

Wireless test report – 408509TRFWL

Applicant:

Cover Sistemi Srl

Via Caplà, 3 – 25080 Serle (BS) – Italy

Product name:

UWB Radar

Model:

LT103OEM

FCC ID:

2AXYT-LT103OEM

IC Registration Number:

26636-LT103OEM

Specifications:

- ◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart F**
Ultra-Wideband operation
- ◆ **FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C**
Intentional radiator
- ◆ **RSS-220 Devices Using Ultra – Wideband (UWB) Technology**
Issue 1, Amendment 1

Date of issue: **November 27, 2020**

Tested by

(name, function and signature) **S. Tessa**

(project handler) Signature:



Reviewed by

(name, function and signature) **P. Barbieri**

(verifier) Signature:



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The test report merely corresponds to the tested sample.

The phase of sampling / collection of equipment under test is carried out by the customer.

Test location(s)

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Site number	ICES: 9109A (10 m semi anechoic chamber)
Site number	FCC: 682159 (10 m semi anechoic chamber)

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report. This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Spa ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Table of contents

Table of contents	3
Section 1. Report summary	4
1.1 Applicant and manufacturer	4
1.2 Test specifications	4
1.3 Test methods	4
1.4 Statement of compliance	4
1.5 Exclusions	4
1.6 Test report revision history	4
Section 2. Summary of test results	5
2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart F and Subpart C, general requirements test results	5
2.2 RSS-220, general requirements test results	5
Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details	6
3.1 Sample information	6
3.2 EUT information	6
3.3 Technical information	6
3.4 EUT setup diagram	7
3.5 EUT sub assemblies	7
3.6 EUT exercise details	7
Section 4. Engineering considerations	8
4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT	8
4.2 Technical judgment	8
4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures	8
Section 5. Test conditions	9
5.1 Atmospheric conditions	9
5.2 Power supply range	9
Section 6. Measurement uncertainty	10
6.1 Uncertainty of measurement	10
Section 7. Testing data	12
7.1 Frequency range	12
7.2 Antenna requirement	13
7.3 10 dB Bandwidth	14
7.4 EIRP	17
7.5 Radiated emissions	19
7.6 Radiated Emissions in GPS band	29
Section 8. Block diagrams of test set-ups	34
8.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz	34
8.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz	34
Section 9. Photos	36
9.1 Photos of the test set-up	36
9.2 Photos of the EUT	38

Section 1. Report summary

1.1 Applicant and manufacturer

Company name	Cover Sistemi Srl
Address	Via Caplà, 3 – 25080 Serle (BS) – Italy

1.2 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart F	Ultra-Wideband operation
FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional Radiators
RSS-220, Issue 1, Amendment 1 v2018	Devices Using Ultra-Wideband (UWB) Technology

1.3 Test methods

ANSI C63.10 v2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
ANSI C63.4 v2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
RSS-GEN, Issue 5, Amendment 1 v2019	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.5 below. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

1.5 Exclusions

None

1.6 Test report revision history

Revision #	Date of issue	Details of changes made to test report
408509TRFWL	December 1, 2020	Original report issued

Section 2. Summary of test results

2.1 FCC Part 15 Subpart F and Subpart C, general requirements test results

Table 2.1-1: FCC test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.207	Conducted emission	Not applicable
§15.209, §15.519(c), §15.521(d)(e)	Radiated emission	Pass
§15.519(d)	Radiated emission in GPS band	Pass
§15.519(a)(1)	Operational limitations	Pass (1)
§15.503(a), §15.519(b)	10 dB Bandwidth	Pass
§15.521(g), §15.519(e)	EIRP	Pass
§15.519(a)(2), §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass
§15.521(h)	Frequency range	Pass

2.2 RSS-220, general requirements test results

Table 2.2-1: RSS-220 test results

Part	Test description	Verdict
RSS-GEN §8.8	Conducted emission	Not applicable
§ 5.3.1(c)(d)(f), RSS-GEN §8.9	Radiated emission	Pass
§5.3.1(e)	Radiated emission in GPS band	Pass
§5.3.1(b)	Operational limitations	Pass (1)
§5.1(a), Annex, §2	10 dB Bandwidth	Pass
§5.3.1(g)	EIRP	Pass
§5.1(b), RSS-GEN §6.8	Antenna Requirement	Pass

NOTE:

- (1) This device does not function as a UWB communications system with an associated receiver. It sends a periodic signal searching for targets. When echoes from targets are received, it just limits the re-search again for the movements or presence of targets.

Section 3. Equipment under test (EUT) details

3.1 Sample information

Receipt date	November 23, 2020
Nemko sample ID number	485090001

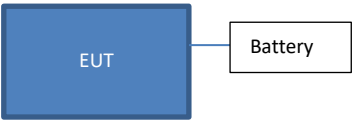
3.2 EUT information

Product name	UWB Radar
Model	LT103OEM
Model variant	--
Serial number	--

3.3 Technical information

Frequency band	7300 to 8500 MHz
Frequency Min (MHz)	7640.2 MHz
Frequency Max (MHz)	8485.8 MHz
RF power Max (dBm), Units @ distance	-31.48 dBm @ 3 m with RBW of 3 MHz
Field strength, Units @ distance	63.82 dBμV/m @3 m
Measured BW (MHz) (10 dB)	845.6 MHz
Measured BW (MHz) (99%)	2113.6 MHz
Calculated BW (kHz), as per TRC-43	N/A
Type of modulation	Unmodulated
Emission classification (F1D, G1D, D1D)	2G11P0N
Transmitter spurious, dBμV/m @3 m	17.7 @3 m
Power requirements	3 V _{DC}
Antenna information	The EUT uses a unique antenna coupling/ non-detachable antenna to the intentional radiator. Integrated Planar antenna with a gain of 4.5 dBi.

3.4 EUT setup diagram



Product description and theory of operation:

LT103OEM is a high-precision, compact and lightweight SMT Ultra-Wide Band Radar module for indoor applications. LT103OEM integrates high-end antennas, the signal processing unit and the communication interface. It can be used for presence detection, position tracking, breath detection and monitoring and gesture recognition.

The EUT has been supplied by 3 Vdc battey.

3.5 EUT sub assemblies

None

3.6 EUT exercise details

During the tests, the EUT was set in transmit mode and connected to the battery, by the client.

Section 4. Engineering considerations

4.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

4.2 Technical judgment

No technical judgment

4.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

Section 5. Test conditions

5.1 Atmospheric conditions

In the laboratory, the following ambient conditions are respected for each test reported below:

Temperature	18 – 33 °C
Relative humidity	25 – 70 %
Air pressure	860 – 1060 mbar

The following instruments are used to monitor the environmental conditions:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal date	Next cal.
Thermo-hygrometer data loggers	Testo	175-H2	20012380/305	01/2019	01/2021
Thermo-hygrometer data loggers	Testo	175-H2	38203337/703	01/2019	01/2021
Barometer	Castle	GPB 3300	072015	12/2019	12/2020

5.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages $\pm 5\%$, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 6. Measurement uncertainty

6.1 Uncertainty of measurement

The measurement uncertainty was calculated for each test and quantity listed in this test report, according to CISPR 16-4-2 and other specific test standard and is documented in Nemko Spa working manual WML1002.

The assessment of conformity for each test performed on the equipment is performed not taking into account the measurement uncertainty. The two following possible verdicts are stated in the report:

P (Pass) - The measured values of the equipment respect the specification limit at the points tested. The specific risk of false accept is up to 50% when the measured result is close to the limit.

F (Fail) - One or more measured values of the equipment do not respect the specification limit at the points tested. The specific risk of false reject is up to 50% when the measured result is close to the limit.

Hereafter Nemko's measurement uncertainties are reported:

EUT	Type	Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Transmitter	Conducted	Frequency error	0.001 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	0.08 ppm	(1)
		Carrier power RF Output Power	0.009 MHz ÷ 30 MHz	1.1 dB	(1)
			30 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.5 dB	(1)
			18 MHz ÷ 40 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			40 MHz ÷ 140 GHz	5.0 dB	(1)
		Adjacent channel power	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.4 dB	(1)
		Conducted spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	4.2 dB	(1)
			40 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
		Intermodulation attenuation	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.2 dB	(1)
		Attack time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Attack time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Release time – frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.0 ms	(1)
		Release time – power behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2.5 ms	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter– Transient frequency behaviour	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.2 kHz	(1)
		Transient behaviour of the transmitter – Power level slope	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	9%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Maximum permissible frequency deviation	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1.3%	(1)
		Frequency deviation - Response of the transmitter to modulation frequencies above 3 kHz	0.001 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	0.5 dB	(1)
		Dwell time	-	3%	(1)
		Hopping Frequency Separation	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	1%	(1)
		Occupied Channel Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
		Modulation Bandwidth	0.01 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	2%	(1)
	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)
		Effective radiated power transmitter	10 kHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)

EUT	Type	Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Receiver	Radiated	Radiated spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 26.5 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
			26.5 GHz ÷ 66 GHz	8.0 dB	(1)
			66 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	10 dB	(1)
	Conducted	Sensitivity measurement	1 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)
		Conducted spurious emissions	0.009 MHz ÷ 18 GHz	3.0 dB	(1)
			18 GHz ÷ 40 GHz	4.2 dB	(1)
			40 GHz ÷ 220 GHz	6.0 dB	(1)

NOTES:

(1) The reported expanded uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k = 2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95 %

Section 7. Testing data

7.1 Frequency range

7.1.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.521

(h) The highest frequency employed in §15.33 to determine the frequency range over which radiated measurements are made shall be based on the center frequency, f_c , unless a higher frequency is generated within the UWB device. For measuring emission levels, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest frequency generated in the UWB transmitter, without going below 9 kHz, up to the frequency range shown in §15.33(a) or up to $f_c + 3/(\text{pulse width in seconds})$, whichever is higher. There is no requirement to measure emissions beyond 40 GHz provided f_c is less than 10 GHz; beyond 100 GHz if f_c is at or above 10 GHz and below 30 GHz; or beyond 200 GHz if f_c is at or above 30 GHz.

