

# FCC SAR Test Report

**Client Name** : EXTRA Computer GmbH

**Address** : Bruehlstrasse 12, Giengen-Sachsenhausen,  
Baden-Wuerttemberg, 89537, Germany

**Product Name** : Rugged Tablet

**Date** : Mar. 13, 2023



**Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**

**Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

Code: AB-RF-05-b

 Hotline  
400-003-0500  
www.anbotek.com.cn



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## TEST REPORT

Applicant : EXTRA Computer GmbH  
Manufacturer : EXTRA Computer GmbH  
Product Name : Rugged Tablet  
Model No. : FS12-Ai7, FS12, FS12-Ai5, FS12-Ki5, FS12-Ki7  
Trade Mark : N.A.  
Rating(s) : Input: 19V= 3.42A(with DC 7.4V, 6300mAh battery inside; with DC 7.4V, 860mAh battery inside)

**Test Standard(s) :** IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020; FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093;  
ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005; Reference FCC KDB 447498; KDB 248227;  
KDB 616217

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020, FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005 and Reference KDB 447498, KDB 248227, KDB 616217 requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

Date of Receipt

Feb. 02, 2023

Date of Test

Feb. 02 ~ 03, 2023

Prepared By

  
(Ella Liang)

Approved & Authorized Signer

  
(Kingkong Jin)

**Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**

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## Version

Version No.	Date	Description
R00	Mar. 13, 2023	Original



## 1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing are as follows.

### <Highest SAR Summary>

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)
	Body-worn(0mm)	
<b>WIFI 2.4G ANT 1</b>	0.534	1.6
<b>WIFI 2.4G ANT 2</b>	0.507	
<b>WIFI 5.2G ANT 1</b>	0.488	
<b>WIFI 5.2G ANT 2</b>	0.530	
<b>WIFI 5.8G ANT 1</b>	0.693	
<b>WIFI 5.8G ANT 2</b>	<b>0.771</b>	
<b>Simultaneous</b>	<b>1.444</b>	
<b>Test Result</b>	<b>PASS</b>	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 and ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.



## 2. General Information

### 2.1 Client Information

Applicant	:	EXTRA Computer GmbH
Address	:	Bruehlstrasse 12, Giengen-Sachsenhausen, Baden-Wuerttemberg, 89537, Germany
Manufacturer	:	EXTRA Computer GmbH
Address	:	Bruehlstrasse 12, Giengen-Sachsenhausen, Baden-Wuerttemberg, 89537, Germany
Factory	:	EXTRA Computer GmbH
Address	:	Bruehlstrasse 12, Giengen-Sachsenhausen, Baden-Wuerttemberg, 89537, Germany

### 2.2 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name	:	Rugged Tablet				
Model No.	:	FS12-Ai7, FS12, FS12-Ai5, FS12-Ki5, FS12-Ki7 (Note: All samples are the same except the model number, so we prepare "FS12-Ai7" for test only.)				
Trade Mark	:	N.A.				
Test Power Supply	:	DC 7.4V Battery inside				
Test Sample No.	:	1-2-2(Engineering Sample)				
Product Description	:	<table border="1"><tr><td>Operation Frequency:</td><td>BT: 2402~2480MHz WiFi 2.4G: 2412~2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 2422~2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 5180~5240MHz WiFi 5.8G: 5745~5825MHz</td></tr><tr><td>Number of Channel:</td><td>BDR+EDR: 79 Channels BLE: 40 Channels WiFi 2.4G: 11 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 7 channels for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 4 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20) /ax(HEW20)</td></tr></table>	Operation Frequency:	BT: 2402~2480MHz WiFi 2.4G: 2412~2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 2422~2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 5180~5240MHz WiFi 5.8G: 5745~5825MHz	Number of Channel:	BDR+EDR: 79 Channels BLE: 40 Channels WiFi 2.4G: 11 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 7 channels for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 4 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20) /ax(HEW20)
Operation Frequency:	BT: 2402~2480MHz WiFi 2.4G: 2412~2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 2422~2452MHz for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 5180~5240MHz WiFi 5.8G: 5745~5825MHz					
Number of Channel:	BDR+EDR: 79 Channels BLE: 40 Channels WiFi 2.4G: 11 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) /ax(HEW20) 7 channels for 802.11n(HT40) /ax(HEW40) WiFi 5.2G: 4 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20) /ax(HEW20)					



		2 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40) /ax(HEW40) 1 Channel for 802.11ac(VHT80) /ax(HEW80) WiFi 5.8G: 5 Channels for 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20) /ax(HEW20) 2 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40) /ax(HEW40) 1 Channel for 802.11ac(VHT80) /ax(HEW80)
	Modulation Type:	BT BDR+EDR: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK BT BLE: GFSK WiFi 2.4G: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK for DSSS; 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK for OFDM WiFi 5G: OFDM with BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM
	Antenna Type:	BT/ WiFi 2.4G/WiFi 5G: FPC Antenna
	Antenna Gain(Peak):	BDR+EDR/ BLE: 1.49 dBi (Provided by customer) WiFi 2.4G ANT1: 1.49 dBi (Provided by customer) WiFi 2.4G ANT2: 4.61 dBi (Provided by customer) Wi-Fi 5.2G ANT1: 8.10dBi (Provided by customer) Wi-Fi 5.2G ANT2: 5.21dBi (Provided by customer) Wi-Fi 5.8G ANT1: 7.96dBi (Provided by customer) Wi-Fi 5.8G ANT2: 7.24dBi (Provided by customer)

**Remark:** 1) For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.

## 2.3 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

## 2.4 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005
- FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
- Reference FCC KDB 447498; KDB 248227; KDB 616217



## 2.5 Environment of Test Site

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C )	18-25	22~23
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55~65

## 2.6 Test Configuration

For WIFI and Bluetooth SAR testing, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

## 2.7 Description of Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

### FCC-Registration No.: 184111

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No. 184111.

