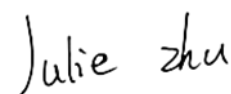
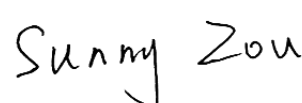


# TEST REPORT

**Applicant:** Analogue Enterprises Ltd.  
**Address:** Unit J, 2/F., Po Ming Building, No. 2-6 Foo Ming Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, China  
**Equipment Type:** A3D  
**Model Name:** A3D  
**Brand Name:** Analogue  
**FCC ID:** 2AZVE-A3D-C  
**ISED Number:** 32928-A3D  
47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C  
**Test Standard:** RSS-Gen Issue 5  
RSS-247 Issue 3  
(refer to section 3.1)  
**Sample Arrival Date:** Jan. 20, 2025  
**Test Date:** Jan. 20, 2025 - Jan. 24, 2025  
**Date of Issue:** Aug. 13, 2025

**ISSUED BY:**

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

**Tested by:** Julie Zhu**Checked by:** Ye Hongji**Approved by:** Sunny Zou  
(Technical Director)

**Revision History**

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Aug. 13, 2025</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

## 1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	<input type="checkbox"/> 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196. The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A.

## 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

### 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Analogue Enterprises Ltd.
Address	Unit J, 2/F., Po Ming Building, No. 2-6 Foo Ming Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, China

### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Analogue Enterprises Ltd.
Address	Unit J, 2/F., Po Ming Building, No. 2-6 Foo Ming Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, China China

### 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	A3D
Model Name Under Test	A3D
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Serial Number	A3D00000000001
Hardware Version	1
Software Version	1
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

## 2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.11ac
-----------------------------------	--

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1) \times 5 \text{ MHz}$ , where - $f_c$ = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Product Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable <input type="checkbox"/> Fix Location
Antenna System (eg., MIMO, Smart Antenna)	N/A
Categorization as Correlated or Completely Uncorrelated	N/A
Antenna Type	Ceramic Antenna
Antenna Gain	-5.09 dBi
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20) was tested in this report.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)(Single RF path)
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1
	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6/9
	QPSK	12/18
	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48/54
OFDM (802.11n-20 MHz)	BPSK	6.5/7.2
	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Occupied Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20	1/6/6.5 Mbps	1/6/11

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.4 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

### 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

#### 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSS) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
5	KDB Publication 558074 D01v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES

#### 3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	ISED Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	Pass <sup>Note 1</sup>
2	Output Power	15.247 (b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247 (d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247 (e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	ANNEX A.8	Pass
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-Gen, 7.3	N/A	N/A <sup>Note 2</sup>

Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note 2: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.



## 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

### 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	39% to 58%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+20.4℃ to +23.8℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	9 V

### 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY46471071	2024.07.04	2025.07.03
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2063XA	MY58000251	2024.07.04	2025.07.03
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY52510065	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	01631	2022.02.23	2025.02.22
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2024.06.15	2027.06.14
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	144	2022.02.19	2025.09.03
Amplifier	COM-MV	LSCX_LNA1-12G-01	180602	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Amplifier	COM-MV	XKu_LNA7-18G-01	180601	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-01162	2023.08.04	2026.08.03
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2027.01.22
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2018054558	2024.11.28	2025.11.27
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60*7.35m	130	2024.07.13	2027.07.12
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2024.08.01	2025.07.31
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2024.05.09	2025.05.08
Shielded Enclosure	YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd	3.5m*3.1m*2.8m	112	2022.02.19	2025.02.18

### 4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

## 4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ .

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8℃
Humidity	4%

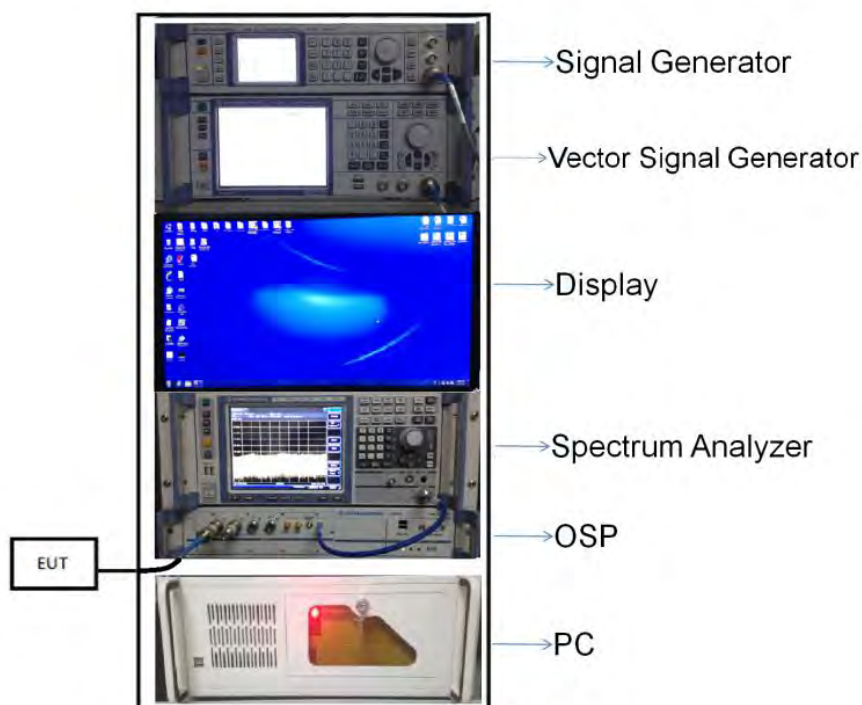
## 4.5 Description of Test Setup

### 4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

#### 4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



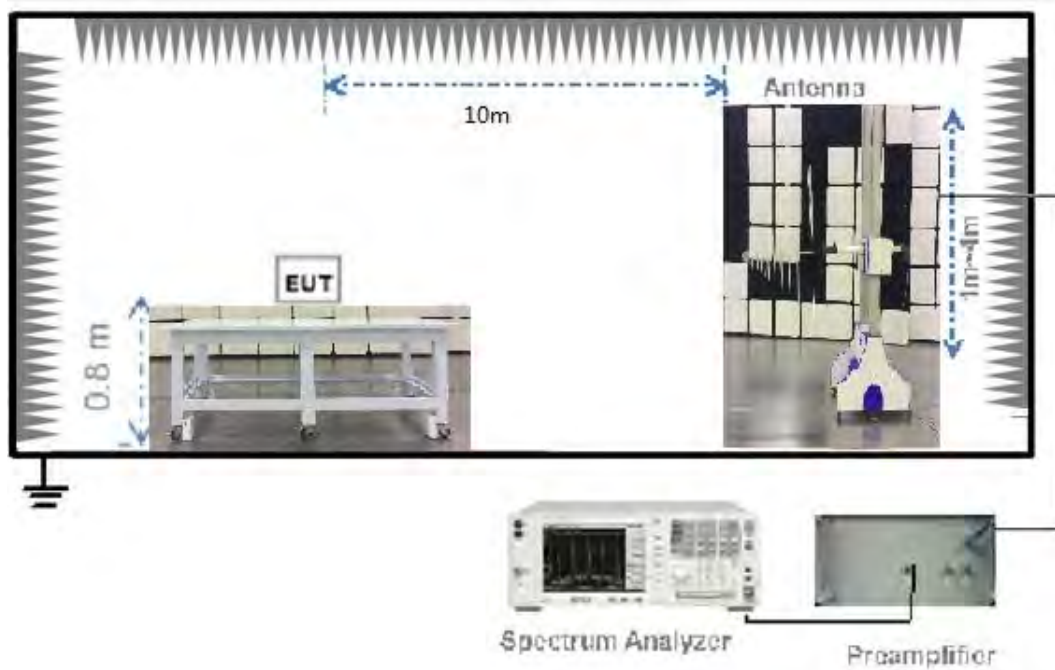
(Diagram 2)

#### 4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



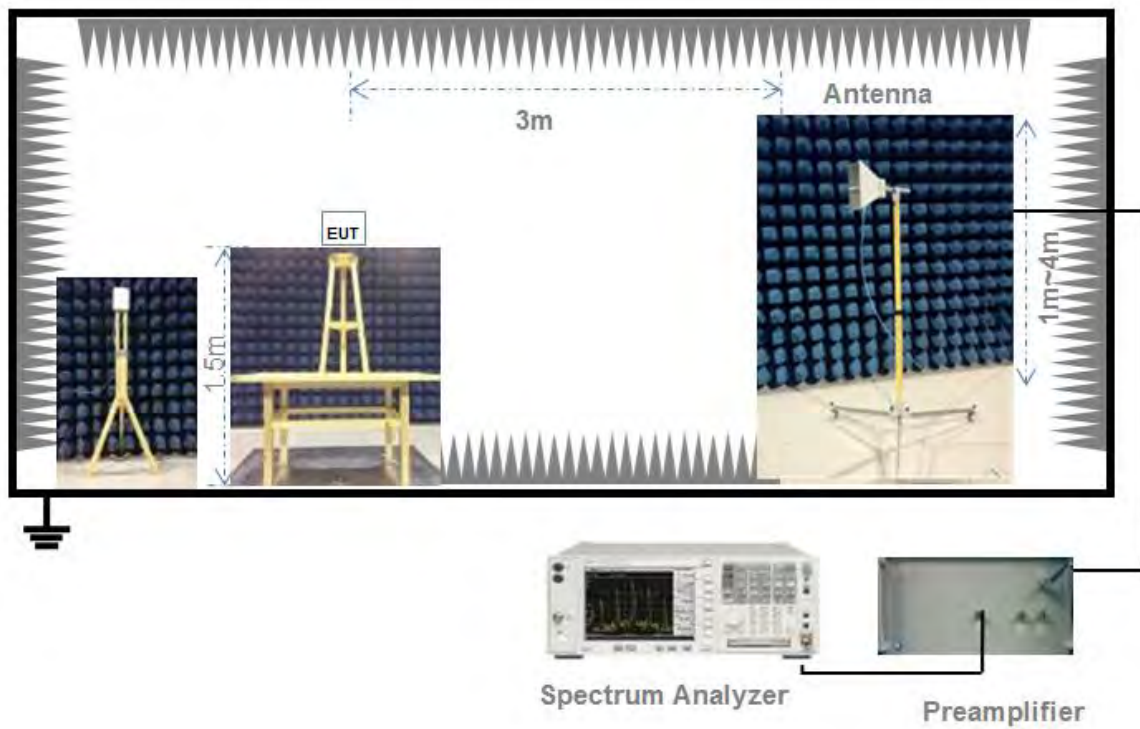
(Diagram 3)

#### 4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

#### 4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

## 4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### 4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

### 4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP = Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

## 5 TEST ITEMS

### 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203; RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

## 5.2 Output Power

### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

The EUT shall be transmitted at its maximum power control level.

$EIRP = \text{Maximum peak conducted output power} + \text{Antenna Gain}$ .

#### Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
  - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10\log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.

#### Measurements of duty cycle



The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



## 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3$  RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

#### Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ ). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm 0.5$  MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm 0.5$  MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (\text{OBW/RBW})]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

#### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

## 5.6 Conducted Emission

### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 $\mu$ H/50 $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

### General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

### Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

### Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be



longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq 98$  percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm 2$  percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if  $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (\text{RBW}/2)$ . Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
  - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
  - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where  $x$  is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq 98$  percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

#### Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

#### Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### 5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

### 5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \geq 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for  $f < 1$  GHz

VBW  $\geq$  RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$ .

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

### A.1 Output Power

#### Duty Cycle

Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off time (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Factor
802.11b	12.38	12.55	98.65%	0.06
802.11g	2.061	2.195	93.90%	0.27
802.11n-20 MHz	1.917	2.051	93.47%	0.29

#### Peak Power Test Data

##### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	15.90	38.90	30	1000	Pass
Middle	16.11	40.83			Pass
High	15.86	38.55			Pass

##### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	18.41	69.34	30	1000	Pass
Middle	18.57	71.94			Pass
High	18.35	68.39			Pass

##### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	18.51	70.96	30	1000	Pass
Middle	18.41	69.34			Pass
High	18.46	70.15			Pass

Average Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.69	18.58	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.90	19.50			Pass
High	12.63	18.32			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.47	17.66	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.60	18.20			Pass
High	12.39	17.34			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Average Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	12.56	18.03	30	1000	Pass
Middle	12.41	17.42			Pass
High	12.47	17.66			Pass

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISSED)

802.11b Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	10.81	12.05	36	4	Pass
Middle	11.02	12.65			Pass
High	10.77	11.94			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	13.32	21.48	36	4	Pass
Middle	13.48	22.28			Pass
High	13.26	21.18			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	13.42	21.98	36	4	Pass
Middle	13.32	21.48			Pass
High	13.37	21.73			Pass

## A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

### Test Data

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	9.700000	14.716000	$\geq 500$
Middle	10.200000	14.633000	$\geq 500$
High	10.200000	14.621000	$\geq 500$

#### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	16.500000	17.243000	$\geq 500$
Middle	16.500000	17.381000	$\geq 500$
High	16.500000	17.314000	$\geq 500$

#### 802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low	17.200000	18.285000	$\geq 500$
Middle	17.700000	18.193000	$\geq 500$
High	17.200000	18.195000	$\geq 500$



## Test Plots

## 6 dB Bandwidth

## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



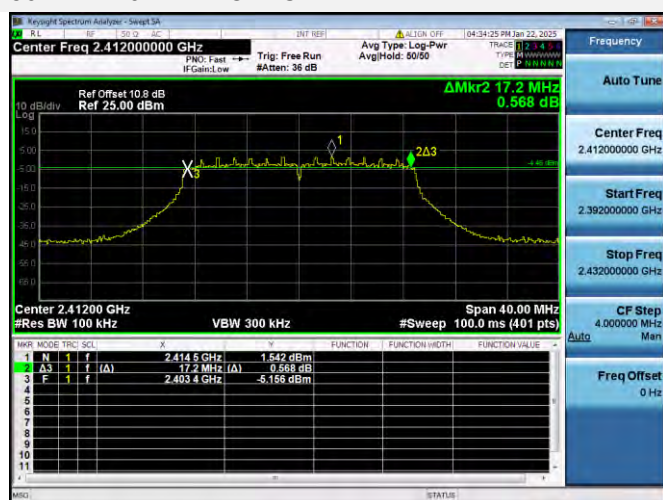
## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL



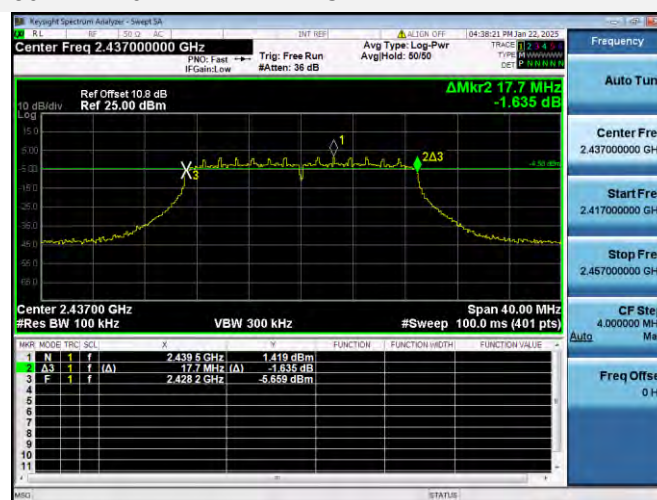
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



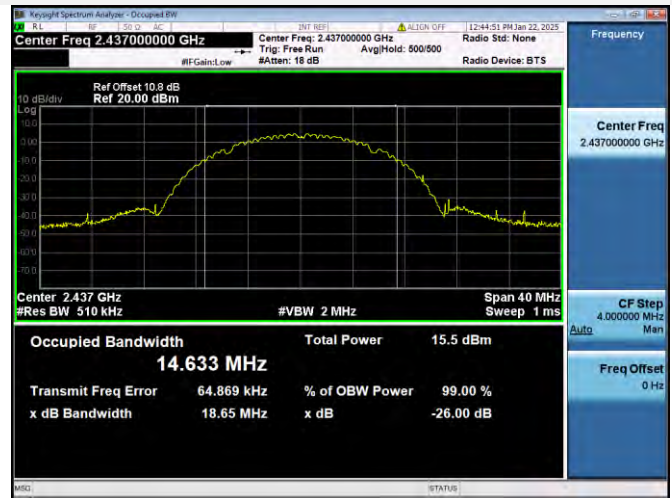


## 99% Bandwidth

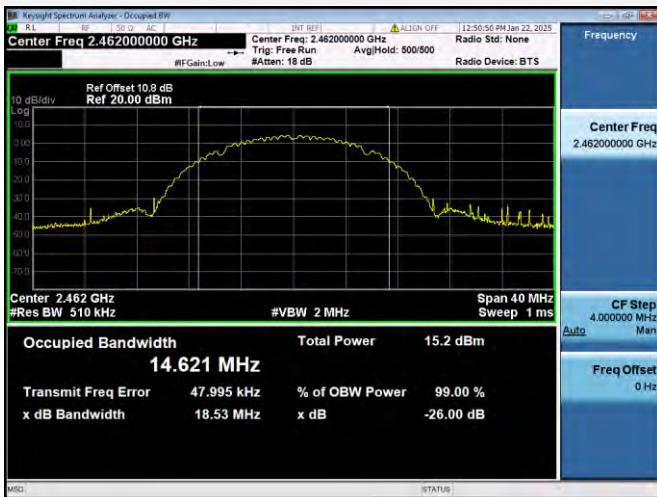
## 802.11b LOW CHANNEL



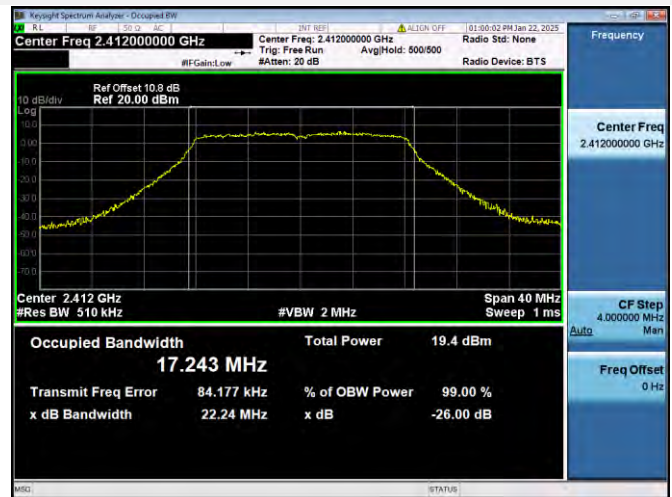
## 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



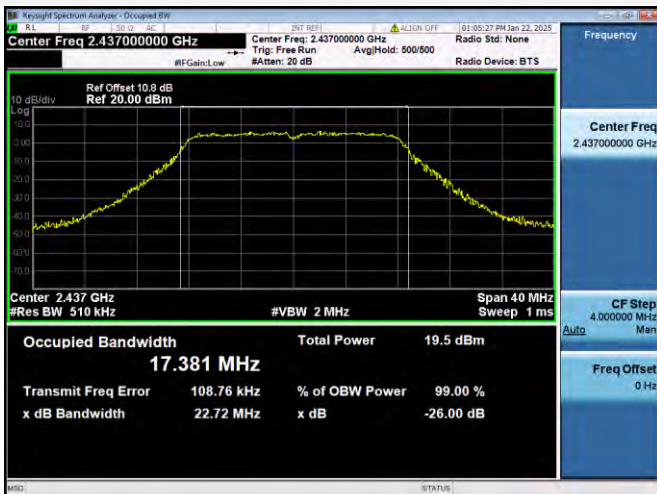
## 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL



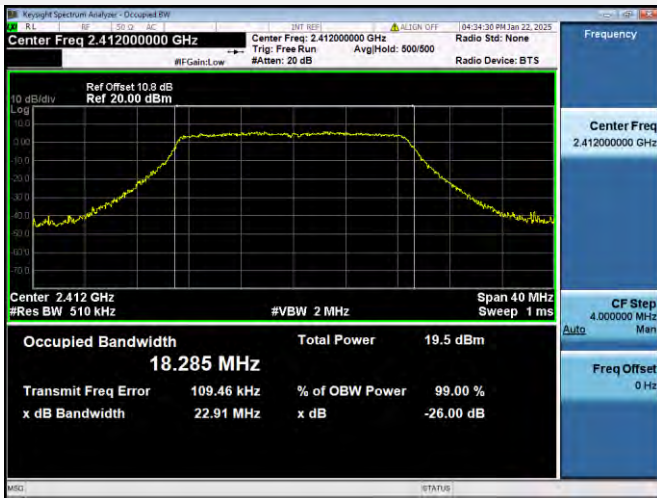
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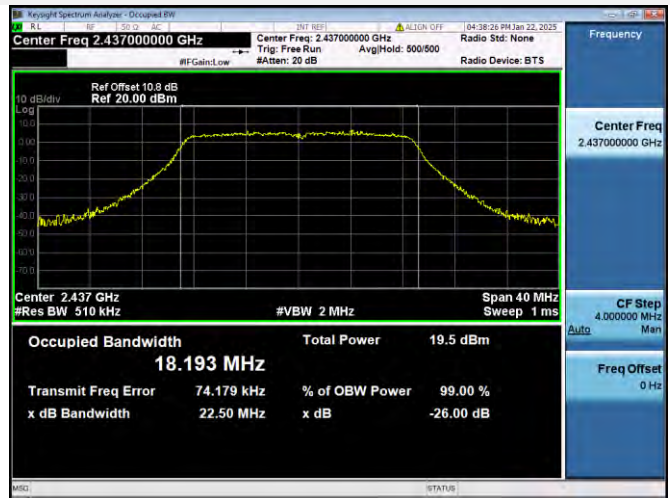
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



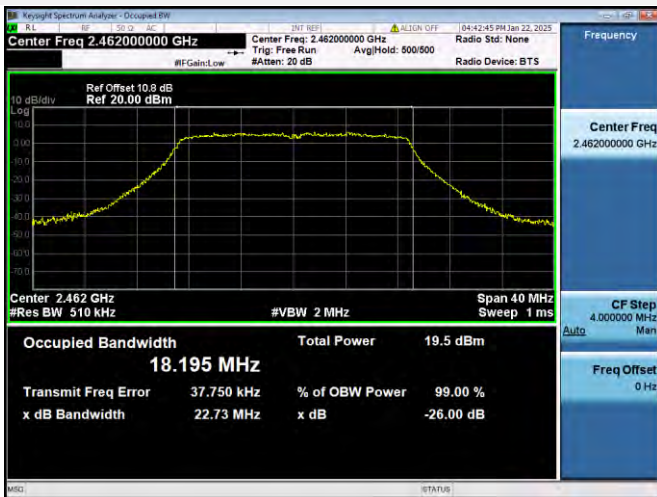
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL



### A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

#### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-38.95	4.13	-15.87	Pass
Middle	-39.34	4.31	-15.69	Pass
High	-38.86	4.07	-15.93	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-37.80	1.79	-18.21	Pass
Middle	-39.42	1.78	-18.22	Pass
High	-39.63	1.76	-18.24	Pass