7.1.2 Test date

Start date November 9, 2020

7.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

7.1.4 Test data

$F_c \text{ (MHz)} = (F_{\text{high}} + F_{\text{low}})/2$	8063 (MHz)
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Note: For F_{high} and F_{low} see §7.3.4

7.2 Antenna requirement

7.2.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.203

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §§15.211, 15.213, 15.217, 15.219, 15.221, or §15.236. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

FCC 15.519

(a) UWB devices operating under the provisions of this section must be hand held, i.e., they are relatively small devices that are primarily hand held while being operated and do not employ a fixed infrastructure.

(2) The use of antennas mounted on outdoor structures, e.g., antennas mounted on the outside of a building or on a telephone pole, or any fixed outdoors infrastructure is prohibited. Antennas may be mounted only on the hand held UWB device.

RSS-GEN 6.8

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

RSS-220 5.1

The following general provisions apply to both indoor and hand-held communication devices.

(b) The antenna of the UWB device shall be factory-installed and shall not be made modifiable by users.

7.2.2 Test date

Start date November 23, 2020

7.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The EUT use permanently attached antenna.

7.2.4 Test data

Must the EUT be professionally installed?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard?	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A

7.3 10 dB Bandwidth

7.3.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.503

(a) UWB bandwidth. For the purpose of this subpart, the UWB bandwidth is the frequency band bounded by the points that are 10 dB below the highest radiated emission, as based on the complete transmission system including the antenna. The upper boundary is designated f_H and the lower boundary is designated f_L . The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs is designated f_M .

(d) Ultra-wideband (UWB) transmitter. An intentional radiator that, at any point in time, has a fractional bandwidth equal to or greater than 0.20 or has a UWB bandwidth equal to or greater than 500 MHz, regardless of the fractional bandwidth.

FCC 15.519

(b) The UWB bandwidth of a device operating under the provisions of this section must be contained between 3100 MHz and 10,600 MHz.

RSS 220 5.1

(a) The -10 dB bandwidth of the device shall be totally contained in the band 3.1-10.6 GHz.

Clause 2 of Annex

“-10 dB bandwidth B_{-10} ” is defined as follows:

$$B_{-10} = f_H - f_L$$

where:

f_H is the highest frequency at which the power spectral density of the UWB transmission is -10 dB relative to f_M ;

f_L is the lowest frequency at which the power spectral density of the UWB transmission is -10 dB relative to f_M ; and

$f_C = (f_H + f_L)/2$ is the centre frequency of the -10 dB bandwidth.

7.3.1 Test date

Start date November 24, 2020

7.3.2 Observations, settings and special notes

RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SPAN = 2.5 GHz
E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm + 95.3)

7.3.3 Test equipment list

Table 7.3-1: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
EMI receiver (2 Hz ÷ 44 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	09/2020	09/2021
Bilog antenna (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	STLP 9148	9148-123	07/2018	07/2021
Preamplifier (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-137	07/2020	07/2021
Controller	Maturo	FCU3.0	10041	NCR	NCR
Tilt antenna mast	Maturo	TAM4.0-E	10042	NCR	NCR
Turntable	Maturo	TT4.0-5T	2.527	NCR	NCR
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	09/2019	09/2021
Shielded room	Siemens	10m control room	1947	NCR	NCR

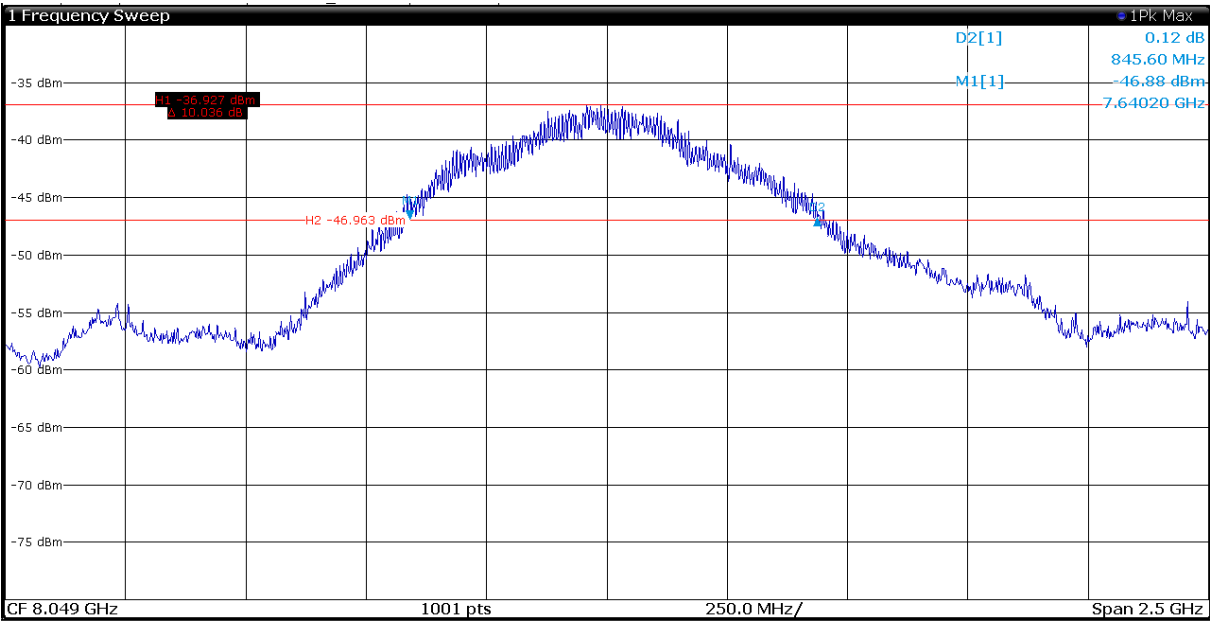
Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

7.3.4 Test data

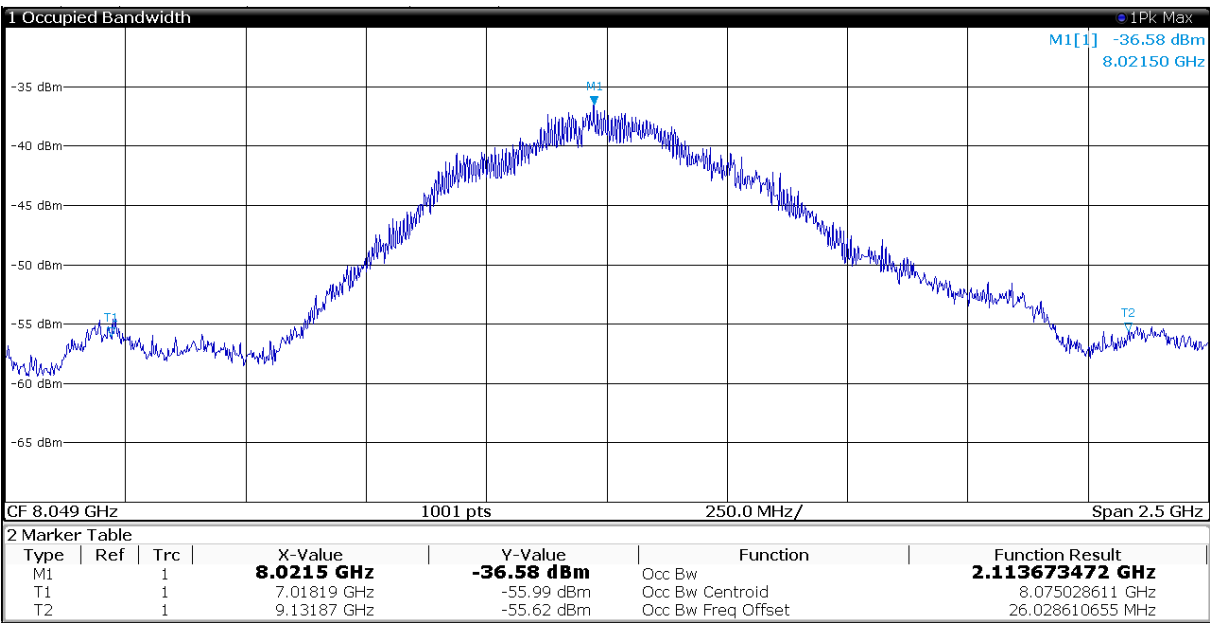
Table 7.3-2: Bandwidth measurements results

Frequency, (MHz)	10 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Detector
8049.0000	845.6	2113.6	500	PK

Frequency (MHz)	Lower Frequency (MHz)	Limit (MHz) Lower frequency	Upper frequency (MHz)	Limit (MHz) Upper frequency
8049.0000	7640.2000	3100	8485.8000	10600



10 dB Bandwidth



99 % Bandwidth

7.4 EIRP

7.4.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.521

(g) When a peak measurement is required, it is acceptable to use a resolution bandwidth other than the 50 MHz specified in this subpart. This resolution bandwidth shall not be lower than 1 MHz or greater than 50 MHz, and the measurement shall be centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs, f_m . If a resolution bandwidth other than 50 MHz is employed, the peak EIRP limit shall be $20 \log (RBW/50)$ dBm where RBW is the resolution bandwidth in megahertz that is employed. This may be converted to a peak field strength level at 3 meters using $E(dBuV/m) = P(dBm \text{ EIRP}) + 95.2$. If RBW is greater than 3 MHz, the application for certification filed with the Commission must contain a detailed description of the test procedure, calibration of the test setup, and the instrumentation employed in the testing.

FCC 15.519

(e) There is a limit on the peak level of the emissions contained within a 50 MHz bandwidth centered on the frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs, f_m . That limit is 0 dBm EIRP. It is acceptable to employ a different resolution bandwidth, and a correspondingly different peak emission limit, following the procedures described in §15.521.

RSS-220 5.3.1

(g) The peak level of the transmissions shall not exceed the peak equivalent of the average limit contained within any 50 MHz bandwidth, as defined in section 4 of the Annex.

