

Test Report

Report No. : CQASZ20221101981E-01
Applicant: Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address of Applicant: 4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St, Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China
Equipment Under Test (EUT):
Product: Baby Monitor
Model No.: SM43A, SM43ATX, SM43B, SM43BTX, SM43C, SM43CTX, SM43TX, SM43D, SM43DTX
Test Model No.: SM43A
Brand Name: N/A
FCC ID: 2AZBU-43ATX
Standards: 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C
Date of Receipt: 2022-11-23
Date of Test: 2022-11-23 to 2022-12-27
Date of Issue: 2023-01-14
Test Result : PASS*

*In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By: Lewis Zhou
(Lewis Zhou)

Reviewed By: Timo Lei
(Timo Lei)

Approved By: Jack Ai
(Jack Ai)



1 Version

Revision History Of Report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
CQASZ20221101981E-01	Rev.01	Initial report	2023-01-14

2 Test Summary

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.203/15.247 (c)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.207	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (b)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Dwell Time	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(b)(4)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
RF Conducted Spurious Emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS
Restricted bands around fundamental frequency (Radiated Emission)	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C Section 15.205/15.209	ANSI C63.10 (2013)	PASS

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4 General Information

4.1 Client Information

Applicant:	Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address of Applicant:	4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St, Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address of Manufacturer:	4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St, Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China
Factory:	Shenzhen Mingchuangzhilian Technology Co., Ltd
Address of Factory:	4/F, B Block, No.3, East Region, Shangxue Science Park, Bantian St, Longgang Dist, Shenzhen, China

4.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Baby Monitor
Model No.:	SM43A, SM43ATX, SM43B, SM43BTX, SM43C, SM43CTX, SM43TX, SM43D, SM43DTX
Test Model No.:	SM43A
Trade Mark:	N/A
Software Version:	V10
Hardware Version:	V03
Operation Frequency:	2410MHz~2473MHz
Modulation Technique:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS)
Modulation Type:	GFSK
Transfer Rate:	1Mbps
Number of Channel:	19
Hopping Channel Type:	Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems
Product Type:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mobile <input type="checkbox"/> Portable
Antenna Type:	External antenna
Antenna Gain:	2dBi
Power Supply:	Model No.:GQ07-050100-AU Input:100-240V~50/60Hz 0.3A Output:5V 1A 5W

Operation Frequency each of channel							
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2410MHz	5	2427.5MHz	10	2445MHz	15	2462.5MHz
1	2413.5MHz	6	2431MHz	11	2448.5MHz	16	2466MHz
2	2417MHz	7	2434.5MHz	12	2452MHz	17	2469.5MHz
3	2420.5MHz	8	2438MHz	13	2455.5MHz	18	2473MHz
4	2424MHz	9	2441.5MHz	14	2459MHz	/	/

Note:

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

Channel	Frequency
The Lowest channel	2410MHz
The Middle channel	2441.5MHz
The Highest channel	2473MHz

4.3 Additional Instructions

EUT Test Software Settings:		
Mode:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special software is used. <input type="checkbox"/> Through engineering command into the engineering mode. engineering command: *##3646633##*	
EUT Power level:	Class2 (Power level is built-in set parameters and cannot be changed and selected)	
Use test software to set the lowest frequency, the middle frequency and the highest frequency keep transmitting of the EUT.		
Mode	Channel	Frequency(MHz)
GFSK	CH0	2410
	CH9	2441.5
	CH18	2473

4.4 Test Environment

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25 °C
Humidity:	54% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1009mbar
Test Mode:	Use test software to set the lowest frequency, the middle frequency and the highest frequency keep transmitting of the EUT.

4.5 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with associated equipment below.

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Remark	FCC certification
/	/	/	/	/

4.6 Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate.

The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities.

The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the **Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd.** quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for CQA laboratory is reported:

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	Radiated Emission (Below 1GHz)	5.12dB
2	Radiated Emission (Above 1GHz)	4.60dB
3	Conducted Disturbance (0.15~30MHz)	3.34dB
4	Radio Frequency	3×10^{-8}
5	Duty cycle	0.6 %
6	Occupied Bandwidth	1.1%
7	RF conducted power	0.86dB
8	RF power density	0.74
9	Conducted Spurious emissions	0.86dB
10	Temperature test	0.8℃
11	Humidity test	2.0%
12	Supply voltages	0.5 %
13	Frequency Error	5.5 Hz

4.7 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1F., Block A of Tongsheng Technology Building, Huahui Road, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China

4.8 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

IC Registration No.: 22984-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• **CNAS (No. CNAS L5785)**

CNAS has accredited Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

• **A2LA (Certificate No. 4742.01)**

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory is accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA). Certificate No. 4742.01.

• **FCC Registration No.: 522263**

Shenzhen Huaxia Testing Technology Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.:522263

4.9 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

4.10 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

4.11 Equipment List

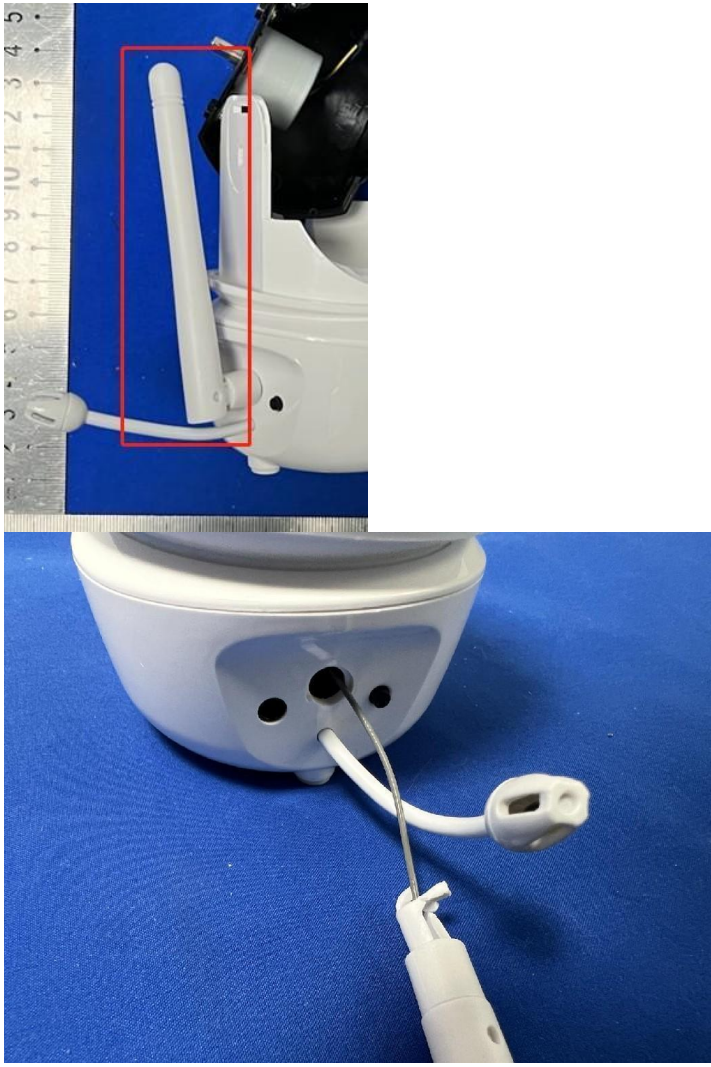
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Instrument No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	CQA-005	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSU26	CQA-038	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AFS4-00010300-18-10P-4	CQA-035	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-6D-02001800-29-20P	CQA-036	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1516	CQA-087	2021/9/16	2024/9/15
Bilog Antenna	R&S	HL562	CQA-011	2021/9/16	2024/9/15
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	CQA-012	2021/9/16	2024/9/15
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	CQA-088	2021/9/16	2024/9/15
Coaxial Cable (Above 1GHz)	CQA	N/A	C019	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Coaxial Cable (Below 1GHz)	CQA	N/A	C020	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Antenna Connector	CQA	RFC-01	CQA-080	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
RF cable(9KHz~40GHz)	CQA	RF-01	CQA-079	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Power divider	MIDWEST	PWD-2533-02-SMA-79	CQA-067	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI3	CQA-013	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
LISN	R&S	ENV216	CQA-003	2022/9/9	2023/9/8
Coaxial cable	CQA	N/A	CQA-C009	2022/9/9	2023/9/8

