

## FCC TEST REPORT

For

AAA Tablet PC Technology Co., Ltd.

Tablet PC

Test Model: eNOVA TAB 10 LTE

Additional Model No.: eNOVA TAB 7 PLUS,eNOVA TAB 8 PLUS,eNOVA TAB 10  
PLUS

Prepared for : AAA Tablet PC Technology Co., Ltd.  
Address : Floor 6th, A building,RunFeng Industrial Zone, Gushu, Xixiang, Bao' An,  
Shenzhen, China

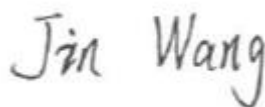
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Date of receipt of test sample : December 18, 2020  
Number of tested samples : 2  
Sample No. : 201215041A-1, 201215041A-2  
Serial number : Prototype  
Date of Test : December 18, 2020 ~ December 28, 2020  
Date of Report : January 04, 2021

**FCC TEST REPORT**  
**FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C (15.247)****Report Reference No.** ..... : **LCS201215041AEC****Date of Issue**..... : January 04, 2021**Testing Laboratory Name**..... : **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.****Address**..... : 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei,  
Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China**Testing Location/ Procedure**..... : Full application of Harmonised standards ☒  
Partial application of Harmonised standards ☐  
Other standard testing method ☐**Applicant's Name**..... : **AAA Tablet PC Technology Co., Ltd.****Address**..... : Floor 6th, A building, RunFeng Industrial Zone, Gushu, Xixiang, Bao' An,  
Shenzhen, China**Test Specification****Standard**..... : FCC CFR 47 PART 15 C (15.247)**Test Report Form No.**..... : LCSEMC-1.0**TRF Originator**..... : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**Master TRF**..... : Dated 2011-03**Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. All rights reserved.**

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**EUT Description**..... : **Tablet PC****Trade Mark**..... : eNOVA**Test Model**..... : eNOVA TAB 10 LTE**Ratings**..... : DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 5000mAh  
DC 5V, 2A from Adapter**Result** ..... : **Positive****Compiled by:****Supervised by:****Approved by:**

Jack Liu / File administrators

Jin Wang/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

**FCC -- TEST REPORT****Test Report No. : LCS201215041AEC**January 04, 2021  
Date of issue

Test Model..... : eNOVA TAB 10 LTE

EUT..... : Tablet PC

**Applicant..... : AAA Tablet PC Technology Co., Ltd.**Address..... : Floor 6th, A building,RunFeng Industrial Zone, Gushu, Xixiang, Bao' An,  
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Shenzhen, China

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

**Test Result****Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

## Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	January 04, 2021	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT	: Tablet PC
Test Model	: eNOVA TAB 10 LTE
Additional Model No	: eNOVA TAB 7 PLUS,eNOVA TAB 8 PLUS,eNOVA TAB 10 PLUS
Model Declaration	: PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested
Power Supply	: DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 5000mAh DC 5V, 2A from Adapter
Hardware Version	: SF863-G-MB-V1.1
Software Version	: /

#### Bluetooth

Frequency Range	: 2402MHz-2480MHz
Bluetooth Channel Number	: 79 Channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) 40 channels for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)
Bluetooth Channel Spacing	: 1MHz for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) 2MHz for Bluetooth V4.2(DTS)
Bluetooth Modulation Type	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V4.2(DSS) GFSK for Bluetooth V4.2 (DTS)
Bluetooth Version	: V4.2
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna,0dBi(Max.)

#### 2.4G WLAN

Frequency Range	: 2412MHz-2462MHz
Channel Number	: 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth(2422~2452MHz)
Channel Spacing	: 5MHz
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS(CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM,QPSK,BPSK)
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna, 0dBi(Max.)

#### 2G

Support Band	: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 900 (EU-Band) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DCS 1800 (EU-Band) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GSM 850 (U.S.-Band) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PCS 1900 (U.S.-Band)
Release Version	: R99
GPRS Class	: Class 12
EGPRS Class	: Class 12
Type Of Modulation	: GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK,8PSK for EGPRS
Antenna Description	: Internal Antenna;

0dBi (max.) For GSM 850;

0dBi (max.) For PCS 1900.

## 3G

:

Support Band

:

☒ WCDMA Band II (U.S.-Band)☒ WCDMA Band V (U.S.-Band)☐ WCDMA Band IV (U.S.-Band)☐ WCDMA Band I (EU-Band)☐ WCDMA Band VIII (EU-Band)

Release Version

: R8

Type Of Modulation

: WCDMA: QPSK,16QAM; HSDPA/HSUPA: QPSK,16QAM

Antenna Description

: Internal Antenna;

0dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band II;

0dBi (max.) For WCDMA Band V.

## LTE

:

Support Band

:

☒ E-UTRA Band 2(U.S.-Band)☒ E-UTRA Band 4(U.S.-Band)☒ E-UTRA Band 7(U.S.-Band)☒ E-UTRA Band 28(Not U.S.-Band)

LTE Release Version

: R10

Type Of Modulation

: QPSK/16QAM

Antenna Description

: Internal Antenna;

0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 2;

0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 4;

0dBi (max.) For E-UTRA Band 7;

Power Class

: Class 3

## GPS Receiver

:

Receive Frequency

: 1575.42MHz

Channel Number

: 1

## FM

:

Frequency Range

: 87.5MHz~108MHz

## 1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Shenzhen Fujia Appliance Co., Ltd.	AC/DC Adaptor	FJ-SW1260502000 UA	--	SDOC

## 1.3. External I/O Cable

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
USB Interface	1	N/A
Earphone Jack	1	N/A
TF Card Slot	1	N/A
SIM Card Slot	1	N/A

## 1.4. Description of Test Facility

NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10:2013 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1GHz.

## 1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.



## 1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Frequency Range	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty	:	9KHz~30MHz	±3.10dB	(1)
		30MHz~200MHz	±2.96dB	(1)
		200MHz~1000MHz	±3.10dB	(1)
		1GHz~26.5GHz	±3.80dB	(1)
		26.5GHz~40GHz	±3.90dB	(1)
Conduction Uncertainty	:	150kHz~30MHz	±1.63dB	(1)
Power disturbance	:	30MHz~300MHz	±1.60dB	(1)

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

## 1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 KHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power that was determined to be BT LE mode (HCH).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be BT LE mode (HCH).

Pre-test AC conducted emission at charge from PC mode, recorded worst case.

Pre-test AC conducted emission at both voltage AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz, recorded worst case.

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

BT LE: 1 Mbps, GFSK.

BLE 4.2(BT LE)

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)
2402~2480MHz	0	2402	20	2442
	1	2404	--	--
	2	2406	--	--
	--	--	37	2476
	--	--	38	2478
	19	2440	39	2480

## 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

### 2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure KDB558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05r02 is required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.247 digital modulation device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

### 2.3. General Test Procedures

#### 2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### 2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz and 1.5 m above ground plane above 1GHz. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

### 2.4. Test Sample

The application provides 2 samples to meet requirement;

Sample Number	Description
Sample 1(201215041A-1)	Engineer sample – continuous transmit
Sample 2(201215041A -2)	Normal sample – Intermittent transmit

### 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmit condition. The duty cycle is 100% and the average correction factor is 0.

#### 3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (cmd input) provided by application.

#### 3.3. Special Accessories

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
--	--	--	--	--

#### 3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

#### 3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

#### 3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart C			
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result	Remark
/	On Time and Duty Cycle	/	Appendix B.1
§15.247(b)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant	Appendix B.2
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant	Appendix B.3
§15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	Compliant	Appendix B.4
§15.209, §15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test	Compliant	Appendix B.5 Appendix B.6
§15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant	Note 1
§15.205	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant	Appendix B.7
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emissions	Compliant	Note 1
§15.203	Antenna Requirements	Compliant	Note 1
§15.247(i)§2.1903	RF Exposure	Compliant	Note 2

*Remark:*

- 1. Note 1 – Test results inside test report;*
- 2. Note 2 – Test results in other test report (SAR REPORT);*

## 5. TEST RESULT

### 5.1. On Time and Duty Cycle

#### 5.1.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

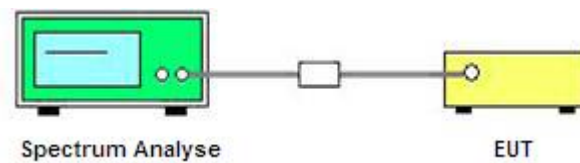
#### 5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

#### 5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the center frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=50MHz, Sweep time=20.27ms;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

#### 5.1.4. Test Setup Layout



#### 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 5.1.6. Test result

*For reporting purpose only.*

*Please refer to Appendix B.1*

## 5.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 5.2.1. Standard Applicable

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

### 5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

### 5.2.3. Test Procedures

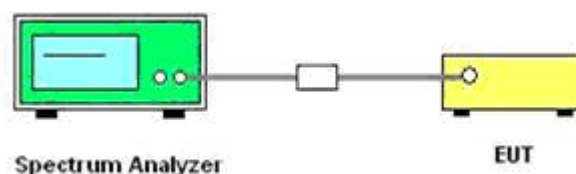
The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

According to KDB558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v05r02 Section 9.1 Maximum peak conducted output power 9.1.1.