7.4.2 Test date

Start date November 23, 2020

7.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

RBW = 3 MHz, VBW = 10 MHz, so the EIRP limit is $20 \log (3/50) = -24.44$ dBm
 $E \text{ field strength (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{EIRP (dBm)} + 95.3$

7.4.4 Test equipment list

Table 7.4-1: Equipment list

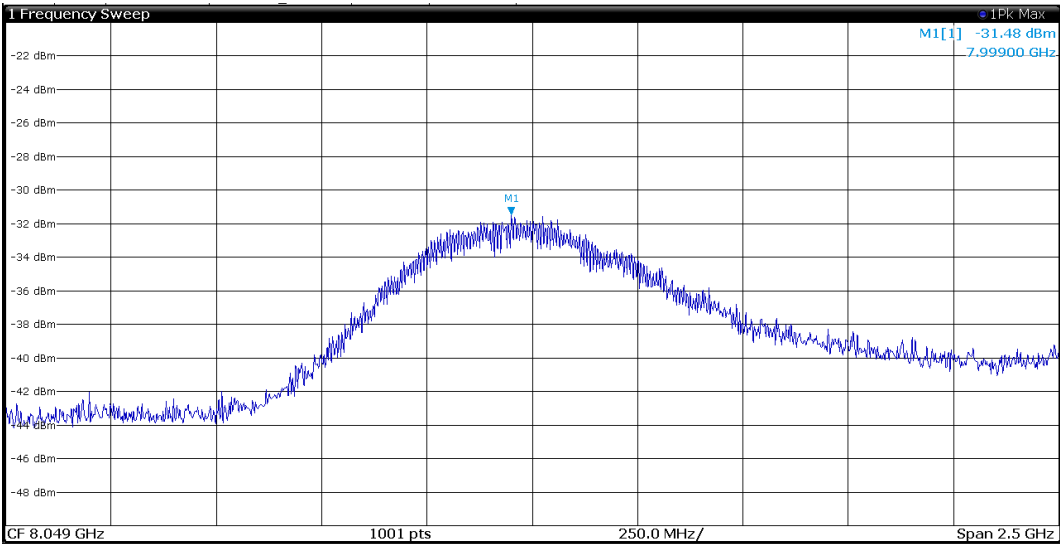
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
EMI receiver (2 Hz ÷ 44 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	09/2020	09/2021
Bilog antenna (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	STLP 9148	9148-123	07/2018	07/2021
Preamplifier (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-137	07/2020	07/2021
Controllor	Maturo	FCU3.0	10041	NCR	NCR
Tilt antenna mast	Maturo	TAM4.0-E	10042	NCR	NCR
Turntable	Maturo	TT4.0-ST	2.527	NCR	NCR
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	09/2019	09/2021
Shielded room	Siemens	10m control room	1947	NCR	NCR

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

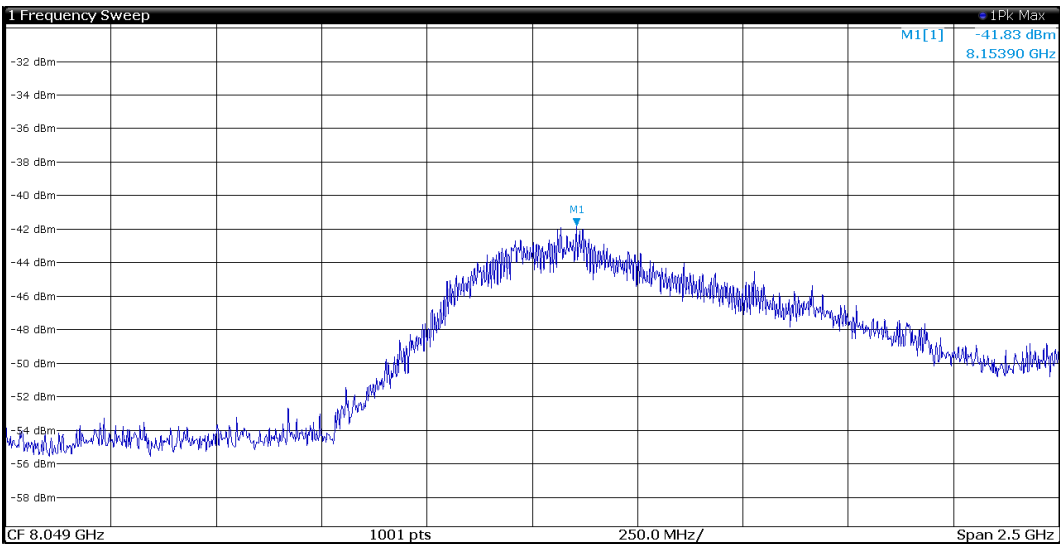
7.4.5 Test data

Table 7.4-2: Eirp measurements results

Frequency, GHz	Antenna Polarization	Measure Level dBm	Limit dBm	Margin dB	Detector
7999.000	V	-31.48	-24.44	-7.04	PK
8153.900	H	-41.83	-24.44	-17.39	PK



Vertical Polarization



Horizontal Polarization

7.5 Radiated emissions

7.5.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.519

(c) The radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the emission levels in §15.209. The radiated emissions above 960 MHz from a device operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz:

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
960-1610	-75.3
1610-1990	-63.3
1990-3100	-61.3
3100-10600	-41.3
Above 10600	-61.3

FCC 15.521

(d) Within the tables in §§15.509, 15.511, 15.513, 15.515, 15.517, and 15.519, the tighter emission limit applies at the band edges. Radiated emission levels at and below 960 MHz are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Radiated emission levels above 960 MHz are based on RMS average measurements over a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth. The RMS average measurement is based on the use of a spectrum analyzer with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz, an RMS detector, and a 1 millisecond or less averaging time. Unless otherwise stated, if pulse gating is employed where the transmitter is quiescent for intervals that are long compared to the nominal pulse repetition interval, measurements shall be made with the pulse train gated on. Alternative measurement procedures may be considered by the Commission.

(e) The frequency at which the highest radiated emission occurs, f_m , must be contained within the UWB bandwidth.

Table 7.5-1: FCC §15.209 – Radiated emission limits below 1 GHz

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions		Measurement distance, m
	$\mu\text{V/m}$	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$	
0.009–0.490	2400/F	$67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	$87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

RSS-220 5.3.1

(c) Radiated emissions at or below 960 MHz from a device shall not exceed the limits in section 3.4.

Table 7.5-2: RSS-220 § 3.4 – Radiated emission limits below 1 GHz

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions		Measurement distance, m
	$\mu\text{V/m}$	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$	
0.009–0.490	2400/F	$67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	$87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

(d) Radiated emissions above 960 MHz from a device shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

Frequency	E.i.r.p. in a Resolution Bandwidth of 1 MHz
960-1 610 MHz	-75.3 dBm
1 610-22 000 MHz	-61.3 dBm
22 000-29 000 MHz	-41.3 dBm
29 000-31 000 MHz	-51.3 dBm
Above 31 000 MHz	-61.3 dBm

(f) Within the tables in paragraphs (d) and (e) above, the tighter emission limit applies at the band edges.

7.5.1 Test date

Start date November 23, 2020

7.5.2 Observations, settings and special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to 40 GHz according to §15.33(a)(1).
E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm) + 95.3

Spectrum analyzer settings for radiated measurements below 1 GHz pre-scan

Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyzer settings for peak radiated measurements above 960 MHz pre-scan

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	Peak
Trace mode:	Max Hold

Spectrum analyzer settings for average radiated measurements above 960 MHz pre-scan

Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Detector mode:	RMS
Trace mode:	Max Hold

7.5.3 Test equipment list

Table 7.5-3: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
EMI receiver (20 Hz ÷ 8 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU8	100202	08/2020	08/2021
EMI receiver (2 Hz ÷ 44 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	09/2020	09/2021
Trilog Antenna (30 MHz ÷ 7 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9162	9162-025	07/2018	07/2021
Bilog antenna (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	STLP 9148	9148-123	07/2018	07/2021
Preamplifier (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-137	07/2020	07/2021
Horn antenna (3 ÷ 40 GHz)	RFSpin	DRH40	061106A40	04/2020	04/2023
Preamplifier (18 ÷ 40 GHz)	Sage	STB-1834034030-KFKF-L1	18490-01	03/2020	03/2021
Controller	Maturo	FCU3.0	10041	NCR	NCR
Tilt antenna mast	Maturo	TAM4.0-E	10042	NCR	NCR
Turntable	Maturo	TT4.0-5T	2.527	NCR	NCR
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	09/2019	09/2021
Shielded room	Siemens	10m control room	1947	NCR	NCR

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

7.5.4 Test data

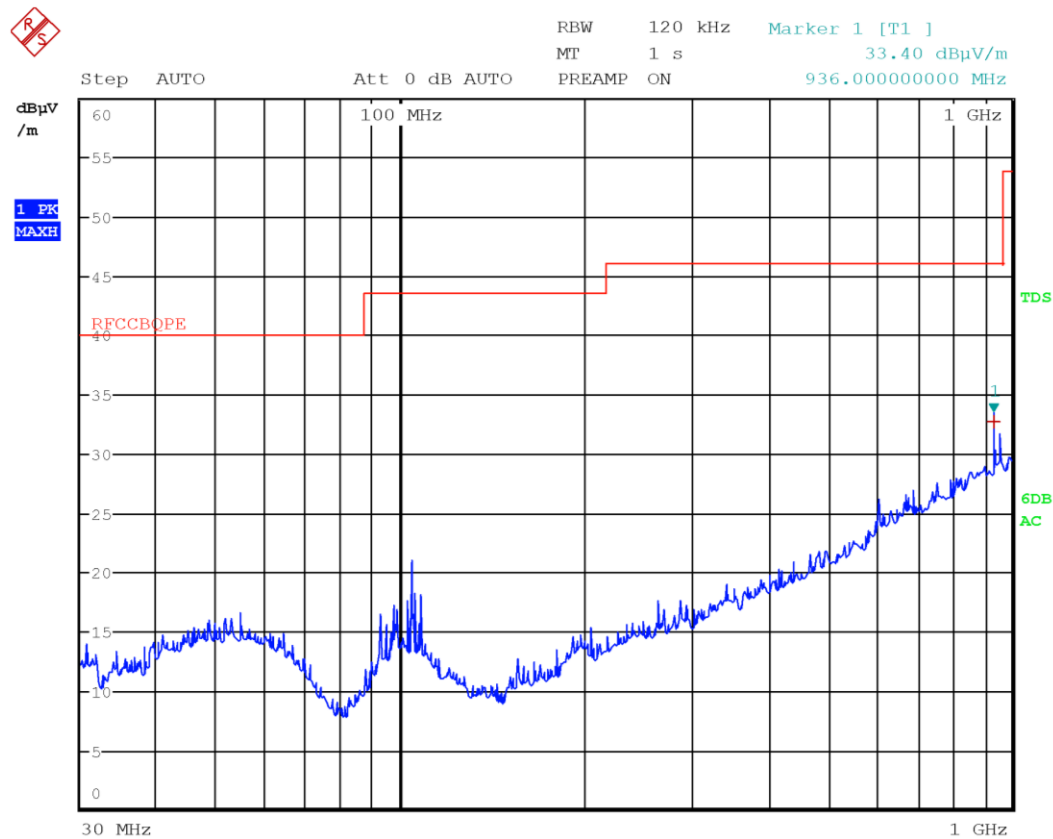


Figure 7.5-1: Radiated spurious emissions 30 to 1000 MHz, antenna in horizontal polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
936.0000	32.8	46.0	-13.2	QP

