



FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Report No.: STS2207019H01

Issued for

Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park,
Bantian St, Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Product Name: | Baby Monitor |
| Brand Name: | N/A |
| Model Name: | SM35RX |
| Series Model: | SM35,SM935E,SM935ERX,SM935A,SM935ARX,SM35PTZ,SM35PTZRX,SM935C,SM935CRX,SM935M,SM935MRX,SM935G,SM935GRX,SM935J,SM935JRX,SM936,SM936A,SM936ARX,SM936E,SM936ERX,SM936C,SM936CRX,SM936M,SM936MRX,SM936G,SM936GRX,SM96J,SM936JRX |
| FCC ID: | 2AZBU-SM35RX |
| Test Standard: | ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1 |
| | FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) |
| | IEEE 1528: 2013 |
| Max. Report SAR (1g): | Body: 0.297 W/kg |

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Test Report Certification

Applicant's name..... Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address..... 4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St,
Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer's Name..... Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address..... 4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St,
Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China

Product description

Product name..... Baby Monitor
Brand name N/A
Model name SM35RX
Series Model SM35, SM935E, SM935ERX, SM935A, SM935ARX, SM35PTZ, SM35PTZRX,
SM935C, SM935CRX, SM935M, SM935MRX, SM935G, SM935GRX,
SM935J, SM935JRX, SM936, SM936A, SM936ARX, SM936E,
SM936ERX, SM936C, SM936CRX, SM936M, SM936MRX,
SM936G, SM936GRX, SM96J, SM936JRX
ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992
Standards..... FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
IEEE 1528: 2013

The device was tested by Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd. in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in KDB 865664 The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Date of Test.....

Date (s) of performance of tests 08 July 2022

Date of Issue 08 July 2022

Test Result **Pass**

Testing Engineer :

(Shifan. Long)

Technical Manager :

(Sean she)

Authorized Signatory :

(Bovey Yang)





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**Revision History**

| Rev. | Issue Date | Report No. | Effect Page | Contents |
|------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 00 | 08 July 2022 | STS2207019H01 | ALL | Initial Issue |
| | | | | |





1. General Information

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

1.1 EUT Description

| | | | |
|---|---|------|------------------|
| Product Name | Baby Monitor | | |
| Brand Name | N/A | | |
| Model Name | SM35RX | | |
| Series Model | SM35,SM935E,SM935ERX,SM935A,SM935ARX,SM35PTZ,SM35PTZRX,SM935C,SM935CRX,SM935M,SM935MRX,SM935G,SM935GRX,SM935J,SM935JRX,SM936,SM936A,SM936ARX,SM936E,SM936ERX,SM936C,SM936CRX,SM936M,SM936MRX,SM936G,SM936GRX,SM96J,SM936JRX | | |
| Model Difference | Their electrical circuit design, layout, components used and internal wiring are identical, only the model is different. | | |
| Battery | DC 3.7V 1200mAh | | |
| Device Category | Portable | | |
| Product stage | Production unit | | |
| RF Exposure Environment | General Population / Uncontrolled | | |
| Hardware Version | N/A | | |
| Software Version | N/A | | |
| Frequency Range | 2.4G: 2410.875 MHz ~ 2471.625 MHz | | |
| Max. Reported SAR(1g): (Limit:1.6W/kg) | Band | Mode | Body Worn (W/kg) |
| | 2.4G | GFSK | 0.297 |
| FCC Equipment Class | Digital Transmission System (DTS) | | |
| Operating Mode: | GFSK | | |
| Antenna Specification: | built in metal antenna | | |
| DTM Mode | Not Support | | |
| Note: 1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power | | | |



1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the SAR laboratory:

| Items | Required |
|------------------|----------|
| Temperature (°C) | 18-25 |
| Humidity (%RH) | 30-70 |

1.3 Test Factory

ShenZhen STS Test Services Co.,Ltd.

A 1/F, Building B, Zhuoke Science Park, No.190 Chongqing Road, HepingShequ, Fuyong Sub-District, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guang Dong, China

FCC test Firm Registration No.: 625569

IC Registration No.: 12108A

A2LA Certificate No.: 4338.01





2. Test Standards and Limits

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|-----|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | 47 CFR Part 2 | Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations |
| 2 | ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz |
| 3 | IEEE Std. 1528-2013 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| 4 | FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01 | RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices |
| 5 | FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
| 6 | FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 | RF Exposure Reporting |
| 7 | FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03 | SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets |

(A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.4 | 8.0 | 20.0 |

(B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

| Whole-Body | Partial-Body | Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 0.08 | 1.6 | 4.0 |