Note:

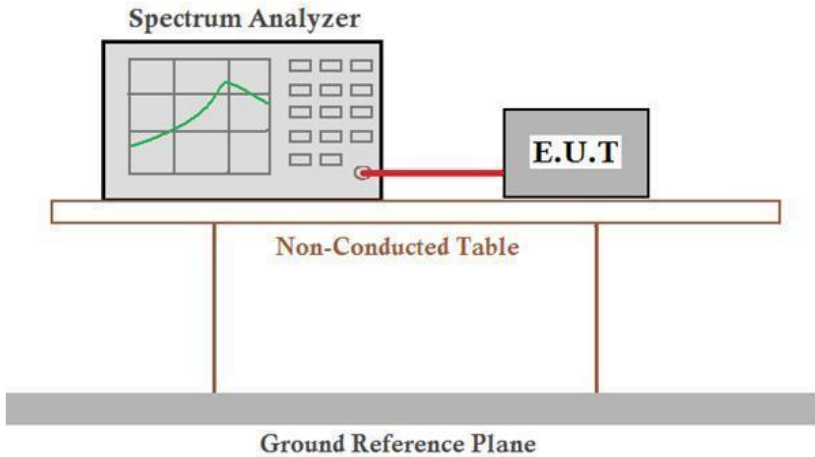
The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list.

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.203 /247(c)
<p>15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.</p> <p>15.247(b) (4) requirement: The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	
<p>EUT Antenna:</p>	
<p>The antenna is External antenna. The best case gain of the antenna is 2 dBi.</p>	

5.2 Conducted Peak Output Power

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (b)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p>Remark: $\text{Offset} = \text{Cable loss} + \text{attenuation factor}$.</p>
Limit:	21dBm
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the worst case of GFSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

GFSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	11.65	21.00	Pass
Middle	12.31	21.00	Pass
Highest	12.67	21.00	Pass

Test plot as follows:

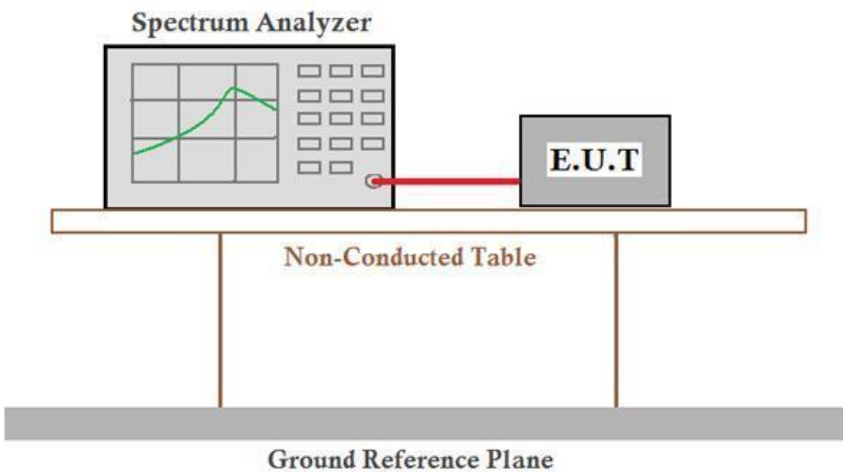


2.4G custom_Ant1_2473.0



Date: 26 DEC 2022 08:08:05

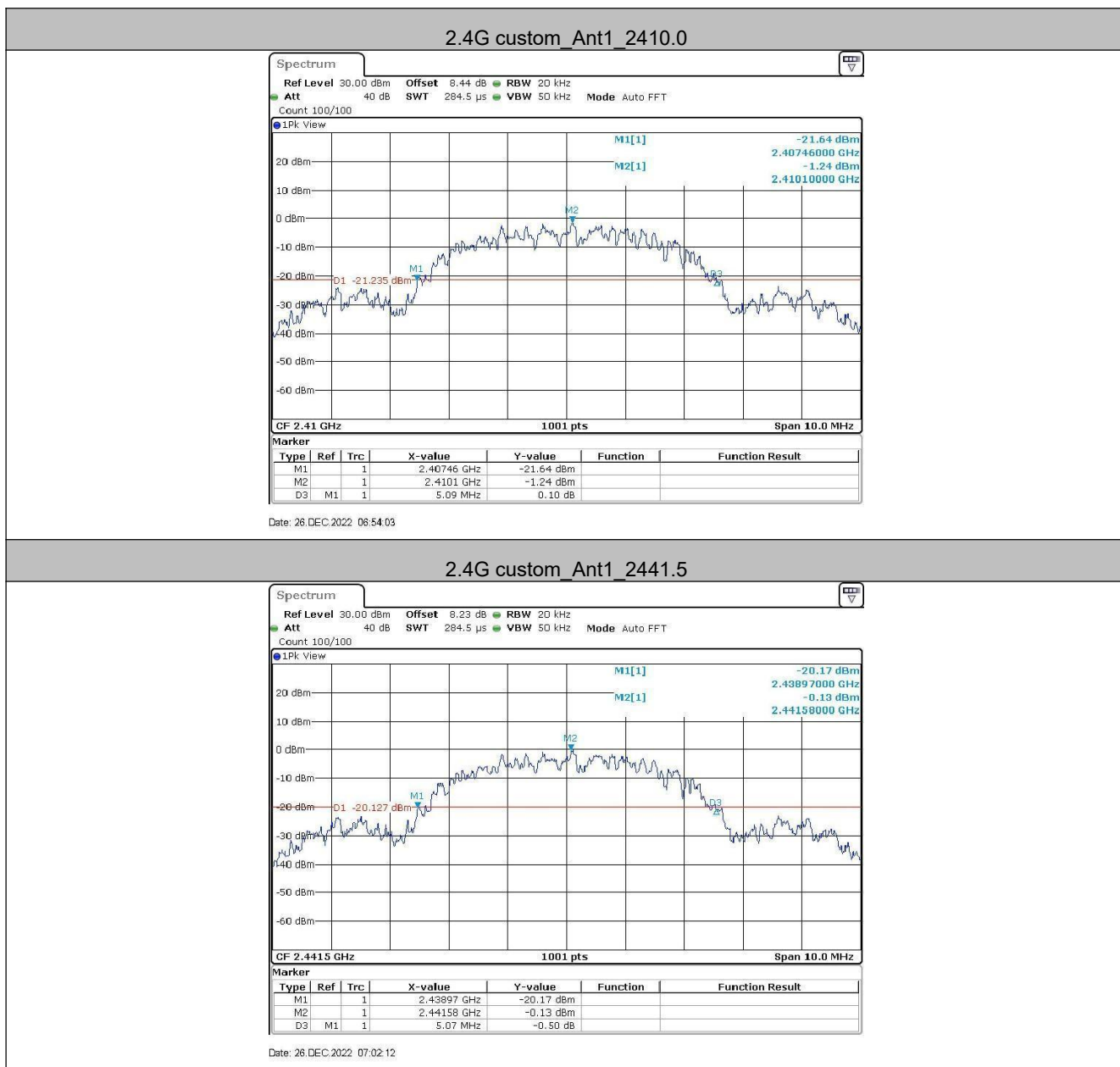
5.3 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p>Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.</p>
Limit:	NA
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of $\pi/4$ DQPSK modulation type, 3-DH5 of data type is the worst case of 8DPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