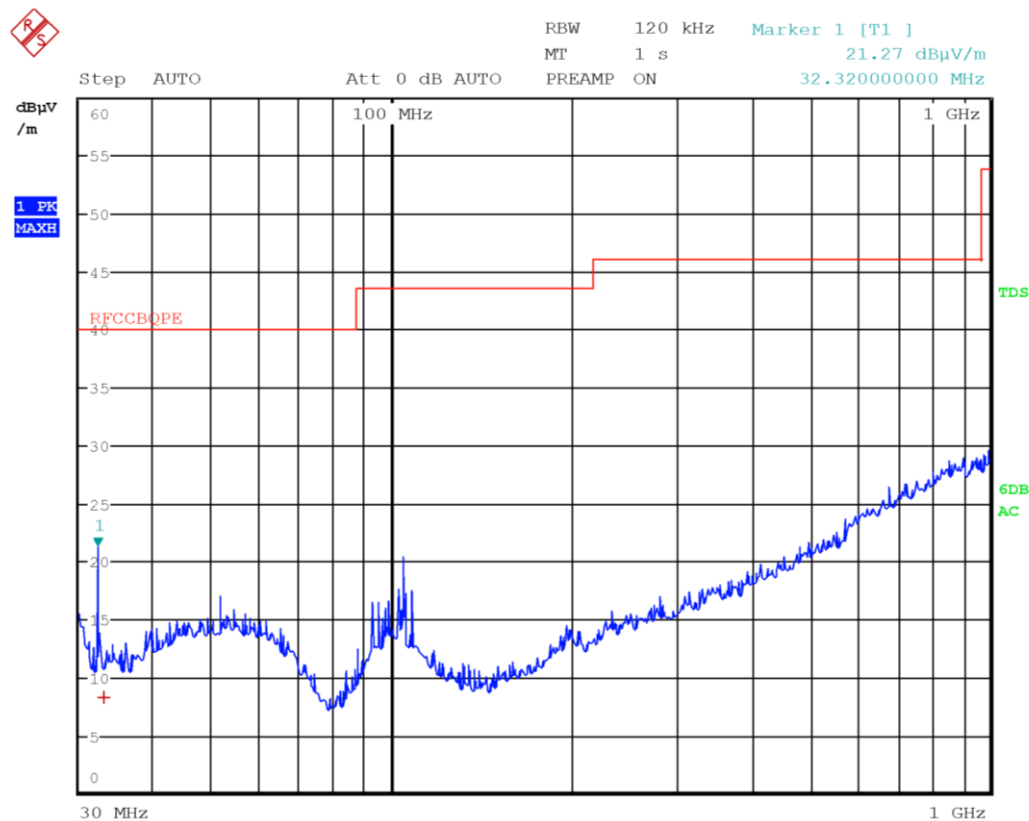


Figure 7.5-2: Radiated spurious emissions 30 to 1000 MHz, antenna in vertical polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
32.8800	8.3	40.0	-31.7	QP

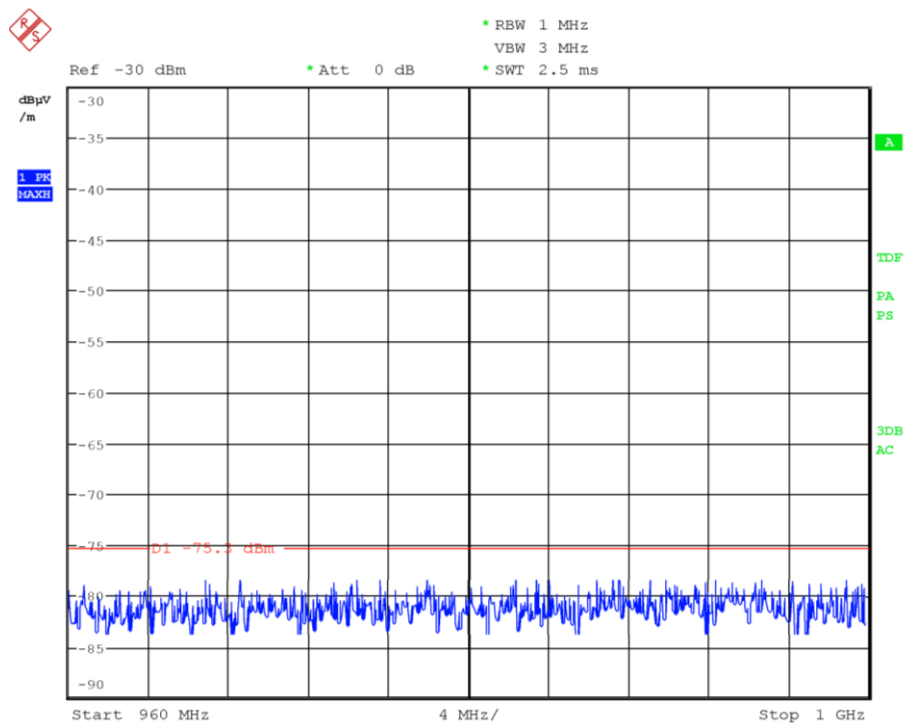


Figure 7.5-3: Radiated spurious emissions 960 to 1000 MHz, antenna in horizontal polarization

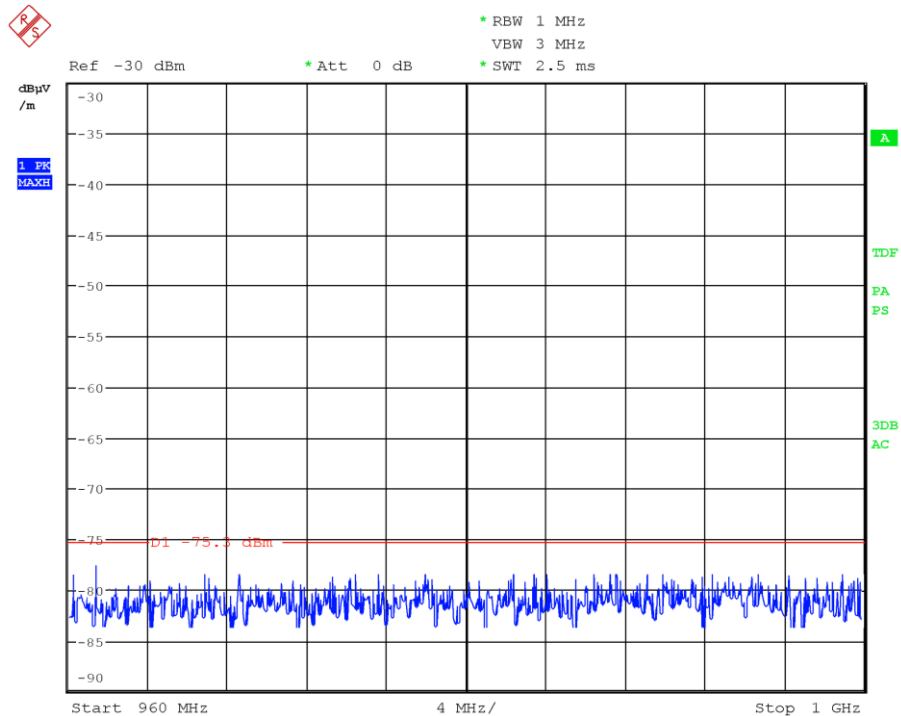


Figure 7.5-4: Radiated spurious emissions 960 to 1000 MHz, antenna in vertical polarization



Figure 7.5-5: Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 10.61 GHz (FCC limits), with antenna in horizontal polarization

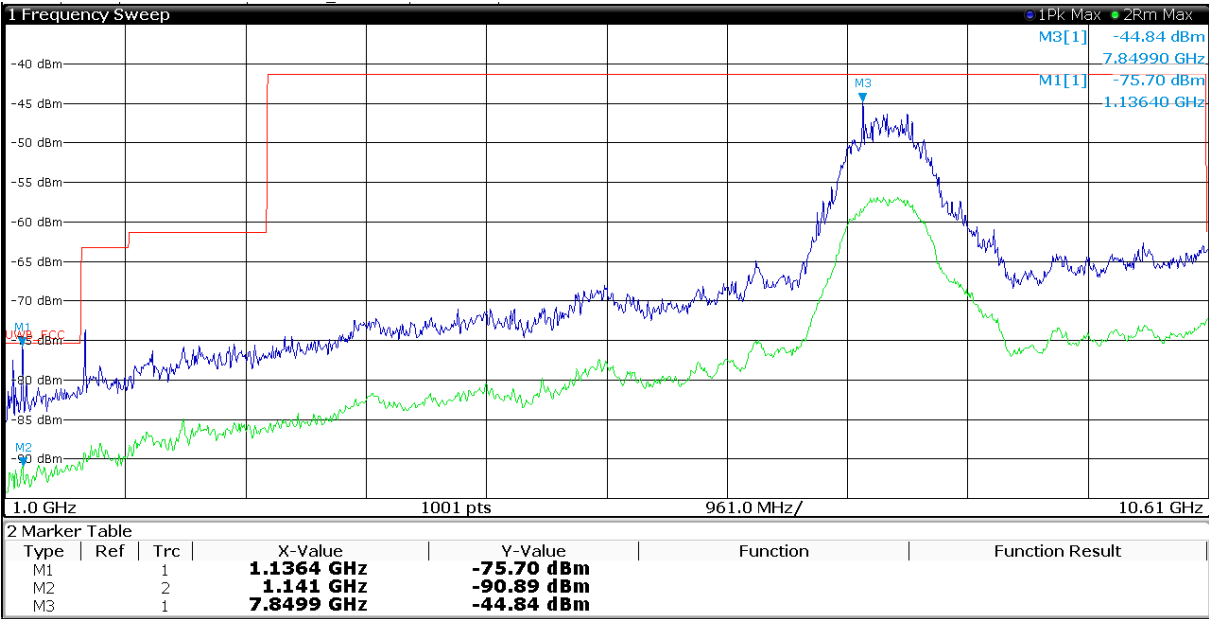


Figure 7.5-6: Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 10.61 GHz (FCC Limits), with antenna in vertical polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1136.4000	-75.7	-75.3	-	Pk
1141.0000	-90.8	-75.3	-15.5	Av