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

- Set the RBW  $\geq$  DTS bandwidth.
- Set VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
- Set span  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
- Sweep time = auto couple.
- Detector = peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### 5.2.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.2.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.2.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix B.2*

*Remark:*

*1. Test results including cable loss.*

### 5.3. Power Spectral Density Measurement

#### 5.3.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

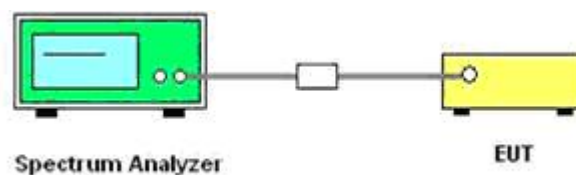
#### 5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

#### 5.3.3. Test Procedures

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental emission is used to demonstrate compliance.
2. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
3. Set the RBW = 3 kHz.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
5. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS channel bandwidth.
6. Detector = peak.
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.
9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
10. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level.
11. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
12. The resulting peak PSD level not more than 8 dBm/3 kHz.

#### 5.3.4. Test Setup Layout



#### 5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 5.3.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix B.3*

*Remark:*

*1. Test results including cable loss.*

## 5.4. 6 dB Spectrum Bandwidth Measurement

### 5.4.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a) (2): For digital modulation systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

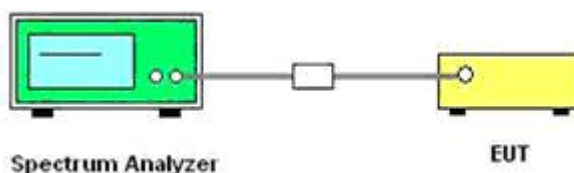
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
RBW	100KHz
VBW	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span Frequency	$> \text{RBW}$
Detector	Peak
Trace	Max Hold
Sweep Time	1ms

### 5.4.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth and the video bandwidth were set according to KDB558074 D01 Meas Guidance v05r02.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

### 5.4.4. Test Setup Layout



### 5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.4.6. Test Result of 6dB Spectrum Bandwidth

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix B.4*

*Remark:*

1. Test results including cable loss.



## 5.5. Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 5.5.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
\1\ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2\)
13.36-13.41			

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

According to §15.247 (d): 20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

### 5.5.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	1000 MHz
Stop Frequency	10 <sup>th</sup> carrier harmonic
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start ~ Stop Frequency	9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG
Start ~ Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP

### 5.5.3. Test Procedures

#### 1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

##### **Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

##### **Premeasurement:**

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.0 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