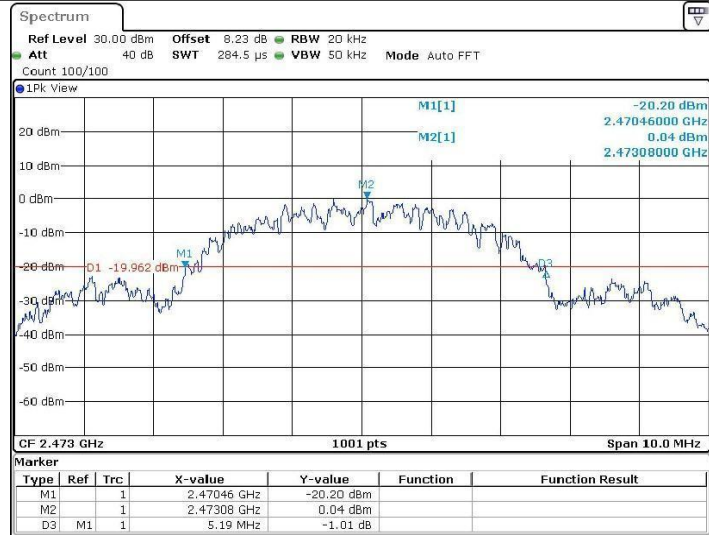
Measurement Data

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
2.4G custom	Ant1	2410.0	5.090	2407.460	2412.550	---	PASS
		2441.5	5.070	2438.970	2444.040	---	PASS
		2473.0	5.190	2470.460	2475.650	---	PASS

Test plot as follows:

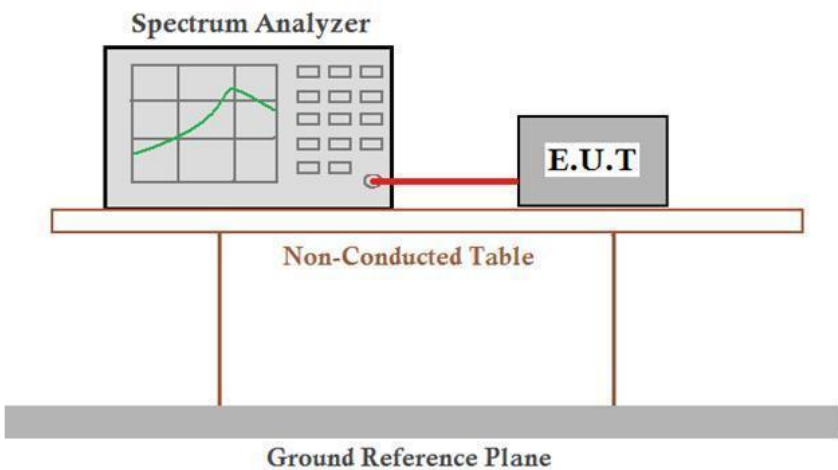


2.4G custom_Ant1_2473.0



Date: 26 DEC 2022 07:04:21

5.4 Carrier Frequencies Separation

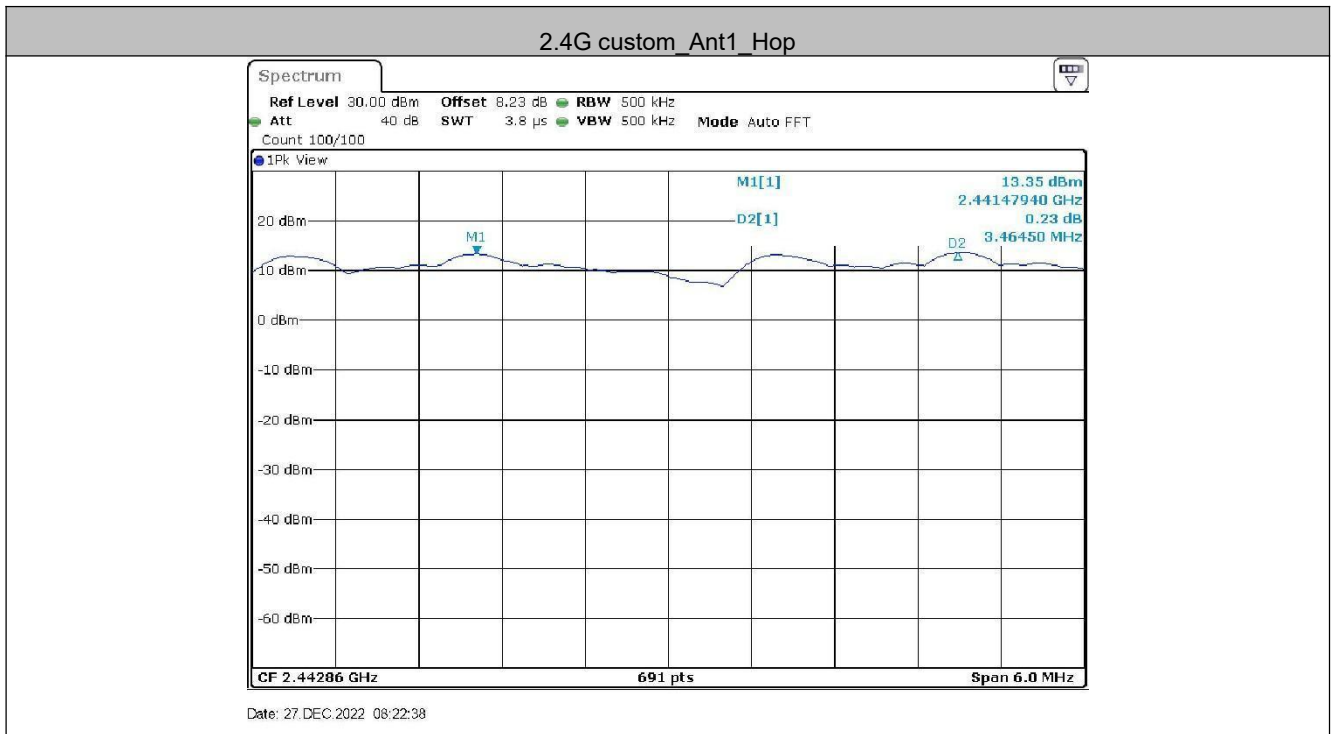
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p>Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.</p>
Limit:	2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth
	Remark: the transmission power is less than 0.125W.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the DH5 of data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type, 2-DH5 of data type is the worst case of $\pi/4$ DQPSK modulation type, 3-DH5 of data type is the worst case of 8DPSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