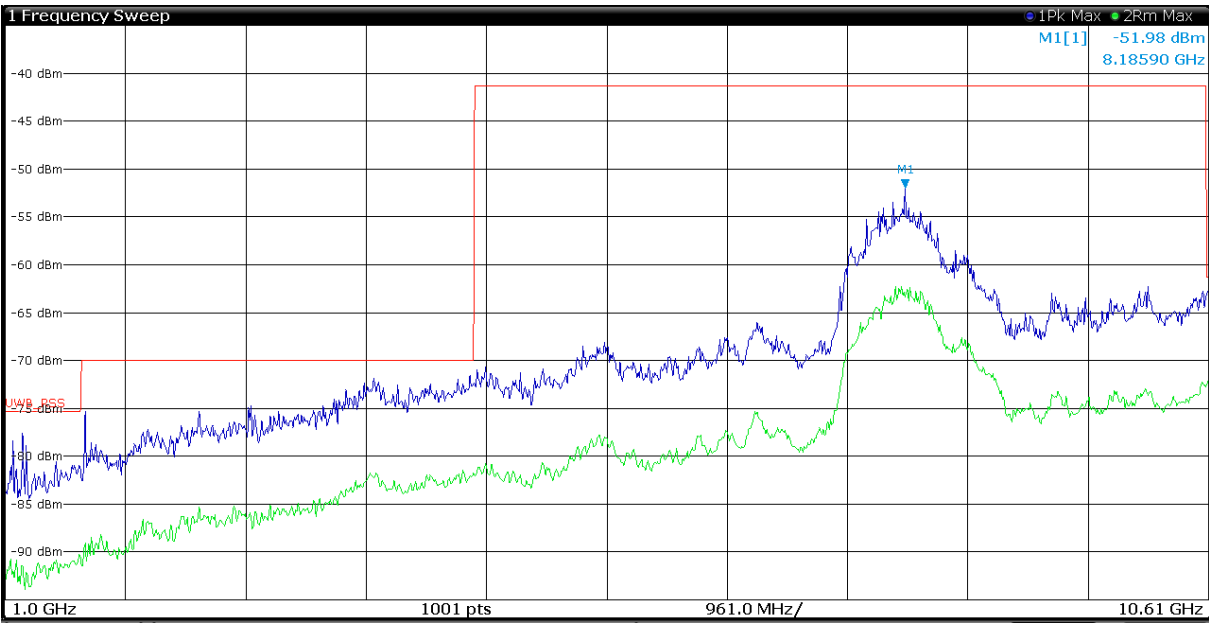


Figure 7.5-7: Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 10.61 GHz (RSS limits), with antenna in horizontal polarization

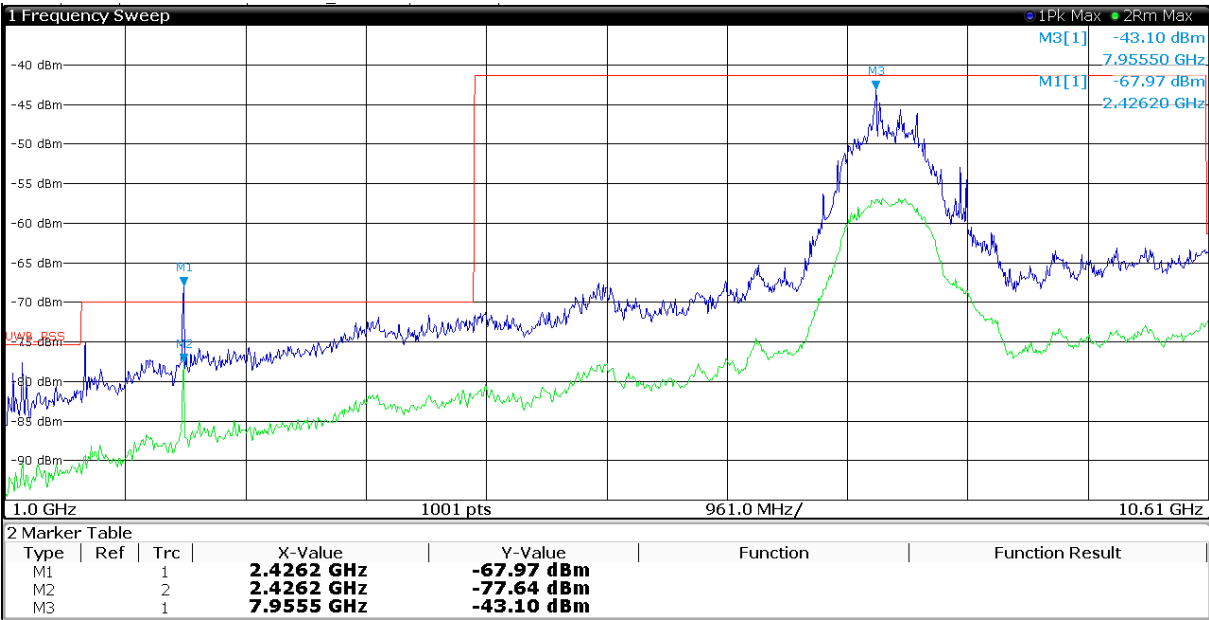


Figure 7.5-8: Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 10.61 GHz (RSS Limits), with antenna in vertical polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
2426.2000	-67.9	-70.0	-	Pk
2426.2000	-77.6	-70.0	-7.6	Av

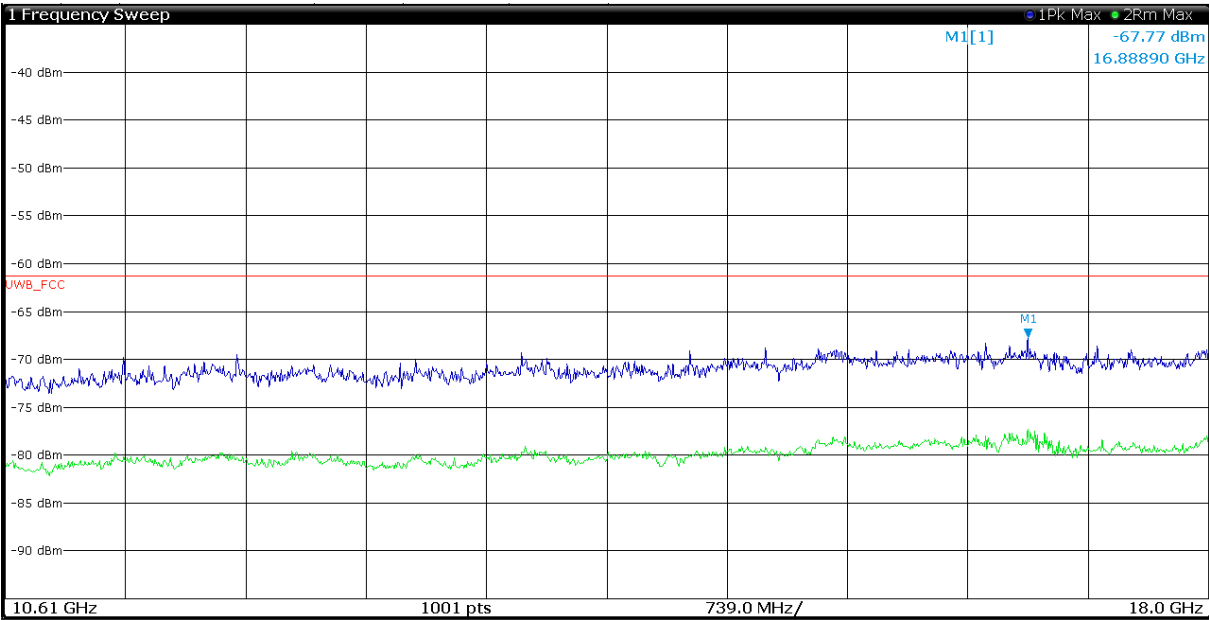


Figure 7.5-9: Radiated spurious emissions 10.61 to 18 GHz, with antenna in horizontal polarization

