

# **TEST REPORT**

Report No.: BCTC2507090106E

Applicant: Shenzhen Qichang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd

Product Name: Smart Phone

Test Model: F110L

Tested Date: 2025-07-21 to 2025-08-21

Issued Date: 2025-08-21

Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd



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# FCC ID: 2BAK2-F110L

Product Name: Smart Phone

Trademark: Indemark: Index Ind

F110L

Model/Type Reference: F110L Ultra, F110L PLUS, F110L P, F117, F117 PRO, F117 PLUS, F117 P,

F117 Ultra, iHunt Titan Music P11001 ULTRA

Prepared For: Shenzhen Qichang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd

Address: Room 510, Building 7, Yunli Intelligent Park, No. 7, Bantian Street, Longgang,

Shenzhen

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Qichang Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd

Address: Room 510, Building 7, Yunli Intelligent Park, No. 7, Bantian Street, Longgang,

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Prepared By: Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.

Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng,

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Sample Received Date: 2025-07-02

Sample tested Date: 2025-07-21 to 2025-08-21

Issue Date: 2025-08-21

IEEE Std C95.1-2019

Test Standards: IEEE Std 1528-2013

FCC Part 2.1093

Test Results: PASS

Remark: This is SAR test report

lested by:

Min zhi Cheng

Min Zhi Cheng / Project Handler

Approved by:

Zero Zhou / Reviewer

The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client.

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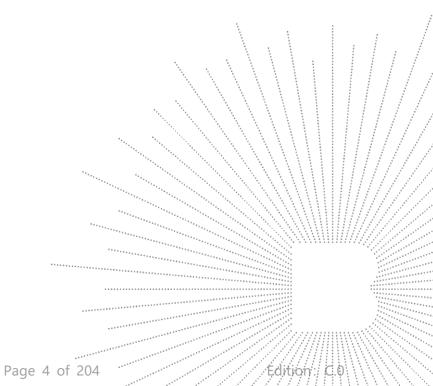


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(Note: N/A Means Not Applicable)

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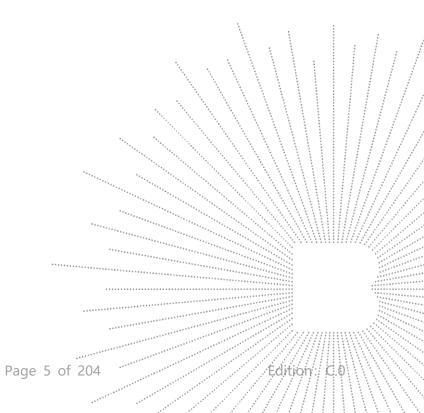




# 1. Version

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
BCTC2507090106E	BCTC2507090106E 2025-07-09		Valid





No.: BCTC/RF-ICT-005





#### 2. Test Standards

No.: BCTC/RF-ICT-005

IEEE Std C95.1-2019: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0Hz to 300GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment.

IEEE Std 1528-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz

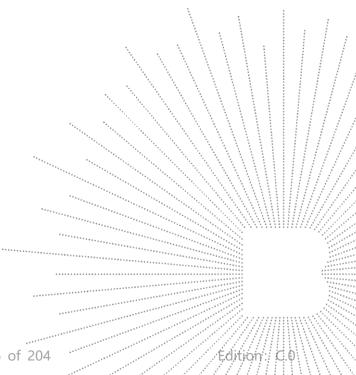
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices: SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01: SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03: SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS



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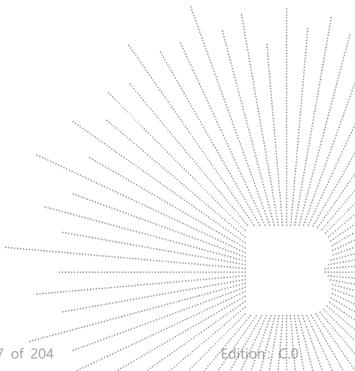


# 3. Test Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

	Maxi	Maximum SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)			
Frequency Band	Head	Body (5mm Gap)	Hotspot (10mm Gap)	Limit SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
Bluetooth	0.094	0.094	/		
WIFI 2.4G	0.205	0.185	0.173		
WIFI 5G	0.802	0.423	0.416		
GSM	0.640	1.048	0.412	1.6	
WCDMA	0.681	1.017	0.929		
LTE	0.549	1.014	0.701		
Simultaneous Transmission	1.351	1.471	0.929		

The device in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



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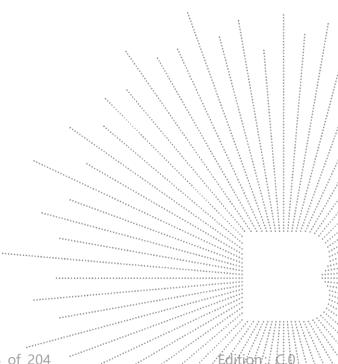
Report No: BCTC2507090106E

#### 4. **SAR Limits**

F	SAR (W/kg)		
Exposure Limits	General Population	Occupational	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (Averaged over any 1g of tissue)	1.6	8.0	
Spatial Peak (Hand/wrist/foot/ankle average over 10g)	4.0	20.0	

General Population: Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational: Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



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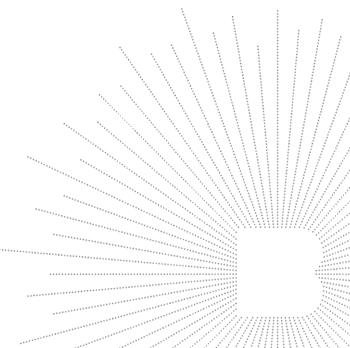
# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is <3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be  $\leq$  30%, for a confidence interval of k=2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

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# 6. Product Information and Test Setup

## 6.1 Product Information

**Number Of Channel** 

Antenna installation:

Antenna Gain:

1 CH

0 dBi

Internal Antenna

F110L F110L Ultra, F110L PLUS, F110L P, F117, F117 PRO, F117 PLUS, F117 P. Model/Type reference: F117 Ultra, iHunt Titan Music P11001 ULTRA Model differences: All the model are the same circuit and RF module, except model names. Bluetooth Version: 5.2 J614-V1.0 Hardware Version: Software Version: FOSSiBOT F110L F V Ratings: DC 9V from adapter/DC 3.87V from battery Model: QZ-0180AA2H Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 0.5A Adapter Information: Output: DC 5.0V 3.0A 15.0W or DC 9.0V 2.22A 20.0W Max. or DC 12.0V 1.67A 20.0W Max. BDR, EDR Operation Frequency: 2402-2480MHz Type of Modulation: GFSK, π/ 4 DQPSK, 8DPSK Number Of Channel **79CH** Antenna installation: Internal antenna 1.6 dBi Remark: ☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the Antenna Gain: customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. ☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. BLE Operation Frequency: 2402-2480MHz Type of Modulation: **GFSK Number Of Channel** 40CH Antenna installation: Internal antenna 1.6 dBi Remark: ☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the Antenna Gain: customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. ☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information. **NFC** Operation Frequency: 13.56 MHz Modulation Type: **ASK** 



**WIFI 2.4G** 

802.11b/g/n20MHz:2412~2462 MHz Operation Frequency: 802.11n40MHz:2422~2452 MHz

802.11b:11/5.5/2/1 Mbps

Bit Rate of Transmitter 802.11g:54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6Mbps

802.11n Up to 150Mbps

Type of Modulation: OFDM/DSSS

802.11b/g/n20MHz:11 CH Number Of Channel 802.11n40MHz: 7 CH

Antenna installation: Internal antenna

> 1.6 dBi Remark:

☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the Antenna Gain:

customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data

is affected by the customer information.

WIFI 5G

802.11a/n/ac(20MHz channel bandwidth) **IEEE 802.11 WLAN** 802.11n/ac(40MHz channel bandwidth) Mode Supported 802.11ac(80MHz channel bandwidth)

5180-5240MHz for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20);

5190-5230MHz for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40);

5210MHz for 802.11 ac(HT80);

Operation Frequency: 5745-5825 MHz for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(HT20);

5755-5795 MHz for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(HT40);

5775MHz for 802.11 ac(HT80);

802.11a: 6,9,12,18,24,36,48,54Mbps; 802.11n(HT20/HT40):MCS0-MCS15;

Data Rate 802.11ac(VHT20): NSS1, MCS0-MCS8

802.11ac(VHT40/VHT80):NSS1, MCS0-MCS

OFDM with BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM for 802.11a/n/ac; Type of Modulation:

4 channels for 802.11a/n20/ac20 in the 5180-5240MHz band;

2 channels for 802.11 n40/ac40 in the 5190-5230MHz band;

1 channels for 802.11 ac80 in the 5210MHz band; Number Of Channel

5 channels for 802.11a/n20/ac20 in the 5745-5825MHz band; 2 channels for 802.11 n40/ac40 in the 5755-5795MHz band ;

1 channels for 802.11 ac80 in the 5775MHz band

Antenna installation: Internal antenna

1.8 dBi

Remark:

☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the Antenna Gain:

customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

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2G, 3G

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: TX: 824~849MHz; RX: 869~894MHz;

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900: TX:1850~1910MHz; RX:1930~1990MHz; WCDMA Band II: TX: 1852.40~1907.60MHz; Rx: 1932.60~1987.40MHz;

Operation Frequency: WCDMA Band IV: TX: 1712.40~1752.60MHz; RX: 2112.60 - 2452.40MHz

WCDMA Band V: TX: 826.40~846.60MHz; RX: 871.40~ 891.60MHz;

**GPRS Class:** Class 12

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: 33.47 dBm,

GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900: 31.63 dBm

Max RF Output Power: WCDMA Band II: 24.79 dBm

WCDMA Band IV: 25.01 dBm WCDMA Band V: 23.91 dBm

**GSM** with GMSK Modulation

WCDMA Mode with BPSK Modulation Type of Modulation:

HSDPA Mode with QPSK, 16QAM Modulation HSUPA Mode with QPSK, 16QAM Modulation

GSM/GPRS 850: 247KGXW

EGPRS 850:245KG7W

GSM/GPRS 1900: 252KG7W

Type of Emission: EGPRS 1900:255KGXW

> WCDMA Band II: 4M15F9W WCDMA Band IV: 4M18F9W

WCDMA Band V: 4M19F9W

Antenna installation: Internal antenna

> GSM850: -0.1 dBi GSM1900: 0.5 dBi

WCDMA Band II: -0.1 dBi WCDMA Band IV: 2.22 dBi WCDMA Band V: 2 dBi

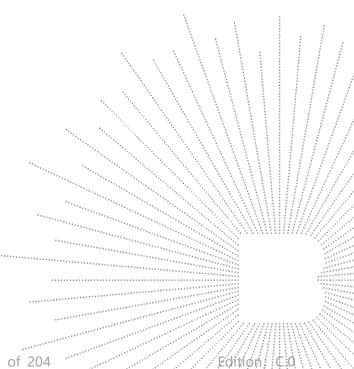
Antenna Gain: Remark:

☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the

customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

☐ The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data

is affected by the customer information.



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The Max RF Output

Power (EIRP/ERP)

LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz Tx Frequency: LTE Band 7: 2500MHz-2570MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704MHz ~ 716MHz

LTE Band 2: 1930 MHz ~ 1990 MHz LTE Band 4: 2110 MHz ~ 2155 MHz LTE Band 5: 869 MHz ~ 894 MHz

Rx Frequency: LTE Band 7: 2620MHz ~ 2690MHz LTE Band 12: 729 MHz ~ 746 MHz

> LTE Band 17: 734MHz ~ 746MHz LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz

LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz Bandwidth: LTE Band 7: 5MHz /10MHz /15MHz /20MHz

LTE Band 12: 1.4MHz /3MHz /5MHz /10MHz

LTE Band 17: 5MHz /10MHz LTE Band 2: 26.23 dBm LTE Band 4: 28.07 dBm LTE Band 5: 24.78 dBm LTE Band 7: 27.68 dBm

LTE Band 12: 22.98 dBm LTE Band 17: 22.88 dBm LTE Band 2: 18M0W7D LTE Band 4: 18M1W7D LTE Band 5: 9M01G7D

99% Occupied Bandwidth: LTE Band 7: 18M1W7D

LTE Band 12: 8M99W7D LTE Band 17: 9M01G7D

QPSK/16QAM Type of Modulation: Antenna Type: Internal Antenna

> LTE Band 2: -0.1 dBi LTE Band 4: 2.22 dBi LTE Band 5: 2 dBi LTE Band 7: 1.6 dBi LTE Band 12: -0.1 dBi

LTE Band 17: -0.1 dBi Antenna Gain:

Remark:

☐ The antenna gain of the product comes from the antenna report provided by the customer, and the test data is affected by the customer information.

The antenna gain of the product is provided by the customer, and the test data

is affected by the customer information.

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# 6.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

# 6.3 Support Equipment

#### Cable of Product

No.	Cable Type	Quantity	Provider	Length (m)	Shielded	Note
1			Applicant		Yes/No	
2			встс		Yes/No	

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	Note
1.					
2.					

#### Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

## 6.4 Test Environment

#### 1. Normal Test Conditions:

Humidity(%):	35-75
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	95-105
Temperature(°C):	18-25

## 2. Extreme Test Conditions:

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N/A

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## 7. Test Facility and Test Instrument Used

# 7.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. Address: 1-2/F., Building B, Pengzhou Industrial Park, No.158, Fuyuan 1st Road, Zhancheng, Fuhai Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

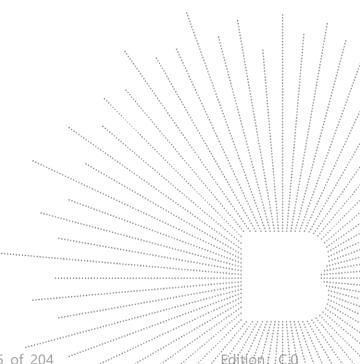
FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 712850 A2LA certificate registration number is: CN1212

ISED Registered No.: 23583 ISED CAB identifier: CN0017

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## 7.2 Test Instrument Used

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model#	Serial#	Last Cal.	Next Cal.
PC	DELL	\	\	N/A	N/A
SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	\	\	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5182B	MY56200519	May 16, 2024	May 15, 2025
Multimeter	Keithley	1160271	\	Nov 10, 2024	Nov 09, 2025
Network Analyzer	R&S	ZVB 8	101353	May 16, 2024	May 15, 2025
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	\	Nov 10, 2024	Nov 09, 2025
E SAR PROBE 6GHz	MVG	SSE2	2623-EPGO-420	July 18, 2025	July 17, 2026
DIPOLE 750	SATIMO	SID 750	SN 47/21 DIP 0G750-620	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 47/21 DIP 0G835-621	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 47/21 DIP 1G800-623	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 47/21 DIP 1G900-624	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 47/21 DIP 2G450-627	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 2600	SATIMO	SID 2600	SN 47/21 DIP 2G600-628	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
DIPOLE 5000	SATIMO	SID 5000	SN 47/21 DIP 5G000-629	Nov. 25, 2024	Nov. 24, 2027
COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe	SATIMO	\	\	Nov 18, 2024	Nov 17, 2025
SAR Locator	SATIMO	\	\	Nov 18, 2024	Nov 17, 2025
Communication Antenna	SATIMO	\	\	Nov 18, 2024	Nov 17, 2025
FEATURE PHONEPOSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	\	\	N/A	N/A
DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	\	\	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	MVG	\	SN 13/09 SAM68	N/A	N/A
Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A08186	N/A	N/A
Power meter	Keysight	E4419	A00065	May 14, 2025	May 13, 2026
Power sensor	Keysight	E9300A	US39211659	May 14, 2025	May 13, 2026
Power sensor	Keysight	E9300A	US39211305	May 14, 2025	May 13, 2026
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	/ *,	N/A	N/A
Thermometer	BTE	\	.)	N/A	N/A
Broad Band Tissue Simulation Liquid	Schmid	\	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	N/A	N/A

#### Note:

Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;
- 3. The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- 4. The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within  $5\Omega$  from the provious measurement.

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# 8. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 8.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 8.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C\left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta$  T is the temperature rise and  $\delta$  t is the exposure duration, or related to the

electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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# 9. SAR Measurement System

# 9.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

#### 9.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 26/23 EPGO420 with following specifications is used

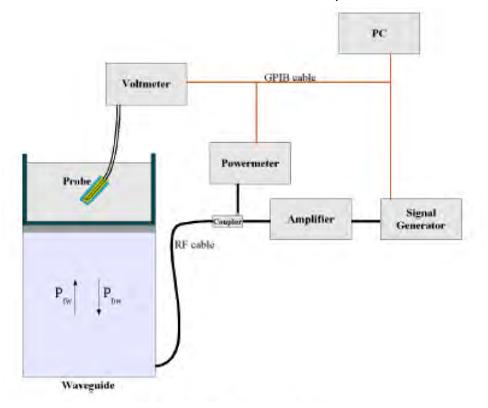
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter: 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.10mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 835 to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annex technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.

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$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{4 \left( p_{\int \, \mathrm{w}} - p_{\mathrm{pbw}} \right)}{a b \delta} \cos^{2} \ (\pi \frac{y}{a}) \ c^{(2\pi/\delta)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

## Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

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#### Desimatria Assessment Dresselves

9.3 Probe Calibration Process

#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

#### **Free Space Assessment Procedure**

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

#### **Temperature Assessment Procedure**

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

 $\Delta$  t = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta$  T = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{\left|\mathbf{E}\right|^2 \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}}{\rho}$$

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Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

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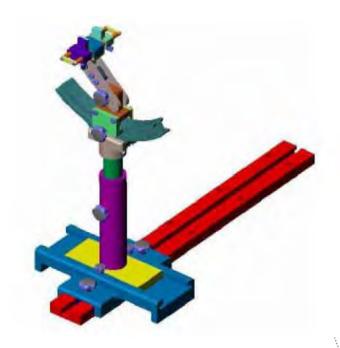


# 9.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

## 9.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

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# 10. Tissue Simulating Liquids

# 10.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	1,2-Propane diol (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
			Head/Body			
835	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
900	40.3	1.4	57.9	0.2	0.2	0
1800-2000	55.2	0.3	0	0	0	44.5
2450	55.0	0.1	0	0	0	44.9
2600	54.9	0.1	0	0 .	0	45.0

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Hexyl Carbitol (%)	Triton X-100 (%)	
		Head/Body		
5000-6000	65.52	17.24	17.24	

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## 10.2 Limit

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters

computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Torget Fraguency (MU=)	Head				
Target Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( E r)			
150	0.76	52.3			
300	0.87	45.3			
450	0.87	43.5			
750	0.89	41.9			
835	0.90	41.5			
900	0.97	41.5			
915	0.98	41.5			
1450	1.20	40.5			
1610	1.29	40.3			
1800-2000	1.40	40.0			
2450	1.80	39.2			
2600	1.96	39.0			
3000	2.40	38.5			
5200	4.66	36.0			
5400	4.86	35.8			
5600	5.07	35.5			
5800	5.27	35.3			

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## 10.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an R&S ZVB 8. Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

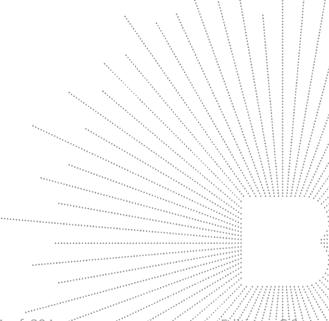
Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency	Tar	get	Meas	sured	Devi	ation	l imit	Air	Doto
(MHz)	$(\sigma)$	( E r)	<b>(</b> σ <b>)</b>	( € <sub>r</sub> )	<b>(σ)</b>	( E r)	Limit	(°C)	Date
750	0.89	41.90	0.889	43.412	-0.11	3.61	±5	23.4	4/8/2025
835	0.90	41.50	0.868	42.517	-3.56	2.45	±5	23.4	4/8/2025
1800	1.40	40.00	1.424	41.711	1.71	4.28	±5	23.2	5/8/2025
1900	1.40	40.00	1.373	40.244	-1.93	0.61	±5	23.2	5/8/2025
2450	1.80	39.20	1.792	38.857	-0.44	-0.88	±5	23.4	8/8/2025
2600	1.96	39.00	2.027	40.596	3.42	4.09	±5	23.4	8/8/2025
5200	4.66	36.00	4.806	35.786	3.13	-0.59	±5	23.4	8/8/2025
5800	5.27	35.30	5.078	36.531	-3.64	3.49	±5	23.4	8/8/2025

#### Remark:

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- 1. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $25^{\circ}$ C and within  $\pm$   $2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.
- 2. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.



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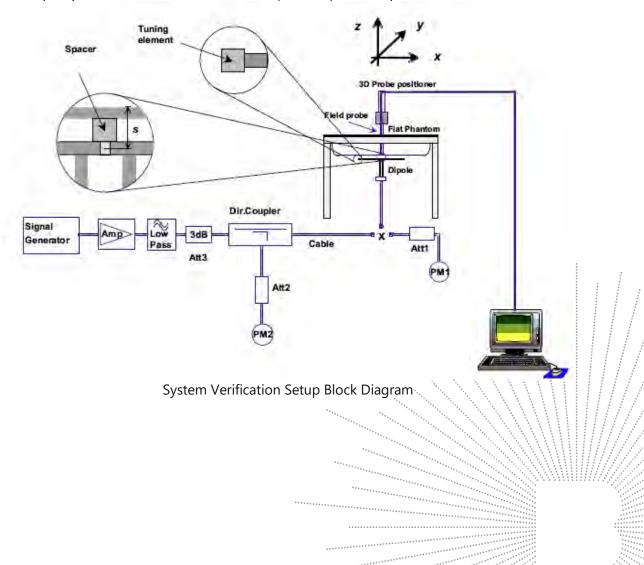
# 11. System Check

# 11.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

At the device test frequencies. System check verifies the measurement repeatability of a SAR system before compliance testing and is not a validation of all system specifications. The latter is not required for testing a device but is mandatory before the system is deployed. The system check detects possible short-term drift and unacceptable measurement errors or uncertainties in the system.

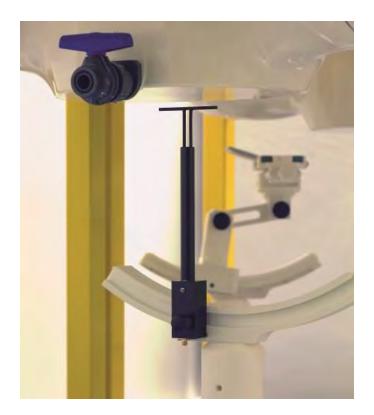
## 11.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 600MHz-6000MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100 mW) before dipole is connected.



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Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

## 11.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The following table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency (MHz)	Power	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/Kg)	Measured Normalized	Target Normalized	Drift	Limit	Liquid (°C)	Date
750	250mW	2.034	8.137	8.58	-5.16	±10	23.3	4/8/2025
835	250mW	2.574	10.295	10.01	2.85	±10	23.3	4/8/2025
1800	250mW	9.772	39.089	39.74	-1.64	±10	22.9	5/8/2025
1900	250mW	10.579	42.317	41.26	2.56	±10	22.9	5/8/2025
2450	250mW	14.289	57.156	55.16	3.62	±10	23.1	8/8/2025
2600	250mW	13.388	53.553	56.50	-5.22	±10	23.1	8/8/2025
5200	250mW	19.877	79.508	76.41	4.05	±10	23.1	8/8/2025
5800	250mW	19.193	76.772	76.49	0.37	±10	23.1	8/8/2025

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# 12. EUT Testing Position

# 12.1 Define Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic
- output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

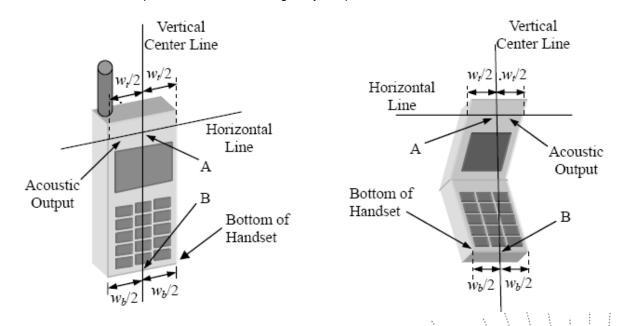


Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

#### 12.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below).

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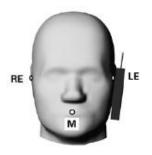
TC

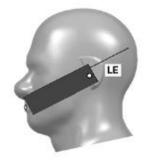
SC PPR

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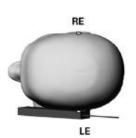
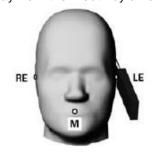


Illustration for Cheek Position

## 12.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see below).





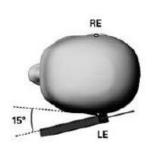
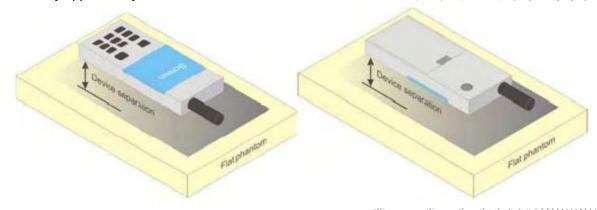


Illustration for Tilted Position

# 12.4 Body Position

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A typical example of a body-worn device is a Mobile Phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



Test positions for body-worn devices

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#### 13. SAR Measurement Procedures

#### 13.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
- (f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

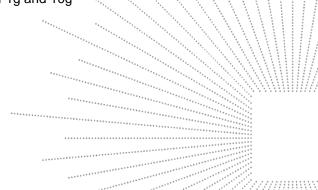
# 13.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



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## 13.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5mm for 300MHz to 3GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3GHz to 6GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
	Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
	uniform	grid: Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	grid  \[ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1):\] between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\ge 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\ge 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\ge 22$ mm

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

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<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



#### 13.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 13.5 SAR Averaged Methods

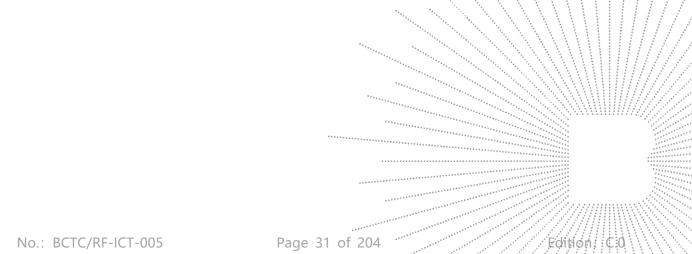
The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

## 13.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.





## 14. SAR Test Result

# 14.1 Conducted RF Output Power

Bluetooth						
Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)			
1-DH1	2402	-0.42				
1-DH1	2441	1.07	1.5			
1-DH1	2480	0.23				
2-DH1	2402	1.61				
2-DH1	2441	2.71	3.0			
2-DH1	2480	1.81				
3-DH1	2402	1.89				
3-DH1	2441	2.95	3.0			
3-DH1	2480	2.11				

BLE						
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)			
BLE 1M	2402	1.94				
BLE 1M	2440	3.03	3.5			
BLE 1M	2480	1.75				
BLE 2M	2402	1.72				
BLE 2M	2440	2.76	3.0			
BLE 2M	2480	1.52				

#### Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]\*[ √ f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Turn-up Power (dBm)	Turn-up Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Exclusion Thresholds
3.5	2.24	5.0	2.480	0.71	3

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

According to the calculation results in the table above, Bluetooth SAR does not need to be tested.

