then SAR evaluation is not require .