##### **Final measurement:**

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

## 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

#### 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

**Setup:**

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

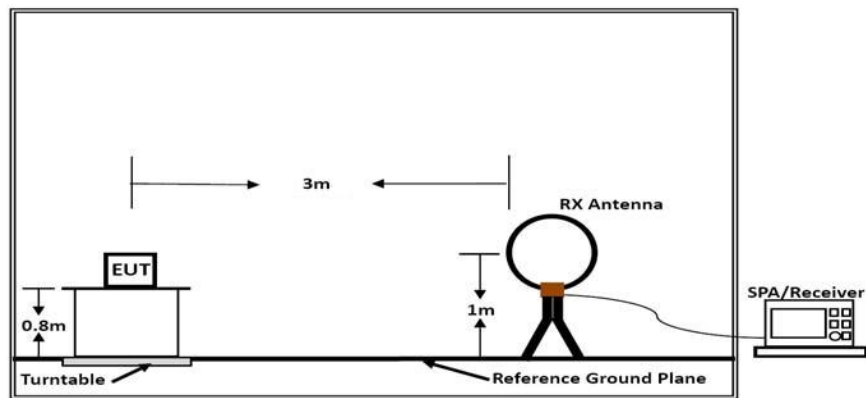
**Premeasurement:**

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

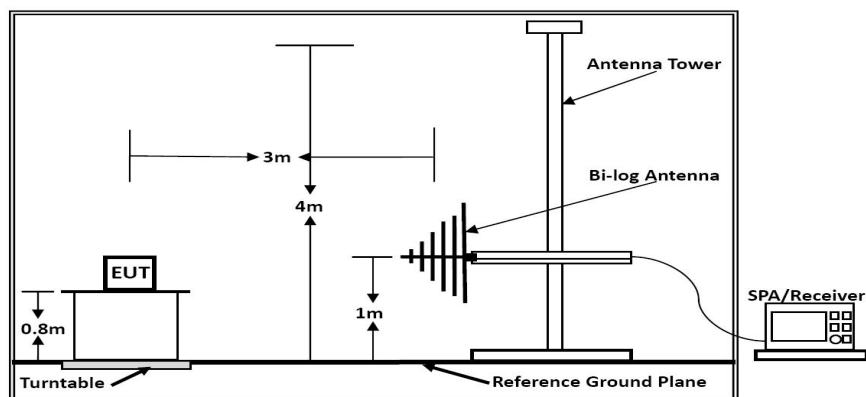
**Final measurement:**

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

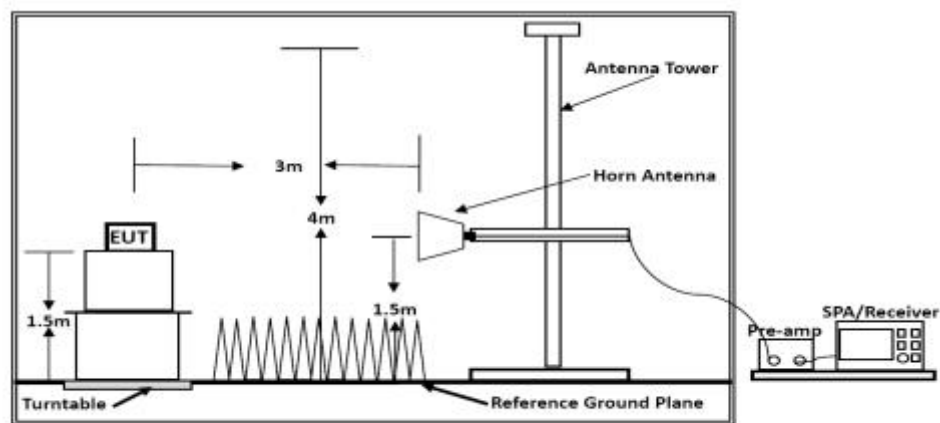
#### 5.5.4. Test Setup Layout



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 1GHz

Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1m]})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

#### 5.5.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

## 5.5.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

Temperature	22.2℃	Humidity	53.2%
Test Engineer	Diamond Lu	Configurations	BT LE

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB);

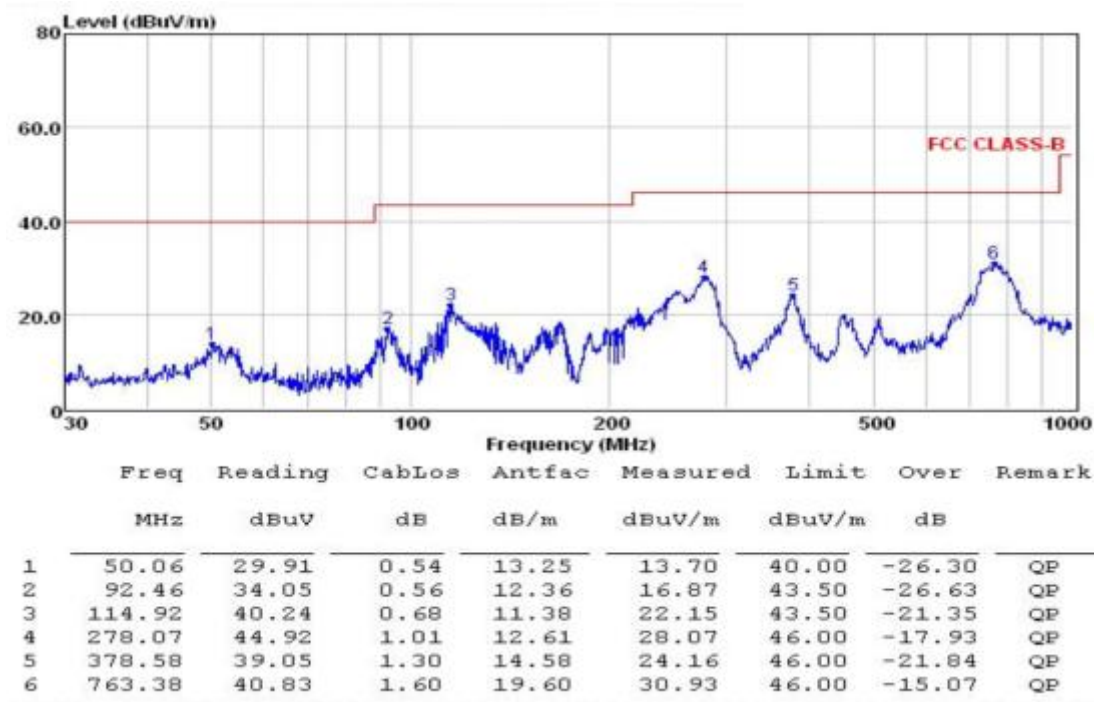
Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