### ISED-Registration No.: 8058A

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited, EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (ISED) Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada. The acceptance letter from the ISED is maintained in our files. Registration 8058A.

### Test Location

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited.

1/F, Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.518102

### Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

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### 3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

#### 3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy ( $dW$ ) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass ( $dm$ ) contained in a volume element ( $dv$ ) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left( \frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where:  $C$  is the specific heat capacity,  $\delta T$  is the temperature rise and  $\delta t$  is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

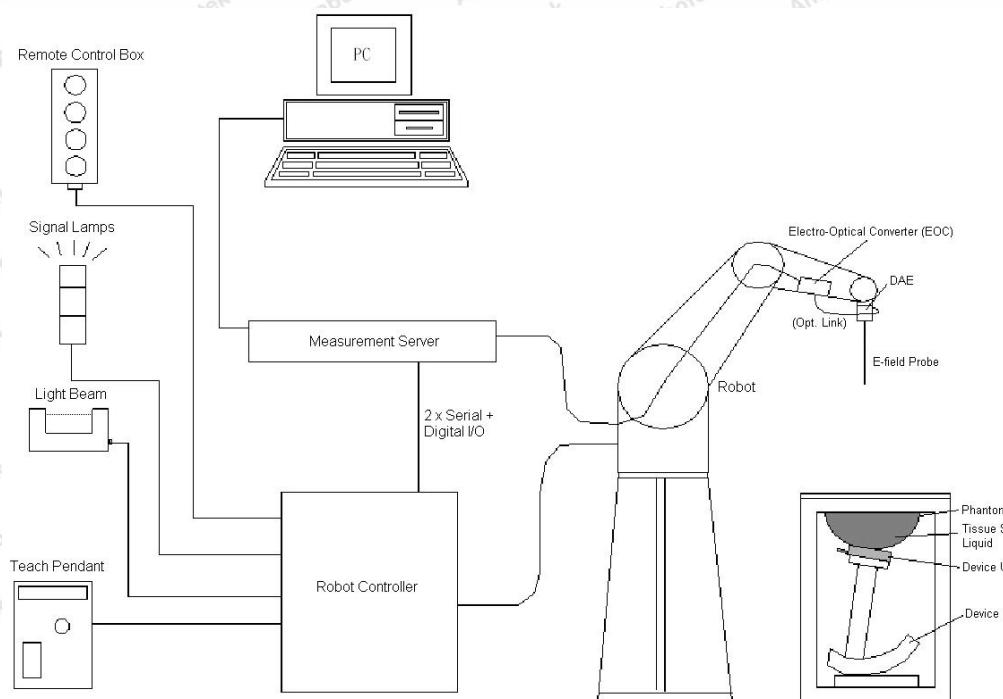
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and  $E$  is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.



## 4. SAR Measurement System



### DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder



- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

#### 4.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

##### ➤ E-Field Probe Specification

###### <EX3DV4 Probe>

<b>Construction</b>	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	 <p><b>Photo of EX3DV4</b></p>
<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically $< 1 \mu$ W/g)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

##### ➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

#### 4.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter



and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200MΩ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



**Photo of DAE**

### 4.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



**Photo of DASY5**



#### 4.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



**Photo of Server for DASY5**

#### 4.5 Phantom

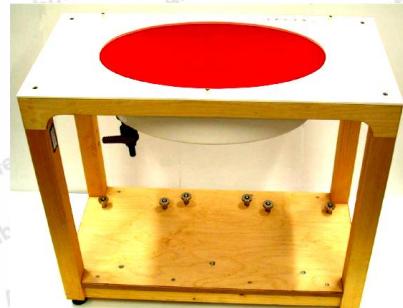
##### <SAM Twin Phantom>

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 25 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
<b>Measurement Areas</b>	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



**<ELI4 Phantom>**

<b>Shell Thickness</b>	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	 <b>Photo of ELI4 Phantom</b>
<b>Filling Volume</b>	Approx. 30 liters	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.



## 4.6 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



**Device Holder**



## 4.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

### ➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

### ➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

<b>Probe parameters:</b>	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i0</sub> , a <sub>i1</sub> , a <sub>i2</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvF <sub>i</sub>
	- Diode compression point	dcp <sub>i</sub>
<b>Device parameters:</b>	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
<b>Media parameters:</b>	- Conductivity	$\sigma$
	- Density	$\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to



correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$U_i$  = input signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$cf$  = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

$dcp_i$  = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field Probes:  $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$

H-field Probes:  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}}$

with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$ , ( $i = x, y, z$ ),  $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$  for E-field Probes

$ConvF$  = sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = carrier frequency [GHz]

$E_i$  = electric field strength of channel  $i$  in V/m

$H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel  $i$  in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with  $SAR$  = local specific absorption rate in  $\text{mW}/\text{g}$

$E_{tot}$  = total field strength in V/m

$\sigma$  = conductivity in [ $\text{mho}/\text{m}$ ] or [ $\text{Siemens}/\text{m}$ ]

$\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in  $\text{g}/\text{cm}^3$

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.