802.11n-20MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low	-38.89	1.91	-18.09	Pass
Middle	-37.79	1.77	-18.23	Pass
High	-38.31	1.95	-18.05	Pass

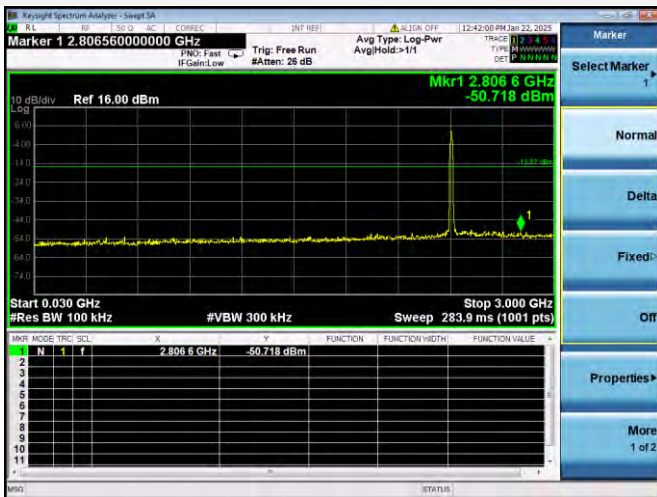


## Test Plots

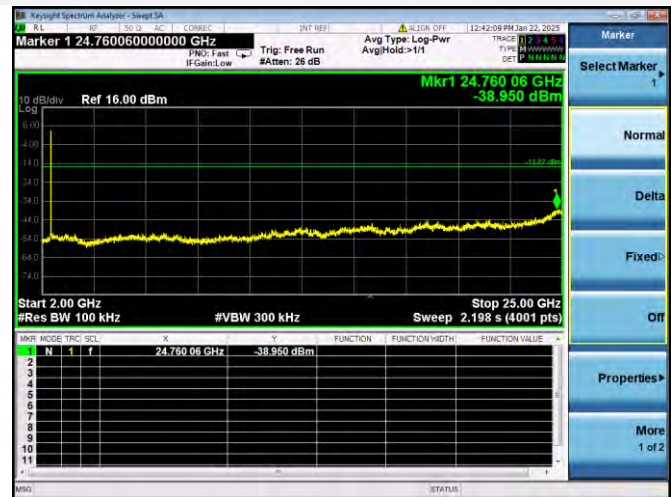
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



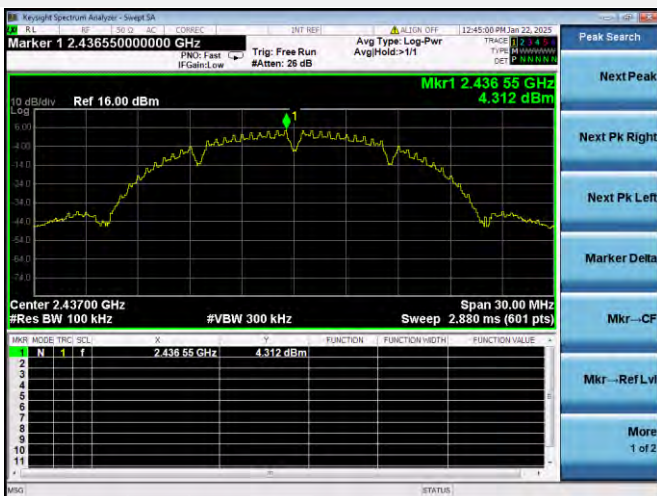
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



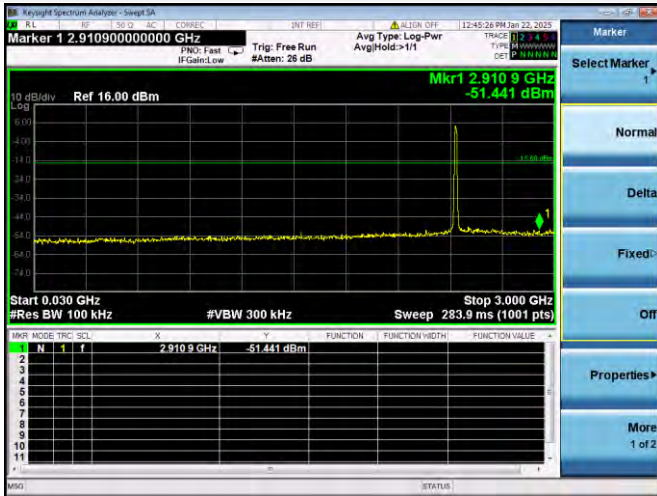
### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



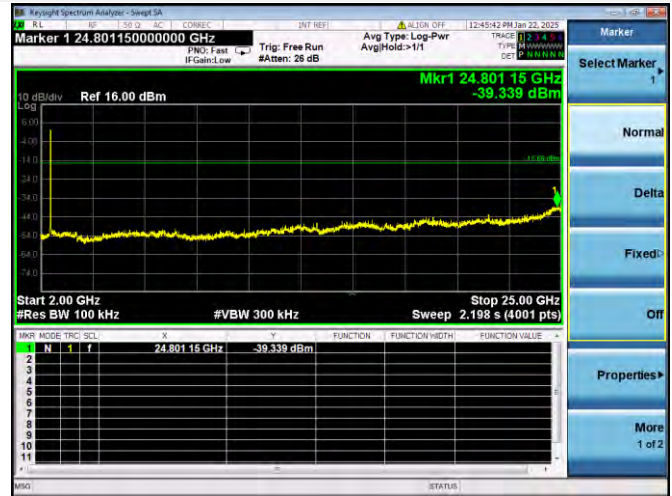
### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



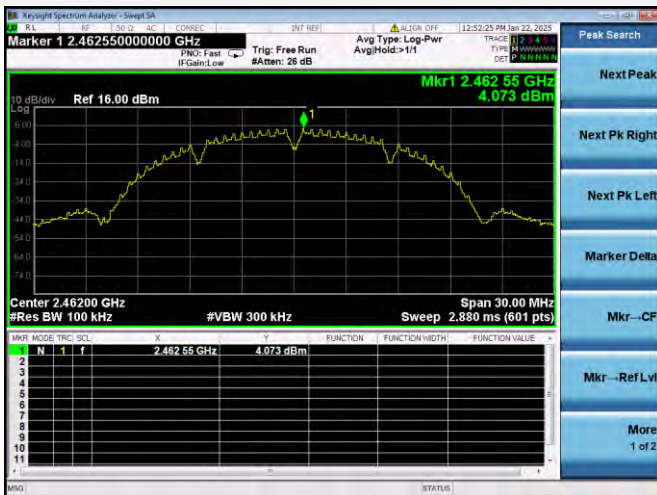
### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



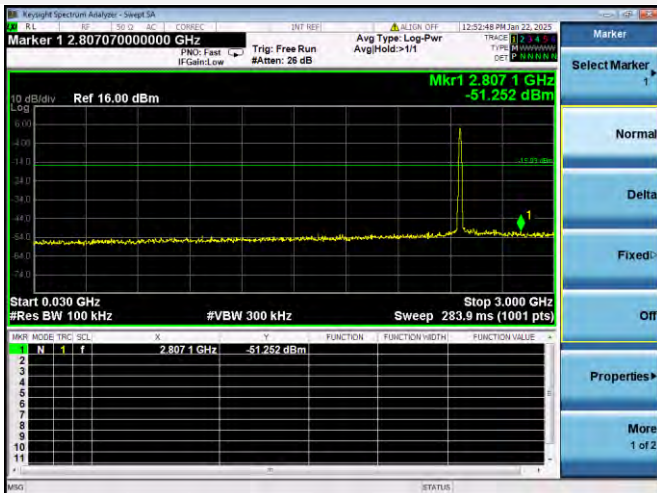
### 802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



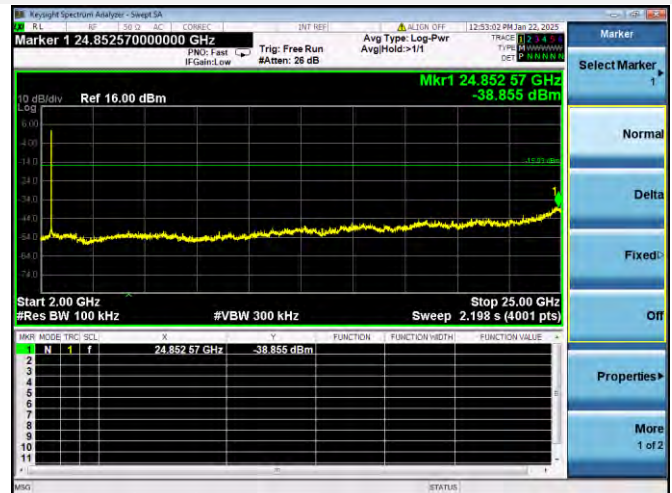
### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

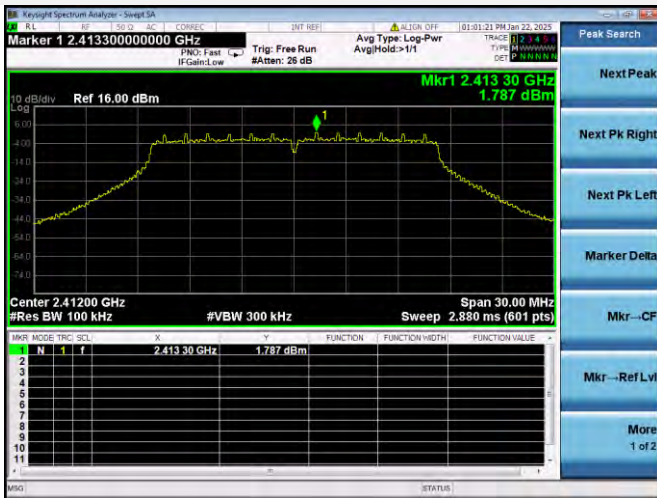


### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

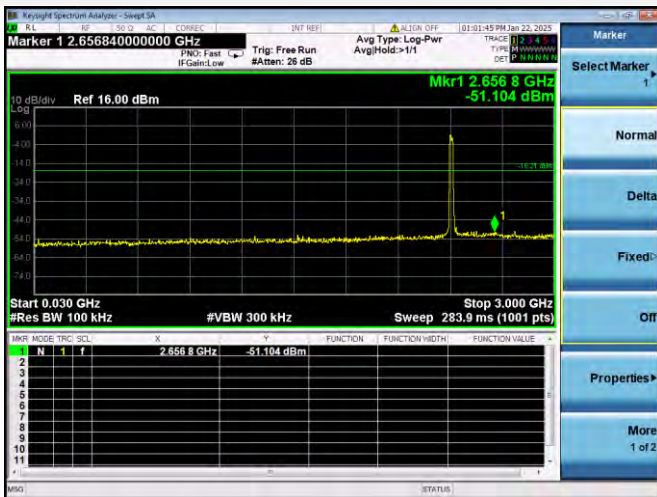




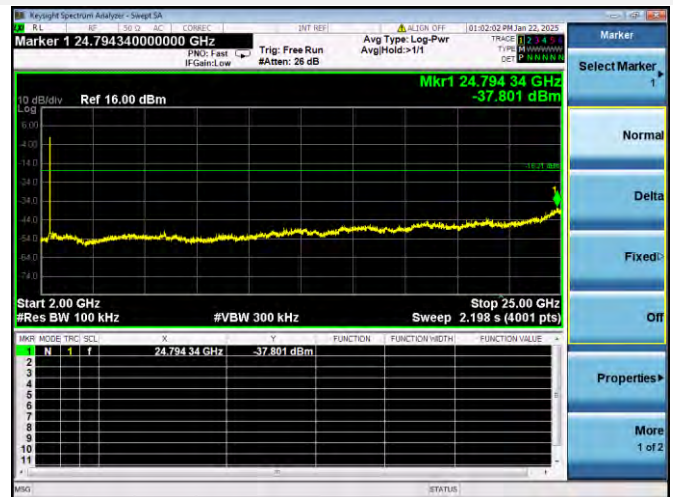
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