## 5.5.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

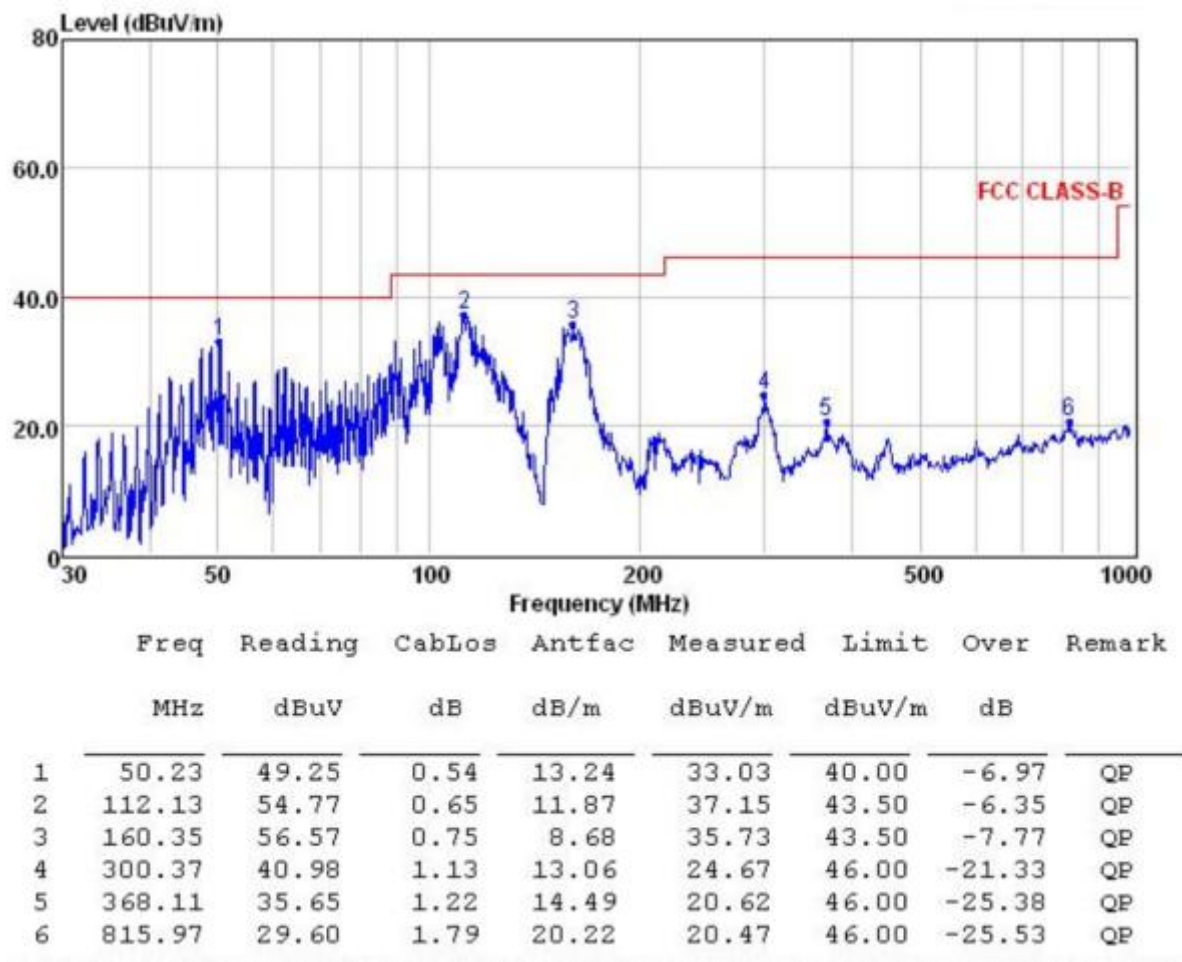
Temperature	22.2℃	Humidity	53.2%
Test Engineer	Diamond Lu	Configurations	BT LE (High Channel)

Test result for BT LE (High Channel)

Horizontal



Vertical



Note:

- 1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (BT LE (HCH)).
- 2). Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).
- 3). Measured = Reading + CabLos+Antfac-Preamplifier (30db)



## 5.5.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (1 – 26GHz)

BT LE

Channel 0 / 2402 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4804.00	58.86	33.06	35.04	3.94	60.82	74.00	-13.18	Peak	Horizontal
4804.00	40.24	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.20	54.00	-11.80	Average	Horizontal
4804.00	57.44	33.06	35.04	3.94	59.40	74.00	-14.60	Peak	Vertical
4804.00	40.92	33.06	35.04	3.94	42.88	54.00	-11.12	Average	Vertical