## 5. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1160	Oct. 02, 2021	Oct. 01, 2024
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	Jun. 15,2021	Jun. 14,2024
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	387	Sept.06,2022	Sept.05,2023
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7396	May 06,2022	May 05,2023
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023
SPEAG	DAK	DAK-3.5	1226	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI Phantom	QDOVA004AA	2058	NCR	NCR
AR	Amplifier	ZHL-42W	QA1118004	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Power Meter	N1914A	MY50001102	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023
Agilent	Power Sensor	N8481H	MY51240001	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	N9020A	MY51170037	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023
Agilent	Signal Generation	N5182A	MY48180656	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023
Worken	Directional Coupler	0110A056010-10	COM5BNW1A2	Oct.26, 2022	Oct.25, 2023

**Note:**

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
3. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
4. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
5. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it



## 6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown as followed:



**Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR**

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ )	Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )
<b>For Body</b>								
2450	68.6	0	0	0	31.4	0	1.95	52.7
5200	78.6	0	10.7	0	10.7	0	5.27	49.0
5800	78.5	0	10.8	0	10.7	0	6.00	48.2

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue				Liquid Temp. (°C)	Test Date
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	Dev. (%)	$\sigma$	Dev. (%)		
2450MSL	2450	52.70	1.95	52.33	-0.70	1.89	-3.08	22.6	02/03/2023
5200MSL	5200	49.00	5.27	48.51	-1.00	5.13	-2.66	22.8	02/02/2023
5800MSL	5800	48.20	6.00	48.45	0.52	5.82	-3.00	22.8	02/02/2023



## 7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

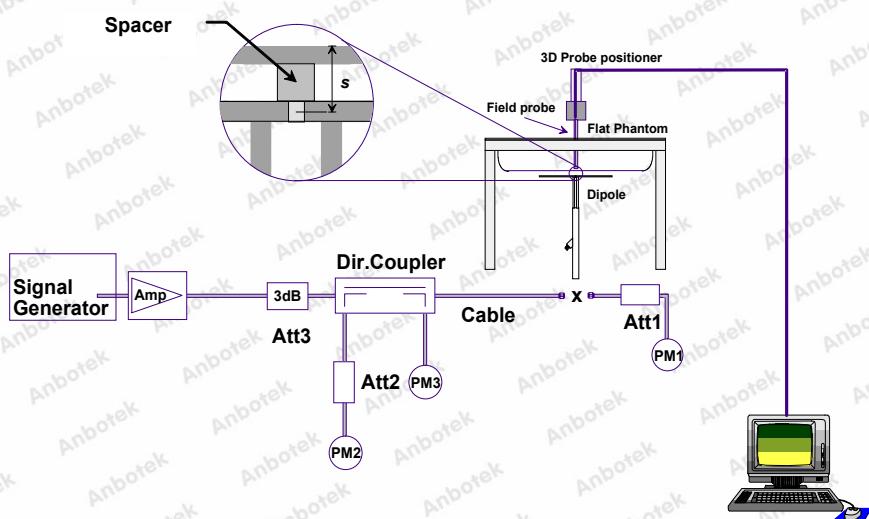
### ➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

### ➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

The equipment setup is shown below:



**System Setup for System Evaluation****Photo of Dipole Setup****Validation Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table below shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. It indicates that the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Test Date
2450	Body	250	51.8	12.69	50.76	-2.01	11/28/2022
5200	Body	100	77.8	7.63	76.30	-1.93	11/25/2022
5800	Body	100	78.3	7.95	79.50	1.53	11/25/2022

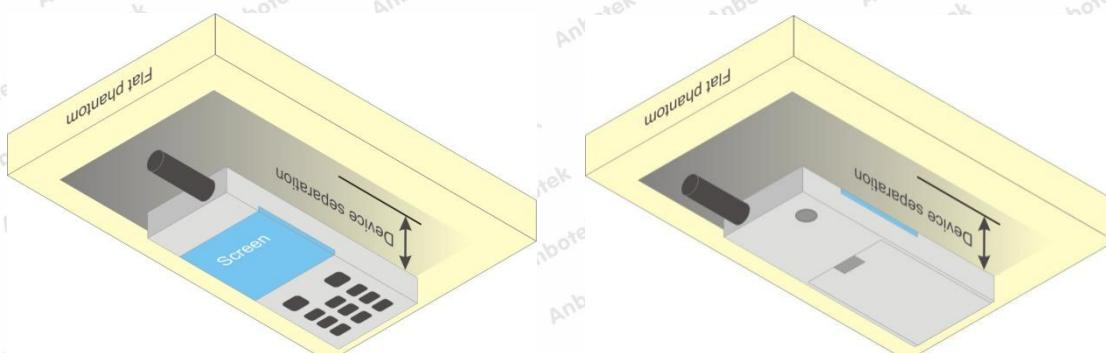
**Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized**

## 8. EUT Testing Position

### 8.1 Body Worn Position

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, 2015 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is  $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.



**Body Worn Position**



## 9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- (a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel.
- (b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% duty factor (if applicable)
- (c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
- (d) Place the EUT in the positions as setup photos demonstrates.
- (e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (f) Measure SAR transmitting at the middle channel for all applicable exposure positions.
- (g) Identify the exposure position and device configuration resulting the highest SAR
- (h) Measure SAR at the lowest and highest channels at the worst exposure position and device configuration if applicable.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard.

It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid



- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

## 9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

## 9.3 Area Scan Procedures

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		



## 9.4 Zoom Scan Procedures

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.			
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.			



