



FCC ID: 2BACM-ZNYK01

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, section 4.3.1

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances \leq 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$

1. SAR test exclusion threshold

Frequency: 2479 MHz (min. separation distances = 5 mm)

SAR test exclusion thresholds (5 mm) = $3 \times 5 / (\sqrt{2.479}) = 9.53 \text{ mW}$

| Max. Tune-up Tolerance (mW) | SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds (5mm) (mW) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | 9.53 |

Calculation Value: $1 \text{ (mW)} / 5 \text{ (mm)} \times \sqrt{2.479} = 0.315$

So, Calculation value \leq 3.0

Remark:

- Based on field strength 75.84 dBuV/m at 3m transmit power(eirp) of the device was calculated as 0.012 mW using free space formula.
- Max. conducted power 0.012 mW is closest 1 mW, so 1 mW was calculated.
- When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

2. Conclusion: No SAR is required.