NOTE: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

NOTE

GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

PARTIAL BODY LIMIT

1.6 W/kg

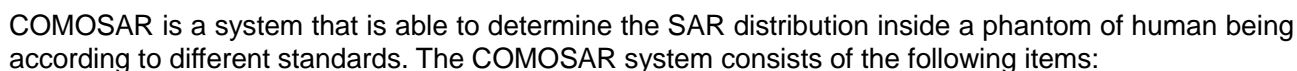
3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,
 ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

MVG SAR System Diagram:



- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The Open SAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

3.2.1 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 07/21 EPG0352 with following specifications is used

- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 2 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter: 2.5 mm
- Distance between dipole/probe extremity: 1 mm
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe linearity: 3%
- Axial Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.10 dB
- Calibration range: 150 MHz to 6 GHz for head & body simulating liquid.
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



Figure 1-MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

3.2.2 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

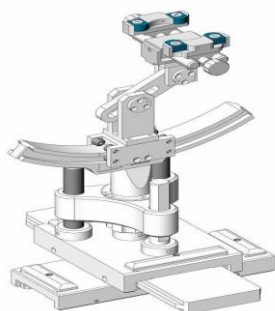
SN 32/14 SAM115



Figure-SN 21/21 ELLI48



3.2.3 Device Holder



The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



4. Tissue Simulating Liquids

4.1 Simulating Liquids Parameter Check

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Head Tissue

| Frequency (MHz) | cellulose % | DGBE % | HEC % | NaCl % | Preventol % | Sugar % | X100 % | Water % | Conductivity σ | Permittivity ϵ_r |
|-----------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 750 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.0 | / | 41.1 | 0.89 | 41.9 |
| 835 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.9 | / | 40.3 | 0.90 | 41.5 |
| 900 | 0.2 | / | / | 1.4 | 0.2 | 57.9 | / | 40.3 | 0.97 | 41.5 |
| 1800 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | 30.45 | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 1900 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | 30.45 | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 2000 | / | 44.5 | / | 0.3 | / | / | / | 55.2 | 1.4 | 40.0 |
| 2450 | / | 44.9 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 55.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 |
| 2600 | / | 45.0 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 54.9 | 1.96 | 39.0 |

Body Tissue

| Frequency (MHz) | cellulose % | DGBE % | HEC % | NaCl % | Preventol % | Sugar % | X100 % | Water % | Conductivity σ | Permittivity ϵ_r |
|-----------------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 750 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 47.2 | / | 51.7 | 0.96 | 55.5 |
| 835 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 48.2 | / | 50.8 | 0.97 | 55.2 |
| 900 | 0.2 | / | / | 0.9 | 0.1 | 48.2 | / | 50.8 | 1.05 | 55.0 |
| 1800 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | 30.45 | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 1900 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | 30.45 | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2000 | / | 29.4 | / | 0.4 | / | / | / | 70.2 | 1.52 | 53.3 |
| 2450 | / | 31.3 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 68.6 | 1.95 | 52.7 |
| 2600 | / | 31.7 | / | 0.1 | / | / | / | 68.2 | 2.16 | 52.3 |

| Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms | | | | |
|---|--------------|------|-----------------|------|
| Frequency | ϵ_r | | σ S/m | |
| | Head | Body | Head | Body |
| 300 | 45.3 | 58.2 | 0.87 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 56.7 | 0.87 | 0.94 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 55.0 | 0.97 | 1.05 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 54.0 | 1.20 | 1.30 |
| 1800 | 40.0 | 53.3 | 1.40 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 52.7 | 1.80 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 52.0 | 2.40 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 48.2 | 5.27 | 6.00 |