## 9.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 10. Conducted Power

### <WIFI 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

ANT 1:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11 b	1	2412	18.23	17.31	17.50	1 Mbps
	6	2437	18.05	17.12	17.50	1 Mbps
	11	2462	18.05	17.10	17.50	1 Mbps
802.11 g	1	2412	21.44	18.38	18.50	6 Mbps
	6	2437	21.63	<b>18.49</b>	18.50	6 Mbps
	11	2462	21.48	18.41	18.50	6 Mbps
802.11 N(HT20)	1	2412	18.85	16.35	17.00	MCS0
	6	2437	18.88	16.39	17.00	MCS0
	11	2462	18.83	16.33	17.00	MCS0
802.11 N(HT40)	3	2422	17.44	14.46	15.00	MCS0
	6	2437	17.01	14.09	15.00	MCS0
	9	2452	17.34	14.21	15.00	MCS0
802.11 AX(HEW20)	1	2412	18.65	16.21	16.50	MCS0
	6	2437	18.85	16.28	16.50	MCS0
	11	2462	18.85	16.25	16.50	MCS0
802.11 AX(HEW40)	3	2422	17.58	14.56	15.00	MCS0
	6	2437	16.99	14.05	15.00	MCS0
	9	2452	17.40	14.28	15.00	MCS0

ANT 2:

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power(dBm)	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11 b	1	2412	18.23	17.26	17.50	1 Mbps
	6	2437	17.76	16.83	17.50	1 Mbps
	11	2462	17.73	16.75	17.50	1 Mbps
802.11 g	1	2412	17.80	15.77	18.50	6 Mbps
	6	2437	21.06	18.12	18.50	6 Mbps
	11	2462	21.28	18.23	18.50	6 Mbps
802.11	1	2412	21.12	18.01	18.50	MCS0

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Code:AB-RF-05-b

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
 Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
 Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

Hotline  
 400-003-0500  
 www.anbotek.com.cn



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<b>N(HT20)</b>	6	2437	21.30	18.15	18.50	MCS0
	11	2462	21.63	<b>18.38</b>	18.50	MCS0
<b>802.11 N(HT40)</b>	3	2422	21.18	18.02	18.50	MCS0
	6	2437	19.77	16.33	18.50	MCS0
	9	2452	17.04	14.28	18.50	MCS0
<b>802.11 AX(HEW20)</b>	1	2412	17.43	14.25	16.00	MCS0
	6	2437	18.84	15.59	16.00	MCS0
	11	2462	18.95	15.67	16.00	MCS0
<b>802.11 AX(HEW40)</b>	3	2422	18.86	15.76	19.00	MCS0
	6	2437	17.39	14.26	19.00	MCS0
	9	2452	16.95	14.10	19.00	MCS0

MIMO:

<b>Test Mode</b>	<b>Channel</b>	<b>Frequenc y (MHz)</b>	<b>Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)</b>			<b>Maximum Tune-Up(d Bm)</b>	<b>Test Rate Data</b>
			<b>Antenna 1</b>	<b>Antenna 2</b>	<b>Total</b>		
<b>802.11 n(HT20)</b>	1	2412	16.35	18.01	20.27	20.50	MCS0
	6	2437	16.39	18.15	20.37	20.50	MCS0
	11	2462	16.33	18.38	<b>20.49</b>	20.50	MCS0
<b>802.11 n(HT40)</b>	3	2422	14.46	18.02	19.61	20.00	MCS0
	6	2437	14.09	16.33	18.36	20.00	MCS0
	9	2452	14.21	14.28	17.26	20.00	MCS0
<b>802.11 AX(HEW20)</b>	1	2412	16.21	14.25	18.35	19.00	MCS0
	6	2437	16.28	15.59	18.96	19.00	MCS0
	11	2462	16.25	15.67	18.98	19.00	MCS0
<b>802.11 AX(HEW40)</b>	3	2422	14.56	15.76	18.21	18.50	MCS0
	6	2437	14.05	14.26	17.17	18.50	MCS0
	9	2452	14.28	14.10	17.20	18.50	MCS0

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the test distance less than 5mm
2. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
3. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.

**Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited**

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

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Hotline  
400-003-0500  
www.anbotek.com.cn



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## &lt;WIFI 5GHz Conducted Power&gt;

## Band 1

ANT 1:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11A	5180	15.99	16.50	6M
	5200	16.41	16.50	6M
	5240	15.67	16.50	6M
802.11N(HT20)	5180	15.74	16.50	MCS0
	5200	16.05	16.50	MCS0
	5240	15.32	16.50	MCS0
802.11N(HT40)	5190	17.45	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.17	17.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT20)	5180	15.61	16.00	MCS0
	5200	15.94	16.00	MCS0
	5240	15.26	16.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT40)	5190	17.19	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.25	17.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT80)	5210	17.46	17.50	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW20)	5180	15.75	16.00	MCS0
	5200	15.93	16.00	MCS0
	5240	15.13	16.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW40)	5190	17.15	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.28	17.50	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW80)	5210	17.61	18.00	MCS0

ANT 2:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11A	5180	16.41	17.00	6M
	5200	16.79	17.00	6M
	5240	15.67	17.00	6M
802.11N(HT20)	5180	15.74	16.50	MCS0
	5200	16.06	16.50	MCS0
	5240	15.26	16.50	MCS0
802.11N(HT40)	5190	17.27	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.15	17.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT20)	5180	15.74	16.50	MCS0
	5200	16.08	16.50	MCS0

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Code:AB-RF-05-b

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
 Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
 Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

Hotline  
 400-003-0500  
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	5240	15.10	16.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AC(VHT40)</b>	5190	17.19	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.27	17.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AC(VHT80)</b>	5210	<b>17.89</b>	18.00	MCS0
	5180	15.64	16.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW20)</b>	5200	15.85	16.00	MCS0
	5240	15.25	16.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW40)</b>	5190	17.12	17.50	MCS0
	5230	14.28	17.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW80)</b>	5210	17.79	18.00	MCS0