Channel 19 / 2440 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4880.00	54.23	33.16	35.15	3.96	56.20	74.00	-17.80	Peak	Horizontal
4880.00	43.88	33.16	35.15	3.96	45.85	54.00	-8.15	Average	Horizontal
4880.00	59.52	33.16	35.15	3.96	61.49	74.00	-12.51	Peak	Vertical
4880.00	41.05	33.16	35.15	3.96	43.02	54.00	-10.98	Average	Vertical

Channel 39 / 2480 MHz

Freq. MHz	Reading dBuV	Ant. Fac. dB/m	Pre. Fac. dB	Cab. Loss dB	Measured dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Margin dB	Remark	Pol.
4960.00	57.70	33.26	35.14	3.98	59.80	74.00	-14.20	Peak	Horizontal
4960.00	44.91	33.26	35.14	3.98	47.01	54.00	-6.99	Average	Horizontal
4960.00	60.58	33.26	35.14	3.98	62.68	74.00	-11.32	Peak	Vertical
4960.00	44.19	33.26	35.14	3.98	46.29	54.00	-7.71	Average	Vertical

## Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz~10th harmonic or 26.5GHz (which is less), Have 20dB margin found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz~10th harmonic or 26.5GHz (which is less) were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 4). Measured Level = Reading Level + Factor, Margin = Level – Limit,  
Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor

## 5.6. Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test

### 5.6.1. Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

### 5.6.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Detector	Peak
Attenuation	Auto
RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)	100KHz/300KHz
RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band)	100KHz/300KHz

### 5.6.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz

The spectrum from 9 kHz to 26.5GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

### 5.6.4. Test Setup Layout

This test setup layout is the same as that shown in section 5.4.4.

### 5.6.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.6.6. Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix B.5 for conducted spurious emissions;*

*Please refer to Appendix B.6 for conducted band edge emission.*

*Remark:*

- 1). Test results including cable loss;*
- 2). “---“means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement.*
- 3). Not recorded emission from 9 KHz to 30 MHz as emission level at least 20dBc lower than emission limit.*

## 5.7. AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

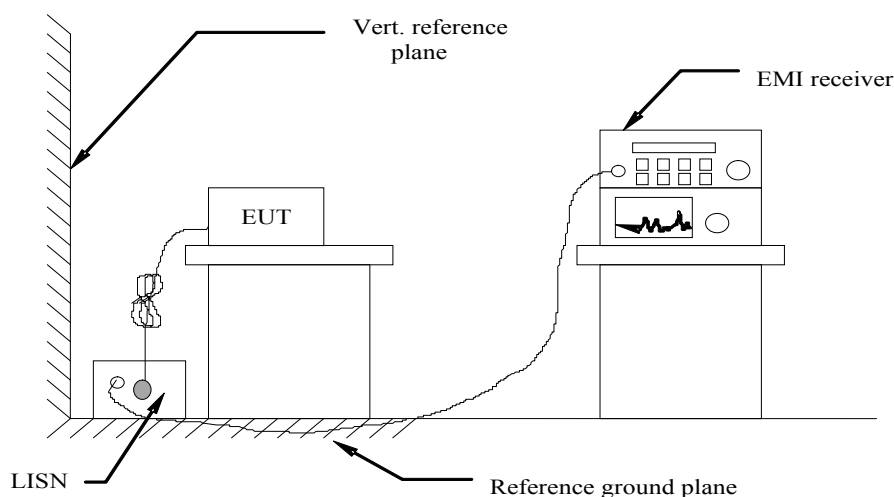
### 5.7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 5.7.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