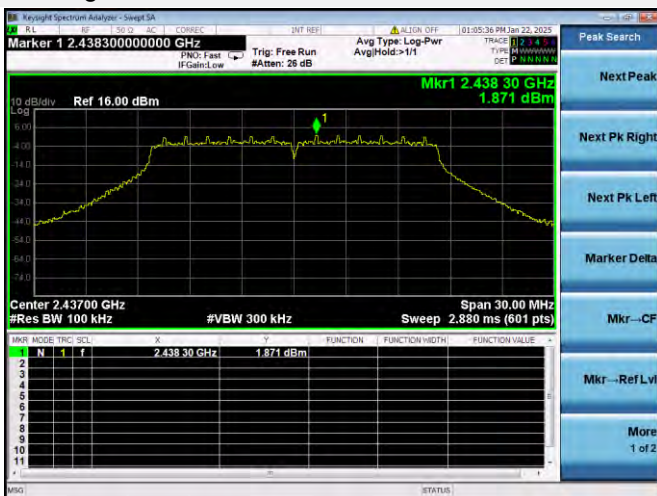
## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

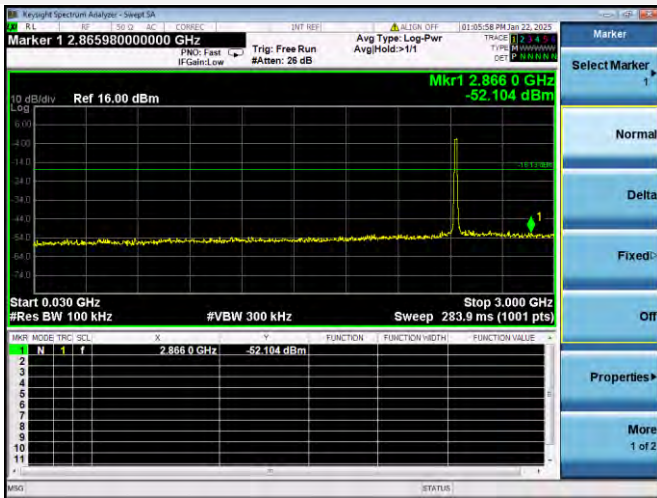


## 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

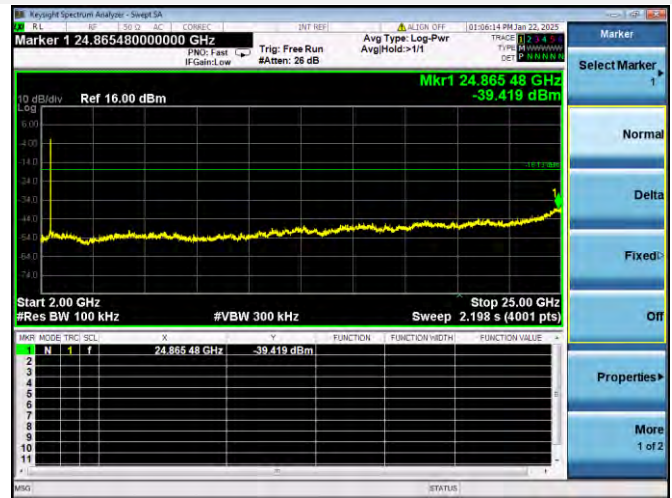




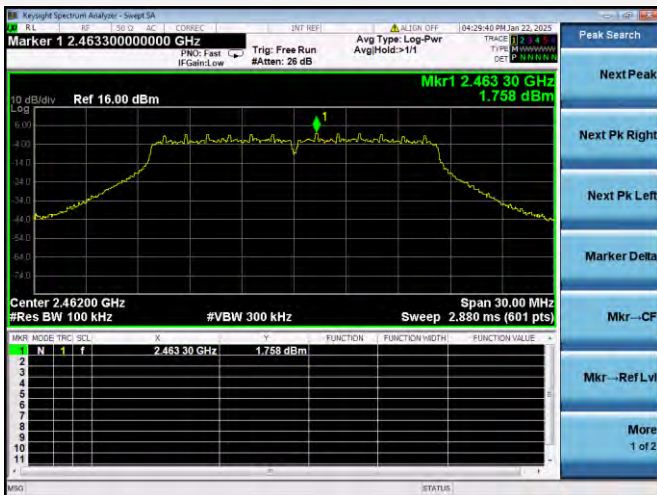
### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



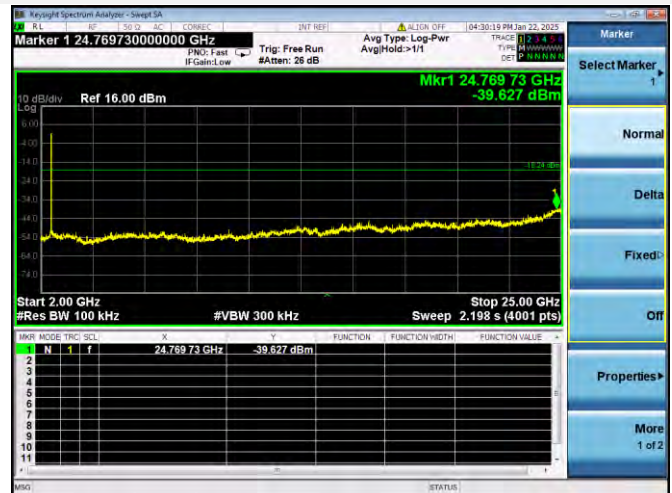
### 802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



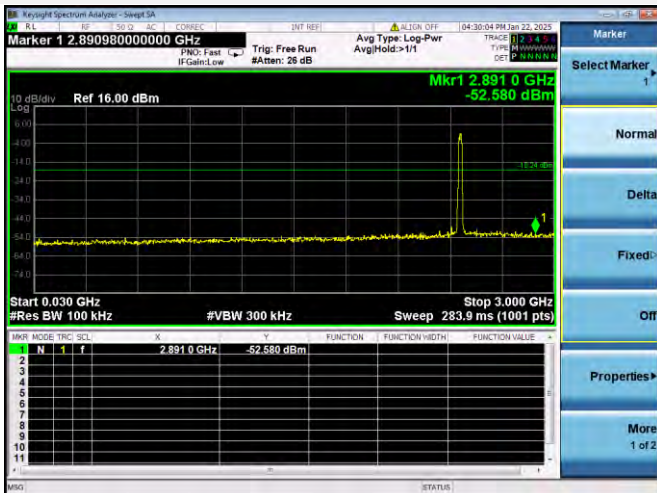
### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



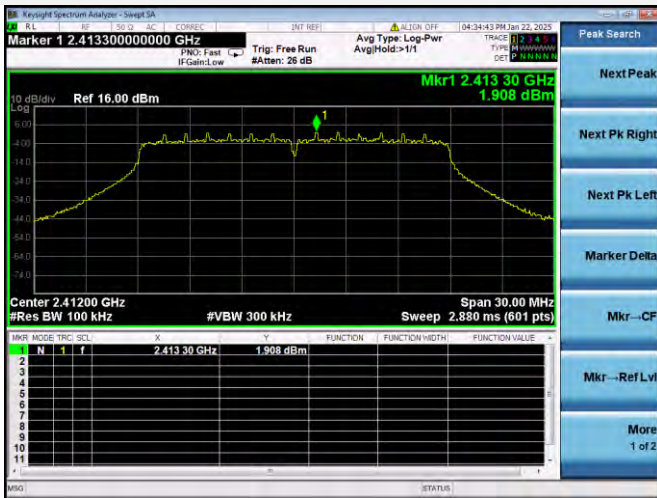
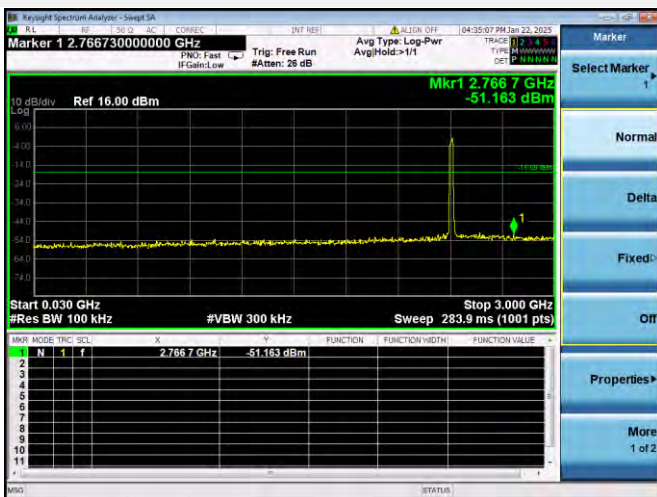
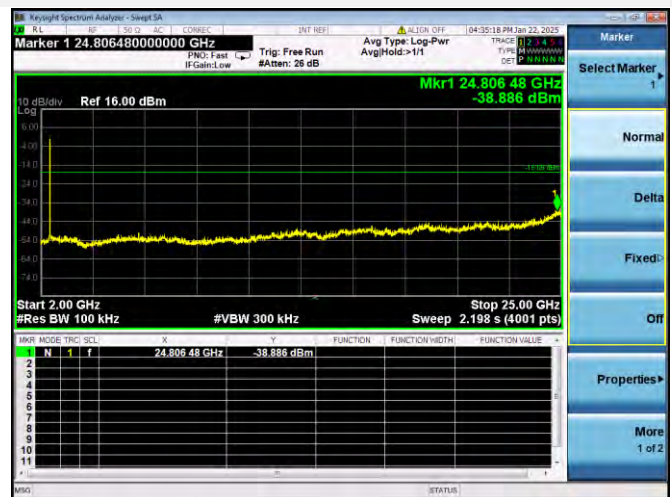
### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



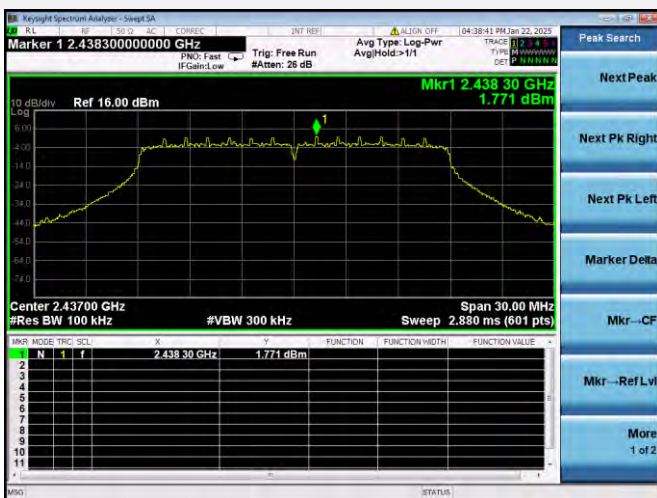
### 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