MIMO:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum Tune-Up(dBm)	Test Rate Data
		Antenna 1	Antenna 2	Total		
<b>802.11N(HT20)</b>	5180	15.74	15.74	18.75	19.50	MCS0
	5200	16.05	16.06	19.07	19.50	MCS0
	5240	15.32	15.26	18.30	19.50	MCS0
<b>802.11N(HT40)</b>	5190	17.45	17.27	20.37	20.50	MCS0
	5230	14.17	14.15	17.17	20.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AC(VHT20)</b>	5180	15.61	15.74	18.69	19.50	MCS0
	5200	15.94	16.08	19.02	19.50	MCS0
	5240	15.26	15.10	18.19	19.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AC(VHT40)</b>	5190	17.19	17.19	20.20	20.50	MCS0
	5230	14.25	14.27	17.27	20.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AC(VHT80)</b>	5210	17.46	<b>17.89</b>	20.69	21.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW20)</b>	5180	15.75	15.64	18.71	19.00	MCS0
	5200	15.93	15.85	18.90	19.00	MCS0
	5240	15.13	15.25	18.20	19.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW40)</b>	5190	17.15	17.12	20.15	20.50	MCS0
	5230	14.28	14.28	17.29	20.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW80)</b>	5210	<b>17.61</b>	17.79	<b>20.71</b>	21.00	MCS0

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Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
 Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
 Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

Hotline  
 400-003-0500  
 www.anbotek.com.cn



## Band 4

ANT 1:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11A	5745	18.65	20.00	6M
	5785	18.66	20.00	6M
	5825	19.42	20.00	6M
802.11N(HT20)	5745	18.47	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.66	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.49	20.00	MCS0
802.11N(HT40)	5755	19.99	20.50	MCS0
	5795	20.24	20.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT20)	5745	18.77	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.72	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.48	20.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT40)	5755	20.27	21.00	MCS0
	5795	20.37	21.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT80)	5775	<b>20.95</b>	21.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW20)	5745	18.77	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.76	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.54	20.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW40)	5755	20.38	21.00	MCS0
	5795	20.36	21.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW80)	5775	20.73	21.00	MCS0



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ANT 2:

TestMode	Channel	Average Power[dBm]	Tune-Up Limit(dBm)	Test Rate Data
802.11A	5745	19.08	20.00	6M
	5785	18.83	20.00	6M
	5825	19.65	20.00	6M
802.11N(HT20)	5745	19.01	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.49	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.31	20.00	MCS0
802.11N(HT40)	5755	20.35	20.50	MCS0
	5795	20.37	20.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT20)	5745	18.98	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.55	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.61	20.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT40)	5755	20.38	21.00	MCS0
	5795	20.23	21.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT80)	5775	20.98	21.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW20)	5745	18.98	20.00	MCS0
	5785	18.68	20.00	MCS0
	5825	19.59	20.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW40)	5755	20.40	21.00	MCS0
	5795	20.37	21.00	MCS0
802.11AX(HEW80)	5775	21.34	21.50	MCS0

MIMO:

Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Average Output Power(dBm)			Maximum Tune-Up(dBm)	Test Rate Data
		Antenna 1	Antenna 2	Total		
802.11N(HT20)	5745	18.47	19.01	21.76	22.50	MCS0
	5785	18.66	18.49	21.59	22.50	MCS0
	5825	19.49	19.31	22.41	22.50	MCS0
802.11N(HT40)	5755	19.99	20.35	23.18	23.50	MCS0
	5795	20.24	20.37	23.32	23.50	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT20)	5745	18.77	18.98	21.89	23.00	MCS0
	5785	18.72	18.55	21.65	23.00	MCS0
	5825	19.48	19.61	22.56	23.00	MCS0
802.11AC(VHT40)	5755	20.27	20.38	23.34	23.50	MCS0
	5795	20.37	20.23	23.31	23.50	MCS0

Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited

Code:AB-RF-05-b

Address: 1/F., Building D, Sogood Science and Technology Park, Sanwei Community,  
 Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.  
 Tel: (86) 0755-26066440 Fax: (86) 0755-26014772 Email: service@anbotek.com

Hotline  
 400-003-0500  
[www.anbotek.com.cn](http://www.anbotek.com.cn)



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<b>802.11AC(VHT80)</b>	5775	<b>20.95</b>	20.98	23.98	24.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW20)</b>	5745	<b>18.77</b>	18.98	21.89	23.00	MCS0
	5785	<b>18.76</b>	18.68	21.73	23.00	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW40)</b>	5825	<b>19.54</b>	19.59	22.58	23.00	MCS0
	5755	<b>20.38</b>	20.40	23.40	23.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW80)</b>	5795	<b>20.36</b>	20.37	23.38	23.50	MCS0
<b>802.11AX(HEW80)</b>	5775	<b>20.73</b>	<b>21.34</b>	24.06	24.50	MCS0

**Note:**

1. Per KDB 447498 D02 v02r01, the test distance less than 5mm
2. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
3. Per KDB 248227 D01, In the 5 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 5 GHz OFDM conditions:
  - 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg.



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## &lt;Bluetooth Conducted Power&gt;

TestMode	Channel	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power(dBm)	Maximum Tune-Up(dBm)
GFSK(BT BDR)	2402	9.02	<b>6.85</b>	7.00
	2441	8.76	6.51	7.00
	2480	8.40	6.34	7.00
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK (BT EDR)	2402	7.49	5.77	6.00
	2441	7.26	5.56	6.00
	2480	6.81	5.12	6.00
8DPSK (BT EDR)	2402	7.66	5.93	7.00
	2441	7.31	5.62	7.00
	2480	6.96	5.23	7.00
GFSK(BT BLE_1M)	2402	4.72	3.12	3.50
	2440	4.14	2.76	3.50
	2480	4.59	2.93	3.50
GFSK(BT BLE_2M)	2402	4.72	3.07	3.50
	2440	4.15	2.76	3.50
	2480	4.70	3.02	3.50