### 5.7.3 Test Results

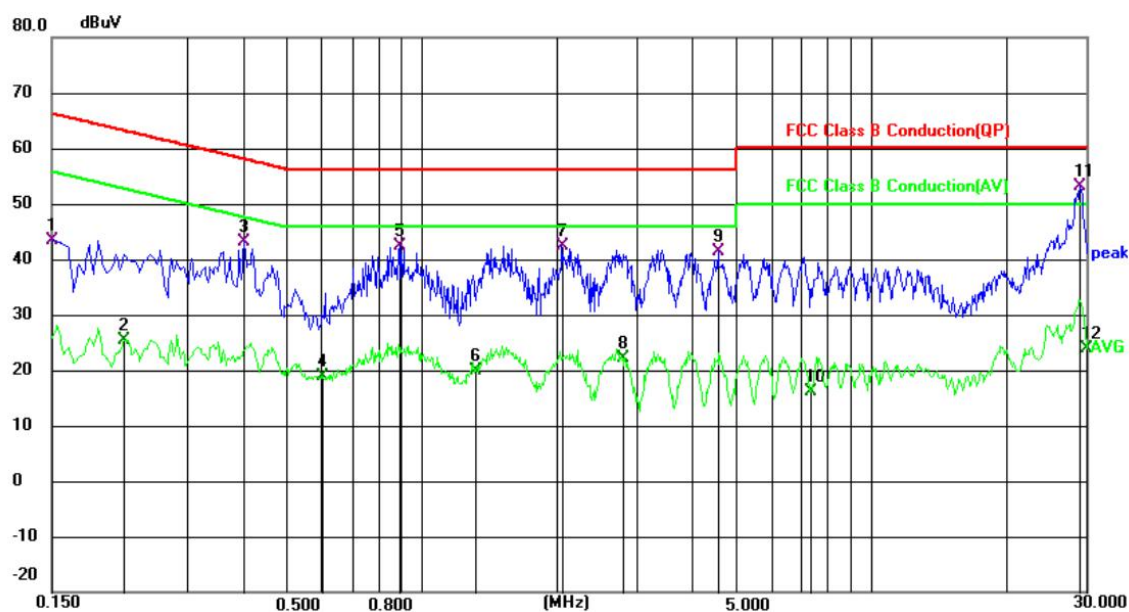
Temperature	22.3°C	Humidity	52.7%
Test Engineer	Diamond Lu	Configurations	BT LE

*PASS*

The test data please refer to following page.

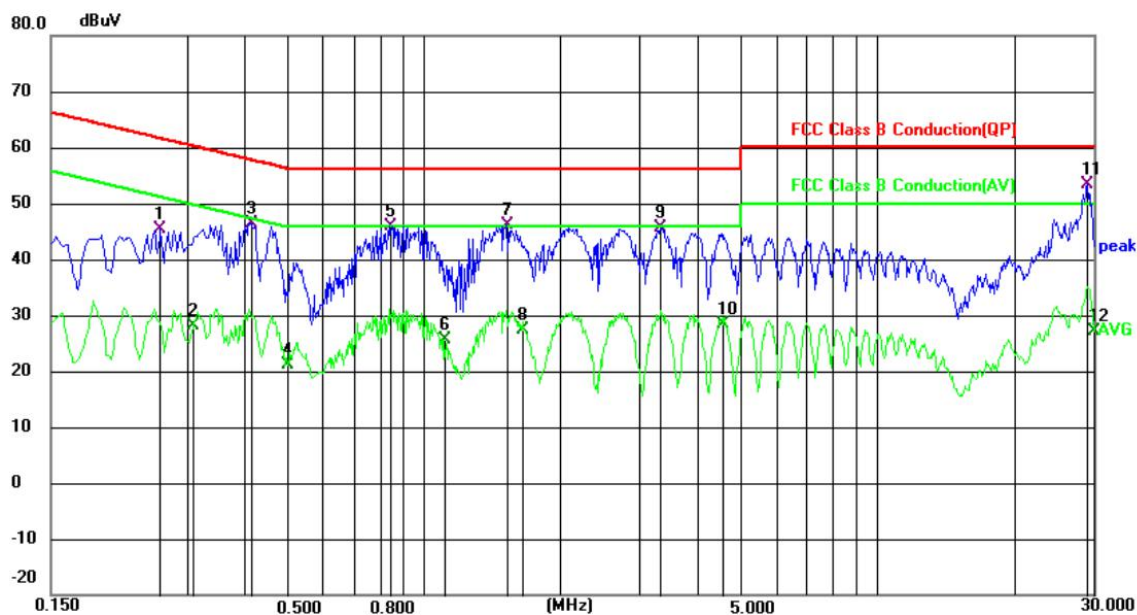
## AC Conducted Emission @ AC 120V/60Hz (worst case)

Line



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Margin		
		MHz	Level	Factor	ment			Detector	Comment
			dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB		
1		0.1500	24.31	19.14	43.45	66.00	-22.55	QP	
2		0.2176	6.20	19.20	25.40	52.91	-27.51	AVG	
3		0.4021	23.71	19.32	43.03	57.81	-14.78	QP	
4		0.6011	-0.45	19.27	18.82	46.00	-27.18	AVG	
5		0.8926	23.10	19.30	42.40	56.00	-13.60	QP	
6		1.3111	0.70	19.30	20.00	46.00	-26.00	AVG	
7		2.0446	22.89	19.41	42.30	56.00	-13.70	QP	
8		2.7961	2.59	19.46	22.05	46.00	-23.95	AVG	
9		4.5646	21.83	19.49	41.32	56.00	-14.68	QP	
10		7.3636	-3.51	19.60	16.09	50.00	-33.91	AVG	
11	*	29.1301	33.08	20.12	53.20	60.00	-6.80	QP	
12		30.0000	3.78	20.09	23.87	50.00	-26.13	AVG	