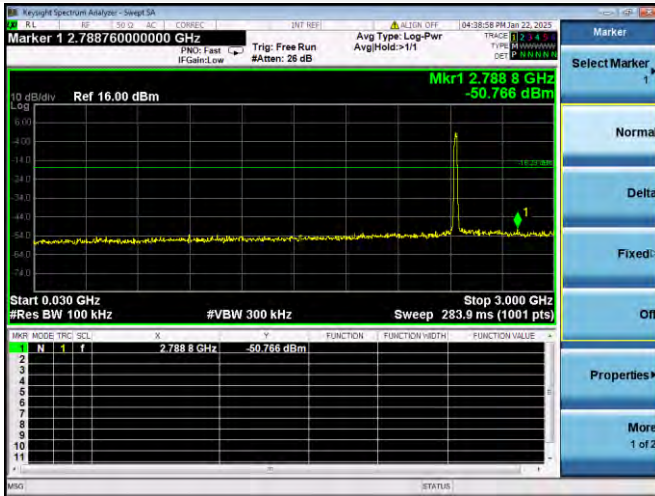
802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS  
2 GHz ~ 25 GHz

## 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

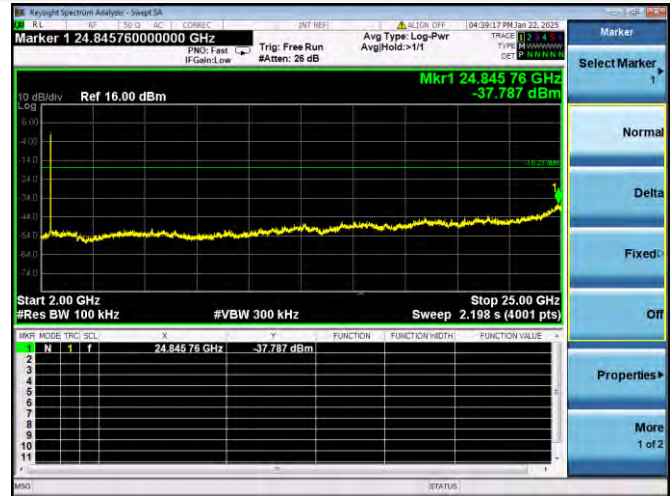




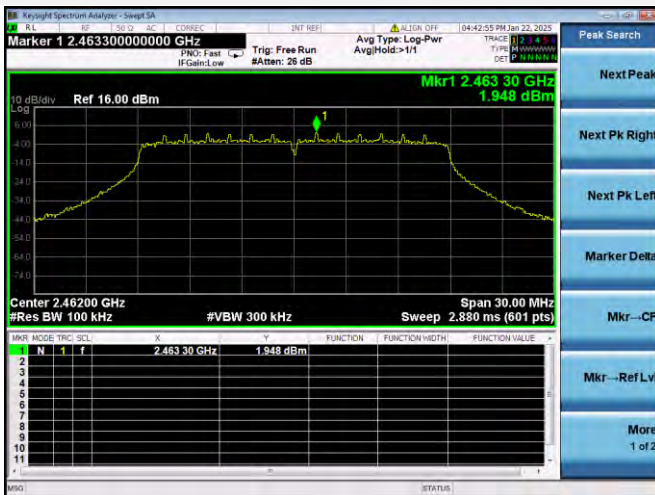
### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



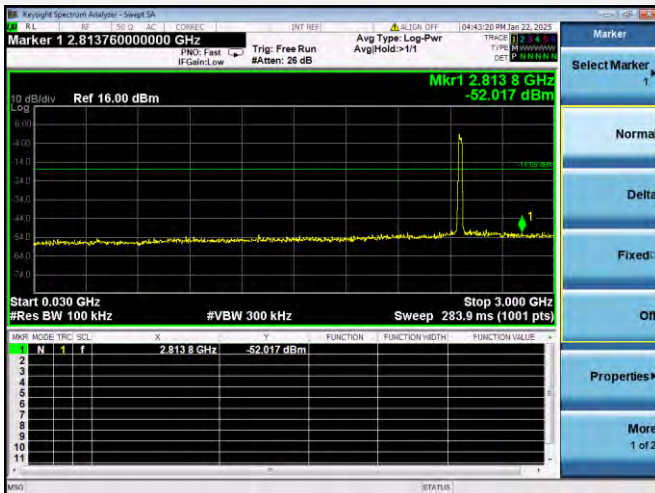
### 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



### 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



## A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band.

### Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-40.11	4.13	-15.87	Pass
High Channel	-49.20	4.07	-15.93	Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-36.85	1.79	-18.21	Pass
High Channel	-48.63	1.76	-18.24	Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Max. Band Edge Emission (dBm)	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
		Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	
Low Channel	-34.94	1.91	-18.09	Pass
High Channel	-49.27	1.95	-18.05	Pass

## Test Plots

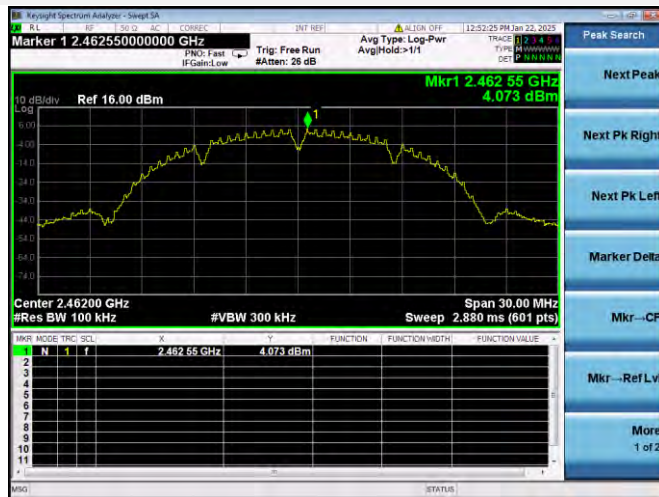
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



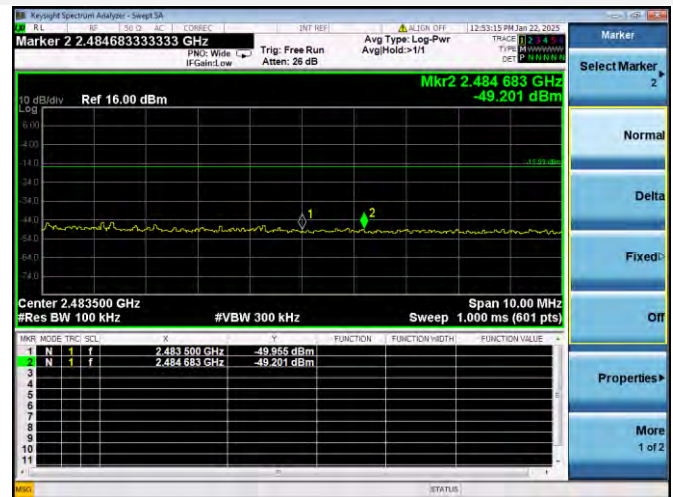
802.11b LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



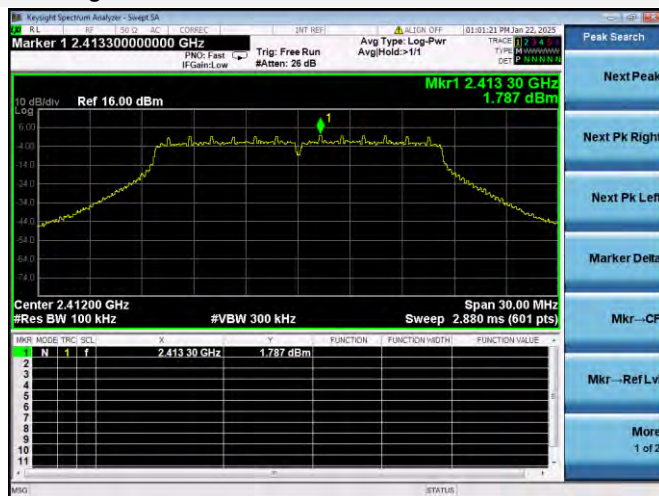
802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



802.11g LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



802.11g LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE

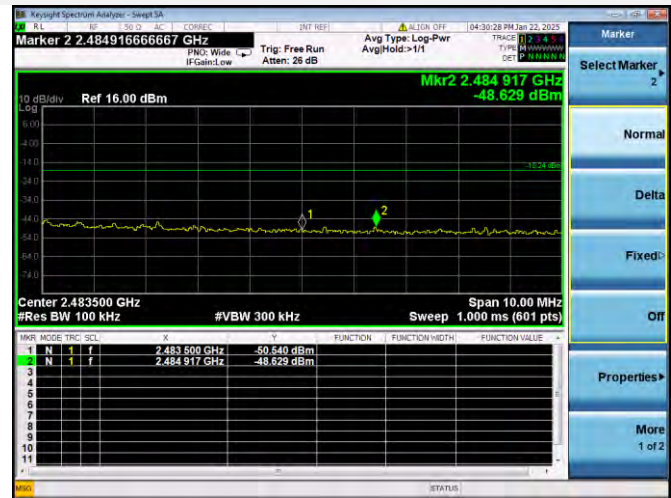




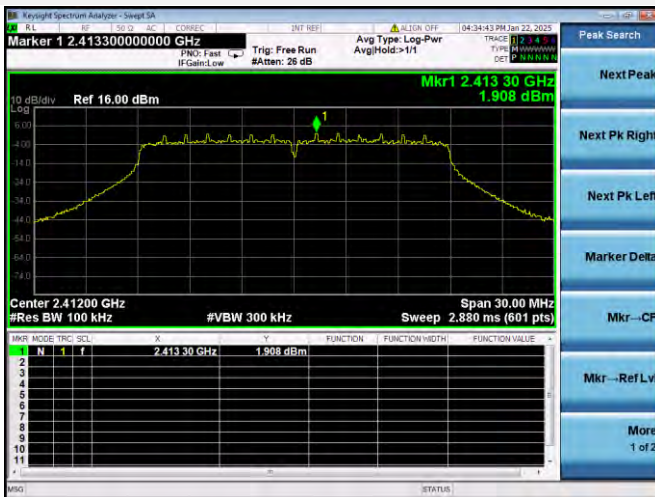
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



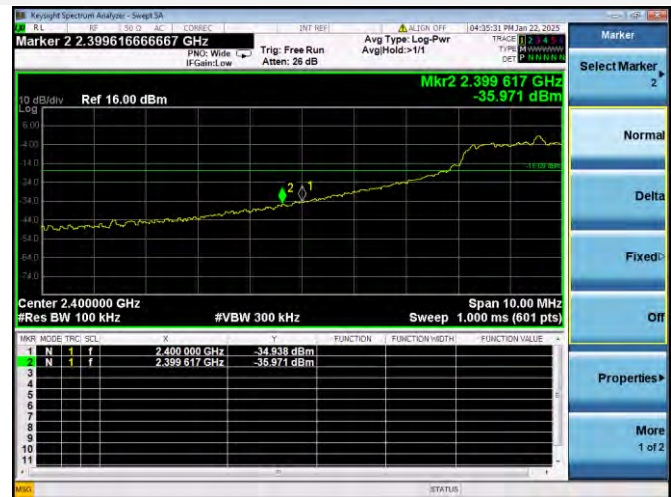
## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



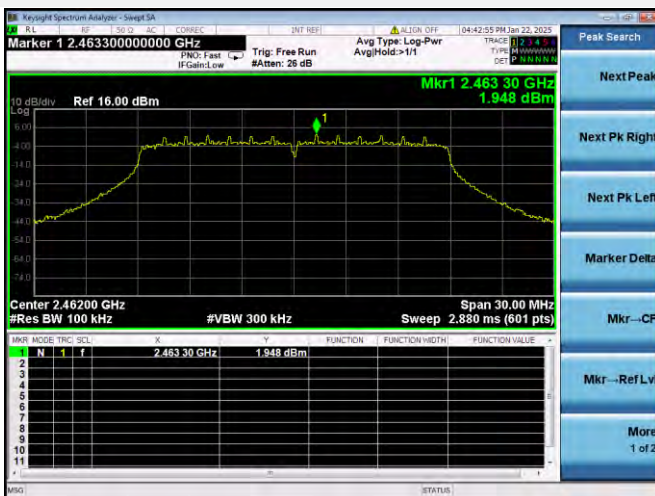
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



