

RF Exposure Letter

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test

exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by: $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

$f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

$P_t = -76.94 \text{ dBm} = -95.2575 \text{ dBm} = -18.3175 \text{ dBm} = 0.014732 \text{ mW}$ at 433.92MHz

So

$(0.014732 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) \times \sqrt{0.43392 \text{ GHz}} = 0.001941 < 3$

Then SAR evaluation is not required