**Note:**

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

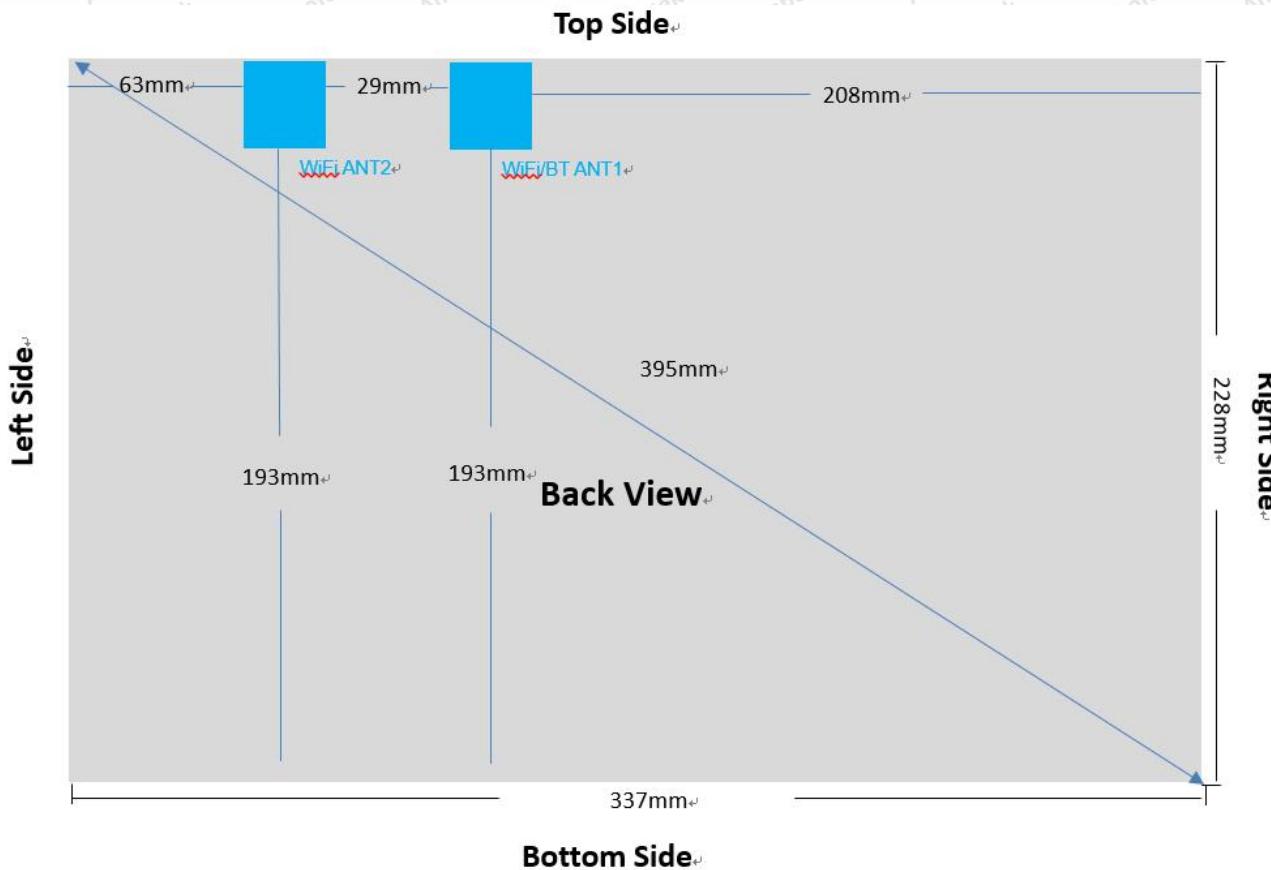
The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Turn-up Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
7.00	5	2.480	1.579

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.579 which is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.



## 11. Antenna Location

**Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge**

Antennas	Front	Back	Top Side	Bottom Side	Left Side	Right Side
WiFi/BT ANT 1	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	>25mm	>25mm
WiFi ANT 2	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	>25mm	>25mm	>25mm



## 12. SAR Test Results Summary

### General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.

*Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.*

*Reported SAR(W/kg) = Measured SAR(W/kg) \* Scaling Factor*

2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing are not necessary

### <WIFI 2.4GHz>

#### ANT 1:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#1	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Back	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	0.06	0.533	0.534
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Front	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	0.12	0.376	0.377
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Right	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Left	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Top	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	0.15	0.353	0.354
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11g	Bottom	0	6	2437	18.49	18.50	1.002	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### ANT 2:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#2	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Back	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	0.12	0.493	0.507
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Front	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	0.05	0.289	0.297
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Right	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Left	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Top	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	-0.06	0.313	0.322
	WIFI 2.4GHz	802.11n(HT20)	Bottom	0	11	2462	18.38	18.50	1.028	N/A	N/A	N/A



## &lt;WIFI 5GHz&gt;

ANT 1:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#3	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Back	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	-0.09	0.446	<b>0.488</b>
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Front	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	0.06	0.253	0.277
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Right	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Left	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Top	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	0.04	0.288	0.315
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Bottom	0	42	5210	17.61	18.00	1.094	N/A	N/A	N/A

ANT 2:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#4	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Back	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	0.12	0.517	<b>0.530</b>
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Front	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	0.11	0.338	0.347
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Right	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Left	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Top	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	0.05	0.376	0.386
	WIFI 5.2GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Bottom	0	42	5210	17.89	18.00	1.026	N/A	N/A	N/A



## ANT 1:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#5	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Back	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	0.14	0.685	<b>0.693</b>
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Front	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	-0.05	0.451	0.456
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Right	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Left	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Top	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	-0.03	0.496	0.502
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AC(VHT80)	Bottom	0	155	5775	20.95	21.00	1.012	N/A	N/A	N/A

## ANT 2:

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
#6	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Back	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	-0.06	0.743	<b>0.771</b>
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Front	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	0.15	0.483	0.501
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Right	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Left	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	N/A	N/A	N/A
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Top	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	0.08	0.537	0.557
	WIFI 5.8GHz	802.11 AX(HEW80)	Bottom	0	155	5775	21.34	21.50	1.038	N/A	N/A	N/A



## 13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

### Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

#### No. Applicable Simultaneous Transmission

1. WIFI 2.4G ANT1 +WIFI 2.4G ANT2
2. WIFI 5.2G ANT1 +WIFI 5.2G ANT2
3. WIFI 5.8G ANT1 +WIFI 5.8G ANT2

#### Note:

1. WIFI 2.4GHz, WIFI 5GHz and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously.

### Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is  $\leq 1.6$  W/kg.

### Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Test Position	WiFi ANT 1 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WiFi ANT 2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. $\Sigma$ SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Back	0.738	0.706	1.444	1.6	N/A
Front	0.521	0.482	1.003	1.6	N/A
Right	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Left	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Top	0.690	0.600	0.690	1.6	N/A
Bottom	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A

WIFI 2.4G ANT1 +WIFI 2.4G ANT2:



Test Position	WiFi ANT 1 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WiFi ANT 2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Back	<b>0.740</b>	<b>0.702</b>	<b>1.442</b>	1.6	N/A
Front	0.526	0.486	1.012	1.6	N/A
Right	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Left	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Top	0.646	0.581	0.581	1.6	N/A
Bottom	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A

WIFI 5.2G ANT1 +WIFI  
5.2G ANT2:

Test Position	WiFi ANT 1 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	WiFi ANT 2 SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	MAX. ΣSAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/Kg)	SAR <sub>1-g</sub> Limit (W/Kg)	Simut. Meas. Required
Back	<b>0.619</b>	<b>0.657</b>	<b>1.276</b>	1.6	N/A
Front	0.385	0.384	0.769	1.6	N/A
Right	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Left	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.6	N/A
Top	0.502	0.502	0.502	1.6	N/A
Bottom	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

WIFI 5.8G ANT1 +WIFI  
5.8G ANT2:



## 14. Measurement Uncertainty

NO	Source	Uncert. ai (%)	Prob. Dist.	Div. k	ci (1g)	ci (10g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (1g)	Stand.U ncert. ui (10g)	Veff
1	Repeat	0.4	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4	9
<b>Instrument</b>									
2	Probe calibration	7	N	2	1	1	3.5	3.5	$\infty$
3	Axial isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	$\infty$
4	Hemispherical isotropy	9.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	$\infty$
5	Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
6	Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	$\infty$
7	Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
8	Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	$\infty$
9	Response time	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	$\infty$
10	Integration time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	$\infty$
11	Ambient noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
12	Ambient reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
13	Probe positioner mech. restrictions	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	$\infty$



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14	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
15	Max.SAR evaluation	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$

## Test sample related

16	Device positioning	3.8	N	1	1	1	3.8	3.8	99
17	Device holder	5.1	N	1	1	1	5.1	5.1	5
18	Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	$\infty$

## Phantom and set-up

19	Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
20	Liquid conductivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	$\infty$
21	Liquid conductivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.2	$\infty$
22	Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.5	$\infty$
23	Liquid Permittivity (meas)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	$\infty$

## Combined standard

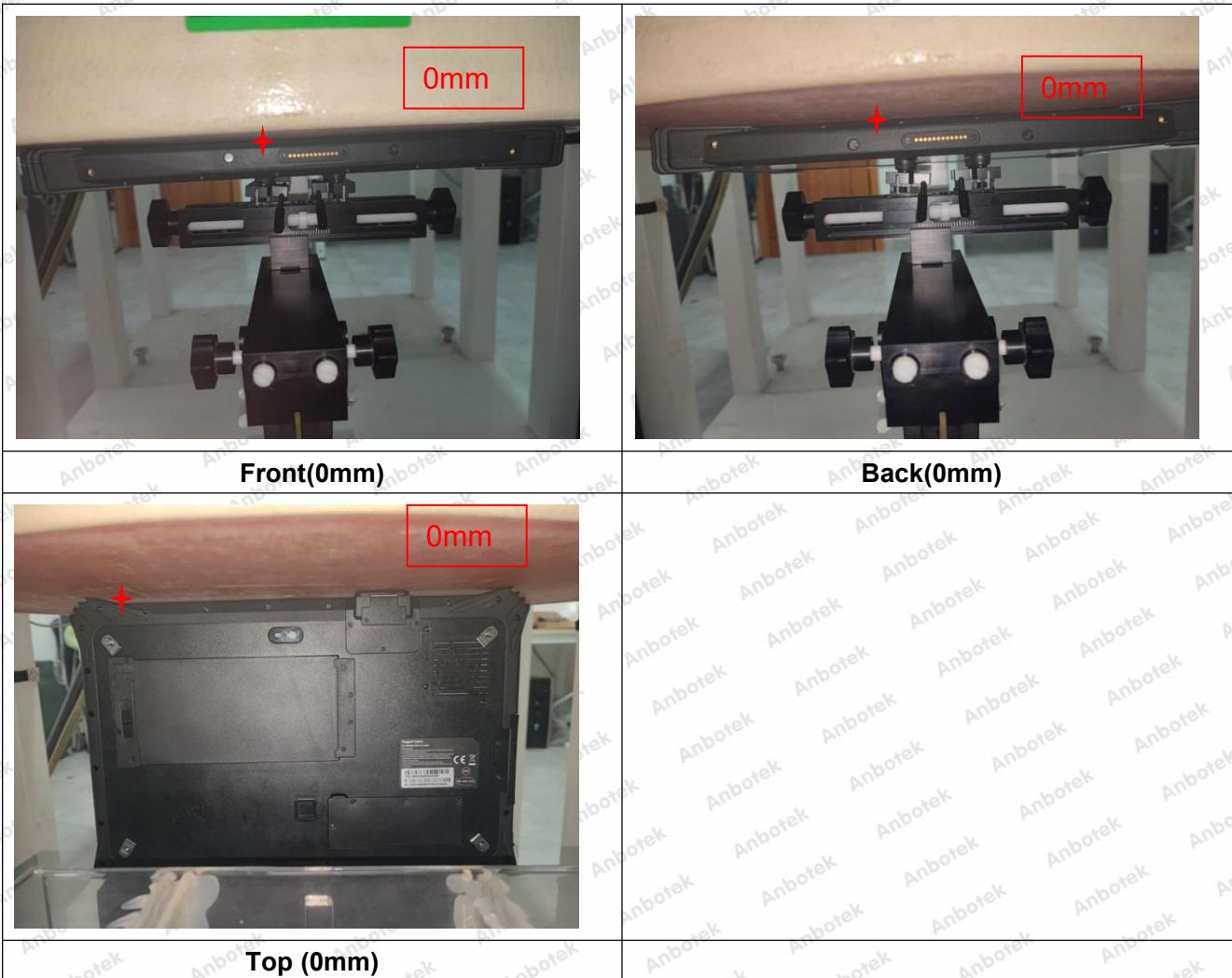
$$U_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i^2 U_i^2}$$