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NFC								
Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBuV/m)	Output Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
ASK	13.5609	56.95	-42.95	-42.5	0.00006	≤5.0	0.00002	3.0

## Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

According to the calculation results in the table above, NFC SAR does not need to be tested.

WIFI 2.4G						
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)			
b	2412	12.59				
b	2437	12.15	13.0			
b	2462	12.63				
g	2412	11.19				
g	2437	10.92	11.5			
g	2462	10.85				
n20	2412	9.15				
n20	2437	8.85	9.5			
n20	2462	8.92	\ i			
n40	2422	7.83	_ \ \ \			
n40	2437	7.92	9.0			
n40	2452	8.51				

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WIFI 5.1G							
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)				
а	5180	11.59					
а	5200	11.03	12.0				
а	5240	10.82					
n20	5180	10.46					
n20	5200	10.26	10.5				
n20	5240	9.27					
n40	5190	9.06	0.5				
n40	5230	7.98	9.5				
ac20	5180	10.78					
ac20	5200	9.99	11.0				
ac20	5240	9.32					
ac40	5190	9.27	0.5				
ac40	5230	7.97	9.5				
ac80	5210	6.74	7.0				

WIFI 5.8G							
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up power (dBm)				
а	5745	7.18					
а	5785	8.86	10.5				
а	5825	10.28					
n20	5745	6.67					
n20	5785	7.81	9.5				
n20	5825	9.28					
n40	5755	7.46					
n40	5795	8.45	8.5				
ac20	5745	6.5					
ac20	5785	8.01	9.5				
ac20	5825	9.38					
ac40	5755	7.48					
ac40	5795	8.51	9.0				
ac80	5775	6:44	6,5				

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GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GS	M850		GSM1900				
Channel	128	190	251	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tungun	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	Tune-up	
GSM	33.47	33.33	33.42	33.5	31.63	31.57	31.27	32.0	
GPRS slots-1	33.39	33.25	33.35	33.5	31.56	31.52	31.23	32.0	
GPRS slots-2	31.56	31.35	31.35	32.0	29.48	29.21	29.01	29.5	
GPRS slots-3	29.92	29.67	29.64	30.0	28.03	27.69	27.48	28.5	
GPRS slots-4	28.08	27.79	27.72	28.5	26.16	25.86	25.64	26.5	
EGPRS slots-1	27.39	27.15	26.67	27.5	27.39	27.74	26.95	28.0	
EGPRS slots-2	26.40	25.88	25.78	26.5	26.80	25.74	25.63	27.0	
EGPRS slots-3	23.81	23.54	23.65	24.0	24.53	24.35	23.96	25.0	
EGPRS slots-4	21.46	21.38	21.34	21.5	22.60	22.36	21.74	23.0	

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)									
Band		GSM850		GSM1900					
Channel	128	190	251	512	661	810			
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8			
GSM	24.47	24.33	24.42	22.63	22.57	22.27			
GPRS slots-1	24.39	24.25	24.35	22.56	22.52	22.23			
GPRS slots-2	25.56	25.35	25.35	23.48	23.21	23.01			
GPRS slots-3	25.67	25.42	25.39	23.78	23.44	23.23			
GPRS slots-4	25.08	24.79	24.72	23.16	22.86	22.64			
EGPRS slots-1	18.39	18.15	17.67	18,39	18.74	17.95			
EGPRS slots-2	20.40	19.88	19.78	20.80	19.74	19.63			
EGPRS slots-3	19.56	19.29	19.40	20.28	20.10	19.71			
EGPRS slots-4	18.46	18.38	18.34	19.60	19.36	18.74			

#### Notes:

**Division Factors** 

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slots = 1 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

ducted power divided by (8/4) => -

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Band	WCDMA Band II				WCDMA Band IV			
Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	1312	1450	1513	Tune-up
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6		1712.4	1740	1752.6	
RMC 12.2K	24.79	24.47	24.06	25.0	25.01	24.98	24.95	25.5
HSDPA Subtest-1	24.08	23.61	23.40	24.5	23.45	23.69	23.77	24.0
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.69	23.36	23.09		23.15	23.41	23.53	
HSDPA Subtest-3	23.30	23.08	22.61		22.79	23.10	23.38	
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.17	22.73	22.67		22.74	22.78	23.12	
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.80	23.43	23.27	24.5	23.21	23.44	23.62	24.0
HSUPA Subtest-2	24.04	23.52	23.41		23.41	23.65	23.79	
HSUPA Subtest-3	23.56	23.44	22.95		22.78	23.24	23.38	
HSUPA Subtest-4	23.99	23.61	23.38		23.45	23.62	23.80	
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.65	23.37	22.98		23.07	23.19	23.54	

Band	WCDMA Band V				I			
Channel	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up	1	1	1	,
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6		1	1	1	
RMC 12.2K	23.55	23.91	23.67	24.0	/	/	/	/
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.45	23.45	23.15	23.5	/	/	/	/
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.07	23.16	22.80		/	/	/	
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.84	22.71	22.58		/	/	/	
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.62	22.80	22.36		/	/	/	
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.24	23.24	23.02	23.5	/	/	/	
HSUPA Subtest-2	23.31	23.39	23.18		/	/	/	
HSUPA Subtest-3	23.13	22.96	22.87		/	/	/	/
HSUPA Subtest-4	23.36	23.36	23.15		/	/	/	
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.12	23.10	22.71		/	/	/ :	

## Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01 v03, the 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing (the primary mode).
- 2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/4dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

See Appendix 1 for RF conduction data for LTE.

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## 14.2 Transmit Antennas and SAR Measurement Position

## **EUT** frontal view antenna position:

MAIN WWAN Antenna



DIV WWAN Antenna

BT/WIFI Antenna

Antennas	Support Band
MAIN-WWAN	GSM 850/1900 + WCDMA Band 2/4/5 + LTE Band 2/4/7/12/17 TX
DIV-WWAN	GSM 850/1900 + WCDMA Band 2/4/5 + LTE Band 2/4/7/12/17 RX
BT/WIFI	Bluetooth + WIFI

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)										
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side									
MAIN-WWAN	<25	<25	160	<25	<25	<25				
BT/WIFI	<25	<25	<25	165	58	<25				

	Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas	Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side										
MAIN-WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes					
BT/WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes					

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## 14.3 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

- 1. Reported SAR for WWAN=Measured SAR \* Tune-up Scaling factor
- Reported SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth=Measured SAR \* Tune-up Scaling factor \* Duty Cycle Scaling factor
- 3. Duty Cycle Scaling factor=1/ Duty Cycle (%)

#### KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- $\bullet$  ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

#### KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03:

- 1. When the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest *reported* SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
- 2. when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS, LTE and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
- 3. For Smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

#### KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

#### KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:

- 1. Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 2. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.
- 3. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg.
- 4. SAR measurement is not required for the 16QAM and 64QAM. When the highest maximum output power for 16QAM and 64QAM is ≤ ½ dB higher than the QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg.
- 5. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

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	WIFI 2.4G										
RF		Test	Test Freq. Po	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot		
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.		
		Left Cheek	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.188	0.205	1		
Head	802.11b	Left Tilt	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.176	0.192			
пеаи	002.110	Right Cheek	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.169	0.184			
		Right Tilt	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.090	0.098			
Body &	002 11h	Front Face	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.111	0.121			
Hotspot 802.11b	Back Face	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.170	0.185				
Hotopot 90	002 11h	Right Side	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.159	0.173			
Hotspot	802.11b	Top Side	2462	12.63	13.0	1.089	0.113	0.123			

	WIFI 5.1G										
RF	84 - 1 -	Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot		
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.		
		Left Cheek	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.428	0.470			
Head	802.11a	Left Tilt	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.304	0.334			
пеац	002.11a	Right Cheek	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.730	0.802	2		
		Right Tilt	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.683	0.751			
Body &	<b>802.11</b> a	Front Face	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.365	0.401			
Hotspot	Hotspot 802.11a	Back Face	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.288	0.317			
Hotspot 802.11a	Right Side	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.319	0.351				
Hotspot	002.11d	Top Side	5180	11.59	12.0	1.099	0.291	0.320			

			W	IFI 5.8G					
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.474	0.499	
Head	802.11a	Left Tilt	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.452	0.475	
Head	002.11a	Right Cheek	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.540	0.568	3
		Right Tilt	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.406	0.427	
Body &	<b>802.11</b> a	Front Face	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.309	0.325	
Hotspot	Back Face	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.402	0.423		
	<b>802.11</b> a	Right Side	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.395	0.416	
Hotspot	ouz.11a	Top Side	5825	10.28	10.5	1.052	0.381	0.401	

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			G	SM 850					
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.187	0.188	
Head	GSM	Left Tilt	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.107	0.108	
пеац	GSIVI	Right Cheek	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.178	0.179	
		Right Tilt	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.200	0.201	
	GSM	Front Face	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.269	0.271	
	GSIVI	Back Face	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.867	0.873	
Body &	GPRS	Front Face	824.2	29.92	30.0	1.019	0.352	0.359	
Hotspot		Back Face	824.2	29.92	30.0	1.019	0.963	0.981	4
	slots-3	Back Face	836.6	29.67	30.0	1.079	0.884	0.954	
		Back Face	848.8	29.64	30.0	1.086	0.900	0.978	
		Left Side	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.139	0.140	
	GSM	Right Side	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.131	0.132	
Llotopot		Bottom Side	824.2	33.47	33.5	1.007	0.390	0.393	
Hotspot	OPPC	Left Side	824.2	29.92	30.0	1.019	0.179	0.182	
	GPRS slots-3	Right Side	824.2	29.92	30.0	1.019	0.170	0.173	
	31013 3	Bottom Side	824.2	29.92	30.0	1.019	0.320	0.326	

			GS	SM 1900					
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.105	0.114	
Head	GSM	Left Tilt	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.588	0.640	
пеац	GSIVI	Right Cheek	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.115	0.125	
	Right Tilt	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.126	0.137		
	GSM	Front Face	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.450	0.490	
	GSIVI	Back Face	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.759	0.826	
Body &	GPRS	Front Face	1850.2	28.03	28.5	1.114	0.509	0.567	
Hotspot		Back Face	1850.2	28.03	28.5	1.114	0.878	0.978	
	slots-3	Back Face	1880	27.69	28.5	1.205	0.847	1.021	
		Back Face	1909.8	27.48	28.5	1.265	0.829	1.048	5
		Left Side	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.283	0.308	
	GSM	Right Side	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.209	0.228	
Hotspot		Bottom Side	1850.2	31.63	32.0	1.089	0.305	0.332	
	ODDC	Left Side	1850.2	28.03	28.5	1.114	0.367	0.409	
	GPRS slots-3	Right Side	1850.2	28.03	28.5 · · .	1.114	0.138	0.154	
	31013-0	Bottom Side	1850.2	28.03	28.5	1.114	0.370	0.412	

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			WCD	MA Band	2				
RF		Test	Freg.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.131	0.137	
Head	RMC	Left Tilt	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.146	0.153	
пеац	KIVIC	Right Cheek	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.193	0.203	
		Right Tilt	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.292	0.306	
	RMC	Front Face	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.810	0.850	
Body &		Back Face	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.934	0.980	
Hotspot		Back Face	1880	24.47	25.0	1.130	0.900	1.017	6
		Back Face	1907.6	24.06	25.0	1.242	0.776	0.964	
		Left Side	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.528	0.554	
		Right Side	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.273	0.287	
Hotspot	RMC	Bottom Side	1852.4	24.79	25.0	1.050	0.885	0.929	
		Bottom Side	1880	24.47	25.0	1.130	0.708	0.800	
		Bottom Side	1907.6	24.06	25.0	1.242	0.618	0.767	

			WCD	MA Band	4				
_ RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.544	0.609	
Head	RMC	Left Tilt	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.608	0.681	
пеац	KIVIC	Right Cheek	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.165	0.185	
		Right Tilt	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.139	0.156	
		Front Face	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.482	0.540	
Body &	RMC	Back Face	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.692	0.775	7
Hotspot	KIVIC	Back Face	1740	24.98	25.5	1.127	0.679	0.765	
		Back Face	1752.6	24.95	25.5	1.135	0.660	0.749	
		Left Side	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.425	0.476	
Hotspot	RMC	Right Side	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.159	0.178	
		Bottom Side	1712.4	25.01	25.5	1.119	0.378	0.423	0 0

			WCI	MA Ban	d 5				
RF -		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.202	0.206	
Head	DMC	Left Tilt	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.147	0.150	
пеац	RMC	Right Cheek	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.123	0.126	
		Right Tilt	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.117	0.119	
Body &	RMC	Front Face	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.194	0.198	
Hotspot	RIVIC	Back Face	836.4	23.91	24.0	1:021	0.779	0.795	8
		Left Side	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.150	0,153	
Hotspot	RMC	Right Side	836.4	23.91	24.0	1.021	0.134	0.137	
		Bottom Side	836.4	23.91	24.0	1:021	0.681	0.695	

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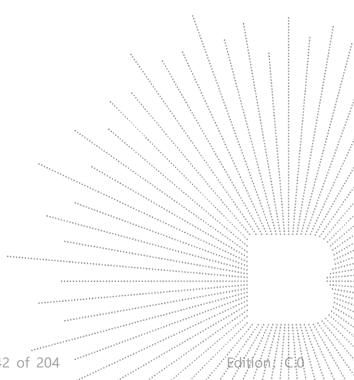






