

Analysis Report

The Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a portable 2.4GHz BT and BLE Transceiver for a Bluetooth Mini Travel Speaker. For the BT mode, the sample supplied operated on 79 channels, normally at 2402 - 2480MHz. The channels are separated with 1MHz spacing. For the BLE mode, the sample supplied operated on 40 channels, normally at 2402 - 2480MHz. The channels are separated with 2MHz spacing.

The EUT is powered by 1 x 3.7V Lithium-ion battery. The speaker has 4 modes, the Bluetooth mode, the FM mode, the USB driver mode and the SD card mode. For the Bluetooth mode, after switching on the EUT, the speaker can be paired up with a smartphone and will be used to play different sound based on the sound received from the paired smartphone. For the USB driver mode and the SD card mode, the speaker can be used to play different sound based on the sound received from the USB or the SD card inserted into the speaker. For the FM mode, the speaker can be used to play radio broadcasting based on the radio signal received.

Antenna Type: Internal integral antenna

Antenna Gain: 0dBi

Nominal rated field strength: 73.9dBμV/m at 3m

Maximum allowed field strength of production tolerance: +/- 3dB

According to the KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

Based on the Maximum allowed average field strength of production tolerance was 76.9dBμV/m at 3m.

Thus, it below calculated field strength according to minimum SAR exclusion threshold level as follows:

For mobile devices that are not exempt per Table B.1 [Table 1 of § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(C)] at distances from 20 cm to 40 cm and in 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz, evaluation of compliance with the exposure limits in § 1.1310 is necessary if the ERP of the device is greater than ERP_{20cm} in Formula (B.1) [repeated from § 2.1091(c)(1) and § 1.1307(b)(1)(i)(B)].

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B.1})$$

If the ERP is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used (i.e., without consideration of ERP only if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole.

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B. 2})$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and $ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}$ is per Formula (B.1). The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)										
		5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
	300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
	450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
	835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
	1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
	2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
	3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
	5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169

The worst case of SAR Exclusion Threshold Level at 2.48GHz with distance 5mm:
= 2.717mW

According to the KDB 412172 D01:

$$EIRP = [(FS \cdot D)^2 \cdot 1000 / 30]$$

Calculated Field Strength for 2.717mW is 99.6dBuV/m @3m

Since maximum average field strength plus production tolerance $\leq 99.6 \text{ dBuV/m @3m}$ and antenna gain is $\geq 0.0 \text{ dBi}$, it is concluded that maximum Conducted Power and Field Strength are well below the SAR Exclusion threshold level, so the EUT is considered to comply with SAR requirement without testing.