**LIQUID MEASUREMENT RESULTS**

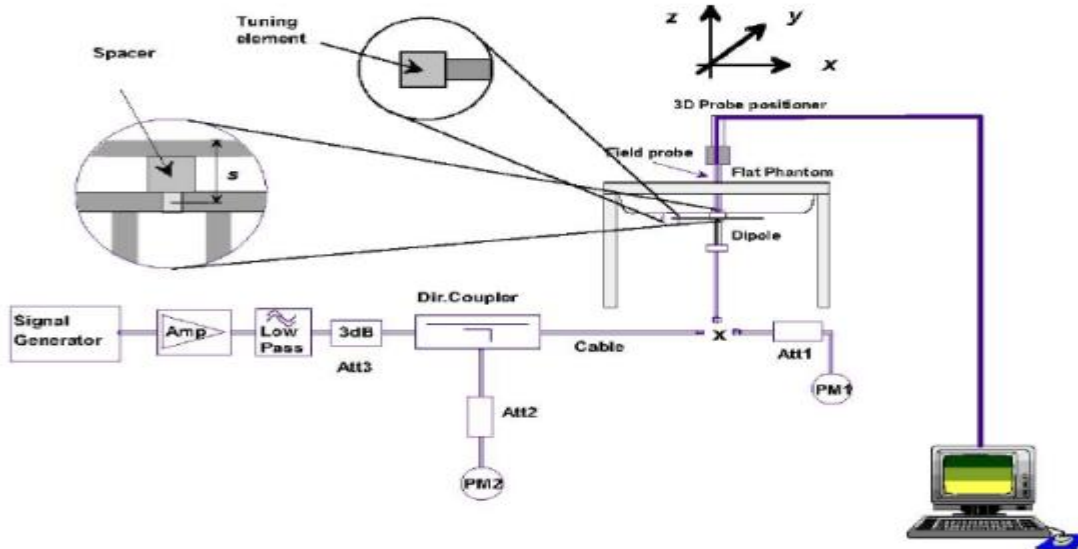
| Date | Ambient | | Simulating Liquid | | Parameters | Target | Measured | Deviation % | Limited % |
|------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|--------------|--------|----------|----------------|--------------|
| | Temp. [°C] | Humidity % | Frequency | Temp. [°C] | | | | | |
| 2022-07-08 | 20.2 | 55 | 2410.875 MHz | 20.0 | Permittivity | 39.27 | 38.37 | -2.29 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.77 | 1.75 | -1.13 | ±5 |
| 2022-07-08 | 20.3 | 59 | 2441.250 MHz | 20.1 | Permittivity | 39.21 | 39.46 | 0.64 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.79 | 1.78 | -0.56 | ±5 |
| 2022-07-08 | 20.3 | 45 | 2450 MHz | 20.0 | Permittivity | 39.2 | 39.29 | 0.23 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.80 | 1.81 | 0.56 | ±5 |
| 2022-07-08 | 20.4 | 41 | 2471.625 MHz | 20.1 | Permittivity | 39.17 | 39.01 | -0.41 | ±5 |
| | | | | | Conductivity | 1.82 | 1.81 | -0.55 | ±5 |

5. SAR System Validation

5.1 Validation System

Each MVG system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the MVG software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system validation setup is shown as below.



5.2 Validation Result

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

| Date | Freq. | Power | Tested Value | Normalized SAR | Target SAR | Tolerance | Limit |
|------------|-------|-------|--------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | (MHz) | (mW) | (W/Kg) | (W/kg) | 1g(W/kg) | (%) | (%) |
| 2022-07-08 | 2450 | 100 | 5.438 | 54.38 | 52.40 | 3.78 | 10 |

Note:

1. The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.
2. The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
3. The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



6. SAR Evaluation Procedures

The procedure for assessing the average SAR value consists of the following steps:

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

➤ Area Scan& Zoom Scan

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

7. EUT Antenna Location Sketch

It is a Baby Monitor, support 2.4G mode.

Transmitter Antenna



Antenna Separation Distance(cm)

| ANT | Back Side | Front Side | Left Side | Right Side | Top Side | Bottom Side |
|------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|
| 2.4G | ≤0.5 | ≤0.5 | 1.8 | 8.2 | ≤0.5 | 8.3 |

Note 1: The antenna information refer the manufacturer provide report, applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.



7.1 SAR test exclusion consider table

The 2.4G SAR evaluation of Maximum power (dBm) summing tolerance.

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Exposure Position | Wireless Interface | 2.4G |
| | Calculated Frequency(GHz) | 2.410875 |
| | Maximum Turn-up power (dBm) | 14.5 |
| | Maximum rated power(mW) | 28.18 |
| Back Side | Separation distance (cm) | ≤0.5 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 2.78 |
| | Testing required? | YES |
| Front Side | Separation distance (cm) | ≤0.5 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 2.78 |
| | Testing required? | YES |
| Left Side | Separation distance (cm) | 1.8 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 31.64 |
| | Testing required? | NO |
| Right Side | Separation distance (cm) | 8.2 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 563.03 |
| | Testing required? | NO |
| Top Side | Separation distance (cm) | ≤0.5 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 2.78 |
| | Testing required? | YES |
| Bottom Side | Separation distance (cm) | 8.3 |
| | exclusion threshold(mW) | 576.14 |
| | Testing required? | NO |

Note:

1. maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
2. Per KDB 447498 D04, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.