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		LTE	E Band 2 (2	20MHz Ba	andwidth				
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.207	0.215	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.151	0.157	
	1RB	Right Cheek	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.393	0.409	9
Цоод		Right Tilt	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.131	0.136	
Head		Left Cheek	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.167	0.186	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Tilt	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.119	0.132	
		Right Cheek	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.220	0.245	
		Right Tilt	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.104	0.116	
	QPSK,	Front Face	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.201	0.209	
Body &	1RB	Back Face	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.260	0.270	
Hotspot	QPSK,	Front Face	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.148	0.165	
	50%RB	Back Face	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.171	0.190	
	ODOK	Left Side	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.238	0.248	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.146	0.152	
Hotopot	IND	Bottom Side	1860	26.33	26.5	1.040	0.158	0.164	
Hotspot	ODCK	Left Side	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.198	0.220	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.136	0.151	
	50%RB	Bottom Side	1860	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.119	0.132	

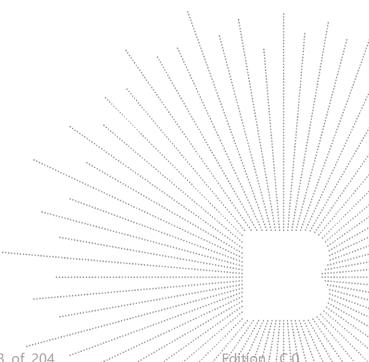


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		LTE	E Band 4 (2	20MHz Ba	andwidth)				
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode		(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.141	0.146	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.129	0.134	
	1RB	Right Cheek	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.184	0.190	
Head		Right Tilt	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.182	0.188	
пеац	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Cheek	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.138	0.153	
		Left Tilt	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.110	0.122	
		Right Cheek	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.167	0.186	
		Right Tilt	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.177	0.197	
	QPSK, 1RB	Front Face	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.783	0.811	
		Back Face	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.876	0.907	
		Back Face	1720	25.39	26.0	1.151	0.858	0.987	10
Body &		Back Face	1732.5	25.66	26.0	1.081	0.884	0.956	
Hotspot		Front Face	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.710	0.789	
	QPSK,	Back Face	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.841	0.935	
	50%RB	Back Face	1732.5	24.52	25.0	1.117	0.632	0.706	
		Back Face	1745	24.48	25.0	1.127	0.638	0.719	
	ODOK	Left Side	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.677	0.701	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.156	0.161	
Hotspot		Bottom Side	1745	25.85	26.0	1.035	0.457	0.473	
Ποιδροί	0.0014	Left Side	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.490	0.545	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.131	0.146	
	50%KB	Bottom Side	1720	24.54	25.0	1.112	0.346	0.385	

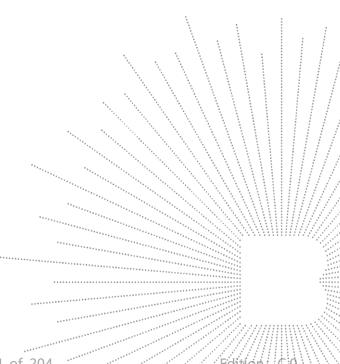


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		LTE	Band 5 (1	0MHz Ba	ndwidth)				
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.221	0.229	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.171	0.177	
	1RB	Right Cheek	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.173	0.179	
Head		Right Tilt	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.107	0.111	
Head		Left Cheek	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.155	0.159	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Tilt	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.141	0.145	
		Right Cheek	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.136	0.139	
		Right Tilt	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.104	0.107	
	QPSK, 1RB	Front Face	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.251	0.260	
		Back Face	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.818	0.847	
Body &		Back Face	829	24.27	24.5	1.054	0.962	1.014	11
Hotspot		Back Face	836.5	24.34	24.5	1.038	0.806	0.836	
	QPSK,	Front Face	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.154	0.158	
	50%RB	Back Face	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.608	0.624	
	ODOK	Left Side	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.188	0.195	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.187	0.194	
Hotopot	IND	Bottom Side	844	24.35	24.5	1.035	0.351	0.363	
Hotspot	ODCK	Left Side	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.163	0.167	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.184	0.189	
	3U%KB	Bottom Side	836.5	22.89	23.0	1.026	0.233	0.239	

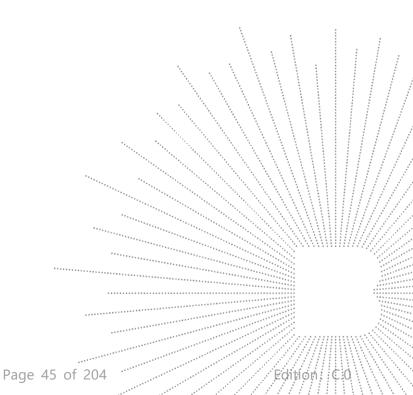


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	LTE Band 7 (20MHz Bandwidth)								
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot
Exposure Conditions		Position	-	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.203	0.228	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.280	0.315	
	1RB	Right Cheek	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.488	0.549	12
Head		Right Tilt	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.245	0.276	
Head -	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Cheek	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.188	0.205	
		Left Tilt	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.215	0.235	
		Right Cheek	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.398	0.434	
		Right Tilt	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.202	0.220	
	QPSK,	Front Face	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.206	0.232	
Body &	1RB	Back Face	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.317	0.356	
Hotspot	QPSK,	Front Face	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.189	0.206	
	50%RB	Back Face	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.209	0.228	
	0.0014	Left Side	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.183	0.206	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.171	0.192	
Hotopot		Bottom Side	2510	25.49	26.0	1.125	0.405	0.455	
Hotspot	0.0014	Left Side	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.161	0.176	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.153	0.167	
	30 /01 CD	Bottom Side	2510	24.62	25.0	1.091	0.221	0.241	



,TC



		LTE	Band 12 (	10MHz B	andwidth	)			
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub>	(W/kg)	Plot
Exposure Conditions		Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.234	0.257	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.156	0.171	
	1RB	Right Cheek	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.137	0.150	
Head		Right Tilt	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.111	0.122	
пеац	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Cheek	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.208	0.221	
		Left Tilt	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.107	0.114	
		Right Cheek	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.084	0.089	
		Right Tilt	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.070	0.074	
	QPSK,	Front Face	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.142	0.156	
Body &	1RB	Back Face	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.781	0.856	13
Hotspot	QPSK,	Front Face	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.118	0.125	
	50%RB	Back Face	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.342	0.363	
	00014	Left Side	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.097	0.106	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.079	0.087	
Hotopot		Bottom Side	711	25.10	25.5	1.096	0.309	0.339	
Hotspot	ODOK	Left Side	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.064	0.068	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.052	0.055	
	30 /01 CD	Bottom Side	707.5	23.74	24.0	1.062	0.114	0.121	

LTE Band 17 (10MHz Bandwidth)									
RF		Test	Freq.	Power	(dBm)	Scaling	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		Plot
Exposure Conditions	Mode	Position	(MHz)	Meas.	Tuen-up	Factor	Meas.	Scaled	No.
		Left Cheek	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.253	0.275	
	QPSK,	Left Tilt	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.132	0.144	
	1RB	Right Cheek	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.174	0.189	
Hood		Right Tilt	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.111	0.121	
Head	QPSK, 50%RB	Left Cheek	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.201	0.216	
		Left Tilt	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.086	0.093	
		Right Cheek	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.124	0.133	
		Right Tilt	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.073	0.079	
	QPSK,	Front Face	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.140	0.152	
Body &	1RB	Back Face	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.431	0.469	14
Hotspot	QPSK,	Front Face	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.118	0.127	
	50%RB	Back Face	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.211	0.227	
	0.0014	Left Side	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.103	0.112	
	QPSK, 1RB	Right Side	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.083	0.090	
Hotopot	IIID	Bottom Side	711	25.13	25.5	1.089	0.139	0.151	
Hotspot	0.0014	Left Side	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.062	0.067	
	QPSK, 50%RB	Right Side	709	23.68	24.0	1.076	0.047	0.051	
	30 /01 CD	Bottom Side	709	23.68	24.0	1:076	0.079	0.085	

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## 14.4 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with ≤ 20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

		RF		Panastad	Highest	First Re	epeated
Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (yes/no)	Measured SAR1-g (W/Kg)	Measured SAR1-g (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
GSM 850	848.8	Body & Hotspot	Back Face	Yes	1.100	1.060	1.038
GSM 1900	1850.2	Body & Hotspot	Back Face	Yes	0.878	0.831	1.057
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	Body & Hotspot	Back Face	Yes	0.934	0.896	1.042
LTE Band 4	1732.5	Body & Hotspot	Back Face	Yes	0.884	0.807	1.095
LTE Band 5	829	Body & Hotspot	Back Face	Yes	0.962	0.908	1.059

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## 14.5 Simultaneous Transmission Evaluation

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmiting antenna.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

No.	Configurations Head SAR Body S.		Body SAR	Hotspot SAR
1	WWAN+WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	WWAN+Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	WIFI+Bluetooth	No	No	No

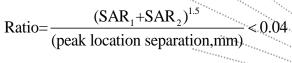
#### Remark:

- 1. The MAIN antenna and the DIV antenna both have WWAN functionality and cannot transmit data simultaneously.
- 2. Bluetooth and WIFI share the same antenna and cannot transmit data at the same time.
- 3. According to the KDB 447498 D01 v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:
- (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
- 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Estimated stand alone SAR						
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (mW)	Separation Distance (mm)	x	Estimated SAR1-g (W/kg)
Bluetooth	2480	3.5	2.24	5	7.5	0.094

#### Note:

- 1. Bluetooth\*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
- 2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion
- 4. Per FCC KD B447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg. When the sum is greater than the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.



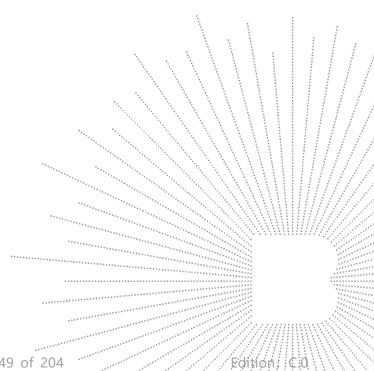
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#### 5. Simultaneous transmission of maximum SAR sum calculation.

RF	Test	Scaled SA	R <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Summed	Limit
Exposure Conditions	Position	BT/WIFI	WWAN	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
	Left Cheek	0.499	0.609	1.108	
Hood	Left Tilt	0.475	0.681	1.156	
Head	Right Cheek	0.802	0.549	1.351	
	Right Tilt	0.751	0.306	1.057	
Body&	Front Face	0.401	0.850	1.251	4.0
Hotspot	Back Face	0.423	1.048	1.471	1.6
	Left Side	/	0.701	0.701	
Hotspot	Right Side	0.416	0.287	0.703	
	Top Side	0.401	/	0.401	
	Bottom Side	/	0.929	0.929	



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## 15. Test Plots

## 15.1 System Performance Check

## System check at 750 MHz

Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

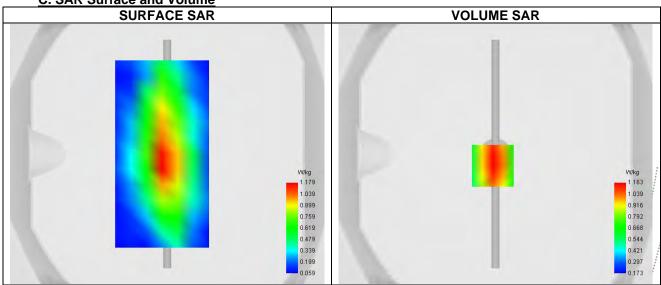
A. Experimental conditions

A. Experimental conditions.	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.80
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW750
Signal	CW

#### **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	750.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	43.412
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	24.595
Conductivity (S/m)	0.889

#### C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=-9.00; SAR Peak: 1.61 W/kg

#### D. SAR 1a & 10a

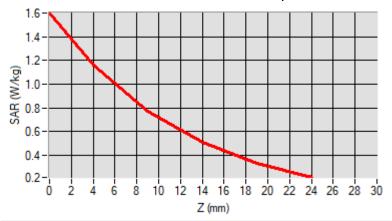
D: OAK 19 & 10g	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.399
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.034
Variation (%)	1,640
E 7 Avis Scan	

#### E. Z Axis Scan

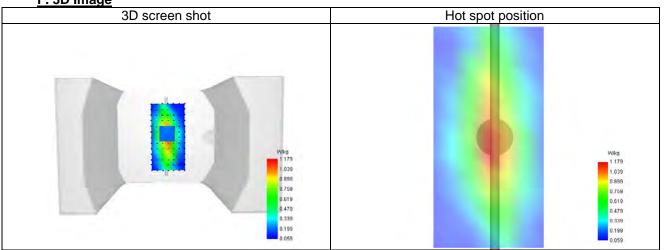
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00 19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.603	1.163	0.769	0.333

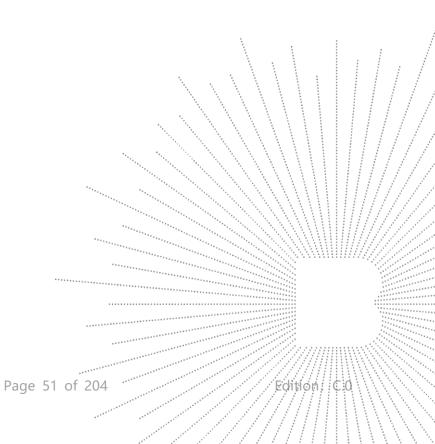
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 835 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 4/8/2025 Report No: BCTC2507090106E

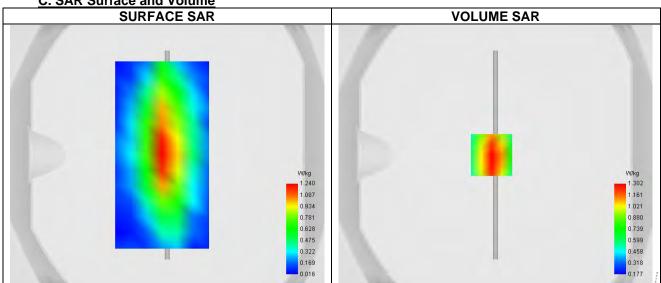
A. Experimental conditions.