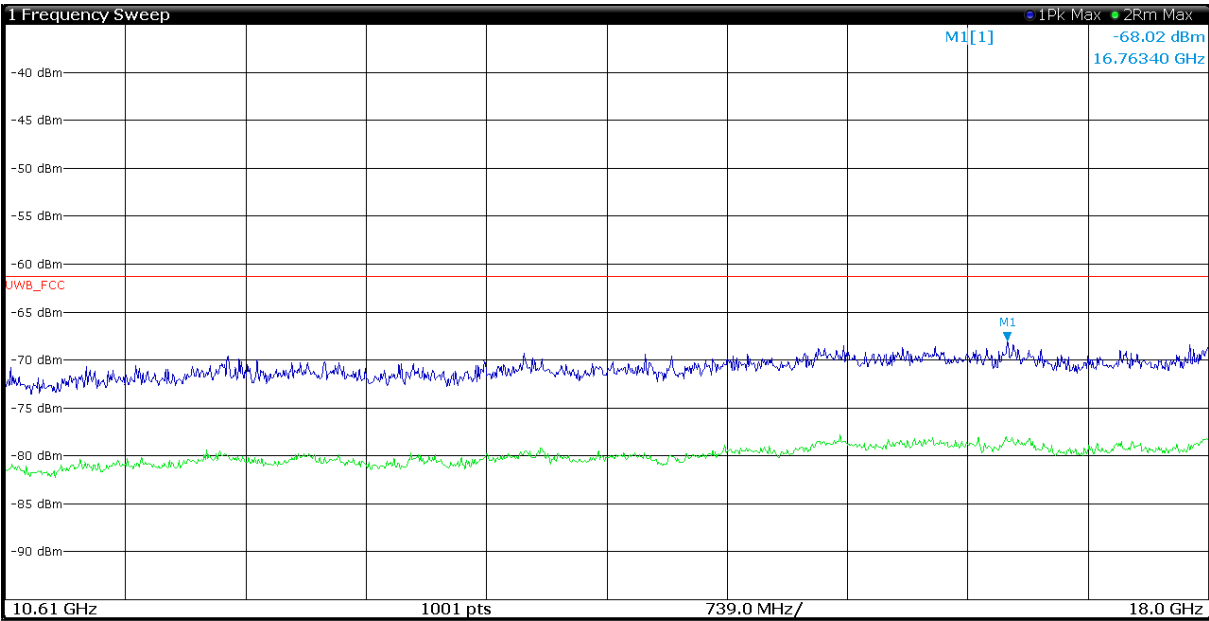


Figure 7.5-10: Radiated spurious emissions 10.61 to 18 GHz, with antenna in vertical polarization

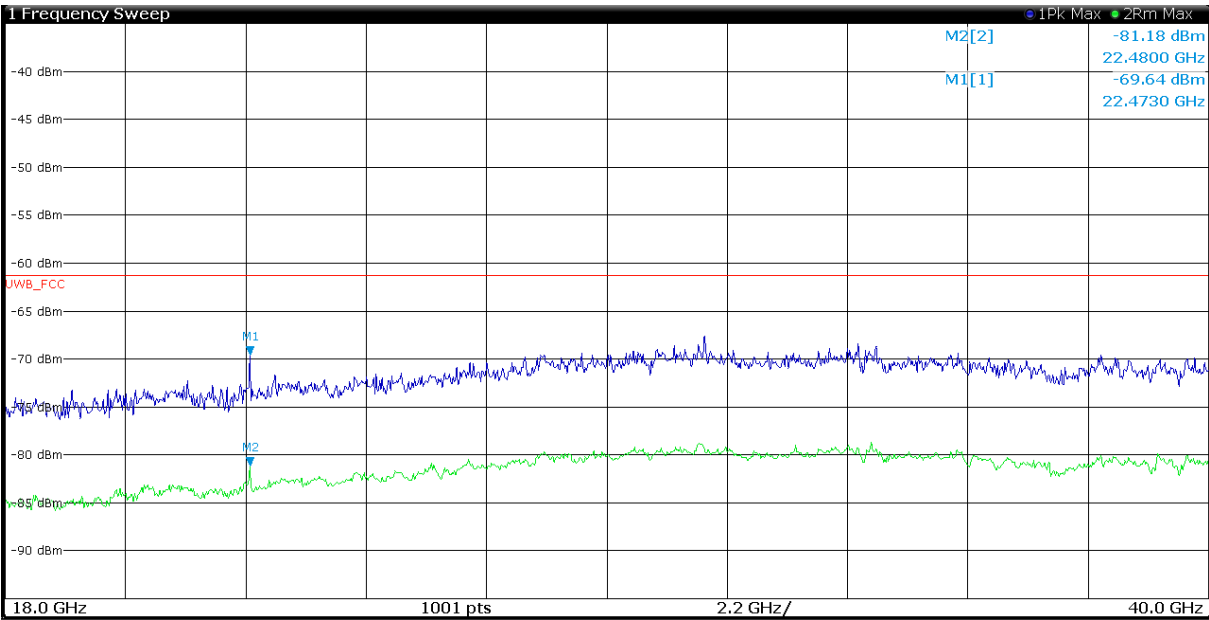


Figure 7.5-11: Radiated spurious emissions 18 to 40 GHz, with antenna in horizontal polarization

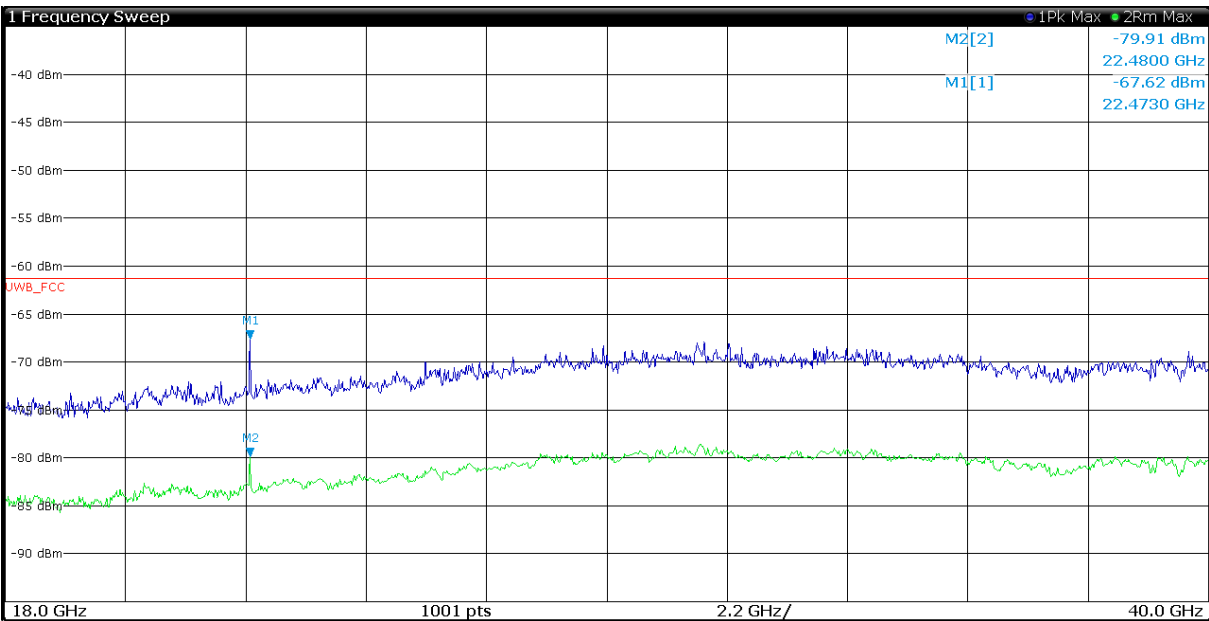


Figure 7.5-12: Radiated spurious emissions 18 to 40 GHz, with antenna in vertical polarization

7.6 Radiated Emissions in GPS band

7.6.1 Definitions and limits

FCC 15.519

(d) In addition to the radiated emission limits specified in the table in paragraph (c) of the section 15.519, UWB transmitters operating under the provisions of this section shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth of no less than 1 kHz.

Frequency in MHz	EIRP in dBm
1164-1240	-85.3
1559-1610	-85.3

RSS-220 5.3.1

(e) In addition to the limits specified in the table in paragraph (d) of the section 5.3.1, radiated emission shall not exceed the following average limits when measured using a resolution bandwidth greater than or equal to 1 kHz. The measurements shall demonstrate compliance with the stated limits at whatever resolution bandwidth is used.

Frequency	E.i.r.p. in a Resolution Bandwidth of no less than 1 kHz
1 164-1 240 MHz	-85.3 dBm
1 559-1 610 MHz	-85.3 dBm

7.6.2 Test date

Start date November 24, 2020

7.6.3 Observations, settings and special notes

E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm) + 95.3

Spectrum analyzer settings:

Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Video bandwidth:	10 kHz
Detector mode Trace 1	Peak
Trace 1 mode :	Max Hold
Detector mode Trace 2	RMS
Trace 2 mode :	Max Hold

7.6.4 Test equipment list

Table 7.6-1: Equipment list

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
EMI receiver (2 Hz ÷ 44 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW44	101620	09/2020	09/2021
Bilog antenna (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	STLP 9148	9148-123	07/2018	07/2021
Preamplifier (1 ÷ 18 GHz)	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9718	9718-137	07/2020	07/2021
Controller	Maturo	FCU3.0	10041	NCR	NCR
Tilt antenna mast	Maturo	TAM4.0-E	10042	NCR	NCR
Turntable	Maturo	TT4.0-5T	2.527	NCR	NCR
Semi-anechoic chamber	Nemko	10m semi-anechoic chamber	530	09/2019	09/2021
Shielded room	Siemens	10m control room	1947	NCR	NCR

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

7.6.5 Test data

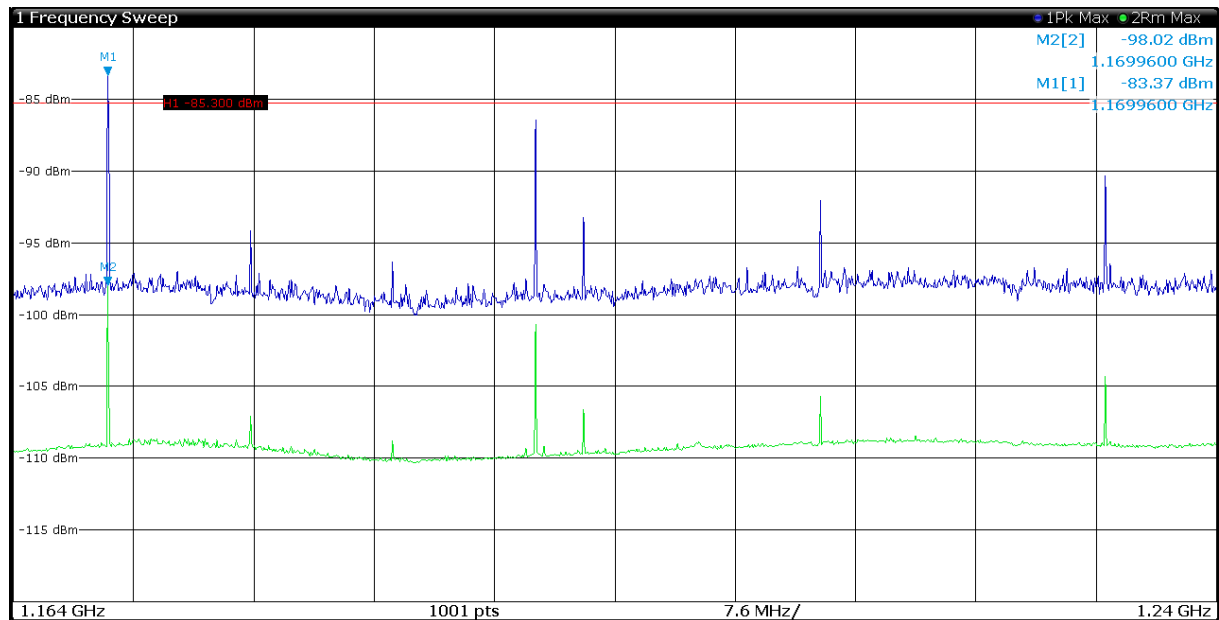


Figure 7.6-1: Radiated spurious emissions 1164 - 1240 MHz, antenna in horizontal polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1169.9600	-83.3	-85.3	-	PK
1169.9600	-98.0	-85.3	-12.7	AV