3. Per KDB 447498 D04, if the maximum time-averaged power available does not exceed 1 mW. This stand-alone SAR exemption test.
4. Per KDB 447498 D04, the available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, is less than or equal to the threshold Pth (mW) described in the following formula. This method shall only be used at separation distances (cm) from 0.5 centimeters to 40 centimeters and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive). Pth is given by:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right) \text{ and } f \text{ is in GHz;}$$

and

$$ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$

d = the separation distance (cm);

5. Per KDB 447498 D04, An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is using below table and the minimum separation distance (R in meters) from the body of a nearby person for the frequency (f in MHz) at which the source operates, the ERP (watts) is no more than the calculated value prescribed for that frequency. For the exemption in below table to apply, R must be at least $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. If the ERP of a single RF source is not easily obtained, then the available maximum time-averaged power may be used in lieu of ERP if the physical dimensions of the radiating structure(s) do not exceed the electrical length of $\lambda/4$ or if the antenna gain is less than that of a half-wave dipole (1.64 linear value).



| RF Source frequency (MHz) | Threshold ERP(watts) |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 0.3-1.34 | $1,920 R^2$. |
| 1.34-30 | $3,450 R^2/f^2$. |
| 30-300 | $3.83 R^2$. |
| 300-1,500 | $0.0128 R^2f$. |
| 1,500-100,000 | $19.2R^2$. |

6. Per KDB 248227 D01, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion 8. for each frequency band ,testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of each of these configurations is less than 1/4db higher than those measured at the lower data rate than 11b mode ,thus the SAR can be excluded.

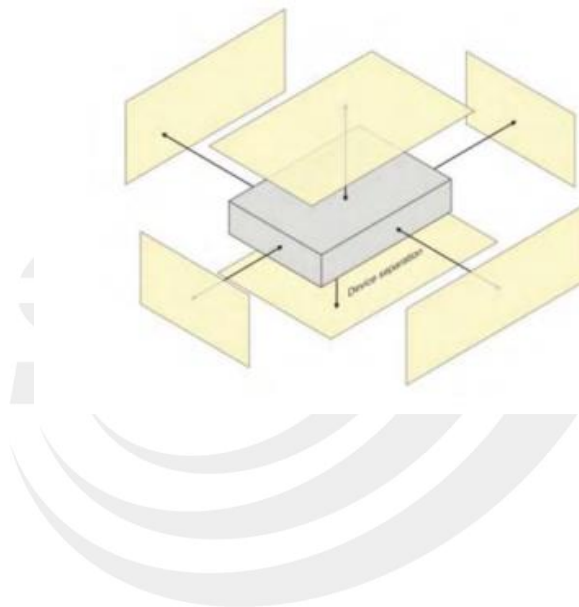
8. EUT Test Position

This EUT was tested in front side, back side and top side.

8.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn Position Conditions:

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative *test separation distance* configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions. When the *reported SAR* for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest *reported SAR* configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for the body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.





9. Uncertainty

9.1 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2013. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

| Uncertainty Component | Tol (+/- %) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | Ci (1g) | Ci (10g) | 1g Ui (+/-%) | 10g Ui (+/-%) | v_i |
|---|----------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|----------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | 5.86 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.86 | 5.86 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | 0.16 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 0.07 | 0.07 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 1.06 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | $\sqrt{0.5}$ | 0.43 | 0.43 | ∞ |
| Boundary effect | 1 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | ∞ |
| Linearity | 1.27 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.73 | 0.73 | ∞ |
| System detection limits | 1.23 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.71 | 0.71 | ∞ |
| Modulation response | 3.6 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 3.60 | 3.60 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | 0.28 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.28 | 0.28 | ∞ |
| Response Time | 0.19 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.11 | 0.11 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | 1.47 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.85 | 0.85 | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions-Noise | 3.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.02 | 2.02 | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions-reflections | 3.2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.85 | 1.85 | ∞ |
| Probe positioner mechanical tolerance | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | ∞ |
| Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | ∞ |
| Post-processing | 2.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.33 | 1.33 | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Test sample positioning | 3.1 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.10 | 3.10 | ∞ |
| Device holder uncertainty | 3.8 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.80 | 3.80 | ∞ |
| SAR drift measurement | 4.8 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.77 | 2.77 | ∞ |
| SAR scaling | 2 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | ∞ |
| Phantom and tissue parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness uncertainty) | 4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.31 | 2.31 | ∞ |
| Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity | 2 | N | 1 | 1 | 0.84 | 2.00 | 1.68 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (temperature uncertainty) | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.78 | 0.71 | 1.95 | 1.78 | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (measured) | 4 | N | 1 | 0.78 | 0.71 | 0.92 | 1.04 | M |
| Liquid permittivity (temperature uncertainty) | 2.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.23 | 0.26 | 1.95 | 1.78 | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (measured) | 5 | N | 1 | 0.23 | 0.26 | 1.15 | 1.30 | M |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | RSS | | | | 10.60 | 10.51 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval) | | K=2 | | | | 21.21 | 21.03 | |



10. Conducted Power Measurement

10.1 Test Result

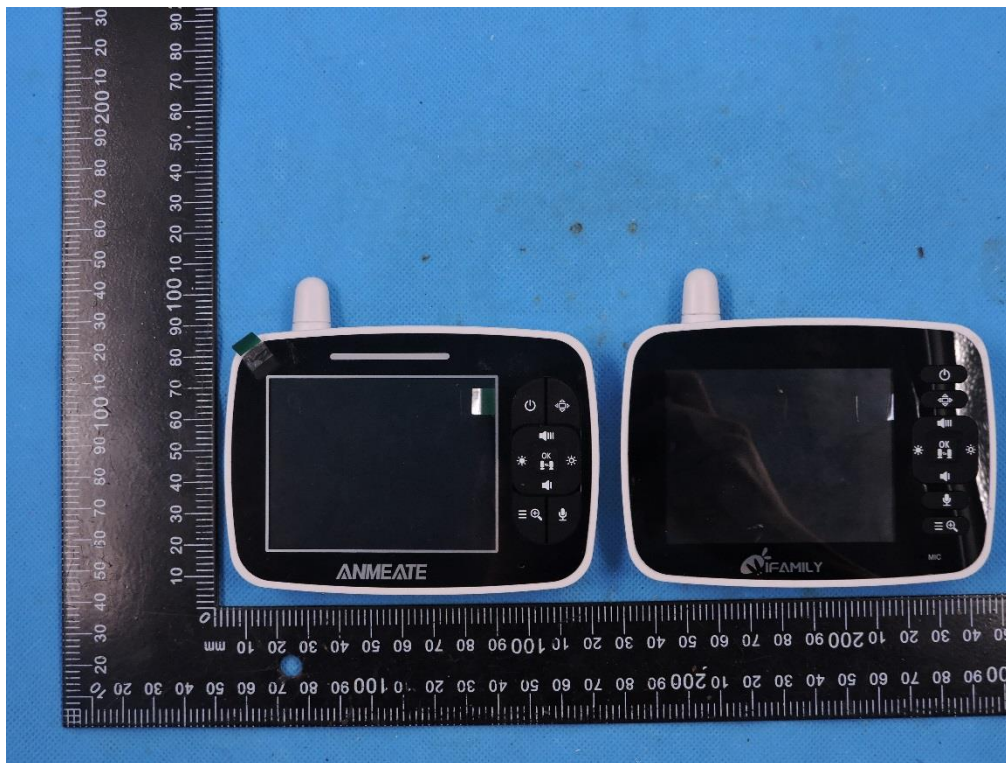
| 2.4G | | | |
|------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Mode | Frequency (MHz) | Average Power (dBm) | Output Power (mW) |
| GFSK | 2410.875 | 14.17 | 26.12 |
| | 2441.250 | 12.61 | 18.24 |
| | 2471.625 | 13.09 | 20.37 |



11. EUT and Test Setup Photo

11.1 EUT Photo

Front side



Back side



Top side



Bottom side



Left side



Right side



11.2 Setup Photo

Body Front side(separation distance is 0mm)



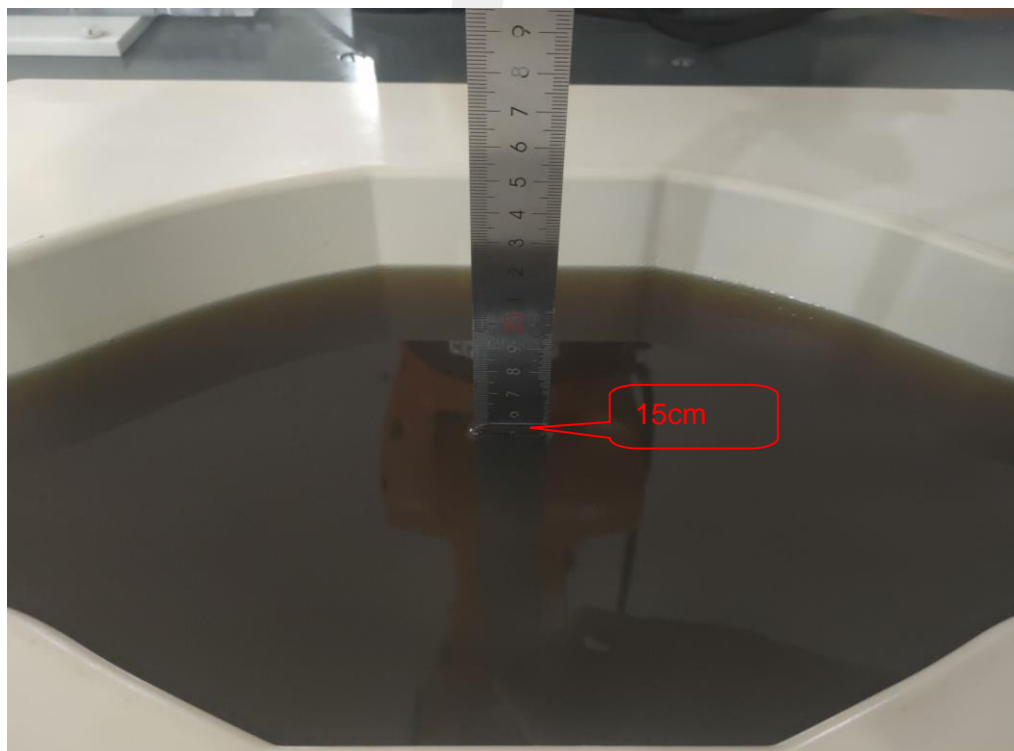
Body Back side(separation distance is 0mm)



Body Top side(separation distance is 0mm)



Liquid depth (15 cm)





12. SAR Result Summary

12.1 Body-worn SAR

| Band | Model | Test Position | Freq. | SAR (1g) (W/kg) | Power Drift(%) | Max.Turn-up Power(dBm) | Meas.Output Power(dBm) | Scaled SAR (W/Kg) | Meas.No. |
|------|-------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 2.4G | GFSK | Front Side | 2410.875 | 0.215 | -3.47 | 14.50 | 14.17 | 0.232 | / |
| | | Back Side | 2410.875 | 0.275 | -1.42 | 14.50 | 14.17 | 0.297 | 1 |
| | | Back Side | 2441.250 | 0.106 | -2.59 | 14.50 | 12.61 | 0.164 | / |
| | | Back Side | 2471.625 | 0.198 | -2.66 | 14.50 | 13.09 | 0.274 | / |
| | | Top Side | 2410.875 | 0.053 | -1.03 | 14.50 | 14.17 | 0.057 | / |

Note:

1. The test separation of all above table is 0mm.
2. Per KDB 447498 D04, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. Scaled SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor



13. Equipment List

| Kind of Equipment | Manufacturer | Type No. | Serial No. | Last Calibration | Calibrated Until |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2450MHzDipole | MVG | SID2450 | SN 30/14 DIP2G450-335 | 2020.07.14 | 2023.07.13 |
| E-Field Probe | MVG | SSE2 | SN 07/21 EPO352 | 2022.02.28 | 2023.02.27 |
| Dielectric Probe Kit | MVG | SCLMP | SN 32/14 OCPG67 | 2021.11.23 | 2022.11.22 |
| Antenna | MVG | ANTA3 | SN 07/13 ZNTA52 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom1 | MVG | SAM | SN 32/14 SAM115 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom3 | MVG | SAM | SN 21/21 ELLI48 | N/A | N/A |
| Phone holder | MVG | N/A | SN 32/14 MSH97 | N/A | N/A |
| Laptop holder | MVG | N/A | SN 32/14 LSH29 | N/A | N/A |
| Attenuator | Agilent | 99899 | DC-18GHz | N/A | N/A |
| Directional coupler | Narda | 4226-20 | 3305 | N/A | N/A |
| Network Analyzer | Agilent | 8753ES | US38432810 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Multi Meter | Keithley | Multi Meter 2000 | 4050073 | 2021.10.08 | 2022.10.07 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent | N5182A | MY50140530 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | Agilent | 8960-E5515C | MY48360751 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | R&S | CMW500 | 117239 | 2021.09.30 | 2022.09.29 |
| Power Amplifier | DESAY | ZHL-42W | 9638 | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |
| Power Meter | R&S | NRP | 100510 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Power Sensor | R&S | NRP-Z11 | 101919 | 2021.09.29 | 2022.09.28 |
| Temperature hygrometer | SuWei | SW-108 | N/A | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |
| Thermograph | Elitech | RC-4 | S/N EF7176501537 | 2021.10.09 | 2022.10.08 |

Note:

Per KDB 865664 D01, Dipole SAR Validation Verification, STS LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement



Appendix A. System Validation Plots

System Performance Check Data (2450MHz)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

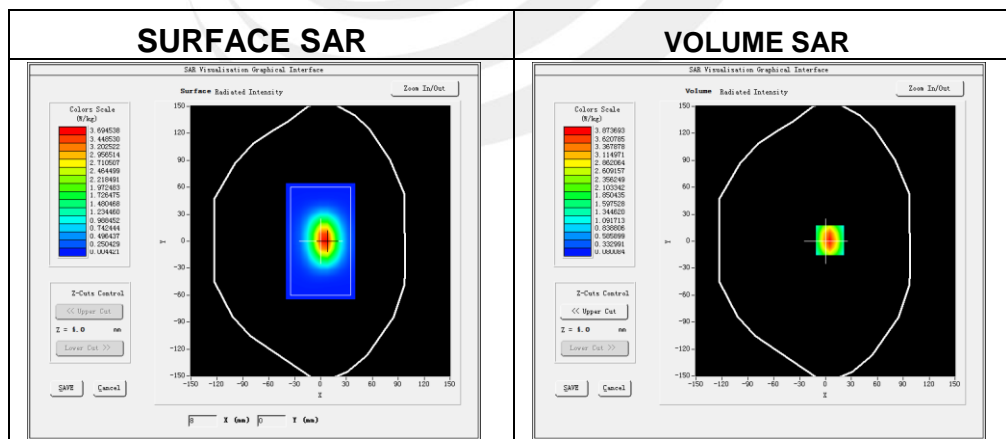
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2022-07-08

Experimental conditions.

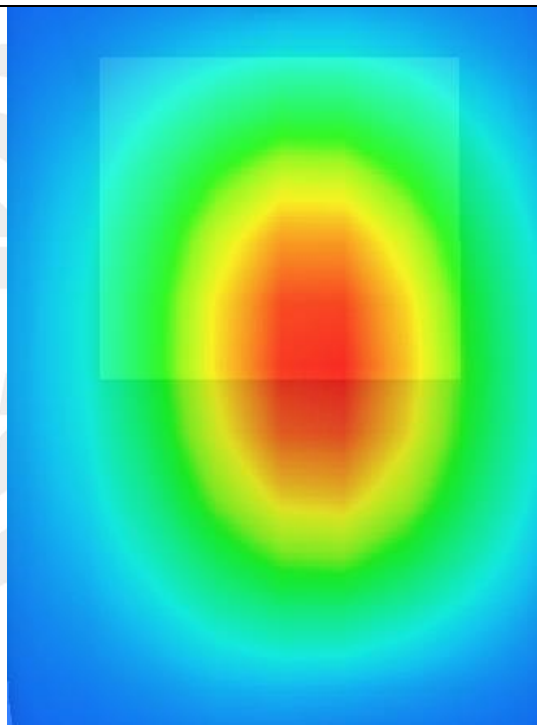
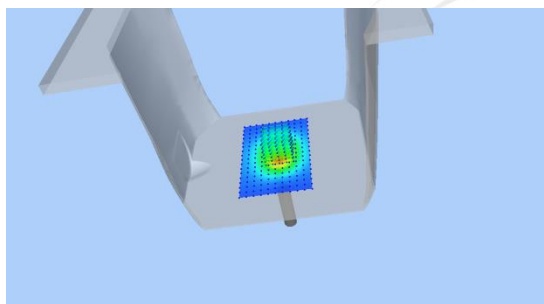
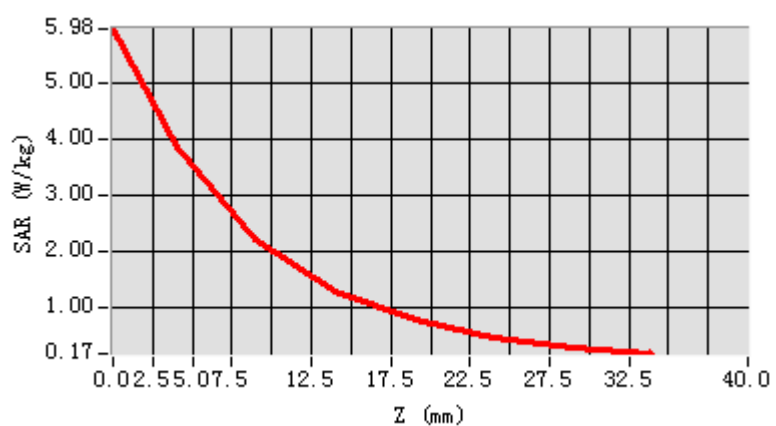
| Phantom | Validation plane |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Device Position | - |
| Band | 2450MHz |
| Channels | - |
| Signal | CW |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2450MHz |
| Relative permittivity | 39.29 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.81 |
| Probe | SN 07/21 EPGO352 |
| ConvF | 1.60 |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 |



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.408191 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 5.437932 |

Z Axis Scan

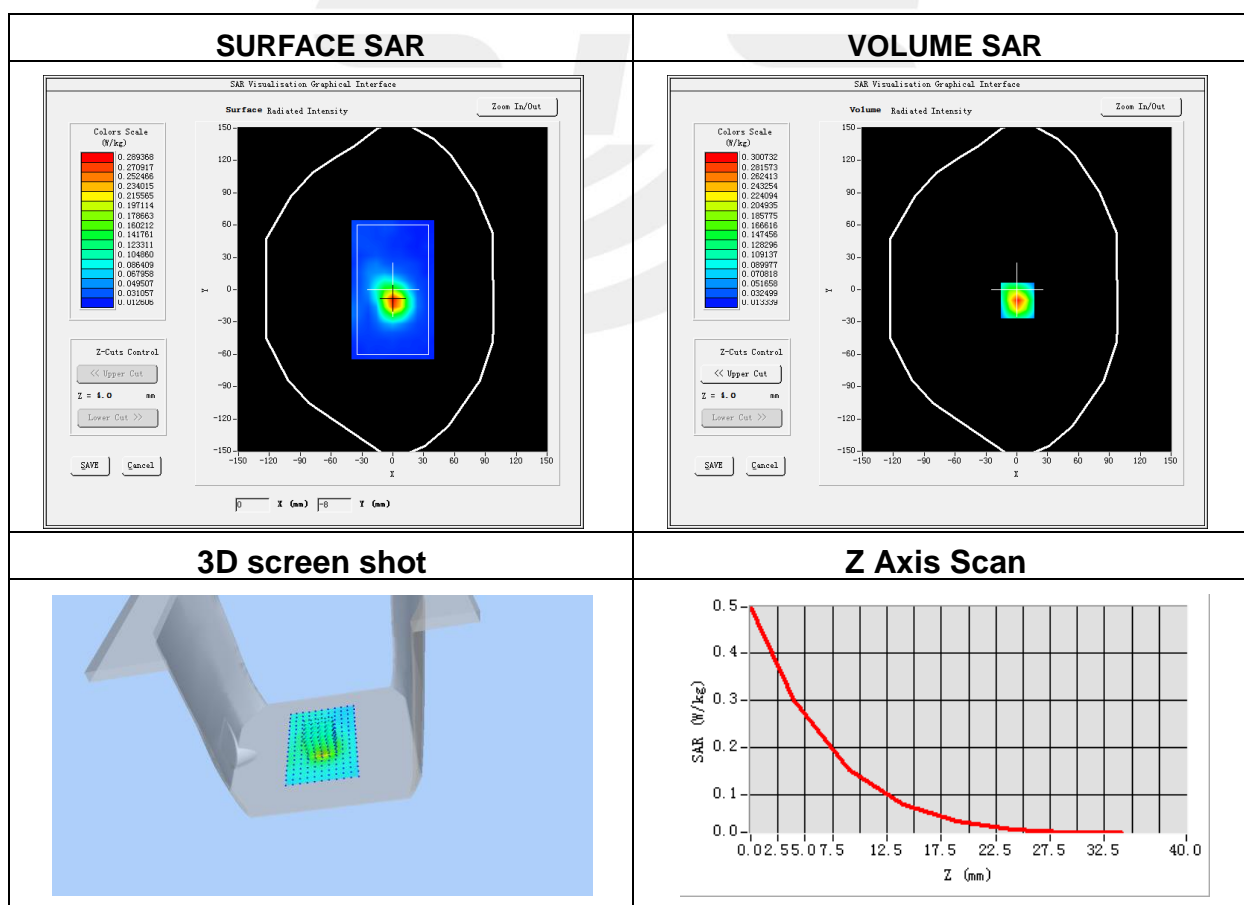


**Appendix B. SAR Test Plots****Plot 1: DUT: Baby Monitor; EUT Model: SM35RX**

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Test Date | 2022-07-08 |
| Probe | SN 07/21 EPGO352 |
| Area Scan | dx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Zoom Scan | 5x5x7, dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Complete/ndx=8mm, dy=8mm, h= 5.00 mm |
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | Front Side |
| Band | 2.4G |
| Signal | 2.4G (Crest factor: 1.0) |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2410.875 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 38.37 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.75 |

Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-10.00; SAR Peak: 0.50 W/kg

| | |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.128951 |
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 0.275399 |





Appendix C. Probe Calibration and Dipole Calibration Report

Refer the appendix Calibration Report.

※※※※END OF THE REPORT※※※※※