7.1. = 2.1 C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.81
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	CW

**B. Permitivity** 

Frequency (MHz)	835.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	42.517
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.910
Conductivity (S/m)	0.868

C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 2.06 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

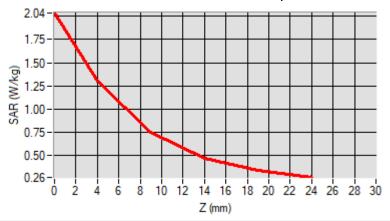
D. SAIN 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1,526
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.574
Variation (%)	2,359 \ \ /

E. Z Axis Scan

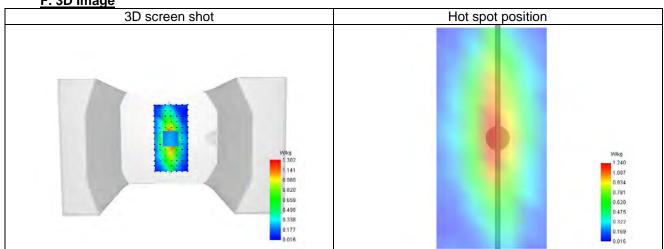
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.036	1.302	0.747	0.462	0.331

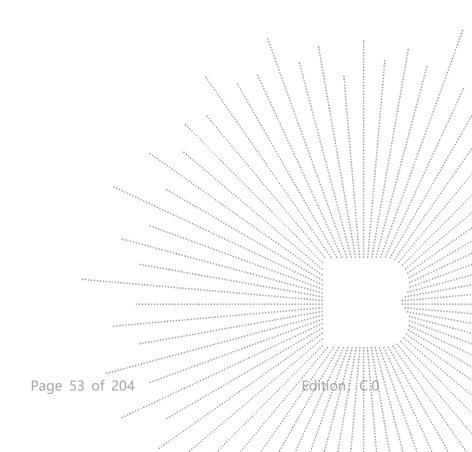
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 1800 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

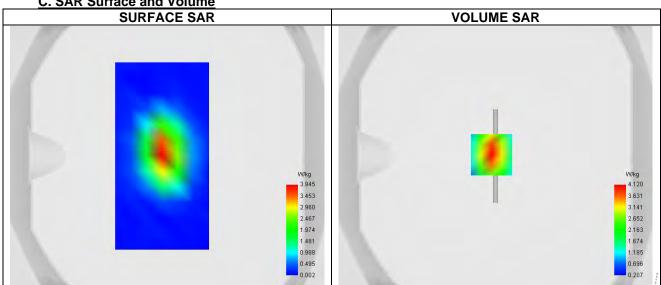
## A. Experimental conditions.

7.1. = 2.1 C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.96
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1800
Signal	CW

#### **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.711
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.424

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 6.69 W/kg

## D. SAR 1a & 10a

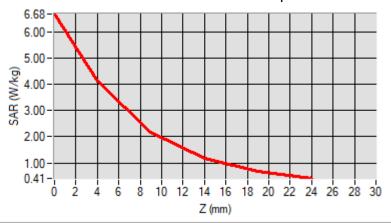
D. SAR 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.051
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.772
Variation (%)	-1.926

#### E. Z Axis Scan

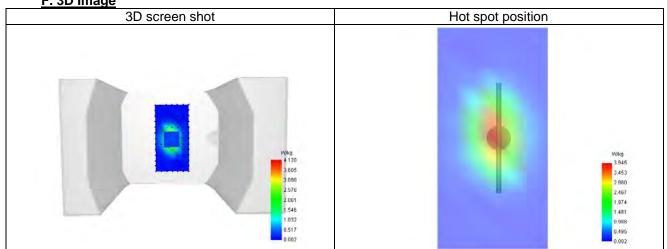
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.684	4.120	2.184	1.177	0.685

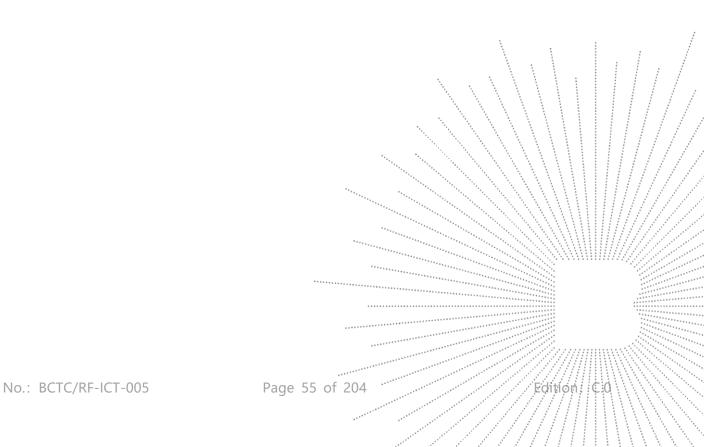
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 1900 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 5/8/2025 Report No: BCTC2507090106E

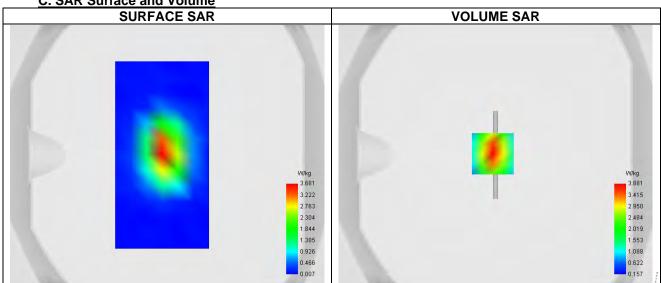
## A. Experimental conditions.

- 1. <u> </u>	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.04
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	CW

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.244
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	14.400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.373

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 6.27 W/kg

## D. SAR 1g & 10g

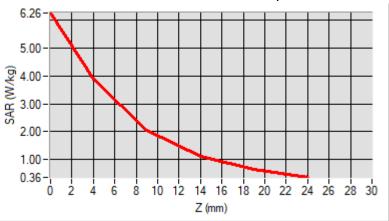
D. SAN 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5,127 \ \ \
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	10.579
Variation (%)	-0.372

#### E. Z Axis Scan

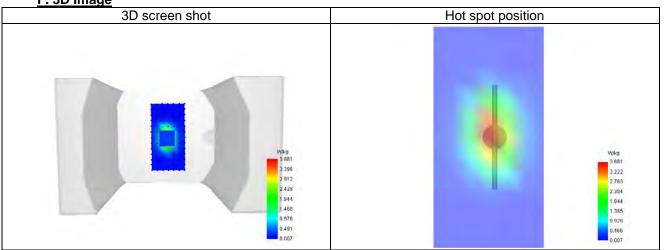
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.259	3.881	2.069	1.111	0.634

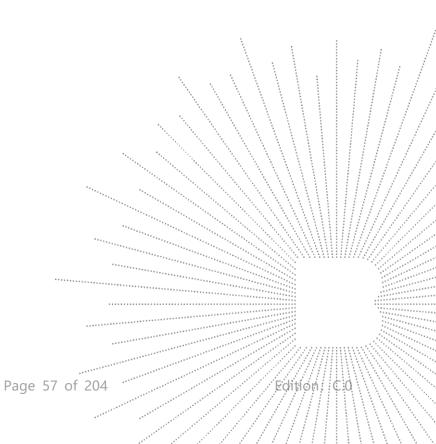
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 2450 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 8/8/2025 Report No: BCTC2507090106E

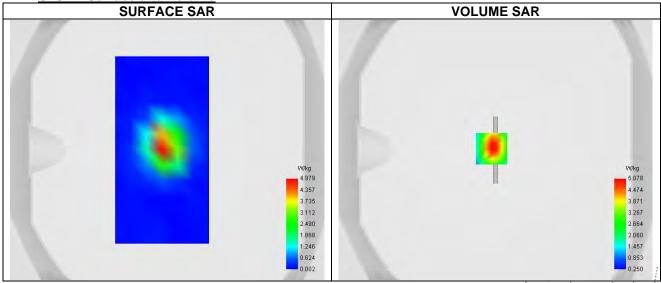
## A. Experimental conditions.

- 1. <u> </u>	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.11
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	CW

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	38.857
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	14.330
Conductivity (S/m)	1.792

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 9.50 W/kg

## D. SAR 1g & 10g

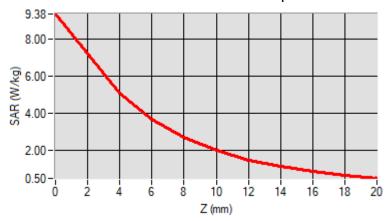
D. SAR 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.964
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	14.289
Variation (%)	2,101

#### E. Z Axis Scan

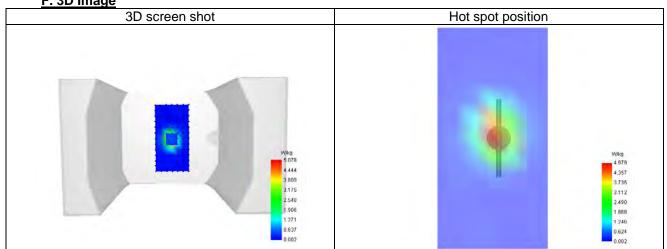
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00 12.00	14.00   16.00   18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	9.380	5.078	3.712	2.709	2.001 1.499	1.138 0.871 0.667

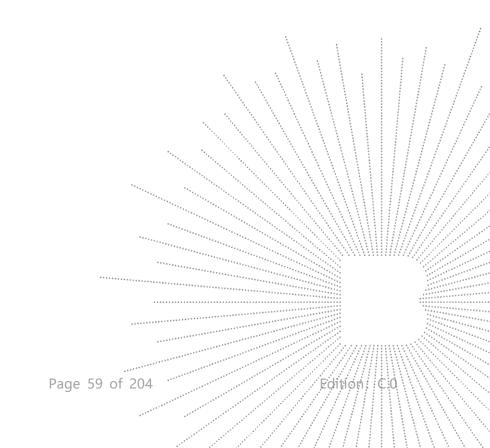
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F. 3D Image







System check at 2600 MHz
Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

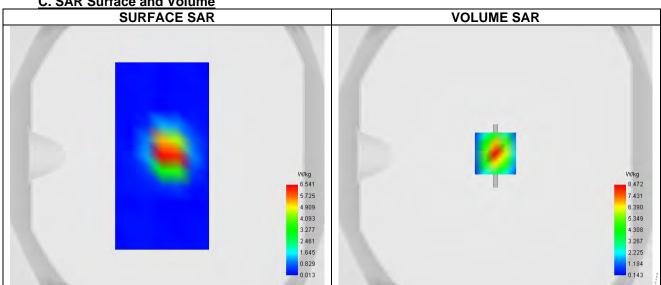
## A. Experimental conditions.

- 1. <u> </u>	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.03
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2600
Signal	CW

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.596
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	14.889
Conductivity (S/m)	2.027

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=2.00; SAR Peak: 15.35 W/kg

## D. SAR 1a & 10a

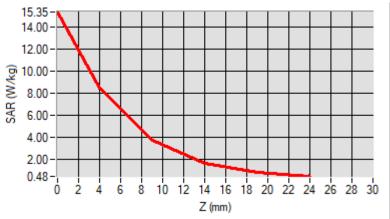
D. SAR 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	6.044
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.388
Variation (%)	2,369

#### E. Z Axis Scan

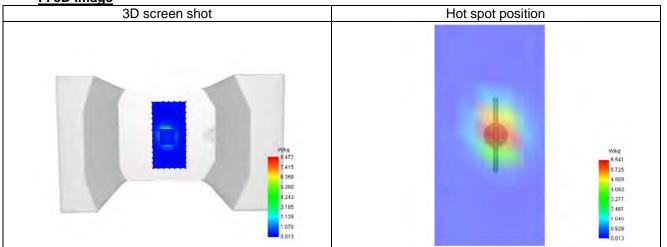
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	15.347	8.472	3.768	1.677	0.856

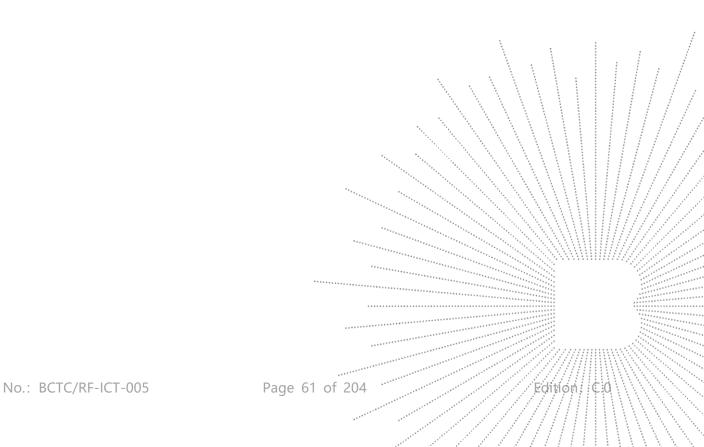
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 5200 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