Note:

1. This limit applies for using average detector, if the test result on peak is lower than average limit, then average measurement needn't be performed.
2. E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm + 95.3)

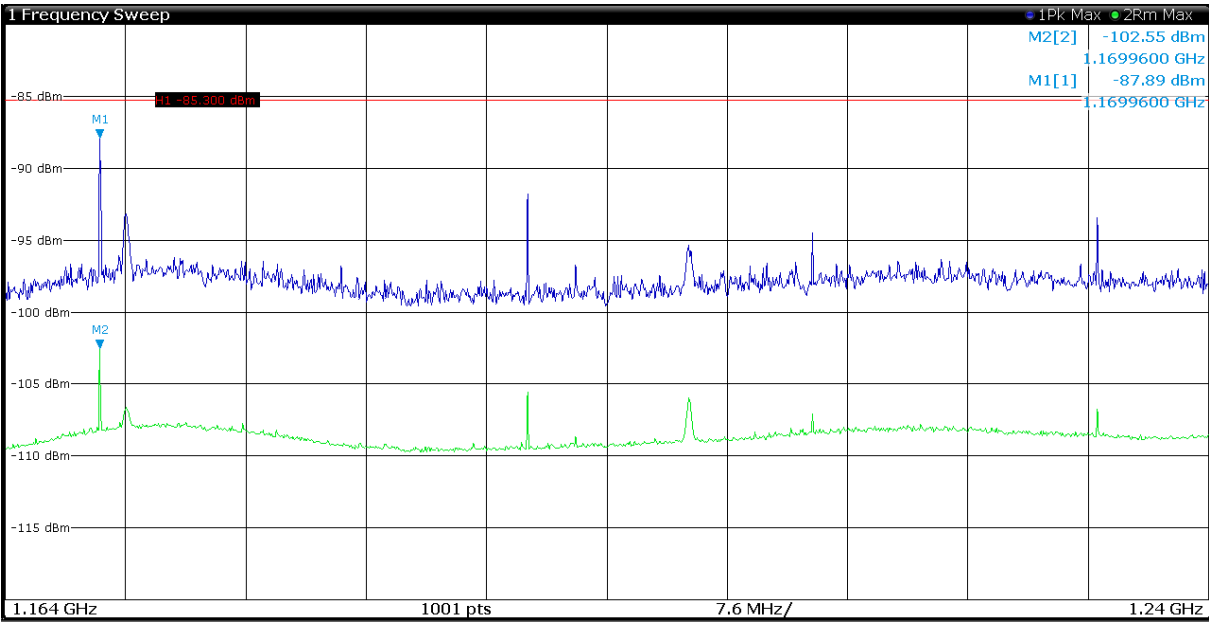


Figure 7.6-2: Radiated spurious emissions 1164 - 1240 MHz, antenna in vertical polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1169.9600	-87.8	-85.3	-2.5	PK

Note:

1. This limit applies for using average detector, if the test result on peak is lower than average limit, then average measurement needn't be performed.
2. E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm + 95.3)

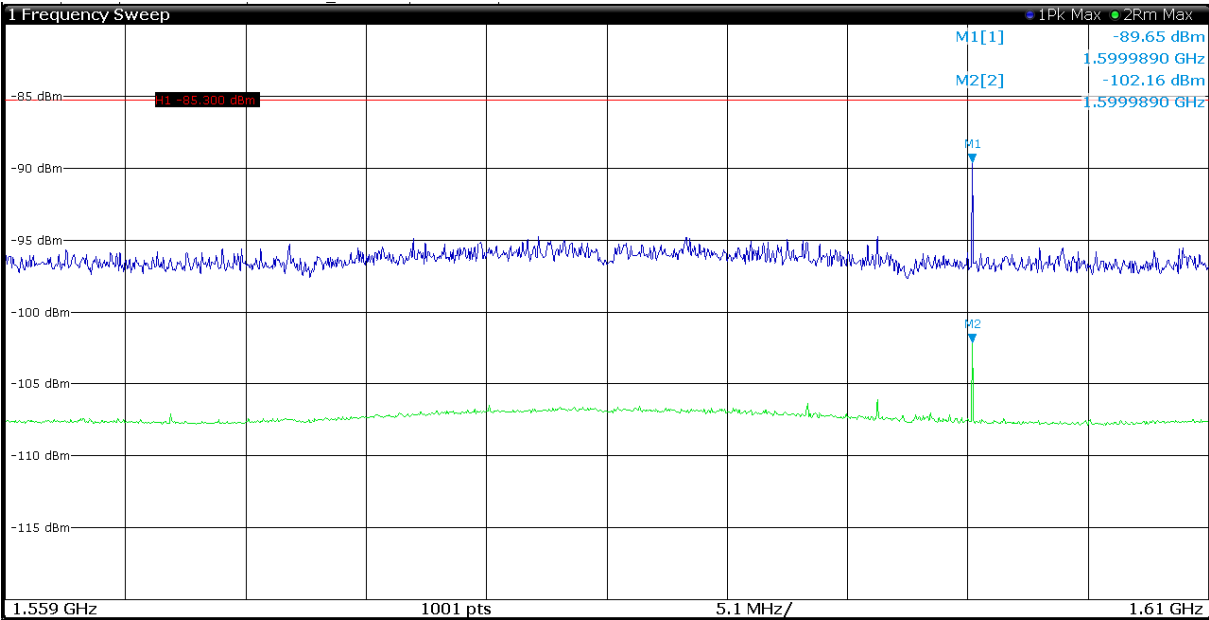


Figure 7.6-3: Radiated spurious emissions 1559 to 1610 MHz, antenna in horizontal polarization

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1599.9890	-89.6	-85.3	-4.3	PK

Note:

1. This limit applies for using average detector, if the test result on peak is lower than average limit, then average measurement needn't be performed.
2. E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm + 95.3)

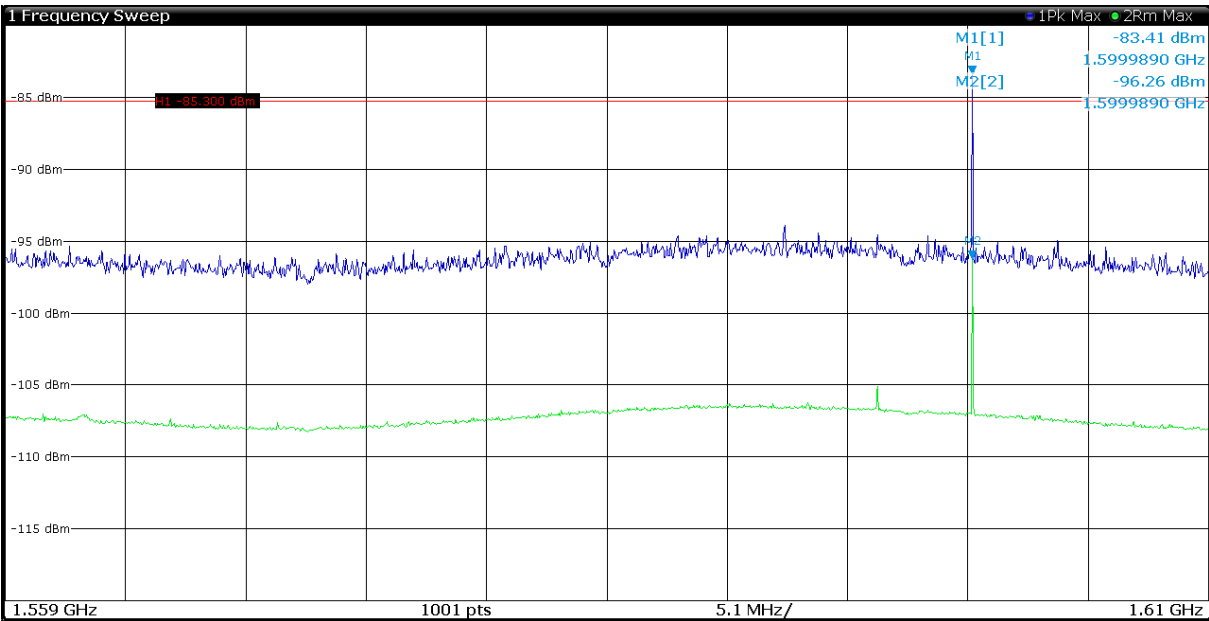


Figure 7.6-4: Radiated spurious emissions 1559 to 1610 MHz, antenna in vertical polarization