Measurement Data

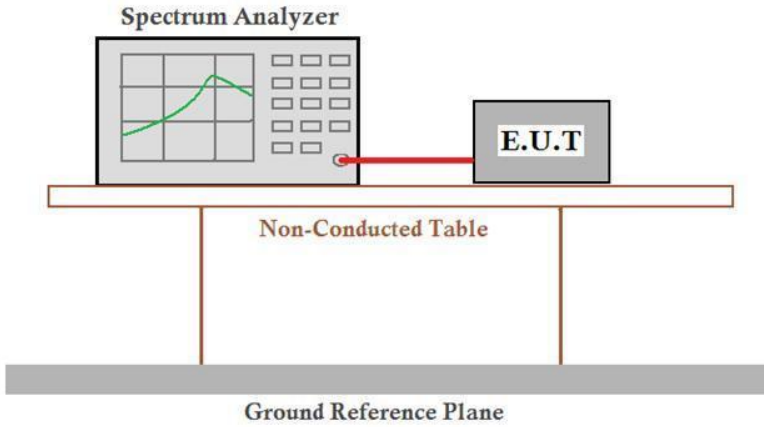
TestMode	Antenna	Channel	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
2.4G custom	Ant1	Hop	3.464	≥3.46	PASS

Mode	20dB bandwidth (MHz) (worse case)	Limit (MHz) (Carrier Frequencies Separation)
GFSK	5.190	3.46

Test plot as follows:



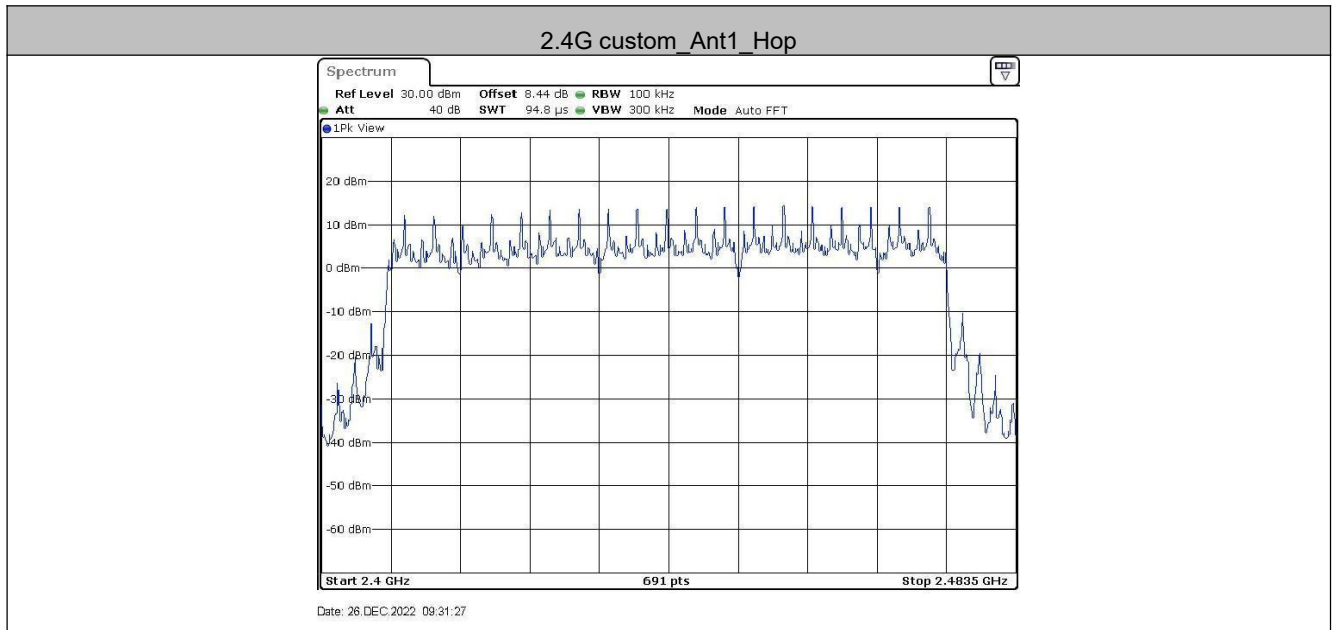
5.5 Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p>Remark: $Offset = \text{Cable loss} + \text{attenuation factor}$.</p>
Limit:	At least 15 channels
Exploratory Test Mode:	hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the worst case of GFSK modulation type. Only the worst case is recorded in the report.
Test Results:	Pass

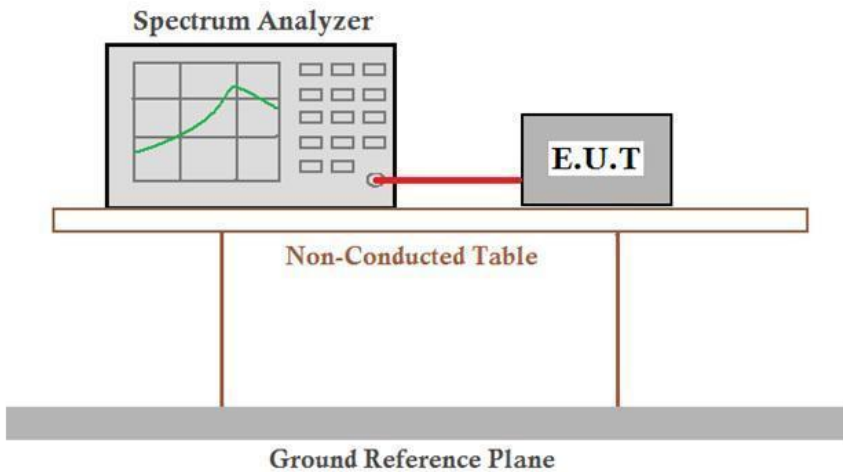
Measurement Data

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit
GFSK	19	≥ 15

Test plot as follows:



5.6 Dwell Time

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p><i>Remark: Offset=Cable loss+ attenuation factor.</i></p>
Test Mode:	Hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type.
Limit:	0.4 Second
Test Results:	Pass

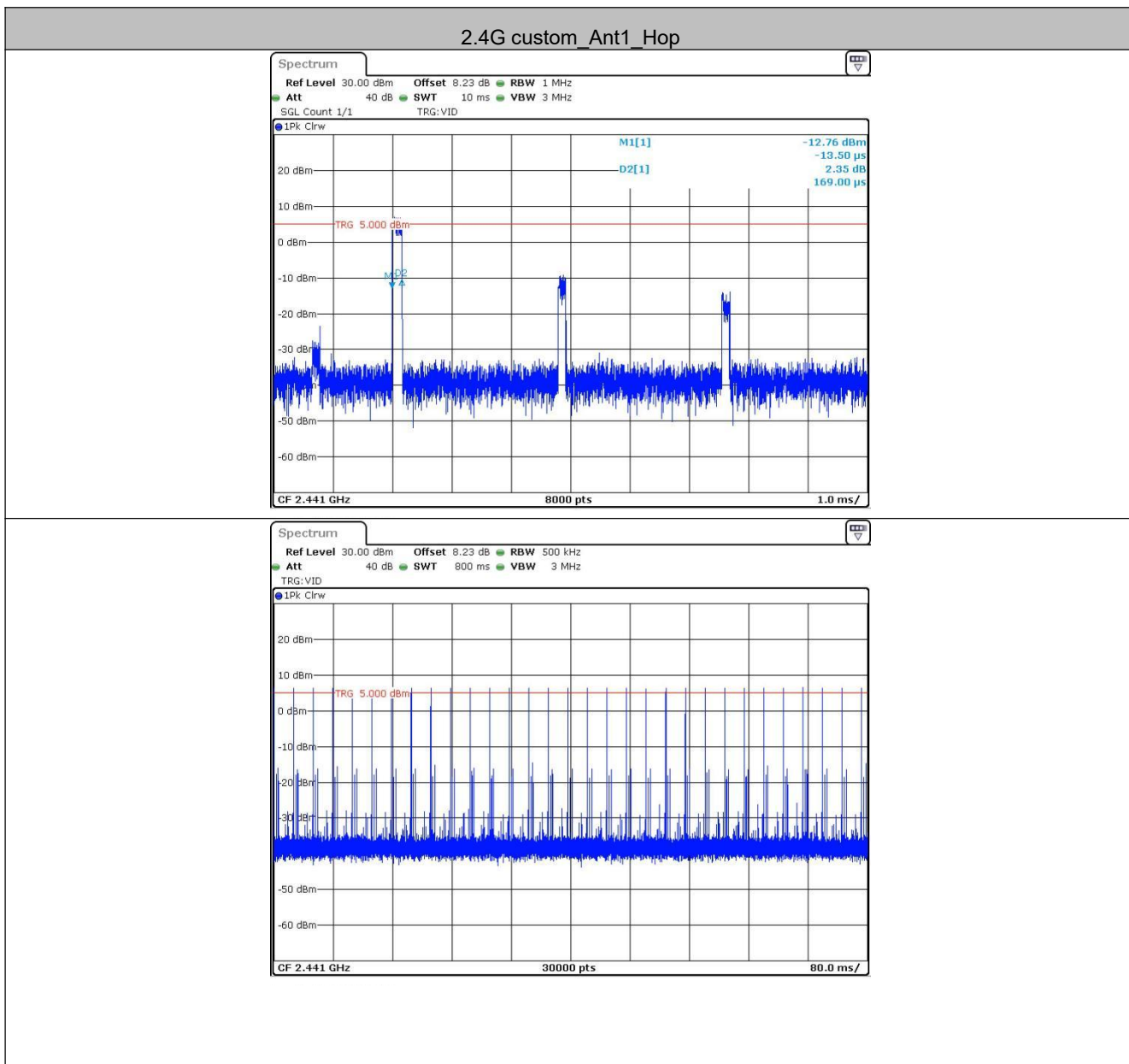
Measurement Data

TestMode	Antenna	Channel	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
2.4G custom	Ant1	Hop	0.169	310	0.052	≤0.4	PASS

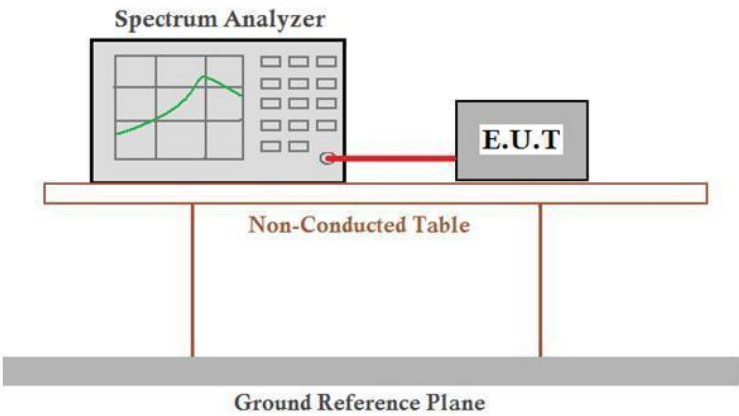
Remark:

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 19 \text{ Channel} = 7.6\text{s}$

Test plot as follows:



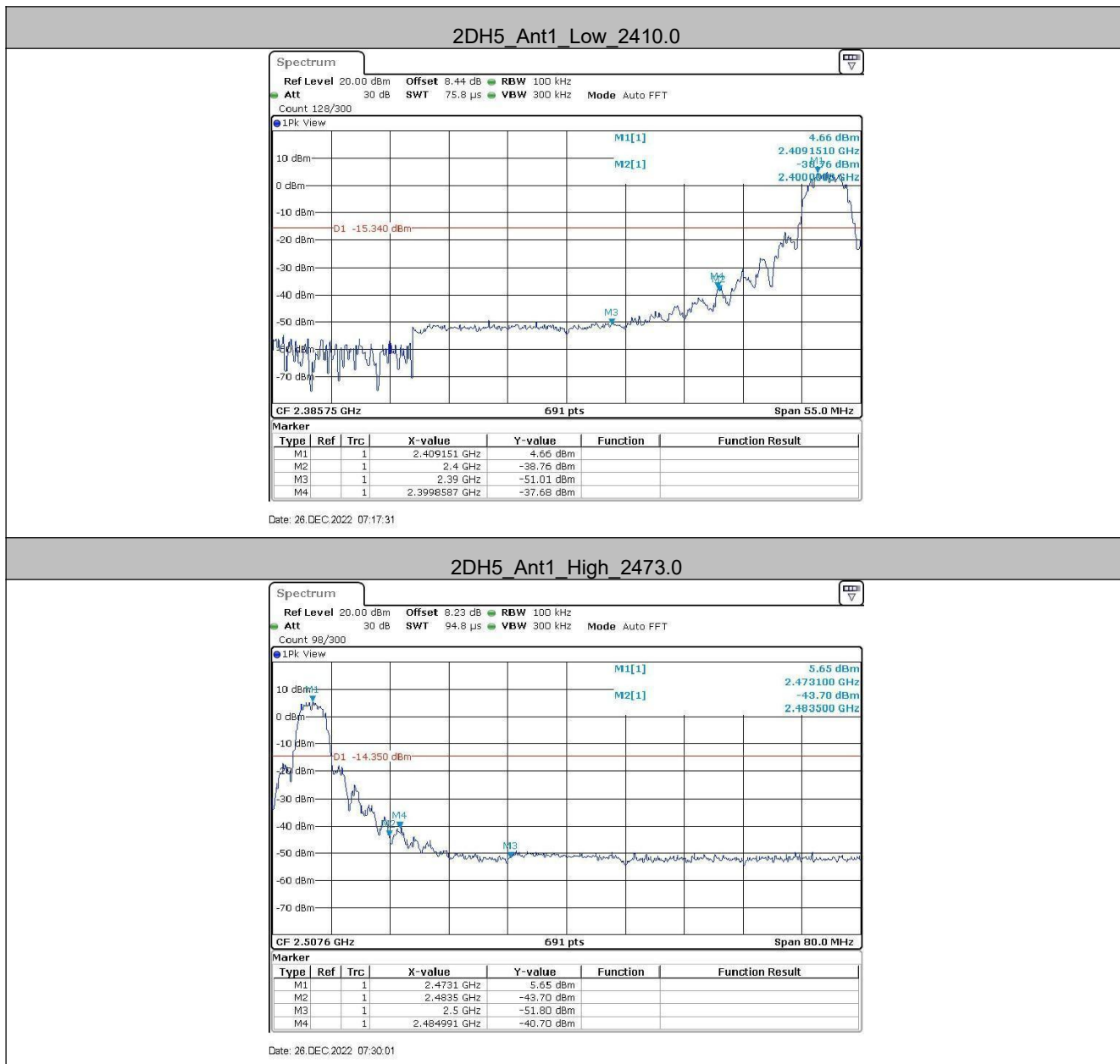
5.7 Band-edge for RF Conducted Emissions

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p>Remark: $Offset = \text{cable loss} + \text{attenuation factor}$.</p>
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Hopping and Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the data type is the worst case of GFSK modulation type
Test Results:	Pass

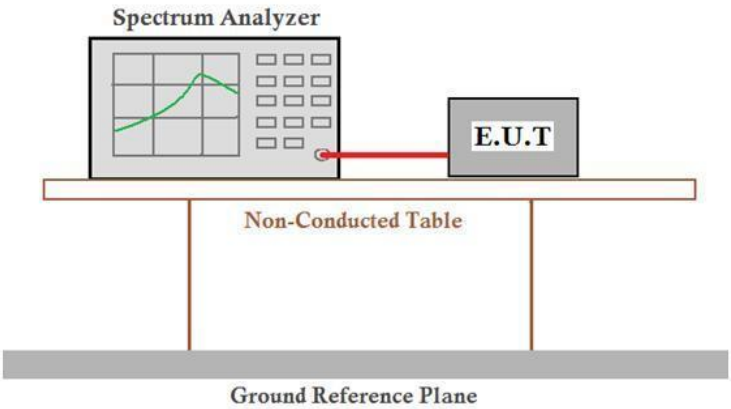
Measurement Data

TestMode	Antenna	ChName	Channel	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
2.4G custom	Ant1	Low	2410.0	4.66	-37.68	≤-15.34	PASS
		High	2473.0	5.65	-40.7	≤-14.35	PASS

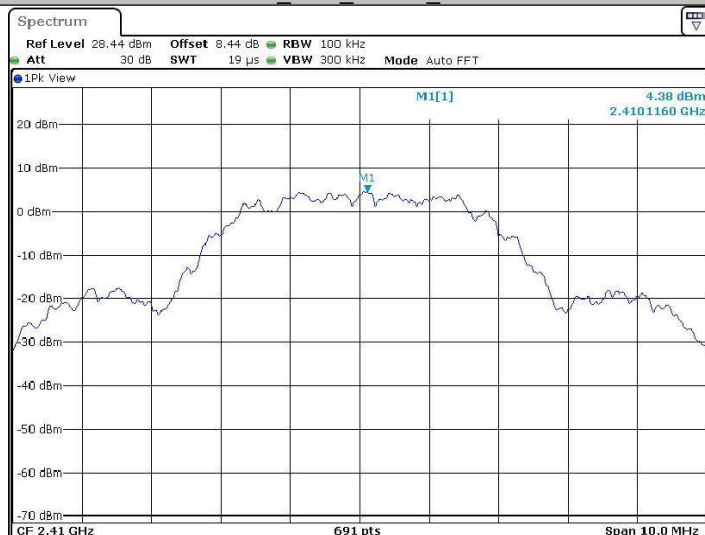
Test plot as follows:



5.8 Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

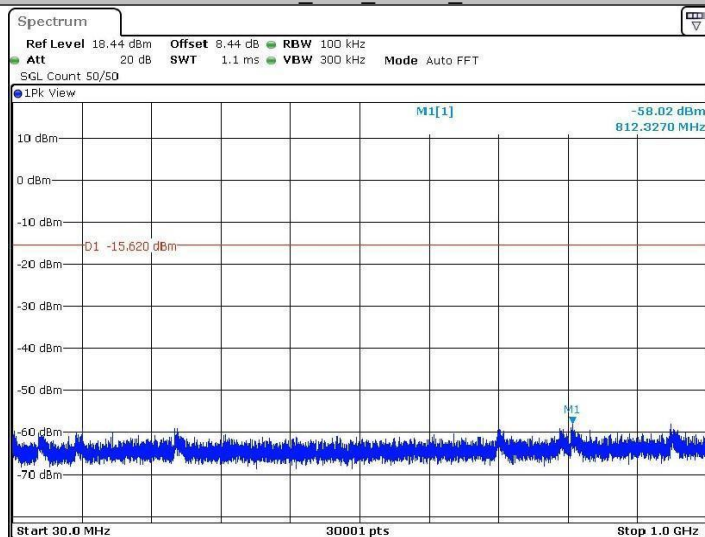
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Setup:	 <p><i>Remark: Offset=cable loss+ attenuation factor.</i></p>
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.
Exploratory Test Mode:	Non-hopping transmitting with all kind of modulation and all kind of data type
Final Test Mode:	Through Pre-scan, find the worst case of GFSK modulation type.
Test Results:	Pass

2.4G custom_Ant1_2410.0_0~Reference



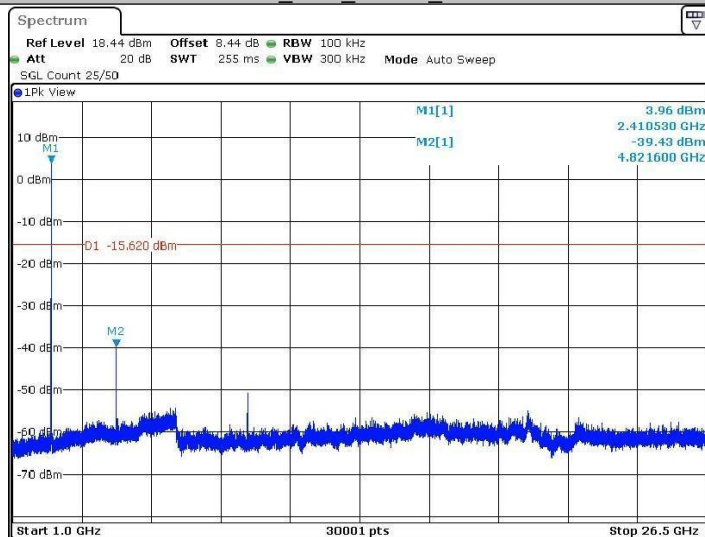
Date: 26 DEC 2022 06:57:19

2.4G custom_Ant1_2410.0_30~1000



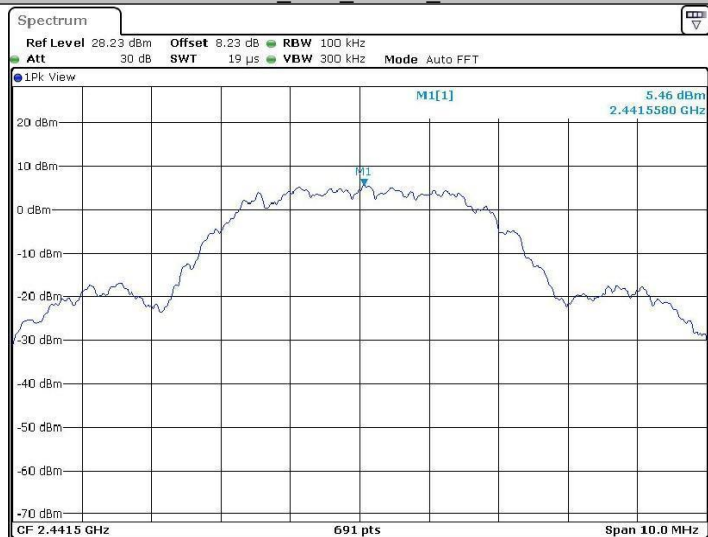
Date: 26 DEC 2022 06:57:35

2.4G custom_Ant1_2410.0_1000~26500



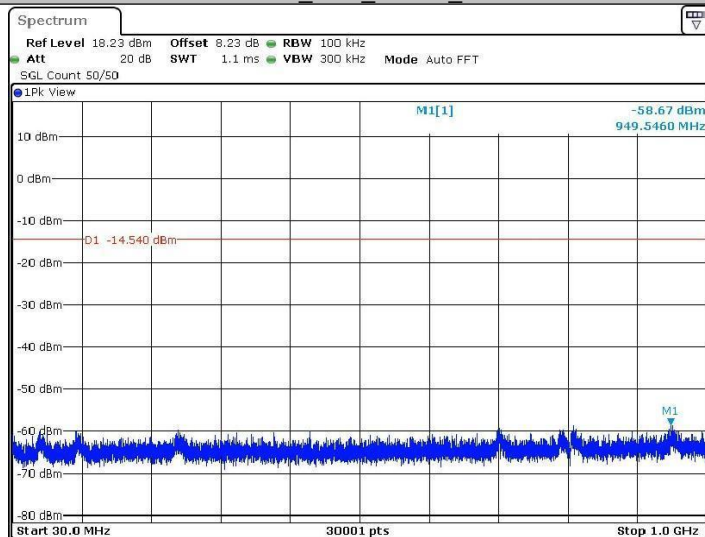
Date: 26 DEC 2022 06:57:57

2.4G custom_Ant1_2441.5_0~Reference



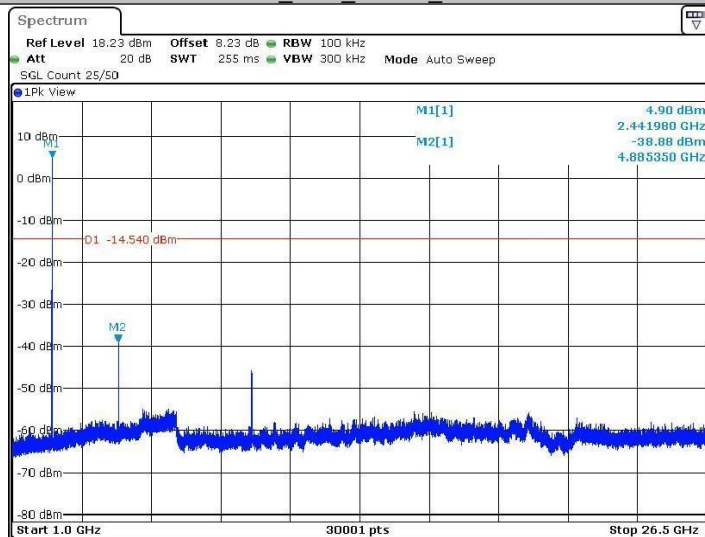
Date: 26 DEC 2022 07:03:06

2.4G custom_Ant1_2441.5_30~1000



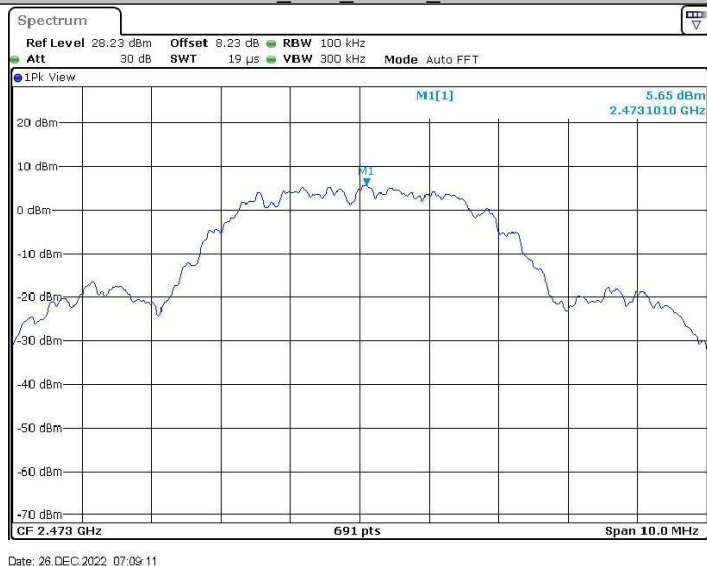
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2.4G custom_Ant1_2441.5_1000~26500