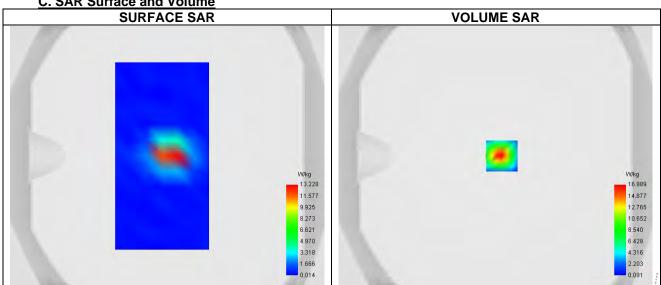
## A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti =200 i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.18
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5200
Signal	CW

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	35.786
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	18.140
Conductivity (S/m)	4.806

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 30.79 W/kg

## D SAR 10 & 10a

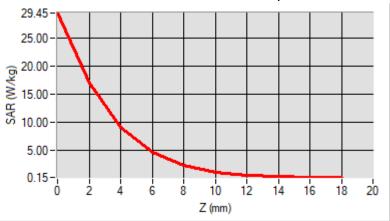
D. SAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5,153
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	19.877
Variation (%)	1,397 \ \ \ /

#### E. Z Axis Scan

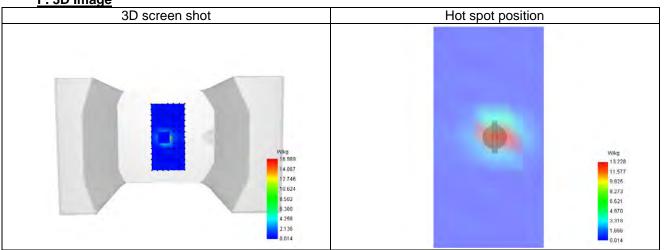
Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00 10.00	12.00	14.00 16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	29.452	16.989	9.130	4.585	2.232 1.083	0.552	0.315 0.209

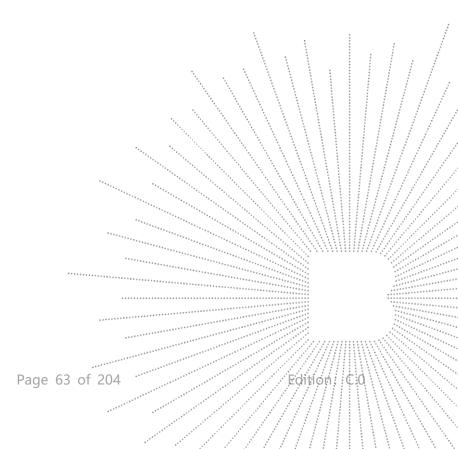
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F. 3D Image







<u>System check at 5800 MHz</u> Date of measurement: 8/8/2025 Report No: BCTC2507090106E

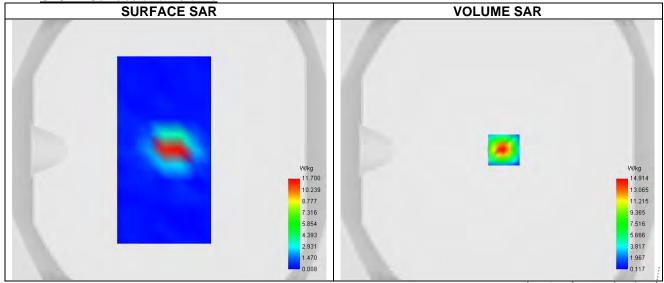
## A. Experimental conditions.

- 1. <u> </u>		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	1.15	
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Dipole	
Band	CW5800	
Signal	CW	

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	36.531
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	18.620
Conductivity (S/m)	5.078

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 28.22 W/kg

## D. SAR 1g & 10g

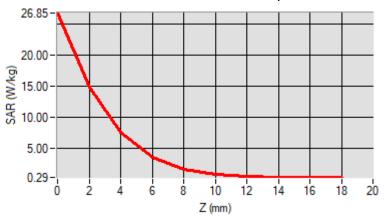
D. SAR 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5,562
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	\ \19\193, \ \ \ \ /
Variation (%)	-2.809

#### E. Z Axis Scan

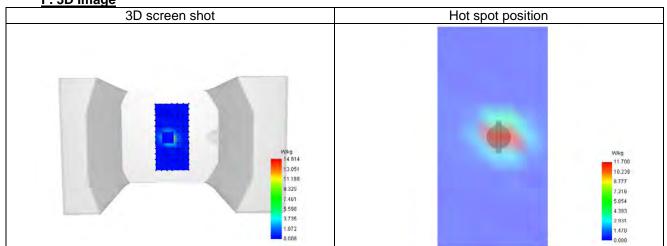
Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00 10.00	12.00 14.00 16.00	) <sup>.</sup>
SAR (W/Kg)	26.852	14.914	7.581	3.559	1.627 0.770	0.423 0.303 0.288	3

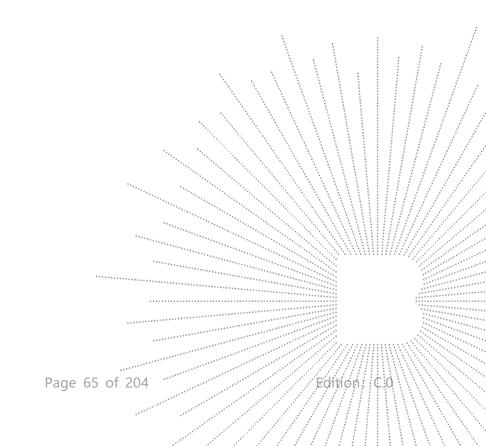
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F. 3D Image







## 15.2 SAR Test Graph Results

## Plot 1

Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

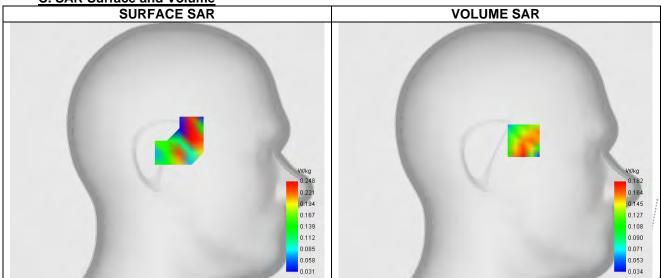
A. Experimental conditions.

A. Experimental conditions.	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.11
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Adaptative 1 max
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WIFI 2.4G
Signal	802.11b

**B. Permitivity** 

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	38.857
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	13.207
Conductivity (S/m)	1.792

C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-28.00, Y=12.00; SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

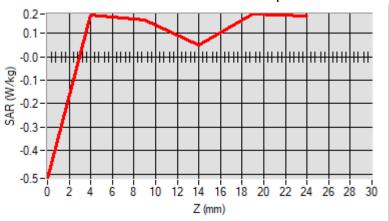
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.121
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.188
Variation (%)	2.140

E. Z Axis Scan

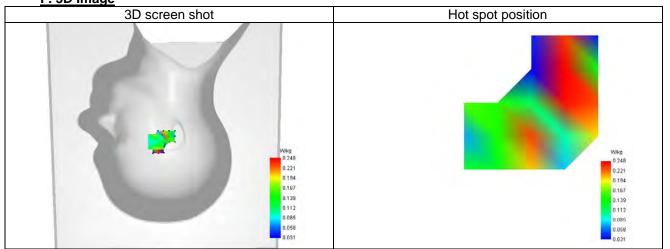
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00 14.00 19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	-0.519	0.178	0.156 0.051 0.182

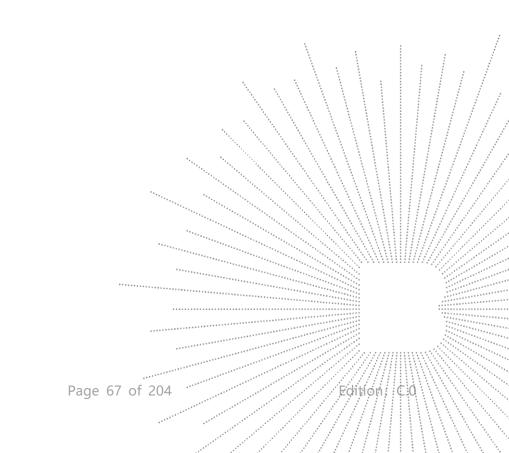
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Plot 2 Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

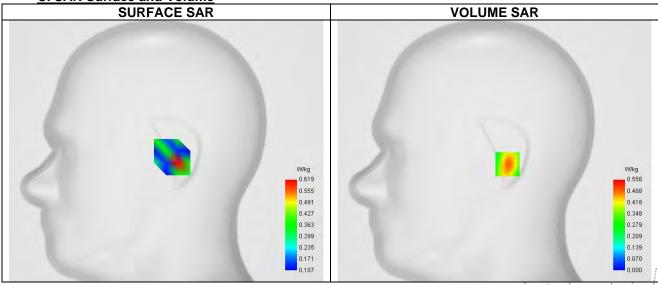
## A. Experimental conditions.

7 ii Experimental conditioner	
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.18
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Adaptative 1 max
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	WIFI 5.1G
Signal	802.11a

## **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	35.786
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	16.130
Conductivity (S/m)	4.806

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=13.00, Y=-13.00; SAR Peak: 2,34 W/kg

## D. SAR 1g & 10g

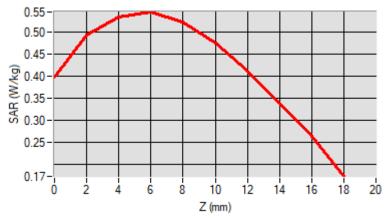
D. SAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.290
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.730
Variation (%)	3,380 \ \ \ \ \ /

#### E. Z Axis Scan

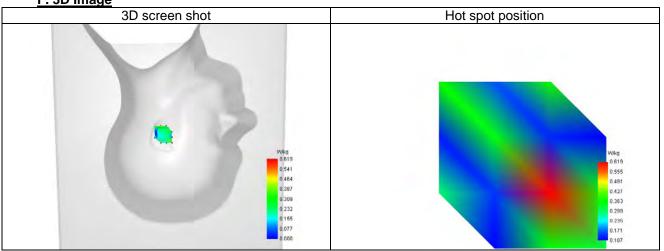
	Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00 10.00	12.00 14.00 16	.00
ĺ	SAR (W/Kg)	0.396	0.493	0.534	0.545	0.523 0.476	0.411 0.337 0.2	263

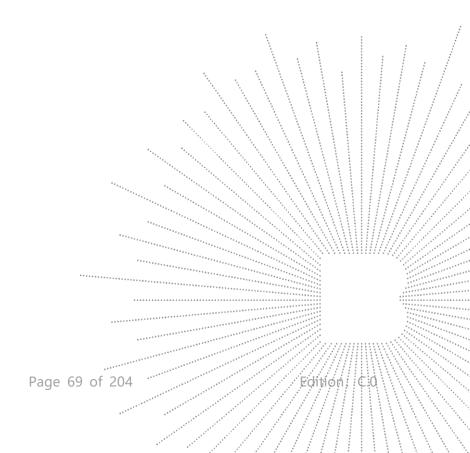
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F. 3D Image







Plot 3

Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

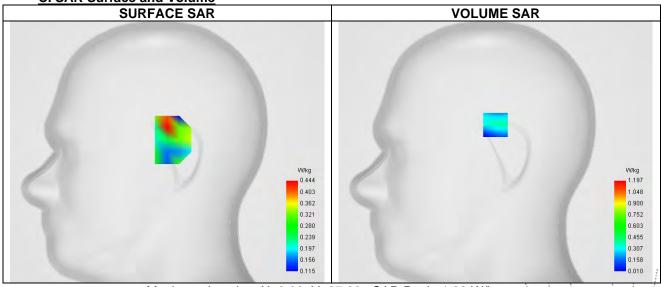
## A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	1.15	
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Adaptative 1 max	
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	WIFI 5.8G	
Signal	802.11a	

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	5825.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	36.531	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	16.355	
Conductivity (S/m)	5.078	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=27.00; SAR Peak: 1.92 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

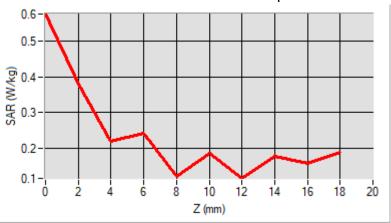
D. SAR 1g & 10g	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,253
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.540
Variation (%)	-3.660

#### E. Z Axis Scan

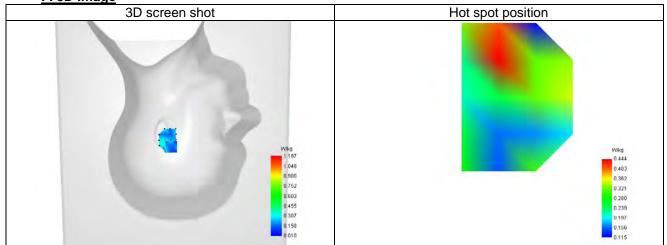
Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00 10.00	12.00	14.00 16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.576	0.380	0.221	0.242	0.122 0.188	0.116	0.178 0.159

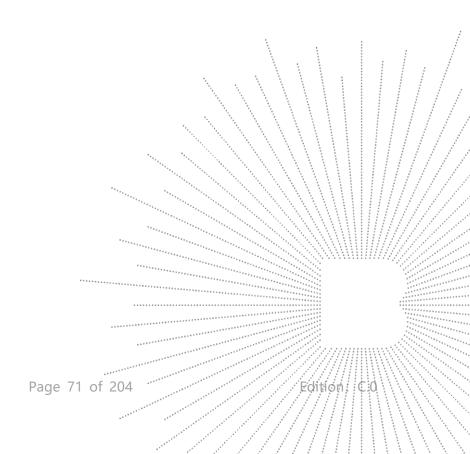
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Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

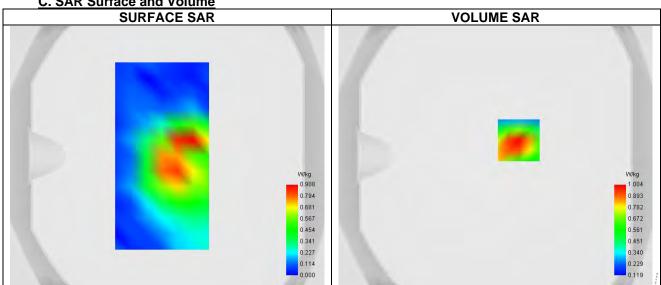
## A. Experimental conditions.