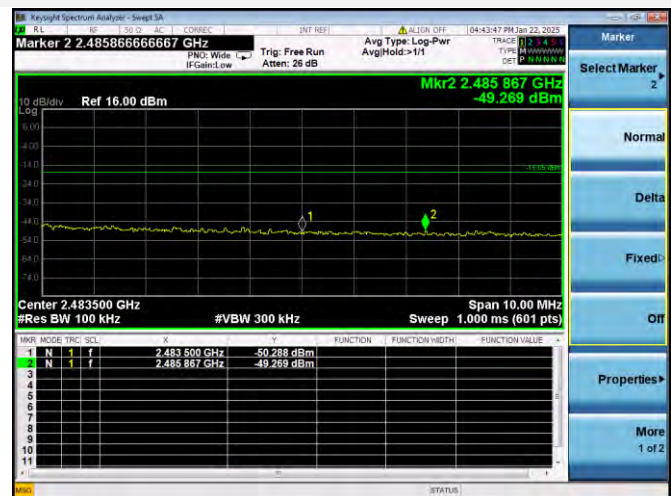
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



## A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note <sup>1</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

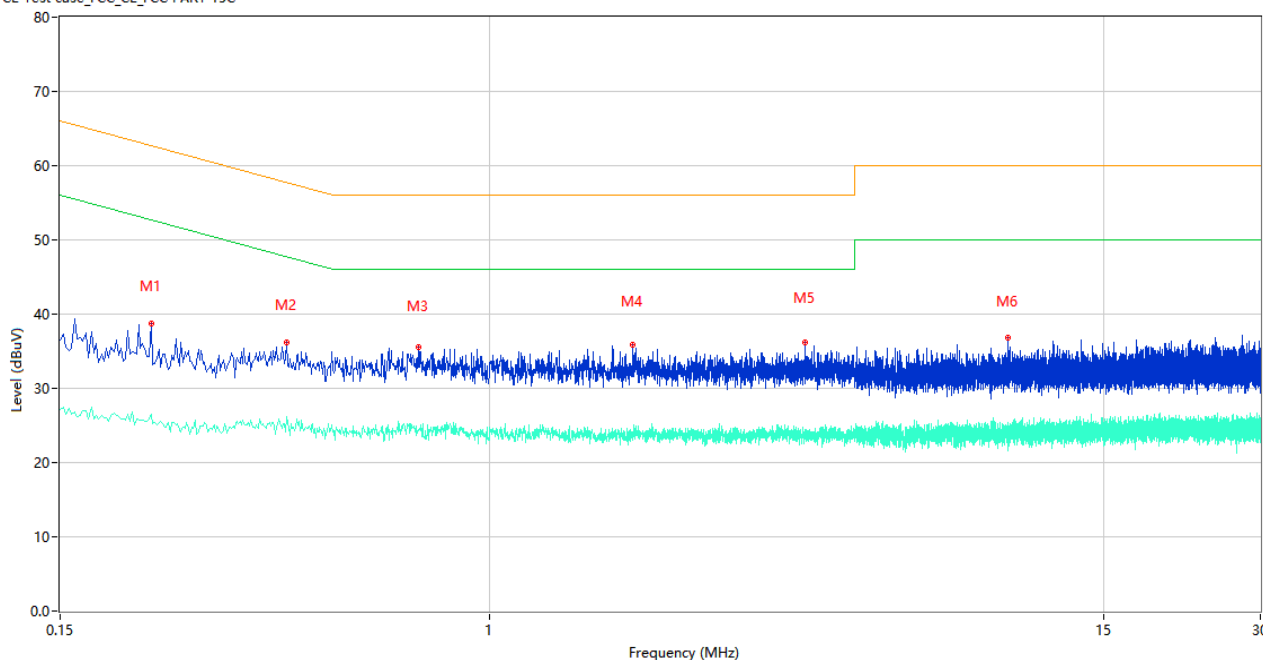
Note <sup>2</sup>: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note <sup>3</sup>: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

### Test Data and Plots

#### PHASE L

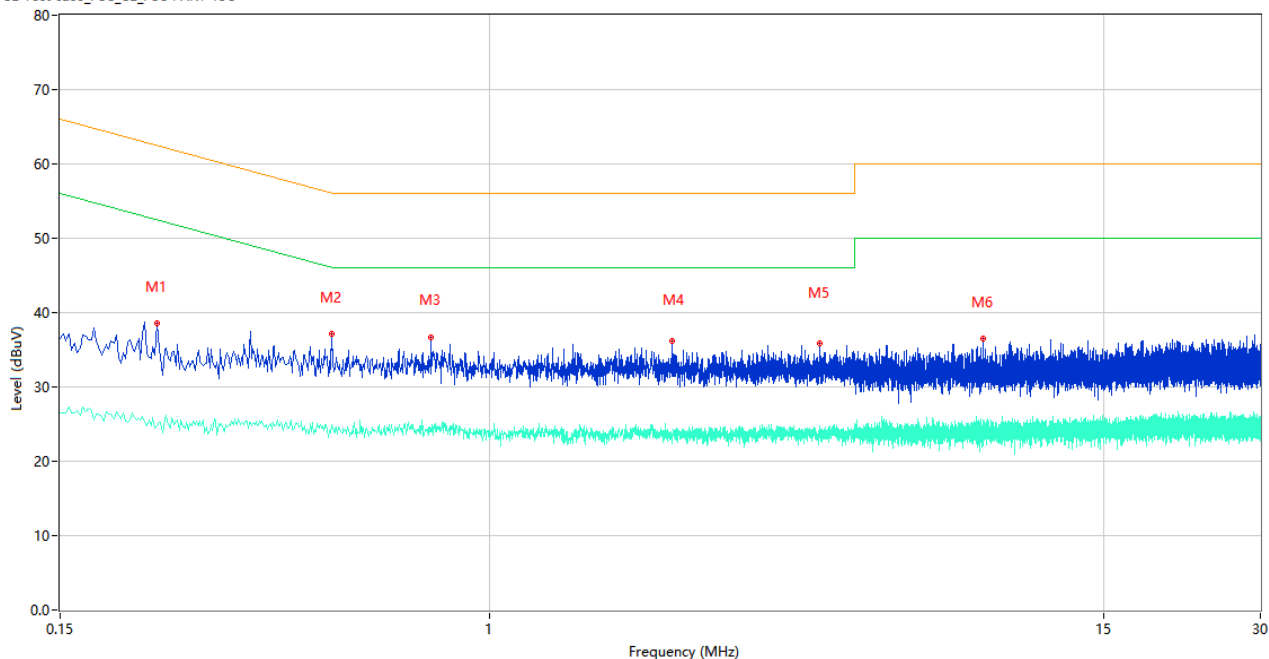
CE Test case\_FCC\_CE\_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.224	38.80	9.77	62.67	23.87	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.224	26.43	9.77	52.67	26.24	AV	L	Pass
2	0.408	36.26	10.47	57.69	21.43	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.408	26.19	10.47	47.69	21.50	AV	L	Pass
3	0.728	35.59	10.38	56.00	20.41	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.728	24.21	10.38	46.00	21.79	AV	L	Pass
4	1.882	35.85	10.54	56.00	20.15	Peak	L	Pass
4**	1.882	24.17	10.54	46.00	21.83	AV	L	Pass
5	4.030	36.16	10.22	56.00	19.84	Peak	L	Pass
5**	4.030	23.40	10.22	46.00	22.60	AV	L	Pass
6	9.832	36.80	10.33	60.00	23.20	Peak	L	Pass
6**	9.832	24.39	10.33	50.00	25.61	AV	L	Pass

## PHASE N

CE Test case\_FCC\_CE\_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.230	38.60	9.77	62.45	23.85	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.230	24.72	9.77	52.45	27.73	AV	N	Pass
2	0.498	37.08	9.98	56.03	18.95	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.498	24.85	9.98	46.03	21.18	AV	N	Pass
3	0.772	36.67	10.33	56.00	19.33	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.772	24.01	10.33	46.00	21.99	AV	N	Pass
4	2.232	36.20	10.06	56.00	19.80	Peak	N	Pass
4**	2.232	22.94	10.06	46.00	23.06	AV	N	Pass
5	4.290	35.93	10.40	56.00	20.07	Peak	N	Pass
5**	4.290	23.92	10.40	46.00	22.08	AV	N	Pass
6	8.838	36.47	10.45	60.00	23.53	Peak	N	Pass
6**	8.838	24.78	10.45	50.00	25.22	AV	N	Pass



## A.6 Radiated Emission

Note<sup>1</sup>: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note<sup>2</sup>: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

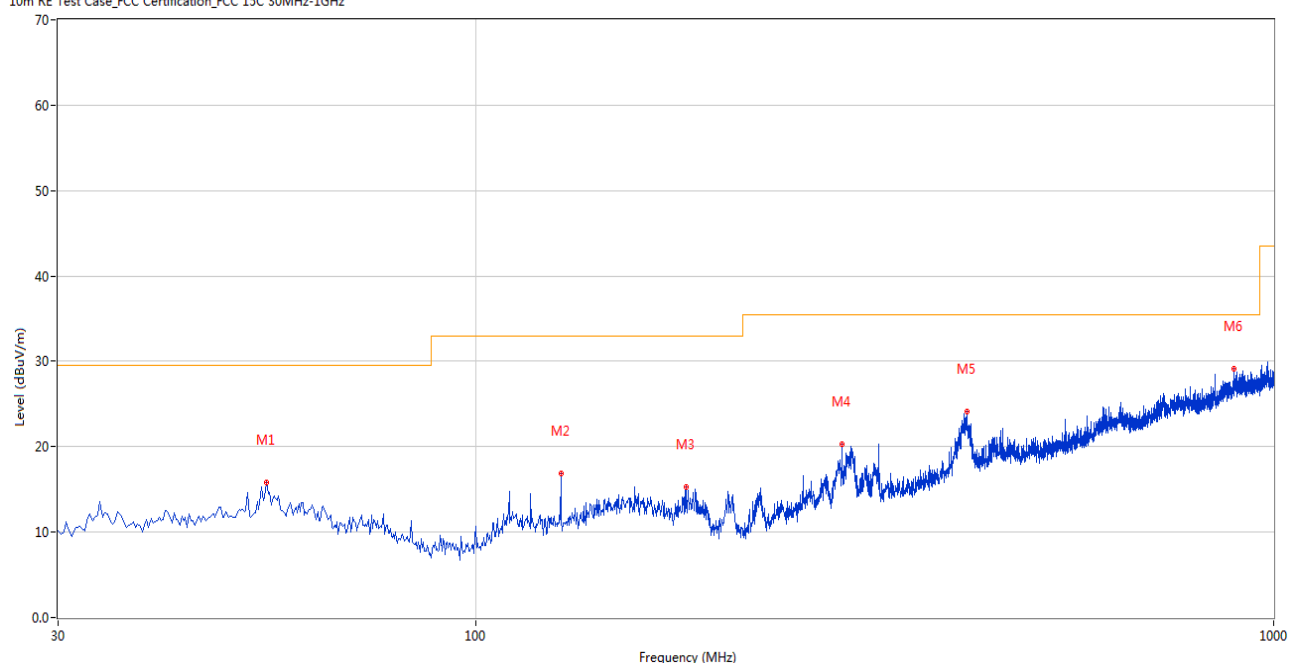
Note<sup>3</sup>: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note<sup>4</sup>: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