11.4% 11.3% 236

Expanded uncertainty(P=95%)	$U_c = k U$ , k=2	22.8%	22.6%
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## Appendix A. EUT Photos and Test Setup Photos



## Appendix B. Plots of SAR System Check

### 2450MHz Body System Check

Date:11/28/2022

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.16$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(7.53, 7.53, 7.53); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.6 W/kg

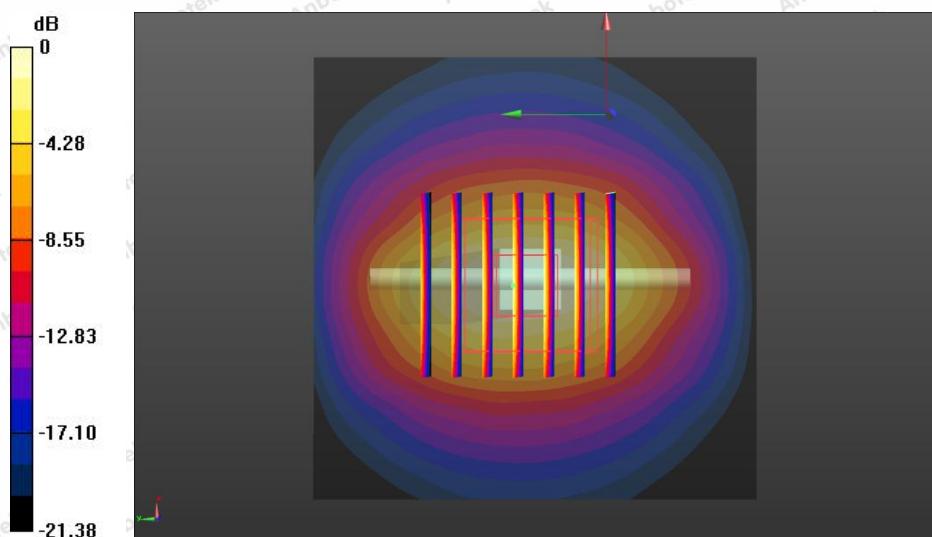
**Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.751 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.69 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.96W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



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**5200MHz Body System Check**

Date: 11/25/2022

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.18$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 48.12$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.9 W/kg

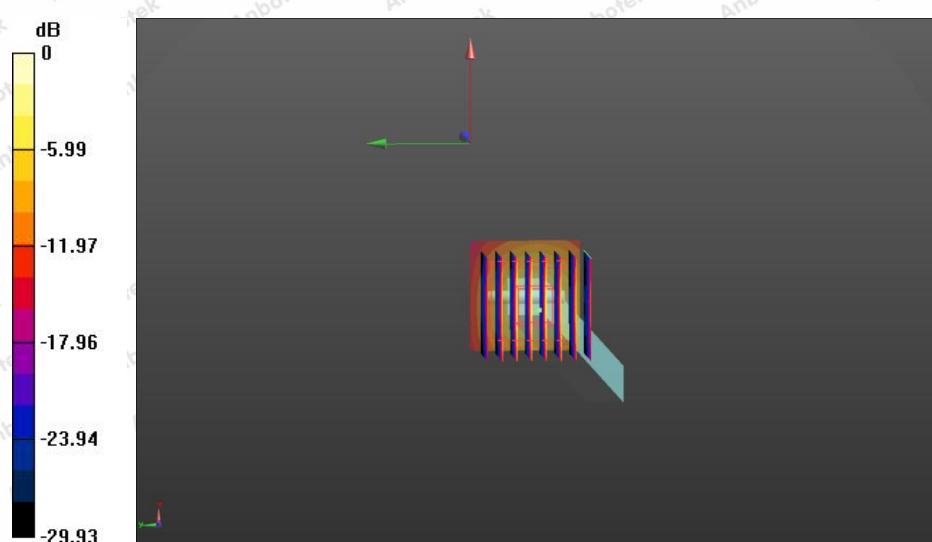
**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.857 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.58 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



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**5800MHz Body System Check**

Date:11/25/2022

**DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1160**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.76$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 48.56$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

**DASY5 Configuration:**

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN7396; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: May 06, 2022;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: Sep. 06, 2022
- Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm**

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

**Configuration/Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm**

Reference Value = 56.773 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