7 CEXPORTION CONTROL CONTROL		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	0.81	
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body	
Band	GPRS850	
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)	

#### **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	824.200	
Relative permitivity (real part)	42.517	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	19.400	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.868	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=18.00, Y=12.00; SAR Peak: 1,75 W/kg.

# D. SAR 1a & 10a

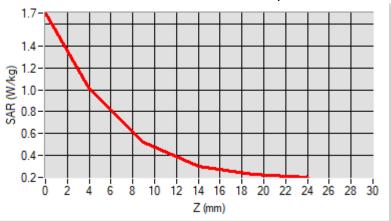
D. SAN 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,453
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.963
Variation (%)	0.620

#### E. Z Axis Scan

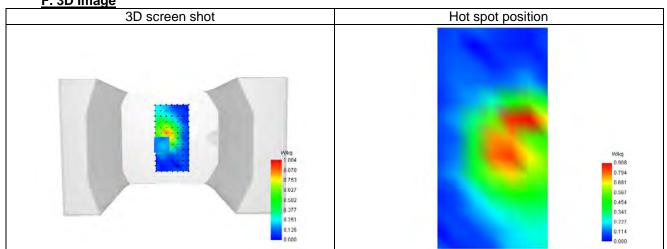
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.703	1.004	0.516	0.300	0.223

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F. 3D Image







Plot 5
Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

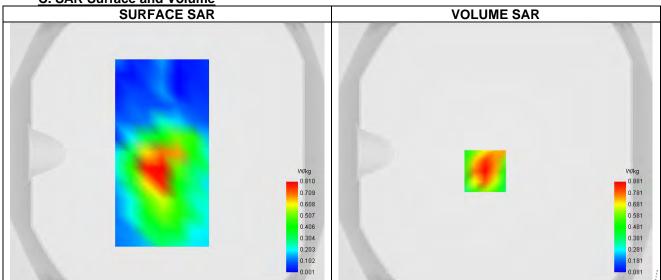
# A. Experimental conditions.

Probe SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	1.04
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom Validation plane	
Device Position Body	
Band GPRS1900	
Signal TDMA (GPRS)	

#### **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800	
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.244	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	13.195	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.373	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-14.00; SAR Peak: 1,31 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

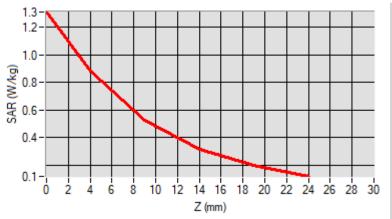
D. SAR 1g & 10g	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,451
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.829
Variation (%)	-2.110 \ /

## E. Z Axis Scan

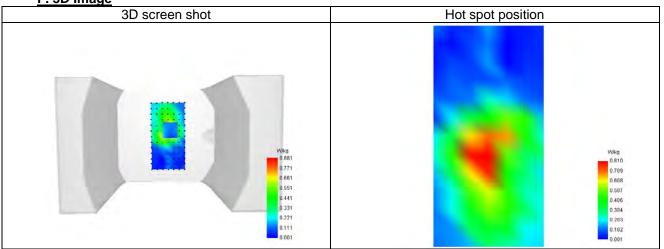
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.312	0.881	0.527	0.317	0.196

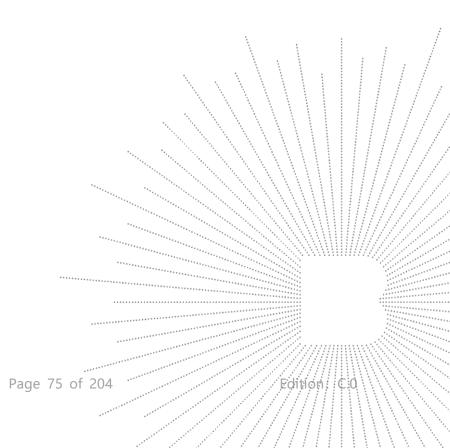
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F. 3D Image







Plot 6
Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

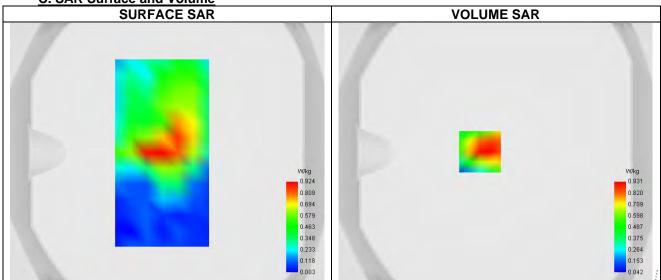
## A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Experimental conditioner	
Probe SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	1.04
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom Validation plane	
Device Position Body	
Band Band 2 (1900)	
Signal	WCDMA

#### **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.244	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	13.612	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.373	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-12.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 1.38 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. SAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,472
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.900
Variation (%)	-1.520

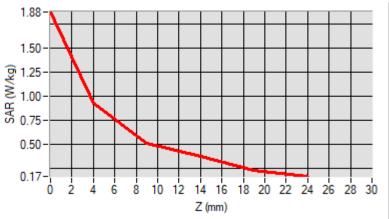
#### E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.880	0.931	0.516	0.377	0.234

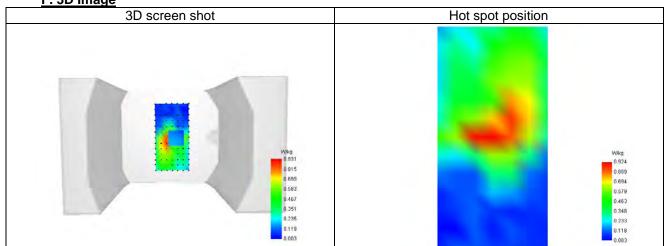
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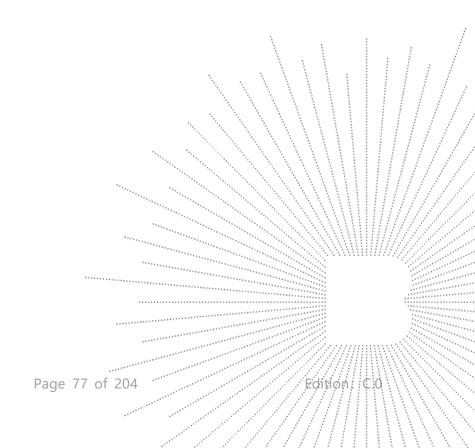
Edition: C.O.





F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

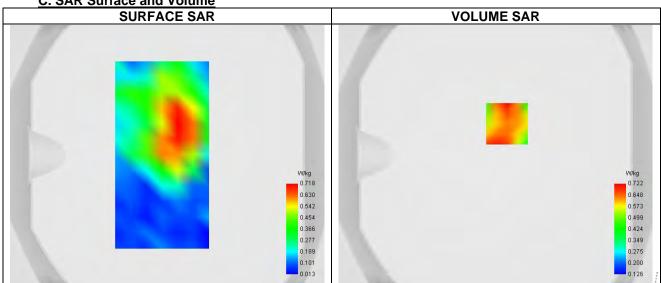
# A. Experimental conditions.

7 ti Exportinontal conditionol	
Probe SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	0.96
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm
Phantom Validation plane	
Device Position Body	
Band 4 (1700)	
Signal	WCDMA

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	1712.400	
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.711	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	14.136	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.424	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=9.00, Y=24.00; SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. SAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.433
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.692
Variation (%)	3,590

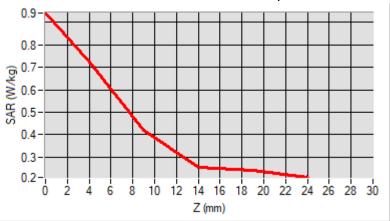
#### E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.942	0.722	0.417	0.252	0.239

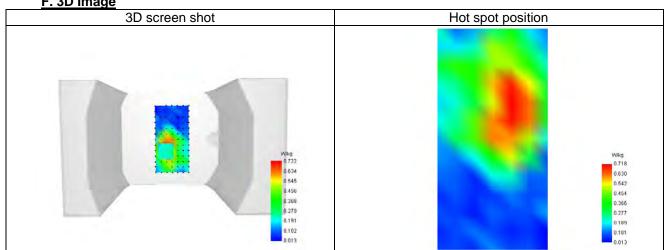
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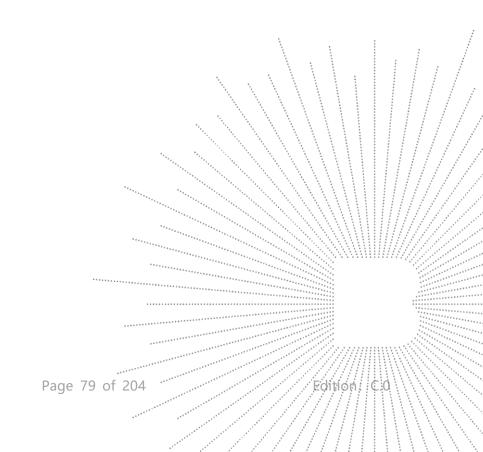
Edition: C.0





F. 3D Image







Plot 8
Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

Report No: BCTC2507090106E

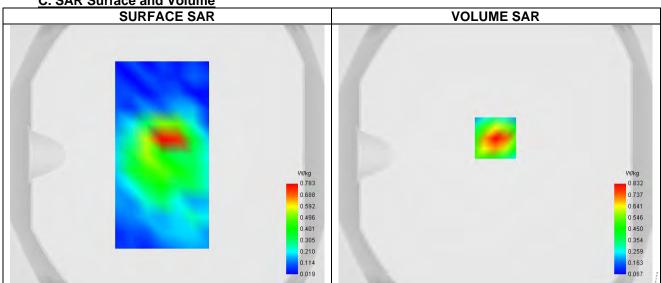
## A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	0.81	
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt	
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body	
Band	Band 5 (850)	
Signal	WCDMA	

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	836.400 42.517	
Relative permitivity (real part)		
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	19.400	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.868	

# C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=13.00; SAR Peak: 1.32 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. OAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,447 \ \
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.779
Variation (%)	3,970

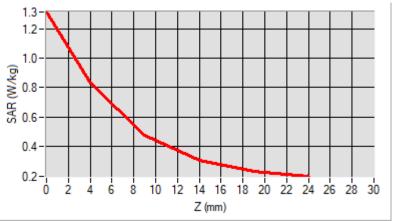
## E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.313	0.832	0.477	0.303	0.230

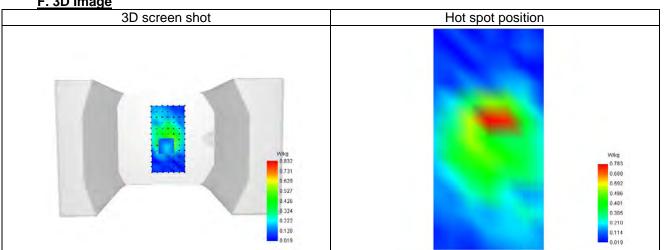
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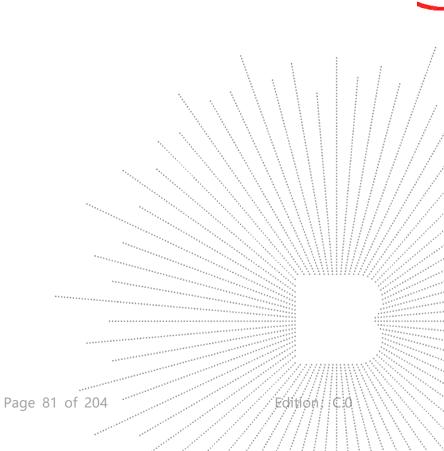
Edition: C.0





F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

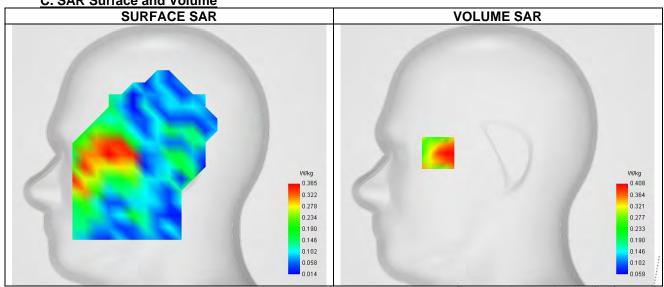
A. Experimental conditions.