### Test Data and Plots

#### 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

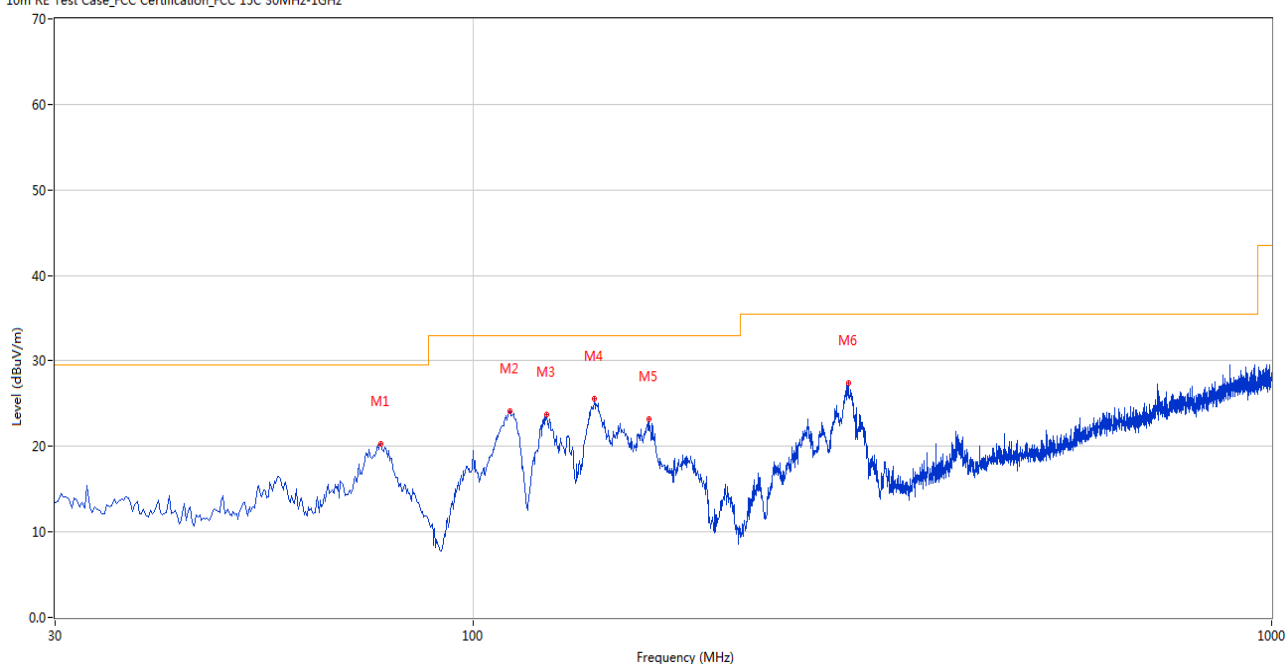
10m RE Test Case\_FCC Certification\_FCC 15C 30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	54.729	15.84	-26.12	29.5	13.66	Peak	161.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	127.946	16.93	-27.27	33.0	16.07	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	183.464	15.30	-27.50	33.0	17.70	Peak	223.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	287.956	20.31	-25.18	35.5	15.19	Peak	106.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	412.569	24.17	-21.96	35.5	11.33	Peak	288.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	892.842	29.11	-10.56	35.5	6.39	Peak	338.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

## 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

10m RE Test Case\_FCC Certification\_FCC 15C 30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBUV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBUV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	76.791	20.36	-29.64	29.5	9.14	Peak	310.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	111.217	24.16	-28.98	33.0	8.84	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3	123.582	23.74	-27.84	33.0	9.26	Peak	59.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	142.007	25.52	-26.02	33.0	7.48	Peak	34.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	166.008	23.16	-25.60	33.0	9.84	Peak	34.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	294.986	27.48	-25.07	35.5	8.02	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass

Note <sup>1</sup>: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.

#### 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1325.959	44.19	74.0	29.81	Peak	287.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1325.959	33.84	54.0	20.16	AV	287.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2993.830	50.65	74.0	23.35	Peak	321.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2993.830	41.96	54.0	12.04	AV	321.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
3	4934.340	52.18	74.0	21.82	Peak	57.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4934.340	44.38	54.0	9.62	AV	57.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6803.415	57.16	74.0	16.84	Peak	255.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6803.415	43.65	54.0	10.35	AV	255.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	13414.357	55.02	74.0	18.98	Peak	13.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13414.357	46.96	54.0	7.04	AV	13.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	17424.734	57.88	74.0	16.12	Peak	202.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17424.734	50.27	54.0	3.73	AV	202.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

#### 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.184	45.37	74.0	28.63	Peak	356.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.184	37.18	54.0	16.82	AV	356.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2979.532	49.29	74.0	24.71	Peak	47.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2**	2979.532	40.43	54.0	13.57	AV	47.00	400	Vertical	Pass
3	4855.724	51.03	74.0	22.97	Peak	250.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4855.724	40.21	54.0	13.79	AV	250.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6610.547	52.91	74.0	21.09	Peak	328.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6610.547	46.50	54.0	7.50	AV	328.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	13435.052	55.48	74.0	18.52	Peak	239.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	13435.052	45.99	54.0	8.01	AV	239.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17420.035	59.63	74.0	14.37	Peak	310.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17420.035	49.52	54.0	4.48	AV	310.00	300	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1327.579	43.03	74.0	30.97	Peak	156.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1327.579	39.25	54.0	14.75	AV	156.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2993.797	52.26	74.0	21.74	Peak	41.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2993.797	44.40	54.0	9.60	AV	41.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	4933.523	49.30	74.0	24.70	Peak	170.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4933.523	39.27	54.0	14.73	AV	170.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6805.159	54.86	74.0	19.14	Peak	324.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6805.159	41.83	54.0	12.17	AV	324.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	13409.078	56.03	74.0	17.97	Peak	351.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13409.078	47.88	54.0	6.12	AV	351.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17429.977	54.70	74.0	19.30	Peak	333.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17429.977	47.34	54.0	6.66	AV	333.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1335.306	43.05	74.0	30.95	Peak	52.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1335.306	35.42	54.0	18.58	AV	52.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2983.909	47.91	74.0	26.09	Peak	220.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2983.909	39.48	54.0	14.52	AV	220.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4850.702	48.58	74.0	25.42	Peak	250.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4850.702	42.04	54.0	11.96	AV	250.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6606.023	55.87	74.0	18.13	Peak	54.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	6606.023	46.02	54.0	7.98	AV	54.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	13434.021	54.62	74.0	19.38	Peak	113.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	13434.021	48.54	54.0	5.46	AV	113.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17413.563	55.97	74.0	18.03	Peak	258.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17413.563	47.69	54.0	6.31	AV	258.00	400	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1331.014	47.14	74.0	26.86	Peak	228.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1331.014	39.06	54.0	14.94	AV	228.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2994.884	50.41	74.0	23.59	Peak	261.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2994.884	42.18	54.0	11.82	AV	261.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
3	4936.957	49.39	74.0	24.61	Peak	300.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4936.957	40.76	54.0	13.24	AV	300.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6809.512	52.69	74.0	21.31	Peak	109.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6809.512	42.37	54.0	11.63	AV	109.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	13413.924	54.10	74.0	19.90	Peak	267.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13413.924	49.00	54.0	5.00	AV	267.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	17426.498	57.52	74.0	16.48	Peak	326.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17426.498	46.17	54.0	7.83	AV	326.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1334.669	47.21	74.0	26.79	Peak	246.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	1334.669	40.30	54.0	13.70	AV	246.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2978.236	51.02	74.0	22.98	Peak	312.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2**	2978.236	42.50	54.0	11.50	AV	312.00	300	Vertical	Pass
3	4854.132	51.71	74.0	22.29	Peak	32.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4854.132	38.91	54.0	15.09	AV	32.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6610.817	52.33	74.0	21.67	Peak	124.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6610.817	47.79	54.0	6.21	AV	124.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	13431.665	54.70	74.0	19.30	Peak	152.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	13431.665	43.73	54.0	10.27	AV	152.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	17416.280	57.40	74.0	16.60	Peak	193.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17416.280	46.08	54.0	7.92	AV	193.00	300	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1326.745	42.54	74.0	31.46	Peak	286.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1326.745	35.52	54.0	18.48	AV	286.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2994.945	48.32	74.0	25.68	Peak	11.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2994.945	39.12	54.0	14.88	AV	11.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4938.232	53.98	74.0	20.02	Peak	26.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4938.232	40.79	54.0	13.21	AV	26.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6804.075	51.72	74.0	22.28	Peak	26.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6804.075	46.43	54.0	7.57	AV	26.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	13411.027	52.62	74.0	21.38	Peak	110.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13411.027	45.52	54.0	8.48	AV	110.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	17423.329	58.68	74.0	15.32	Peak	357.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17423.329	49.29	54.0	4.71	AV	357.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1335.613	44.21	74.0	29.79	Peak	325.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1335.613	35.92	54.0	18.08	AV	325.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2983.081	50.07	74.0	23.93	Peak	197.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2**	2983.081	40.05	54.0	13.95	AV	197.00	300	Vertical	Pass
3	4857.666	48.07	74.0	25.93	Peak	235.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4857.666	41.31	54.0	12.69	AV	235.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6609.189	53.83	74.0	20.17	Peak	204.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	6609.189	46.88	54.0	7.12	AV	204.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	13434.174	56.73	74.0	17.27	Peak	348.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	13434.174	45.85	54.0	8.15	AV	348.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17419.908	55.25	74.0	18.75	Peak	115.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17419.908	47.83	54.0	6.17	AV	115.00	200	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1330.765	47.61	74.0	26.39	Peak	204.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1330.765	38.01	54.0	15.99	AV	204.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2996.068	49.40	74.0	24.60	Peak	268.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2996.068	39.66	54.0	14.34	AV	268.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	4935.191	53.78	74.0	20.22	Peak	1.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4935.191	40.49	54.0	13.51	AV	1.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6807.731	54.15	74.0	19.85	Peak	178.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6807.731	45.74	54.0	8.26	AV	178.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	13412.852	55.56	74.0	18.44	Peak	220.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13412.852	45.25	54.0	8.75	AV	220.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	17429.331	57.29	74.0	16.71	Peak	36.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17429.331	48.65	54.0	5.35	AV	36.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1334.768	46.73	74.0	27.27	Peak	155.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1334.768	37.82	54.0	16.18	AV	155.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2984.503	53.18	74.0	20.82	Peak	61.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2**	2984.503	41.75	54.0	12.25	AV	61.00	300	Vertical	Pass
3	4851.429	51.43	74.0	22.57	Peak	208.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4851.429	37.96	54.0	16.04	AV	208.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6610.577	55.48	74.0	18.52	Peak	75.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	6610.577	44.82	54.0	9.18	AV	75.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	13438.024	55.75	74.0	18.25	Peak	136.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	13438.024	45.81	54.0	8.19	AV	136.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17420.332	55.69	74.0	18.31	Peak	115.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17420.332	45.31	54.0	8.69	AV	115.00	400	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1327.731	45.80	74.0	28.20	Peak	294.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1327.731	38.23	54.0	15.77	AV	294.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2993.260	51.04	74.0	22.96	Peak	83.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2993.260	40.54	54.0	13.46	AV	83.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
3	4932.554	51.67	74.0	22.33	Peak	201.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4932.554	44.24	54.0	9.76	AV	201.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6805.627	53.23	74.0	20.77	Peak	122.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6805.627	45.24	54.0	8.76	AV	122.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	13415.182	56.69	74.0	17.31	Peak	179.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13415.182	43.95	54.0	10.05	AV	179.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6	17425.181	57.37	74.0	16.63	Peak	176.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17425.181	47.34	54.0	6.66	AV	176.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1331.482	42.29	74.0	31.71	Peak	339.00	300	Vertical	Pass
1**	1331.482	40.51	54.0	13.49	AV	339.00	300	Vertical	Pass
2	2981.606	50.49	74.0	23.51	Peak	204.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2981.606	44.04	54.0	9.96	AV	204.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4856.925	49.06	74.0	24.94	Peak	138.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4856.925	40.92	54.0	13.08	AV	138.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6608.311	54.82	74.0	19.18	Peak	218.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6608.311	45.65	54.0	8.35	AV	218.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13434.968	56.93	74.0	17.07	Peak	187.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	13434.968	44.36	54.0	9.64	AV	187.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17414.548	55.40	74.0	18.60	Peak	323.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17414.548	47.73	54.0	6.27	AV	323.00	400	Vertical	Pass



## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1333.109	46.87	74.0	27.13	Peak	277.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1333.109	35.35	54.0	18.65	AV	277.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2995.609	52.35	74.0	21.65	Peak	34.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2995.609	39.75	54.0	14.25	AV	34.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
3	4932.772	49.43	74.0	24.57	Peak	354.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4932.772	42.70	54.0	11.30	AV	354.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6803.576	52.70	74.0	21.30	Peak	274.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6803.576	43.97	54.0	10.03	AV	274.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5	13410.709	58.41	74.0	15.59	Peak	55.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13410.709	45.07	54.0	8.93	AV	55.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	17428.076	55.98	74.0	18.02	Peak	7.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17428.076	45.71	54.0	8.29	AV	7.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1334.482	47.11	74.0	26.89	Peak	207.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1334.482	40.54	54.0	13.46	AV	207.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2981.776	50.22	74.0	23.78	Peak	200.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2**	2981.776	42.72	54.0	11.28	AV	200.00	400	Vertical	Pass
3	4851.485	51.23	74.0	22.77	Peak	166.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4851.485	41.46	54.0	12.54	AV	166.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6608.020	53.21	74.0	20.79	Peak	257.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6608.020	42.31	54.0	11.69	AV	257.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13433.284	54.90	74.0	19.10	Peak	164.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	13433.284	48.47	54.0	5.53	AV	164.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17416.229	55.73	74.0	18.27	Peak	181.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	17416.229	47.61	54.0	6.39	AV	181.00	100	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.757	43.88	74.0	30.12	Peak	263.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1329.757	37.57	54.0	16.43	AV	263.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2999.873	51.90	74.0	22.10	Peak	273.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2999.873	39.17	54.0	14.83	AV	273.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4936.228	52.49	74.0	21.51	Peak	318.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4936.228	44.08	54.0	9.92	AV	318.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6810.983	53.64	74.0	20.36	Peak	191.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6810.983	42.12	54.0	11.88	AV	191.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	13409.992	56.47	74.0	17.53	Peak	115.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13409.992	45.25	54.0	8.75	AV	115.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	17427.971	58.09	74.0	15.91	Peak	31.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17427.971	44.78	54.0	9.22	AV	31.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Middle Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1331.778	46.96	74.0	27.04	Peak	352.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1331.778	38.97	54.0	15.03	AV	352.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2978.594	53.20	74.0	20.80	Peak	158.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2978.594	40.14	54.0	13.86	AV	158.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4856.159	48.22	74.0	25.78	Peak	356.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4856.159	38.02	54.0	15.98	AV	356.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6606.559	53.67	74.0	20.33	Peak	259.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6606.559	44.17	54.0	9.83	AV	259.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13435.271	53.16	74.0	20.84	Peak	92.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5**	13435.271	46.35	54.0	7.65	AV	92.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6	17413.553	58.92	74.0	15.08	Peak	159.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17413.553	44.80	54.0	9.20	AV	159.00	400	Vertical	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1333.579	47.07	74.0	26.93	Peak	9.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1333.579	37.16	54.0	16.84	AV	9.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2997.175	48.34	74.0	25.66	Peak	5.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2997.175	38.55	54.0	15.45	AV	5.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	4933.004	52.12	74.0	21.88	Peak	76.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4933.004	40.55	54.0	13.45	AV	76.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	6805.311	55.17	74.0	18.83	Peak	145.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	6805.311	45.89	54.0	8.11	AV	145.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	13415.194	53.10	74.0	20.90	Peak	341.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	13415.194	49.07	54.0	4.93	AV	341.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	17428.413	54.34	74.0	19.66	Peak	276.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17428.413	49.79	54.0	4.21	AV	276.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

## 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1330.365	46.48	74.0	27.52	Peak	297.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1330.365	36.39	54.0	17.61	AV	297.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2981.875	52.57	74.0	21.43	Peak	257.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2**	2981.875	42.79	54.0	11.21	AV	257.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	4855.702	49.91	74.0	24.09	Peak	177.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4855.702	43.35	54.0	10.65	AV	177.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	6610.310	53.17	74.0	20.83	Peak	86.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	6610.310	46.63	54.0	7.37	AV	86.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	13438.542	55.75	74.0	18.25	Peak	339.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	13438.542	45.07	54.0	8.93	AV	339.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17418.853	56.57	74.0	17.43	Peak	317.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17418.853	48.00	54.0	6.00	AV	317.00	200	Vertical	Pass

## A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note <sup>1</sup>: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note <sup>2</sup>: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note <sup>3</sup>: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

### Test Data

#### 802.11b LOW CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2385.518	56.63	74.0	17.37	Peak	214.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2385.518	46.36	54.0	7.64	AV	214.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2390.000	57.17	74.0	16.83	Peak	347.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2390.000	45.79	54.0	8.21	AV	347.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

#### 802.11b HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	56.85	74.0	17.15	Peak	211.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	47.97	54.0	6.03	AV	211.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2486.596	60.06	74.0	13.94	Peak	282.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2486.596	45.87	54.0	8.13	AV	282.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 802.11g LOW CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2384.588	59.19	74.0	14.81	Peak	331.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2384.588	48.01	54.0	5.99	AV	331.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2390.000	55.24	74.0	18.76	Peak	52.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2390.000	44.23	54.0	9.77	AV	52.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

## 802.11g HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	55.87	74.0	18.13	Peak	173.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	44.32	54.0	9.68	AV	173.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2486.939	58.95	74.0	15.05	Peak	120.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2486.939	45.22	54.0	8.78	AV	120.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

## 802.11n20 LOW CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2385.443	56.91	74.0	17.09	Peak	36.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2385.443	48.75	54.0	5.25	AV	36.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
2	2390.000	56.08	74.0	17.92	Peak	25.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2390.000	46.36	54.0	7.64	AV	25.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

## 802.11n20 HIGH CHANNEL

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	54.38	74.0	19.62	Peak	50.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	46.23	54.0	7.77	AV	50.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2486.233	56.66	74.0	17.34	Peak	40.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2486.233	46.87	54.0	7.13	AV	40.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

## A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

### Test Data

#### 802.11b Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-11.38	8
Middle	-9.91	8
High	-9.96	8

#### 802.11g Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-12.40	8
Middle	-12.37	8
High	-12.32	8

#### 802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	-12.63	8
Middle	-13.64	8
High	-13.31	8

## Test Plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



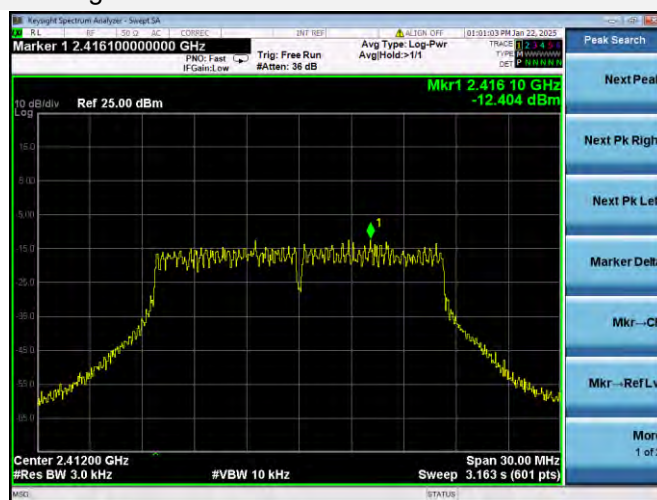
802.11b MIDDLE CHANNEL



802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



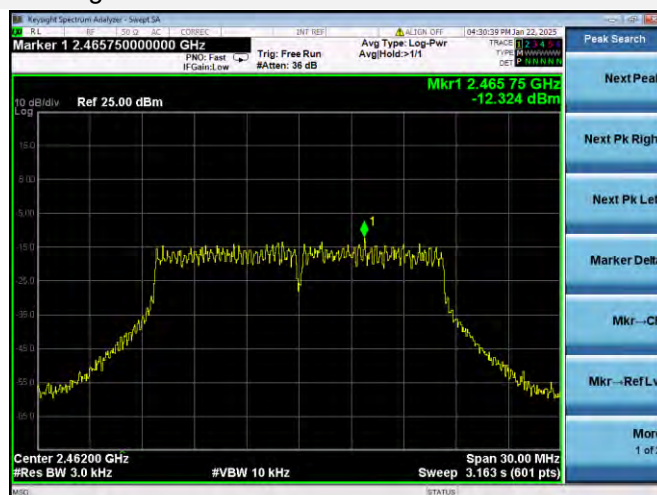
802.11g LOW CHANNEL



802.11g MIDDLE CHANNEL

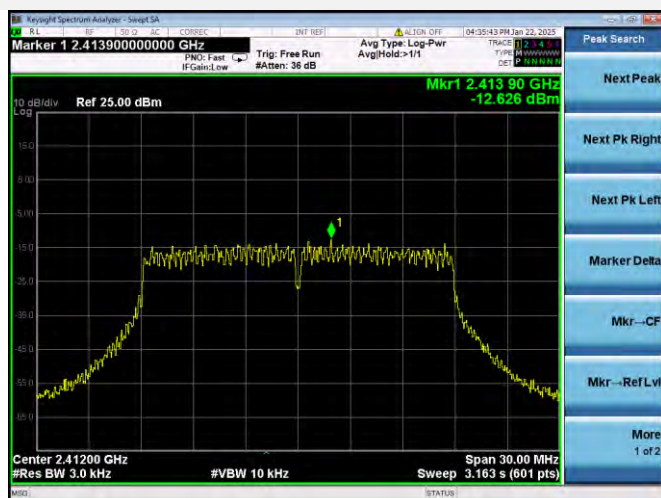


802.11g HIGH CHANNEL





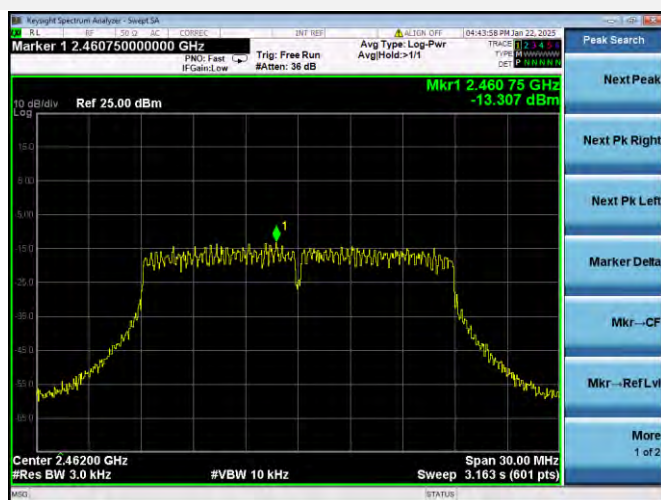
## 802.11n-20 MHz LOW CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz MIDDLE CHANNEL



## 802.11n-20 MHz HIGH CHANNEL





## **ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2480804-AR.PDF”.

## **ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2480804-AW.PDF”.

## **ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS**

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2480804-AI.PDF”.

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