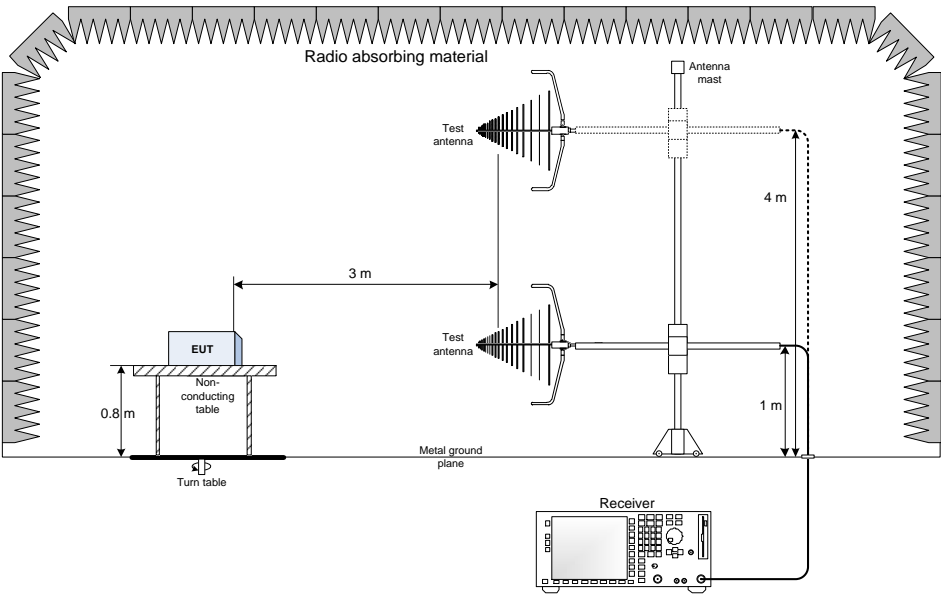
Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1599.9890	-83.4	-85.3	-	PK
1599.9890	-96.2	-85.3	-10.9	AV

Note:

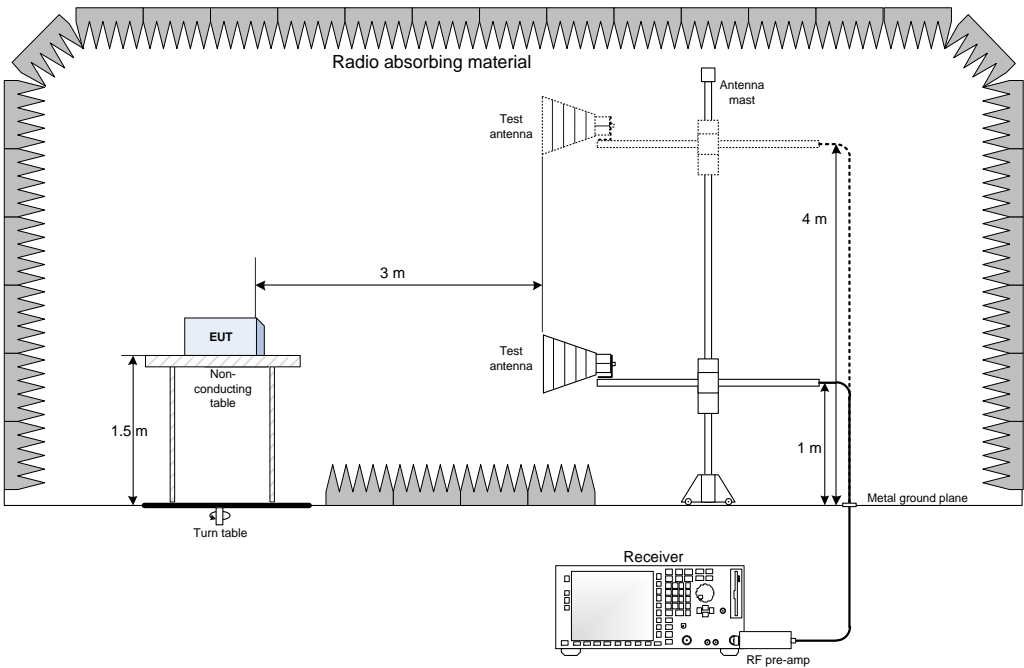
1. This limit applies for using average detector, if the test result on peak is lower than average limit, then average measurement needn't be performed.
2. E field strength (dBμV/m) = EIRP (dBm + 95.3)

Section 8. Block diagrams of test set-ups

8.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz



8.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz





Section 9. Photos

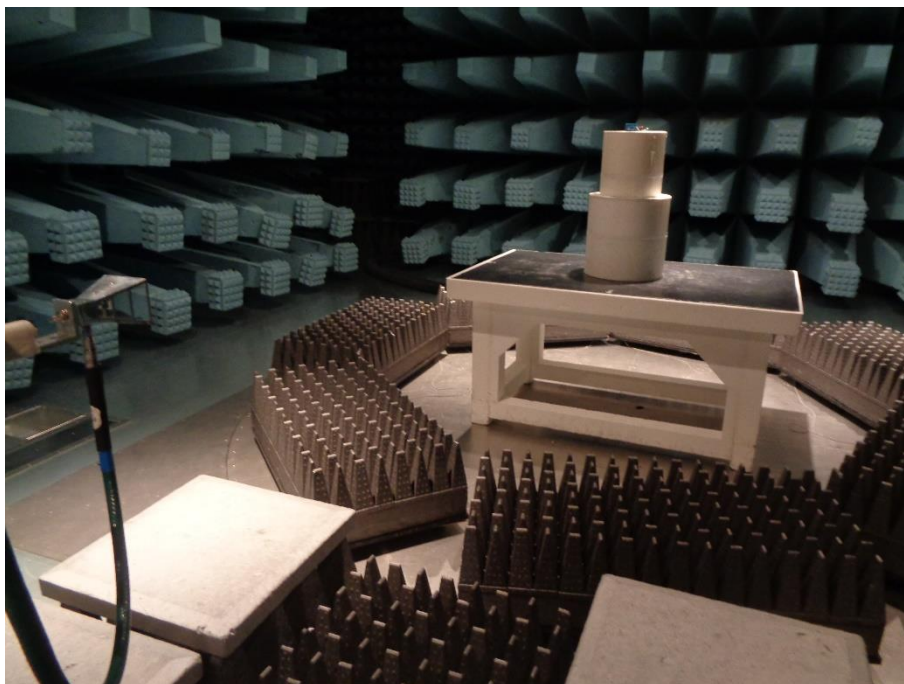
9.1 Photos of the test set-up



Radiated emission below 1 GHz

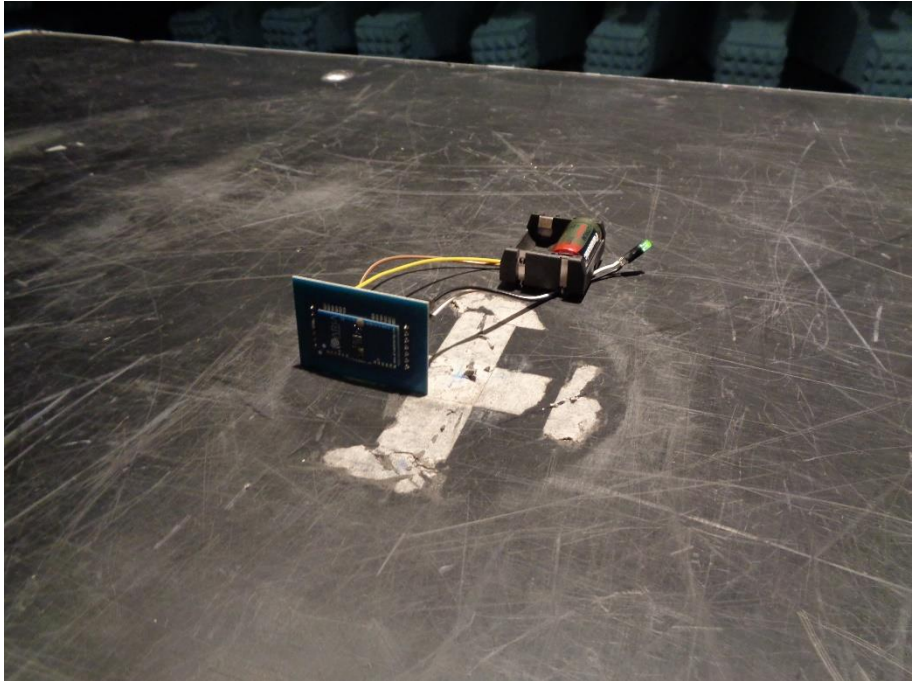


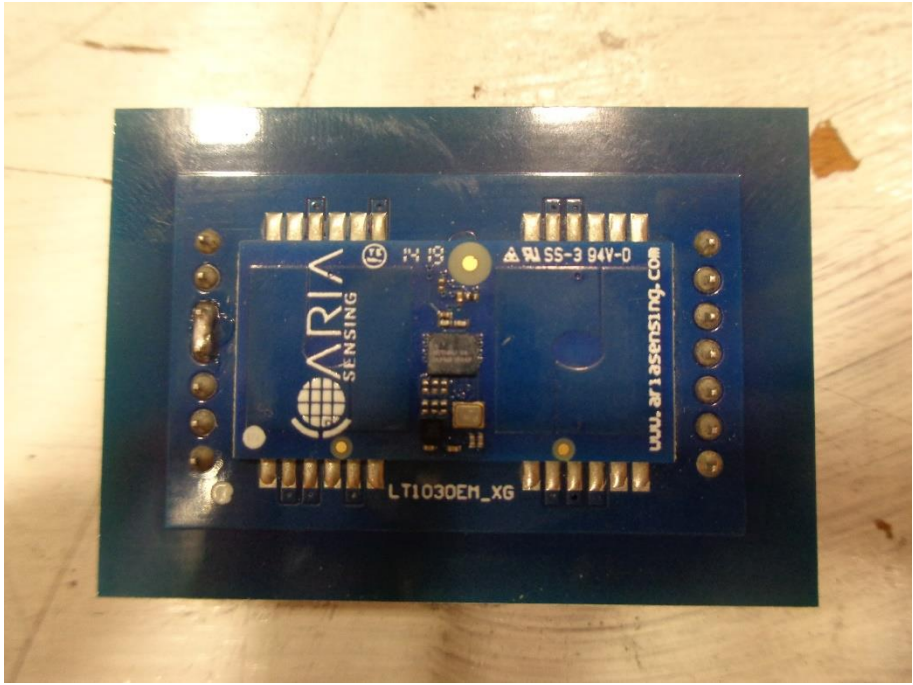
Radiated emission above 1 GHz and below 10 GHz



Radiated emission above 10 GHz and below 40 GHz

9.2 Photos of the EUT





(End of report)