7ti Experimental conditioner			
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420		
ConvF	1.04		
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Adaptative 1 max		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	LTE band 2		
Channels	nels Middle (18900)		
Signal	LTE FDD		

**B. Permitivity** 

<del>211 Gilliartity</del>		
Frequency (MHz)	1860.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.244	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	13.455	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.373	

C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-59.00, Y=2.00; SAR Peak: 0.55 W/kg

D. SAR 1a & 10a

<u> </u>	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0,393 \ \ \ \ /
Variation (%)	-2.500

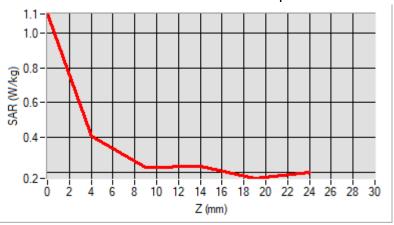
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.107	0.408	0.232	0.234	0.167

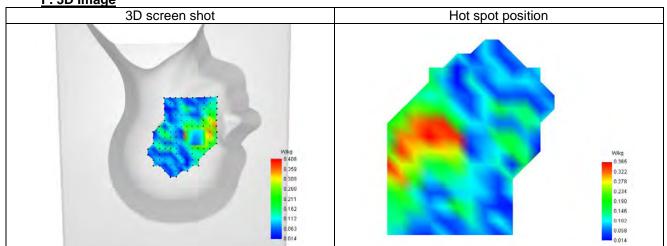
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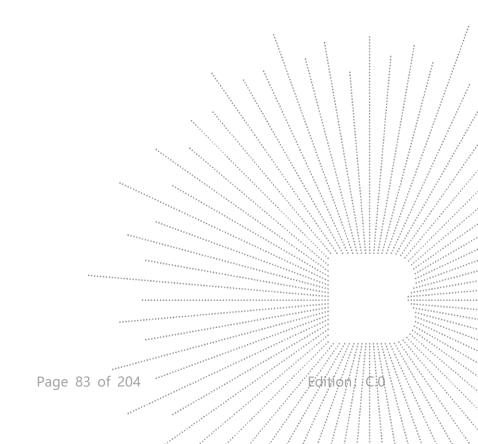






F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 5/8/2025

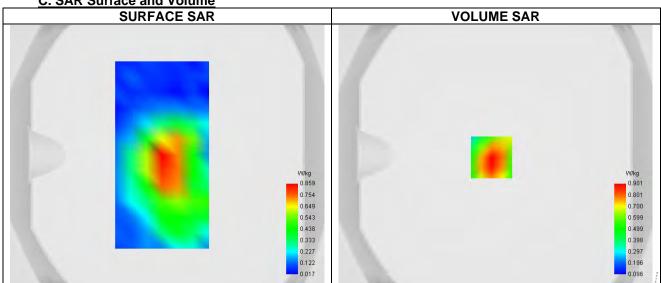
#### A. Experimental conditions.

A Experimental conditioner			
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420		
ConvF	0.96		
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Body		
Band	LTE band 4		
Signal LTE FDD			

## **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.711	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	14.186	
Conductivity (S/m)	1.424	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-2.00; SAR Peak: 1.23 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. SAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,502
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.858
Variation (%)	-2.280

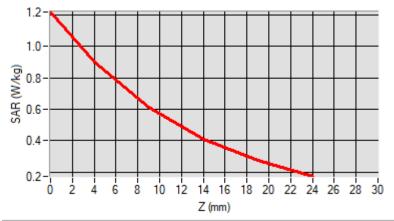
#### E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.218	0.901	0.610	0.410	0.272

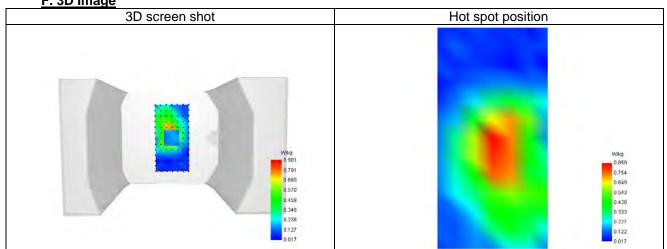
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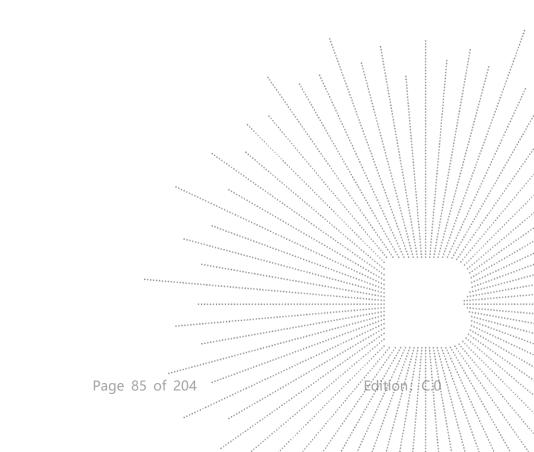






F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

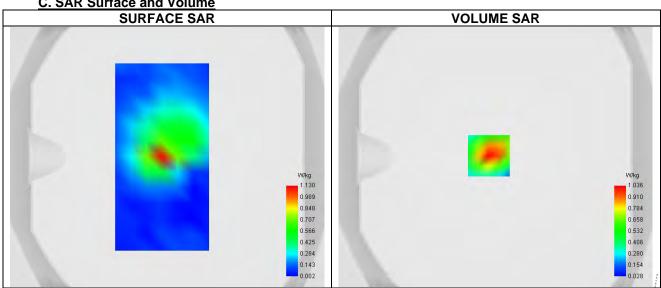
# A. Experimental conditions.

7.1. = 2.10 · 1.11 · 1.10 · 1.		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF	0.81	
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body	
Band	LTE band 5	
Signal	LTE FDD	

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	829.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	42.517	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	19.580	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.868	

# C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=1.00; SAR Peak: 1.47 W/kg

# D. SAR 1a & 10a

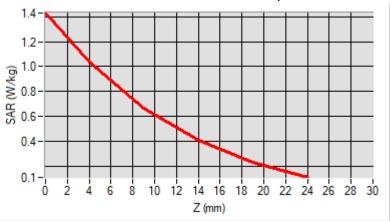
<u>D. SAK 19 &amp; 109</u>	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,535
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.962
Variation (%)	-0.870

## E. Z Axis Scan

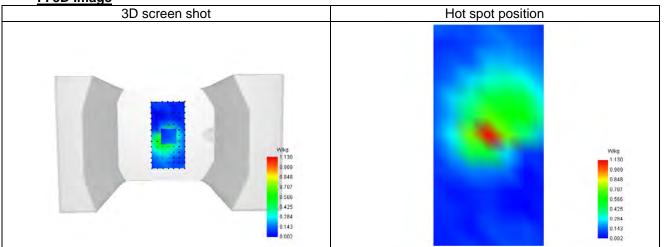
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.430	1.036	0.667	0.409	0.232

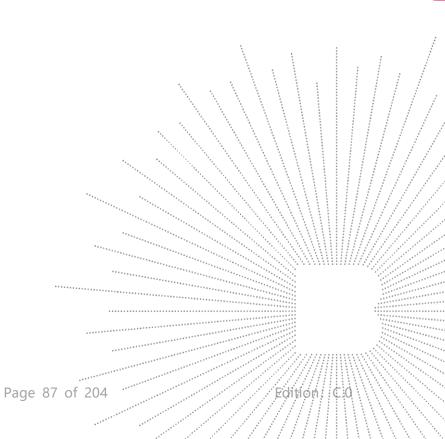
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F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 8/8/2025

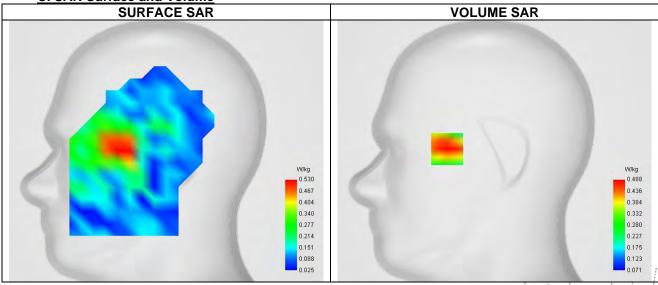
## A. Experimental conditions.

7.1. = App. 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF 1.03		
Area Scan dx=12mm dy=12mm, Adaptative 1		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm	
Phantom	Right head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band LTE band 7		
Signal LTE FDD		

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	2510.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.596	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	13.404	
Conductivity (S/m)	2.027	

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=2.00; SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. SAR 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.327
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.488
Variation (%)	-1.060

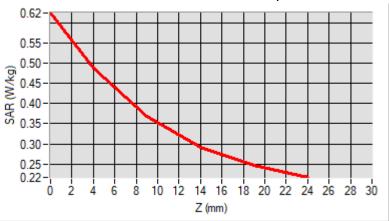
#### E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.625	0.488	0.368	0.292	0.248

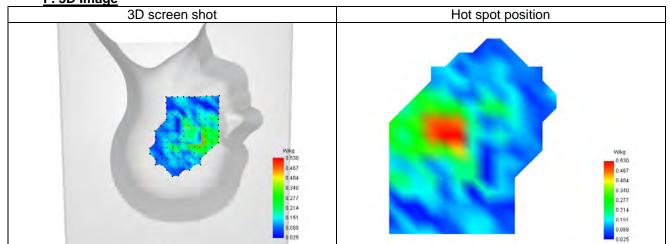
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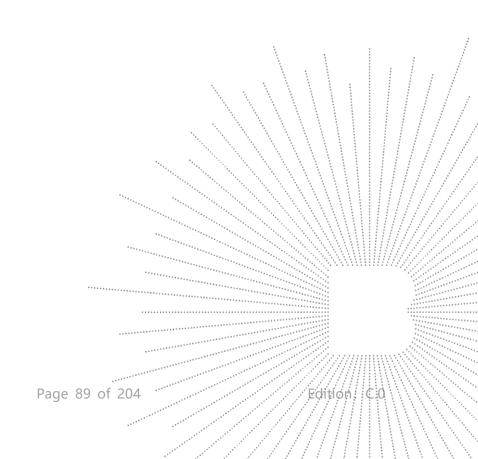
.O\





F. 3D Image







Plot 13 Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

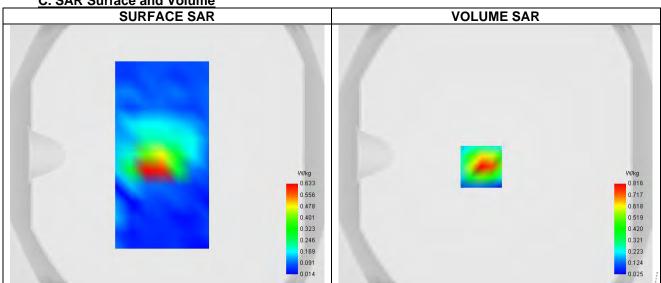
## A. Experimental conditions.

7ti Experimental conditioner		
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420	
ConvF 0.80		
Area Scan surf_sam_plan.txt		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	Body	
Band LTE band 12		
Signal LTE FDD		

## **B. Permitivity**

Frequency (MHz)	711.000	
Relative permitivity (real part)	43.412	
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	23.345	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.889	

# C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-9.00; SAR Peak: 1,49 W/kg.

#### D. SAR 1g & 10g

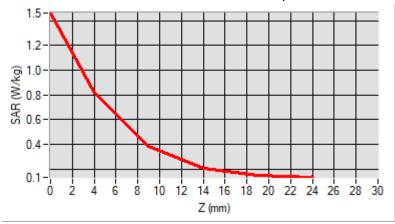
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0,377
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.781
Variation (%)	3,620

#### E. Z Axis Scan

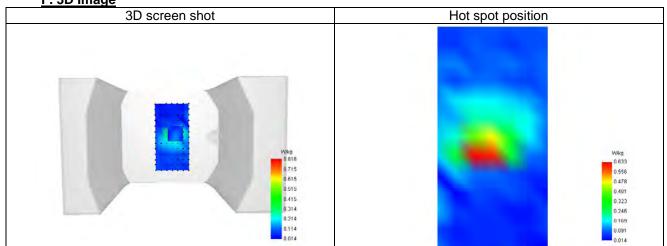
Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.462	0.816	0.383	0.203	0.146

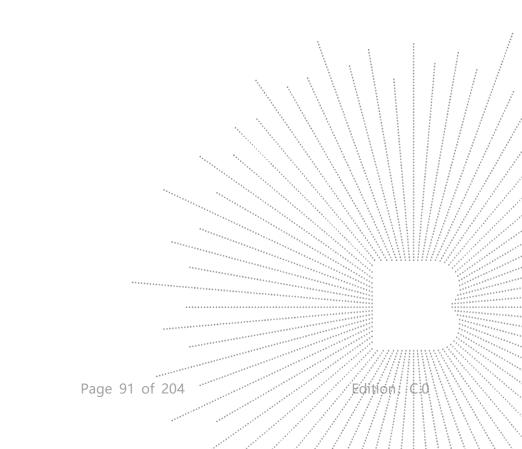
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F. 3D Image







Date of measurement: 4/8/2025

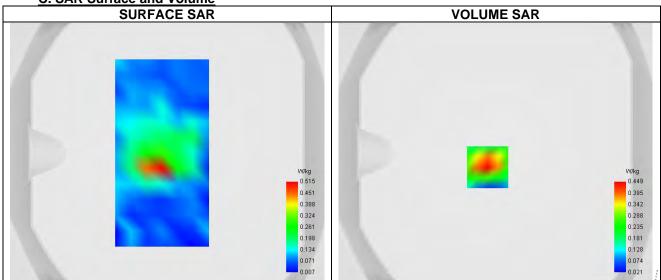
# A. Experimental conditions.

<u> </u>				
Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420			
ConvF	0.80			
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band LTE band 17 Signal LTE FDD				

#### **B.** Permitivity

Frequency (MHz)	711.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	43.412
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	23.233
Conductivity (S/m)	0.889

## C. SAR Surface and Volume



Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-11.00; SAR Peak: 0,68 W/kg

# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. JAK 19 & 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.247
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.431
Variation (%)	-3.010

#### E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.662	0.449	0.281	0.190	0.146

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