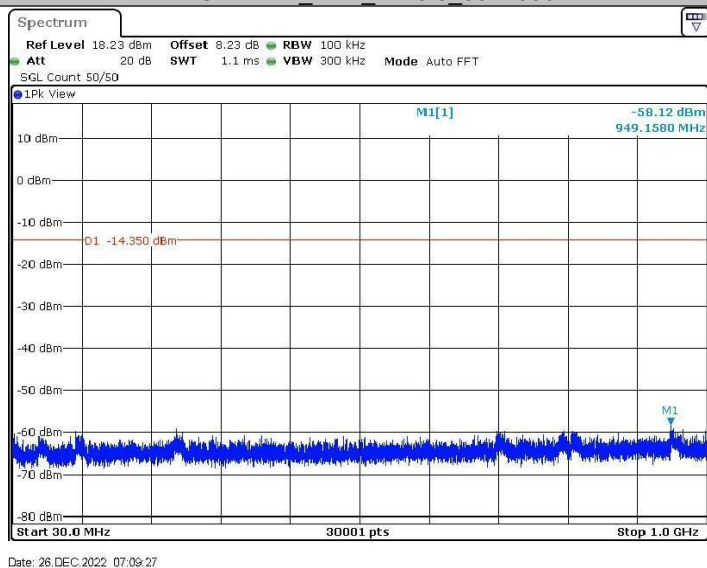


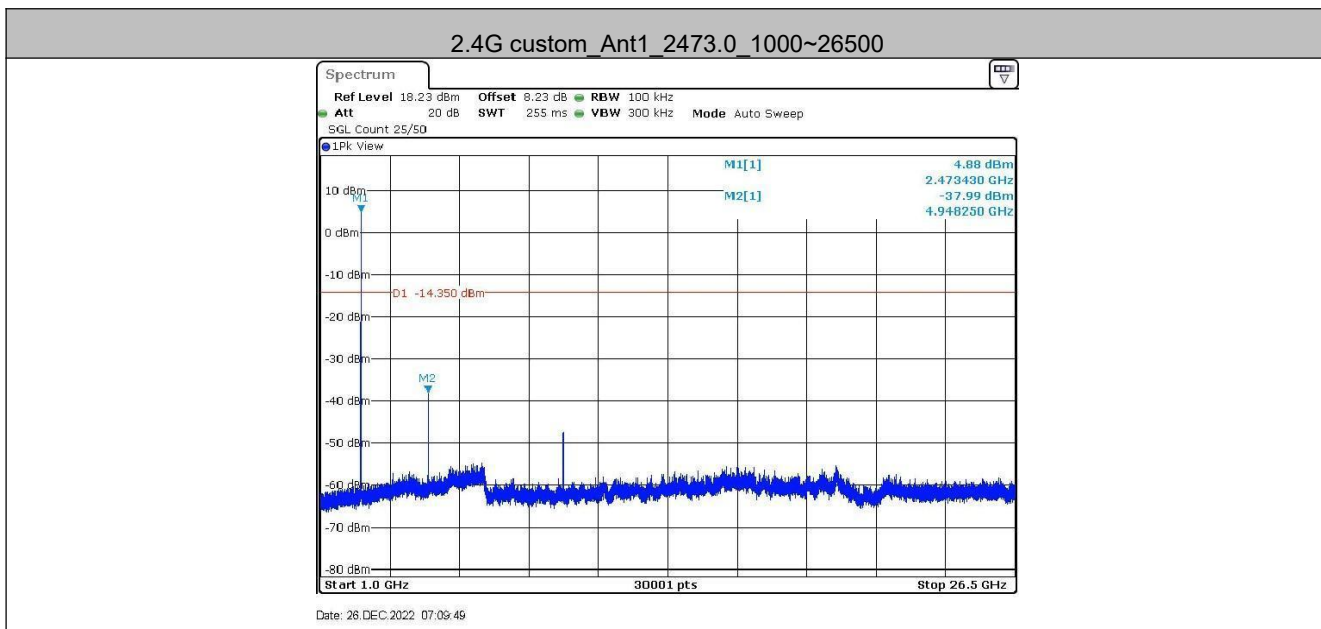
Date: 26 DEC 2022 07:03:44

2.4G custom_Ant1_2473.0_0~Reference



2.4G custom_Ant1_2473.0_30~1000





Remark:

Pre test 9kHz to 25GHz, find the highest point when testing, so only the worst data were shown in the test report. Per FCC Part 15.33 (a) and 15.31 (o) ,The amplitude of spurious emissions from intentional radiators which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported unless specifically required elsewhere in this part.

5.9 Other requirements Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1), (h) requirement:
	<p>The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.</p> <p>Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.</p> <p>The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.</p>
	<p>Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)</p>
	<p>According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) <div data-bbox="300 1373 1356 1523"> </div> <p><i>Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence</i></p> <p>An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:</p> <div data-bbox="276 1619 1264 1769"> </div> <p>Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.</p> <p>According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.</p>
	<p>Compliance for section 15.247(g)</p>
	<p>According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.</p>

Compliance for section 15.247(h)

According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinated with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

5.10 Radiated Spurious Emission & Restricted bands

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.209 and 15.205				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: 2013				
Test Site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)				
Receiver Setup:	Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30kHz	Peak
	0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30kHz	Average
	0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
	30MHz-1GHz	Peak	120 kHz	300kHz	Peak
	Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
		Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average
Limit:	Frequency	Field strength (microvolt/meter)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
	0.009MHz-0.490MHz	2400/F(kHz)	-	-	300
	0.490MHz-1.705MHz	24000/F(kHz)	-	-	30
	1.705MHz-30MHz	30	-	-	30
	30MHz-88MHz	100	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
	88MHz-216MHz	150	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
	216MHz-960MHz	200	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
	960MHz-1GHz	500	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
	Above 1GHz	500	54.0	Average	3
Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.					

Test Setup:

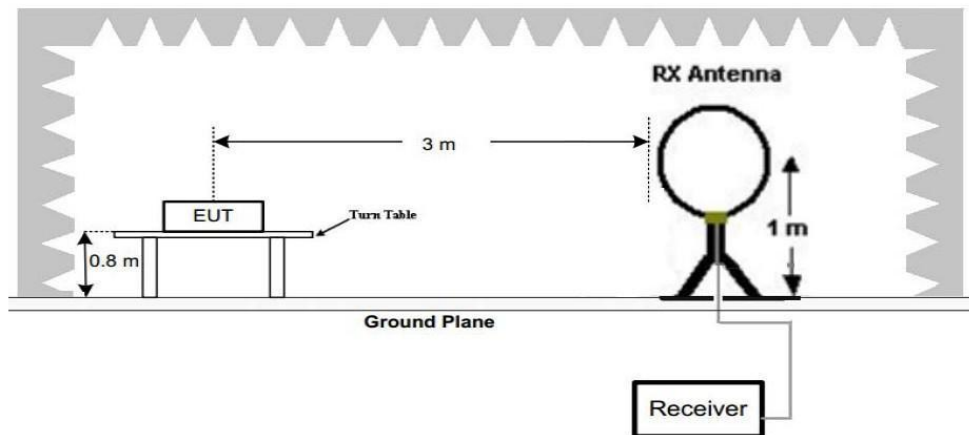


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

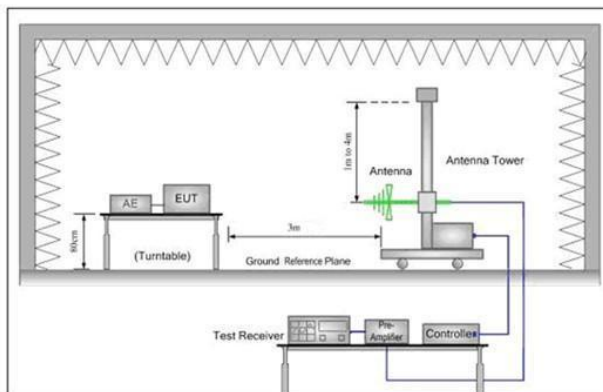


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

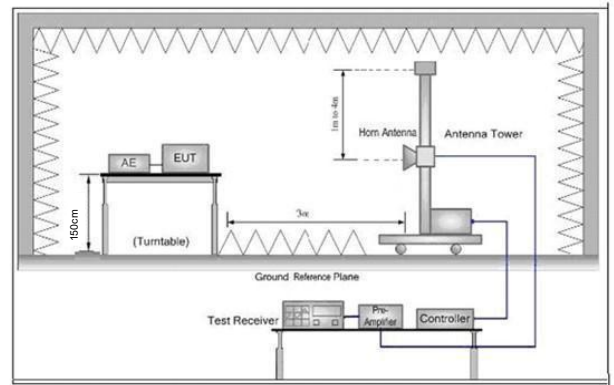


Figure 3. Above 1 GHz

Test Procedure:

- a. 1) Below 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2) Above 1G: The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
Note: For the radiated emission test above 1GHz:
Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.