Neutral



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Margin dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.2626	26.09	19.24	45.33	61.35	-16.02	QP	
2		0.3100	8.96	19.28	28.24	49.97	-21.73	AVG	
3		0.4156	27.12	19.32	46.44	57.54	-11.10	QP	
4		0.5011	1.94	19.31	21.25	46.00	-24.75	AVG	
5		0.8431	26.68	19.29	45.97	56.00	-10.03	QP	
6		1.1086	6.32	19.27	25.59	46.00	-20.41	AVG	
7		1.5271	26.69	19.33	46.02	56.00	-9.98	QP	
8		1.6396	8.04	19.35	27.39	46.00	-18.61	AVG	
9		3.3271	26.16	19.46	45.62	56.00	-10.38	QP	
10		4.5916	8.91	19.48	28.39	46.00	-17.61	AVG	
11	*	29.1256	33.30	20.14	53.44	60.00	-6.56	QP	
12		30.0000	6.95	20.14	27.09	50.00	-22.91	AVG	

\*\*\*Note: 1).Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (GFSK HCH).

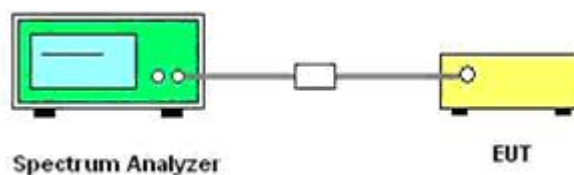
2) Measurement = Reading + Correct, Margin = Measurement - Limit

## 5.8. Band-edge Measurements for Radiated Emissions

### 5.8.1 Standard Applicable

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

### 5.8.2. Test Setup Layout



### 5.8.3. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 5.8.4. Test Procedures

According to KDB 558074 D01 Meas Guidance v05r02 for Antenna-port conducted measurement. Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to an EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, for Radiated emissions restricted band RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for peak detector and RBW=1MHz, VBW=1/B for Peak detector.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
6. Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.2.4 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
7. Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see 12.2.5 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
8. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
9. For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
10. Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

Where:

E = electric field strength in dB $\mu$ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

11. Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.
12. Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable regulatory limit.
13. Perform radiated spurious emission test duress until all measured frequencies were complete.

#### 5.8.5 Test Results

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix B.7*

#### *Remark:*

- 1). *Test results including cable loss;*
- 2). *“---“means that the fundamental frequency not for 15.209 limits requirement;*
- 3). *The average measurement was not performed when the peak measured data under the limit of average detection.*
- 4). *Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=330Hz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak.*
- 5). *Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.*

## 5.9. Antenna Requirements

### 5.9.1 Standard Applicable

According to antenna requirement of §15.203.

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be re-placed by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of Sections 15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, or 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with Section 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this Part are not exceeded.

And according to §15.247(4)(1), system operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### 5.9.2 Antenna Connected Construction

#### 5.9.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 5.9.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The gains of antenna used for transmitting is 0dBi(Max) and the antenna is an Internal Antenna and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

The WLAN and BT share same module and same antenna.

#### 5.9.2.3. Results: Compliance.



## 6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	Power Meter	R&S	NRVS	100444	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
2	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z81	100458	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
3	Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z32	10057	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
4	Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-2	/	N/A	N/A
5	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	N/A	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
6	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY50510140	2020-11-21	2021-11-20
7	DC Power Supply	Agilent	E3642A	N/A	2020-11-13	2021-11-12
8	EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	/	N/A	N/A
9	3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	2020-09-26	2021-09-25
10	Positioning Controller	MF	MF-7082	N/A	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
11	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	00005	2018-07-26	2021-07-25
12	By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	2018-07-26	2021-07-25
13	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1925	2018-07-02	2021-07-01
14	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	791	2020-09-20	2023-09-19
15	Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9719	9719-025	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
16	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR 7	101181	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
17	RS SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	FSP40	100503	2020-11-13	2021-11-12
18	Broadband Preamplifier	/	BP-01M18G	P190501	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
19	RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
20	RF Cable-HIGH	SUHNER	SUCOFLEX 106	03CH03-HY	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
21	6dB Attenuator	/	100W/6dB	1172040	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
22	3dB Attenuator	/	2N-3dB	/	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
23	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	101840	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
24	Artificial Mains	R&S	ENV216	101288	2020-06-22	2021-06-21
25	10dB Attenuator	HWARZBECK	MTS-IMP-136	261115-001-0032	2020-06-22	2021-06-21

Note: All equipment is calibrated through CHINA CEPREI LABORATORY and GUANGZHOU LISAI CALIBRATION AND TEST CO., LTD.

## **7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## **8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT**

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## **9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

-----THE END OF REPORT-----