

FCC §15.247 (i) & §1.1307 (b) (3) & §2.1091- RF Exposure

Applicable Standard

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance

MPE-Based Exemption:

An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is provided in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C), for a much wider frequency range, from 300 kHz to 100 GHz, applicable for separation distances greater or equal to $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. The MPE-based test exemption condition is in terms of ERP, defined as the product of the maximum antenna gain and the delivered maximum time-averaged power. For this case, a RF source is an RF exempt device if its ERP (watts) is no more than a frequency-dependent value, as detailed tabular form in Appendix B. These limits have been derived based on the basic specifications on Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) considered for the FCC rules in § 1.1310(e)(1).

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2R^2$.

f = frequency in MHz;

R = minimum separation distance from the body of a nearby person (appropriate units, e.g., m);

Result

For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Tune up conducted power	Antenna Gain		ERP		Evaluation Distance (m)	ERP Limit (W)
	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBd)	(dBm)	(W)		
2412-2462	19.0	3.12	0.97	19.97	0.093	0.2	0.768
5150-5250	14.0	3.75	1.60	15.60	0.036	0.2	0.768
5725-5850	14.0	4.29	2.14	16.24	0.042	0.2	0.768

Note: 1. The tune up conducted power and antenna gain was declared by the applicant.

2. The 2.4GHz wifi and 5GHz wifi cannot transmit at same time.

3. 0dBd=2.15dBi.

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliant.